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Santa Fe New Mexican, 03-02-1910

New Mexican Printing Company

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INAUGURAL RECEPTION AND BALL A BRILLIANT SUCCESS

More Than 1,500 People Shook Hands With Governor and Mrs. Williams J. Mills and More Than 300 Attended the Ball at the Palace Hotel--Decorations and Lighting Effects Were Magnificent--Members of Committee in Charge Showered With Praise.

Hon. and Mrs. William J. Mills formally received the congratulations and good wishes of citizens of the Territory of New Mexico of which Mr. Mills became governor at a reception given in their honor by the citizens of Santa Fe at the Palace hotel from 8 to 10 o'clock last night. And at 10:21 they led the inaugural ball which was attended by over 300 people and which lasted until 5 o'clock this morning.

The artistic decorations, the dazzling lighting effects and the attention to every detail by the members of the committees in charge, made the reception and ball one of the most brilliant ever held in the city of Santa Fe. Governor Mills expressed his appreciation of the affair in his honor and was visibly pleased at the spontaneous demonstration of affection for him, New Mexico's new chief executive.

The Reception.

Long before 8 o'clock, the hour set for beginning the reception, the Palace hotel had become the Mecca of the well wishers of Governor Mills. Hundreds of electric lights placed dexterously on the outside of the hotel lit up the building with a halo of glory and from 8 to 10 o'clock all roads led to the Palace hotel.

Ascending the stairs to the right and descending to the left the great throng of officials and private citizens, of politicians and those never in politics, men and women, young and old, passed before Governor and Mrs. Mills, who stood under an arbor covered with foliage and through which gleamed myriads of electric lights and Japanese lanterns and the approach to which from both sides was under artistic pergolas, illuminated with soft lights and covered with smilax.

It was a pretty sight that met the eye of the visitor. At the entrance and exit of this Japanese pergola stood Japanese maidens, in dainty silk kimonos, at once reminding one of Nippon. The Japanese ladies were Miss Force, Miss Alonzo, Miss Shewell of this city, and Miss Parrot of Iowa.

Having received a winsome smile from the members of the Mikado's empire, the visitors soon came in view of Governor and Mrs. Mills. At the governor's left stood Mayor Sena, of the governor's staff, in military uniform. He presented each one to the Governor who gave to each a warm clasp of the hand and the smile that reminded one of President Taft. At the governor's right stood Mrs. Mills attired in an exquisite gown. She too had a kind word for every one and looked the ideal person to be the first lady of the territory.

At Mrs. Mills' right was the retiring governor, Hon. George Curry, who also received the good wishes of those who had learned to admire him during the score and a half of months he has served New Mexico as its highest official. Territorial Secretary and Mrs. Jaffa completed the receiving line.

Form of Greeting.

Governor Mills did not follow any set form of greeting but he was exceedingly cordial with every one. Those who knew him better than others stopped to say a few words with him and many including newspaper men from the city and from out of town congratulated the governor on his inaugural address which covered so many points of vital interest to New Mexico and its residents.

Handsome Gowns.

Many handsome gowns were seen at the reception and after the ladies had met Governor and Mrs. Mills many tarried around the Pergola admiring the creations, whether they were of the Lina Cavalleri "gasp-gown" order or not. Albuquerque, Las Vegas, Las Cruces, Raton, as well as Santa Fe, of course, had feminine representatives whose gowns were Parisian works of art and many of the smaller cities and towns of the Territory also were represented.

The Ball Room.

Shortly after 10 o'clock, the reception was over and the lobby of the hotel once more became the center of interest. Soon the doors of the ball room were thrown open and revealed a bower of beauty. The decoration committee and its sub-committees had done good work on the ball room decorations, the color scheme of which was yellow and white, yellow being the territorial color.

Draped in soft material, the former dining room of the hotel could scarcely be recognized even by those who for weeks take three meals a day at the Palace. On either side of the room were six electric showers with electric bulbs shining through

evergreens, artistically grouped. The windows were partially concealed by lattice work, white and yellow alternating and at every other window were high mirrors which reflected indefinitely the bright lights thrown from either side of the room. Where there were no mirrors, boxes of tulips and ferns had been placed. These not only served to rest the eye dazzled by the blaze of light, but also gave the bewitchingly exotic effect sought after by all decorators who strive to give dreamy waltz music its fitting "atmosphere."

Exclamations of surprise and delight were on every one's lips as the ball room filled up and it is no exaggeration to state that the room did fill up and very rapidly at that. So many had come provided with tickets that it was evident that little dancing could be indulged in if many more tickets were sold. It is a fact although a regrettable one, that the ticket committee had to decline to sell many tickets simply because of the lack of room.

March Begins.

At 21 minutes past 10 o'clock, the inaugural ball began, for it was at that hour Governor and Mrs. Mills, began the march. Mrs. Mills carried a graceful bouquet of long stemmed red roses, which were much admired. Those with partners quickly fell into line and around they marched, with pleasurable anticipation stamped on their faces. As the grand march began Morrison's orchestra struck up "The Fighting Hope" tune, and the rich tones of the bass viol and the stirring notes of the cornet, sent a thrill through every one in the room.

And Now the Dance.

The march over, the dance was on, the first number on the program being "Heart's Courageous," a waltz. The dance cards were hurriedly distributed and they were eagerly sought for souvenirs as well as to use for the occasion. The cards which were printed on the cover of the program, were artistically designed. On the cover was the territorial flag, its field of blue, border of gold and the seal of the territory in gold, being very attractive.

The cards contained a vignette of Governor Mills—an excellent likeness—and a picture of the capitol building, besides all the names of the committees who contributed so largely to the success of the reception and ball. There were 18 scheduled dances in all, but the orchestra generously played encores in the second part of the program. The intermissions, it was noted, grew somewhat long towards the close of the ball as many of the dancers were fatigued and sought opportunity to rest themselves.

The Music.

It is not an easy matter for an orchestra to play to suit a large number of dancers in a ball room, but from expressions heard the Morrison orchestra achieved a signal success in this regard. Many a dreamy waltz this orchestra played and there was a real inspiration to trip the light fantastic that few could resist. The orchestra was composed of the following: A. L. Morrison, pianist; Americo Digneo, cornetist; Vicente Lorenzo, first violinist; Leandro Tapia, double bass violinist; E. Morelli, clarinetist; C. Wierma, flutist; Tony Luna, trap drummer.

Brilliant Array.

The spectacle of 150 well gownned women, moving gracefully over the polished floor, in a blaze of light and reflected in many mirrors, all in rhythm with the music of a musicianly orchestra—save now and then when a couple would bump into another because of the smallness of the hall for such an attendance—was one to please the eye and delight the heart of any one with music or poetry in his soul. It would be impossible to go into detail describing the beautiful gowns displayed. It was remarked, however, that exquisite taste prevailed. The binding of coiffures with gay ribbons by a number of young ladies, of the Gibsonian type, lent a Grecian touch to the picture that was delightful. It was a brilliant array and the men who went to the ball with the intention of staying a half hour found themselves there long after midnight. One enthusiastic visitor remarked: "I wish Senator Beveridge would look in."

Buffet Collation.

At 11 o'clock Governor and Mrs. Mills and the governor's staff and a few friends proceeded to the room where a buffet collation was served.

(Continued on Page Eight.)



EDMUND C. BURKE

BURKE FOR POSTMASTER

His Appointment Sent to the Senate by President Taft Today

BE PROMPTLY CONFIRMED

Experience and Ability Should Make Him an Efficient Official.

Special to the New Mexican.

Washington, March 2.—President Taft has sent to the U. S. Senate upon recommendation of Delegate to Congress William H. Andrews, the name of Edmund C. Burke to be postmaster at Santa Fe, New Mexico. At the same time the re-appointment of James H. McClintock, the rough rider captain, to be postmaster at Phoenix, Arizona, and of Frank P. Burnett to be postmaster at Globe, Arizona, were sent in.

Edmund C. Burke, today appointed postmaster at Santa Fe, was born at Petroleum Center, Pa., July 14, 1871. He moved to Pittsburg in 1878 and there attended the public schools. In 1884 he entered a law office and in a short time rose high in his profession. In 1892 Mr. Burke was made clerk of the credentials committee of the Republican convention at Minneapolis and later served with the national Republican committee in charge of the stenographic forces.

In 1899 Mr. Burke accompanied the late Senator Matt Quay through Pennsylvania in a reportorial capacity and sent bulletins of Mr. Quay's movements and accounts of his speeches. Under chairmanship of Thomas J. Ford in the campaign of 1903 Mr. Burke occupied the exacting position of chief clerk and had 100 or more subordinates and assistants.

Came to New Mexico in 1904.

Mr. Burke came to New Mexico in 1904 and soon was in politics. He was given a clerical place with the Republican territorial central committee. Later he was made legislative clerk by Hon. J. W. Reynolds, secretary of the Territory. Later he was appointed by Attorney General Prichard to the office of assistant attorney general in which position he remained more than two years.

During the agitation for statehood Mr. Burke worked on the central committee as secretary at the request of Governor Curry.

In the campaign of 1909, for delegate to Congress, members to the legislature and for the various county officers throughout the county Mr. Burke took an active part.

Mr. Burke was recently a candidate for the U. S. marshalship for New Mexico but was defeated by C. M. Foraker.

Later.—The appointment of Edmund C. Burke to be postmaster at Santa Fe, was confirmed promptly by the Senate this afternoon.

FRANCE AGREES TO INTERNATIONAL COURT.

Paris, March 2.—The French government has replied to Secretary Knox's proposal to the powers looking to the establishment of a permanent international court of arbitration justice, accepting the proposition in principle, but making certain suggestions which the French government believes will bring all other powers into accord.

THOUSANDS ARE HOMELESS

Floods Reported From Points as Widely Apart as Paris and Cleveland

ICE GORGES SOURCE OF DANGER

At Zanesville Several Hundred Families Were Driven From Shelter.

Paris, March 2.—The continued rail fall has raised the river Seine to twenty-one feet and five inches today, almost equalling the flood maximum of 1882. The water is again pouring into the mouths of sewers. The weather, however, is gradually improving.

New York Central Blocked.

Albany, March 2.—The floods at Herkimer began to subside last night but the water was still so deep that the principal streets of transportation was possible only by boats. An effort will be made today to blow up with dynamite the ice gorge in the Mohawk river. The Mohawk division of the New York Central between Utica and Albany is blocked by floods.

Navigation Imperiled by Fog.

New York, March 2.—New York harbor is today enveloped in a fog so thick that it made navigation perilous. The British steamer Sidra from Cuba, collided in the outside harbor with the Norwegian fruit steamer Minnesota, both vessels being considerably damaged. Near Barnegat, New Jersey, the schooner Republic from Porto Rico, was struck by the royal mail steamer Tagus from Kingston. The Republic was disabled. A number of minor accidents were reported.

Overwhelming Flood in Desert Nevada

Ogden, Utah, March 2.—Floods in the Humboldt valley of Nevada are so overwhelming and widespread that it will be a week before overland traffic on the Southern and Union Pacific will be restored. Three large bridges are out in the Palisade canon and in Ten Mile canon between Humboldt and the Cluro. The Humboldt river has changed its course and is now sweeping in an irresistible flood where the railroad tracks once ran. A warning was issued at Elko, Nevada, this morning. The crest of the enormous flood is at Death, and all the district between Death and Elko will be submerged. The people of Elko have been advised to desert their business district which is in the path of the flood. A number of passenger trains are held indefinitely at Ogden. The "White Sox" special will be here this week, and Comiskey has decided to start baseball spring training at this point.

Warren Threatened by Ice Gorge.

Warren, Ohio, March 2.—With a reservoir six miles long and three miles wide held in check by an ice gorge five miles above here in the Mahoning river, this city, is considered in great peril. Already a portion of the town is under water and the ice is piled thick in the streets.

Thousands are Homeless.

Cleveland, O., March 2.—Thousands of persons are homeless, thousands are living on the second floor of their homes and business demoralized is the situation in Ohio today, the result of floods. While the water has receded in some valleys, in others, the

(Continued on Page Eight.)

TRAINS HURLED INTO CANON

Snowslides in the Cascades Bury Two Northern Pacific Trains

FIFTY LIVES REPORTED LOST

Rescuing Parties Will Be in Constant Peril From Avalanches.

Seldom in the history of trans-continental railroading has the Pacific slope been cut off from the rest of the continent as it is today. Of several trans-continental lines having terminals on this coast only the most southern routes are open. The Central Pacific, the Northern Pacific, the Great Northern, the Milwaukee and St. Paul are at a standstill. Every line is blocked by floods or snow slides. Telegraphic communication throughout the northwest has been generally interrupted by storms and because of this it has been possible to secure only meager details of a series of disasters.

Everett, Wash., March 2.—It is now feared that fifty lives were lost in the avalanche that carried two Great Northern trains into a canyon near Wellington yesterday. The cars were hurled one hundred and fifty feet to the bottom of a canyon and buried in the debris. The town of Wellington and the Great Northern Power house were not destroyed as first reported. It is impossible to reach the scene of the wreck today, except on foot. The approach from the east side of the Cascade mountains was cut off by a snow slide at Drury, which destroyed the station and killed Watchman Johnson. The weather in the mountains continues warm and rescue parties will be in constant peril from avalanches.

Raging Torrents on Pacific Coast.

Seattle, March 2.—Melting snows in the mountains, augmented by local rains, have made raging torrents of all streams in central and western Washington and today towns in the lowlands are fearing serious floods. In the mountains the snow is more than eight feet on the level and some places eighteen feet deep. The Chinook winds are melting snow faster than the gorges streams can carry it off.

Five Persons Drowned.

