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THE BELEN NEWS

VOLUME IV

BELEN, NEW MEXICO, SEPTEMBER 21 1916.

NUMBER 43

REPUBLICAN THRIFT IS SQUANDERED BY WILSON

Built Panama Canal Out of Current Revenues, Patriotically Hoarding Bonds in Treasury Which Democrats Flinch to Hide a Deficit.

CARNIVAL OF DEBAUCHERY IN PUBLIC EXPENDITURE

Senator Penrose Believes the Looted Condition of the Treasury Will Necessitate the Withholding of Contracts for Battleships and Delay the Whole Scheme of Preparedness — Nation's Money Frittered Away to Finance Hare-Brained and Ill Advised Projects.

William R. Willcox, Chairman of the Republican National Committee, has received from Senator Penrose a brief but positive summing up of the extravagance of the Wilson Administration during the session of Congress just about to close. The Senator says:

"When the country realizes what this Congress has done in the way of appropriations it will be dumfounded. Already, it has been shown that over a billion, seven or eight hundred million dollars have been appropriated—more money than was ever appropriated in any one year in the history of the American government. The total will reach nearly two billion dollars before the end of this carnival of debauchery in public expenditures is reached, because no account has been taken of the twenty-five millions for the Danish islands, the thirty millions which the government will probably have to refund as a result of the five per cent rebate allowed on importations brought across the seas in American bottoms, and other matters which are likely to come up.

"It is only too evident that this bill which is expected to bring in some two hundred million dollars will absolutely fail to meet even the requirements for the ill-advised and certainly not urgent projects authorized by the present Congress.

"It is now claimed that these projects are to be financed by the issuance of Panama Canal bonds. The American people will regard such a proceeding as a very queer one because, the issuing of bonds by the Cleveland Administration largely helped to bring about the downfall of the Democratic party in 1896. A bond issue has ever since been viewed with abhorrence by the Democracy; now, we find the party leaders compelled, by reason of their extravagance and negligence, to resort to it.

"To defray the expenses of a nitrate plant and of a shipping board and many other needless projects by the issuing of Panama bonds will be in the last analysis equivalent to paying for them by bond issues. These bonds are lying in the treasury unused as the result of the thrift and economy and wise administration of the Republican party.

"Only about \$130,000,000 of bonds were put out in the construction of the Panama Canal. The balance of the cost of that stupendous undertaking was paid out of current revenues; and now, to advance the novel doctrine that these bonds which represent the thrift of preceding years shall be issued for these questionable projects is, to my mind, preposterous. In fact, it was expressly provided in the Spooner Act that Panama Canal bonds should not be issued for any other purpose than that of the construction of the Canal, and the ingenious theory that they can be issued now to repay the treasury and that then the money can be squandered by the party in power to finance doubtful projects and to make good a deficit will not alter the fact that such a deficit exists.

"No amount of reasoning on the part of the Chairman of the Committee on Finance will alter the fact that outside of preparedness there has been at least \$200,000,000 of wasteful appropriations and expenditures by the present Congress. That condition of the treasury will absolutely necessitate the withholding of contracts for battleships and delay the whole scheme of preparedness.

"The figures of the Secretary of the Treasury may be juggled as they may, but when the Secretary is up against the brute fact of not having money to pay for these projects he will then find that figures will not make a surplus in the treasury."

First they said that Hughes was an iceberg, now they are saying that he is a mud-slinger. He cannot possibly be both, and as a matter of fact, is neither. The Democrats must feel in a mighty bad way when they cry out "mud and treason."

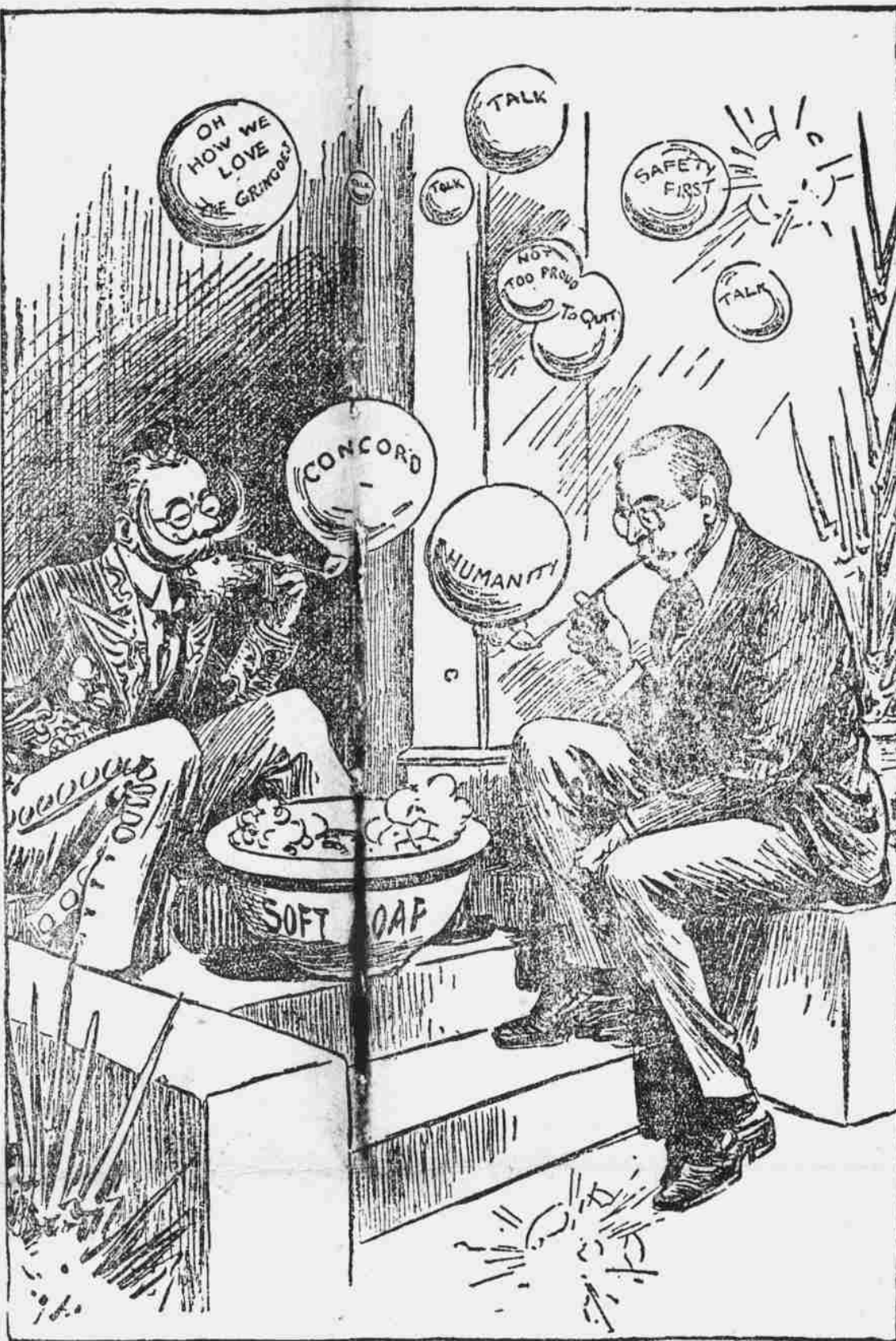
BURTON TO SPEAK FOR REPUBLICANS AT STATE FAIR MARKS OPENING OF THE NEW MEXICO SPEAKING CAMPAIGN

Santa Fe, N-M. Sept 21—

The Republican state committee has just been advised from National headquarters in New York City that Senator Theodore E. Burton of Ohio will be the first of the Republicans of national note to tour New Mexico in behalf of the Republican national and state tickets. Senator Burton will deliver his opening address at the state fair grounds in Albuquerque on Monday afternoon September 25th at 2:30 o'clock, being the first speaker on the state fair management's political forum program. He will be followed later in the afternoon by a democrat from another state, who probably will be Senator Owen of Oklahoma.

