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Carrizozo News, 05-10-1918

J.A. Haley

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Carrizozo News

OFFICIAL COUNTY PAPER --- DEVOTED TO THE INTERESTS OF LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

VOLUME 19

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, MAY 10, 1918.

NUMBER 19

Second War Fund Drive

WEEK MAY 20-27

HAVE you ever lain in No Man's Land, with a shattered thigh and a throat that burned with thirst?

Has your wife ever begged food for her children and herself at the mess-kitchen of a soldiers' camp?

Has your little son ever torn his mother's heart with a plaintive cry, day after day, for food she couldn't give him?

Has your little daughter, clad in a ragged dress, her *only* dress, ever shivered night after night in the ruined cellar of what was once her home?

Has your city ever been destroyed—nay, powdered, bricks, stone, timbers and all so ground into the dust that no one scarce knew where street ended and building began?

It is exactly such suffering that the Red Cross is organized, here and in Europe, to relieve.

The Red Cross asks for One Hundred Million Dollars as the least it needs to carry on this work.

Can you—*dare* you—refuse to give to this work—and give till the heart says stop?

Every cent of every dollar received for the Red Cross War Fund goes for War Relief

The American Red Cross is the largest and most efficient organization for the relief of suffering that the World has ever seen.

It is made up almost entirely of volunteer workers, the higher executives being without exception men accustomed to large affairs, who are in almost all cases giving their services without pay.

It is supported entirely by its membership fees and by voluntary contributions.

It is today bringing relief to suffering humanity, both military and civil, in every War torn allied country.

It plans tomorrow to help in the work of restoration throughout the world.

It feeds and clothes entire populations in times of great calamity.

It is there to help your soldier boy in his time of need.

With its thousands of workers, its tremendous stores and smooth running transportation facilities it is serving as America's advance guard—and thus helping to win the war.

Congress authorizes it.

President Wilson heads it.

The War Department audits its accounts.

Your Army, your Navy and your Allies enthusiastically endorse it.

Twenty-two million Americans have joined it.

We, the undersigned hereby agree to contribute the number of inches advertising space set opposite our names, in the Carrizozo News, issue of May 10, 1918. This space to be used exclusively by the Red Cross to help "put over" THE SECOND WAR FUND DRIVE OF THE RED CROSS.

LINCOLN STATE BANK; THE TITSWORTH CO., Capitan; WESTERN GARAGE;
ROLLAND BROS.; THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK; ZIEGLER BROS;
CARRIZOZO TRADING CO.; EXCHANGE BANK; STOCKMEN'S STATE BANK, Corona.

ANOTHER NEW REPUBLIC



The market square of Helsinki.

The recently created republic of Finland, where bloody civil warfare has raged, lies in the same latitude as Greenland and Alaska. It is not small in size, for Finland is about as large as the whole of France. The Finlanders themselves speak of their land as Suomenmaa, or Suomi. It is a region of lakes and granite rocks, much of it desolate and water-logged, where winter reigns supreme for from seven to nine months in the year. At least one-ninth of the surface is covered with lakes and the greater part of the rest is forest. Less than one acre in thirty is arable, but a somewhat larger amount is suited for grazing.

We think of Greenland as a frozen and desolate land, fit only for the abode of the hardy Eskimos, writes Nevins O. Winter in the Christian Herald. And yet in Finland, in a severe northern climate, has grown up a hardy and virile race. Perhaps it was because only the sturdiest could survive under such conditions, for isolation bred self-reliance and industry was necessary to existence. At any rate the fact remains that the Finns have developed a civilization that is unique and of interest. It is not surprising, in one familiar with the Finns and their history, to know that a republic has been proclaimed. No people are more truly democratic. Under the autocratic rule of the czars, Finland maintained her democratic institutions, and it was the only part of Russia where the traveler was free to move about without having a demand made almost daily for his passport. The Russian calendar, which is fifteen days behind our own, was ignored, and in every way the public and social customs differed from those of the Russians.

The Finns have always objected to being classed as Russians. Of Mongolian descent, they were among the earliest of the Oriental races to cross the Urals and descend upon the fertile plains of Russia. They were gradually driven to the inhospitable North by successive waves of immigration. They are first cousins to the Magyars of Hungary and distant cousins of the Turks. Like the Scots of Ireland, the Finns were never able to establish an independent state capable of resisting the external pressure of Teuton, Slav and Turk. In the twelfth century they were brought under the sway of the roving Vikings, who organized a crusade to convert the heathen Finns.

Annexed by Russia.

Since then the country has been buffeted about between Sweden and Russia. Peter the Great conquered a part of it, but the entire country was not annexed until one hundred and ten years ago. Then it was really a union and not an unconditional surrender. The Czar took the title of Grand Duke of Finland, and as such he continued to rule until the abdication of Nicholas II. The fundamental laws of the country were officially recognized and confirmed by each succeeding monarch, although in recent years there had been much encroachment on the rights of the independent Finns in the attempt at Russification. For this reason there has been great unrest for more than two decades.

Until 1808 Finland had not been required to furnish soldiers for the imperial Russian army. In that year the czar informed the Diet (Congress) that the military service must be made to conform to that of the best of the empire. Finnish so-called liberties were arrested, as this seemed but the opening wedge for the destruction of all their liberties. The people enjoyed upon a minority of peaceful resistance. Every man, woman and child dressed in mourning on the Sunday succeeding the banishment. Riots were held in the churches, and places of amusement were closed. Many thousands emigrated to the United States.

Long Summer Days.

During the long winters, daylight lasts only three or four hours. On the shortest days it is even less. Then it is, indeed, as most people think, a land of snow and ice. For three months it is so hot that the wealthy residents seek summer resorts for comfort. During that time it is practically one long day. Not a star is to be seen, and the appearance of time of autumn frosts has arrived.

During my visit, the evening twilight had scarcely disappeared before the morning twilight chased the gloom of night away. One could read out of doors until after eleven o'clock. These long days, with scarcely any night, force vegetation to grow at a hothouse pace. Land and water have no time to cool. Summer comes in this strange land with a sudden burst of flowers, sunlight and birds.

Finland is a land of pine and fir-clad hills, for only a comparatively small portion seems to be cleared. The most of the country is fairly level, so that it has not the grandeur of the Scandinavian kingdoms. In the cleared portions stand neat little wooden cottages, which are usually kept freshly painted, red being the favorite color. Surface drain ditches are made in the cultivated fields every few rods, and all seem most carefully tilled.

Helsinki, the capital of Finland, is one of the interesting towns of Europe. Water seems to surround it on every side. It dates back to 1550, when it was founded by the Swedish king Gustavus Vasa, and the liberties of a town were immediately conferred upon the little hamlet as a special favor. From the water side it is protected by the great fortress of Suomenlinna, which is called the "Gibraltar of the Baltic," and of which one occasionally reads in the news dispatches. The highest point in Helsinki is crowned by a great and imposing Lutheran church, and the majority of the Finns are adherents of this faith.

Scenes in Helsinki.

Through the center of Helsinki, runs a great boulevard, known as the Esplanade-Gaien, and this is the center of life in summer. The schools close for those months and everybody enjoys one long holiday so far as possible. One day seems almost to melt into another. The young women one sees in Helsinki are of the blue-eyed, flaxen-haired type, for the Swedish type seems to prevail here. Young girls, almost to the end of their teens, wear their hair in two flaxen braids that hang down the back. They have the same social freedom as their sisters on this side of the Atlantic.

The market of Helsinki is an excellent place to study the Finns and their characteristics. From all over the surrounding country the peasants drive into the town with their produce, and sell it direct to the townfolk. A small farmer may have killed a sheep or pig, and may be observed driving a keen bargain for the best price. Another has a few tiny loaves of butter-cooked with a layer of grass to keep it cool. Under old cotton umbrellas sit the market women with highly colored waisles and black or white handkerchiefs tied over their heads.

In a small boat are the boats of the fishermen just in from their catch. The housewives or maid pass from one stall or boat to another, inspecting their wares. A little after noon the fishermen and market merchants, who have come by sea, set sail, the cotton umbrellas come down, the waisles roll away, and the entire market disappears as by magic.

Communal Cooking Is Urged.

How long shall we have to wait before communal cooking becomes common in every class of society? The London Chronicle asks. The need of some system of catering on those lines constitutes the felt want of the moment. In residential neighborhoods in every town, in every village throughout the length and breadth of the land there is an opening for supply business lines, where well-cooked food of the plain and wholesome variety could be bought at reasonable prices—all ready to serve or merely requiring to be heated up.

Not only would such a system materially help to solve the servant difficulty, but it would insure an enormous saving in coal, in labor, in time and money—to say nothing of lessening the waste of food that is so flagrant a scandal in hundreds of homes today, while at the same time it would set free numbers of women war workers.

When Money Talks.

"All the salespeople in Paris seemed to understand Mrs. Curoux. She must speak French fluently," "No, but fluently. Albeitly."

WHERE FARMING IS PROFITABLE

The Future of Great Possibilities.