Spokane, March 2.—The most devastating floods in the history of western Washington are reported. Five persons have been drowned. The streets of Pullman, Washington, are torrents three to six feet deep, and a number of buildings have been swept away. At Davenport and Garfield the rivers are rushing through the streets. Colfax is isolated and railroad lines and telegraph connection is being cut off with water three feet deep in the streets. Northern Idaho reports the Clearwater and the Snake rivers rising rapidly, fed by swollen streams that flooded Peck, Koonkia and Arrow Junction. One span of the Lawyers canon bridge, said to be one of the longest and highest railway bridges in the world, has gone out.

The railway bridge United States, is reported swept away above Kamiah, Idaho. This morning the floods show no signs of abating.

Walked Eighteen Miles for Help.

Everett, Wash., March 2.—A messenger was sent for help. The first news of the disaster was brought by John Wentzel who fought his way eighteen miles through the deep snow to Skyhomish, where he gasped out the story of the catastrophe. Relief trains were at once made up, but could get no further than Scenic, ten miles from the scene. Over the mountain trail, however, it was but three miles, and nurses, physicians and others hurried along this perilous path.

Cut Off From the World.

Seattle, March 2.—It is not unlikely that the Puget Sound country will be cut off from communication with the outside world before the day is over. Most of the Northern Pacific trains between Seattle and Portland have been annulled, but the line through the mountains is open, though in hourly danger from washouts. The Great Northern main line will be closed for a week longer.

Death List Increases.

Everett, Wash., March 2.—Superintendent O'Neill of the Great Northern telegraphs that sixty lives were lost in yesterday's avalanche.

Groans and Cries for Help.

Everett, March 2.—The trains overwhelmed were the west bound Spokane and Overland mail trains. The latter carried no passengers. A complete list of the dead and injured cannot be obtained until rescuers have explored the wreckage. The known dead include Trainmaster A. L. Blackburn, of Everett; A. E. Longcoy, secretary to Superintendent O'Neill. The injured include Fireman J. D. Kurde, serious; Engineers Osborne, P. S. Martin, Carroll, V. J. Gorgenson, D.

(Continued on Page Eight.)

GAVE AWAY \$52,000,000

Rockefeller Gives away Major Part of Great Fortune For Benefit of Mankind

FOUNDATION BILL INTRODUCED

Senator Jeff Davis Cannot Strike Damaging Admission From Record.

Washington, March 2.—The "Rockefeller foundation," is incorporated in a bill introduced in the Senate today. It is understood to be the purpose to provide a method for John D. Rockefeller to dispose of his enormous wealth in a manner beneficial to mankind.

The bill introduced by Senator Gallinger is for a foundation organized on lines similar to the Carnegie foundation for the advancement of teaching. The purpose is to provide for a general organization to conduct philanthropic work along all lines. It is understood that it has been endowed by Mr. Rockefeller and that he takes this means to dispose of a large part of his wealth. It was stated by Mr. Gallinger today, that Mr. Rockefeller already had given away fifty-two millions and is seeking a method of disposing of his fortune in a manner to benefit mankind.

One on Senator Jeff Davis.

Washington, March 2.—Senator Jeff Davis of Arkansas, was today denied the privilege of striking from the record the statement in his testimony before the House committee on public lands in advocacy of the Arkansas "sunk lands" bill that he would receive a large legal fee if the bill passed.

NEW MEXICO'S FIRST GOVERNOR

Bent Portrait Unveiled Yesterday Afternoon by His Grand Daughter

EXERCISES WERE IMPRESSIVE

D. A. R. Had Charge of the Program and Fine Addresses Were Delivered.

Four times as many people as could be accommodated, tried to crowd into the Council chambers at the Capitol yesterday afternoon to attend the Governor Bent portrait unveiling exercises, and it is to be regretted that the much larger hall of representatives had not been chosen as had been first intended by the executive committee of the inauguration. In the rush of the other events, it had been forgotten even to open the chambers or to place extra chairs, but nevertheless, the exercises were the most impressive and interesting that have ever been held in that building. The Daughters of the American Revolution who had charge of the exercises occupied part of the hall and Mrs. L. Bradford Prince, the state regent, led in the reading of the beautiful ritual and responsive readings. The exercises were according to program. The picture was unveiled by Miss Tessie Harry, of Taos, a grand-daughter of Bent. Two daughters of Governor Bent were present at the exercises, Mrs. Berry and Mrs. Frank C. Ellis of Taos.

The portrait was formally presented to the Territory by Attorney A. B. Renshaw of the Capitol Custodian Committee with a brief address printed in full in yesterday's New Mexican. The portrait is a master piece of the celebrated artist Carl Lotave.

Governor Mills, on behalf of the Territory, received the portrait and accepted it with words of dignity and eloquence.

Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince, then launched into his fine historical address which is printed on another page. He was followed by Governor Curry who spoke briefly but to the point and asked Hon. Thomas B. Catron to make remarks. These were appropriate and went into the history of the early days of the American Occupation. It was a striking remark of his when he said that the constitution of 1850 formulated, adopted and presented to Congress by New Mexico was too good for the day as it pronounced against slavery. On that account New Mexico was not admitted to statehood sixty years ago.

The singing of America and The Star Spangled Banner, led by Rev. F. W. Pratt, of the Church of the Holy Faith, added to the patriotic fervor,

(Continued on Page Five.)

**Old Wheat
Imperial
Jersey Cream
Pansy
Bobolink**

Flour

Also **VARIETY FRESH YEAST**

WE GIVE CASH REGISTER TICKETS
WITH ALL CASH PURCHASES

Winter Grocery Co.
Southeast Corner Plaza, Santa Fe. Telephone No. 40

**CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF
THE FINEST AND FULL LINE OF**

**Diamonds, Watches, Clocks
Jewelry, Silverware, Deco-
rated China, Novelties,
Leather and Leather Ebony
Goods.**

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JEWELER**

TAXIDERMIST, TANNER & FURRIER

Every Description of work in our line done to order
GAME HEADS MOUNTED
Artistic Taxidermy and Ladies' Fur Repairing a Specialty

**Send for prices for tanning and lining
furs and hides for rugs and robes**

Highest prices paid for raw furs of all kinds

436 Canon Road Phone Black 19 **FRANK F. GORMLEY** General Merchandise
SANTA FE, N. M.

Undertaker and Embalmer

J. D. MULLIGAN

FUNERALS Given Careful
Personal Attention

RESIDENCE NIGHT PHONE RED 188 OFFICE PHONE RED 130
PICTURE FRAMING TASTEFULLY AND SATISFACTORILY DONE.

TRY OUR Ground Alfalfa Meal

Also Good for Chickens

SOLE AGENTS FOR
International Stock Food

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in
Flour, Hay, Grain, Potatoes,
Salt and Seeds

LEO HERSCH

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE GRAIN HOUSE IN SANTA FE.

DIAMONDS H. C. YONTZ WATCHES

MANUFACTURER OF
MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELRY

Right Prices
Right Goods
Right Service

Eyes Tested and
Fitted by Up-to-
Date Methods

Cut Glass, China and Silverware
345 San Francisco St. SANTA FE, N. M.

THE DAILY ROUND UP.

THE WOMAN WHO UNDERSTANDS
(By J. Appleton.)
Somehow she waits to make you win,
Your soul in her firm white hands—
Somehow the gods have made for you
The woman who understands.

As the tide went out she found him
Lashed to a spar of despair—
The wreck of his life around him,
The wreck of his dreams in the air—
Found him, and loved him, and gath-
ered
The soul of him to her heart;
The soul that had sailed an uncharted
sea—
The soul that sought to win and be
free—
The soul of which she was part;
And then in the dusk she cried to the
man:
"Win your battle—you can—you can!"

Helping and loving and guiding—
Urging when that was best—
Holding her fears in hiding
Deep in her quiet breast—
This is the woman who kept him
True to his standards lost—
When tossed in the storm and stress
and strife,
He thought himself through with the
game of life
And ready to pay the cost—
Watching and guarding—whispering
still,
"Win—you can—and I know you
will!"

This is the story of ages—
This is the woman's way—
Wiser than seers or sages,
Lifting us day by day—
Facing all things with a courage
Nothing can daunt or dim;
Treading life's path wherever it
leads—
Lined with flowers, or choked with
weeds,
But ever with him—with him;
Guardian, comrade, and golden spur,
The men who win are helped by her.
Somewhere she waits, strong in be-
lief,
Your soul in her firm white hands;
Thank well the gods when she comes
to you—
The woman who understands.

Death Claims Young Woman—Tuberculosis claimed Miss Elenor Lindberg, aged 24 years, at Las Vegas. She came to Las Vegas for her health some months ago.

Death of Septuagenarian—Miss Leah Kohn, aged 72 years, died at Las Vegas. She came to Las Vegas 20 years ago from Philadelphia for her health.

**NOT A DAY WITHOUT
SUNSHINE IN FEBRUARY.**

Average Temperature Was Rather
Lower Than in the Past, But
Weather Was Fine.

February was comparatively sunny but colder than usual this year, according to the weather bureau statistics. The average temperature was 30 degrees, while for the last 38 years it has been 32.8 degrees. The highest temperature was 56 degrees on February 24, and the lowest was 3 below zero on February 17. The greatest daily range was only 31 degrees and was recorded on February 14; the least range was 17 degrees on February 19. There has been a deficiency in temperature from the average since New Year of 57 degrees, or almost 2 degrees a day. The precipitation during the month was only .08 of an inch and since New Year there has been a deficiency of .68 of an inch. The prevailing direction of the wind was from the north and the total movement was 6818 miles, an average hourly velocity of 10.1 miles. The maximum velocity was merely 37 miles an hour from the north on February 27. There were only three cloudy days, 10 partly cloudy days and 15 clear clear days. There wasn't a day with less than 14 per cent of sunshine and 9 days recorded 100 per cent of sunshine. The sunshine average for the month was 78 per cent, which is very good for February, especially when one considers that one-half of that would be considered a sunshiny month in the east. The mean relative humidity for the month was 42 per cent, which is astonishingly low. The mean maximum temperature of the month was 41.7 degrees and the minimum 18.2 degrees. The barometric pressure averaged 30.08, the lowest having been 29.59 on February 15 and the highest 30.63 on February 4.

PILES CURE IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZOINTMENT is guaranteed to cure any case of Itching, Blind Bleeding or Protruding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money refunded, 50c.

**SPENT A FORTUNE
ON SKIN TROUBLE**

But Lost All Hope of Cure—Grew
Worse and Worse in Spite of Many
Doctors and Three Years of Hos-
pital Treatment—Inflammation
Made Her Almost Crazy with Pain.

**CURED BY TWO SETS
OF CUTICURA REMEDIES**

"I began to have an itching over my whole body about seven years ago and this settled in my limb, from the knee to the toes. I went to see a great many physicians, a matter which cost me a fortune, and after I noticed that I did not get any relief that way, I went for three years to the hospital. But they were unable to help me there. I used all the medicines that I could see but became worse and worse. I had an inflammation which made me almost crazy with pain. When I showed my foot to my friends they would get really frightened. I did not know what to do. I was so sick and had become so nervous that I positively lost all hope.

"I had seen the advertisement of the Cuticura Remedies a great many times but could not make up my mind to buy them, for I had already used so many medicines. Finally I did decide to use the Cuticura Remedies and I tell you that I was never so pleased as when I noticed that, after having used two sets of Cuticura Soap, Cuticura Ointment and Cuticura Pills, the entire inflammation had gone. I was completely cured. I should be only too glad if people with a similar disease would come to me and find out the truth. I would only recommend them to use Cuticura. Mrs. Bertha Sachs, 1621 Second Ave., New York, N. Y., Aug. 20, 1909."

"Mrs. Bertha Sachs is my sister-in-law and I know well how she suffered and was cured by the Cuticura Remedies after many other treatments failed. Morris Sachs, 321 E. 80th St., New York, N. Y., Secretary of Deutsch-Ostrower Unt.-Verein, Kempner Hebrew Benevolent Society, etc."

A single set of Cuticura Remedies, costing but one dollar, consisting of Soap to cleanse, Ointment to heal and Pills to purify, has frequently cured chronic cases of torturing, disfiguring humors of infants, children and adults when the best methods known to the profession had failed. Guaranteed absolutely pure.

Cuticura Remedies are sold throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., 135 Columbia Ave., Boston, Mass. **FREE** Mailed Free, Cuticura Book, an Authority on Skin and Scalp Diseases.

MINOR CITY TOPICS

Denver, Colo., March 2.—
Forecast for New Mexico:
Fair weather tonight and
Thursday with stationary tem-
perature.

Baptized on Monday—Frank, the son of Assistant Superintendent of Public Instruction and Mrs. Acasio Gallegos, was baptized at Guadalupe church on Monday forenoon. Hon. and Mrs. Eufacio Gallegos of Union county, were sponsors.

Restaurants Reaped Harvest—The hundreds of visitors in the city yesterday permitted the restaurant keepers to read a harvest. Lupe Herrera, proprietor of the Coronado, says he fed 700 people. The dining room of the Palace hotel was crowded and all over the city the hungry ones took meals in private houses.

It Was 59 Degrees Yesterday—Yesterday was an ideal day, the weather men having "arranged matters" in honor of Governor Mills. The mercury climbed up to 59 degrees at 4:20 p. m. and the minimum was 32 degrees, just cold enough to make one feel cheerful. The average relative humidity was only 38 per cent and many people walked around without overcoats. The temperature at 6 o'clock this morning was 32 degrees. A year ago the maximum was 54 degrees and the minimum 31 degrees, with 62 per cent of sunshine. Although partly cloudy the day was pleasant.

\$100 REWARD, \$100.
The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of testimonials.
Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Established 1856. Incorporated 1903.

SELIGMAN BROS. COMPANY

Made to Measure **Ladies Garments** Made to Measure

Suits, Skirts, Jackets, Capes,
Auto Coats, Rain Coats, Riding
Habits and One Piece Dresses.
Every garment made to
Measure of the cloth and in
the style selected and a
FIT GUARANTEED

PHONE 36 FOR HALF A CENTURY THE LEADING DRY GOODS HOUSE IN THE CITY. P. O. BOX 219

**BASE BALL
GOODS**

WE PUT THEM OVER THE PLATE

THE RIGHT KIND

FANS! FANS! FANS!