Senator Burton is well known in New Mexico. He toured this state in the preconvention campaign and made many friends at that time. It is indicated that he is to be followed by several of the biggest men in the Republican party and that among these may be former President William H. Taft and Col. Theodore Roosevelt. It is expected that Colonel Roosevelt, in his schedule, can be properly arranged, will deliver two and possibly three addresses in New Mexico, on his way through his western tour, in behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

The state committee is making careful preparation for the reception and entertainment of Senator Burton. He is met at Albuquerque by a committee from the headquarters organization here who will go over the general situation with him and as his speaking engagements other than that at the fair, while a large Albuquerque committee has been arranged to look after reception and entertainment of the distinguished visitor. A special invitation has been sent out from headquarters here to all Republican county chairmen state committeemen and to Republicans generally to attend the state fair Monday in order to hear Senator Burton's address on the issues of the campaign.



THESE PIPING TIMES OF PEACE

CARRANZA and WILSON, THE

SKILLFUL POLITICIAN

Democratic supporters of Governor McDonald now deny that the governor was a candidate for re-nomination. The best answer to this is the presence of the governor on the ticket. The Democratic convention did not want him there, but the governor is a skillful politician when working for McDonald. He landed at the last minute, thus forcing on this party the necessity of defending his administration.

NO ONE WAS AFRAID OF HAITI.

Haiti did not behave as badly to us as Mexico behaved; but Mr. Wilson intervened, fought the Haitians, shedding their blood and the blood of our troops, took possession and now has our armed forces in control of Haiti and directing its government. His course of action in Haiti can be defended only if his course of action in Mexico is unqualifiedly condemned; for such action was far more needed in Mexico than in Haiti. But there was a difference in the two cases; and to Mr. Wilson it was a vital difference. Haiti was weaker than Mexico. No one was afraid of Haiti.—From the speech of Colonel Roosevelt delivered at Lewiston, Maine, in behalf of Charles E. Hughes.

What has he done for New Mexico?

Andrieus A. Jones of Las Vegas, democratic candidate for the senate is being held up as an example of accomplishment in public life. Since he came to New Mexico Mr. Jones has done fairly well for A. A. Jones, personally, but what has he ever done for New Mexico? Examples of specific service would be useful. Unfortunately they were not available. As for Mr. Jones' performance as assistant secretary of the Interior, there will be ample discussion of that in the course of the campaign.

THE GOVERNERSHIP

The Democratic campaign committee proposes to center its efforts on the campaign in behalf of A. A. Jones for the senate. The rest of the ticket will trail. The governorship is being looked after exclusively by William C. McDonald.

DR. HARVEY W. WILEY TO VOTE FOR HUGHES.

He Says Wilson Has Failed to Enforce Pure Food Law.

"I favor the election of Mr. Hughes to the Presidency for entirely different reasons than those held by most of his supporters. It is not because of the Mexican policy nor the foreign policy of the Administration nor by reason of its domestic policies. It is because of the apparent indifference of the Administration of President Wilson to the cause of pure food and drugs. Practically all of the abuses which were injected into the Pure Food Law by the preceding Administration are still in force. Benzene of soda is still rampant. The fumes of burning sulphur are marching along undisturbed. There is evidently a lull in the activities of the Administration of the law. A well-known beverage, declared by the Supreme Court to be adulterated and unwholesome to the Food Law has not been molested. No attempt has been made to enforce the law in regard to the bleaching of flour. The repeal of the mixed flour law, that splendid safeguard to the purity of our bread has been tacitly approved by the Treasury Department.

"Mr. Hughes in his activities on the Supreme Court has stood like a stone wall for the proper Administration of the Food Law. I believe his election would see a radical change in the attitude of the government towards pure food and pure drugs, so vital to the welfare of our people. For this reason, I sincerely hope that Mr. Hughes may be chosen as our next President.

"I should expect Mr. Hughes as President to have the same attitude toward the pure food and drug law that he had as a judge on the bench and to appoint a secretary of agriculture with subordinate officers who would be enthusiastic and earnest in the enforcement of the pure food law for the benefit of the physical, mental and moral welfare of our people."

Congress, representing 100,000,000 people, is not particularly dignified in passing a law at the crack of the railroad brotherhood's whip.

FINNEGAN'S PHILOSOPHY BALAAM.

"Well do I mind the story," said Finnegan. "Balaam was a highbrow that knowed less than his Jackass. He took an office to curse the people. The Jackass saved them. 'Tis all in Number Twenty-two. Och, hone! 'Tis different these times. The Jackass knew better till Balaam turned him. 'Lave me ride ye,' says Balaam, 'an' I'll make ye the biggest Ass in the world."

"'Grent,' says the Ass; 'what d'ye feed?"

"'Pork,' says Balaam.

"'Me savior,' says the Ass.

"'So Balaam mounts. But soon the Jack balks.

"'Phwat is it?' says Balaam.

"'Snakes,' says the Ass; 'it looks like the jawbone uv me mother.'

"'Gwan,' says Balaam, 'hittin' the Ass a clip, 'tis me furren' policy,' he says.

"'Phwat's it for?' axes the Ass.

"'It defends the nashun,' says Balaam.

"'How?' says the Ass.

"'Faith,' says Balaam, 'it takes a bigger Ass than you to know that. Lave it to Brine,' says Balaam to the Ass; an' the Jack walks on meditation."

"'Hee, haw,' says the Ass, balkin' an' kickin'.

"'What now?' says Balaam.

"'Divil a Jackass ever seen the like,' says the Ass. 'It could be a frog,' says he, 'for it stands up in front, and sits down behind; an' 'tis mostly mouth,' says the Ass. 'It has white feathers,' says the Jack, 'wid yaller streaks, that changes,' he says, 'to Very Crooz Red, or Niagara Blue, an' now they're Currysall Yaller again,' says he. 'Hilvins, have I been drinkin'?' screams the Ass to Balaam.

"'Salute be praised,' says Balaam. 'Me Watchful Waitin' can still change its mind,' he says. 'Gwan, where glory waits,' he says. 'Gwan, in the service uv Mankind,' says Balaam to the Ass, touching him up. An' the Ass shuffles ahead, wavin' his ears in admiration.

"'Hee-haw! Hee-haw!' says the Jack, rearin' up wid his eyes boidin'.

"'Phwat's grippin' ye now?' says Balaam, impatient like.

