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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 05-04-1895

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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen.

VOLUME 5.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY MAY 4, 1895.

NUMBER 24.

ENGINEER KILLED!

Engineer on the Alton Road Murdered by Tramps.

Heavy Damage Suit Filed Against Geo. J. Gould.

The Commander of the Grand Army En Route to Santa Fe.

TRANSFER OF TROOPS

Chicago, May 2.—Officials of the Alton road deny emphatically to day that there was any attempt to hold up the train at Carlinville last night. When Engineer Frank Holmes was killed, the shooting, they say, was done by tramps. Officials think they have the murderer in a man caught leaving the tender. However, Mail Clerk J. P. Keever, tells the following story: Carlinville is fifty-seven miles from St. Louis, and train No. 3, with Conductor Conlin and Engineer Holmes left there on schedule time at 11:40. Hardly had the train got under way when two tramps lying flat on the coal in the tender were startled by the appearance of two masked men crawling over the tender. Poking two big revolvers into the faces of the tramps, the newcomers enjoined silence and strict attention to their own business. Passing on to the engine, the two men ordered the engineer to stop the train. The engineer complied, and then the desperado ordered him to give her full head and be lively about it. Holmes made a pretense of doing so and the robber apparently satisfied stepped back a foot or two. Engineer Holmes was on the alert for the opportunity presented and seeing the woman's pack slant the robber back on the head. Both robbers at once sprang and poked Frank Holmes in the forehead with the engine with at least three bullet holes in breast. The trainman shot off steam and put on the brakes and the heavy train slowed down to a standstill. As it did so the two robbers swung off. A number of men had been riding on the rear platform of the mail car and at the first report the two mail clerks working at the letter case heard one of them exclaim, "They are shooting; let us get off." Jumping off they realized that their plans had miscarried. After a moment's indecision they started to flee. The mail clerks who had at first supposed the firing was done by the brakeman as a means to detain tramps, heard the fireman shouting, "Frank Holmes is shot dead!" Mail Clerk John H. Connelley and Baggageman Logan, in charge of weighing mails for the government and railroad company, respectively, proceeded to assist the trainmen in the search for the slayers of Holmes. Hurrying around the engine Logan stumbled over a man lying prone in the grass and commanded him to rise. Reluctantly complying the man protested earnestly against arrest and claimed to be in no way connected with the trouble. Connelley pushed on and came upon a man with a repeating rifle and full belt of cartridges. His back was turned and Connelley covered him and ordered him to come along. The man demurred strongly and said that he had been on a hunting expedition. Connelley refused to parley and getting his revolver in line with the suspect's heart convinced him that he had an earnest man to deal with. Logan and Connelley turned their men over to Conductor Conlin and the passengers. Conlin in the meantime secured the two tramps on the tender. The man with the rifle put up no convincing story to account for his presence that Conlin permitted him to go. The passengers and others believe Conlin made a serious mistake. Train No. 3 is said to carry at times large sums of money and the object of the bandits was probably to loot the express car. Chief Agent Kane is prosecuting a vigorous search for the robbers.

COMMITTED WARDEN

Omaha, May 2.—William H. McGuire, assistant cashier of the First National bank, committed suicide by shooting himself through the head at the residence of George Barker, president of the National Bank of Commerce. No cause known.

WIT AGAINST SCOUTS

Trenton, N. J., May 2.—Papers in the case of Rosella Kahan, better known as Zella Nicolaus, against George J. Gould for \$40,000, were filed in the office of the supreme court this state. The papers aver that the plaintiff was in possession of a check or deposit certificate of the

value of \$40,000, which she afterwards lost in Jersey City, and which was found by George J. Gould, who has refused to return it, although repeatedly asked to do so. She charges that Gould fraudulently converted the certificate to his own use. The petition asks that the plaintiff be awarded a minor and asks the court to appoint Alexander Simpson as her next friend to prosecute the suit. The court has granted the request. Gould must file answer within thirty days from the time the summons was served. The summons was served on Gould at Conningham last week.

EXCHANGE OF TROOPS

Denver, May 2.—The exchange of troops between the department of Colorado and the department of Missouri will begin next week. Four troops of the Seventh cavalry at Fort Riley, will leave that post May 7, and proceed direct by special train to Fort Wingate, New Mexico, going thence to Fort Grant. There four troops of the First, which are to go to Fort Riley, will meet them and proceed to their new station.

COMMANDER LATER

Denver, May 2.—Commander-in-Chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, General John G. A. R., left for Santa Fe, N. M., at 11:50 last night. Department Commander Rollins, in his annual address at the encampment of the department of Colorado and Wyoming, recommended the payment of pensions to Confederate veterans. A committee was appointed to memorialize the next national encampment on the subject.