Some idea of the great wealth that the Western Canada farmer had in view a few years ago is now being realized. The amount received from the sale of wheat, oats, barley, flax and rye in 1917 was \$270,000,000, while the sales of live stock at Winnipeg alone netted \$40,000,000 additional. Of this sum hogs alone gave over eleven million dollars. The increases at Calgary and Edmonton were over 64 million dollars.

This money, so easily earned, is being spent in improvements in farm property, purchasing additional land, buying tractors, automobiles, and improving home conditions, providing electric light, steam heat, new furniture, pianos, buying Victory bonds, paying up old debts, etc.

Over five hundred tractors were sold in Southern Alberta in 1917. One implement agent reports that the increase in his business in 1917, over that of 1916, was equal to the total business in 1915. It is the same story all over the country. And it is not this evidence alone which proves the advancement and growth of the three prairie provinces, but the large increase in the number of settlers; the improvement in the extent of the cultivated areas and agricultural production; the increase in value of which over 1916 was \$77,000,000.

This wonderful progress that has been made in agriculture in Western Canada is but the beginning which marks the future of the greatest agricultural country on the continent, showing a future of great possibilities. There are millions of acres yet untitled, and of land as good as any of that which is now giving its owners a return of from twenty to thirty dollars an acre, figures that in many cases represent the cost of the land, with all cultivation costs included. It is true that the cost of production has increased during the past few years, but the price of the product has also increased to a figure which leaves a large balance to the credit of the producer.

The following table shows how this works out.

	1915	1917
FARM NEEDS.		
Machinery—		
Self binder	160	100
Mower	70	35
G. H. P. gas engine	250	112
Seed drill	122	60
Cream separator	87	38
Building—		
Bathrooms, sink and septic tank	300	127
Pressure tank system	150	118
Steel shingles, per 100 sq. ft.	7	4
Lumber, per 1,000 ft.		
Hemlock	28	17
Pine	47	32
Bricks, per M.	16	8
Cement, per 50 lbs.	2.5	1.2
Steel fence, 40 rods	15	10
Paint, per 10 gals.	25	19
Pianos	440	215
Clothing and Food—		
Sugar, per cwt.	6.2	4.9
Cottonseed, per ton	50	24
Linsseed, per ton	50	25
Blue serge suit	31	17

Percentage increases are shown too in another way, leading to the same conclusion, from consultation of the Department of Labor's review of prices. Taking 100 as the index number of normal production in the decade from 1890 to 1900, the increases in prices of farm products have slightly outdistanced the increases in life needs.

	1915	1916	1917 Inc.
Grains and fodder	328	200	280
Animals and meats	170	213	293
Dairy produce	145	184	229
Hide, materials	143	179	229
House furnishings	120	163	205
Implement	105	139	199

—Advertisement—

Long Quest.

"Mrs. Robbins I had an extra pair of trousers in this house," "So you did, Henry," "Yet they are nowhere to be found. Did you give them away to some tramp, Mrs. Robbins?" "No, indeed, Henry. I gave them to a most deserving man. He told me he had been hunting work for seven years."

Cuticura Beauty Doctor.

For cleansing and beautifying the skin, hands and hair, Cuticura Soap and Ointment afford the most effective preparations. For free samples address, "Cuticura, Dept. X, Boston." At druggists and by mail. Soap 25, Ointment 25 and 50.—Adv.

Up for Inspection.

This is a story told by a man home on furlough from Camp Custer. The soldiers were lined up for inspection and every man was clean shaven but one. "Why have you such a beard?" asked the sergeant. "I couldn't find any barber shop any place," said the man.

Our most exclusive circles—silver dollars.

One good way to derive an income from literature—sell books.

When Your Eyes Need Care Try Murine Eye Remedy

No itching—Just Eye Comfort. In cases of Irritation of the Eyes, Murine Eye Remedy Co., Chicago

WASHINGTON CITY SIDELIGHTS



Capital to Have Automatic Telephone Service

WASHINGTON.—Washington will have an automatic telephone system within the next 18 months. The work of installing this system, which will involve millions of dollars, will begin in the business section of the capital within a few weeks, probably within the next ten days. It will be in full operation in the business section before the summer is over, according to statements made by the telephone company.

Nine out of every ten telephone girls now employed will lose their jobs, is the prediction of T. P. Sylvan, assistant to the president of the Chesapeake and Potomac Telephone company, when the new system is in full operation here. Mr. Sylvan was asked how long it would take to install the system here. He said it depended upon the labor conditions. "Unfortunately," continued Mr. Sylvan, "the company's present buildings are all filled to the doors with the now heavily worked apparatus, and unless the service being rendered is to be completely suspended, it is, of course, utterly impossible to install automatic equipment without first providing new buildings."

"On account of the weight of such apparatus and the necessity of protecting it from fire hazards, the buildings must be of substantial construction. To expedite the early completion of the automatic installation, the company must count on some immediate relief in the form of an order from the utility commission. Unless as a war measure the commission asks the people to eliminate unnecessary calling, the company will be compelled to continue expending large sums on installation of temporary equipment to care for such calls."

"As President Wilson said in his letter to the secretary of the treasury: 'It is essential that these utilities should be maintained at their maximum efficiency, and that everything reasonably possible should be done with that end in view.'"

The new system will be operated by a dial. By turning numbers on this dial to correspond to the number you desire and pushing a signal the connection will be made automatically. It will save considerable time in making connections, said Mr. Sylvan.

Washingtonians Have No Doubt About Spring

THE chief thing that makes one sure spring is here is the appearance on our streets, although in a mild form, of a certain sport—namely: Tops. Once tops appear on the streets, hung from the hands of small boys, there is no escaping the fact that spring is somewhere in the vicinity. Her eyes may appear frostbitten, and she may seem clothed in such flimsy garments as our artists commonly clothe her with, but you may be sure she is somewhere in the vicinity, that fair divinity.

I talked with an elderly man in a high hat and gold-rimmed spectacles the other afternoon, as we stood and watched a group of small boys spinning tops. "They don't seem to do it with the old spirit, the old—er—pep," he said, pleased with his familiarity with the latter word. "Why, now, when I was a boy, we spun—er—span—er—spinned tops like a house afire. These little fellows seem to be afraid of denting the sidewalk."

"When I spun—er—spinned tops, now," I replied. "I whipped 'em for a block. 'Whipping' tops was regarded a greater feat than knocking them out of the ring."

"We named our favorite tops in those days. My favorite was a three-cent top, green, with a peculiarly fat body, and was named after a certain school-teacher, then a great favorite in the grade school I attended. Another top was named after a teacher whom all we kids detested. Playing 'ring,' we took great delight in knocking this latter top out of the ring."

"Your reminiscences are interesting," replied the old gentleman, "but listen to what I used to do. Now—"

But just then my street car came along.

Matter of Social Affairs Bothers Correspondent

THE question of going out evenings to social affairs has become acute between Helen and myself, writes a correspondent. It is one of the mysteries of creation why in women the social instinct should be developed so much more highly than in men. Helen advances no arguments, but merely says that men would sink to the brute level if women did not sacrifice themselves and make them go out now and then. To which I reply, asking whether "now and then" means four times a week. Whereupon it transpires, to my surprise, that it was really I who wanted to go to the Librarian minister's reception, and the musician given by the wife of the chairman of the pelagra commission, and the benefit instituted by the mother of the chief of the bureau for the pensioning of superannuated housewives.

"Well," she asks, "didn't you have a good time?"

"Fortunately," I answered, "the head of the cottage cheese division happened to be at the benefit, and while that Italian tenor was showing how inferior he could be to a second-rate phonograph record, I got some very valuable information about lacteal fermentations from the division head."

"Nonsense!" retorts Helen. "I watched you talking at least half the evening with that very giddy young blonde person, with the very fresh-looking complexion."

"My dear, she is the head of the cottage cheese division. She's to be tonight at the first assistant's to the director of the bureau for the investigation of blistered ships. We are going, aren't we?"

"We are not. Come along. There's the taxi now."

Willie Saw Himself as Possible Rival of Hens

SPRING is here. It may not look like it sometimes, but it is a fact. Under the direction of H. M. Conolly of the department of agriculture, detailed to garden work in the District, war garden clubs are springing up as radishes will do later in those very gardens.

Tight in the heart of our big city exists a modest backyard that contains quite a number of hens.

There is a white-haired grandmother who is guardian angel to said hens, and there is a little boy with wide, wondering eyes, who sometimes acts as guardian angel for "grandmaw," as he calls her.

One day recently grandmaw came in from the backyard, bustling with excitement. "The hen's combs are so red, I think they are going to lay some eggs," she said, while little Willie listened intently. Several days after that, William came in from the backyard, where he had been playing, his cheeks aglow from exercise.

He sat on the edge of a chair to get his breath and it was there his grandmother noticed him.

"Why, Willie," she exclaimed, "What makes your cheeks so red?" Willie, from his perch on the chair, solemnly replied: "Maybe I'm going to lay an egg."

NERVES GAVE OUT

Serious Kidney Trouble Had Made Life Miserable, But Doan's Removed All the Trouble. Hasn't Suffered Since.

"I had such severe pains in my back," says Mrs. Albert Akroyd, 304 W. Indiana Avenue, Philadelphia, Pa., "that they almost doubled me up. Many a day I could not do my housework and at every move it seemed as if my back would break in two. My feet and ankles swelled until I had to wear large-sized slippers and sometimes I couldn't stand up."