We don't sell fans, but fans and players buy their baseball supplies from the store that sells the properly authorized goods—
We have used skill in picking out our entire line of **SPORTING GOODS**

When you want the proper things come to us.

Phone No. 14. **If it is Hardware** **WOOD-DAVIS HARDWARE CO.** **We have it.** Phone No. 14.

Coal WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Wood

Screened RATON Lump
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Anthracite Coal all Sizes, Smithing Coal. Steam Coal.
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Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

Notice for Publication.

(Serial 03731. Not coal land.) Department of the Interior, U. S. Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 19, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Ramon Sandoval, of Cow Springs, (P. O. Lamy), N. M., who, on March 23, 1904, made homestead entry (Serial 03731) No. 7871, for SE 1-4 SE 1-4, N 1-2 SE 1-4, NE 1-4 SW 1-4, Sec. 1, T. 13 N., R. 11 E., N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before the register and receiver, U. S. land office, at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 14th day of April, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses: Eulogio Sandoval, Victoriano Garcia, Francisco Sandoval, Filiberto Martinez, all of Lamy, N. M. MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

TIME TABLE ALL

LOCAL TRAINS

Leave Santa Fe at 9 a. m. to connect with No. 10 from the south and west, also No. 3 from the east, returning arrive at Santa Fe 12:10 p. m.

Leave Santa Fe at 4 p. m. to connect with No. 1 west-bound, also takes passengers for No. 2 east-bound passing Lamy at 6:30 p. m. Returning arrive at Santa Fe 6:30 p. m. with No. 1's connection only.

Leave Santa Fe at 7:20 p. m. to connect with Nos. 7 and 9 west-bound, and Nos. 4 and 8 east-bound. Returning arrive at Santa Fe 11:10 p. m.

Denver and Rio Grande Railroad. Train leaves for the north at 10:15 a. m.

Train arrives from the north at 4 p. m.

New Mexico Central.

Train leaves Santa Fe at 8:45 a. m.

Train arrives at Santa Fe at 9:45 p. m.

NOTICE OF SALE.

Notice is hereby given that on the 22nd day of October 1908, Deputy Collector Frank R. Randall, seized at Pearce, Arizona, 46 1/2 pints and six quarts bottles of whiskey.

The above described property having been seized for violation of Section 6 Act March 3, 1897.

Any person claiming the above described property is required to make such claim, in compliance with law, to the undersigned within thirty days from the first publication of this notice.

H. F. BARDISH, Collector.

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LONG LINE OF GOVERNORS FOR THIS GREAT COMMONWEALTH

Almost a Hundred of Them Since the Days of Onate-- Story of the First Civil Executive of the American Regime--Romantic and Tragic--Historic Address by Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince.

At the unveiling of the portrait of Governor Bent in the council chamber of the capitol yesterday afternoon, Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince delivered the following historical address which reserves to become a classic:

Historical Sketch.

It was a happy inspiration which suggested that the inauguration today of the last territorial governor of New Mexico, (who will quite likely be the first state governor as well), should have linked with it this ceremony of the unveiling of the portrait of the first American governor of the territory.

In all of America, North and South, there is no continuous line of executives so long as that of the governors of New Mexico, so that we can truthfully say that the distinguished citizen inaugurated today holds the most ancient office of continuous succession in all the Western Hemisphere. Through more than three centuries his seat of authority has been here in Santa Fe, and the Old Palace still stands as the witness of the power and glory as well as of the vicissitudes of the high office. Its foundation was laid by Onate himself, its reception room was the place of audience of envoys from far distant native tribes almost from the beginning, the governors ruled from the Canon of the Colorado on the west to the Father of Waters on the east, and sent out expeditions which reached to the Pacific and the Missouri, and penetrated the unknown regions of the north, in search of new lands to conquer; while its historic prison confined many a soldier of high renown as well as the chief official of the Inquisition, even before the revolution of 1680.

Spanish Governors.

Then after a brief space the gubernatorial list is illuminated by the great name of De Vargas, whose rapid marches and quick success have rarely been paralleled in history. Those old governors were men of no mean repute; many of them bore names which stand high on the rolls of chivalry and victory. Some bore so many titles that the enumeration covers almost a page of official documents and nearly all were dukes or marquises or at least adorned with the insignia of the most coveted Spanish orders of nobility. In those early days, New Mexico was always denominated a kingdom; in later times it was sometimes a province, at others a state, a department or a territory, and its rulers, who were originally entitled "governor and captain general," held varying official titles, all, however, in the two centuries of Spanish dominion, of a grandiloquence commensurate with the dignity of the position.

There were 55 of these Spanish governors from 1598 to 1822, from Onate to Melgares; not one being a native of New Mexico and very few being residents before the appointment. Some had held high position in Mexico and some were appointed directly from Spain itself.

Mexican Governors.

Then when the Mexican revolution had severed the ties with the Spanish monarchy, there came another list of governors, called "jefes politicos," down to 1836 and "gobernadores" after that date—ten in number if we count those regularly appointed; sixteen if we include the acting governors; and of these the great majority, under the more liberal policy of the new republic, were New Mexicans by birth; in fact, but two of the whole number, Perez and Martinez, were sent directly from the City of Mexico. There was a short break in this Mexican line in the time of the Revolution of 1837, when the insurgents, after killing Governor Perez, took possession of the Palace and proclaimed Jose Gonzales, a Pueblo Indian, as governor, and installed him in the chair of state. It was a short lived term of office, a little brief authority, but while it lasted, his gubernatorial power was as absolute and despotic as that of the most regularly appointed executive, and no list of New Mexican governors would be complete without including this picturesque restoration of the aboriginal control.

American Governors.

And then, in 1846, came what we may call the American line, containing, of actually appointed governors, just twenty names, from the first, whose portrait is now unveiled to view, to the last, who has been formally inaugurated today.

I hold in my hand the original documents appointing the new American officials, dated September 22, 1846. In his original order, dated 1846. In his original Kearny showed great consideration for those who lived on the soil and were acquainted with the local conditions; all but one (Francis P. Blair) of the nine persons named being residents of New Mexico, and two of them natives of the territory. Considering that he had been in New Mexico but a month, and came as a conqueror,

with many friends in his command well qualified for civil office, this action showed a moderation and a statesmanship which have not always been followed by appointing powers.

Naturally the most important selection to be made was that of governor, and it required a man possessing peculiar qualifications not easy to find united in one individual. Absolute loyalty to American institutions was the first requisite, together with the executive ability necessary to insure an efficient administration; and for this latter, a thorough knowledge of the country and the people was particularly essential. On the other hand it was of prime importance to inaugurate the new government in a way as far as possible agreeable to the people, and calculated to allay the prejudices and misunderstandings naturally incident to the situation.

Kearny's Judgment.

In his addresses made to the people at Las Vegas, Tecolote, San Miguel and Santa Fe, as well as in the formal proclamation of annexation issued from the Palace on August 22, General Kearny had shown great tact and discretion, and his assurances had gone far to quiet the apprehensions of the New Mexican people and to remove the feeling of hostility aroused by the slanders of Armijo and his followers; but the selection of officials would speak more loudly than words as to the true intentions of the new government. In view of all the circumstances, the selection of Charles Bent as governor showed consummate wisdom.

He had lived in New Mexico for many years, the names of his brother and himself had long been as household words to all who knew of the commerce of the plains or the traffic of the mountains; their business extended as far south as Chihuahua, and Charles himself had for some time lived in Santa Fe. His relations with the people had always been friendly; and years before he had identified himself most strongly with the territory by marrying into one of the leading families of the north, through which he had important relationships, and rearing his family in the old town of Taos.

Bent's Ancestry.

The impression is somewhat general that Governor Bent was an ordinary trapper or Indian trader, active and adventurous, but without family connections or education, like many of the pioneers of those days; but this is far from the truth.

His father, Silas Bent, was a man of learning and distinction. He was born in Massachusetts in 1768, and received the solid New England education of the times supplemented by special instruction for the bar, and thus equipped, at the age of 20, his ambitious spirit led him, among the first settlers, to the newly opened country that now constitutes Ohio. He returned for a time to the older civilization of Virginia, where he married Martha Kerr, and held several official positions. But the lure of the west was upon him and when the Louisiana Purchase had added the great trans-Mississippi country to the Union, he was appointed in 1804 chief deputy surveyor for Upper Louisiana, which embraced everything north of Arkansas. His headquarters were at St. Louis, and here he remained during the remainder of his life, always occupying responsible official positions. In 1807 he was made first judge of the court of common pleas; and the next year became auditor of public accounts. In 1809 he was appointed presiding judge over the St. Louis court; and from 1813 until the admission of Missouri as a state he was supreme judge of the territory. Under the new regime of statehood he was continually in official life until his death in 1827. Silas Bent had a large family, several of the members of which became distinguished. His son, John, was a well known lawyer of St. Louis; Silas was with Commodore Perry's expedition to Japan; his daughter, Julia, was the wife of Governor L. W. Boggs of Missouri;

R&G CORSETS

Faultless in every detail.

Bent's Fort.

William Bent belongs more to the history of Colorado than that of New Mexico. For years he was the principal figure in what is now the Centennial state. "Bent's Fort" was the best known trading post west of the Missouri, whether we consider the original fort near where Pueblo now stands, or the second fort, built by William and Charles Bent jointly, on the Arkansas river below La Junta.

A volume could be written of border stories connected with those trading centers and the frontiersmen and the noted Indians who congregated there. This fort was the most important in all the Indian region and was undoubtedly the largest structure of the kind ever erected by private individuals on American soil. Its construction occupied four years, from 1823 to 1832. It was built of adobe bricks of large size, to manufacture which Mexican laborers were induced by Charles Bent to come from the Taos valley and its vicinity. Its outside measurement was 180 feet in length by 135 feet in width, the building being practically in oblong form, with a large open square or plaza in the center, upon which all the rooms opened. The outside walls were four feet in thickness and 15 feet high, loopholed for purposes of defense by musketry, but otherwise unbroken by doors or windows except at the great front gate-way. At the southeast and northwest corners hexagonal bastions were erected, 30 feet in height and with an interior diameter of ten feet, and in these were mounted the cannon which were the chief reliance for defense, and the sight of which had a strong moral effect in securing immunity from attack.

In its purpose and actual use this great building was a combined fortress, storehouse, trading-post and caravansary. At certain seasons the amount of furs, skins and pelts stored within its walls was something prodigious; and all through the year it was the temporary home of parties of hunters, trappers, traders, adventurers and of Indians of various tribes. Members of opposing Indian nations, whose hereditary tribal enmity made the death of one or the other the inevitable result of a meeting on the plain or in the forest, here met on equal footing, and understood that no violence or treachery was permitted within its hospitable walls. It was here that the American "Army of the West," under Kearny and Donovan, made their rendezvous on the first of August, 1846, and started on their triumphant march to Santa Fe, to Chihuahua and to the Pacific.

Charles Bent.

But we must confine our attention to the one of the brothers who is the special object of interest today. Charles Bent was born while his father was living in Virginia, 1797. He was highly educated and became a graduate of West Point but resigned from the army and engaged in the mercantile business in St. Louis; continuing there until after his father's death in 1827. Then he joined his brother in the construction of the second Bent's Fort, and after its completion in 1832 went to Santa Fe to look after the business affairs of the firm at that city. From there he moved to Taos, which was at that time a very important commercial point, and married Maria Ignacia Jaramillo, a daughter of Francisco Jaramillo, and whose sister, Josefa, was the wife of Kit Carson. There he was connected in business with Colonel Ceran St. Vrain. In Taos he lived in an adobe house on

(Continued on Page Six.)

S.S.S. REMOVES THE CAUSE OF CATARRH

S.S.S. cures Catarrh by removing the cause from the blood. It so thoroughly purifies the circulation that there is nothing left to inflame and irritate the mucous linings of the body, which is the most prominent and dangerous effect of Catarrh. As long as the mucous membranes and tissues are kept in a state of inflammation and irritation by an impure and infected condition of the circulation, Catarrh will remain. Its disagreeable symptoms of ringing noises in the ears, mucous dropping back into the throat, headaches, watery eyes, difficult breathing, and even stomach disorders and weakened health, cannot be permanently relieved until the blood is purified. Local applications alone can have no real curative value, because such treatment does not reach the blood. Sprays, inhalations, lotions, etc., are valuable only for their cleansing and antiseptic effect, but if depended on alone Catarrh sufferers will find a cure impossible. Nothing equals S.S.S. for curing Catarrh. It goes down into the circulation, gets at the root of the trouble, and removes every particle of catarrhal matter from the blood and enriches this vital fluid so that instead of irritating the different mucous portions of the body, it nourishes them with rich, health-giving properties. Then the symptoms begin to pass away, and Catarrh is permanently cured. Book on Catarrh and any medical advice free.

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PAUL A. F. WALTER, Editor and President. FRANK P. STURGES, Vice President.
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OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.



TOO GOOD A CONSTITUTION.

Hon. Thomas Benton Catron, in an address yesterday afternoon referred to the fact that the constitution of New Mexico of 1850 was too good or else New Mexico would have been admitted to statehood at that time, long before any of the other Rocky mountain states. This point was well brought out in the following portions of the address of ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince last month before the Senate committee on territories when he said:

"It is a novel thing, Mr. Chairman, for a delegation from New Mexico to come before this committee on territories in regard to a statehood bill and be relieved from the discussion of what may be called the fundamental principles. We have heretofore had to bring to the attention of this committee and the committee of the other House what is admitted to be the fundamental principle, namely, the right of American citizenship and especially the right to self-government in an American republic. Those seem to us to be fundamental. Now, we are able to be relieved from this and take up matters of detail, particulars of administration. It is as gratifying as it is novel that this condition should exist.