A CYCLONE

Wichita, May 2.—Further details of the cyclone near Halstead, show that ten persons were killed besides the six mentioned in last night's dispatches. John Schmidt, wife, son and daughter, were killed.

REMARKS OF THE DISTRICT

Kansas City, May 2.—A special to the Star from Newton, Kansas, says: Further particulars of yesterday's cyclone report that the death list will probably reach fifteen or twenty. Those known to be dead are Mrs. A. Chapin, aged 50, Mrs. Joseph Wiley, wife and three children, William Armstrong, Mrs. Frizzell, and Miss Cora Smith. There are about twenty badly injured. Physicians from the neighboring towns have gone to the assistance of the injured.

The course of the storm was almost due north, and it missed Halstead and Mound Ridge by a few miles only. The family of M. E. Hoge escaped by being in the cellar. The \$4,000 residence above them was completely demolished. Dead cattle are strewn over the prairie for miles and debris is everywhere. The storm did not rise from the ground and moved with terrible velocity. It demolished telegraph poles in crossing the main line of the Santa Fe. The force of the storm broke north of Mound Ridge. Hundreds of people turned out from Newton, Halstead and Burton to assist the injured and recover the remains of the dead. Several are missing and search is being made for the bodies.

NIAGARAGAN QUESTION

London, May 2.—Parliamentary secretary of the foreign office, Sir Edward Grey, replying to William Pollard Byles, member of the Shipping division, York-shire, in the house of commons to-day said the proposal of Nicaragua to refer all disputes between that country and Great Britain to a commission of arbitration was received April 11, but he added, when the papers are submitted to parliament it was not a case for arbitration. Mr. Byles also asked whether the United States had suggested terms for an amicable settlement with Nicaragua. Sir Edward Grey answered that no such proposal had been received from the United States government. He hoped, however, a settlement would soon be arranged.

WILL WAGE WAR ON NEGROES

Indianapolis, Ind., May 2.—At the supreme court of Knights of Pythias it was decided to wage war on the negroes from the order which started the "Improved Order Knights of Pythias." The improved order had its origin in the action of the "last supreme lodge" deciding that hereafter the ritual be printed in the English language only. The therman speaking members established the opposition.

LIFE SENTENCE

Louisville, Ky., May 2.—A special to the Post from Louisville, Ky., says the jury in the famous Field-Adkins case returned a verdict of guilty. They will get a life sentence.

HAD STORM

Jackson, Miss., May 2.—A terrible wind and electric storm struck this city last night. The First National bank building was unroofed and considerable other damage done.

WICK

Washington, May 2.—Secretary Greenham is confined to his room by illness.

FIRST DEGREE!

The Young Los Ranchos Murderer Found Guilty.

Batch of Other Interesting District Court Matters.

One-Fourth Share in the Crown Point Mine Sold.

OTHER LOCAL PARAGRAPHS.

Case of the Territory vs. Antonio Lopez y Perez, charged with the murder of Demetrio Sanchez, at the town of Rancho de Albuquerque on the 20th of January, 1895, was finally concluded and submitted to the jury about 10:30 o'clock last night. The jury, after deliberating for about thirty minutes, returned into court with a verdict of murder in the first degree. The scene, indeed, was a solemn one at that hour of the night, and in the dimly lighted court room twelve true and good men of the county of Bernalillo said upon their oaths that the defendant was guilty of a crime the punishment for which the law imposes the death penalty, and as the name of each juror was called, in the polling of the jury upon their verdict, each man in a clear tone of voice said in effect that the defendant must "render an eye for an eye, a tooth for a tooth." The court officers and spectators seemed much more affected by the verdict than the defendant himself. He maintained the same stoical manner which characterized his action during the progress of the trial. The defendant, by his attorney, gave notice that he would move the court for a new trial. The case will surely go to the territorial supreme court, if for no other reason than to protect the life of the defendant. Judge Collier was extremely careful in protecting the rights of the defendant, and it is the opinion of lawyers that there is no error in the records.

The case of Rafaela Gualde de Simeron vs. Vicente Simeron, chancery for divorce. Final decree granting complainant absolute divorce was entered.

Case of John Irvin vs. N. Stone, as executor. Rule was made on Sheriff Cunningham requiring him to show cause why he should not be attached and punished for contempt in refusing to obey the mandate of the executive in this case.

Albert Grunfeldt vs. Chas. W. Lewis, assumpsit. Dismissed by plaintiff.

Chas. W. Lewis vs. Pedro Montano, assumpsit. Judgment was entered against the garnishee on its answer.

German-American Insurance company vs. Chas. Riberidge, et al., was dismissed by the court upon the motion of the defendant, children, who showed plaintiff's attorney failed to serve him with a copy of the declaration as required by the statutes of 1891.