"I had dizzy spells and dreadful headaches and fiery flashes passed before my eyes. Had a heavy weight been resting on my head, the pain could not have been more distressing. The least noise startled me, I was so nervous. I couldn't control the kidney secretions and the pain in passage was awful."

"It began to look as though my case was beyond the reach of medicine until I used Doan's Kidney Pills. The first box benefited me and four boxes cured all the troubles. I have had no further cause for complaint."

Sworn to before me.

Thos. H. Walters, Notary Public.

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS. FOSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

American Dollar Flag

High fast, rain proof Taffeta, 8 feet long. Double-stitched sewed stripes; free delivery by parcel post on receipt of factory price, \$1.50. Including post, half and guaranteed holder, \$1.25. Send for free catalog of flags and decorations. We make more and better flags than any other makers in the world. Prices paid for old flags. AMERICAN FLAG MFG. CO., EASTON, PA.

TO BREAK A GOLD IN 1 DAY. 25c. BREAK-UP GOLD TABLETS. J. H. WILSON. SADDLERY CO. DENVER.

Enquire for the Wilson Never Break Trace. Guaranteed. J. H. WILSON. SADDLERY CO. DENVER.

Subtle Reasoning.

My little grandson is quite a hand for "reasoning from analogy," and the other day was asking what his family name was. I told him his father's ancestors came from England, Wales and Scotland, while his mother's were English and Irish.

He then asked: "Grandma, what was your name before you were married?"

"I answered 'Lyon.'"

He considered a moment and then said: "So I suppose you came from Africa?"—Chicago Tribune.

Red Cross Bag Blue, much better, goes farther than liquid blue. Get from any grocer. Adv.

Didn't Have to Buy Them. A little boy from a poor district and a little girl from the more comfortable part of the city sat side by side in Sunday school. The teacher said to the little girl: "Glady's, we missed you at Sunday school last Sunday." To which Glady's replied:

"Oh! I stayed home because we bought a new baby at our house."

The little boy looked up at her in surprise and remarked:

"Bought it? Huh! We get 'em for nothing."

If you happen to find your feelings all worked up, order a fresh supply.

Ghosts may talk, but very few people understand the dead languages.



Red-blooded men of courage are on the firing line—and there are many anemic, weak, discouraged men and women left at home.

At this time of the year most people suffer from a condition often called Spring Fever. They feel tired, worn out, before the day is half thru. They may have frequent headaches and sometimes "limply" or pale skin.

Bloodless people, thin, anemic people, those with pale cheeks and lips, who have a poor appetite and feel that tired, worn or feverish condition in the springtime of the year, should try the refreshing tonic powers of a good alternative and blood purifier. Such a one is extracted from Blood root, Golden Seal and Stone root, Queen's root and Oregon Grape root, made up with chemically pure glycerine and without the use of alcohol. This can be obtained in ready-to-use tablet form in sixty-cent vials, as druggists have sold it for fifty years as Doctor Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. It is a standard remedy that can be obtained in tablet or liquid form.

A good purge should be taken once a week even by persons who have a movement daily, in order to eliminate matter which may remain and cause a condition of auto-intoxication, poisoning the whole system. To clean the system at least once a week is to practice health measures. There is nothing so good for this purpose as tiny pills made up of the May-apple, leaves of sicc and jalap, and sold by almost all druggists in this country as Doctor Pierce's Pleasant Pellets, sugar-coated, easy to take.

Absolutely Nothing Better than Cuticura for Baby's Tender Skin

Soap 25c. Ointment 25 and 50c.

Carrizozo News

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NO. A. HALEY, Editor and Publisher

Marcel Gets His
Barn MendedRed Cross Helps This 15 Year
Old French Boy—and His
Family.

Marcel is a man. He is just fifteen years old, but yet he is a man. I say he is a man because in the last four years' time has burned into his child heart marks that should wait for sterner maturity. He is a man because he has the responsibility of a woman. He has no father. The Germans saw to that. Marcel has had to stand by and see his small brothers and baby sister ask in vain for food while he fought off the pressing call from his growing boy's stomach. He has had to see tears from his mother's eyes drop on the plowed ground as she worked the soil his father would have tilled had he not gone away out of the peacefulness of the Marne valley into the iron hall of the Aisne and on into the hereafter.

The boy, who was now a man, worked hard, yes, too hard. With his bare hands and his boy's strength he fought almost alone the unequal fight against want with what little help his frail mother could give.

Mother Can Keep Children.

One of the 70 or 80 local societies in France, handicapped by lack of funds because deluged by calls for help, tried to relieve the family by taking away the children. But to the torture related brain of the woman this seemed like losing all she had.

And then when everything seemed lost and despair came they heard the news: "No, it could not be true. They would help them with food and clothing? They would till the soil? Mend the barns and stay near by to see that things went well? Yes, and the children could stay, said the Red Cross, as they had said to hundreds of others.

That was two years ago. Today this family is self supporting and has some to spare for the more needy ones, who still are being helped. Little Joe, is taller. He looks well fed—and he is well fed. The baby is as roly poly as the children have some again. They are in good spirits—on their feet once more.

And Marcel. He has finished the course that the Red Cross gave him in an agricultural school. It is he who has been running the farm so well. He did it all. At least they let him think so, for heaven knows he has seen the bottom of the bitter cup. And I know that the Red Cross will want me to say he did it, for that is the way they work—quietly, earnestly, efficiently, without stint, without waste, without boast.

THE LITTLE OLD LADY
OF PANSY SQUARE

Timidly she entered the Red Cross Bureau and stood just within the doorway.

Her poor, dimmed old eyes spoke so eloquently: "I'm friendly, ladies, but a little afraid."

Several of us rose, but Mrs. Cranford reached her first and asked her to come in and sit down.

"Oh, thank you so much," quavered the old lady as she sat down. "You see, my boy—my grandson—has gone and"—with Spartan fortitude she restrained the tears that threatened in her eyes—"gone with his regiment. Now I'm all alone in my little cottage in Pansy Square. And, oh, ladies, do any of you know the dreary loneliness when there is no one who comes home at night?"

We almost hugged the dear old lady, so forlorn, yet so brave. We drew up our chairs closer, and she told us her story.

The little old lady owned a nice enshrouded cottage in Pansy Square. There she kept house for her grandson, who worked in a downtown office. When America took up cudgils for democracy the lad, in patriotic fervor, was among the first to enlist.

"Ah, how I loved him and needed him!" whispered the old lady brokenly. "But my dear country needed him more. So I told him to go. 'What what will you do, granny?' he asked. I told him I had enough, and so he went. Brave, brave heart! My husband was a soldier, and I have his pension. But it is small. After paying the taxes on my cottage there was little left, and now it is gone. I'm old, but I'm willing. All I ask is a chance to earn my bread till—till he returns."

Through the Home Service workers of her community the little old lady of Pansy Square has been provided with simple tasks, such as making preserves and delicious cakes and jellies, a labor of love for her and an unfailing source of revenue.

Some day, please God, her soldier boy will come back to the little old lady of Pansy Square, and he will tell her as he left her—happy, comfortable and well.



THE EMBLEM OF HUMAN MERCY

By SAMUEL GOMPERS

The Red Cross is an emblem typifying human mercy and sympathy. Its mission to relieve physical pain and minister to mind and body has given it a place deep in the hearts of all our people. For those whose dear ones are in places of great danger it is a comfort to know that the American Red Cross is performing more effective service on a larger scale than ever before.

In addition to serving our enlisted forces, it is assisting in the work of civil relief among our allies whose soil is being devastated by the fighting.

Thus the Red Cross is helping to interpret the constructive spirit of our Republic which holds sacred human life and the ideals it seeks.

As time goes on the scope of the work of the Red Cross in Europe will increase in order that the organization may meet the demands that will be made upon it. It must receive the full and hearty support of the American people. It is only through such an agency that we can be assured relief and necessary ministrations to our young men forming our military force.

It is my sincere desire that adequate funds will be secured for the work of the Red Cross.

Samuel Gompers

THE RED CROSS SPIRIT SPEAKS

By JOHN H. FINLEY.

I kneel behind the soldiers' trench
I walk with shambles' sneer and stench
The dead I mourn.
I bear the stretcher and I bend
O'er Sammy, Pierre and Jack and mend
What shells have torn.

I go wherever men may dare, I go wherever woman's
care
And love can live.
Wherever strength and skill can bring
Surcease to human suffering
Or solace give.

I am your pennies and your pounds;
I am your bodies on their rounds
Of pain afar;
I am you, doing what you would
If you were only where you could—
Your avatar.

The cross which on my arm I wear,
The flag which o'er my breast I bear,
Is but the sign
Of what you'd sacrifice for him
Who suffers on the hellish rim
Of war's red line.



The Whole Delighted Family is sounding the praises of the picture programs we have been showing to a pleased public. A ticket of admission will make you comfortable and happy.