"'I dunno,' says the Ass. 'It looks like the Flyin' Dutchman with a Socialist Crew,' he says.

"'Tis me Ship Bill,' says Balaam.

"'Side step to the right,' he says; 'side step to the left,' says he, wettin' him. 'Back up,' says Balaam, near wrenchin' off the Jack's jaw.

"'Now forward for the Merchant Marine an' fifty million pork,' says Balaam wid a shower uv blows; an' the Ass goes on thremlin'.

"'Wah-hee! Wah-hee! Wah-hee!' says the Jack, shyin' so he near threw his rider.

"'I'll learn ye to shy at me Naval Bill,' says Balaam, har-rupin' the baste so he end seneca stand.

"'Ye can't pass it widout wearin' Republican clothes,' says the Jack in a course whisper.

"'Ye Ass,' says Balaam. 'Don't ye know that many chies is better nor nakedness?' Gwan,' says Balaam, in tones uv thunder. So the poor baste lopes on, flupin' wid pain.

"'I've not time to tell ye all the adventures they had, but they kep' on over rough roads, now an' then crossin' a ditch on a wain team plank, which made even Balaam uneasy. Every time the Jack kicked, he got shorter rattions an' a wallop. So when the journey was near over, the poor baste was all in, and far too proud to fight. Any Jack-Ass can be that when he's kicked.

"'Wan stormy night, the Jack blooms into a harmony like a Dinyerat Tariff Hymn played on a gaspipe wid the feet.

"'Phwat ails ye now?' calls Balaam, etubbin' him wid both hands.

"'Niver did I pass the like,' yells the Ass, sweatin' and thremlin'. 'It says it's an eight hour law. Oh, phwat is it?' screams the Ass to Balaam, feebly waggin' his ears.

"'I dunno phwat it is meself,' says Balaam, 'but I know phwat it's got,' Balaam says.

"'Phwat?' axes the poor Ass.

"'Five hundred thousand votes,' says Balaam, wid a pious air. 'Gwan, ye big Ass, an' don't ye argue wid an Idealist,' says Balaam to the Ass.

"'We can't pass it in the dark,' pleads the Ass. 'Lave us wait for light,' moans the Ass, weepin'.

"'Nix,' says Balaam. 'There's a hot time comin' an' the votes'll spile. Do ye thirst for sixteen more years in the wilderness?' Giddap,' says he, 'quagin' y'er heart,' says Balaam, 'iv ivry thought that's selfish,' says Balaam, 'or personal,' chants Balaam to the poor Ass ticklin' the Jack's slats wid a couplin' pin.

"'By this time the Ass was so wore out wid his arduous labors, that he knew no more than Balaam himself. So, wid one despairin' cry, he dropped his ears, as he an' his master stumbled forward into the dark."

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PHONE No. 34

EDITORIAL PARAGRAPHS.

Two futile invasions of Mexico and
six separate and distinct policies on
the question of permitting arms and
ammunition to be sent into that coun-
try are included in the performance of
the Wilson administration in its deal-
ings with our southern neighbors in
less than three years. It is this charac-
teristic instability of the govern-
ment that makes people want a
change.

When Charles E. Hughes said: "The
dealings of the administration with
Mexico constitute a confused chapter
of blunders," he gave an explicit char-
acterization of the Wilson administra-
tion's policy in one sentence.

Just as it is now obstinately shut-
ting its eyes to the need of indus-
trial preparedness, for three years the
Wilson administration refused to see
the need of adequate military pre-
paredness. With war on our southern
border it was content to rely on a
regular army that could only muster
40,000 available men and refused to
continue the established policy of
building up our navy. When the time
came for action, the country had not
sufficient troops to police the border
and this force has been supplemented
by a trifle more than one third the
war strength of the national guard. If
the national administration had had
the ability to interpret the signs of
the time military preparedness would
have been well under way instead of
barely begun.

Charles E. Hughes, the Republican
candidate, recognizes an important
fact that Woodrow Wilson, the Demo-
cratic president, appears to have
overlooked—that the United States is
big enough to help Mexico out of the
condition of anarchy in which that
country is plunged and, by securing
order in Mexico, insure peace on our
border.

The insuperable handicap of the
Democratic party in this campaign is
its record.

If the Democratic national adminis-
tration had left on the statute books
in 1904 the federal corrupt practices
act placed there by the Republicans
there would be no occasion for the
present administration's campaign
publicity measure which, at best, is
a very poor substitute for the law re-
pealed.

President Wilson's campaign man-
agers are entitled to all the comfort
they can get out of calling the roll
of Progressives who are going to vote
for him. It would be an endless task
to call the roll of Progressives who
are not going to vote for him.

For every reason that can be ad-
vanced why Progressives should vote
for Wilson, ten can be advanced why
they should vote for Hughes and the
beauty of it is that they know the rea-
sons without having to be told.

The Wilson administration went in-
to Mexico to punish Villa for his out-
rage on American soil. The only
punishment inflicted has been on
American soldiers who were shot
down at Carrizal by order of First
Chief Carranza.

"Franklin Roosevelt, assistant sec-
retary of the navy, sees strong trend
for Wilson in Maine,"—News Dis-
patch. Who can blame a man who for
three years has been assistant to Jo-
sephus Daniels for "seeing things?"

Even Woodrow Wilson could not
save the infamous Clarke amendment
to the Philippines bill. He lost the
ablest member of his cabinet, Secre-
tary Garrison, because of his advoca-
cy of the policy of scuttling, but even
the scuttling of Garrison could not
save it.

Democratic papers chide Hughes be-
cause he says he is "100 per cent. a
candidate." The Wilson papers nat-
urally prefer a *five per cent.* candidate.

POLITICAL HISTORY

The democrats propose to
make one of their main issues
the taxation legislation which
was enacted by the legislature
of 1915. They enter into this
program facing the fact that
the leading democrats in both
houses of the legislature voted
for legislation and that the de-
mocratic governor approved it
with his signature. They face
the further fact that Governor
McDonald forced upon his tax
commission as its chief execu-
tive officer a hopeless incom-
petent, because he was "a de-
serving democrat." Watch
for the record of "deserving de-
mocrats" under the McDonald
administration. You will en-
counter an amazing bit of poli-
tical history—history which
has cost this state a lot of cash.

(N. Y.) CANNIBALS.

Roger Sullivan steps aside.—News-
paper headline.
Students of Democratic politics
now what a thin line divides step-
ping aside and shiesleeping.

The Democrats seem to realize, to
help disprove, that if they can't per-
suade Mr. Hughes to change from
duffinito to defendant the case is lost.

The President "will not take the
stamp," but "will accept invitations
to speak at different places." Chair-
man Vance McCormick is as Machin-
ellian as a munition.

It is not what Wilson has kept us
out of but what he's got us into that
counts at present.

VILLA AIDED BY WILSON'S FAVOR AND BACKING.