"We are all delighted that at last it seems to be conceded that the citizens of the United States living south of the Colorado line are as well entitled to self-government as those who live north of that imaginary line. As you well know, these matters have been discussed for a long period of time and before the committees of both Houses. The date of this document which I hold in my hand, 'United States Senate Committee on Territories,' reminds me that twenty years ago this spring I appeared before this committee on this general subject. Since that time, year after year and session after session, we have come, through our representatives, in one way or another, before the committees on territories of the two Houses, asking, begging, beseeching, imploring, sometimes, if the speaker happened to be aggressive, demanding admission to the Union by right of our American citizenship; and with the result we all remember.

"I rejoice that the day when that is necessary has passed and we have come down to the time when we may look at these details. I rejoice on general principles and I rejoice for myself, standing here before this committee today, to speak on this subject, because I must confess that, you perhaps, Mr. Chairman, know, that I have felt so indignant, my American blood has boiled so on this subject of the deprivation of American citizens of their right to self-government, for a good many years, that it has been almost impossible for me to speak on the general subject with the patience and the consideration which I ought certainly to show.

"But you must pardon us for the feeling we have had on that matter. We have felt sometimes that we could not understand the apparent indifference and the lack of appreciation of our condition on the part of some of those who were in the high places in Washington. Then, at last, after years of that experience, it occurred to me that the membership of these committees was made up almost entirely of gentlemen who had never been in a territory, who had been brought up from their very first in an atmosphere of self-government, who had never known anything else, to whom that was as the sunshine and air, and who could not appreciate that there was any place where American citizens were really deprived of those privileges and rights which they had seen so universally throughout all their lives, that it seemed as if they were almost self-existent things. I have been inclined sometimes to wish that some of the gentlemen so situated could be for a year or a month or a single day—because cruel and unusual punishments are forbidden—placed in a position where they did not have self-government, where the officials placed over them were not of their selection, where they were not responsible to the people whom they governed, or amenable to the public sentiment of the locality, or where, in case they were wrongdoers, there was absolutely no redress.

"But those things, fortunately, are matters of the past. Those are the general principles of which I am speaking; and we rejoice that today everyone concedes that New Mexico is entitled to statehood, and it is only with regard to particulars and details that it is necessary to speak.

"There are two bills to which our attention has been drawn—a bill which was introduced in the House and which has passed the House, and

the bill introduced in the Senate and which is before this committee. One of the things which attracts particular attention in the Senate bill is in regard to what may be considered special safeguards thrown around the constitution, its methods of approval, which are a little different from the ordinary ones. Let me say that we accept with great pleasure anything that can be done in that way which will insure the perfection of a constitution. It is we who are to live under the constitution, and we want the very best constitution we can possibly have, and everything which will look toward the formation of an excellent constitution is something that is desirable.

"It may be remembered that the people in New Mexico have had more experience in constitution making than any other state; I think I need not say in the United States, but in the world. Within the range of a lifetime they have had five constitutional conventions, and the constitutions they have formed have in every case been exceedingly good, something of which I am not ashamed and something which can hardly be criticised. I hold in my hand the constitution prepared in New Mexico in the year 1859, which has been universally conceded to be one of the best constitutions ever formulated in the country. We have been through it line by line, word by word, and while of course there are new subjects that have come up in more recent constitutions it was at the time perhaps as perfect an instrument as could very well be found. I will go back, if you will permit me, only a moment.

"I have spoken of this constitution of 1859. I will ask your attention for but one moment to the constitution of 1850—sixty years ago. I hold in my hand a copy of that constitution, which, so far as I know, is the only copy that exists at the present time. It is a constitution of which any people could be proud. Of course there are matters that have come up since that have gone into new constitutions, but it was an admirable document, especially in its arrangements for education. The only trouble with that constitution was that it was too good. New Mexico would have been admitted to statehood at that time—you remember, the state government was put in operation, the election was held, the state officers elected, the legislature elected. It met and elected its senators and it would have been put in operation if that constitution had not been too good in its proclamation of freedom to all mankind, and in the way in which it stood for a free state instead of a slave state. If it had taken another course, it would have been admitted as an officer to California sixty years ago. But because of the very direct way in which it spoke on the subject, laying down the enjoying and defending of its right and liberty as being the first thing to which every man was entitled, and then stating in the document accompanying it from the convention that slavery in New Mexico is naturally impractical and in reality never can exist—and wherever it does exist it has proved a curse and misfortune to the state—those were the words which made it too good for the occasion. I allude to that especially because that convention was formed at a time when the population was more than 90 per cent of an element that sometimes has been criticised; in fact, more than 95 per cent. And yet in the face of what was then a dominant influence in the country, they set themselves on that high principle of a free state government.

"Now, Mr. Chairman, I will come immediately to the matter to which you alluded a moment ago, simply saying that if New Mexico had been admitted—and I wish to draw attention to this matter as a basis for what we are going to ask—if New Mexico had been admitted under the constitution of 1850, there is no one who is acquainted with the southwest and the growth of localities who would not admit today that New Mexico with its boundaries as they then existed would contain a million and half of people and be one of the richest states there is. If it had been admitted at the time when the United States Senate in the forty-third and forty-fourth Congresses by vote of more than two-thirds in each case voted for its admission—and we gratefully acknowledge what we owe to the Senate of the United States at that time—it had been admitted then, it would have had, by the impetus given by statehood, coming in at the same time with Colorado, at least a million people to-day and a very large amount of wealth. It was not the fault of the people that they have been deprived of those things and that it has been

dwarfed in its improvement, advancement and growth.

"Now, you are going to admit us. We are thankful for it; we are grateful for it. We know that every member of this committee and every member of Congress is anxious that the new state should be a prosperous state, a happy state, a good state, and that it should have every advantage and opportunity which can properly be given to it in order that it may have that advancement and that prosperity. So we come to ask aid in certain ways, especially on account of some of these deprivations to which we have been subjected in the time past."

THREE HUNDRED YEARS OF WAITING.

The address of Ex-Governor L. Bradford Prince delivered yesterday afternoon at the unveiling of Governor Bent, the first civil governor of the American regime, incidentally brought to mind the long time of preparation that New Mexico has had to fit it for statehood. Massachusetts looks back with pride upon the Pilgrim Fathers who landed at Plymouth Rock. Virginia points with pride to the founders of Jamestown, New York will never permit posterity to forget the early days of New Amsterdam. Delaware and Pennsylvania glorify the Swedes who settled at Wilmington, and every one of the eastern states cherish the names of their pioneers. Yet, none of them, can point to such early or romantic beginnings as New Mexico. Behind the early historic period, which is older than that of any of the thirteen colonies, lies a definite prehistoric period during which some of the communities still existing today were founded and flourished. But referring only to the long line of governors who have had administrative charge of New Mexico in historic times, Governor Prince said that there were fifty-five of them under the Spanish rule, sixteen under the Mexican rule, one a Pueblo and twenty Americans, ninety-two in all. And during all these years, New Mexico has been a province! There were periods, prior to the American occupation, when this commonwealth had greater autonomy than it has today. All this long line of governors have been mere administrative rather than executive officers, accountable to an outside authority. Said Governor Prince: "In all of America, North and South, there is no continuous line of executives so long as that of the governors of New Mexico, so that we can truthfully say that Governor Mills holds the most ancient office of continuous succession in all the Western Hemisphere. Through more than three centuries his seat of authority has been here in Santa Fe, and the Old Palace still stands as the witness of the power and glory as well as of the vicissitudes of the high office."

Long may this succession of governors continue! For many more centuries may Santa Fe remain the capital; but all of New Mexico hopes and prays that the next governor of New Mexico will be one elected by the people of the commonwealth, accountable only to them, thus lifting the territory from its subject rank to a position of much coveted, long awaited, much deserved and dearly earned independence.

The supervisor of the census for New Mexico has completed practically the work of selecting men and women to be enumerators for the Territory. There will be 296 of these and it has been a difficult task to find proper persons for the work in many instances. Politics did not cut any figure, for the census office was only too glad to get enumerators. Quite a number of women, for instance, have been appointed because they passed the best examinations in many instances and seemed well fitted to do the work in certain districts. If more Republicans than Democrats were appointed, the census supervisor does not know it, for in the majority of cases, the political affiliations of the person he recommended for the work are unknown to him, and what is more, he does not care to know them. The color line was not drawn for among the appointees will be found men of Indian and of negro descent. In the majority of cases appointments went to native-born citizens who can speak Spanish for all will acknowledge that it is desirable to have men who can speak both languages.

The fact that the so-called learned professions are overcrowded in the United States is demonstrated by the fact that Denver has one physician to every 250 persons. Europe has one physician to every 1,500 persons and even that is crowding the mourners. Even in Santa Fe, there is one physician to every thousand people and it is hard grubbing for some of them to make anything like an adequate salary. But without manual training in the public schools and no incentive for boys to enter the trades, the height of ambition of most young men is to be a lawyer, a physician or a preacher and in consequence those professions are overcrowded and the average member therein does not earn as much a year as do stone masons or carpenters who know their trade.

The Las Cruces Chamber of Commerce is no longer an experiment according to the Las Cruces Citizen for it says:

"Deming is to organize a Chamber of Commerce, which is easy enough but the 'rub' is in keeping interest in it and making the people realize that

there isn't any other body that can do so much for a town as a properly supported Chamber of Commerce. We are having troubles of our own in this respect; for a while it seemed that the organization might go to smash, but thanks to the unceasing efforts of the secretary and directors it has now passed the experimental stage and is on a sound business basis. The results cannot be estimated in dollars and cents. Watch Las Cruces grow!"

The delay in filling the vacancy on the New Mexico supreme bench and failure to send in the reappointment of Judge John R. McFie is rather embarrassing to the course of justice in the Territory and is responsible for some delays that would otherwise be avoided.

IMPERIAL LAUNDRY

For Best Laundry Work

Basket leaves Monday Tuesday Returns Thursday and Friday. AGENCY at O. K. Barber Shop

F. O. BROWN Agent.

Phone No. 23 Red

KERR'S PLAZA BARBER SHOP

For 19 years the only first class tonsorial parlor in Santa Fe.

OUR NEW FITCH TREATMENT

is guaranteed to cure, (not only relieve, Dandruff, falling hair & other scalp irritations. We also carry a complete line of all the popular hair and facial tonics.

HERPICIDE, DE LUXE QUININE & FITCH BATHS BATHS BATHS

Agents HUBBS LAUNDRY

Phone us, we will be glad to call for your laundry on Mondays and Tuesdays and deliver on Thursdays and Fridays

All work is guaranteed; your socks are mended and buttons sewed on your shirts, without extra charge.

PHONE RED 122. PHONE RED 122.

H. S. KAUNE & Co. GROCERS

"Where prices are lowest for safe quality"

One Resolution to Make

What other 1910 Resolution you may make—

Resolve now that you will trade at KAUNE & CO. the coming year. It is a resolution in your own interest, for it means the best possible table supplies at lowest possible prices.

Think it over—Isn't KAUNE & Co. the logical store for you to patronize through 1910.

H. S. KAUNE & COMPANY

PHONE 26

YOU TAKE PAINS

to make the children look pretty just for a day. Why not preserve the memory of their prettiness by means of

PERMANENT PHOTOGRAPHS

Platinum Prints represent the highest standard in Photography and will not fade or discolor

YOU CAN GET THEM HERE

surpassing a steel engraving in softness and tone.

El Pinon Gallery Carlos Vierra

R. J. PALEN, President, L. A. HUGHES, Vice-President,

J. B. READ, Cashier. FRANK McKANE, Assistant Cashier.

The First National Bank OF SANTA FE.

The Oldest Banking Institution in New Mexico. Established in 1870

Capital Stock - \$150,000
Surplus and Undivided Profit - 80,000

Transacts a general banking business in all its branches. Loans money on the most favorable terms on all kinds of personal and collateral security. Buys and sells bonds and stocks in all markets for its customers. Buys and sells domestic and foreign exchange and makes telegraphic transfer of money to all parts of the civilized world on as liberal terms as are given by any money transmitting agency public or private. Interest allowed on time deposits at the rate of three per cent per annum, on six months' or years' time. Liberal advances made on consignments of livestock and products. The bank executes all orders of its patrons in the banking line, and aims to extend to them as liberal treatment in all respects, as is consistent with safety and the principles of sound banking. Safety deposit boxes for rent. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

THE PALACE HOTEL

WILLIAM VAUGHN PROP.

One of the Best Hotels in the West

Cuisine and Table Service Unexcelled

Large Sample Room for Commercial Travelers

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO

WASHINGTON AVENUE



AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN

HOTEL

J. E. LACOME, Proprietor

Commodious Sample Room

Long Distance Telephone Station.

Steam Heated Electric Lighted, Every Room a Good One,

FIRST CLASS CAFE IN CONNECTION

PRESS THE BUTTON WE DO THE REST.

We Are Now Serving

FULL COURSE MEALS FROM NOON ON. If you drop in at 5 o'clock you can get a hot supper ready to eat and you will not have to wait.

Our increasing patronage is the best proof that we merit yours.

THE HOTEL CORONADO

G. LUPE HERRERA Proprietor.

EUGENIO ROMERO LUMBER & COAL YARD

Lumber and all kinds of building material.

Lump, nut and mine run coal

YARD ON HICKOX STREET, NEAR NEW MEXICO CENTRAL DEPOT. Red Phone 100 Phone Red 100

TOMAS P. DELGADO Mgr.

HERE IS A VERY EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY EVERYTHING AT ONE HALF PRICE

BEST LINE OF GOLD AND SILVER FILIGREE WORK EVER DISPLAYED IN SANTA FE

Don't Fail to Call and Inspect

Excellent Assortments of

Burned Leather Goods
Burned Wooden Placques
All Kinds of Drawn Work
Leather Pillows Tops

Many other articles that attract

THE ORIGINAL OLD CURIO

J. S. CANDELARIO Proprietor

301-303 San Francisco St.