NEXT WEEK'S PROGRAMME AT THE
CRYSTAL THEATRE

Monday, (METRO)
"SOCIAL HYPOCRITES", with Edith Story.
Tuesday, (SELECT)
"THE AUCTION BLOCK", with Rube De Remer,
(Has Theatre's most famous record)
Wednesday, (PARAMOUNT)
"THE LAND OF PROMISE", with Billy Burke.
Thursday, (WORLD)
"THE TRAP", with Alex Brady.
Friday, (PATHE)
"INNOCENT", with Fannie Ward;
"CALL TO ARMS", the life of Abraham Lincoln.
Saturday, (PARAMOUNT)
"TOM SAWYER", with Jack Pickford;
"The Kitchen Lady", a Mack Bennett comedy in two parts.
(Cut this out for Reference)

Serving in a World at War

We are doing our utmost to serve the public as satisfactorily today as we did before the war upset the commercial world.

In the face of greatly increased costs of material we are endeavoring to maintain our plant at the highest point of efficiency.

Despite the high cost of labor, we are maintaining full crews that there may be no part of the work alighted or neglected.

While the demands of the signal service of our armies have deprived us of many technically trained men, those who remain have spread out to fill the gaps by extra effort.

In some places congestion has occurred because we have been unable to secure equipment for relief, but in such cases the traffic is being handled to the full extent of human ability.

With the world rocking under the weight of war; with economic conditions unsettled and abnormal, we are striving always to coordinate our efforts to the great problems involved in the winning of the war.

We feel that uninterrupted, efficient telephone service is playing a conspicuous part in the forces that will bring ultimate victory.

The Mountain States Telephone & Telegraph Co.

Health
About
Gone

Many thousands of women suffering from womanly trouble, have been benefited by the use of Cardui, the woman's tonic, according to letters we receive, similar to this one from Mrs. Z. V. Spell, of Hayne, N. C. "I could not stand on my feet, and just suffered terribly," she says. "As my suffering was so great, and he had tried other remedies, Dr. — had us get Cardui. . . I began improving, and it cured me. I know, and my doctor knows, what Cardui did for me, for my nerves and health were about gone."

TAKE

CARDUI

The Woman's Tonic

She writes further: "I am in splendid health . . . can do my work. I feel I owe it to Cardui, for I was in dreadful condition." If you are nervous, run-down and weak, or suffer from headache, backache, etc., every month, try Cardui. Thousands of women praise this medicine for the good it has done them, and many physicians who have used Cardui successfully with their women patients, for years, endorse this medicine. Think what it means to be in splendid health, like Mrs. Spell. Give Cardui a trial.

All Druggists

R. L. Ransom
Plasterer & Contractor

Estimates furnished on all kinds of plastering and cement work
CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

For Sale—Parke Davis & Co.'s Blacklegoids. The Tittworth Co. Captain.

Building Material

With a large stock of Lumber, Shingles, Prepared and Iron Roofing, Siding, Blocks, Plaster, Vitrified and other goods we carry a complete line.

We solicit the trade of the people of Lincoln county, Carrizozo and adjacent cities.

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HAY AND GRAIN IN CAR LOTS
All Competition Met in Prices on These Commodities

Rooney Yard - Stalls - Water

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Wm. Barnett EL PASO AVENUE
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Carrizozo Eating House

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100% satisfaction with the Best
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— M-O-N-U-M-E-N-T-S —
We carry the largest stock in the Southwest. Freight pre-paid or collect, guaranteed. Write for designs and estimates.
Bowers Monument Company
218 East Canyon, Albuquerque, N. M."Tom Sawyer", at
the Crystal next week

Important! "Tom Sawyer", Mark Twain's famous story, the thrilling, thrilling youth who outwits the rights to the treasure, the white-washing & fence for his friends' trousers, which he set on a barrel and superintended the operation, is coming to town. He will appear at the Crystal Theatre on Saturday night, May 18, in the person of clever young Jack Pickford, brother of "our Mary", and a boy who knows how to depict American youth on the screen.

Notice for Posting and Publishing
Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office,
Bureau of Land Management.

April 28, 1918.
Notice is hereby given that the Santa Fe Public Land Company, by Harry Jones, its duly authorized agent, has filed in the office of the Register, Santa Fe, New Mexico, a map showing the location of the land of Congress approved April 22, 1914, Act No. 211, the following description:
New Mexico Principal Meridian—New Mexico, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42, 43, 44, 45, 46, 47, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 57, 58, 59, 60, 61, 62, 63, 64, 65, 66, 67, 68, 69, 70, 71, 72, 73, 74, 75, 76, 77, 78, 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89, 90, 91, 92, 93, 94, 95, 96, 97, 98, 99, 100, 101, 102, 103, 104, 105, 106, 107, 108, 109, 110, 111, 112, 113, 114, 115, 116, 117, 118, 119, 120, 121, 122, 123, 124, 125, 126, 127, 128, 129, 130, 131, 132, 133, 134, 135, 136, 137, 138, 139, 140, 141, 142, 143, 144, 145, 146, 147, 148, 149, 150, 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157, 158, 159, 160, 161, 162, 163, 164, 165, 166, 167, 168, 169, 170, 171, 172, 173, 174, 175, 176, 177, 178, 179, 180, 181, 182, 183, 184, 185, 186, 187, 188, 189, 190, 191, 192, 193, 194, 195, 196, 197, 198, 199, 200, 201, 202, 203, 204, 205, 206, 207, 208, 209, 210, 211, 212, 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A Bird in the Hand

(Special Information Service, United States Department of Agriculture.)
WHILE EGGS ARE PLENTIFUL SAVE FOR SCARCITY



For About Two Cents a Dozen Eggs Can Be Preserved in Water Glass Eight to Twelve Months.

EGGS PRESERVED FOR WINTER USE

Either Water-Glass or Limewater May Be Used by Any Housewife.

TWO PLANS ARE DESCRIBED

Use Only Firm-Shelled, Fresh, Clean, and If Possible, Infertile Eggs—Cost Is Estimated at Two Cents Per Dozen.

While high prices for eggs last winter are still fresh in your mind it is well to make a resolve to preserve eggs this spring when they are plentiful for the season of scarcity which comes in the fall and winter. Putting up eggs in a water-glass solution or limewater is not an experimental enterprise. Thousands of women preserve eggs by these methods in the spring and early summer and keep them for winter use. Fresh eggs properly preserved will keep for eight to twelve months in excellent condition and may be used with good results.

If satisfactory results are to be obtained the eggs should be fresh and clean, firm-shelled and, if possible, infertile. Eggs laid during April, May and early June have been found to keep better than those laid later in the season. Eggs that float when placed in the solution are not fresh and therefore, cannot be preserved. When an egg is only slightly soiled a cloth dampened with vinegar can be used to remove such stains. Under no circumstances should badly soiled eggs be used for preserving. If put into the jar while dirty they will spoil, and washing removes a protective coating which prevents spoiling.

Cost of Preserving.
By the water-glass or sodium silicate method eggs may be preserved at a cost of about two cents a dozen if the price of sodium silicate is 30 cents a quart. It is not desirable to use the water-glass solution a second time. Here is the water-glass method as described by specialists of the United States department of agriculture:

Use 1 quart of sodium silicate to 9 quarts of water that has been boiled and cooled. Place the mixture in a 5-gallon crock or jar. This will be sufficient to preserve 15 dozen eggs and will serve as a guide for the quantity needed to preserve larger numbers of eggs.

Select a five-gallon crock and clean it thoroughly, after which it should be scalded and allowed to dry. Heat a quantity of water to the boiling point and allow it to cool. When cool, measure out 9 quarts of water, place it in the crock and add 1 quart of sodium silicate, stirring the mixture thoroughly. The eggs should be placed in the solution. If sufficient eggs are not obtainable when the solution is first made, additional eggs may be added from time to time. Be very careful to allow at least two inches of the solution to cover the eggs at all times. Place the crock containing the preserved eggs in a cool, dry place, well covered to prevent evaporation. Waxed paper covered over and tied around the top of the crock will answer this purpose.

Limewater May Be Used.
When water-glass cannot be obtained, limewater may be used in its stead. Dissolve 2 or 3 pounds of unslaked lime in 5 gallons of water that has previously been boiled and allowed to cool, and allow the mixture to stand until the lime settles and the liquid is clear. Place clean, fresh eggs in a clean earthenware jar

or keg, and pour the clear limewater into the vessel until the eggs are covered. At least 2 inches of the solution should cover the top layer of eggs. Sometimes a pound of salt is used with the lime, but experience has shown that in general the lime without the salt is more satisfactory.

Fresh, clean eggs, properly preserved, can be used satisfactorily for all purposes in cooking and for the table. When eggs are preserved in water-glass are to be boiled, a small hole should be made in the shell with a pin at the large end before placing them in the water.

WAYS TO PREVENT EGG LOSS.

Here are five ways to prevent spoilage of eggs from heat, the great enemy of both fertile and infertile eggs.

1. Keep the nests clean; provide one nest for every four hens.
2. Gather the eggs twice daily.
3. Keep the eggs in a cool, dry room or cellar.
4. Market the eggs at least twice a week.
5. Sell, kill or confine all male birds as soon as the hatching season is over.

Clean and Store Incubators.