In March last, Villa made a
raid into American territory. He
was a bandit leader whose
career of successful infamy had
been greatly aided by Mr. Wil-
son's favor and backing. He
was at the head of Mexican sol-
diers, whose arms and munitions
had been supplied to them in
consequence of Mr. Wilson's re-
versing Mr. Taft's policy and
fifing the embargo against arms
and munitions into Mexico. They
attacked Columbus, New Mexico,
and killed a number of civilians
and a number of United States
troops. On the next day the
president issued an announce-
ment that adequate forces would
be sent in pursuit of Villa "with
the single object of capturing
him." On April 8th, the an-
nouncement was made from the
White House that the troops
would remain in Mexico until
Villa was captured. It was
furthermore announced in the
press dispatches from Washing-
ton that he was to be taken
"dead or alive." Fine words.
Only—they meant nothing. He
is not dead. He has not been
taken alive.—From speech of
Col. Theodore Roosevelt, deliv-
ered at Lewiston, Maine, in be-
half of Charles E. Hughes.

Mr. Wilson during the past few days
has become such a life-long opponent
of the pork barrel that he is almost
sorry now he didn't veto some of those
bills.

Secretary McAdoo warns Treasury
employees against too much political
activity, and if they don't obey the
order they are likely to be boozed.

A HEARTLESS ADMINISTRATION

This Administration has dis-
played no more feeling of re-
sponsibility for the American
woman who have been raped,
and for the American men, wo-
men and children who have been
killed in Mexico, than a farmer
shows for the rats killed by his
dogs when the hay is taken from
a barn. And now the American
people are asked to sanction
this policy in the name of peace,
righteousness and humanity!—
From the speech of Col. Theo-
dore Roosevelt, delivered at
Lewiston, Maine, in behalf of
Charles E. Hughes.

Mr. Wilson says his mind is pro-
gressive, but those who try to follow
his progress can never tell the direc-
tion it is taking. It is just as likely
to be progressing backward as for-
ward.

Siegfried Kahn

BELEN

ALBUQUERQUE, GALLUP, SAN PEDRO BLAND

Handle and sell everything in

General Merchandise

We buy Country Produce

HIDES AND PELTS

CAMILL WEISSKOPF, Manager.

BELEN STORE

PUBLIC OFFICER SHOULD STAND LIKE A ROCK

"Government under pressure
is not American Government.
Whenever pressure is applied to
any public officer he ought to
stand like a rock and say: 'Here
I stand until we substitute rea-
son for force. It is not an
American doctrine to legislate
first and investigate afterward.'"
—Mr. Hughes in His Speech at
Portland, Maine.

Department of the Interior United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Aug. 18, 1916.

Notice is hereby given that
the State of New Mexico, under
the provisions of the Act of
Congress of June 21, 1908, and
June 20, 1910, and the Acts
Supplementary thereto, has
made application for the follow-
ing described unappropriated
public lands, as indemnity school
lands.

List 7412, Serial 027510,
SANEI and NESEI-4, Sec.
34, T. 5 N. R. 16 W. N. M.
Prin. Mr. containing 120 acres.

The propose of this notice is to
allow all persons claiming the
land adversely, or desiring to
show it to be mineral in charac-
ter, an opportunity to file objec-
tions to such location or selection
with the Register and Receiver
of the United States Land Office
at Santa Fe, New Mexico and to
establish their interest therein,
or the mineral character thereof.

FRANK J. COOPER, JR.,
Register, U. S. Land Office.

SEEK PROGRESSIVE AND LABOR VOTES ON FALSE CLAIMS

Democrats Posing as the En-
actors of Legislation Which
the Indisputable Facts
Show to Be of Republi-
can Origin.

AUTHORITY ON SOUND SOCIAL LAW CITES 11 GLARING CASES

Organized Labor Resents This Decep-
tion and Running True to Form Will
in November as at Many Previous
Elections Indignantly Smite Those
Who Without Justice Lay Claim to
Its Gratitude—Even the Much-Tout-
ed Federal Reserve Law is Based
Entirely on the Statistical Research
of a Republican Administration.

That "No class is more instant than
labor to condemn and punish those
who without foundation lay claim to
its gratitude" is the assertion of John
Williams, ex-commissioner of labor,
apropos of certain false claims, set
forth by Vance McCormick, Demo-
cratic National Chairman, in behalf of his
party.

Chairman McCormick caused to be
published in the New York Times, on
July 31, an appeal for Progressive and
Labor support, based on "twenty
measures enacted by Congress while
President Wilson has been in the
White House" and for which he
claims credit for the Wilson adminis-
tration and asks Progressive approval.
Commenting on this statement,
the former Commissioner of Labor
says:

"Students and promoters of sound
social legislation will do well to ex-

amine this list for it contains a num-
ber of items of unusual interest.

"We may well believe that it was
with a great deal of pride that Mr.
McCormick contemplated the record
of his party and that he drew a vivid
mental picture of Progressives flock-
ing to the support of Mr. Wilson be-
cause of the things claimed on behalf
of this administration.

"It is a pity that in the interest of
truth, which knows neither Democrat,
Progressive nor Republican, we must
mar this remarkable statement. Nev-
ertheless, it is our duty to call atten-
tion to the fact that in his effort to
induce support for Mr. Wilson the
Chairman of the Democratic National
Committee has fallen into a glaring
error. We have no desire to dispute
the achievements of the Wilson ad-
ministration, but we must enter our
protest against any attempt to
pad the record.

"Mr. McCormick claims 'twenty
measures enacted by Congress while
President Wilson has been in the
White House.' This claim we dispute.
More than one-half are measures en-
acted under a Republican administra-
tion and were approved by ex-Presi-
dent Taft, and for others the Demo-
cratic administration deserves no
credit.

"Let anyone think that this is a
groundless assertion, we herewith fur-
nish the record which can easily be
verified:

From among the twenty pieces of
legislation cited by Chairman McCormick,
I select the following:

(1) Eight hour law on government
work. In effect March 1, 1913. Signed
by Mr. Taft.

(2) Eight hour provision for post
office clerks. In effect generally Aug-
ust 24, 1912.

(3) Eight hour provision applicable
to the manufacture of ordinance for the
government. In effect January 1, 1913.
Signed by Mr. Taft.

(4) Children's Bureau. In effect
April 9, 1912. Signed by Mr. Taft.

(5) Industrial Commission Law to
investigate industrial relations. In
effect August 23, 1912. Signed by Mr.
Taft.

(6) The phosphorous match law.
Enacted in 1912, effective as to the
importation of white phosphorous match-
es January 1, 1913, and as to the man-
ufacture of such matches July 1,
1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

(7) The Department of Labor Law
creating a department with a sec-
retary who shall be a member of the
President's Cabinet. In effect March
4, 1913. Signed by Mr. Taft.

(8) The Unpaid Post Law. In ef-
fect January 1, 1913. Signed by Mr.
Taft.

(9) The Federal Reserve Law
which, while passed during this ad-
ministration, is based entirely on the
vast work of investigation and com-
pilation done by the Monetary Com-
mission, during the Taft Administration,
and closely follows, except in
certain details, the legislation recom-
mended by that commission.

(10) The eight-hour law for the
District of Columbia, was fathered
and put through by a Republican, Sen-
ator La Follette.

The anti-trust law antedates the
Cleveland Administration—although
President Cleveland never enforced it.
From time to time, as with all great
legislative acts, it has been necessary
to amend or add to it, and the anti-
trust law is no exception.

On the 13 such amendments
logical amendment of the original
act.