Santa Fe, N. M.

You must put money in the Bank now if you wish to have an easy old age.



Cash grows in the Bank

Ease and plenty of OLD AGE can come only from work and saving during your younger, energetic days.
Do you want to be old and poor?
Make OUR Bank YOUR Bank.
We pay liberal interest consistent with safety.

UNITED STATES BANK & TRUST CO.

O. C. WATSON & COMPANY

(Established 1882)

**REAL ESTATE---INSURANCE
SURETY BONDS.**

Modern Houses for RENT and SALE;
Fruit Ranches and large undeveloped tracts.
We have everything in the above lines.

119 San Francisco St. For full particulars call or address the above company Phone. Red No. 189

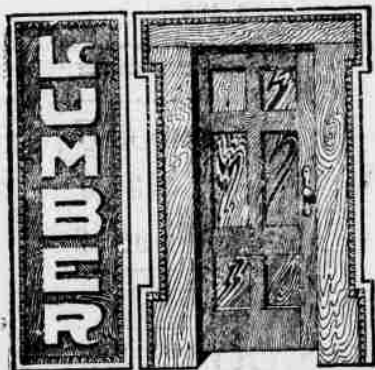
THE Wagner Undertaking Establishment
ALSO Dealers in Furniture

FINE LINE OF Carpets and Rugs FOR THE HOUSE

All kinds of furnishings from chinaware to stoves, and ranges. Also a fine assortment of desks, chairs, table and hat racks. Wagner folding go-carts for the babies. They are GREAT!!

Look over our stock and see if there isn't something to interest you.

Ornamental Doors.



are made to perfection from our Lumber because the wood is perfect in every particular and free from every imperfection of knots, cracks and warpings. Every foot of it is thoroughly seasoned, dried and shrunk, so it can be absolutely relied upon by carpenters and builders, and all sensible, wide-awake architects hereabouts particularly mention our Lumber in their specifications.

Charles W. Dudrow

**FRESH EGGS
CREAM & MILK**

Telephone No 148 Red
MRS. OTTO RETSCH.



Will Fill Every Prescription

With strictest care and unflinching fidelity to the doctor's orders. Too much may depend on the medicine he prescribes to admit of the slightest deviation, carelessness or substitution.

ONLY THE PUREST, FRESHEST DRUGS are employed. That means not alone the right medicine but also the right strength and the quickest cure. Moderate charges in spite of our extra care and extra quality.

STRIPLING-BURROWS & Company.
Where your dollar buys the most.

PERSONAL MENTION

J. P. McNulty of Cerrillos, is at the Coronado hotel.
Charles Switzer of Washington, is at the Palace hotel.
Charles A. Ross of Espanola, was a visitor in the city yesterday.

J. F. Baker, of Rockford, Tenn., is registered at the Palace hotel.
Sheriff Charles L. Ballard left for his home at Roswell this afternoon.

L. E. Muller of San Francisco, Cal., is in the city visiting friends. He attended the inauguration yesterday.

Jacobo Armijo of Albuquerque, who is at the Coronado, was one of the inauguration visitors here yesterday.

W. S. Burton, R. S. Herbert and T. H. Moers, all Las Vegas, were registered at the Palace hotel yesterday.

H. C. Hfeld of Las Vegas, a well known merchant, is at the Claire hotel.

Celestino Ortiz will leave in the morning for Estancia, his present home.

G. M. Waters, of the Western Union Telegraph Company, is in the city on business.

District Attorney L. O. Fullen was homeward bound this afternoon to Roswell.

A Spanish dinner given by Governor Curry today was enjoyed by a number of guests.

Apolonio A. Sena of Las Vegas, was among the Meadow City visitors yesterday.

Charles D. Miller, assistant territorial engineer is at El Paso, Texas, on official business.

County Commissioner J. A. Lucero is in Santa Fe for several days from Santa Cruz.

Miss Phelps has returned from Denver and has resumed teaching in the public schools.

Governor Curry expects to leave tomorrow for his new home at Tularosa, Otero county.

On Friday evening, a private dance will be given in the assembly room of the public library.

Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Eitzen, of California, Mo., were among the inauguration visitors here yesterday.

Miss Catherine Strickler of Albuquerque, is the guest of Miss Anita Bergere at the Bergere home on Grant avenue.

County School Superintendent John V. Conway left this morning for a visit to the Cienega and Agua Fria school districts.

Mr. and Mrs. O. B. Underwood, John S. Clark, Miss Hill, of East Las Vegas, were among those who were here for the inauguration.

John H. Sargent, a leading citizen and business man of Rio Arriba county, came down from El Rito to attend the inaugural reception.

Supervisor Ross McMillan and Assistant Harry C. Hall of the forest service, were down from Antonito, Colorado, for the inauguration.

Francisco Trujillo, Santiago Vigil and Ruben Romero of El Rito, Rio Arriba county, are in Santa Fe on business with the U. S. land office.

Mr. and Mrs. O. A. Foster of the Raton Range left this morning for Albuquerque and from there will this evening go to Raton, Colfax county.

Among the Las Vegas at the Claire yesterday were Mr. and Mrs. D. M. Lee, Mr. and Mrs. D. L. Chambers, John L. Zimmerman, Edward E. French.

John H. Sargent, a merchant of El Rito, and who is brother of Territorial Auditor Sargent, was one of the inauguration visitors registered at the Claire yesterday.

Former Territorial Treasurer John H. Vaughn is at Washington, D. C., to work for the passage of bills to authorize a bond issue for the building of a court house at Taos and also several county refunding measures.

Adjutant General and Mrs. R. A. Ford expect to leave this evening for Albuquerque from where they will go to Silver City. They have not yet definitely decided in which town they will take up their permanent residence.

Mrs. Nellie C. Brewer, of Albuquerque, who is said to be the only woman attorney at law in New Mexico, and was on Monday elected secretary and treasurer of the New Mexico Bar Association, is registered at the Claire hotel.

Among the visitors from Albuquerque registered at the Palace yesterday were A. C. Ringland, Mr. and Mrs. John A. White, Mrs. T. B. Waddill, Mrs. R. S. Eckles, John Venable, Mr. and Mrs. Clark M. Carr, Dr. Pearce, Miss Rebecca Pearce and Mrs. W. H. Greer. They came for the inauguration ceremonies.

Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Fraser of Dallas, Texas, left this morning for Las Vegas. Mr. Fraser is sovereign

SANTA FE HARDWARE & SUPPLY CO.

We have just received a fresh shipment of Spaulding's baseball goods which is the most complete stock in the city.

Boys! When you want a good glove, bat or ball, come in and let us show you some "GOOD ONES"



Spaulding 1910 Record Books FOR SALE HERE

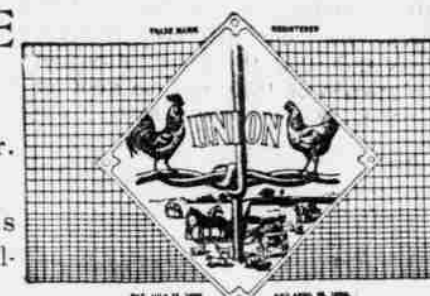
NO TROUBLE TO SHOW GOODS

IT IS NEAR HOUSE
CLEANING TIME



JAP-A-LAC will made old furniture look like new.

All kinds of floor paints, oils, varnishes, Alabastine and Kalsomine



ALL KINDS OF FARMING IMPLEMENTS

AGENTS FOR THE FAMOUS STUDEBAKER WAGONS

Everything in Hardware

**Notice the
\$25. Hat
in the
WINDOW.**

MISS A. MUGLER.
Southeast Corner Plaza.

**YES, THEY GO FAST. BUT THEN
MARCH IS HERE AND EVERY ONE IS
RUSHING HIMSELF, TO KEEP IN
STYLE. WE CAN SAVE YOU A FEW.**

BUSTER

ITS SPRING



adviser, the second highest office in the Woodmen of the World, and last evening addressed a meeting of Coronado camp in this city. He was the guest of the camp and last evening was presented with a beautiful Navajo blanket by the members. Mr. and Mrs. H. S. Lutz escorted Mr. and Mrs. Fraser about and showed them some of Santa Fe's interesting sights and were with them at the inaugural reception and ball last evening. Both Mr. and Mrs. Fraser expressed themselves delighted with Santa Fe's climate, air, resources and manifest attractions, but said that it was evident that the city was not making as much of these as it might.

Harold Hurd, a prominent citizen of Roswell, was one of the guests at the inaugural reception and ball last evening and left for home this afternoon.

Mr. and Mrs. Isaac Barth of Albuquerque, are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Leo Hersch.

Hon. and Mrs. Solomon Luna of Los Lunas, who have been house guests at the Bergere residence will leave for home this evening.

Of much interest to local society is the announcement of the days at home of Mrs. Mills at the executive mansion. These days will be the first and third Wednesdays of each month after Easter. This afternoon, Mrs. L. Bradford Prince is keeping open house for the visitors in Santa Fe. Mrs. Jaffa is also entertaining informally at tea.

Tomorrow afternoon, Mrs. Walter will entertain at cards in honor of Mrs. Henry Jaffa of Albuquerque. A number of other events of a social nature are planned for the week.

First GOVERNOR.

NEW MEXICO'S

(Continued From Page One.)

and as Governor Prince remarked in his address, it was a happy inspiration that united the inauguration of the last territorial governor with the unveiling of a memorial to the first civil governor under the American regime.

PERFECT FITTING MENS READY TO WEAR CLOTHING JUST RECEIVED. WE ARE NOW ABLE TO OFFER OUR PATRONS NEWER PATTERNS-BETTER FITTING FABRICS-MORE SHAPE-RETAINING QUALITIES-AND REAL SERVICEABILITY IN REAL HAND TAILORED-ALL WOOL-READY-TO-WEAR CLOTHING THAN HAS EVER BEFORE BEEN SHOWN IN THIS CITY. THE LATEST FIFTH AVENUE MODELS.

COLLARS AND SHOULDERS ARE FORM RETAINING, LININGS ARE FULL OF SERVICE AND THE FABRICS ARE THOSE SANCTIONED BY THE GREAT STYLE CENTERS.

POPULAR PRICES \$15.00 AND \$20.00

W. N. TOWNSEND & CO.

CLARENDON GARDEN CUT FLOWERS, WEDDING BOUQUETS, and FUNERAL DESIGNS. CHOICE APPLES NOW.

CLARENDON POULTRY Yards FRESH LAID EGGS every day ROASTING CHICKENS

Pure bred barred Plymouth Rocks and White Wyandottes. Chickens are yarded in the orchard under the trees and fed on clean wholesome food only. No chance of Tuberculosis germs nor Ptoxin poisoning. EGGS FOR HATCHING. A few choice cockerels for sale

**DAY
and
NIGHT**

24 Hour Electric Service

On and After March 1st.

**DAY
and
NIGHT**

Wire up those dark places

This space next week for Electric Irons and Electrical Cooking Specialties.

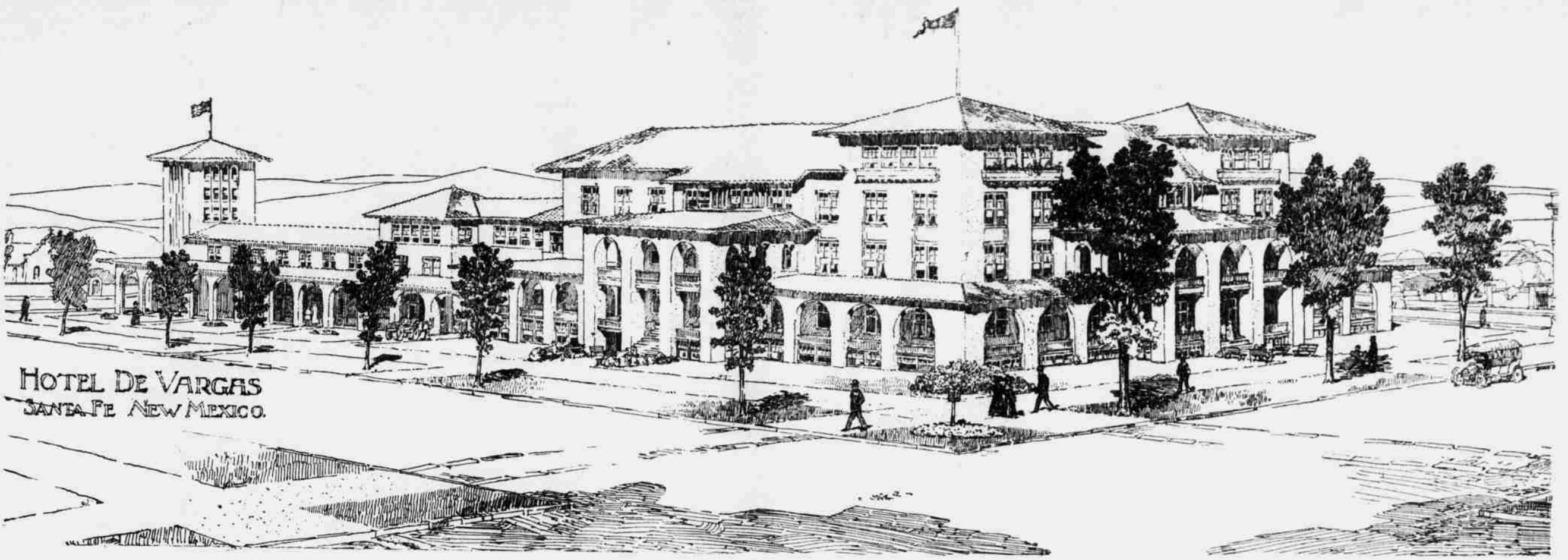
Santa Fe Water AND Light Company

St. Louis Rocky Mt. & Pacific Railway Company.