After the hatching season is over, clean and disinfect the incubator. Empty the lamps and carefully store the parts inside the machine. Lamps containing oil which are allowed to remain in place on the incubator for some time after the hatching season may cause trouble when the machine is started again as the oil tends to work up into the hood. The incubator should be disinfected once a year or oftener if any disease is present in the hens or chickens. Some operators prefer to disinfect their incubators before or after each hatch. A strong solution of a reliable coal-tar disinfectant may be used to wash out the machine and to disinfect the egg trays and nursery drawer.

If the hatching on the bottom of the incubator is very dirty it may be cheaper to renew than to clean it. With an incubator of about 3 cubic feet capacity one may disinfect by pouring one-half ounce of formalin, which contains 40 per cent formaldehyde, on one-half ounce of permanganate of potash in a pan in the incubator. This produces a very penetrating gas and thoroughly disinfects the machine. The door of the incubator should be closed just as soon as the liquid is poured into the pan and left closed for 12 hours or longer. Incubators should be well aired before they are used after disinfecting, especially when formaldehyde or any disinfectant which produces a gas has been used.

Protect Chickens From Lice.

Dust the hen with a good insect powder before moving her and the chickens to the brood coop. The hen should be dusted every two weeks or as often as necessary until the chickens are weaned. If lice become numerous on chickens or if they are troubled with "head lice" a very little grease such as lard or vaseline may be applied with the fingers on the head, neck, under the wings, and around the vent. Great care should be taken, however, not to get too much grease on the chickens as it will stop their growth and in some cases may prove fatal. Sodium fluoride, a white powder, is an excellent remedy for all lice of chickens, entomologists of the United States department of agriculture have discovered. In Farmers Bulletin 801, "Mites and Lice on Poultry," the specialists described the use of this new remedy for old and young chickens.

GERMAN PRISON CRIMES RECITED

Former Royal Dublin Fusilier Tells of Tortures Undergone by Captives.

NURSE SPITS IN COFFEE

Tortures Wounded Officer Begging for Drink—Travel Five Days Without Food or Drink—Fleeting Forms of Cruelty.

Chicago.—A tall, blue-eyed, fair-haired Irish boy recently arrived here after spending two years in German prison camps and suffering from horrors such as few men survive. M. J. Prendergast is late of the Royal Dublin Fusiliers. He was with the Fourth division of the "contemptible little army" that fought at Mons. He took part in rear-guard actions after the retreat began, battling with what seemed to be innumerable hosts of the enemy until on August 27, 1914, he fell wounded in the head, somewhere near Strous.

He was picked up by the enemy and piled into a cattle car along with scores of other wounded prisoners. For five days he traveled north and east on the way to Germany, without food or water, without any attention by doctor or Red Cross nurse.

Nurse Torments Officer. In his car was an officer of the Warwicks, painfully injured. At one of the many stations where the train stopped this man begged for some re-

"It was here they had a peculiar form of torture. Two big poles were erected in the center of the camp. The officers would pick out a couple of men—for no apparent cause beyond the fact that they were hated Britishers—and have them tied tightly to the poles, with ropes around their arms and their feet about an inch from the ground. Then they would set a bowl of shadow soup—our only food—in front of them, and leave them there for 48 hours. Three times I was given this torture. Of course one's head fell forward while in this position, and one was compelled to look at the bowl of soup that could not be reached, while hunger added to the pain of the tight ropes and the terrible weariness of suspension.

"Another favorite entertainment for the officers was to compel us to run for hours with our bare feet in wooden sabots that chafed with every step. We would run until we dropped from sheer exhaustion.

"From Senne Lager I went to Limberg.

"At Limberg we were inoculated with some virus, which we were told was to make us immune from typhus. The strange thing is that soon after 75 per cent of the camp came down with what they called 'bronchitis.' It developed into tuberculosis. It is to this fact I owe my freedom. They thought I was dying from consumption, and they sent me to Switzerland to be exchanged. I guess they would be disappointed if they could see me now."

WHAT WILL YOU CALL THE GARDEN

New Idea for Boys and Girls of the United States School Garden Army.

WHO IS SOLDIER YOU KNOW?

Name the Little Plot for the One You Think of When You Hear Them Singing "The Long, Long Trail."

By WINIFRED BLACK.

(From the Department of the Interior.) There is a new idea in the United States school garden army. It's this: What are you going to name your own little plot of ground, little sister, if you are lucky enough to have one of your own in your back yard?

What are you going to call your potato patch, brother, you with the bright eyes that weren't so bright the day you went down to the station to see big brother off with his regiment?

Oh, yes, you fell in behind the soldiers and kept fine step to the music of the band and held up your head and felt big enough and strong enough to march a thousand miles and take a million German prisoners—when he had gone and you went home and mother put her arms around you and laid her head on your shoulder and asked you to help her to be brave—something queer happened to your heart and you have never felt quite the same since, have you?

And now they are beginning to tell you in school about Russia and what a rich country it is and how much it will mean in food if the Germans really get possession of it—and at home sometimes your grown folks look pretty serious and you wonder if it could be possible—no, it isn't, and you are going to help make it impossible. You and those strong little brown hands of yours. You and your brave heart and loyal soul. You and your war garden that you are cultivating for Uncle Sam.

What Will You Name Your Garden?
You'll have good luck with your garden or good success with it. There isn't much luck in the garden business. It all just simmers down to hard work and the right kind of care, and it is going to be hard work, too.

There will be hot days when your back aches and you want to go swimming; and cool days when your knees

MEMPHIS BOY GETS MEDAL

Horace M. Emery Decorated by King of Great Britain for Distinguished War Service.

Memphis, Tenn.—Horace M. Emery, a Memphis boy, has been decorated by King George of England for distinguished war service. He was wounded in the battle of the Somme and was sent to a hospital in London, where he has just recovered. When restored to health young Emery was summoned to the king's palace. King George met him and shook hands with him in real American fashion, and said:

"I am glad to meet you as an American citizen who came to my country as a member of our Canadian troops." Then the king pinned the medal on Emery's coat.

SERGEANT NETTIE GETS THEM

British-Canadian Recruiting Mission Has Only Woman Recruiting Officer in United States.

Chicago.—When Sergeant Nettie McPherson sounds the battle cry the men just go wild about her and fall over each other to enlist in the British-Canadian recruiting mission. In her trim Gordon Highlanders' kilties and tartan, and with her snappy black eyes and winsome smile, Sergeant Nettie gets 'em. She can also do a Highland fling and play the pipes, and when she does, the fighting blood of the Scot and Briton boils and he can't resist. Sergeant McPherson is said to be the only woman recruiting officer in the United States.

WOMAN WORKS 15 HOURS A DAY

Marvelous Story of Woman's Change from Weakness to Strength by Taking Druggist's Advice.

Peru, Ind.—"I suffered from a displacement with backache and dragging down pains so badly that at times I could not be on my feet and it did not seem as though I could stand it. I tried different medicines without any benefit and several doctors told me nothing but an operation would do me any good. My druggist told me of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. I took it with the result that I am now well and strong. I get up in the morning at four o'clock, do my housework, then go to a factory and work all day, come home and get supper and feel good. I don't know how many of my friends I have told what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has done for me."—Mrs. ANNA METERIANO, 56 West 10th St., Peru, Ind.

Women who suffer from any such ailments should not fail to try this famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



All Knitting.

June—Do you knit?
Sue—No.
June—Get busy, kid; even bones knit.

\$100 Reward, \$100

Cataract is a local disease greatly influenced by constitutional conditions. It therefore requires constitutional treatment. HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE is taken internally and acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE destroys the foundation of the disease, gives the patient strength by improving the general health and assists nature in doing its work. \$10.00 for any case of cataract. That HALL'S CATARACT MEDICINE fails to cure, we refund the money. Testimonials free. F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

A New Man.

Son and he were in one of his beautiful moods, asserting that he was not going to be this, that or the other when he grew up; he was going to be something else. Auntie feigned all interest and begged to know what he was going to be.

"I'm going to be a big papa, and not work at all."

"Oh, you don't mean that? Not work at all? I never heard of a papa not working at all," auntie exclaimed.

"No, I'm not going to work at all. Just going to stay at home and be a new papa." At this auntie burst out laughing and said:

"Oh, you mean you're going to be a sort of new woman?"

"No, no, no," the tot retorted. "I'm going to be a new man."

The Infant Mind.

"Where are you going, mamma?"

"To a surprise party, dear."

"Can't I go, too, and Archie and Edna?"

"No, dear, you weren't invited."

"Well, don't you think they'll be lots more surprised if you took us all?"—Boston Evening Transcript.

Vindictive.

Friend—What would you like best to plant this year?

Farmer—My summer visitors.

Her conversation is naturally flowery when a girl talks through her Easter hat.



When Coffee Disagrees

There's always a safe and pleasant cup to take its place

INSTANT POSTUM

is now used regularly by thousands of former coffee drinkers who live better and feel better because of the change.

"There's a Reason"

TIMBER SALVED FROM HUN DUGOUTS



Salvage is playing a great part in the present war. This photograph shows timber salvaged from German dugouts that has been cut up in the saw-mills of the New Zealand Tunneling company to be used in the construction of dugouts for the troops.

LEMONS DO MAKE THE SKIN WHITE

HOW TO MAKE A CREAMY LEMON BEAUTY LOTION AT HOME FOR A FEW CENTS.

Your grocer has the lemons and any drug store or toilet counter will supply you with three ounces of orchard white for a few cents. Squeeze the juice of two fresh lemons into a bottle, then put in the orchard white and shake well. This makes a quarter pint of the very best lemon skin whitener and complexion beautifier known. Massage this fragrant, creamy lotion daily into the face, neck, arms and hands and just see how freckles, tan, sallowness, redness and roughness disappear and how smooth, soft and white the skin becomes. Yes! It is harmless, and the beautiful results will surprise you.—Adv.

Wouldn't Stand for That.

A good story is told by Sir Auckland Geddes concerning an interfering saloon loafer and a Canadian soldier who bore on his shoulder the initials "C. E." which stand for Canadian engineers.

The soldier, his face a study in concentrated wrathfulness, had the civilian by the scruff of the neck and was apparently just on the point of giving him a thrashing when a belated policeman put in an appearance.

"Now, then, what's all this about?" demanded the constable.

"What's it about?" replied the Canadian, giving the wretched loafer an extra shake to emphasize his words. "Why, he called me a conscientious objector. Now watch him being ejected."

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Made in America and sold for more than half a century.—Adv.

Bitter Thoughts.

Mrs. Pester—Have you forgotten that this is our wedding anniversary?
Mr. Pester—What a pessimist you are to brood over such subjects.

Signs of Spring.

"What makes you so uneasy? Is your conscience troubling you?"
"No, winter underwear."

Take the little joys out of life and the big ones left would hardly be worth living for.

The intellectual type of beauty is heard but not seen.

RELIABLE PRESCRIPTION FOR THE KIDNEYS

For many years druggists have watched with much interest the remarkable record maintained by Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder medicine.

It is a physician's prescription. Swamp-Root is a strengthening medicine. It helps the kidneys, liver and bladder do the work nature intended they should do.

Swamp-Root has stood the test of years. It is sold by all druggists on its merit and it should help you. No other kidney medicine has so many friends.

Be sure to get Swamp-Root and start treatment at once.

However, if you wish first to test this great preparation send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample bottle. When writing be sure and mention this paper.—Adv.

Essential.

The novice was not enjoying his first trip through the air, and his more experienced companion regarded him with much amusement.

"I say, Bill, what's on your mind?" he demanded.

"I was just thinking about Abraham Lincoln," replied Bill thoughtfully.

"Abraham Lincoln?"

"Yes. I was thinking how truthfully he spoke when he said a man's legs ought to be just long enough to reach the ground."—Puck.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the original little liver pills put up 40 years ago. They regulate liver and bowels. Ad.

They'd Fight, of Course.

Ten negroes of Dallas, Texas, called for physical examination, were discussing the world war while awaiting their turn, and of the number five were anxious to see France and have a trip on the ocean. One didn't want to fight "because I'm all out o' practice."

"I ain't had a fight since I was fourteen years old," he said. "But if I ev' got in practice them Huns bettah watch out."

The tenth was asked if he would fight.

Scratching his head, he pondered for a moment, then declared:

"If they sends me to France and any of them Gehmans meddles wif me, I sho' will fight."

FRECKLES

New Is the Time to Get Rid of These Ugly Spots

There's no longer the slightest need of feeling ashamed of your freckles, as the prescription outline—double strength—is guaranteed to remove these homely spots.

Simply get an ounce of outline—double strength—from your druggist, and apply a little of it night and morning and you should soon see that even the worst freckles have begun to disappear, while the lighter ones have vanished entirely. It is seldom that more than one ounce is needed to completely clear the skin and gain a beautiful clear complexion.

Be sure to ask for the double strength outline, as this is sold under guarantee of money back if it fails to remove freckles.—Adv.

The birds sing sweetly at morn and eve—but do a bit of scratching between.

GARDEN JOGS

Are your flats filled with fertile forcing soil?

The new handle for the spading fork? Did you think of it?

Those wood ashes from the fireplace? Are you saving them for the potash they contain?

U. S. DEPT. OF AGRICULTURE HOW TO GROW

ASPARAGUS.

This crop is one of the most enduring and satisfactory vegetables. It can be grown on almost any well-drained soil, but will do best on a deep sandy loam. There is little possibility of having the ground too rich, and applications of partly rotted

manure should be made before the plants are set. The seeds of asparagus may be sown during the spring in rows where the plants are to remain, and the seedlings thinned to stand 14 feet apart in rows.

It is usually more satisfactory to purchase two-year-old roots, as considerable time is saved in this way. As the asparagus bed is a permanent feature of the garden, it should be located accordingly. Before setting the plants the soil should be loosened very deeply, either by subsoil plowing or by deep spading. It is a good plan to remove the top soil and spade manure into the subsoil to a depth of 14 or 16 inches. The plants may be set in rows for horse cultivation or in beds.

If in rows they should be set 14 inches apart, with the rows 3½ feet apart. If in beds, one foot apart each way is the proper distance to set the plants.

In setting the plants the crowns should be covered 4 or 5 inches deep.

In the North the plants should receive a mulch of 4 or 5 inches of manure in winter. In the South the mulch is not necessary, but the plants should receive a coat of manure or an application of fertilizer, preferably in autumn.

No shoots should be removed during the first year the plants are set in the permanent bed, and the period of cutting should be short during the second year.

LIMA BEANS.

Lima beans should not be planted until the ground is thoroughly warmed up, as they are a heat-loving crop and the seed will rot if planted when the ground is cold. Most gardeners prefer the pole varieties, as they yield better than the bush varieties and are superior to the bush varieties in many other respects. One marked advantage of the pole beans is that they may be planted around the fence, utilizing the fence as a support for the vines.

In this manner a crop of beans can be secured with the use of a minimum amount of spacing.

When planted in rows in the garden, pole lima beans are usually planted in hills 3 to 4 feet apart and supported on poles or a string and wire trellis.

The bush limas are usually drilled in rows some 3½ feet apart for horse cultivation, or slightly closer for hand cultivation. The lima beans are a full season crop, that is, they occupy the ground for the entire growing season, and a sufficient amount should be planted to provide for the needs of the family for the entire season. Any surplus not used green may be allowed to dry on the vines, picked and stored for winter use.

Lima beans constitute one of the most satisfactory crops for growing for winter's use, as the only care necessary to save them is to pick the ripe pods, dry them thoroughly and shell the beans. In the northern portion of the country where lima beans do not thrive, pole beans of the Lazy Wife variety will give satisfaction.

PEPPERS.

are being formed. Brussels sprouts are more hardy than cabbage and in many sections may be planted in the fall. They should be set in rows 30 to 50 inches apart for horse cultivation. The plants should be set from 20 to 24 inches apart in the rows.

Brussels sprouts may be stored for winter use in much the same way as cabbage. The best method is to take up the plants, pack them closely together in a trench, covering them with straw or other litter to protect them from freezing and thawing.

KOHL-RABI.

The edible portion of the kohlrabi is the thickened stem. It is closely related to cabbage and cauliflower. It should be started in the hotbed or window box and set in the open ground about the time of the last frost. The method of planting and the cultivation is similar to that practiced for cabbage. It can be planted in the open at the same time. Early sowings are made, and if thinned to 4 to 6 inches apart the plants will soon grow to edible size under favorable weather conditions. This plant should receive much more consideration than usually is given it. It is really a poor man's cauliflower.

COLLARDS.

The culture and uses of collards are the same as for cabbage. The plants should be started in very early spring and set out as soon as the ground is in condition. They withstand the heat better than cabbage and are much used in the southern portion of the country. Collards do not form a true head, but instead a loose rosette of leaves, which, when blanched, are very tender and of delicate flavor.

No southern garden is complete without this plant. Too often, however, it has constituted the sum total in the shape of garden supplies. Use it, but don't abuse it.

PARSLEY.

The seeds of parsley should be soaked for a few hours before planting to insure germination. They are slow in germinating and should be handled very carefully. After one or two transplantings they should be set in the open ground in rows 12 to 18 inches apart and 3 to 4 inches apart in the rows as early as the soil can be put in condition. A small area devoted to this crop will be sufficient for the average family.

It is used as a garnishing and for flavoring soups. Keep a little of it growing at all times. It gives a pleasing touch to many dainty dishes.

PEPPERS.

Plant the seeds of peppers in the hotbed about six weeks to two months before time to set them in the open ground. They should be transplanted at least once and should not be set in the open until the ground is thoroughly warm. When grown in the garden the large bull-headed types should be placed in rows 3 feet apart with the plants from 15 to 17 inches apart in rows. Frequent shallow cultivation should be given, and the plants will continue to bear until frost kills them.

IN YOUR HOME GARDEN

"Dig deep, manure well, work often." Thus Pilly the Elder, nearly 2,000 years ago, summed up gardening. His advice is good today.

Enthusiasm must be backed by solid purpose—enough of it to surmount obstacles and surmount disappointments.

The best insurance against accidents in gardening is knowing how to garden.

PROFITABLE USE OF MANURE

Garden and Orchard Will Take Good Care of All Fertilizer Produced on Farm.

Save and apply all of the barnyard manure that is produced on your farm. The garden and the orchard are like prospective candidates—they are "in a receptive mood." It is difficult to get garden land too rich. In case there seems to be more nitrogen from heavy applications of manure than the other constituents, apply acid phosphate and hardwood ashes to balance the fertility constituents.

Find Amount of Seed Needed.

Atm to make every seed count. Remember the supply of some of the more important varieties of garden seed is limited, and in order that all may obtain enough to meet their needs, everyone should co-operate to make what is used produce a maximum crop.

Broadcasting Manure.

Manure for broadcasting on top of the plowed ground should be well rotted and fine. After spreading mix it well with the harrow before drilling in the seeds.

Grown in Greenhouse.

Swiss chard is sometimes grown in the greenhouse to advantage. Roots may be started under the greenhouse bench if there is light enough to prevent their becoming spindling.

Place for Permanent Crops.

Berry bushes, rhubarb, asparagus and such garden stuff that is permanently established should be grouped on one side of the garden and extend in rows the full length of the garden.

WRIGLEYS



"Give it to me, please. Granddaddy."

"Why Bobby, if you wait a bit for it you'll have it to enjoy longer!"

"Poo-pool That's no argument with WRIGLEYS 'cause the flavor lasts, anyway!"

—After every meal



The Logic of It.
"It is odd that gossips are so often given as authorities."

"Not at all, for what they say goes."

Proof.
"So you think art can improve on nature?" "Certainly. If not, why the Easter eggs?"

Meat is as Necessary as Steel and Ships

Food is the first essential of the fighting forces.

The American farmer and the packer have met every war emergency, and have promptly furnished an adequate supply of wholesome meat.

No other industry can claim a better record of war time efficiency.

Swift & Company has shipped to the United States Government and the Allied Nations,

Over 12,000,000 Pounds (400 carloads) per week, of beef, pork, and lard, since January 1, 1918.

In one week recently we shipped 24,000,000 Pounds (800 carloads) and the demand is increasing.

Our profits are limited by the Food Administration to 9 per cent on investment in the meat departments. (This means about 2 cents on each dollar of sales.) No profit is guaranteed.

We are co-operating with the Government to the best of our ability.

Swift & Company 1918 Year Book, containing many interesting and instructive facts, sent on request. Address, Swift & Company, Union Stock Yards, Chicago, Illinois

Swift & Company U. S. A.

LIKE BACON

YOU know how cooking brings out all the rich pungent flavor of bacon—there's nothing that tastes better. But you wouldn't like it raw.

IT'S TOASTED

So we toast the Burley tobacco used in LUCKY STRIKE Cigarettes for exactly the same reason—to bring out the rich, solid flavor.



Instruments Recorded

(During Week Ending May 10, 1918)

DEEDS

Robert T. Lucas and wife to John G. Textor, lot 25, block 12, town of Carrizozo.

P. G. Peters to Continental Oil Co., lots 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, and 16, block 44, town of Carrizozo.

Carrizozo Townsite Co. to Ramon Allala, lots 1, 2 and 3, block 35, town of Carrizozo.

James M. Miller and wife to L. C. Morre, 240 acres near Arabella.

Dan Coor to El Capitan L. & S. Co., 160 acres near Block ranch.

May Etta Rickard and husband to W. H. Sellers, 160 acres near Block ranch.

H. P. Saunders, et al to J. A. Lafferty, 160 acres near Arabella.

Carrizozo Townsite Co. to H. S. Campbell, lots 12 and 28, block 3, southerly 100 ft. of block 49, town of Carrizozo.

Alamogordo Imp. Co., to Mrs. Richard Werner, lot 21, block 7, town of Carrizozo.

Ed. C. Pfingsten and wife to school Dist No. 9, tract of land on Mesa.

T. J. Rayan and wife to El Capitan L. & S. Co., 160 acres near Block ranch.

Sarah C. Gray to Walter A. Gray, lots 7 and 8, block 49, town of Carrizozo.

Chas. Cleophas and wife to Gustav Newman, lot 23, block 50 town of Oscura.

Sarah C. Gray to W. O. Norman, lots 8 and 9, block 63, town of Carrizozo.

W. C. McDonald and wife to H. E. Pine, lot 3, block 9, McDonald Addition.

Roy R. Baird to H. E. Pine, south half of lot 8 McDonald Addition.

Guillermo Salazar and wife to Ramon Allala, lot 4, block 35, town of Carrizozo.

Mrs. Lou Wear to J. H. Clements, 160 acres 14 miles south of Hondo.

Harriet E. Kelley to H. B. Greer, tract on Bonito.

Lottie Clay Sager and husband to H. W. McMillan, lot 8, block 29, McDonald Addition.

Stephen Raymond and wife to John W. Kindrick, 125.37 acres near Tinnie.

T. W. Watson and wife to Lou L. Roberts, 240 acres 4 miles northeast of Lincoln.

L. L. Roberts and wife to E. O. Roberts, 124 acres near Lincoln.

Roman Barragan to Delina Romero de Sanchez, 80 acres near Glencoe.

L. A. Skinner and wife to School District No. 9, tract on Mesa.

PATENTS

U. S. to Hannah C. Luster, 280 acres 2 miles west of Carrizozo.

U. S. to Andrew J. Calloway, 161.52 acres east of Corona.

U. S. to Antonio Chavez, 160 acres northwest of Encino.

Furnished by the American Title and Trust Company, Abstractors, Carrizozo, New Mexico, Incorporated 1918. W. H. Osborn, Secretary.

Becomes a Benedict

Roy R. Baird quietly stole away to El Paso Saturday, met Miss Reina Husband of Mason, Texas, and was married Sunday morning. The newly weds came up Monday night and are at home in the cozy quarters in the east end.

The groom is the popular pharmacist at Rollands, has lived here a number of years and has a host of friends. The bride is from a prominent family of Mason, Texas, where the groom spent his youth, and the couple were school children together. The News joins friends in felicitations.

Geo. J. Weisbar was here Monday and Tuesday, greeting old friends and attending to some business matters.

Killed by Lightning

Ed W. Brown, a well known rancher of Socorro county, was killed by lightning Sunday afternoon, thirty miles west of Carrizozo. He was driving his car and behind him was Mrs. J. B. Garven, a sister-in-law, and a little daughter in another car.

A rain storm came up, accompanied by thunder and lightning. A bolt of lightning descended, and Mrs. Garven noticed Mr. Brown settle down in his seat as though he was struck. Hastily driving her car by the side of the Brown car, Mrs. Garven saw that Brown had been struck in the head, and that he was dead when she reached him. She could render no aid; so she hurried toward Oscura and Carrizozo to announce the fatality.

When parties reached the scene they found the car had caught fire, was practically burned up and the limbs of the unfortunate man burned from the body. The bolt of lightning had evidently penetrated the gas tank, ignited the gasoline which supplied the fuel for the fire which consumed the car and left the body a charred trunk.

An inquest was held, a verdict rendered in accordance with the above and the remains brought to town by Undertaker Kelley. Interment took place in the Carrizozo cemetery Tuesday afternoon.

Deceased was a resident of Socorro county, having ranches west of here for a quarter of a century. He leaves a wife and a number of children. He was well known here and had many friends who regret to learn of his tragic death.

Red Cross Drive

The Red Cross War Fund Drive will begin May 20 and last throughout the week. A fund of \$100,000,000 is to be raised in this country and the quota for Lincoln county has been fixed at \$2,500. J. B. French has been appointed campaign manager by the Lincoln County Chapter and M. B. Paden cashier. The campaign manager has appointed committees in every community of the county and each section notified of the amount it should furnish. The speaking and advertising will begin on May 13th, next Monday, and a week's intensive campaign will precede the taking of subscriptions. "The Greatest Mother in the World," the Red Cross, is calling; don't neglect her.

Old Time Religion

At the Providence Pentecostal Church of the Nazarenes, Nogal Mesa, second Sunday, May 12, there will be an all-day service, beginning with Sabbath school 10 a. m., preaching at 11 and dinner on the ground. Red Cross 2 p. m. Everybody invited, especially the people of Carrizozo and the Red Cross Chapter.

Baptist Church

Rev. J. M. Gardner, Pastor

The pastor will preach Sunday, May 12, at 11 a. m. "Safeguarding the Home". No services at 8 p. m. on account of the baccalaureate sermon at the M. E. church.

The Pastor, Rev. J. M. Gardner has received a call to take up Army Y. M. C. A. work and will leave in about ten days. He will preach his farewell sermon Sunday, May 19 at 8 p. m. on "Open Doors" this was a sermon prepared and preached as a baccalaureate sermon for a graduating class in Onondaga, Michigan, in 1910, and has been preached as an evangelistic sermon by him since and will be delivered as his farewell sermon to Carrizozo as he leaves for the army work.

The morning sermon of May 19th, will be on the Red Cross and Y. M. C. A. work in the army.

Baccalaureate Exercises

Sunday, May 12th, 1918, 8 p. m., at Methodist Church, Carrizozo High School programme as follows:

1. Processional March, Gladney White.
2. Holy, Holy, Holy, By Congregation.

INVOCATION

3. "From all that dwells below the skies", Harriett Kimbell, Bessie White, Hilary Cooper and Straley Squires.

4. Scripture Reading.
5. Announcements.
6. "Lest we forget", By Choir.
7. Prayer.
8. Prayer Duet, Marion Place, and Hilary Cooper.
9. Address, Rev. R. H. Lewelling.
10. Chant, By Choir, Benediction.

Eighth Grade Exercises

CARRIZOZO PUBLIC SCHOOLS

May 16th, 1918, 8 P. M.

Methodist Church

1. "Salute the Flag", School and Audience.
2. "The Making of American Flag", Eighth Grade.
3. Piano Solo, Ruth Schaeffer.
4. Reading, "How Girls Study", J. D. Sawyer.
5. Class History, John M. Boyd.
6. Solo, Harriett Kimbell.
7. Class Prophecy, Laureen Wilson.
8. Reading, "For the Soldiers", Alma Lacey.
9. Solo, Claire Adams.
10. Address to Class, Mrs. Maud Blaney.
11. Closing Address, Myrtle Rowland.
12. Presentation of Certificates, Supt. T. W. Conway.
13. America, By Eighth Grade and Audience.

Commencement Exercises

CARRIZOZO HIGH SCHOOL

May 17th, 1918, 8 P. M.

Methodist Church

1. Processional March, Gladney White.
- Invocation
2. Blossom Time, High School Chorus.
3. Oration, "Meeting the Crisis", Bessie O. White.
4. Trio, Italia, Marion Place, Hilary Cooper, and Gladney White.
5. Oration, "Emancipation of Woman", Rachael L. Hughes.
6. "Pine Tree Ferries", High School Chorus.
7. Oration, "Possibilities of South America", Rufus B. Brannum.
8. Duet, "Maybells", Marion Place and Hilary Cooper.
9. Class Address, Supt. T. W. Conway.
10. Quartette, "Let the Hills and Vales Resound", Marion Place, Hilary Cooper, Gladney White and Rufus B. Brannum.
11. Presentation of Diplomas.
12. Song, "Commencement Days", High School Chorus.

Benediction.

Methodist Church

Rev. R. H. Lewelling, Pastor

Sunday School, 9:45 a. m. A class for every one. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m. You are invited to all services. Epworth League at 7:15 p. m.

Mark Twain's "Tom Sawyer" at the Crystal

Mark Twain's boy hero, Tom Sawyer, has long held a unique place in literature, and many of his admirers will be glad to hear that clever young Jack Pickford, of Paramount pictures, has at last brought the real Tom to life on the screen. His impersonation is vivid and drawn with the sure masterful touches that he gave to "Freckles", Booth Tarkington's the hero of "Seventeen"; and "The Dummy". "Tom Sawyer" will be seen at the Crystal Theatre on Saturday, May 18th.

FOR SALE—Small house furnished, also Ford auto. Call at News office. 5-10 tf

Ancho

A farewell party was given to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Butler Tuesday night. Mrs. Butler is going to spend the summer with her parents in Ballinger, Texas and Mr. Butler is going to Wyoming to look up a new location, their friends in this community will miss them but wish them all the good luck that they deserve.

A farewell dance will be given in honor of the Misses Gaddis and Stokes at Ancho Wednesday night, May 15th, everybody is invited to come and make merry. These young ladies have taught the school in their different grades in a very efficient manner, always showing great patience and love toward their pupils, their patrons and friends regret their departure and hope to see them again in the fall.

Mrs. Carrey has been very ill the past week. Miss Harvell is staying with her at present.

Mrs. Wallace Wanson is visiting her parents in South, Texas for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Brack Sloan are spending several weeks with friends in El Paso.

Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Bond are on their ranch again this week. Their sister, Mrs. Riley of El Paso, is with them.

Our school closes next week and the children are looking forward to a long play time after a year of application.

Rev. Perkins is suffering from a severe attack of rheumatism.

Several people from White Oaks were in attendance at the dance Saturday night.

Quite a hail and rain storm visited this section Saturday afternoon. Water was running in some of the canons and the water that fell will do the grass considerable good.

A lot of Ancho people are planning on attending the Red Cross dance at White Oaks next Saturday night, May 11th.

Prof. and Mrs. May attended the Capt. Hobson speech Tuesday of last week and also took in the wonderful production, "The Birth of a Nation".

J. W. Grimes has his new house completed.

Red Cross Activities at Ancho

The entertainment given by Prof. and Mrs. May Saturday night in the Ancho school house was well attended, nine cakes, five gallons of coffee, milk and sugar was donated to the Red Cross society and after the entertainment refreshments were sold while many tripped the light fantastic to enjoyable music.

The Brick Masons presented a large chocolate cake to the Principal of the School, Mrs. Helen Castle to be given to the Red Cross Society. It was sold for \$10.25. The lucky purchaser being Mr. Alfred Reed.

Two delicious white cakes were given by Mrs. Sam Wood, who certainly has no peer when it comes to the art of cake baking.

Mrs. Boughn and Miss Straley served the refreshments and report the sum of \$24.10 clear of all expense to the Red Cross. Everyone present enjoyed the evening and was made happy by the thought that they were doing their bit to bring cheer and comfort to our dear boys at the front.

Musical and Play at Hondo

On May 18, at Hondo school house, will be given an excellent musical and play. The latter by the Red Cross Junior Auxiliary. The play is "Uncle Sam's Children." The program at the school House will be from 8 to 9 p. m. Proceeds will be given to War Fund. Following the program, a big Hondo dance will be given at the Gonzales hall. Everybody cordially invited. Ice cream will be served and proceeds to be given to war fund.

Young Man!

Young Woman!

Have you begun to realize the advantages over YOU held by the man or woman with thorough college education?

If you have realized these advantages you have begun to think about getting a college education and you have begun to want that education very much.

If you want such an education hard enough---you can and will get it. You can, if you will, begin it right now.

Write today for full information. It is free.

Address, DAVID R. BOYD, President
University of New Mexico
ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

Ask for complete information about the opportunities for YOU in the summer period of regular University work, which begins June 15. It will come to you by return mail.

Death Claims Infant

Death claimed the infant of Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Hey Saturday evening. The body was prepared for shipment by Undertaker Kelley and was taken east the following day, accompanied by the sorrowing parents and Mrs. Hey's father who had come to Carrizozo upon learning of the serious illness of the little one. The community deeply sympathizes with the grief-stricken parents and family.

Asst. Supt. Visits

John V. Conway, Assistant Superintendent of Public Instruction, was here this week in the interest of the public schools. Mr. Conway is visiting the several counties with a view of learning their requirements and for the purpose of submitting recommendations to the state legislature with reference to needed amendments to school laws.

Classified Advertisements

The White Oaks branch of the American Red Cross Society will give a dance at the Woman's Club Hall, Saturday, May 11, 1918. Good music, good refreshments and a good time for all. Come and bring your friends. Admission, \$1.00.

WANTED—Baby Calves. State price. Address, Box 156 Carrizozo, N. M. 5-3-61

Full line of new canvass "Keds" just the thing for Summer footwear at Ziegler Bros.

For Sale—Yearling and two year old Hereford bulls. The Titworth Co. Capitan.

See the lovely silk and Jersey Cloth Dresses Ziegler Bros. are receiving daily.

We pay the highest prices for hides and pelts. Ziegler Bros.

Bevo the National soft drink—Buy it by the case—Order a case today.—Carrizozo Trading Co.

Recognize the food value in milk and buy your milk from pure bred tested Jersey cows. Also whipping and coffee cream fresh daily. Carrizozo Dairy, H. Dixon, Prop. 5-10-31

Notice for Publication

02055

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., April 8, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Mauda A. Harris, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on Dec. 16, 1911, made H. E. No. 02055, for Sec. 1, Township 8-S, Range 10-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Little McChung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on May 10, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Thomas A. Spencer, George Huston, Joe Strickland, Peter Johnson, all of Carrizozo, N. M. EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication

02056

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., April 10, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Walter J. Fetter, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on Dec. 16, 1911, made H. E. No. 02056, for Sec. 1, Township 8-S, Range 10-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Little McChung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on May 21, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Allen Brown, Lucinda H. Huston, Henry West and James W. Baxter, all of Carrizozo, N. M. EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication

02057

DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., April 10, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Harriett Metcalf, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on June 6, 1912 and January 20, 1918, made Original and Additional H. E. entries, 02057 and 02058, for 8154 and 8154, Section 10, Township 8-S, Range 10-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Little McChung Scott, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on May 28, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Harriett U. Finley, Nellie C. Buck, Junior Brown and Ernest H. Matthews, all of Carrizozo, N. M. EMMETT PATTON, Register.

Notice for Publication

02058

Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M., April 8, 1918.

Notice is hereby given that Minnie Gertrude Ayers, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on August 1, 1912 made H. E. No. 02058, for 8154, Sec. 10, in the 8-W4, W-5, Sec. 11, Township 9-S, Range 9-E, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make three year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before O. T. Nye, Clerk of the Probate Court, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on May 10, 1918.

Claimant names as witnesses: Ernest A. Finney, Louis Rowland, Lester Bates, Oscar Rowland, all of Carrizozo, N. M. EMMETT PATTON, Register.

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