(11) The Commerce Court was
not established during the Taft Ad-
ministration, although it is a
legitimate and that is a abolition was
wise step.

"Any statement hereafter emanating
from Mr. McCormick will be subjected
to the closest scrutiny. The errors
in his first effort are inexcusable and
can only arouse resentment among
labor men and social workers. No
class is more instant than labor to
condemn and punish those who with-
out foundation lay claim to its grati-
tude.

"Will Mr. McCormick explain his
padding of the record?"
(Signed) JOHN WILLIAMS,
Ex-Commissioner of Labor, New York
State.

THE INCONSIDERATE BEHAVIOR OF A CANDIDATE.

Why does Mr. Hughes insist upon
talking about that old-fashioned, not
to say "iniquitous," doctrine, the pro-
tective tariff? For nearly the whole
period of its industrial existence, the
United States struggled along under
protection. The Democratic party in
1913 came to the relief of an afflicted
and burdened people.

(Continued on 3rd page.)

DEPOSIT WITH US and BORROW FROM US

This bank pays 4% interest on time
deposits, protects your savings, and
assists you to accumulate a competence.

We have money to loan in any sum on
approved security for the movement of
crops, the development of business en-
terprises, and all other legitimate
purposes.

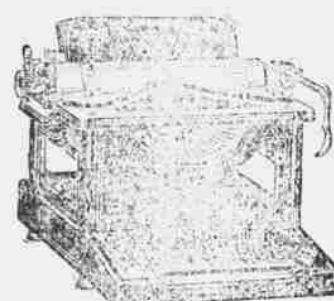
WE WANT TO BE YOUR BANK

First National Bank

Belen, New Mexico.

The "SILENT SMITH"

—Model 8 shows what should now be expected of a
typewriter.



Ball Bearings Long Wearing

The success of the L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriters has
been due to the fact that the wants of the user have
dictated its construction. The user has decided in favor
of certain improvements now incorporated in Model 8.
Among them are:

Silence of Operation—The most silent running efficient
typewriter ever placed on the market. Absolute silence
has been very nearly attained.

Decimal Tabulator—A help in billing and tabulating.
There is no extra charge for this convenience.

Variable Line Spacing—Enables the operator to start on a
given line and space from point of starting; also to write
on ruled lines whose spacing varies from typewriter spac-
ing. A great help in card work.

Faster Ribbon Feed—Insures new place of impact for each
typeface.

Choice of Carriage Return—Upon special order the new
left hand carriage return will be furnished in place of the
right hand return.

All the important features of previous models have been retained
—ball bearing carriage, typewriter and capital shift, back spacer,
key-controlled ribbon, removable platen, protected type, flexible
paper feed and automatic ribbon reverse.

Write for New Catalog of Model 8. It will explain why the
L. C. Smith & Bros. Typewriter is a synonym for superior service.

L. C. SMITH & BROS. TYPEWRITER COMPANY
Factory and Home Office, SYRACUSE, N. Y., U. S. A.

2164 Champa St.

DENVER, COLO.

Administrator's Notice.

NOTICE is hereby given that
the undersigned was, on the 3rd
day of July 1916, by the Probate
Court of Valencia County, State
of New Mexico, duly appointed
administrator of the Estate of
Jame F. Cooper, Jr. deceased.
All persons having claims against
and debts in favor to such Estate
are hereby requested to collect
and pay respectively the same,
within the time prescribed by the
law.—Address Albuquerque, un-
til further notice

MRS. GLAY S. JOPE
(A. J. Sep. 21.)

THE AMERICAN WORKING MAN SHALL NOT SUFFER

The Republican Party stands
for the principle of protection.
We must apply that principle
fairly, without abuses in as sci-
entific a manner as possible;
and Congress should be aided
by the investigations of an ex-
pert body. We stand for the
safe-guarding of our economic
independence, for the develop-
ment of American industry, for
the maintenance of American
standards of living. We propose
that in the competitive struggle
that is about to come the Amer-
ican working-man shall not suf-
fer.—From Mr. Hughes' speech
of acceptance.

Worn Out?

No doubt you are, if
you suffer from any of the
numerous ailments to
which all women are sub-
ject. Headache, back-
ache, neuritis, nervous-
ness, weak, tired feeling,
are some of the symp-
toms, and you must rid
yourself of them in order
to feel well. Thousands
of women, who have
been benefited by this
remedy, urge you to

TAKE

Cardui The Woman's Tonic

Mrs. Sylvania Woods,
of Clifton Mills, Ky., says:
"Before taking Cardui,
I was, at times, so weak I
could hardly walk, and
the pain in my back and
head nearly killed me.
After taking three bottles
of Cardui, the pains dis-
appeared. Now I feel as
well as I ever did. Every
suffering woman should
try Cardui." Get a bottle
today. E-28

THE BELEN NEWS



TAKE this opportunity to inform its Customers that it has enlarged its Plant which will enable Us to accommodate the growing demand for all kinds of Job Work and Commercial Printing.

**Satisfaction
Guaranteed.**

Belen, N. M.

The Republican Administration (not on account of the tariff, it is true) was overthrown. Before taking over the reins of government, and for many years prior to that time, countless Democratic statesmen had vainly tried to persuade the American people that the protective tariff was an iniquity, a veritable contrivance of devils. It fostered the trusts, and it was an elevator of prices even to the thirty-seventh story and the tower. They promised relief. The poor should be no longer oppressed; the cost of living should be reduced—must be, as the sure result of a tariff for revenue—protective only in spots, such as the Louisiana sugar mills and the Carolina cotton factories.

Doesn't Mr. Hughes know what the Administration did which he is now attacking? He ought to know. The Democrats, under the leadership of Mr. Wilson and Mr. Underwood, repealed that iniquity and abomination, the Payne-Aldrich tariff law—that foster mother of trusts and high prices—and enacted in its place the present law. Mr. Hughes knows, of course, as every head of a family in America knows, that the trusts have not yet been dissolved and that the cost of living is higher than ever—that the price of everything has reached an unheard-of height—but what of it?

What of it, indeed? While it is true that a protective tariff never failed, under any circumstances, to protect American industry and American labor, it is to be considered that the war in Europe has upset the plans of the present low-tariff administration considerably. Also it forms an excellent foundation for an alibi. It is a very unusual condition.

Now, the obvious thing for Mr. Hughes to do is to give the Democrats a chance to get their tariff on straight. Never mind the patient; let the doctor experiment. That time won't come, of course, until the war is over—according to the Democratic version. In other words the tariff-for-revenue doctrine doesn't fit the conditions; the conditions must be made to fit the tariff. So why this disturbance, Mr. Hughes?

Besides, when you discuss a little thing like the tariff, do you not know that Son-in-Law McAdoo and the other statesmen of the Democratic family

are likely to repeat their accusation that you are "pettifoggling"?—Charleston, W. Va., Mail.

UNITED STATES' HONOR.

Hughes' Criticism of Foreign Policy Approved in West.

(Portland, Ore., Telegram.) The Republican party has selected a standard-bearer whose utterances from day to day justify the people who chose him. Not only does he bring before the country the shortcomings of the Administration that owes its existence to a divided Republicanism, but his criticism is everywhere constructive.