PASSENGER SCHEDULE In Effect July 14, 1908.

No. 1, DAILY.	Miles From Des Moines	STATIONS.		Miles From Raton	Ni DA LY
10 00 a. m.	0	Lv. Des Moines,	N. M. Arr.	49	5 30 p. m.
10 12 a. m.	4	" " " " " " " " " " " "	Lv.	45	5 15 p. m.
10 35 a. m.	11	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	38	4 55 p. m.
10 50 a. m.	18	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	31	4 35 p. m.
11 05 a. m.	25	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	24	4 25 p. m.
11 20 a. m.	32	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	17	4 05 p. m.
11 35 a. m.	39	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	10	3 50 p. m.
11 50 a. m.	46	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	3	3 30 p. m.
12 05 p. m.	53	Arr. Raton, N. M.	Arr.	0	3 15 p. m.
12 20 p. m.	59	" " " " " " " " " " " "	Lv.	4	3 00 p. m.
12 35 p. m.	66	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	11	2 45 p. m.
12 50 p. m.	73	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	18	2 30 p. m.
1 05 p. m.	80	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	25	2 15 p. m.
1 20 p. m.	87	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	32	2 00 p. m.
1 35 p. m.	94	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	39	1 45 p. m.
1 50 p. m.	101	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	46	1 30 p. m.
2 05 p. m.	108	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	53	1 15 p. m.
2 20 p. m.	115	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	60	1 00 p. m.
2 35 p. m.	122	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	67	12 45 p. m.
2 50 p. m.	129	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	74	12 30 p. m.
3 05 p. m.	136	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	81	12 15 p. m.
3 20 p. m.	143	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	88	12 00 p. m.
3 35 p. m.	150	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	95	11 45 a. m.
3 50 p. m.	157	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	102	11 30 a. m.
4 05 p. m.	164	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	109	11 15 a. m.
4 20 p. m.	171	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	116	11 00 a. m.
4 35 p. m.	178	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	123	10 45 a. m.
4 50 p. m.	185	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	130	10 30 a. m.
5 05 p. m.	192	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	137	10 15 a. m.
5 20 p. m.	199	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	144	10 00 a. m.
5 35 p. m.	206	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	151	9 45 a. m.
5 50 p. m.	213	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	158	9 30 a. m.
6 05 p. m.	220	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	165	9 15 a. m.
6 20 p. m.	227	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	172	9 00 a. m.
6 35 p. m.	234	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	179	8 45 a. m.
6 50 p. m.	241	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	186	8 30 a. m.
7 05 p. m.	248	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	193	8 15 a. m.
7 20 p. m.	255	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	200	8 00 a. m.
7 35 p. m.	262	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	207	7 45 a. m.
7 50 p. m.	269	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	214	7 30 a. m.
8 05 p. m.	276	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	221	7 15 a. m.
8 20 p. m.	283	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	228	7 00 a. m.
8 35 p. m.	290	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	235	6 45 a. m.
8 50 p. m.	297	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	242	6 30 a. m.
9 05 p. m.	304	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	249	6 15 a. m.
9 20 p. m.	311	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	256	6 00 a. m.
9 35 p. m.	318	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	263	5 45 a. m.
9 50 p. m.	325	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	270	5 30 a. m.
10 05 p. m.	332	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	277	5 15 a. m.
10 20 p. m.	339	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	284	5 00 a. m.
10 35 p. m.	346	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	291	4 45 a. m.
10 50 p. m.	353	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	298	4 30 a. m.
11 05 p. m.	360	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	305	4 15 a. m.
11 20 p. m.	367	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	312	4 00 a. m.
11 35 p. m.	374	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	319	3 45 a. m.
11 50 p. m.	381	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	326	3 30 a. m.
12 05 p. m.	388	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	333	3 15 a. m.
12 20 p. m.	395	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	340	3 00 a. m.
12 35 p. m.	402	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	347	2 45 a. m.
12 50 p. m.	409	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	354	2 30 a. m.
1 05 p. m.	416	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	361	2 15 a. m.
1 20 p. m.	423	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	368	2 00 a. m.
1 35 p. m.	430	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	375	1 45 a. m.
1 50 p. m.	437	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	382	1 30 a. m.
2 05 p. m.	444	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	389	1 15 a. m.
2 20 p. m.	451	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	396	1 00 a. m.
2 35 p. m.	458	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	403	12 45 p. m.
2 50 p. m.	465	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	410	12 30 p. m.
3 05 p. m.	472	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	417	12 15 p. m.
3 20 p. m.	479	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	424	12 00 p. m.
3 35 p. m.	486	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	431	11 45 a. m.
3 50 p. m.	493	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	438	11 30 a. m.
4 05 p. m.	500	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	445	11 15 a. m.
4 20 p. m.	507	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	452	11 00 a. m.
4 35 p. m.	514	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	459	10 45 a. m.
4 50 p. m.	521	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	466	10 30 a. m.
5 05 p. m.	528	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	473	10 15 a. m.
5 20 p. m.	535	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	480	10 00 a. m.
5 35 p. m.	542	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	487	9 45 a. m.
5 50 p. m.	549	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	494	9 30 a. m.
6 05 p. m.	556	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	501	9 15 a. m.
6 20 p. m.	563	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	508	9 00 a. m.
6 35 p. m.	570	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	515	8 45 a. m.
6 50 p. m.	577	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	522	8 30 a. m.
7 05 p. m.	584	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	529	8 15 a. m.
7 20 p. m.	591	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	536	8 00 a. m.
7 35 p. m.	598	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	543	7 45 a. m.
7 50 p. m.	605	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	550	7 30 a. m.
8 05 p. m.	612	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	557	7 15 a. m.
8 20 p. m.	619	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	564	7 00 a. m.
8 35 p. m.	626	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	571	6 45 a. m.
8 50 p. m.	633	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	578	6 30 a. m.
9 05 p. m.	640	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	585	6 15 a. m.
9 20 p. m.	647	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	592	6 00 a. m.
9 35 p. m.	654	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	599	5 45 a. m.
9 50 p. m.	661	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	606	5 30 a. m.
10 05 p. m.	668	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	613	5 15 a. m.
10 20 p. m.	675	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	620	5 00 a. m.
10 35 p. m.	682	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	627	4 45 a. m.
10 50 p. m.	689	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	634	4 30 a. m.
11 05 p. m.	696	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	641	4 15 a. m.
11 20 p. m.	703	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	648	4 00 a. m.
11 35 p. m.	710	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	655	3 45 a. m.
11 50 p. m.	717	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	662	3 30 a. m.
12 05 p. m.	724	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	669	3 15 a. m.
12 20 p. m.	731	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	676	3 00 a. m.
12 35 p. m.	738	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	683	2 45 a. m.
12 50 p. m.	745	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	690	2 30 a. m.
1 05 p. m.	752	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	697	2 15 a. m.
1 20 p. m.	759	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	704	2 00 a. m.
1 35 p. m.	766	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	711	1 45 a. m.
1 50 p. m.	773	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	718	1 30 a. m.
2 05 p. m.	780	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	725	1 15 a. m.
2 20 p. m.	787	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	732	1 00 a. m.
2 35 p. m.	794	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	739	12 45 p. m.
2 50 p. m.	801	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	746	12 30 p. m.
3 05 p. m.	808	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	753	12 15 p. m.
3 20 p. m.	815	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	760	12 00 p. m.
3 35 p. m.	822	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	767	11 45 a. m.
3 50 p. m.	829	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	774	11 30 a. m.
4 05 p. m.	836	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	781	11 15 a. m.
4 20 p. m.	843	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	788	11 00 a. m.
4 35 p. m.	850	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	795	10 45 a. m.
4 50 p. m.	857	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	802	10 30 a. m.
5 05 p. m.	864	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	809	10 15 a. m.
5 20 p. m.	871	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	816	10 00 a. m.
5 35 p. m.	878	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	823	9 45 a. m.
5 50 p. m.	885	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	830	9 30 a. m.
6 05 p. m.	892	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	837	9 15 a. m.
6 20 p. m.	899	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	844	9 00 a. m.
6 35 p. m.	906	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	851	8 45 a. m.
6 50 p. m.	913	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	858	8 30 a. m.
7 05 p. m.	920	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	865	8 15 a. m.
7 20 p. m.	927	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	872	8 00 a. m.
7 35 p. m.	934	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	879	7 45 a. m.
7 50 p. m.	941	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	886	7 30 a. m.
8 05 p. m.	948	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	893	7 15 a. m.
8 20 p. m.	955	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	900	7 00 a. m.
8 35 p. m.	962	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	907	6 45 a. m.
8 50 p. m.	969	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	914	6 30 a. m.
9 05 p. m.	976	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	921	6 15 a. m.
9 20 p. m.	983	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	928	6 00 a. m.
9 35 p. m.	990	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	935	5 45 a. m.
9 50 p. m.	997	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	942	5 30 a. m.
10 05 p. m.	1004	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	949	5 15 a. m.
10 20 p. m.	1011	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	956	5 00 a. m.
10 35 p. m.	1018	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	963	4 45 a. m.
10 50 p. m.	1025	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	970	4 30 a. m.
11 05 p. m.	1032	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	977	4 15 a. m.
11 20 p. m.	1039	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	984	4 00 a. m.
11 35 p. m.	1046	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	991	3 45 a. m.
11 50 p. m.	1053	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	998	3 30 a. m.
12 05 p. m.	1060	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1005	3 15 a. m.
12 20 p. m.	1067	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1012	3 00 a. m.
12 35 p. m.	1074	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1019	2 45 a. m.
12 50 p. m.	1081	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1026	2 30 a. m.
1 05 p. m.	1088	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1033	2 15 a. m.
1 20 p. m.	1095	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1040	2 00 a. m.
1 35 p. m.	1102	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1047	1 45 a. m.
1 50 p. m.	1109	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1054	1 30 a. m.
2 05 p. m.	1116	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1061	1 15 a. m.
2 20 p. m.	1123	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1068	1 00 a. m.
2 35 p. m.	1130	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1075	12 45 p. m.
2 50 p. m.	1137	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1082	12 30 p. m.
3 05 p. m.	1144	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1089	12 15 p. m.
3 20 p. m.	1151	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1096	12 00 p. m.
3 35 p. m.	1158	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1103	11 45 a. m.
3 50 p. m.	1165	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1110	11 30 a. m.
4 05 p. m.	1172	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1117	11 15 a. m.
4 20 p. m.	1179	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1124	11 00 a. m.
4 35 p. m.	1186	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1131	10 45 a. m.
4 50 p. m.	1193	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1138	10 30 a. m.
5 05 p. m.	1200	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1145	10 15 a. m.
5 20 p. m.	1207	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1152	10 00 a. m.
5 35 p. m.	1214	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1159	9 45 a. m.
5 50 p. m.	1221	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1166	9 30 a. m.
6 05 p. m.	1228	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1173	9 15 a. m.
6 20 p. m.	1235	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1180	9 00 a. m.
6 35 p. m.	1242	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1187	8 45 a. m.
6 50 p. m.	1249	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1194	8 30 a. m.
7 05 p. m.	1256	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1201	8 15 a. m.
7 20 p. m.	1263	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1208	8 00 a. m.
7 35 p. m.	1270	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1215	7 45 a. m.
7 50 p. m.	1277	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1222	7 30 a. m.
8 05 p. m.	1284	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1229	7 15 a. m.
8 20 p. m.	1291	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1236	7 00 a. m.
8 35 p. m.	1298	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1243	6 45 a. m.
8 50 p. m.	1305	" " " " " " " " " " " "	" "	1250	6 30 a. m.



THE DE VARGAS HOTEL.

The need of such a hotel in Santa Fe was forcibly demonstrated to scores of people who were unable to find hotel accommodations yesterday. It is said that a number of people had to return home last night as all the hotels and private homes here were filled with visitors. "We shall build the hotel," said John P. Wagner, its promoter, in discussing the matter today. "And I am pleased to state that I received encouragement from hundreds of people with whom I talked yesterday."

LONG LINE OF GOVERNORS FOR THIS COMMONWEALTH.

(Continued from Page Six)

Mrs. Teresina Scheurick, the daughter of Governor Bent, and whose granddaughter has just unveiled the portrait of her illustrious ancestor.

Last summer, at her residence, near the scene of the final catastrophe, she gave me her recollection of the brutal attack.

"I was only five years old," she said, "at the time, but I well remember every circumstance as if it was but yesterday."

Mrs. Scheurick's Narrative.

"It was early in the morning, and we were all in bed. We were awakened by the noise of many people crowding into the placita. My father was at home from Santa Fe on a short visit, and had refused a military escort. The night before he was warned of danger and urged to fly, but though there were several horses in the corral, he declined. He had always treated everyone fairly and honestly, and he felt that all were friends, and he could not believe that they would turn against him."

"Hearing the noise he went to the door and tried to pacify the crowd yelling outside. In the adjoining room, my mother, Mrs. Carson and Mrs. Boggs, who were with us, and we children, were trembling with fear, all except my brother Alfredo. He was only ten years old, but had been reared on the frontier, and he took down the shotgun and going to my father's side, said 'Papa, let us fight them.'"

"While my father was parleying with the mob, Mrs. Carson and Mrs. Boggs, aided by an Indian woman who was a slave, dug a hole through the adobe wall which separated our house from the next. They did it with only a poker and an old iron spoon; I still have the poker that they used. We children were first pushed through the hole and then the women crawled through after us. My mother kept calling to my father to come also, but for quite a while he would not. When

he did try to escape, he was already wounded and had been scalped alive. He crawled through the hole holding his hand on the top of his bleeding head. But it was too late. Some of the men came after him through the hole and others came over the roof of the house and down into the yard. They broke down the doors and rushed upon my father. He was shot many times and fell dead at our feet. The pleading and tears of my mother and the sobbing of us children had no power to soften the hearts of the enraged Indians and Mexicans."