Bank of Commerce vs. W. F. Bledsoe, et al. The plaintiff's demurrer to defendant's plea was argued and the court sustained the demurrer.

George H. Blunt vs. John P. Collingsworth, assumpsit by attachment. Claimers Lowenthal & Meyers and Ernest Meyers were called, and they failing to appear default was entered.

Jose B. Lavarro vs. Jesus Arriaga y Jaramillo, assumpsit. Cause set for trial this day and plaintiff failing to appear and prosecute the cause was dismissed.

Kohn, Wetman & Co. vs. G. L. Brooks, assumpsit, same order.

Marcellino Baca, et al. vs. Board of Commissioners of Bernalillo county, certiorari. This cause was heard this morning upon the defendant's motion to quash the writ, which motion was sustained by the court and it was so ordered. This proceeding grew out of the difficulties existing between certain residents of precinct 17 (Pena Blanca). The commissioners are divided the precinct, to which action of the board certain residents accepted and brought the matter before the district court.

A Pretty Dance

Last night at the Armory, the young gentlemen of the city gave a pleasant May party and dance in honor of Misses Jennie and May Keller, of Santa Fe, the guests of the Misses Baker, daughters of Major J. P. Baker. It was one of the prettiest and most social affairs imaginable, and the Misses Keller will return to their Santa Fe home, on the conclusion of their visit, with kind remembrances of the warm and social friends they made in Albuquerque.

AT GOOD FIGURES

Yesterday afternoon, B. F. Bruce, one of the original discoverers and present owners of the Crown Point mine, in the Cobbit mining district, disposed of his one fourth interest in that valuable mine to Capt. Archer, for \$10,000, the sale being made through A. B. Richards.

RACE RUCKUS

Prof. S. P. McCreary, president of the Agricultural college, Las Cruces, is in the city and this afternoon favored the Citizens with a call. He is on his way home from a meeting of the territorial board of education at Santa Fe, which occurred yesterday, consisting of Prof. McCreary, E. S. Stover, Father Bololph, and Supt. Amado Chavez. The board adopted the text books now in the schools, with the exception of McGuffey's speller

in place of McGuffey's, and Stoddard's geography in place of Cutler's. Supt. Chavez reported the schools of the territory in a flourishing condition. The enforcement of the Hinkley law, however, has not ended the terror in many of the village schools.

CONFEDERATE PENSION

Denver, May 2.—Before the U. S. A. R. encampment department of Colorado and Wyoming convened today there was much discussion among the veterans in attendance of a re-nomination made by Department Commander Rollins for the appointment of a committee to prepare a memorial to the next national encampment in favor of establishing a home for Confederate veterans. The suggestion was generally received with favor, and the leading members expressed the opinion that the principle advocated by Gen. Rollins will receive the endorsement of the encampment, which resumed secret session at 10 o'clock to day.

A delegation from the encampment waited upon the ladies of the U. S. A. R. in convention this forenoon and assured them that the veterans recognized their organization as a sister place to which they were entitled as co-workers and comrades in the great struggle for freedom. The ladies' organization elected the following officers: President, Mrs. Theresa M. Potter, Aspen; senior vice president, Mrs. Ruth K. Foster, Denver; junior vice president, Mrs. Caroline Keeler, Pueblo; treasurer, Mrs. Jennie B. Barker, Leadville; chaplain, Mrs. Esther McDonald, Denver.

The impression that has got abroad that Gen. Rollins favored extending pensions to Confederate veterans is incorrect. What he proposed was the establishment of a home for indigent and suffering southern veterans. The exact words were as follows: "There remains one other subject of which I must speak. The war is over, and I may almost say for the first time, a united people. This nation is great, generous, intelligent, sufficiently advanced in all that goes to make up what we call civilization when victorious, to be generous and even liberal to the vanquished. For surely, at least many parts of it, is not the home but rather the stepping place of many poor, crippled, broken down old men. They were brave soldiers, not leaders, but in the heat of the struggle were forced for bravery and soldierly conduct to stand upon fame as a nation among nations. True, they were not our comrades in the grand army sense, but they are our brothers in the grand army sense, and that is in the grand army. This forenoon's session was spent in routine work. As far as learned there was no discussion of Gen. Rollins' recommendation and no action was taken thereon.

CONGRESS ADJOURNS

Boston, May 2.—The national congress of the American Sons of the Revolution concluded its proceedings this forenoon, and adjourned for the year. A short business session was held this morning, at which the delegates informally discussed matters of still further promoting the claims of the constitution of the society, and the extension of the institution of American freedom. The congress then adjourned sine die, and the delegates left for a brief visit to the historic battlefield of Lexington and Concord.