He tells what must be done and will be done by the party he represents to prevent wastefulness and extravagance in the government's expenditures and to put a stop to the vacillating policy that has caused other nations to believe that the United States has no intention of backing up its demands made to the interests of justice and humanity.

Most vulnerable of all points in the Democratic armor is its foreign policy. Primarily this is because of the spoils system by which men trained in the consular and diplomatic service through long years, have been displaced to make room for politicians and friends of politicians whose sole claim to preferment was their service to the Democratic party.

"If I am elected president of the United States," said Mr. Hughes last night, "I propose that every man I put in charge of an important department shall be a man eminently fit to discharge the duties of that department."

The denuding of the diplomatic service of men of experience in order to supply political jobs, as has been done by Mr. Wilson, or with his consent, Mr. Hughes denounces as "a capital offense—trading in the good name of the United States and damaging its honor." "Nobody," he adds, "has a right to pay political debts with the good name and honor of the United States."

Which is clear proof that Mr. Hughes has not been untruthful of the high principles of government which must be maintained in order that this republic shall maintain its place as a shining example to all nations.

Chihuahua Exchange.

Any kind of money is bought and sold, especially Mexican one. We undertake any sort of brokerage. Drafts over Mexico, Veracruz, Tampico, Matamoros, Laredo, Tamps, Guadalajara Encarnación de Diaz y Teocatiche, Jal, San Luis Potosi, Aguascalientes, Zacatecas, Paso de Sotos, Zac. Iruquato y Leon, Gto. Monterrey, Chihuahua, Camargo, Jimenez y Parral. Chih. Torreón. Lendo y Gomez Palacio, Dgo. Tepic

City National Bank Building, Room 204. Box 485. El Paso, Texas.

We're Opposed To MAIL ORDER CONCERN

Because

They have never contributed a cent to furthering the interests of our town—

Every cent received by them from this community is a direct loss to our merchants—

In almost every case their prices can be had right here, which delay in receiving goods and the possibility of mistakes in filling orders.

But---

The natural human trait is to buy where goods are cheapest. Local pride is usually secondary in the game of life as played today.

Therefore

Mr. Merchant and Business Man, meet your competition with their own weapons—advertising.

Advertise!

The local field is yours. All you need do is to avail yourself of the opportunities offered. An advertisement in this paper will carry your message into hundreds of homes in this community. It is the surest medium of killing your greatest competitor. A space this size won't cost much. Come and see or write us about it.

EL HISPANO AMERICANO PUBLISHING CO.
Phone 30 Belen, N. M. P. O. B. 467

UNCLAIMED MAIL MATTER.

The following is a list of letters and other unclaimed mail matter remaining in the post office at Belen, New Mexico, for the week ending

List of letters remaining undelivered at this office for the week ending Aug. 17, 1916.

Chaves, Burs
Chaves de Baca, Eutemia
Conner, R.
Dowell, Harry
Griffin, Horace
Gutierrez Antonio
Hague, Mae
Kolb, Frank M.
Montoya, Eulio
Neff, O. C. Mrs.
Peres, Juan
Pol, J. A.
Sanchez, Felix
Sanchez, Julio

If uncalled for by Aug. 31 the above will be sent to the Dead Letter Office.

In calling please say "Advertised." Persons calling for this unclaimed matter will please say "Advertised."

A charge of one cent will be made for each piece of advertised matter delivered, as required by Section 1098 of the Postal Laws and Regulations, 1902.

George Hoffmann, P. M.

The Belen Cleaning Works have made arrangement to install a Laundry in the same building and in connection with their department. Prices are reasonable and work guaranteed in both departments.

SANTA FE TIME CARD.

Effective Feb. 7th, 1915

Belen, New Mexico.

Northbound.			
	Ar.	Dep.	
810 Kans. City and	a m	a m	
Chgo. Express	5:45	5:45	
816 Kans. City and	p m	p m	
Chgo. Pasgr.	5:00	5:32	
Southbound.			
	p.m.	p.m.	
809 Mexico Express	11:30	11:59	
	a m	a m	
815 El Paso Pasgr.	10:55	10:55	
Eastbound.			
2242a. & Texas	p m	p m	
Flyr	11:45	11:55	
Westbound.			
81 The Missionary	5:05	5:30	
C. F. Jones, Agent.			

FREE TO FARMERS SEEDS

By special arrangement the Rakein Seed House of Shenandoah, Iowa, one of the oldest, best established seed firms in the country will mail a copy of their Big Catalogue of Seed Catalogues. This book is complete on all farm and garden seeds. It tells how to grow big yields and all about the best varieties of corn for your soil; also Seed Oats, Wheat, Barley, Rye, Grasses, Clovers, Alfalfa, Pasture and Lawn Mixtures, Seed Potatoes and all other farm and garden seeds. This book is worth a dollar to all in want of seeds of any kind. IT'S FREE to all readers. Write for it today and enclose this paper. The address is: RAKEIN'S SEED HOUSE, Shenandoah, Iowa.

Starck Pianos

You Can Save \$150 By Buying Direct From Our Factory

30 DAYS FREE TRIAL IN YOUR OWN HOME

You can have a beautiful Starck piano in your own home for 30 days free trial without paying anything in advance. All we ask is that you will play upon, use and test this piano for 30 days. If, at the end of that time, you do not find it the highest grade, sweetest toned and finest piano in every way, that you have ever seen for the money, you are at perfect liberty to send it back, and we will in that event, pay the freight both ways. This Starck Piano must make good with you, or there is no sale.

Save \$150.00 or More
We ship direct to you from our factory, at prices that save you upwards of \$150.00 in the cost of your piano. We guarantee to furnish you a better piano for the money than you can secure elsewhere. You are assured of receiving a satisfactory sweet toned durable high grade piano.

Easy Payments
You pay no cash down, but after 30 days of trial, you can begin payment on the lowest, easiest terms ever suggested by a piano manufacturer. These terms are arranged to suit your convenience, and you can buy a piano for your home without missing the money.

grade piano.

25-Year Guarantee

Every Starck Piano is guaranteed for 25 years. This guarantee has back of it the reputation of an old established responsible piano house. It means what it says.

Free Music Lessons

To every purchaser of Starck Pianos, we give free 30 music lessons, in one of the best known schools in Chicago. You take these lessons in your own home, by mail.

2nd hand Bargains

We have constantly on hand a large number of second-hand pianos of all standard makes taken in exchange for new Starck Pianos and Player-Pianos.

Knabe	\$135.00
Steinway	92.00
Emerson	120.00
Kimball	95.00
Starck	195.00

Send for our latest second-hand bargain list.

Starck Player-Pianos

Starck Player-Pianos are rich toned and easy to operate. You will be delighted with their many exclusive up-to-date features of these wonderful instruments, and pleased with our very low prices.

Catalogue Free

Send today for our new beautifully illustrated catalogue which gives you a vast amount of important piano information. Write today.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., 1624 Starck Building, Chicago

Free 30 Days Trial \$3.00 Per Month

No Money Down
This beautiful and wonderful
VICTROLA X
Try it at **\$75**
Starck's Risk

Let us demonstrate this wonderful Victrola in your home for 30 days. No payment is required in advance. After 30 days trial if you are satisfied your payments begin. If you are not satisfied, send the Victrola back at our expense of freight both ways.