"At first they were going to take the rest of us away as prisoners, but finally they decided to leave us where we were. They ordered that no one should feed us, and then left us alone with our great sorrow. We were without food and had no covering but our night clothing, all that day and the next night. The body of our father remained on the floor in a pool of blood. We were naturally frightened as we did not know how soon the miscreants might return to do us violence. At about 3 o'clock the next morning, some of our Mexican friends stole up to the house and gave us food and clothing. That day, also, they took my father to bury him. A few days later we were allowed to go to their house. Mrs. Carson and Mrs. Boggs were sheltered by a friendly old Mexican, who took them to his home, disguised them as squaws and set them to grinding corn on metates in his kitchen."

What could be more graphic than this simple tale?

Conclusion.

Thus died Charles Bent—victim to his over-confidence in his fellow man. Had St. Vrain or Carson been in Taos, the result might have been different. But Carson was guiding Kearny's column to California, and St. Vrain was in Santa Fe on business. So he died!

Of the swift retribution, this is no time to speak. Of all the other deaths at Taos, at Arroyo Hondo and at Mora; of the march of the insurgents, intoxicated with success, towards Santa Fe; of the raising of St. Vrain's volunteers, and the rapid march of Price's little army; of the battles at Santa Cruz and Embudo, and the fierce conflict at the Pueblo; of the trials and the execution of the chief conspirators, we cannot speak today.

Charles Bent died for no personal reason; but because he was governor; because he represented a cause. He gave up his life for his country as fully as if he had died amid the roar of battle. His portrait, just unveiled before you, and to remain as his memorial in the capitol, has for its foundation the one for which he sat on his last visit to St. Louis in 1844, and which hangs on the wall of his daughter's house in Taos.

But he has a more enduring memorial, on the pages of history, as the first American governor of New Mexico.

CENSUS RETURNS WILL BE KEPT SECRET.

All Officers and Employees Are Under Oath and Heavy Penalty Not to Divulge Facts.

The census bureau is trying its best to impress upon the people the confidential nature of the replies given in reply to inquiries of enumerators. While the questions asked are many and go into details, yet, none of these details will be divulged to any one not connected with the census work and will be used merely to get at the statistical aggregates. For instance, the names of the people of Santa Fe are taken, not to publish them or to get out a directory, but merely to determine the total number of people living here. The livestock holdings of individuals are inquired into, not for the purpose of ascertaining their wealth but to show how many cattle, or sheep, or goats there are in the Territory as a whole.

Letters from the census supervisors to the United States census bureau show the erroneous apprehension of a considerable element of the population that their answers to the enumerators' question in the next census, beginning April 15, this year, will cause increased taxation, legal entanglements, or injurious consequences to their persons and property.

In order to quiet such unfounded fears, which would, unless removed, materially affect the accuracy of the census, the bureau has prepared an official statement relative to the decennial census, its origin, purpose, and uses.

This statement should furnish complete assurance to those concerned that information given the enumerators is held by the census bureau in the strictest confidence with reference to the identity of the informants, as required by the policy of the bureau and commanded by the law of the United States.

The bureau earnestly hopes that clergymen, priests, physicians, school teachers, employers, and other public spirited citizens who come in contact with large numbers of people, will cooperate with the bureau by telling persons who are believed to entertain erroneous opinions of the census the real facts and urging them to give full replies to the enumerators. Teachers are particularly requested to speak of the census to the school children and ask them to tell their parents about it.

The statement issued by the bureau explains that the constitution requires a census of the population to be taken every ten years in order to reapportion state representation in the national House of Representatives. It is the means also to ascertain the increase in the population, agriculture, industries, and resources of the nation since the last census.

It is emphatically declared, by the statement, that the information sought from the people of the United States is used solely for general statistical purposes. It will neither be published nor used in any other way to disclose facts regarding any individual or enterprise. The census, it goes on to say, is not, never has been, and can not be employed to obtain information that can be used in any way in the assessment of property for purposes of taxation or the collection of taxes, either national, state, or local; or for deportation proceedings, extradition measures, army or navy con-

scription, internal revenue investigations, compulsory school attendance, child-labor law prosecutions, quarantine regulations, or in any way to affect the life, liberty, or property of any person.

It points out that replies to the enumerators are and must be held by the census bureau in strict and absolute confidence. All the bureau officials, supervisors, supervisors' clerks, enumerators, and interpreters, before entering upon their duties, are obliged to take a solemn oath not to disclose any information they may obtain, except to the census bureau, and a violation of the United States law in regard to this oath means a \$1,000 fine or imprisonment for two years, or both, in the discretion of the court.

Small Holding Claim No. 1419. (Serial 012529.)

Pecos Forest Reserve. Not coal land Department of the Interior. United States Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 21, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that the following claimant has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim under sections 16 and 17 of the act of March 3, 1891 (26 Stats., 854), as amended by the act of February 21, 1893 (27 Stats., 470), and that said proof will be made before register or receiver at Santa Fe, N. M., (U. S. Land Office) on April 15, 1910, viz: Jose E. Roybal, heir of Gregorio Roybal, of Rowe, N. M., for the lots 1 and 2, and S 1-2, NE 1-4, Sec. 32, T. 16 N., R. 13 E., 15.172 acres.

He names the following witnesses to prove his actual continuous adverse possession of said tract for twenty years next preceding the survey of the township, viz:

Visenter Quintana, of Pecos, N. M.; Ramon Rodriguez, Cleofes Garcia, Caletano Garcia, all of Rowe, N. M.

Any person who desires to protest against the allowance of said proof, or who knows of any substantial reason under the laws and regulations of the Interior Department why such proof should not be allowed will be given an opportunity at the above-mentioned time and place to cross-examine the witnesses of said claimant, and to offer evidence in rebuttal of that submitted by claimant.

MANUEL R. OTERO, Register.

BLANKS

Printed and for sale by New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, N. Mex.

Mining Blanks.

Additional and Amended Location Certificate, 1-2 sheet.
Agreement of Publisher, 1-4 sheet.
Proof of Labor, 1-4 sheet.
Notice of Mining Location, 1-2 sheet.
Title Bond and Lease of Mining Property, 1-2 sheet.

Placer Mining Location, 1-4 sheet.
Title Bond of Mining Property, 1-2 sheet.

Mining Deed, 1-2 sheet.
Mining Lease, 1-2 sheet.
Coal Declaratory Statement, 1-2 sheet.

Coal Declaratory Statement with Power of an Attorney, Non-Mineral Affidavit and Corroborating Non-Mineral Affidavit, 1-2 sheet.

Notice of Right to Water, 1-4 sheet.
Forfeiture or Publishing Out of Notice, 1-4 sheet.

Affidavit of Assessment, 1-2 sheet.

Stock Blanks.

Bill of Sale—Animals Bearing Vendor's Recorded Brand, 1-4 sheet.

Bill of Sale, in Books of 25 Blanks, 40c per book.

Bill of Sale—Animals not Bearing Vendor's Recorded Brand, 1-4 sheet.

Bill of Sale—Range Delivery, 1-4 sheet.

Bill of Sale, 1-2 sheet.

Authority to Gather, Drive and

Handle Animals Bearing Owner's Recorded Brand, 1-2 sheet.

Authority to Gather, Drive and Handle Animals Not Bearing Owner's Recorded Brand, 1-2 sheet.

Certificate of Brand, 1-4 sheet.
Sheep Contract, 1-2 sheet.

Justice of the Peace Blanks.
Appeal Bond, 1-2 sheet.

Appeal Bond, Criminal, 1-2 sheet.
Appearance Bond, 1-2 sheet.

Appearance Bond on Continuance, (J. P.), 1-2 sheet.

Bond of Appearance, (District Court), 1-2 sheet.

Justice Quarterly Report, 1-2 sheet.
Bond to Keep the Peace, 1-2 sheet.

Complaint, Criminal, 1-4 sheet.
Forcible Entry and Detainer, Complaint, 1-2 sheet.

Forcible Entry and Detainer, Summons, 1-4 sheet.

Replevin Bond, 1-2 sheet.
Execution—Forcible Entry and Detainer, 1-4 sheet.

Replevin Writ, 1-4 sheet.
Replevin Affidavit, 1-4 sheet.

Peace Proceedings, Complaint, 1-4 sheet.

Warrant, 1-4 sheet.
Commitment, 1-4 sheet.

Attachment Affidavit, 1-4 sheet.
Attachment Bond, 1-4 sheet.

Attachment Writ, 1-4 sheet.
Attachment Summons as Garnishee, 1-4 sheet.

Execution, 1-4 sheet.
Summons, 1-4 sheet.

Subpoena, 1-4 sheet.
J. P. Complaint, 1-4 sheet.

Capias Complaint, 1-4 sheet.
Search Warrant, 1-2 sheet.

School Blanks.
Enumeration Form, 1-2 sheet.

Teachers' Certificate, 1-2 sheet.
Contract for School Teacher, 1-2 sheet.

Teachers' Term Register, full sheet.
Contract between Directors and Teachers, 1-4 sheet.

Oaths of School Director, 1-4 sheet.
Certificate of apportionment of School Funds, 1-2 sheet.

Contract for Fuel, 1-4 sheet.
Teachers' Monthly Report, 1-4 sheet.

District Clerks' Annual Report, 1-4 sheet.

Land Office Blanks.
Homestead Entry, 4-007, 1-2 sheet.

Non-Mineral Affidavit, 4-062, 1-2 sheet.
Proof, Testimony of Witness, 4-369, full sheet.

Proof, Testimony of Claimant, 4-369a, full sheet.

Desert Land Entry, Declaration of Applicant, 4-274, full sheet.

Deposition of Witness, 4-373a, 1-2 sheet.

Yearly Proof, 4-074b, full sheet.
Final Proof, 4-372a, 1-2 sheet.

Contest Notice, 4-345, 1-2 sheet.
Affidavit to be filed before contest, 4-072, 1-2 sheet.

Affidavit of Contest Against Non-Resident Entryman, 4-628, 1-2 sheet.

Notice of Intention to make final proof, 3-348, 1-2 sheet.

Additional Entry, 4-004, 1-2 sheet.
320 Homestead Entry, 4-003, 1-2 sheet.

Small Holding Proof, Affidavit of Applicant, full sheet.

Relinquishment, 1-2 sheet.
Township Plats, 1-4 sheet.

Township Plats, full sheet.

General Blanks.
Bond for Deed, 1-2 sheet.

Bond of Indemnity, 1-2 sheet.
Bond, General Form, 1-2 sheet.

Certificate of Marriage, 75c per doz.
Official Bond, 1-2 sheet.

Notice of Sale Under Foreclosure of Mortgage, full sheet.

Certificate of Election, 1-2 sheet.
Report of the Assessors, full sheet.

Application for License, 1-2 sheet.
Retail Liquor License, 1-2 sheet.

Notice of Conveyance, 1-2 sheet.
Deed, City of Santa Fe, 1-2 sheet.

Deed, City of Santa Fe, full sheet.

WANTS

FOR SALE—Lands irrigated by the Santa Fe Irrigation and Improvement Co., maps and prices at Charles E. Michael, Real Estate.

FOR SALE—94½ acres level land, under the Socorro ditch, 16 miles east of El Paso, Tex., \$50 per acre on terms. Charles E. Michael, Real Estate.

A slightly used piano for sale at a great sacrifice. Inquire Curio Store, southeast corner of plaza. Easy terms. If you wish to exchange that old piano for a new one, call at the Curio Store, southeast corner of plaza; easy terms.

WANTED—Young men to learn automobile business by mail and prepare for positions as chauffeurs and repair men. We make you expert in ten weeks; assist you to secure position. Pay big; work pleasant; demand for men great; reasonable; write for particulars and sample lesson. Empire Automobile Institute, Rochester, N. Y.

TO AND FROM ROSWELL. Connection made with Automobile line at Torrance for Roswell daily. Automobile leaves Torrance for Roswell at 4 a. m., and arrives at Roswell at 12 noon. Automobile leaves Roswell for Torrance at 1 p. m. and arrives at Torrance at 10 p. m. The fare between Santa Fe and Torrance is \$5.80 and between Torrance and Roswell \$10. Reserve seats on automobile by wire.—J. W. Stockard.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communications first Monday of each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m.

H. H. DORMAN, Acting Master.
ALAN R. McCORD, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.
S. G. CARTWRIGHT, H. P.
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular conclave fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

J. A. MASSIE, E. C.
W. E. GRIFFIN, Recorder.

Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection No. 1 14th degree. Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry meets on the third Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the evening in Masonic Hall, south side of Plaza. Visiting Scottish Rite Masons are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN W. MAYES, 32. Venerable Master.
HENRY F. STEPHENS, 32. Secretary.

B. P. O. E. Santa Fe Lodge No. 460, B. P. O. E., holds its regular session on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome. DAVID KNAPP, Exalted Ruler.
J. D. SENA, Secretary.

Knights of Pythias. Santa Fe Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias. Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesdays in month at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall, San Francisco St. Visiting Knight's invited to attend. AUGUST REINGART, C. C.
JOHN K. STAUFFER, K. R. S.

There is Only One
"Bromo Quinine"
That is
Laxative Bromo Quinine
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Always remember the full name. Look for this signature on every box. 25c.

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DAYLIGHT TRAIN TO EL PASO
VIA
NEW MEXICO CENTRAL AND EL PASO AND SOUTHWESTERN

Leaving Santa Fe 8:45 a. m.
Arriving El Paso 10:40 p. m.

RETURNING
Leaving El Paso 8:00 a. m.
Arriving Santa Fe 9:45 p. m.

Close connections at El Paso for Los Angeles, Calif., and points in Southern New Mexico and Arizona on Southern Pacific and El Paso & Southwestern.