FATAL QUARTER

Perry, Okla., May 2.—Mrs. Zoe Lark, wife of a prominent and wealthy farmer at Stillwater, Oklahoma, shot and killed her stepdaughter, and then herself. The women quarreled, and the daughter left the house. When she returned she was met at the door by Mrs. Lark, who told her if she came in she would kill her. Mrs. Henry thought she was entering, and shot her just above the heart. Mrs. Lark gave herself up. There is some talk of mob law.

TRAIN WRECKED

Marshalltown, Iowa, May 3.—The north bound passenger train on the Chicago & Great Western railroad was wrecked between Green Mountain and Gilchrist last night by striking a tie. It was placed on the track by a miscreant. The engine and three coaches were thrown down a five foot embankment. The baggage car and two passenger cars were slightly injured, but the rest of the crew and passengers escaped unhurt.

MR. SMITH KILLED

Denver, May 2.—As reported to the Times from Monte Vista, Colo., says: Ed Smith was killed last night at 9:30 by Smith. Smith called Smith out of bed, presented a revolver and dared Smith to come out of bed. Smith picked up a shotgun and fired, both barrels, killing Smith instantly. They married sisters, and the trouble grew out of family matters.

KANSAS CITY STORM MARKET

Kansas City, May 2.—Cattle steady to strong. Texas steers, \$3.00 to \$4.00; Texas cows, \$2.50 to \$3.00; beef steers, \$3.00 to \$3.50; native cows, \$1.50 to \$2.00; pigs, \$1.00 to \$1.50; sheep, \$1.00 to \$1.50.

MONEY MARKET

New York, May 2.—Money on call easy offered at 14 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 3 to 5.

SILVER AND LEAD

New York, May 2.—Silver 66. Lead 22 1/2.

A NEW COMPANY

Yesterday, the Rio Puerco Irrigation company filed articles of incorporation with H. V. Harris, probate clerk. The incorporators are W. J. Masters, Chas. W. Lewis, John H. Fitchett, H. H. Whitt, and E. W. Clancy. The articles announce the capital stock of the company to be \$500,000, principal place of business, Albuquerque, and the purpose to be, to construct ditches, reservoirs, canals, pipe lines, dikes, water tanks, etc. Some of the gentlemen, and a number of the Western H. mestral and Irrigation company, now operating out on the Rio Puerco.

NAME BOOKS

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THE BIG DEFICIT!

Deficit of Over Eight Millions Last Mo. th.

Numbers of Immigrants and the Cash They Brought.

Minors of Ohio in Conference Demanded Living Wages.

SOUTH CAROLINA DISPENSARY LAW

Washington, May 2.—The treasury receipts during the past month have not met the expectations of the officials, and the indication now is that the deficit at the end of the fiscal year will be little, if any less than \$8,000,000.

The receipt for the month of April amounted to \$24,472,000, and the expenditure to \$32,472,000, leaving a deficit of \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of April was \$8,000,000, and for the month of May, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of May was \$8,000,000, and for the month of June, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of June was \$8,000,000, and for the month of July, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of July was \$8,000,000, and for the month of August, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of August was \$8,000,000, and for the month of September, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of September was \$8,000,000, and for the month of October, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of October was \$8,000,000, and for the month of November, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of November was \$8,000,000, and for the month of December, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of December was \$8,000,000, and for the month of January, \$8,000,000. 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The deficit for the month of May was \$8,000,000, and for the month of June, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of June was \$8,000,000, and for the month of July, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of July was \$8,000,000, and for the month of August, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of August was \$8,000,000, and for the month of September, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of September was \$8,000,000, and for the month of October, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of October was \$8,000,000, and for the month of November, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of November was \$8,000,000, and for the month of December, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of December was \$8,000,000, and for the month of January, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of January was \$8,000,000, and for the month of February, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of February was \$8,000,000, and for the month of March, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of March was \$8,000,000, and for the month of April, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of April was \$8,000,000, and for the month of May, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of May was \$8,000,000, and for the month of June, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of June was \$8,000,000, and for the month of July, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of July was \$8,000,000, and for the month of August, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of August was \$8,000,000, and for the month of September, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of September was \$8,000,000, and for the month of October, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of October was \$8,000,000, and for the month of November, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of November was \$8,000,000, and for the month of December, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of December was \$8,000,000, and for the month of January, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of January was \$8,000,000, and for the month of February, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of February was \$8,000,000, and for the month of March, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of March was \$8,000,000, and for the month of April, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of April was \$8,000,000, and for the month of May, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of May was \$8,000,000, and for the month of June, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of June was \$8,000,000, and for the month of July, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of July was \$8,000,000, and for the month of August, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of August was \$8,000,000, and for the month of September, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of September was \$8,000,000, and for the month of October, \$8,000,000. The deficit for the month of October was \$8,000,