You can obtain a Victrola at any price from \$15.00 to \$250.00 on easy payments and on 30 days free trial. All you have to pay is for a few records which go with the machine and which you select for yourself from our catalog.

Write to-day for our complete Victrola catalog and Record catalog and full details of our 30-day free trial offer and our easy payment plan.

P. A. STARCK PIANO CO., Starck Block, CHICAGO, ILL.
Manufacturers Starck Pianos and Starck Player Pianos

GRATIS! Cuatro novedades maravillosamente gratis. Un collar para mujer, un reloj de bolsillo de oro, un reloj de pulsera de oro, un reloj de pared de oro. Todo esto es gratis para los que se suscriban a nuestro servicio. No hay necesidad de pagar nada por estos regalos. Solo hay que suscribirse a nuestro servicio. Escribir a: DAVLES SUPPLY CO., 7400 Third Avenue, Dept. 20, Brooklyn, N. Y.

WITH THE CHURCHES

CATHOLIC CHURCH.

Nuestra Señora de Belen
Low Mass every day in the week
at 7 o'clock a. m.

Sundays: Low Mass at 7. High
Mass and sermon at 9 a. m.; Ros-
ary and Benediction of the Bless-
ed Sacrament at 2 p. m.

Rev. J. A. Picard, Parish Priest

METHODIST CHURCH NOTES.

Elmer Nicholas pastor; P. P.
Simmons, Sunday school superin-
tendent. Preaching services at
11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday
school at 10 a. m.

ZION CHURCH.

Evangelical Lutheran

John A. M. Ziegler, D. D., Pas-
tor.

Preaching Services, 11 a. m.
and 7:45 p. m. Luther League,
7 o'clock. Sunday Schools Bible
class, 10 a. m.

Notice of Special Mas- ter's Sale.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT OF
SEVENTH JUDICIAL DIS-
TRICT OF THE STATE OF
NEW MEXICO WITHIN AND
FOR THE COUNTY OF VA-
LENCIA.

Bank of Magdalena,
Plaintiff,

vs.

Francisco B. Chavez
and Maria C. de
Chavez, Defendants.

No. 1968.

Under and by virtue of an or-
der of sale and decree of fore-
closure issued out of the District
Court of the Seventh Judicial
District of the State of New Mex-
ico, within and for the County
of Valencia, on the twenty-ninth
day of June, 1916, in the above-
entitled action, wherein the
above named Plaintiff recovered
a judgment against the above
named Defendants, Francisco B.
Chavez and Maria C. de Chavez,
for the sum of Two Thousand
Eight Hundred and Ninety-five
Dollars and Twenty-five cents
(\$2,895.25), of which said sum
Two Hundred and Sixty-three
Dollars and Forty-eight cents
(\$263.48) represents attorney's
fees, and Two Thousand, Six
Hundred and Thirty-one Dollars
and Seventy-eight cents (\$2,631.
78) represents indebtedness due,
together with interest at the rate
of ten per cent per annum on
Two Thousand Dollars (\$2,000.00)
thereof from said twenty-ninth
day of June until paid, and to-
gether with all the costs of this
action accrued or to accrue, and
the expense of the sale of the
property hereinafter described
and ordered and decreed to be
sold by said judgment and de-
cree; I, the undersigned, appoint-
ed by the said Court in the said
judgment and decree to make
the sale of the property herein-
after described to satisfy the
judgment and decree, attorney's
fees, costs and expenses, in obe-
dience to said judgment and de-
cree of foreclosure and sale, on
Saturday, the fourteenth day of
October, 1916, at the front door
of the Court House, at the County
Seat of said Valencia County,
Los Lunas, New Mexico, at the
hour of Ten o'clock in the fore-
noon of said day, will offer for
sale at public auction to the
highest and best bidder for cash,
to satisfy said judgment and de-
cree and the other sums herein-
before mentioned, the following
described property and real es-
tate, to-wit:

Beginning at a point where the
section lines between sections
twenty and twenty-one in town-
ship six north, range two east,
intersect the south boundary
line on the Ana de Sandoval and
Manzanares Grant, thence run-
ning west 1726.81 feet along said
south boundary line of said Ana
de Sandoval and Manzanares
Grant to the right of way of the
New Mexico and Southern Pacific
Railway Company (Now the
A. T. & S. F. Ry. Co.); Thence
north ten degrees and one minute
east along the east side of said
right of way, 1419.10 feet; thence
south eighty five degrees and 2
minutes east 1166 feet to a post;
thence north 10 degrees and 10
minutes east 551 feet to a post;
thence 84 degrees 13 minutes
east 235.25 feet to a post on the
west bank of the Rio Grande;
thence south 23 degrees 8 minutes
east along the west bank of the

Rio Grande, 896 feet to a post;
thence south 6 degrees 34 min-
utes east along the west bank of
the Rio Grande 926.70 feet to a
post at the intersection of the Ana
de Sandoval and Manzanares
Grant; thence west along the
south boundary line of said Grant
1138.20 feet to the place of be-
ginning, containing an area of
nearly three and one-half acres.
Magnetic variation 10 degrees 30
minutes east on all courses. All
situate, lying and being in the
County of Valencia, State of
New Mexico.

The nature of this action is that
of the foreclosure of a mortgage,
and the amount which will be
due on this judgment, including
attorney's fees, on the date fixed
for said sale, will be (\$2,968.68)
two thousand nine hundred and
sixty-eight cents and in addition there-
to the costs now taxed, amount-
ing to three dollars and ninety
five cents and all costs and ex-
penses to accrue, including charge
for publication and Special
Master's allowance.

Dated at Los Lunas, Valencia
County, New Mexico, this twelfth
day of September, 1916.

HARRY P. OWEN,
Special Master.

IN THE DISTRICT COURT,
COUNTY OF VALENCIA,
SEVENTH JUDICIAL
DISTRICT, STATE OF
NEW MEXICO.

Milton Barto Wade,
Plaintiff

vs.

Buelah Ellis Wade,
Defendants.

To Buelah Ellis Wade, defendant
above named:

You are hereby notified that a
suit has been filed against you in
the District Court of the County
of Valencia State of New Mexico,
by Milton Barto Wade, the plain-
tiff above named, wherein the
said plaintiff prays for an absolute
divorce from you on the ground
of abandonment. The plaintiff
also prays that he be ad-
judged to be the owner of that
parcel of land in Valencia County,
New Mexico described to-wit:
Range 16, Township 9, N. 1 2
Section 13, free from any interest
on the part of you the said
defendant therein and plaintiff
further prays that it be decreed
in said cause that you the said de-
fendant have no right in any
other property owned or acquired
by him. You are further notified
that unless you enter your ap-
pearance in the District Court of
the Seventh Judicial District held
in and for the County of Valen-
cia, State of New Mexico on or
before the 4th day of November
A. D. 1916, a default will be en-
tered against you and the plain-
tiff will apply to the court for
the relief prayed for in his com-
plaint.

The plaintiff's attorney is
George S. Klock whose Postoffice
Address is Rooms 8 and 9 Stern
Building Albuquerque, New Mex-
ico.

JESUS M. LUNA,
Clerk.

By W. D. NEWCOMB,
Deputy.

Sept. 14. Oct. 5.

THERE SHOULD BE NO AC-
TION UNDER PRESSURE,
UNDER DICTATION.

"We have one priceless treas-
ure in this country, and that is
the reign of good judgment after
public discussion. In the long
history of the people, victory
after victory has been won over
tyranny and force. We have a
free press, we have a free form
of public discussion, to the end
that there may be a general un-
derstanding of our activities
and a general appreciation of
what is necessary to the im-
provement of our conditions.
We may disagree about this
measure or that, but we have
confidence in the public judg-
ment in the long run. Hence
there is one thing which we must
always maintain, and that is that
there shall be no action on the
part of our elected representa-
tives, taken under pressure, un-
der dictation. We must know
what the facts are and what jus-
tice requires."—Mr. Hughes in
his speech at Portland, Maine



IS THE
ROUTE

To New Mexico
State Fair
Albuquerque

Sept. 25-30

One Fare

for round trip to the
FAIR

Tickets on Sale. 23-30

Return limit October 2, 1916

\$10,000.00 in

Race Purses

Ask your Santa Fe Agent
for Particulars.

HUGHES FOR ARBITRATION.

He Would Be First to Accord to Labor
All Rights Found Just After
Consideration.

In his Maine speeches Mr. Hughes
made it plain that he was not attack-
ing labor or the equity of the pro-
posed increase of wages for the rail-
road men. He was simply contending
for the all important principle of arbi-
tration as the right means of settle-
ment of such questions. Speaking at
different places in Maine, Mr. Hughes
dwelt upon this question, saying:

"I deeply deplore, in the name of
labor, in the name of justice, in the
name of American ideals, the surren-
der of the Executive and of Congress
to force, instead of permitting reason
to reign.

"The measure to which I have allud-
ed was not, properly speaking, an
eight-hour measure. It was a wage
measure. It was a plain proposition
for a change in the wage scale. I do
not speak of the equity of that. That
is a matter to be fairly considered. I
want what is just and right with re-
spect to wages. I am for the arbitra-
tion and the peaceful settlement of
these industrial controversies. We
can settle everything in this country
if we approach those matters with a
fair and open mind and an examina-
tion of the facts.

"This particular measure shows on
its face that it was legislation in ad-
vance of the investigation. Instead
of investigation in advance of legisla-
tion. It is said that there was in its
favor the judgment of society. The
judgment of society in this country
has never been passed in favor of leg-
islation without knowledge of the equi-
ty and regardless of the facts of the
case. There was no judgment of soci-
ety in favor of the roads which were
excepted from its provisions. If there
was a judgment of society, why not ap-
ply the rule to electric or other kinds
of roads or roads less than 100 miles
in length? I say, away with such pre-
text! It was a surrender to force in-
stead of a clear, candid, faithful
framed examination of the facts, and
then action in accordance with Ameri-
can principles.

"Autocracy represents force; tyrann-
y represents force. Democracy rep-
resents the rule of the common judg-
ment after discussion, after an oppor-
tunity to know the facts."

PERTINENT PARAGRAPHS
FROM HUGHES'
SPEECHES.

"What is the President's pol-
icy—does anyone know? Has
the Executive ever had a policy
for more than six months on the
Mexican question?"

"If I am elected President I
will see to it that American
rights in Mexico are respected."

"There is no man who could
successfully present to an Ameri-
can community the platform
that an American citizen's
rights stop at the coast line."

"We will get through with
this old strife between capital
and labor. We are not laborers
and capitalists in this country.
We are fellow-citizens."

"All that the workmen
want is a square deal."

"We want the United States
efficiently managed. I want to
see men in office who believe
in prosperity."

"The Republican Party stands
for a prosperity produced by
sound American policies."

"We have removed from office
men of experience and substi-
tuted others to satisfy partisan
obligations. This must stop."

THE BELEN CLEANING WORKS

Will Appreciate your
Patronage.

Old Mandell Bldg. Phone 48.

When the bowels feel uncom-
fortable and you miss the exhi-
larating feeling that always fol-
lows a copious morning operation
a dose of HERBINE will set
you right in a couple of hours. If
taken at bedtime you get its
beneficial effect after breakfast
next day. Price 50c. Sold by all
dealers.

FOR SALE—Old papers 25c
a hundred.

In every home where there are
children there should be a bottle
of WHITE'S CREAM VERMI-
FUGE. It destroys worms and
acts as a tonic in the debilitated
system. Price 25c per bottle. Sold
by all dealers.

Catarrh Cannot Be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they
cannot reach the seat of the disease.
Catarrh is a local disease, greatly in-
fluenced by constitutional conditions, and
in order to cure it you must take an
internal remedy. Hall's Catarrh Medi-
cine is taken internally and acts thru
the blood on the mucous surfaces of the
system. Hall's Catarrh Medicine was
prescribed by one of the best physicians
in this country for years. It is com-
posed of some of the best tonics known,
combined with some of the best blood
purifiers. The perfect combination of
the ingredients in Hall's Catarrh Medi-
cine is what produces such wonderful
results in catarrhal conditions. Send for
testimonials free.
P. J. CHENEY & CO., Props., Toledo, O.
All Druggists, 75c.
Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Yellow complexion, pimples
and disfiguring blemishes on the
face or body can be gotten rid of
by doctoring the liver, which is
torpid. HERBINE is a power-
ful liver correctant. It purifies
the system, stimulates the vital
organs and puts the body in fine
vigorous condition. Price 50c.
Sold by all dealers.



Swellings of the flesh caused
by inflammation, cold, fractures
of the bone, toothache, neuralgia
or rheumatism can be relieved
by applying BALLARD'S SNOW
LINIMENT. It should be well
rubbed in over the part affected.
Its great healing and penetrat-
ing power eases the pain, reduces
swelling and restores natural
conditions. Price 25c, 50c and
\$1.00 per bottle. Sold by all deal-
ers.

Two or Three Second Hand
Sewing Machines for Sale at
Moderate Price. Apply
Belen Cleaning Works.

SUNKIST CACTUS COM-
POUND for the Skin, For sale
by Leading Druggists.

For the stomach and bowel dis-
orders of babies McGEE'S BABY
ELIXIR is a remedy of genuine
merit. It acts quickly, is pure,
wholesome and pleasant to take.
Price 25c and 50c per bottle. Sold
by all dealers.

SACRIFICED COUNTRY'S HONOR AND INTEREST

Mr. Wilson's defenders say he
"has kept us out of war." As
a matter of fact his policy in
Mexico has combined all the
evils of feeble peace with all the
evils of feeble war. He has se-
cured none of the benefits of
war; but he has not avoided
war. He has sacrificed the hon-
or and the interests of the coun-
try; but he has not received the
thirty pieces of silver.—From
the speech of Col. Theodore
Roosevelt, delivered at Lewiston,
Maine, in behalf of Charles E.
Hughes.

THE UNIVERSITY OF New Mexico.

AT ALBUQUERQUE

OPENS

AUGUST

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FOR THE COLLEGE YEAR 1916—1917

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