QUICK TIME TO ALL POINTS EAST

Train No. 4

Will leave Santa Fe 8:45 a. m.
Arrive at Kansas City 5:50 p. m. next day
Arrive at Chicago 8:20 a. m. 2nd day

E. P. & S. W. and Rock Island trains carry Standard Pullman and Tourist Sleepers, Chair Cars and Coaches
J. P. LYNG,
City & Freight Passenger Agent

Cures Biliousness, Sick Headache, Sour Stomach, Torpid Liver and Chronic Constipation. Pleasant to take

ORINO
Laxative Fruit Syrup
STRIPLING-BURROWS & CO.

Cleanses the system thoroughly and clears sallow complexions of pimples and blotches. It is guaranteed

Minor City Topics.

(Continued From Page Two.)

Rangers Come Marching Home—David L. Williams and Clarence Wright, rangers of the Pecos forest, and who reside in Glorieta are in the city. They spent some time this morning at the office of Forest Supervisor Stewart.

Secured Fine Picture—Photographer Craycraft took a number of 8-1-2 by 10-1-2 pictures of the parade yesterday morning and they proved very good indeed. The photos of Governor Mills and Curry in a carriage, and of the soldiers on foot as well as the aides and officers on horseback are realistic. Mr. Craycraft is making a series of 75 lantern slides showing the beauties of this country and they will prove very serviceable to illustrate a lecture on Santa Fe or New Mexico.

Medal Contests—A double contest will be given in the high school auditorium tomorrow night beginning at eight o'clock. The participants are receiving careful training from Miss Parrot and a most enjoyable entertainment is promised. None should fail to attend. Admission for adults twenty-five cents and for children ten cents.

Weston at Cerrillos—Pedestrian Weston passed through Cerrillos at noon yesterday and slept at Glorieta last night. At Cerrillos, he accompanied Dr. Palmer to his home. After drinking two bowls of milk he slept an hour and at 2:20 resumed his walk after eating a bowl of corn flakes and milk.

FUEL AND IRON COMPANY IS BLAMED.

Committee of United Mine Workers Charge it With Responsibility for the Disaster.

Denver, March 2.—In a report to be submitted to the United Mine Workers of America, the committee of the United Mine Workers of the Denver district which has been investigating the Primero mine disaster, will charge the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company with responsibility for the disaster.

Denounced as Slave Territory.

Denver, Colo., March 2.—Edwin Brake, state labor commissioner, has also issued a statement charging the company with gross negligence, and that the company's mining camps are run as "slave territory." These reports differ from that of State Mine Inspector John D. Jones. A movement is said to be on foot among the leaders to ask Governor Schaffroth to appoint a committee to investigate conditions in the mining camps.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

INAUGURAL RECEPTION AND BALL A BRILLIANT SUCCESS.

(Continued From Page One)

And after the governor's party had retired the others in the ball room were admitted, forty at a time.

Presiding at the table were Mrs. R. J. Palen and Mrs. Paul A. F. Walter, the first half of the evening, and Mrs. A. J. Fisher and Mrs. C. L. Bishop succeeding them. The buffet room was dazlingly beautiful and every one coming into it so declared. Many compliments were paid to the ladies on the decoration committee that had charge of this room. The color scheme was pink and green and it was carried out effectively, side brackets of electric lights with pink shades shedding a soft glow that was charming as well as restful. From the center of the ceiling to each of the corners of the room were strung electric bulbs entwined with evergreen. Falling from the center was an enormous shade of ferns and smilax, the construction of which showed the hand of an artist. On the mantelpiece was a large star which shone with the brightness of a thousand candles. Underneath the star were the figures "49" meaning that New Mexico would soon be the 49th state.

A large round table stood in the center of the room. It was covered with a snow white tablecloth of finest linen, with large pink butterfly beaus of gauze attached to it, alternating with candlesticks set in a glass bowl filled with pink carnations. In the center of the table was placed a large mirror on which rested a cut glass basket filled with pink carnations.

The collation served was appetizing as well as of a variety, and the Woman's Board of Trade, which served it, under the direction of the refreshment committee deserves much praise.

Dance Until Morn.

Governor and Mrs. Mills stayed at the dance until after midnight and there were many who remained until 2 and 2:30 a. m. The dance however, held sway for many others until the wee small hours when in most cities the milkmen are making their rounds. When finally the last strains of the orchestra had died away and the last sound of gliding daintily slipped feet had been heard, it was high time for the lights to be turned out as Old Sol was showing threatening signs of competition in the illuminary line, away over in the east.

WANTED—Young men to learn automobile business by mail and prepare for positions as chauffeurs and repair men. We make you expert in ten weeks; assist you to secure position. Pay big; work pleasant; demand for men great; reasonable; write for particulars and sample lesson. Empire Automobile Institute, Rochester, N. Y.

GOVERNOR MILLS GREATLY PLEASED

Warmth of Welcome and Brilliancy of Inaugural Exercises Appreciated

REMLEY DISTRICT ATTORNEY

Supreme Court's Hands Tied For Lack of Quorum Necessary to Business.

Governor William J. Mills was at his desk in the executive office early this morning. He was kept busy by a large line of visitors, some on business bent, others to congratulate him. Governor Mills expressed himself delighted with the reception given him and could scarce find words to express appreciation of the work of the different committees that had charge of the inaugural exercises and festivities. It was a welcome that touched him, and pleased him immensely.

"I will do what is right as executive of New Mexico," he said, simply, "if I did not, I could not expect popular approval."

Many were the encomiums and words of praise for his inaugural address heard today. "There is no mistaking his sentiments or the policy he has mapped out for himself," said one prominent visitor and he summed up the general opinion.

Notaries Public Appointed.

Before going out of office, Governor Curry appointed the following notaries public: Felipe Tapia of La Lluenda, San Miguel county; Alfred Jelfs of Raton, Colfax county. Governor Mills today appointed Lee Anderson of Tucumcari, Quay county, and Ismael Garcia of Seboyeta, Valencia county, notaries public.

District Attorney for Colfax County.

Governor Mills today appointed George E. Remley of Cimarron, Colfax county, district attorney for the Colfax county district, to succeed Elmer E. Studley, resigned. Mr. Remley is a young attorney of scholarly attainments who has kept himself free from factional entanglements, and every indication is that "he will make good," as the Colfax county delegation in the capital remarked before leaving for home today. Mr. Remley has been in the law office of Attorney Frank Springer for a number of years.

Incorporations.

The Buckley Investment Company of Albuquerque, today filed incorporation papers in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa. The capital is \$25,000 divided into 250 shares. The

incorporators and directors are H. A. Buckley, secretary and manager, 9 shares; J. R. Buckley, treasurer, of Albuquerque, 9 shares; George Curry of Tularosa, Otero county, president, 1 share; R. A. Ford of Santa Fe, vice-president, 1 share.

Dissolution of Corporation.

The Wool and Hide Company of East Las Vegas today filed dissolution papers in the office of the territorial secretary. They are signed by H. W. Kelly, G. W. Bond, and Clarence Iden.

Corporation Amendment.

The Union Commercial Company of Clayton, Union county, today filed an amendment to its constitution and by-laws reducing the number of its directors from four to three.

Supreme Court.

The supreme court of New Mexico found itself in an anomalous position because of lack of quorum this forenoon but as Judge Frank W. Parker is expected to return from Las Cruces this afternoon, it will have four out of seven members present. But under the statute, no judge can sit in a case that was tried before him in the lower court and therefore, the court will still be without a quorum as Judge Alfred W. Cooley is too ill to attend, and Judge M. C. Mechem is unable to be present for other reasons. The case of certain citizens of Progreso vs. The Board of County Commissioners of Torrance county, for reinstatement of an injunction recently dissolved, relating to the building of a county court house at Estancia, was to have been argued this forenoon.

Auto Service Between Monterey and Roswell.

The postoffice department is asking for bids to carry the mails daily each way between Monterey, the new town near Tularosa, Otero county, to Roswell, 117.5 miles, going by Tularosa, Bent, Mesalero, Rindoso, Glencoe, San Patricio, Hondo, Tinnie and Picacho. A bond of \$15,000 is required and the contract will be for four years. It is proposed to make this an auto mail route.

Retained as Messenger.

John H. Roberts has been retained as messenger at the executive office.

National Guard Orders.

M. M. Padgett, Las Vegas, N. M., is commissioned colonel and chief of ordinance, National Guard of New Mexico, to date from this day.

The following are commissioned as captains in the National Guard of New Mexico to date from this day:

Secundino Romero, Las Vegas, N. M.
Jose D. Sena, Santa Fe, N. M.
W. A. Fleming Jones, Las Cruces, N. M.
Venceslao Jaramillo, El Rito, N. M.

E. W. Dobson, Albuquerque, N. M.

The following appointments to the staff of the commander-in-chief, to date from today, are announced for the information of all concerned:

Frank W. Clancy to be judge advocate general with rank of colonel.

Captain Robert Smart to be surgeon general with rank of colonel.

Colonel M. M. Padgett, aide-de-camp.
Captain Secundino Romero, aide-de-camp.

Captain Jose D. Sena, aide-de-camp.

Captain W. A. Fleming Jones, aide-de-camp.

Captain Venceslao Jaramillo, aide-de-camp.

Captain E. W. Dobson, aide-de-camp.

By command of the Governor.

A. S. BROOKES,
Adjutant General.

S. B. GRIMSHAW'S REMAINS ARE LAID TO REST.

Rev. J. R. Gass Conducts Services at the House; Masons at the Grave—Many Floral Tributes.

With the impressive ceremonies of the Presbyterian church and of the Masonic order, to both of which he belonged, Postmaster S. B. Grimshaw's funeral took place at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon.

A room would scarcely hold the floral tributes sent by Mr. Grimshaw's friends and members of the Masonic lodges to which he belonged.

The services at the Grimshaw residence where the body had reposed since Saturday were conducted by the Rev. John R. Gass, pastor of the Presbyterian church of Albuquerque. Then at the grave in Fairview cemetery, the Masons held services, as impressive as is usual when a thirty-second degree mason is interred. They were conducted by H. F. Stephens, past master of the Blue Lodge of which Mr. Grimshaw was a member.

The pallbearers were A. R. McCord, John Zook, C. J. Crandall, H. H. Dorman, Judge J. R. McFie and Captain Fred Muller.

Manager Hanson of the Wagner Undertaking Establishment had charge of the funeral arrangements.

THOUSANDS ARE HOMELESS.

(Continued from Page One.)

danger still remains, caused by ice gorges.

Mechanicsburg is still under water, as is Warren, where the Mahoning river is an a rampage. The Cuyahoga river has inundated Clifton and Warwic. At Zanesville several hundred families were driven from their homes and suffering is acute.

Low Lands Overflowed.

Wikesbarre, Pa., March 2.—The Susquehanna river continues to rise. It is now a foot above the danger mark. All the lowlands between Pittston and Nanticoke are overflowed.

The New Mexican Printing Company has on hand a large supply of pads and tablets suitable for school work, the desk, and also for lawyers and merchants; good everywhere. We will sell them at 5 cents in book form.

TRAINS HURLED INTO CANYON.

(Continued from Page One.)

E. Tegemeier, Gillman Bennington, Jenks Mouke, A. E. Bates, Fred Nelson, all of Everett; Brakeman Ross, Conductor M. A. White, Mail Clerk A. H. Hursell, Porters A. Smith and L. Anderson; Trainmaster W. Herrington. Among the passengers known to be on the express train are Johnson, a stockman of Trinidad, Colorado. The avalanche rolled down the mountain at 4:20 a. m. Two trains, three locomotives, four powerful electric motors, the depot and the water tank were swept off the ledge like so much straw, and deposited a twisted mass of wreckage at the foot of the mountain. The noise of the avalanche was heard for miles, and Superintendent O'Neil, who was directing the work at night attacking the snow drifts, marshalled his men to a hurried rescue. Groans and cries of help came from the jumbled heap of debris and the rescuers worked in feverish haste to release the unfortunates.

WILL COST HUNDRED DOLLARS A SEAT.

Only the Well to Do Will Be Able to See the Slugging Match of Jeffries and Johnson.

San Francisco, March 2.—Fight enthusiasts will have to "dig" deep to get seats for the Jeffries-Johnson combat on July 4. Announcement was made yesterday that bleacher points of advantage will sell at ten dollars each while the ring side box cushions will cost exactly one hundred dollars. Promoters Gleason and Rickard already have received hundreds of requests for reservations.

NOTICE.

Dissolution of Partnership.
The Santa Fe Hardware and Supply Company, a co-partnership composed of F. E. Dunlavy, and W. H. Kennedy, doing business in Santa Fe, N. M., up to September 10th, 1909, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due to the above firm must be paid to F. E. Dunlavy at room 19, Catron block.
Dated at Santa Fe, N. M., Feb. 21st, 1910.

F. E. DUNLAVY,
W. H. KENNEDY.

TO AND FROM ROSWELL.

Connection made with Automobile line at Torrance for Roswell daily. Automobile leaves Torrance for Roswell at 4 a. m. and arrives at Roswell at 12 noon. Automobile leaves Roswell for Torrance at 1 p. m. and arrives at Torrance at 10 p. m. The fare between Santa Fe and Torrance is \$5.80 and between Torrance and Roswell \$10. Reserve seats on automobile by wire.—J. W. Stockard.

First Showing of Spring & Summer Millinery at

BIG STORE

Grandest Display of LADIES HATS

that ever was shown not only in Santa Fe, but in the Territory of New Mexico : : : : :

Mrs. Welvart, having just returned from the Eastern markets, has everything for the inspection of the public. You are all invited to look at the magnificent display of GAGE, FISKE and other Tailored Hats. Also dress Hats. It will cost you nothing to look and it will convince you that you can get the best and most beautifully trimmed hats of the latest models, at a third less than you would pay in any other millinery establishment.

Mrs. Jeanette Welvart, the trimmer and saleslady, needs no introduction as she is regarded as the best milliner in New Mexico.

WATCH for our grand opening to be announced later.

MRS. JEANETTE WELVART at

NATHAN SALMON SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO.