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Justification for Class III Permit Modification March 2006 AOC 1094 Operable Unit 1295 Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon)

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Sandia National Laboratories

Justification for Class III Permit Modification

March 2006

AOC 1094
Operable Unit 1295
Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon)

RSI Submitted April 2005 CAC (SWMU Assessment Report) Submitted September 2005

Environmental Restoration Project



United States Department of Energy Sandia Site Office



United States Department of Energy under contract DE-AC04-94I85000.



Drain and Septic Systems (DSS) Areas of Concern (AOCs) 1090, 1094, 1095, 1114, 1115, 1116, and 1117 (Poster 1 of 2)





Environmental Restoration Project

Site Histories

Drain and septic system site histories for the seven AOCs are as follows:

AOC Number	Site Name	Location	Year Building and System Built	Year Drain or Septic System Abandoned	Year(s) Septic Tank and/or Seepage Pits Backfilled
1090	Bldg 6721 Septic System	TA-III	1959	1991	Late 1990s
1094	Live Fire Range East Septic System	Lurance Canyon	Unknown	Unit is active	Septic system is still in use
1095	Bldg 9938 Seepage Pit	Coyote Test Field	1971	Unknown	2005
1114	Bldg 9978 Drywell	Coyote Test Field	1971	Unit is active	No septic tank or seepage pit at this site
1115	Former Offices Septic System	Solar Tower Complex	1976	1979	2005
1116	Bldg 9981A Seepage Pit	Solar Tower Complex	1981	Unit is active	Seepage pit is still in use
1117	Bldg 9982 Drywell	Solar Tower Complex	1980	1990s	No septic tank or seepage pit at this site

Depth to Groundwater

Depth to the regional aquifer at these seven AOCs is as follows:

AOC Number	Site Name	Location	Groundwater Depth (ft bgs)
1090	Bldg 6721 Septic System	TA-III	473
1094	Live Fire Range East Septic System	Lurance Canyon	107
1095	Bldg 9938 Seepage Pit	Coyote Test Field	300
1114	Bldg 9978 Drywell	Coyote Test Field	41
1115	Former Offices Septic System	Solar Tower Complex	± 150
1116	Bldg 9981A Seepage Pit	Solar Tower Complex	150
1117	Bldg 9982 Drywell	Solar Tower Complex	150

Constituents of Concern-

- · VOCs
- · SVOCs
- PCBs
- PCBsHE Compounds
- Metals
- Metals
 Cyanide
- Radionuclides

Investigations

- A backhoe was used to positively locate buried components (drainfield drain lines, drywells, and seepage pits) so that locations for soil-vapor samplers and soil borings could be selected.
- Two of the seven AOCs were selected by NMED for passive soil-vapor sampling to screen for VOCs; no significant VOC contamination was identified at either site.
- Soil samples were collected from directly beneath drainfield drain lines, seepage pits, and drywells to determine if COCs were released to the environment from drain systems.

The years that site-specific characterization activities were conducted and soil sampling depths at each of these seven AOC sites are as follows:

Site Number	Site Name	Buried Components (Drain Lines, Drywells) Located With a Backhoe	Soil Sampling Beneath Drainlines, Seepage Pits, Drywells	Type(s) of Drain System and Soil Sampling Depths (ft bgs)	Passive Soil-Vapor Sampling
1090	Bldg 6721 Septic System	2002	2002, 2005	Drainfield: 4, 9	None
1094	Live Fire Range East Septic System	1999	1999, 2005	Drainfield: Borehole 1: 7, 12 Borehole 2: 7, 12, 17, 22 Borehole 3: 7, 11, 17, 22	2002
1095	Bldg 9938 Seepage Pit	None	1999, 2005	Seepage Pit: 8.5, 9.5	2002
1114	Bldg 9978 Drywell	2002	2002	Drywell: 6, 11	None
1115	Former Offices Septic System	1999	1999, 2005	Drainfield: 5, 10, 15, 20	None
1116	Bldg 9981A Seepage Pit	None	1999, 2005	Seepage Pit: Boreholes 1 & 3: 8, 13 Borehole 2: 8, 13.5	None
1117	Bldg 9982 Drywell	None	1999, 2005	Drywell: 11, 16	None

Summary of Data Used for CAC Justification

- Soil samples were analyzed at off-site laboratories for VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, HE compounds, RCRA metals, chromium VI, cyanide, and gross alpha/beta activity, and at on- and off-site laboratories for radionuclides by gamma spectroscopy.
- VOCs were detected at AOCs 1090, 1094, 1114, 1115, and 1116. PCBs were detected at AOC 1115. Chromium VI was detected at AOCs 1094, 1095, 1115, 1116, and 1117. Cyanide was detected at AOCs 1095, 1114, and 1115. SVOCs were detected at AOCs 1090 and 1115; however, further investigation at AOC 1090, indicated that ubiquitous or widespread SVOC contamination was not present.
- Arsenic and barium were detected above background values at AOC 1090. Lead was detected above the background value at AOC 1115, and silver was detected above the background value at AOC 1094. No other metals were detected above background values.
- U-235 was detected above the background activity at AOC 1090 and, although not detected, the MDA for U-235 exceeded the background activity at all seven sites. U-238 was detected above the background activity at AOC 1115, and Th-232 was detected slightly above the background activity at AOC 1116. Gross beta activity was slightly above background activity at AOC 1090.
- For six of the sites all of the confirmatory soil sample analytical results were used for characterizing that site, for performing the risk screening assessment, and as justification for the CAC proposal. For AOC 1090, the 2005 SVOC results and the remainder of the non-SVOC 2002 analytical results were used for characterizing the site, for performing the risk screening assessment, and as justification for the proposal of CAC.

Recommended Future Land Use

- Recreational land use was established for AOC 1094.
- Industrial land use was established for AOCs 1090, 1095, 1114, 1115, 1116, and 1117.

Results of Risk Analysis

- Risk assessment results for industrial and residential land-use scenarios are calculated per NMED risk assessment guidance as presented in "Supplemental Risk Document Supporting Class 3 Permit Modification Process."
- Because COCs were present in concentrations greater than background-screening levels or because constituents were present that did not have background-screening levels, it was necessary to perform risk assessments for these all of these sites. The risk assessment analysis evaluated the potential for adverse health effects for the residential land-use scenario.
- The non-radiological total human health HIs for all seven sites are below NMED guidelines for a residential land-use scenario.
- For AOC 1090, the total estimated excess cancer risk is at the residential land-use scenario guideline.
 However, the incremental excess cancer risk value for this site is below the NMED residential land-use scenario guideline.
- The incremental human health TEDEs for the industrial land-use scenario ranged from 7.2E-4 to 2.5E-2 mrem/yr at six of the sites; at AOC 1094, the incremental human health TEDE was 1.9E-3 mrem/yr for the recreational land-use scenario. All of these incremental human health TEDEs are substantially below the EPA numerical guideline of 15 mrem/yr. The incremental human health TEDE for the residential land-use scenario for all the sites ranged from 4.8E-3 to 6.4E-2 mrem/yr, all of which are substantially below the EPA numerical guideline of 75 mrem/yr. Therefore, all of these sites are eligible for unrestricted radiological release.
- Using the SNL predictive ecological risk methodology, it was concluded that there is not a complete ecological pathway at six of the sites. Thus, a more detailed ecological risk assessment to predict the level of risk was not deemed necessary for these sites. Ecological risk for the remaining site, AOC 1090, was predicted to be low.
- In conclusion, human health risks under a residential land-use scenario and ecological risks are acceptable per NMED guidance. Thus, these sites are proposed for CAC without institutional controls.

The total HIs and excess cancer risk values for the nonradiological COCs at the seven sites are as follows:

		Resid	ential Land-Use Scenario
Site Number	Site Name	Total Hazard Index	Excess Cancer Risk
1090	Bldg 6721 Septic System	0.28	1E-5ª Total / 1.44E-6 Incremental
1094	Live Fire Range East Septic System	0.00	7E-10 Total
1095	Bldg 9938 Seepage Pit	0.00	6E-10 Total
1114	Bldg 9978 Drywell	0.00	1E-10 Total
1115	Former Offices Septic System	0.00	7E-10 Total
1116	Bldg 9981A Seepage Pit	0.00	7E-10 Total
1117	Bldg 9982 Drywell	0.00	5E-10 Total
1117	NMED Guidance	<1	<1E-5

aValue exceeds NMED guidance for residential land-use scenario; therefore, incremental values are shown.



United States Department of Energy under contract DE-AC04-94I85000.

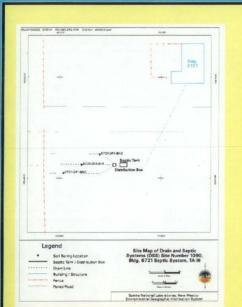


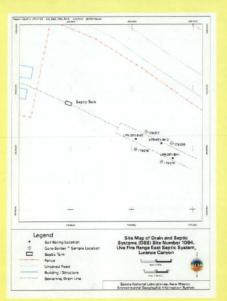
Drain and Septic Systems (DSS) Areas of Concern (AOCs) 1090, 1094, 1095, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, (Poster 2 of 2)



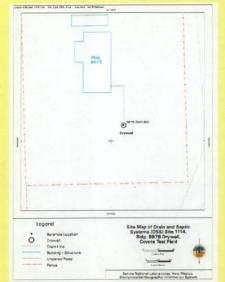


Environmental Restoration Project











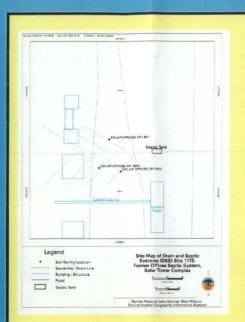
Auger drilling through the gravel aggregate to collect additional soil samples for VOC analysis at the AOC 1117 Drywell.

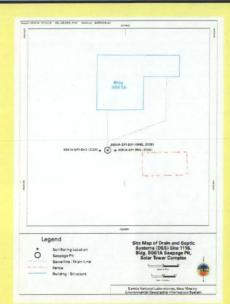


Backfilling the seepage pit excavation at AOC 1095. The section of metal culvert that was removed from the seepage pit is next to the worker in the foreground. The Solar Tower is in the background.



Collecting additional soil samples for VOCs from a borehole drilled adjacent to the seepage pit at AOC 1116 with the Solar Tower in background.







For More Information Contact

U.S. Department of Energy Sandia Site Office Environmental Restoration Mr. John Gould Telephone (505) 845-6089 Sandia National Laboratories Environmental Restoration Project Task Leader: Mike Sanders Telephone (505) 284-2478



Sandia National Laboratories

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United States Department of Energy Sandia Site Office



National Nuclear Security Administration

Sandia Site Office P.O. Box 5400 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185-5400



APR 7 2005

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr James Bearzi, Chief Hazardous Waste Bureau New Mexico Environment Department 2905 Rodeo Park Road East, Building 1 Santa Fe. NM 87505

Dear Mr. Bearzi,

On behalf of the Department of Energy (DOE) and Sandia Corporation, DOE is submitting the enclosed Quality Control (QC) Report, and copies of gamma spectroscopy analytical results for the entire Drain and Septic Systems (DSS) project. in response to the New Mexico Environment Department Request for Supplemental Information: Environmental Restoration Project SWMU Assessment Reports and Proposals for Corrective Action Complete: Drain and Septic Systems Sites 1034, 1035, 1036, 1078, 1079, 1084, 1098, 1104, and 1120, (DSS Round 6); September 2004, Environmental Restoration Project at Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico, EPA ID No. NM589011518, dated January 14, 2005.

One hardcopy (consisting of seven volumes) will be delivered to Will Moats (NMED), and an electronic CD will be sent by certified mail to you and Laurie King (EPA).

If you have any questions, please contact John Gould at (505) 845-6089.

Sincerely.

Patty Wagner

Manager

Enclosure

cc w/ enclosure:

W. Moats, NMED-HWB (via Certified Mail)

L. King, EPA, Region 6 (Via Certified Mail)

M. Gardipe, NNSA/SC/ERD

J. Volkerding, DOE-NMED-OB

cc w/o enclosure:

D. Pepe, NMED-OB

J. Estrada, NNSA/SSO, MS 0184

F. Nimick, SNL, MS 1089

R. E. Fate, SNL, MS 1089

M. J. Davis, SNL, MS 1089

D. Stockham, SNL, MS 1087

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M. Sanders, SNL, MS 1087

A. Blumberg, SNL, MS 0141



Sandia National Laboratories

Drain and Septic Systems Project Quality Control (QC) Report

April 2005

Volume 1 of 7 Master Index and

Field Duplicate Relative Percent Difference Tables

Environmental Restoration Project



United States Department of Energy Sandia Site Office

Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico Drain and Septic Systems Project Quality Control Report April 2005

In response to the New Mexico Environmental Department (NMED) request for supplemental information dated January 14, 2005, the Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM) Environmental Restoration (ER) project is providing a complete set of laboratory analytical quality control (QC) documentation for approximately 1,200 soil and associated field blank and duplicate samples collected at the SNL/NM Drain and Septic System (DSS) sites from 1998 to 2002.

The documentation set is comprised of seven report binders. The first binder contains a master index sorted by DSS Site number, and then by analytical parameter. The master index also includes the site names, binder number in which the pertinent QC information can be found for any individual sample, Analytical Request/Chain of Custody (AR/COC) numbers, ER sample IDs, ER sample numbers, sample collection dates, sample matrix, analytical laboratory, and the laboratory analytical batch number for these DSS samples. The first binder also contains tables of calculated relative percent differences (RPDs) for primary and field duplicate sample pairs collected at the DSS sites from 1998 to 2002.

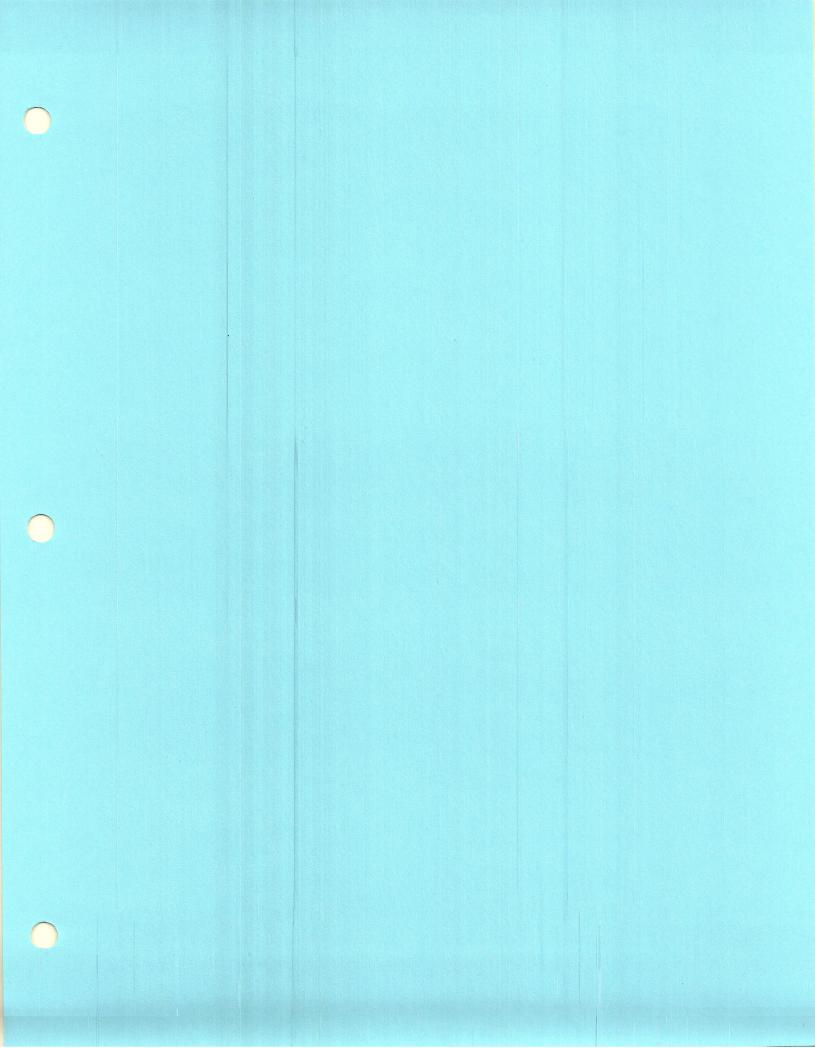
Binders 2 through 5 include the detailed QC information for General Engineering Laboratories (GEL). Binder 6 includes the same type of information for the ER Chemistry Laboratory (ERCL). Binders 2 through 6 include general narratives which address condition on receipt at the laboratory, and sample integrity issues (proper preservation, shipping, AR/COC, etc.). Technical narratives are also provided for each analytical method used. These narratives address holding time and any other specific QC method conformance issues. QC summaries are included for each QC batch. These include the result data and applicable calculations (percent recovery, RPD) for analytical blanks, spikes, and replicates. Finally, Binder 7 includes both complete gamma spectroscopy data documentation, and the associated batch QC from the SNL Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostic (RPSD) Laboratory. For each data set indicated by the AR/COC number, an individual cross reference summary sheet is provided.

DRAIN AND SEPTIC SYSTEMS PROJECT QC MASTER INDEX

Site #	Site Name	Binder#	COC#	ER Sample ID	Sample #	SAMPLE DATE	MATRIX	LAB TEST	Lab	BATCH#
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH3-10-S	048410-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	GEL	157237
1093	Bldg, 6584 W. SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH3-5-\$	048409-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	GEL	157237
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH1-10-S	048404-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	Cr+6	GEL	157969
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH1-5-S	048403-002	19-AUG-99	SOIL	Cr+6	GEL	157969
1093	,Bldg, 6584 W, SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH2-10-DU	048407-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	Cr+6	GEL	157969
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH2-10-MSDS	048408-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	Cr+6	GEL	157969
1093	Bldg, 6584 W, SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH2-10-S	048406-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	Cr+6	GEL	157969
1093	Bldg, 6584 W, SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH2-5-S	048405-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	Cr+6	GEL	157969
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH3-10-\$	048410-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	Cr+6	GEL	157969
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 2	602763	B6584W-DF1-BH3-5-S	048409-002	20-AUG-99	SOIL	Сг+6	GEL	157969
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 7	600442	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH1-10-S	041488-005	01-JUL-98	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	RPSD	801348
1093	Bidg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 7	600442	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH1-5-S	041487-005	01-JUL-98	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	RPSD	801348
	Bldg, 6584 W. SS	Volume 7	600442	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH2-5-S	041489-005	01-JUL-98	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	RPSD	801348
1093	Bldg, 6584 W. SS	Volume 7	600442	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH3-10-S	041492-005	01-JUL-98	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	RPSD	801348
	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 7	600442	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH3-5-S	041491-005	01-JUL-98	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	RPSD	801348
1093	Bldg, 6584 W. SS	Volume 7	600512	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH10-S	041490-005	13-JUL-98	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	RPSD	801427
1093	and a Term region to be so a con-	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH1-10-S	041488-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	MEKC_RE	ERCL	HE-027
1093	Bldg, 6584 W. SS Bldg, 6584 W. SS	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH1-5-S	041487-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	MEKC_HE	ERCL	HE-027
1093	Bldg, 6584 W. SS	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH2-5-S	041489-004	.01-JUL-98	SOIL	MEKC_HE	ERCL	HE-027
1093	Bldg, 6584 W. SS	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH3-10-S	041492-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	MEKC_HE	ERCL	(HE-027
1093 1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH3-5-S	041491-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	MEKC_HE	ERCL	HE-027
	magnification Tables, in present the contract of the	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-EB	041503-008	01-JUL-98	WATER	MEKC_HE	ERCL	HE-027
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 6	600450	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH4-10-S	041490-004	13-JUL-98	SOIL	MEKC_HE	ERCL	HE-029
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH1-10-S	041488-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA6020	ERCL	SI98-19
1093	Bldg. 6584 W. SS	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH1-5-S	041487-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA6020	ERCL	SI98-19
1093	anang cama Spring ang managan bana ang m	and the second second second second	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH2-5-S	041489-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA6020	LRCL	SI98-19
1093	and the second of the second o	Volume 6 Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH3-10-S	041492-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA6020	ERCL	SI98-19
1093	and the second s	A Company of the Control of the Cont	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH3-5-S	041491-004	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA6020	ERCL	SI98-19
1093	and the second s	Volume 6	600450	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH4-10-S	041490-004	13-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA6020	ERCL	SI98-24
1093	- American Comment of the second	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH1-10-S	041488-001	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA8260	ERCL	SVOC-043
1093	manager of the artists and the state of the	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH1-5-S	D41487-001	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA8260	ERCL	SVOC-043
1093	and the contract of the contra	Volume 6	danca resistante	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH2-5-S	041489-001	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA8260	ERCL	SVOC-043
1093	and the second	Volume 6	600440 600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH3-10-S	1041492-001	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA8260	ERCL	SVOC-043
1093	reading the control of the control o	Volume 6	of cards and a contract of	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH3-5-S	041491-001	01-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA8260	ERCL	SVOC-043
1093	manager to the second of the s	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-DF1-BH4-10-S	041490-001	13-JUL-98	SOIL	EPA8260	ERCL	SVOC-049
1093	HEANGER OF THE SELECTION OF THE SELECTI	Volume 6	600450	THE RESERVE OF THE PROPERTY OF	041503-007	01-JUL-98	WATER	EPA6020	ERCL	WI96-12
1093	Carried State of the Control of the	Volume 6	600440	ER-1295-W6584-EB	050069-011	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	Cr+6	GEL	157999
1094	بالتفاقية فيقه فهوا ورزافته فالمتحدد الماسم أوروسه	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-Cr6+	050069-010	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	TOTAL-CN	GEL	158008
1094	uner ie∳ alexante en la graen de la la elevation de la comp	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-CN	050063-003	01-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	GEL	158012
1094	manage and the second s	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	1050063-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	GEL	158012
1094	magazine for the contract of t	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	050062-003	01-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	GEL	15B012
1094	manager and the second of the second of the second	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-\$	050062-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	GEL	158012
109-	LER E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	CON-GOUNGUI	304-0L1 -00	AND	Annual Control of the	en de la companya de	

DRAIN AND SEPTIC SYSTEMS PROJECT QC MASTER INDEX

C# #	Site Name	Binder#	COC#	ER Sample ID	Sample #	SAMPLE DATE	MATRIX	LAB TEST	Lab	BATCH#
Site # 1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	050065-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	GEL	158012
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-8H3-12-S	050068-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	GEL	158012
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	050067-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	GEL	158012
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-HE	050069-009	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	HE-8330	GEL	158013
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	050063-003	01-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	GEL	158016
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	050064-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	GEL	158016
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	050062-003	01-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	GEL	158016
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	050066-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	GEL	158016
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	050065-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	GEL	158016
	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	050068-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	GEL	158016
1094		erande i de entre é	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	050067-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	GEL	158016
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	050063-001	01-SEP-99	SOIL	:VOA-8260	GEL	158044
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	050064-001	02-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	GEL	158044
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	entropia i contra motor incer	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	050062-001	01-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	GEL	158044
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	050066-001	02-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	GEL	158044
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	050065-001	02-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	GEL	158044
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-\$	050068-001	02-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	GEL	158044
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	050067-001	02-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	GEL	158044
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	050063-003	01-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	GEL	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	050064-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	GEL	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	050062-003	01-SEP-99	isolL	PCB-8082	GEL	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817 602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	050066-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	GEL	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	Company of the profit of the company	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	050065-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	GEL	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	050068-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	GEL	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	and the state of t	050067-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	GEL	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	050069-013	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	VOA-8260	GEL	158072
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-EB	050069-014	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	VOA-8260	GEL	158072
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-TB	050069-008	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	BNA-8270	GEL	158075
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-BNA	050063-003	01-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	GEL	158110
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	050064-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	GEL	1158110
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	050062-003	01-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	GEL	158110
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	050066-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	GEL	158110
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	(LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	050065-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	IGEL	158110
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	050068-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	GEL	158110
1094	www.clip.com/processors/processor	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	050067-003	02-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	GEL	158110
1094	Camping and a company of the Park Company	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	er talle er eine er er er eine Gemanne er eine gemanne er er er er er eine er er eine der eine er er er er er	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	GROSS-A/B	GEL	158539
1094	and the second s	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-GRAB	050069-006	07-3EF-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPE	marra de la como a	158553
1094	remarking the control of the control	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	050063-004	01-3EP-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPE	manage of the second	158553
1094	maken programme and the control of t	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	050064-004	01-SEP-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPE	market and the second	158553
1094	and the second s	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	050062-004	01-SEP-99 02-SEP-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPE	Commence of the contract of	158553
1094	manager and the contract of th	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	050066-004 050065-004	02-SEP-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPE	the second second second second	158553
1094	manager in the contract of the	Volume 3	602817	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	agente i una trascia comp <mark>rese esta compresenta de la compresenta del compresenta del compresenta de la compresenta del compre</mark>	02-SEP-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPE	general contract	158553
1094	LFR E. SS	Volume 3	602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	050068-004	102-0EF-93	- JOUIL	CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR		فالعامة المحادث ووصفت الأسيار





Sandia National Laboratories

Drain and Septic Systems Project Quality Control (QC) Report

April 2005

Volume 3 of 7 General Engineering Laboratories, Inc. (GEL) QC Data

Environmental Restoration Project



United States Department of Energy Sandia Site Office

GEL QC CROSS REFERENCE

COC 602817

					SAMPLE			
Site #	Site Name	SAMPLE#	楚	DISP_ER_SAMP_LOC	DATE	MATRIX	LAB TEST	BATCH#
1117	Bldg. 9982 DW	050060	g	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-11-DU	30-AUG-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	158099, 158110
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	020060	904	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-11-DU	30-AUG-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	158553
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050060	004	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-11-DU	30-AUG-99	SOIL	Т	158646, 158647
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050061	001	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL		158044
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050061	003	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	158016
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050061	003	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL		158555, 158556
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050061	003	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL	330	
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050061	603	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL	2	158065
1117	1117 Bidg. 9982 DW	050061	8	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL	RCRA METALS	158059, 158023
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050061	8	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	158099, 158110
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050061	90	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	158553
1117	1117 Bldg. 9982 DW	050061	904	SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	31-AUG-99	SOIL	GROSS-A/B	158646, 158647
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	001	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL		
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	158016
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	01-SEP-99		Cr+6	158555, 158556
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	158012
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	903	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	2	158065
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	RCRA METALS	158059, 158023
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	003	LFB-DF1-8H1-7-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	158099, 158110
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	904	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	158553
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050062	8	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	GROSS-A/B	158646, 158647
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050063	ē	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	158044
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050063	g	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL		158016
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050063	8	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99		Cr+6	158555, 158556
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050063	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	158012
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050063	600	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	158065
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050063	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	RCRA METALS	158059, 158023
1094		050063	603	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	TOTAL-CN	158099, 158110
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050063	8	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	158553

GEL QC CROSS REFERENCE

COC 602817

					SAMPIF			
Site #	S	SAMPLE#	#4	DISP_ER_SAMP_LOC	DATE	MATRIX	LAB TEST	BATCH#
1084	יו ה	050063	004	LFB-DF1-BH1-12-S	01-SEP-99	SOIL	GROSS-A/B	158646, 158647
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050064	994	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	158044
1094	LFR E.	050064	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL		158016
1094	LFR E	050064	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL		158555, 158556
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050064	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL	330	
1094	LFRE	050064	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	050064	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL	TAIS	158059 158023
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050064	003	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL		158099, 158110
1094	LFR E	050064	904	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL	GAMMA SPEC	
1094	LFR E. SS	050064	8 4	LFB-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	02-SEP-99	SOIL	7	158646, 158647
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050065	99.1	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	Τ	
1094	LFRE	050065	933	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	BNA-8270	158016
1094		050065	903	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	Cr+6	158555, 158556
1094	LFRE	050065	003	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	330	. I
1094	LFR E	050065	83	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	2	158065
1094	LFR E. SS	050065	83	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	RCRA METALS	158059, 158023
1094	LFRE	050065	83	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	7-	158099, 158110
1094	LFRE	050065	8	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	ည်	158553
1094		050065	904	LFB-DF1-BH2-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	Т	158646, 158647
1094	LFR E. SS	050066	8	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL		158044
1094	F. F	050066	83	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL		158016
1094	LFR	050066	8	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	Cr+6	158555, 158556
1094	LFRE	050066	ဗ္ဗ	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	HE-8330	158012
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050066	S	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	PCB-8082	158065
1094	LFR E	050066	933	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	RCRA METALS	158059, 158023
1094	LFR E.	050066	8	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	7	158099, 158110
1094	LFRE	050066	904	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL) j	158553
1094	LFR E.	050066	8	LFB-DF1-BH2-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	GROSS-A/B	158646, 158647
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	9	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	VOA-8260	158044

GEL QC CROSS REFERENCE

COC 602817

Site #	Site Name	SAMPLE#	#	DISP_ER_SAMP_LOC	SAMPLE	MATRIX	LAB TEST	BATCH#
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	600	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOII	RNA_8270	158016
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	003	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SEP-99	IIOS	Cr+6	158555 158556
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	003	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	330	
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	003	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	2	158065
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	903	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOII	\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	158059 158023
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	603	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SEP-99	IIOS		158009, 158023
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	8	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SFP-99	3015	CH	150553 158553
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050067	984	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	GROSS-A/B	158646 158647
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050068	ğ	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	Т	SOIL	VOA-8260	
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050068	003	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	Τ	llOs	BNA-8270	158016
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050068	903	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL		158555 158556
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050068	903	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	02-SEP-99	IIOS	330	158012
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050068	833	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	02-SFP-99	-ios	5	158085
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	890090	83	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	02-SEP-99	SOIL	RCRA METALS	158059 158023
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050068	003	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	Τ	301	TOTAL ON	
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050068	8	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	Τ	SOIL	GAMMA SDEC	158553
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050068	900	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	02-SEP-99	108	O COURT	159505 158646 159647
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	690090	900	LFR-DF1-8H3-GS	07_SED_00	AOI EOI IC	AOI IEOI IS CAMAA SPEC	150070, 150047
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050069	900	LFR-DF1-BH3-GRAB	07-SEP-99	AOTEOUS	GENERAL SPEC	15057.5
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050069	200	LFR-DF1-BH3-RCRA	07-SEP-99	AOLEOUS	AOHEONS BODA METALS	158088 15801E
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050069	800	LFR-DF1-BH3-BNA	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS BNA-8270	272	
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	020069	600	LFR-DF1-BH3-HE	07-SEP-99	AOUEOUS HE-8330		158013
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050069	010	LFR-DF1-BH3-CN	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	TOTAL-CN	158008
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	020069	011	LFR-DF1-BH3-Cr6+	07-SEP-99		Cr+6	157999
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050069	012	LFR-DF1-BH3-PCB	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS	PCB-8082	158568
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	690050	013	LFR-DF1-BH3-EB	07-SEP-99		VOA-8260	158072
1094	1094 LFR E. SS	050069	014	LFR-DF1-BH3-TB	07-SEP-99	AQUEOUS VOA-8260	VOA-8260	158072

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CASE NARRATIVE for Sandia National Laboratories ARCOC-602820 9909228A ARCOC-602817 9909228B Case No. 7223.230

RECEIVED OCT | 1 1999 SNL/SMO

October 1, 1999

Laboratory Identification:

General Engineering Laboratories, Inc.

Mailing Address:

P.O. Box 30712 Charleston, South Carolina 29417

Express Mail Delivery and Shipping Address:

2040 Savage Road Charleston, South Carolina 29407

Telephone Number:

(843) 556-8171

Summary:

Sample receipt

Fifty-seven soils and eleven aqueous samples were collected by Sandia on August 27, 30 and 31. September 1st, 2nd and 7,1999. The samples arrived at General Engineering Laboratories, Inc., (GEL) Charleston, South Carolina on September 8, 1999, for Environmental Analyses. Cooler clearance (screening, temperature check, etc.) was done upon login. The cooler arrived without any visible signs of tampering or breakage and with custody seals intact. The samples were delivered with chain of custody documentation and signatures.

The temperature of the samples was 4°C. The samples were screened according to GEL Standard Operating Procedures (SOP) EPI SOP S-007 rev. 2 "The Receiving of Radioactive Samples." The samples were stored properly according to SW-846 procedures and GEL SOP.

The samples were received as follows:

ARCOC	SDG#	#of samples	Collection Date	Date Rec'd by Lab
602820	9909228A	4	08/31/99	09/8/99
602817	9909228B	64	08/27,30,31/99 9/1 9/2/99	09/8/99

The laboratory received the following samples:

Laboratory ID	Description
602820:	
9909228-01	050109-001 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-02	050109-003 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9 909228-03	050109-004 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-04	050110-005 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-TB
602817:	
9909228-05	050049-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
99 09228-0 6	050049-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9 909228-07	050049-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-08	050050-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-09	050050-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-10	050050-004 SOLADEXTOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-11	050052-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2
9909228-12	050052-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-13	050052-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-14	050053-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-15	050053-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-16	050053-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-17	050055-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-18	050055-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9 909228-1 9	050055-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-20	050056-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-21	050056-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-22	050056-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
990 9228-23	050057-001 SOLAR-9981A-SP1-BH1-
9909228-24	050057-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BHI
9909228-25	050057-004 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
990 9228-26	050058-001 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
99 09228-2 7	050058-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-28	050058-004 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-29	050059-001 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-30	050059-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-31	050059-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-32	050060-001 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-33	050060-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1

The laboratory received the following samples:

Laboratory ID	Description
602817:	
9909228-34	050060-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-35	050061-001 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-36	050061-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-37	050061-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-38	050062-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-39	050062-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-40	050062-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-41	050063-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-42	050063-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-43	050063-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-44	050064-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-45	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-46	050064-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-47	050065-001 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-48	050065-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-49	050065-004 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-50	050066-001 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-51	050066-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-52	050066-004 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-53	050067-001 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-54	050067-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-55	050067-004 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-56	050068-001 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
9909228-57	050068-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
9909228-58	050068-004 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
9909228-59	050069-005 LFR-DF1-BH3-GS
9909228-60	050069-006 LFR-DF1-BH3-GRAB
9909228-61	050069-007 LFR-DF1-BH3-RCRA
9909228-62	050069-008 LFR-DF1-BH3-SVOC
9909228-63	050069-009 LFR-DF1-BH3-HE
9909228-64	050069-010 LFR-DF1-BH3-CN
9909228-65	050069-011 LFR-DF1-BH3-CR6+
9909228-66	050069-012 LFR-DF1-BH3-PCB
9909228-67	050069-013 LFR-DF1-BH3-EB
9909228-68	050069-014 LFR-DF1-BH3-TB

Case Narrative

Sample analyses were conducted using methodology as outlined in General Engineering Laboratories (GEL) Standard Operating Procedures. Any technical or administrative problems during analysis, data review, and reduction are contained in the analytical case narratives in the enclosed data package.

Internal Chain of Custody:

Custody was maintained for all samples.

Data Package:

The enclosed data package contains the following sections: Case Narrative. Chain of Custody, Cooler Receipt Checklist. Qualifier Flag and Data Package Definitions, Sample Data, QC Summary and Raw Data.

This data package, to the best of my knowledge, is in compliance with technical and administrative requirements.

> Anitan D. Danis for Edith M. Kent

> > Project Manager

fc:snls9909228

GC/MS VOLATILE ANALYSIS

CASE NARRATIVE SNLS SDG# 99228S-VOA Analysis by GC/MS

Sample Analysis:

The following samples were analyzed for Volatile Organic Compounds using the analytical protocol from EPA SW-846 Third Edition, Method 8260A, Revision 1, September 1994:

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-01	050109-001 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-05	050049-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-08	050050-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-11	050-052-001 SQLARDETOX-DF1-BH2
9909228-14	0S0053-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-17	050055-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-20	050056-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-23	050057-001SOLAR-9981A-SP1-BH1-
9909228-26	050058-001 SOLAR 9981A-SPI-BH1
9909228-29	050059-001 SOLAR 9982-DWI-BHI-
9909228-32	050060-001 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-35	050061-001 SOLAR 9982-DWI-BHI
9909228-38	050062-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-41	050063-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-44	050064-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228~47	050065-001 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-50	050066-001 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-53	050067-001 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-56	050068-001 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC646985	VBLK01 (Blank)
QC646986	VBLK01LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC646987	050064-001MS (Matrix Spike)
QC646988	050064-001MSD (Matrix Spike Duplicate)
QC646989	VBLK02LCSD (Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate)
QC647288	VBLK02 (Blank)
QC647289	VBLK02LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC647660	VELK03 (Blank)
QC647661	VBLK03LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)

System Configuration:

The laboratory utilizes a variety of instrument configurations for volatile analyses. These analyses are accomplished using one or more of the GC and MS couplings, as follows:

GC/MS	Interface	Purge and Trap-Concentrator /
		Autosampler
5890 Series II / 5970	Jet Separator	Tekmar 2000 / Archon
5890 Series II / 5972	Direct	OI 4560 / Archon
6890 Series / 5973	Direct	Tekmar 3000 / Precept

SDG# 99228S - VOA Page 1 of 3

6890 Series	/ 5973	Direct	OI 4560 / DPM-16
6890 Series	/ 5973	Direct	Tekmar 2000 / Archon

Chromatographic Column:

Chromatographic separation of volatile components is accomplished through analysis on one or more of the following columns:

J&W1	DB - 624, 60 m x 0.32 mm, 1.3 mm (identified by the J&W1 designation)
J&W2:	DB - 624, 75 m x 0.53 mm, 3 um (identified by the J&W2 designation)
Rtxl	Rex Volatiles, 60 m x 0.53 mm, 1.5 mm (identified by the Rex VOA designation)
J&W3	DB-624, 60 m x 0.25 mm, 1.4 um (identified by the J&W3 designation)

Samples are prepared using Purge and Trap samplers containing the following P & T trap:

VOCARB 3000:

Carbopack B/ Carboxen 1000 &1001

Instrument Configuration:

The samples reported in this SDG were analyzed on one or more of the following instrument systems (instrument systems are identified by the instrument ID designations listed below which can be found on the raw data or individual form headers):

Instrument ID	System Configuration	Chromatographic Column	P & T Trad
VOAL	HP5890/HP5970	J&W2	VOCARB 3000
VOA2	HP6890/HP5973	J&W3	VOCARB 3000
VOA4	HP5890/HP5972	Rtx VOA	VOCARB 3000
VOA5	HP5890/HP5972	J&W3	VOCARB 3000
VOA7	HP5890/HP5972	Rtx VOA	VOCARB 3000
8AOV	HP6890/HP5973	J&W3	VOCARB 3000
VOA9	HP6890/HP5973	J&W3	Tenax/Silicagel/
•		•	Charcoal

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated.

For a complete list of data files for the initial calibration, see the Calibration History Report.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Surrogates:

Surrogate recoveries in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

SDG# 992285 - VOA Page 2 of 3

Internal Standards:

Internal Standard areas in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

Blanks:

There were no target analytes detected in the method blanks above the required reporting limit.

Spike Analyses:

The metrix spike (MS) and metrix spike duplicate (MSD) were analyzed on the following Sample Number:

All analytes in the MS and MSD were within the required acceptance limits for percent recovery.

All analytes in the MS/MSD set were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analytes in the laboratory control sample (LCS) and laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) were within the required acceptance limits for percent recovery.

All analytes in the LCS/LCSD ser were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Dilutions:

The samples in this SDG did not require dilutions.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this SDG.

General Comments:

Data files associated with both the initial calibration and continuing calibration check may have been manually integrated to correct misidentification of peaks by the integration software. Manual integrations are performed because of poor peak shapes exhibited by selective compounds at low concentrations, or as a result of overlapping retention time windows of similar isomeric compounds contained on the extended reporting list. If applicable, peak profiles for the affected compounds are contained in the raw data section.

The preceding narrative has been reviewed by: Landen William Date: 10-04-59

SDG# 99228S - VOA Page 3 of 3

GC/MS VOLATILE ANALYSIS

CASE NARRATIVE SNLS SDG# 99228W-VOA Analysis by GC/MS

Sample Analysis:

The following samples were analyzed for Volatile Organic Compounds using the analytical protocol from EPA SW-846 Third Edition, Method 8260A, Revision 1, September 1994:

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-04	050110-005 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-T
99 0 9228-67	050069-013 LFR-DF1-BH3-EB
9909228-68	050069-014 LFR-DF1-BH3-TB
QC647130	VBLK01LCSD (Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate)
QC647662	VBLK01 (Blank)
QC647653	VBLK01LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)

System Configuration:

The laboratory utilizes a variety of instrument configurations for volatile analyses. These analyses are accomplished using one or more of the GC and MS couplings, as follows:

GC/MS	Interface	Purge and Trap-Concentrator / Autosampler
5890 Series II / 5970	let Separator	Tekmar 2000 / Archon
5890 Series II / 5972	Direct	OI 4560 / Archon
6890 Series / 5973	Direct	Teknar 3000 / Precept
6890 Series / 5973	Direct	OI 4560 / DPM-16
6890 Series / 5973	Direct	Tekmar 2000 / Archon

Chromatographic Column:

Chromatographic separation of volatile components is accomplished through analysis on one or more of the following columns:

J&WI	DB - 624, 60 m x 0.32 mm, 1.8um (identified by the J&W1 designation)
ን&W2:	DB - 624, 75 m x 0.53 mm, 3 um (identified by the J&W2 designation)
Rtx1	Rix Volatiles, 60 m x 0.53 mm, 1.5 um (identified by the Rix VOA designation)
J&W3	DB-624, 60 m x 0.25 mm, 1.4 um (identified by the J&W3 designation)

Samples are prepared using Purge and Trap samplers containing the following P & T trap:

VOCARB 3000: Carbopack B/ Carboxen 1000 &1001

SDG# 99228W - VOA Page 1 of 3

Instrument Configuration:

The samples reported in this SDG were analyzed on one or more of the following instrument systems (instrument systems are identified by the instrument ID designations listed below which can be found on the raw data or individual form headers):

Instrument ID	System Configuration	Chromatographic	P & T
		Column	Trap
VOA1	HP5890/HP5970	J&₩2	VCCARB 3000
VOA2	HP5890/HP5973	J&W3	VOCARB 3000
VOA4	HP5890/HP5972	Rtx VOA	VOCARB 3000
VOAS	HP5890/HP5972	J&W3	VOCARS 3000
VDA7	HP5890/HP5972	Rfx VOA	VOCARB 3000
VOA8	HP6890/HP5973	J&W3	VOCARB 3000
VOA9	HP6890/HP5973	J&W3	Tenax/Silicagel/
			Charcoal

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated.

For a complete list of data files for the initial calibration, see the Calibration History Report.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Surrogates:

Surrogate recoveries in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

Internal Standards:

Internal Standard areas in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

Blanks:

There were no target analytes detected in the method blank above the required reporting limit,

Spike Analyses:

The analysis of a matrix spike (MS) and matrix spike duplicate (MSD) was not required for the samples in this SDG.

SDG# 99228W - VOA Page 2 of 3

Laboratory Control Samples:
All analytes in the laboratory control sample (LCS) and laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) were within the required acceptance limits for percent recovery.
All analytes in the LCS/LCSD set were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Non Conformance Reports:

Samples in this SDG did not require dilutions.

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this SDG.

General Comments:

Dilutions:

Data files associated with both the initial calibration and contiming calibration check may have been manually integrated to correct misidentification of peaks by the integration software. Manual integrations are performed because of poor peak shapes exhibited by selective compounds at low concentrations, or as a result of overlapping retention time windows of similar isomeric compounds contained on the extended reporting list. If applicable, peak profiles for the affected compounds are contained in the raw data section.

The preceding narrative has been reviewed by: Sales Wilson Date: 10-04-15

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

ca: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Quat	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Volatile Organics					•					Ŧ			
QC646985	BLANK	158044											
1,1-Dichloroethylene					Ū	ND	ug/kg				MAI	09/09/9	9 0900
Benzene					U	ND	rg/kg						
Chlorobenzene					Ų	ND	ug/kg						
Toluene					U	ND	ug/kg						
Trichloroethylene					U	ND	ug/kg						
*Bromofluorobenzene			50.0			53	ug/kg		107	(73.0 - 1	29.)		
*Dibromofluoromethane	, ,		50.0			49	ug/kg		97.4	(66.0 - 1	17.)		
*Toluene-d8			50.0			50	og/kg		100	(73.0 - 1	22.)		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
1.1,2.2-Tetrachloroethau	ne				u	ND	ug/kg						
1,1,2-Trichlomethane					Ü	ND	ug/kg						
1.1-Dichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-Dichloroethane					υ	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-Dichloropropane					U	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-cis-Dichloroethylen	e				U	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-trans-Dichloroethyle	ene				U	ND	ug/kg						
2-Butanone					U	ND	ug/kg						
2-Нехалопе					ប	ND	ug/kg.						
4-Methyl-2-pentanone					υ	ND	ug/kg			•			
Acetone					U	ND	ug/kg					•	
Bromoform					ប	ND	ug/kg						
Carbon Disulfide				•	IJ	ND	ug/kg						
Carbon Tetrachloride					U	ND	ug∕kg						
Chlorodibromomethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
Chloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
Chloroform					IJ	ND	ug/kg						
Dichlorobromomethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
Ethylbanzene					U	ND	ug/kg						
Methyl Bromide					U	ND	ug/kg						
Methyl Chloride					U	ND	ug/kg						
Methylene Chloride					U	ND	ug/kg						
Styrene					ับ	ND	ug/kg						
Tetrachloroethylene					υ	ND	ug/kg						
Vinyl Acetate					U	ND	ug/kg						
Vinyl chloride					ប		ug/kg						
Xylenes (TOTAL)					Ü		ug/kg						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylen	ie		-		U		ug/kg						
trans-1,3-Dichleropropyl	ene				U		ug/kg						

Project Description:

RFP#AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample 1D: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
QC647128	BLANK	158072											
1.1-Dichloroethylen=					n.	ND	ug/I				MAI	P 09/10/9	9 0900
Benzene					v	ND	ug/l						
Chlorobenzene					U	ND	ug/I						
Toluene					U	ND	ug/l						
Trichloroethylene					U	ND	ug/l						
*Bromofluorobenzens			50.0			59	u <u>g</u> /[118	(73.0 -)	•		
*Dibromofluoromethane	2		50.0			46	ug/l		91.3	(66.0 -)	117.)		
*Taluenc-d8			50.0			51	ււք/Լ		103	(73.0 -)	122.)		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane					ប	ND	ug/l				-		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroetha	ne	·			U.	ИD	บลูก						
1,1,2-Trichloroethane					U	ND	ug∕l						
1,1-Dichloroethane					ប	ND	ug/ໂ						
1,2-Dichloroethane					U	ND	ug/t						
1,2-Dichloropropans					ช	ND	ug/l						
1,2-cis-Dichloroethylen	ie:				U	ND	ug/l						
1,2-trans-Dichloroethyl	ene				U	ND	ug/l						
2-Butanone					\mathbf{U}	ND	ugΛ						
2-Heranone					ប	ND.	ug/l						
4-Methyl-2-pentanone					U	ND	ug/I						
Acetoné					V	ND	ug/l						
Bromoform					U	ND	ug/l						
Carbon Disulfide					υ	ND	ug/l						
Carbon Tetrachloride		•			\mathbf{v}	ND	ug/l						
Chlorodibromomethane					U	ND	ug/I						
Chloroethane					U	ND	ng/l						
Chloroform					U	ND	ug/l						
Dichlorobromomethane	;				U	ND	ug/l						
Ethylbenzene					υ	ND	ug/l						
Methyl Bromide					U	ND	ug/l						
Methyl Chloride					U	ND	ug/l						
Methylene Chloride					\mathbf{v}	α_{N}	ngA						
Styrene					U	ND	μg/]						
Tetrachloroethylene					U	ND	ug/I						
Vinyl Acetate					U	ND	vg/1						
Vinyl chloride					U	ND	ug/i						
Xylenes (TOTAL)					ប	ND	ug/l						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropyle	ne				U	ND	บอูก						
trans-1,3-Dichloropropy		-		•	U	ND	ug/l						
	BLANK	158072					_						

Project Description:

RFP#AJ2480A

cc: \$NLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
1,1-Dichloroethylene				,	U	ND	ug/l				MAI	09/10/99	1041
Benzene					υ	ND	ug/l					09/10/99	
Chlorobenzene					U	ND	ug/l				••••	05/10/35	1011
Toluene					v	ND	ug/l						
Trichloroethylene					U	ND	ug/I						
*Bromofluorobenzene			500			590	ו/עט		117	(73.0 - 12	9.1		
*Dibromofluoromethane			500			450	บฮู/ไ		90.6	(66.0 - 11	-		
*Toluene-dB			500			510	ug/I		103	(73.0 - 12			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane					U	ND	Ngu			(1010 12	2.,		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane					U	ND	ug/I						
1,1,2-Trichloroethane					U	ND	ug/l						
1,1-Dichloroethane			•		U	ND	ug/l				-		
1,2-Dichloroethane					υ	ND	ug/I						
I,2-Dichtoropropane					Ū	ND	ug/l						
1,2-cis-Dichloroethylene					บ	ND	ug/l		•				
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene					บั	ND	ug/I						
2-Butanone					บั	ND	ug/l						
2-Hexanone					ΰ	ND	ug/l						
4-Methyl-2-pentanone					Ŭ	ND	ug/I						
Acetone					Ŭ	ND	ug/l						
Bromoform					ŭ	ND	ug/I						
Carbon Disulfide					ับ	ND	ug/l						
Carbon Tetrachloride					บ	ND	ug/i						
Chlorodibromomethane					บ	ND	ug/l						
Chloroethane					ប	ND	ug/I						
Chloroform					ΰ	ND	ug/l						
Dichlorobromomethane					Ŭ	ND	ug/l						
Ethylbenzene					ŭ	ND	ug/l						
Methyl Bromide					Ū	ND	ug/l						
Methyl Chloride					Ú	ND	ug/l						
Methylene Chloride						ND	ug/l						
Styrene						ND	nSy ពង្សា						
Tetrachloroethylene						ND	ug/i						
Vinyl Acetate						ND	ug/l						
Vinyl chloride						ND	ug/l						
Xylenes (TOTAL)					-	ND	ngΛ						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene						ND	ug/I						
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene	:					ND	ug/l						
		58044			J	. 12.7	пg/ I						
1,1-Dichloroethylene		•			υ	ND	ug/kg				MAP	09/10/99	0900

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	—. Time
Benzene					U	ND	ug/kg					09/10/99	
Chlorobenzene					ប	ND	ug/kg				1133-12	0511015	0300
Toluene					U	ND	ug/kg						
Trichloroethylene					U	ND	⊔g/kg						
*Bromofluorobenzene			50.0			59	ug/kg		118	(73.0 - 129.	.		
*Dibromofluoromethane			50.0			46	ug/kg	•	91.3	(66.0 - 117.			
*Toluene-d8			5 0.0			51	ug/kg		103	(73.0 - 122.)			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg				•		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane					Ų	ND	ug/kg	•					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
1,1-Dichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-Dichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-Dichtoropropane				•	U	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-cis-Dichloroethylene					\boldsymbol{v}	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene					U		ug/kg						
2-Butanone	•				U		ug/kg						
2-Hexanone					U		ug/kg						
4-Methyl-2-pentanone					U		ug/kg						
Acctone					U		ug/kg						
Bromoform					U		ug/kg				•		
Carbon Disulfide							ug/kg			-			
Carbon Tetrachloride							ug/kg						
Chlorodibromomethane							ug/kg						
Chloroethane							ug/kg						
Chloroform							ug/kg						
Dichlorobromomethane					-		ug/kg						
Ethylbenzene							ug/kg ⊔g/kg						
Methyl Bromide							ug/kg						
Methyl Chloride							ug/kg						
Methylene Chloride							ng/kg Jg/kg						
Styrene							ig/kg						
Tetrachloroethylene							ig/kg						
Vinyl Acerata							rg/kg						
Vinyl chloride					-								
Xylenes (TOTAL)							g/kg						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene							ig/kg						
rans-1,3-Dichloropropylene							ig/kg						
C647660 BLAN	TK 1:	58044			U I	AID n	g/kg						
,1-Dichloroethylene					1 U	m .	-A.						
Benzene					-		g/kg				MAP 09	9/10 /99 2	228
					U I	VD u	g/kg						

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396

Lab. 5ample 1D: 9909228%

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									-			1440	J. J.J
Sample/Parameter	Type	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qua	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analysi	Date	Time
Chlorobenzene					Ü	ND	ug/kg				<u>-</u> MA	P 0 9/10/9	2228
Toluene					U	ND	ug/kg				1,12 (. 4201002	2 2200
Trichlomethylene					U	ND							
*Bromofluorobenzene			50.0			58			116	(73.0 - 129.	}		
*Dibromofluoromethane			50.0			47	ug/kg		93.5	(66.0 - 117.			
*Toluene-d8			50.0			52	ug/kg		105	(73.0 - 122.			
1,1,1-Trichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg			(, 4, 1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2,	•		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						ı
1,1,2-Trichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
I, I-Dichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-Dichloroethane					U	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-Dichloropropane					IJ	ND	ug/kg						
1,2-cis-Dichloroethylene					ប	ИD	ug/kg						
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene					U	ND	ug/kg						
2-Butanone					U	ND	ug/kg	•					
2-Hexanone					U	ND	ug/kg						
4-Methyl-2-pentanone					U	ND	ug/kg						
Acetone					U	ND	ug/kg						
Bromoform					U	ND	υg/kg						
Carbon Disulfide					U	ND	ug/kg	•					
Carbon Tetrachloride					Ų	ND	ug/kg						
Chlorodibromomethane					ΰ	ND	ug/kg						
Chlorocthane					Ū		ug/kg						
Chloroform					\overline{v}		ug/kg						
Dichlorobromomethane					Ū		ug/kg						
Ethylbenzene					Ū		ug/kg						
Methyl Bromide					Ū		ug/kg						
Methyl Chloride					Ū		ug/kg						
Methylens Chloride					Ū		ug/kg						
Styrene					Ū		ug/kg						
Terrachloroethylene							ug/kg						
Vinyl Acetate							ug/kg						
Vinyl chloride							ug/kg						
Xylenes (TOTAL)							ug/kg						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene					-								
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene							ug/kg						
		58072			v	IND	ug/kg						
1.1-Dichlomethylene	•				U	ND	/1						
Benzene						ND	ug/l ve/l						
Chlorobenzene						ND	นg/ไ เหตุ/ใ						
					U.	עווי	ug∕l		•				

Project Description:

RFP#AJ2480A

ac: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

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Sample/Parameter T	ype	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Toluene					U	ND					<u> </u>	-	
Trichloroethylene					Ŭ	ND					MA	09/10/9	9 2228
*Bromofluorobenzene			50.0		Ū	58			116	(71.0 100			
*Dibromofluoromethane			50.0			47	Φ.		93.5	(73.0 - 129			
*Toluene-d8			50.0			52				(66.0 - 117			
1.1.1-Trichloroethane					ŭ	ND	ug/i		105	(73.0 - 122	i.)		
1.1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane					บ	ND	riā\]						
1,1,2-Trichloroethane					Ū	ND	ug/i						
1,1-Dichloroethane					ŭ	ND	ug/l						
1,2-Dichloroethane					Ŭ	ND	ug/l						
1,2-Dichloropropane					บั	ND							
1.2-cis-Dichloroethylene					บ	ND	11g/l						
1,2-trans-Dichloroethylene					Ţ	ND	ug/l						
2-Butanone					v	ND	n≥4 ⊓8\I						
2-Hexanone					U	ND	ug/l						
4-Methyl-2-pentanone					U	ND	ш д/ [
Acetone					U	ND	ug/J						
Bromoform					บ		пāу						
Carbon Disulfide					Ü	MD	ng/I						
Carbon Tetrachloride						ND	ug/l						
Chlorodibromomethane					D	ND	ug/l						
Chloroethane					U	ND	ug/l						
Chloroform					U	ND	ug/l						
Dichlorobromomethane					U	ND	ug/j						
Ethylberizene					U U	ND	ug/I						
Methyl Bromide						ND	ug/l						
Methyl Chloride						ND	ug/[
Methylene Chloride						ND	ug/I						
Styrene						ND	ug/l						
Tetrachloroethylene						ND	ng/J						
Vinyl Acetate						ND	лãЛ						
Vinyl chloride						ND	ug/I						
Xylenes (TOTAL)						ND	ug/l						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropylene						ND	πΒŊ						
trans-1,3-Dichloropropylene						ND	µg/l						
	S 15	knaa			U I	ND	ug/I						
1,1-Dichloroethylene	· 13	DVN##+	£0.0										
Benzene			50.0				ıg/kg		104	(70.0 - 144.)	MAP 09	9/09/99	0748
Chlorobenzene			50.0				ıg/kg		95.9	(74.0 - 133.)			-
Toluene			50.0				ig/kg		92.8	(78.0 - 118.)			
			50.0			46 t	g/kg			(79.0 - 129.)			

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

ce: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range A	nalyst I)ate	Time
Trichleroethylene			50.0			49	ug/kg		98.3	(69.0 - 127.)	MAPO	9/09/99	0748
*Bromofluorobenzene			50.0			58	ug/kg		117	(73.0 - 129.)			
*Dibromofluoromethane			50.0			49	ug/kg		97.3	(66.0 - 117.)			
*Toluene-d8			50.0			50	ng/kg		100	(73.0 - 122.)			
QC647129	LCS	158072											
1,1-Dichloroethylene			5 0 .0			54	սք/1		108	(70.0 - 144.)	MAPC	9/10/99	0715
Benzene			50 .0			51	ug/l		102	(74.0 - 133.)			
Chlorobenzene			50.0			48	ug/i		95.9	(78.0 - 118.)			
Toluens			50.0			49	ug/I		97.6	(79.0 - 129.)			
Trichloroethylene			50.0			48	ug/I		96,4	(69.0 - 127.)			
*Bromofluorobenzene			50.0			59	սց/1		119	(73.0 - 129.)			
*Dibromofluoromethane			50.0			45	ug/l		90.1	(66.0 - 117.)			
*Toluene-d8	-		50.0		-	50	ug/l		101	(73.0 - 122.)			
QC647289	LCS	158044											
1,1-Dichloroethylene			50.0			54	ug/kg		108	(70.0 - 144.)			
Benzene			50.0			SI	ug/kg		102	(74.0 - 133.)			
Chlorobenzene			50.0			48	ug/kg		95.9	(78.0 - 118.)			
Toluene			50.0			49	ug/kg		97.6	(79.0 - 129.)			
Trichloroethylene			50.0			48	ug/kg		96.4	(69.0 - 127.)			
*Bromofluorobenzene			50.0			59	ug/kg		119	(73.0 - 129.)			
*Dibromofluoromethane			50.0			45	ug/kg		90.1	(66.0 - 117.)			
*Toluene-d8			50.0			50	ug/kg		101	(73.0 - 122.)			
QC647661	LCS	158044											
1,1-Dichloroethylene			50.0			57	ug/kg		114	(70.0 - 144.)	MAPO	19/10/99	2010
Benzene			50.0			51	u g /kg		101	(74.0 - 133.)			
Chlorobenzene			50.0			49	ng/kg		98.4	(78.0 - 118.)			
Toluene			50.0			51	ng/kg		101	(79.0 - 129.)			
Trichloroethylene			50.0			51	ug/kg		103	(69.0 - 127.)			
*Bromofluorebenzene			50.0			<i>5</i> 9	ug/kg		118	(73.0 - 129.)			
*Dibromofluoromethane			50.0			48	ug/kg		95.6	(66.0 - 117.)			
*Toluene-d8			50.0			53	ug/kg		106	(73.0 - 122.)			
QC647663	LCS	158072											
1.1-Dichloroethylene			50.0			57	ug/i		114	(70.0 - 144.)			
Benzene			50.0			51	ug/i		101	(74.0 - 133.)			
Chlorobenzene			50.0			49	ug/l		98.4	(78.0 - 118.)			
Toluene			50.0			51	บฐ/ว		101	(79.0 - 129.)			
Trichloroethylene			50.0			51	ug/l		103	(69.0 - 127.)			
*Bromofluorobenzene			50.0			59	ug/]		118	(73.0 - 129.)			
*Dibromofluoromethane			50.0			48	ug/l		95.6	(66.0 - 117.)			
*Toluene-d8			50.0			53	ug/l		106	(73.0 - 122.)			

Project Description:

RFP #A12480A

∞: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample 1D: 9909228%

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	Batch	NOM										
OC PIP		11001	Samp.	ke Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
C2 DOL	158044											
		50.0	5 4.	0	55	ug/kg	3.07	111	(0.00 - 25.0)) MAP	09/10/99	0746
		50.0	51.	0	52	ug/kg	2.05	104			V > / 1 G / 2 2	0.,.
		50.0	48.	0	49		_			-		
		50.0	49.	0	50	~ ~			•	•		
		50.0	48.	0	50							
		50.0			60				-	•		
c		50.0							•	-		
		50.0							•	•		
CS DUP	158072					-8-8			(75.0 - 122	-,		
		50.0	54.	D	58	ug/l	8.15	117	(0.00 - 33.0) MAP	09/10/99	2040
		50.0	51.	0	52	ug/l	1.89	103	•	•	43.10.33	2010
		50.0	48.	5	51		6.06	102	•	•		
		50.0	49.	>	52	ug/l	6.62	104				
		50.0	48.) .	52	ug/l	7.40	104	•	•		
		50.0			57	_	_					
=		50.0			47				•	•		
		50.0			53	_			-			
8-44MS	158044								(1010 122)	,		
		50.0	U NI	•	55	ug/kg		110	(82.0 - 136) MAP	00/11/00	0337
		50.0	U NI)	50					-	03/11/23	
		50.0	U NI	•	46				•	•		
		50.0	4.10)	49				•	•		
		50. 0	UND	<u>I</u>	50				-			
		50.0			59	~ ~			•			
;		50.D			50				_			
		50.0			52				-			
44MSD	158044					• •			(,		
		50.0	U ND		56	ug/kg	1.60	112	(0.00 - 30.0)	МАР	00/11/ 00	വവ
		50.0	U ND		50						97/11///	V+00
		50.0	U ND						•			
		50.0			-							
		50.0				• •			-			
		50.0					1.10					
	e 18-44MS : :	CS DUP 158072 e 18-44MS 158044	50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0	50.0 48. 50.0 49. 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 54.0 50.0 54.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 UND 50.0 UND	50.0 48.0 50.0 49.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 CS DUP 158072 50.0 54.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 49.0 50.0 49.0 50.0 48.0 50.0 49.0 50.0 UND	50.0 48.0 49 50.0 49.0 50 50.0 48.0 50 50.0 48.0 50 50.0 50.0 50 50.0 50.0 50 50.0 51.0 52 50.0 49.0 52 50.0 49.0 52 50.0 49.0 52 50.0 49.0 52 50.0 49.0 52 50.0 49.0 52 50.0 49.0 52 50.0 40.0 52 50.0 40.0 52 50.0 40.0 52 50.0 40.0 52 50.0 40.0 52 50.0 40.0 52 50.0 40.0 52 50.0 40.0 52 50.0 50.0 50.0 50 50.0 50.0 50 50.0 50.0	50.0 48.0 49 ug/kg 50.0 49.0 50 ug/kg 50.0 48.0 50 ug/kg 50.0 48.0 50 ug/kg 50.0 60 ug/kg 50.0 50.0 52 ug/kg 50.0 51.0 52 ug/kg 50.0 48.0 51 ug/kg 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 50.0 U ND 51 ug/kg 50.0 U ND 51 ug/kg 50.0 U ND 51 ug/kg 50.0 58 ug/kg 50.0 58 ug/kg	50.0 48.0 49 ug/kg 2.50 50.0 49.0 50 ug/kg 3.33 50.0 48.0 50 ug/kg 3.80 50.0 60 ug/kg 50.0 60 ug/kg 50.0 50.0 50 ug/kg 50.0 50.0 50 ug/kg 50.0 50.0 50 ug/kg 50.0 50.0 50 ug/kg 50.0 51.0 52 ug/kg 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 6.06 50.0 49.0 52 ug/l 7.40 50.0 50.0 57 ug/l 6 50.0 50.0 57 ug/l 7 u	50.0 48.0 49 ug/kg 2.50 98.4 50.0 49.0 50 ug/kg 3.33 101 50.0 48.0 50 ug/kg 3.80 100 50.0 60 ug/kg 120 6 50.0 45 ug/kg 90.3 50.0 50.0 52 ug/kg 90.3 50.0 51.0 52 ug/kg 104 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 6.06 102 50.0 49.0 52 ug/l 6.62 104 50.0 49.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 50.0 50.0 57 ug/l 114 6 50.0 50.0 57 ug/l 94.2 50.0 50.0 53 ug/kg 99.1 88.44MS 158044 50.0 U ND 55 ug/kg 99.1 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 99.2 50.0 50.0 50 ug/kg 99.2 50.0 50 ug/kg 118 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 100 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 118 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 100 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 1.18 50.0 U ND 51 ug/kg 1.76	50.0 48.0 49 ug/kg 2.50 98.4 (0.00 - 15.6 50.0 49.0 50 ug/kg 3.33 101 (0.00 - 15.6 50.0 48.0 50 ug/kg 3.80 100 (0.00 - 18.6 50.0 60 ug/kg 3.80 100 (0.00 - 18.6 50.0 60 ug/kg 90.3 (66.0 - 117 50.0 50.0 52 ug/kg 90.3 (66.0 - 117 50.0 52 ug/kg 104 (73.0 - 122 50.0 50.0 51.0 52 ug/l 1.89 103 (0.00 - 29.0 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 6.06 102 (0.00 - 15.0 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 6.06 102 (0.00 - 15.0 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 (0.00 - 26.0 50.0 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 (0.00 - 26.0 50.0 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 (0.00 - 26.0 50.0 50.0 47 ug/l 94.2 (66.0 - 117 50.0 50.0 50.0 53 ug/l 107 (73.0 - 122 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 53 ug/l 107 (73.0 - 122 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50.0 50	50.0 48.0 49 ug/kg 2.50 98.4 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 49.0 50 ug/kg 3.33 J01 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 48.0 50 ug/kg 3.80 100 (0.00-18.0) 50.0 60 ug/kg 120 (73.0-129.) 6 50.0 50.0 45 ug/kg 90.3 (66.0-117.) 50.0 52 ug/kg 104 (73.0-122.) CS DUP 158072 50.0 54.0 58 ug/l 8.15 117 (0.00-33.0) MAP 50.0 51.0 52 ug/l 1.89 103 (0.00-29.0) 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 6.66 102 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 6.66 102 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 1.89 103 (0.00-29.0) 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 (0.00-21.0) 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 (0.00-21.0) 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 (0.00-21.0) 50.0 50.0 57 ug/l 94.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 50.0 53 ug/l 94.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 U ND 55 ug/kg 99.1 (85.0-126.) 50.0 U ND 55 ug/kg 99.1 (85.0-126.) 50.0 U ND 55 ug/kg 99.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 99.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 99.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 118 (73.0-129.) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 1.88 94.5 (0.00-30.0) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 1.18 100 (0.00-30.0) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 1.88 94.5 (0.00-30.0) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 1.88 94.5 (0.00-30.0) 50.0 U ND 51 ug/kg 1.88 94.5 (0.00-30.0) 50.0 U ND 51 ug/kg 1.88 94.5 (0.00-30.0) 50.0 U ND 51 ug/kg 1.76 102 (0.00-30.0)	50.0 48.0 49 ug/kg 2.50 98.4 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 49.0 50 ug/kg 3.33 101 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 48.0 50 ug/kg 3.33 101 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 48.0 50 ug/kg 1.20 (73.0-129.) 50.0 50.0 60 ug/kg 100 (73.0-129.) 50.0 50.0 52 ug/kg 104 (73.0-122.) CCS DUP 158072 50.0 54.0 58 ug/l 8.15 117 (0.00-33.0) MAP 09/10/99 50.0 51.0 52 ug/l 1.89 103 (0.00-29.0) 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 6.06 102 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 48.0 51 ug/l 6.06 102 (0.00-15.0) 50.0 48.0 52 ug/l 7.40 104 (0.00-21.0) 50.0 53 ug/l 107 (73.0-122.) 8.44MS 158044 50.0 U ND 55 ug/kg 99.1 (85.0-126.) 50.0 4.10 49 ug/kg 99.1 (85.0-126.) 50.0 4.10 49 ug/kg 99.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 50.0 59 ug/kg 118 (73.0-129.) 50.0 50.0 50 ug/kg 99.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 99.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 99.2 (66.0-117.) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 99.2 (60.0-117.) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 1.88 94.5 (0.00-30.0) 50.0 U ND 50 ug/kg 1.88 94.5 (0.00-30.0) 50.0 U ND 51 ug/kg 1.76 102 (0.00-30.0)

^{*} represent a surrogate.

GC/MS SEMIVOLATILE ANALYSIS

CASE NARRATIVE SNLS SDG 99228S Analysis by GC/MS

Sample Analysis:

The following samples were analyzed for semivolatile organic compounds using the analytical protocol from EPA SW-846 Third Edition, Method 8270C, Revision 3, December, 1996:

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-02	050109-003 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-06	050049-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-09	050050-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-12	050052-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-15	050053-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-18	050055-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-21	050056-003 SOLARDETOX-DFI-BH1-
9909228-24	050057-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BHI
9909228-27	050058-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-30	050059-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-33	050060-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-36	050061-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-39	050062-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-42	050063-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-45	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-48	050065-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-51	050066-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-54	050067-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-57	050068-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC646867	SBLK01 (Blank)
QC646868	SBLK01LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC646869	SBLK01LCSD (Lab Control Sample Duplicate)
QC646870	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MDMS
· .	(Matrix Spike)
QC646871	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MDMSD
•	(Matrix Spike Duplicate)

System Configuration:

The laboratory utilizes a HP 6890 Series gas chromatograph and a HP 5973 Mass Selective Detector. The configuration is equipped with electronic pressure control. Ail MS interfaces are capillary direct.

SDG 99228S - SVOA Page 1 of 4

Chromatographic Column:

Chromatographic separation of semivolatile components is accomplished through analysis on one or more of the following columns (all with dimensions of 30 meters x 0.25 mm ID and 0.25 um film except J&WDB-5MS2 which is 20 meters x 0.18 mm ID and 0.18 um film);

J&W:

DB - 5.625 (5%-Phenyl)-methylpolysiloxane (identified by a DB-5.625

designation on quantitation reports and reconstructed ion

chromotograms)

J&WDB-5MS

Similar to the J&W DB - 5.625 with low bleed characteristics. EC-5 (SE-54) 5% Phenyl, 95% Methylpolysiloxane (identified by a

EC-5 designation)

HP:

Alltech:

HP-5MS 5% Phenylmethylsiloxane (identified by a HP-5MS

designation)

Phenomenex:

ZB-5 5% Phenyl Polysiloxane

J&WDB-5MS2 Similar to the J&W DB - 5.625 with low bleed characteristics.

Instrument Configuration:

The samples reported in this SDG were analyzed on one or more of the following instrument systems (instrument systems are identified by the instrument ID designations listed below which can be found on the raw data or individual form headers):

Instrument ID	System Configuration	Chromatographic Column
MSD2	HP6890/HP5973	ZB-5
MSD4	HP6890/HP5973	ZB-5
MSD5	HP6890/HP5973	ZB-5
MSD7	HP6890/HP5973	ZB-5
MSD8	HP6890/HP5973	J&WDB-5MS2

Sample Preparation:

All samples were prepared in accordance with accepted procedures.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated.

Due to the limited capacity of software to list all the current initial calibration files, a calibration history is inserted in the package prior to the appropriate Form 6.

Diphenylamine has now superseded N-Nitroso-diphenylamine as a CCC on Quantitation Reports, Initial Calibration Reports, Calibration Check Standard Reports, etc. Previous versions of EPA Method 8270 (prior to 8270C) listed N-Nitroso-diphenylamine as a CCC. However, as stated in EPA Method 8270C, Revision 3, December, 1996, Section 1.4.5, 'N-Nitroso-diphenylamine decomposes in the gas chromatographic inlet and cannot be separated from Diphenylamine.' Studies of these two compounds, both independent of each other and together, at GEL show that they not only coelute, but also have similar mass spectra.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Surrogates:

Surrogate recoveries in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

Internal Standards:

Internal Standards in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

Blanks:

There were no target analytes detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spikes were analyzed on the following sample number:

9909228-45 (050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD)

All of the analyte recoveries in the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate were within the required acceptance limits.

The matrix spike duplicate was not within the required acceptance limit for relative percent difference for the following analyte:

4-nitrophenol.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analytes in the laboratory control sample and laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits.

SDG 992288 - SVOA Page 3 of 4 All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Nonconformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this SDG.

Manual Integrations:

No manual integrations were performed on the standards in the initial calibration or continuing calibration associated with this SDG.

No manual integrations were performed on samples, blanks or quality control samples associated with this SDG.

CASE NARRATIVE SNLS SDG 99228W Analysis by GC/MS

Sample Analysis:

The following samples were analyzed for semivolatile organic compounds using the analytical protocol from EPA SW-846 Third Edition, Method 8270C, Revision 3, December, 1996:

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-62	050069-008 LFR-DF1-BH3-SVOC
QC647134	SBLK01 (Blank)
QC647135	SBLK01LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC647136	SBLK01LCSD (Lab Control Sample Duplicate)

System Configuration:

The laboratory utilizes a HP 6890 Series gas chromatograph and a HP 5973 Mass Selective Detector. The configuration is equipped with electronic pressure control. All MS interfaces are capillary direct.

Chromatographic Column:

Chromatographic separation of semivolatile components is accomplished through analysis on one or more of the following columns (all with dimensions of 30 meters x 0.25 mm ID and 0.25 mm film except J&WDB-5MS2 which is 20 meters x 0.18 mm ID and 0.18 um film):

J&W:	DB - 5.625 (5%-Phenyl)-methylpolysiloxane	(identified by a DB-5.625

designation on quantitation reports and reconstructed ion

chromotograms)

J&WDB-5MS Similar to the J&W DB - 5.625 with low bleed characteristics.

Alltech: EC-5 (SE-54) 5% Phenyl, 95% Methylpolysiloxane (identified by a

EC-5 designation)

HP: HP-5MS 5% Phenylmethylsiloxane (identified by a HP-5MS

designation)

Phenomenex: ZB-5 5% Phenyl Polysiloxane

J&WDB-5MS2 Similar to the J&W DB - 5.625 with low bleed characteristics.

Instrument Configuration:

The samples reported in this SDG were analyzed on one or more of the following instrument systems (instrument systems are identified by the instrument ID designations listed below which can be found on the raw data or individual form headers):

Instrument ID	System Configuration	Chromatographic Column
MSD2	HP6890/HP5973	ZB-5
MSD4	HP6890/HP5973	ZB-5
MSD5	HP6890/HP5973	ZB-5
MSD7	HP6890/HP5973	ZB-5
MSD8	HP6890/HP5973	L&WDB_5MS2

Sample Preparation:

All samples were prepared in accordance with accepted procedures.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated.

Due to the limited capacity of software to list all the current initial calibration files, a calibration history is inserted in the package prior to the appropriate Form 6.

Diphenylamine has now superseded N-Nitroso-diphenylamine as a CCC on Quantitation Reports, Initial Calibration Reports, Calibration Check Standard Reports, etc. Previous versions of EPA Method 8270 (prior to 8270C) listed N-Nitroso-diphenylamine as a CCC. However, as stated in EPA Method 8270C, Revision 3, December, 1996, Section 1.4.5, 'N-Nitroso-diphenylamine decomposes in the gas chromatographic inlet and cannot be separated from Diphenylamine.' Studies of these two compounds, both independent of each other and together, at GEL show that they not only coelute, but also have similar mass spectra.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Surrogates:

Surrogate recoveries were within the required acceptance limits.

Internal Standards:

Internal Standards in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

Blanks:

There were no target analytes detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spikes were analyzed on a sample of similar matrix not in this SDG.

The matrix spike was not within the required acceptance limits for the following analytes:

2-chlorophenol; 1,4-dichlorobenzene; N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine; 1,2,4trichlorobenzene; 4-chloro-3-methylphenol; acenaphthene and pentachlorophenol.

The matrix spike duplicate was not within the required acceptance limits for the following analytes:

2-chlorophenol; 1,4-dichlorobenzene and pentachlorophenol.

All analytes in the matrix spike duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analytes in the laboratory control sample and laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits.

All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Nonconformance Reports:

There were no nonconformance reports associated with this SDG.

Manual Integrations:

No manual integrations were performed on the standards in the initial calibration or continuing calibration associated with this SDG.

No manual integrations were performed on samples, blanks or quality control samples SDG 99228W-SVOA CHEADERTH MILLER associated with this SDG.

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qua	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Extractable Organics			···										·· —
QC646867 B1	LANK	158016											
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			,		U	ND	ug/kg				GWI	_09/28/9	9 (554
1,4-Dichlorobenzene					U	ND	ug/kg				Ų.,,	2012017	, 1224
2,4-Dinitrotoluene					Ũ	МD	ug/kg						
2-Chlorophenol					U	ND	ug/kg						
4-Nitrophenol					υ	ND							
4-chloro-3-methyl phenol	!				U	ND	ug/kg						
Acenaphthene					U	ND	ug/kg						
N-Nitrosodipropylamine					\mathbf{v}	ND	ug/kg						
Pentachlorophenol			-		U	ND	ug/kg						
Phenol .					U	ND	ug/kg						
Pyrene					U	ND	ug/kg						
*2,4,6-Tribromophenol	,		3330			1900	ug/kg		56.1	(44.5 - 12	6.)		
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			1670			1100	ug/kg		65.3	(44.7 - 11)	•		
*2-Fluorophenol			3330			2400	ug/kg		71.6	(37.0 - 10)	-		
*Nitrobenzeno-d5			1670			1000	ug/kg		61.7	(42.4 - 10)	•		
*Phenol-d6			3330			2300	ug/kg		68.2	(41.5 - 10)	-		
*p-Terphenyl-d14			1670			1500	ug/kg		87.0	(45.5 - 104			
1,2-Dichlerobenzene					U	ND	ug/kg				,		
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine					Ų	ND	ug/kg						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene					IJ	ND	ug/kg						
2,4.5-Trichlorophenol					Ų	ND	ug/kg						
2,4,6-Trichlorophenoi					ប	ND	ug/kg						
2,4-Dichlorophenol					U	ND	ug/kg	-					
2,4-Dimethylphenol					U	ND	ug/kg						
2,4-Dinitrophenol					U	ND	ug/kg						
2,6-Dinitrotoluene					U	ND	ug/kg						
2-Chloronaphthalene					U	ND	ig/kg						
2-Methylnaphthalenc					U	ND	ug/kg						
2-Nitrophenol					U	ND	ug/kg						
2-methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol]				U	ИD	ug/kg						
3,3'-Dichlerobenzidine					IJ	ND	ug/kg						
4-Bromophenyl phenyl eth	el				Ü	ND	ug⁄kg						
4-Chloroaniline					ប	ND	ug/kg						
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl eth-	er				U	ND	ug/kg						
Acenaphthylene					U	ND	ug/kg						
Anthracene					U	ND	ug/kg						
Benzo(a)anthracene					IJ	ND	ug/kg						
Benzo(a)pyrene					Ū	ND	ug/kg						

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Benzo(b)fluoranthene Benzo(ghi)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Butyl benzyl phthalate Carbazole Chrysene Under			3c 10 of 33	
Benzo(shi)purranthene Benzo(shi)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Butyl benzyl phthalate Carbazole Chrysene Di-n-butyl phthalate Di-n-ctyl phthalate Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene Dibenzofuran Diethyl phthalate U ND ug/kg	vsi I	Date	Time	
Benzo(ghi)perylene Benzo(k)fluoranthene Butyl benzyl phthalate U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg Carbazole U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg Chrysene U ND ug/kg Di-n-butyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Di-n-ctyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg				
Benzo(k)fluoranthene Butyl benzyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Carbazole U ND ug/kg Chrysene U ND ug/kg Di-n-butyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Di-n-cetyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg	WLU	09/28/99	1554	
Butyl benzyl phthalate Carbazole Chrysene U ND ug/kg Chrysene U ND ug/kg Di-n-butyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Di-n-cctyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg Diethyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Diethyl phthalate U ND ug/kg				
Carbazole Chrysene U ND ug/kg Di-n-butyl phthalate U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg Di-n-octyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg				
Chrysene U ND ug/kg Di-n-butyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Di-n-octyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg Diethyl phthalate				
Di-n-butyl phthalate U ND ug/kg Di-n-cetyl phthalate U ND og/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg Diethyl phthalate				
Di-n-octyl phthalate Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene Diberzofuran Diethyl phthalate U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg U ND ug/kg				
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene U ND ug/kg Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg Diethyl phthalate				
Dibenzofuran U ND ug/kg Diethyl phthalate				
Diethyl phthalate				
D IVD USKS				
(ATREINV mbibs)-sta				
Fluoranthene				
Fluorene				
Hexachlorobenzene U ND ug/kg				
Hexachlorobutadiene U ND ug/kg				
Herachlerocyclonentadia-				
Herecklomethane				
Independ 1.2.3 or disputation				
Konhorone				
N-Mirrosordinhanylaraina				
Nanhthalene				
Nitrobenzene UTD tig/kg				
Phenanthiena U NU ug/kg				
his(2-Chloroethoxy)methana				
bis(2-Chlomethyl) ether				
his/2-Chiernisonymuhuhum				
his/7-Fibylhavy/)phthata				
mn-Cresol				
m.Nitraniina				
o Const				
g-Niteognities U ND ug/kg				
p-Nitroaniline U ND ug/kg				
O NO LOKE				
C647134 BLANK 158075 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene				
1.4 Dightechannes	09/	17/99 1	740	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene U ND ug/l			. 10	
2-Chlorophenol U ND ug/l		-		
4-Nitrophenol				
4-chloro-3-methyl phenoj U ND ug/I				

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Acenaphthene					U	ND	ug/I		-		EHt	09/17/99	1740
N-Nitrosodipropylamine					U	ND	ug/l						
Pentachlorophenol					Ű	ND	ug/I						
Phenoi					Ų	ND	ug/l						
Pyrene					U	ND	ug/l						
*2,4,6-Tribromophenol			100			54	ug/l		53.8	(41.0 ~	122.)		
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			50.0			35	ug/l		70.2	(41.2 -	107.)		
*2-Fluorophenol			100			42	ug/I		42.0	(23.6 -	75.9)		
*Nitrobenzene-d5			50.0			35	ug/l		70.8	(35.3 -	108.)		
*Phenot-d6			001			25	ug/l		25.1	(10.9 -	54.6)		
*p-Terphenyl-d14			50.0			47.	սց/1		93.8	(36.6 -	110.)		
1,2-Dichlerobenzene				-	U	ND	ug/J						
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine				•	U	ND	ug/l						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene					ប	ND	ug/l						
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol					υ	ND	ug/j						
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol					U	ND	սը/1						
2,4-Dichlorophenol					IJ	ND	ug/l						
2,4-Dimethylphenol					ប	ND	ug/l						
2,4-Dinitrophenol					U	ND	ug/I						
2,6-Dinitrotoluene					ប	ND	ug/l						
2-Chloronaphthalene					U	ND	ug/l						
2-Methylnaphthalene			•		Ū	ND	սջ/I						
2-Nitrophenal					υ	ND	ug/l						
2-methyl-4,6-dinitropheno	Ī			•	U	ND	ug/I						
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine					U	ND	ug/l						
4-Bromophenyl phenyl eth	er				U	ND	ug/l						
4-Chloroaniline					U	ND	ug/i						
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl eth	ĊF				υ	ND	ug/l						
Acenaphthylene					U	ND	ug/I						
Anthracene					U	ND	ug/l						
Benzo(a)anthracene					U	ND	ug/l						
Benzo(a)pyrene					U	ND	ug/l						
Benzo(b)fluoranthene					U	ND	ug/t						
Benzo(ghi)perylene					U	ND	ug/i						
Benzo(k)fluoranthene					Ū	ND	ug/I						
Butyl benzyl phthalate					IJ	ND	ug/l						
Carbazole					Ü	ND	ug/l						
Chrysene					Ų	ND	ug/l						
Di-n-buty) phthalate					υ	ND	u <i>g/</i> 1						
Di-n-octyl phthalate					U	ND	ug/l						

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene					U	ND	ng∫l				EHI	09/17/99	1740
Dibenzofuran					U	ND	ug/l				,,1	43111177	.,
Diethyl phthalate					U	ND	ug/l						
Dimethyl phthalate					U	ND	ug/l						
Fluoranthene					Ű	ND	ug/?						
Fluorene					U	ND	ug/l						
Hexachlorobenzene					U	ND	ng/l						
Hexachlorobutadiene					υ	ND	ug/l						
Hexachlorocyclopentadi	cne				U	ND	ug/l						
Hexachloroethane					IJ	ND	ug/l						
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene					ប	ND	ug/I						
Isophorone					Ü	ND	ug/l						
N-Nitrosodiphenylamine	•				U	ND	บฏ/ไ						
Naphthalene					U	ND	ug/I						
Nitrobenzene					ប	ND	ug/I						
Phenanthrene	•				U	ND	ս ց/1						
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)metl	апе				U	ND	ug/l						
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether					บ	ND	ug/I						
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)et					U	ND	ug/l						
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthala	te				U	ND	ug/l						
m.p-Cresol					U	ND	ug/l						
m-Nitroaniline					υ	ND	ug/I						
o-Cresol					υ	ND	ug/l			•			
o-Nitroaniline					υ	ND	ug/l						
p-Nitroaniline					υ	ND	ug/I						
	LANK I	58075											
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene					υ	ND	ug/l				JРA	09/23/99	1403
1,4-Dichlorobenzene					Ū	ИD	ug/l				*		
2,4-Dinitroroluene					U	ND	ug/i						
2-Chlorophenol					U	ND	ug/l						
4-Nitrophenol					U	ND	ug/l						
4-chloro-3-methyl phenol					\mathbf{U}	ND	սց/յ						
Acenaphthene					U	ND	ug/l						
N-Nitrosodipropylamine					U	ND	ug/l						
Pentachlorophenol					U	ND	ug/l						
Phenot					U	ND	#B/]						
Pyrene					U	ND	ug/l						
2,4,6-Tribromophenol			001			54	ug/l		54.3	(41.0 - 122	2.1		
2-Fluorobiphenyl			50.0			29	ug/I		58.3	(41.2 - 107	-		
*2-Fluorophenol			100			35	ug/l		35.4	(23.6 - 75.			

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analy	et Date	Time
*Nitrobenzene-d5			50.0			27	ug/i		54.5	(35,3 -	108.) JF	A 09/23/99	1403
*Phenol-d6			100			21	ug/l		21.4	(10.9 -			
*p-Terphenyl-d14			50.0			40	ug/I		80.0	(36.6 -	110.)		
1,2-Dichlorobenzene					U	ND	ug/l						
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine					U	ND	ug/l						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene					U	ND	ug/t						
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol					ľ	ND	ug/I						
2.4,6-Trichlorophenol					U	ND	ug/l						•
2,4-Dichlorophenol					U	ND	ug/l						
2,4-Dimethylphenol					U	ND	ug/l						
2,4-Dinitrophenal					U	ND	ug/I						
2,6-Dinitrotoluene					υ	ND	ug/I						
2-Chloronaphthalene					υ	ND	υg/l						
2-Methylnaphthalene					U	ND	ug/I						
2-Nitrophenol					Ü	ND	ug/I					•	
2-methyl-4,6-dinitropheno	a]				Ū	ND	ug/l						
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine					U	ND	ug/l						
4-Bromophenyl phenyl et	cr				U	ND	ug/I						
4-Chloroaniline					U	ND	ug/l						
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl et	ner				ΰ	ND	ug/I						
Acenaphthylene					Ų	ND	ug/l						
Anthracene					Ü	ND	ug/l						
Benzo(a)anthracene					ប	ND	ng/j						
Benzo(a)pyrene					Ŭ	ND	ng/l						
Benzo(b)fluoranthene					IJ	ND	นะ/โ						
Benzo(glii)perylene					U	ND	บg/1						
Benze(k)fluoranthene					U	ND	ug/J						
Butyl benzyl phihalate					U	ND	ug/l						
Carbazole					Ŭ	ND	ug/l						
Chrysene					ប	ND	ug/l						
Di-n-butyl phthalate					U	ND	ug/ţ						
Di-n-octyl phthalate					υ	ND	ug/l						
Dibenzo(a,h)anthracene					ับ	ND	ug/l						
Dibenzofuran					Ū	ND	ug/I						
Diethyl phthalate					υ	ND	ug/l						
Dimethyl phthalate					Ŭ	ND	ng/i						
Fluoranthene					ŭ	ND	ug/l						
Fluorene					Ū	ND	ug/j						
Hexachlorobenzene					Ü	ND	บฐ/โ	*					
Hexachlorobutadiene					Ù	ND	- <i>g.</i> ug/I						

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Hexachlorocyclopentadie	n c				U	ND	ug/l				JPA	09/23/99	1403
Hexachloroethane					U	ND	ug/l						
Indenu(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene					U	ND	ug/I						
Isophorone					υ	ΝD	υg/l						
N-Nitrosodipheaylamine					Ū	ND	ug/l						
Naphmalene					U	ND	ug/l						
Nitrobenzene					U	ND	ug/I						
Phenanchrene					υ	ND	ug/I						
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)metha	ane				Ų	ND	ug/l						
bis(2-Chloroethyl) ether					U	ND	ug/I						
bis(2-Chloroisopropyl)ath	er				U	ND	ug/l						
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalat	Ċ				Ų	ND	ug/l						
m,p-Cresol					บ	ND	ug/l						
m-Nitroaniline					U	ND	սջ/Լ						
o-Creso!					U	ND	ug/I						
o-Nitroaniline					U	ND	μg/l						
p-Nitroaniline					U	ND	πā⁄J						
QC646868	LCS	158016											
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			1670			1100	ug/kg		66.4	(38.2 - 130)) GWL	.09/28/99	1627
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			1670			1100	ug/kg		63.6	(41.8 - 103	•		
2,4 Dimitrotolyene			1670			1300	ng/kg		78.1	(56.5 - 119	•		
2-Chlomphenol			3330			2100	og/kg		62.6	(45.5 - 95.	•		
4-Nitrophenol			3330			2500	цg/kg		75.7	(30.4 - 136	•		
4-chlore-3-methyl phenol			3330			2300	ug/kg		68.0	(57.5 - 101	•		
Acenaphthene			1670			1100	ug/kg		67.5	(48.2 - 108	-		
N-Nitrosodipropylamine			1670			1100	ug/kg		65.0	(14.9 - 116			
Pentachlorophenol			3330			2400	ug/kg		70.9	(45.4 - 103	•		
Phenol			3330			[800	ug/kg		54.6	(36.2 - 99.	•		
Ругеле			1670			1400	ug/kg		86.4	(50.7 - 110	-		
*2.4,6-Tribromophenol			3330			2400	ug/kg		71.1	(44.5 - 126			
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			1670				unkg		66.4	(44.7 - 110			
*2-Fluorophenol			3330				ug/kg		69.3	(37.0 - 102	•		
*Nitrobenzene-d5			1670			1100	ug/kg		65.2	(42.4 ~ 107	-		
*Phenol-d6			3330			2300	ug/kg		67.9	(41.5 - 102	•		
*p-Terphenyl-d14			1670			1400	ug/kg		85.8	(45.5 - 104			
QC647135	LCS	158075					*6***		02.0	(45.5 - 104	•,		
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene			50.0			34	ug/l		67.6	(45.7 - 97.3	n EHr	09/17/99	1812
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			50.0			33	ug/l		66.0	(34.6 - 96.9		A21 1 11 2 2	1012
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			50.0			44	n ë\]		89.0	(58.5 - 111	-		
2-Chlorophenol			100			59	ug/]		59.0	(36.9 - 94.)			
• •			•••			٠,	"B"		٥,,٠٥	(30.7 - 74.)			

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5th 5(12-145) 5					•							
Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
4-Nitropheno)			100		33	ug/l		33.4	(10.0)	55.6) EH1	09/17/99	1812
4-chloro-3-methyl phenol			100		68	ug/l		68.4	(17.3 -	- 126.)		
Acenaphthene			50.0		40	ug/l		80.6	(53.0 -	100.)		
N-Nitrosodipropylamine			50.0		33	ug/l		65.5	(52.1 -	104.)		
Pentachlorophenol			100		56	ugʻl		56.4	(49.8 ·	- 120.)		·
Phenol			100		23	υ <i>g/</i> I		23.4	(10.0 -	<i>- 7</i> 0.1)		
Pyrene			50.0		51	ug/l		102	(45.4	109.)		
*2,4,6-Tribromophenol			100		72	ug/l		72.1	(41.0 -	- 122.)		
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			\$0.0		34	ug/l		68.3	(41.2 -	- 107.)		
*2-Fluorophenol			100		38	ug/l		37.7	(23.6	- 75.9)		
*Nitrobenzene-d5			50.0		34	ug/l		67.3	(35.3 -	- 108.)		
*Phenol-d6			100		24	ug/l		23.6	(10.9	- 54.6)		
*p-Terphenyl-d14			50.0		42	ug/I		84.7	(36.6 -	- 110.)		
QC650714	LCS	158075				_			,	,		
1,2,4 Trichlorobenzene			50.0		31	ug/l		62.3	(45.7	-97.7) JPA	09/23/99	1430
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			50.0		29	ug/l		58.5		- 96.9)		
2.4-Dinitrotolucne			50.0		34	ug/l		68.0	(58.5	-111.)		
2-Chlorophenol			100		56	u <u>z</u> /]		56.3	(36.9	94.1)		
4-Nirrophenol			100		31	ug/i		30.8	(10.0	- 55.6)		
4-chloro-3-methyl phenol			100		63	nā\]		52,6	(17.3			
Acenaphthene			50.0		32	υgΛ		64.5	(53.0			
N-Nitrosodipropylamine			50.0		32	ug/I		64.1	(52.1	- 104.)		
Pentachlorophenol			100		58	υgЛ		58.4	(49.8 -	- 120.)		
Phenol			100		23	ug/l		23,2	(10.0 -	70.1)		
Pyrene			50.0		39	υg/l		78.9	(45.4	-109.]		
*2,4,6-Tribromophenol			100		79	ug/l		78.6	(41.0	- 122)		
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			50.0		33	ng/l		65.3	(41.2 -	- 107.)		
*2-Fluorophenol			100		39	ug/l		39.1	(23.6 -	- 75.9)		
*Nitrobenzene-d5			50.0		31	ug/I		62.2	(35.3 -	- 108.)		
*Phenol-c6			100		24	ug/l		24.4	(10.9 -			
*p-Terphenyl-d14			50.0		39	ug/I		77.3	(36.6	. 110.)		
QC646869 LCS	DUP	158016				-			•			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			1670	1100	1000	ug/kg	6.43	62.2	(0.00 -	- 30.0) GW	J 09/28/99	1659
1.4-Dichlorobenzene			1570	1100	990	ug/kg	7,49	59.0	(0.00 -	3D.O)		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1670	1300	1200	ug/kg	4.60	74.6		30.0)		
2-Chlorophenol			3330	2100	1900	ug/kg	7.44	58.2	(0.00			
4-Nitrophenol			3330	2500	2300	ug/kg	11.1	67.7	•	- 30.0)		
4-chloro-3-methyl phenol			3330	2300	2200	ug/kg	5.01	64.7		- 30.0)		
Accnaphthene			1670	1100	1100	ug/kg	3.87	65.0	(0.00			
N-Nitrosodipropylamine			1670	1100	1000	ug/kg	5.02	61.8	(0.00 -			

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

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						- 			<u> </u>			
Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Pentachlorophenol			3330	2400		ug/kg	0.181	71.1	(0.00 - 30.0) GWI	09/28/99	1659
Phenol			3330	1800	1 BOO	ug/kg	0.231	54.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
Pyrene			1670	1400		0.0	2.33	84.4	(0.00 - 30.0))		
*2,4.6-Tribromophenol			3330		2300	ug/kg		68.7	(44.5 - 126.			
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			1670		1100	ug/kg		63.6	(44.7 - 110.			
*2-Fluorophenol			3330		2100	ug/kg		64.5	(37.0 - 102.)			
*Nitrobenzene-d5			1670		1000	ug/kg		61.2	(42.4 - 107.)			
*Pheno)-d6			3330		2100	ug/kg		63,0	(41.5 - 102.)			
*p-Terphenyl-d14			1670		1400	ug/kg		83.7	(45.5 - 104.)			
QC647136 LC	S DUP	158075				- 5 3			(15.5 104.)			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			50.0	34.0	32	ug/l	4.20	64.8	(0,00 - 30,0)	1H9	09/17/99	1844
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			50,0	33.0	32	ug/l	4.59	63.0	(0.00 - 30.0)		0)111127	
2.4-Dinitrotoluene		•	50.0	44.0	47	ug/l	4.97	93.5	(0.00 - 30.0)			
2-Chlorophenol			100	59.0	57	ug/l	3.31	57.1	(0.00 - 30.0)			
4-Nitrophenol	-		100	33.0	36	ug/l	7.65	36.1	(0.00 - 30.0)			
4-chloro-3-methyl pheno	d		100	68.0	68	ug/l	0.480	68.1	(0.00 - 30.0)			
Acenaphthene			50,0	40,0	39	ug/l	3.69	77.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
N-Nitrosodipropylamine			50,0	33.0	31	ug/i	4.28	62.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
Pentachlorophenol			100	56.0	59	ug/l	4.06	58.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
Phenol			100	23.0	24	ug/l	0.979	23.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
Pyrene			50.0	51.0	49	nā\j ∡≛	3.96	98.0	(0.00 - 30.0)			
*2,4,6-Tribromophenol			100		75	ug/i	3.50	74. 5			•	
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			50.0		32	ng\]		64.6	(41.0 - 122.)			
*2-Fluorophenol			100		37	ug/I		37.1	(41.2 - 107.)	-		
*Nitrobenzene-dS			50.0		31	ug/1		61.9	(23.6 - 75.9)			
*Phenol-d6			100		23	na\I			(35.3 - 108.)			
*p-Terphenyl-d14			50.0		40	nā\;		23.1	(10.9 - 54.6)			
QC646870 9909228	45MS 1.	58016	20,0		70	ug/r		80.7	(36.6 - 110.)			
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			1670	U ND	1100	ug/kg		64.1	(46.3 - 102.)	COST	09/28/99	1771
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			1670	U ND	1000	ug/kg		59.7	(39.0 - 101.)	UNL	03120193	1731
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1670	U ND	1100	ug/kg		64.0				
2-Chlorophenol			3330	U ND		ug/kg		62.2	(41.0 - 111.)			
4-Nitrophenol			3330	ט אם		ug/kg ug/kg			(50.1 - 99.8)			
4-chloro-3-methyl phenol			3330	U ND				69.0	(42.6 - 119.)			
Acenaphthene			1670	UND		ug/kg		63.1	(50.5 - 110.)			
N-Nitrosodipropylamine			1670	סמיט		ug/kg		62.7	(54.9 - 105.)			
Pentachlorophenol			3330	טאט ט		ug/kg		67.2	(46.7 - 117.)			
Phenol			3330			ug/kg		74.5	(49.1 - 123.)			
Pyrene			1670			ug/kg		57.4	(55.3 - 92.4)			
2,4,6-Tribromophenol			3330	U ND		ug/kg		79.6	(57.2 - 123.)			
~, .,~ recommonation)35U		2300	ug/kg		69.2	(44.5 - 126.)			

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sa	mple	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range A	nalyst Date	Tîme
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			1670				1100	ug/kg		67.2	(44.7 - 110.)	GWL09/28/99	1731
*2-Fluomphenol			3330				2400	ug/kg		71.0	(37.0 - 102.)		
*Nitrobenzene-d5			1670				1100	ug/kg		63.9	(42.4 - 107.)		
*Phenol-d6			3330				2300	ug/kg		68.3	(41.5 - 102.)	•	
*p-Terphenyl-d14			1670				1400	ug/kg		85.t	(45.5 - 104.)		
QC646871 9909228-4	15MSD	158016											
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			1670	U	ND		1000	ug/kg	2.79	62.3	(0.00 - 18.9)	GWL 09/28/99	1803
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			1670	U	ND	,	950	ug/kg	5.05	56.7	(0.00 - 19.5)		
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1670	U	ND		1100	ug/kg	0.0380	64.0	(0.00 - 21.6)		
2-Chlorophenol			3330	บ	ND		2000	ug/kg	4.40	5 9.5	(0.00 - 19.7)		
4-Nitrophenol			3330	ប	ND		3300	ug/kg	35.4**	98.7	(0.00 - 23.3)		
4-chloro-3-methy) pheno	1		3330	บ	ND		2100	ug/kg	0.666	63.6	(0.00 - 21.7)		
Acenaphthene			1670	U	ND		1100	ug/kg	0.786	63.2	(0.00 - (8.9))		
N-Nitrosodipropylamine			1670	บ	ИD		1100	ug/kg	3.26	65.0	(0.00 - 20.4)		
Pentachlorophenol			3330	U	ИD		2500	ug/kg	2.45	76.4	(0.00 - 24.1)		
Phenol			3330	U	ND		1800	ug/kg	5.13	54.5	(0.00 - 19.4)		
Рутепе			1670	U	ND		1300	ug/kg	0.189	79.8	(0.00 - 21.4)		
*2,4,6-Tribromophenol			3330				2300	ug/kg		68.5	(44.5 - 126.)		
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			1670				1100	ug/kg		66.3	(44.7 - 110.)		
*2-Fluorophenol			3330				2200	ug/kg		67.3	(37.0 - 102.)		
*Nitrobenzene-d5			1670				1000	ug/kg		60,6	(42.4 - 107.)		
*Phenol-d6			3330				2200	ug/kg		65.5	(41.5 - 102,)		
*p-Terphenyl-d14			1670				1400	ug/kg		85.6	(45.5 - 104.)		
QC646831 B	LANK	158012											
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene					-	ប	ND	ug/kg				JLW 09/21/99	1420
2,4-Dinitrotoluene						U	ND	ug/kg					
2.6-Dinitrotoluene						U	ND	ug/kg					
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotolue	ene					U	ND	ug/kg					
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotolue	ne:					U	ND	u <i>g/</i> kg					
HMX						U	ND	ug/kg					
Nitrobenzene						U	ND	ug/kg					
RDX						U	ND	ug/kg					
TETRYL						U	ND	ug/kg					
m-Dinitrobenzene						U	ND	ug/kg					
m-Nitrotoluene						υ	ND	ug/kg					
o-Nitrotoluene		_				U	ND	ug/kg					
p-Nitrotoluene		•				U	ND	ug/kg					
sym-Trinitrobenzene						U	ND	ug/kg					
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			400				390	ug/kg		96.8	(71.5 - 108.)		
QC646R36 B1	ANK	158013						-			·		

HPLC ANALYSIS

CASE NARRATIVE FOR SNLS SDG 99228S Analysis by HPLC

Sample Analysis:

The following samples were analyzed for nitroaromatic and nitramine organic compounds using the analytical protocol from EPA SW-846 Third Edition, Method 8330, Revision 0, September 1994.

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-02	050109-003 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-06	050049-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-09	050050-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-12	050052-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-15	050053-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-18	050055-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-21	050056-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-24	050057-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BHI
9909228-27	050058-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-30	050059-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-33	050060-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-36	050061-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-39	050062-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-42	050063-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-45	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-48	050065-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-51	050066-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-54	050067-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-\$
9909228-57	050068-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC646831	XBLK01 (Blank)
QC646832	XBLK01LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC646833	XBLK01LCSD (Lab Control Sample Duplicate)
QC646834	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MDMS
•	(Matrix Spike)
QC646835	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MDMSD
	(Matrix Spike Duplicate)

System Configuration:

The laboratory utilizes a high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) instrument configuration for explosives analyses. The chromatographic hardware system consists of an HP Model 1050 HPLC with programmable gradient pumping and a 100 ul loop injector for the primary system and a 100 ul loop injector for the confirmation system.

SDG 99228S - HPLC Page 1 of 3 The HPLC is coupled to an HP Model G1306A Diode Array UV detector which monitors absorbence at the following five wavelengths: 1) 214 nm; 2) 224 nm; 3) 235 nm; 4) 254 nm; 5) 264 nm.

The primary HPLC system is usually identified with either a designation of HPLC #2, or hplcb in the raw data printouts. The confirmation HPLC system is usually identified with a designation of HPLC #1, or hplca in the raw data printouts.

Chromatographic Column:

Chromatographic separation of nitroaromatic and nitramine components is accomplished through analysis on the following reversed phase columns:

HP: Hypersil BDS-C18, 250 mm x 4mm O.D. containing 5 um particle size

Confirmation of nitroaromatic and nitramine components, initially identified on one of the above columns, is accomplished through analysis on the following column:

PH: Develosil CN-UG5-5, 250 mm x 4.6 mm L.D.

The primary column is used for quantitation while the confirmation column is for qualitative purposes only.

Sample Preparation:

All samples were prepared in accordance with accepted procedures.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated.

Due to the limited capacity of software to list all the current initial calibration files, a calibration history is inserted in the package prior to the appropriate Form 6.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Surrogates:

Surrogate recoveries in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

SDG 992285 - HPLC

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spikes were analyzed on the following sample number:

9909228-45 (050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD)

All of the analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

All analytes in the matrix spike duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analytes in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits.

All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Nonconformance Reports:

There were no nonconformance reports associated with this SDG.

Manual Integrations:

No manual integrations were performed on the standards in the initial calibration or continuing calibration associated with this SDG.

No manual integrations were performed on samples, blanks or quality control samples associated with this SDG.

General Comments:

The FORM 8 uses the retention time of the surrogate as a measure of how close the retention times of the samples and QC are to a standard component. The Instrument Blank does not contain the surrogate.

The samples were concentrated prior to analysis to achieve the required detection limit.

The preceding narrative has been reviewed by: 1/2 1/2 1/2 Date: 10/9/ 72

SDG 99228S - HPLC Page 3 of 3

CASE NARRATIVE FOR SNLS SDG 99228W Analysis by HPLC

Sample Analysis:

The following samples were analyzed for nitroaromatic and nitramine organic compounds using the analytical protocol from EPA SW-846 Third Edition, Method 8330, Revision 0, September 1994.

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-63	050069-009 LFR-DF1-BH3-HE
QC646836	XBLK01 (Blank)
QC646837	XBLK01LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC646838	XBLK01LCSD (Lab Control Sample Duplicate)
QC646839	050069-009 LFR-DF1-BH3-HEMS (Matrix
	Spike)
QC646840	050069-009 LFR-DF1-BH3-HEMSD (Matrix
	Spike Duplicate)

System Configuration:

The laboratory utilizes a high performance liquid chromatography (HPLC) instrument configuration for explosives analyses. The chromatographic hardware system consists of an HP Model 1050 HPLC with programmable gradient pumping and a 100 ul loop injector for the primary system and a 100 ul loop injector for the confirmation system. The HPLC is coupled to an HP Model G1306A Diode Array UV detector which monitors absorbence at the following five wavelengths: 1) 214 nm; 2) 224 nm; 3) 235 nm; 4) 254 nm; 5) 264 nm.

The primary HPLC system is usually identified with either a designation of HPLC #2, or hplcb in the raw data printouts. The confirmation HPLC system is usually identified with a designation of HPLC #1, or hplca in the raw data printouts.

Chromatographic Column:

Chromatographic separation of nitroaromatic and nitramine components is accomplished through analysis on the following reversed phase columns:

HP: Hypersil BDS-C18, 250 mm x 4mm O.D. containing 5 um particle size

Confirmation of nitroaromatic and nitramine components, initially identified on one of the above columns, is accomplished through analysis on the following column:

SDG 99228W - HPLC Page 1 of 3 PH: Develosil CN-UG5-5, 250 mm x 4.6 mm l.D.

The primary column is used for quantitation while the confirmation column is for qualitative purposes only.

Sample Preparation:

All samples were prepared in accordance with accepted procedures.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated.

Due to the limited capacity of software to list all the current initial calibration files, a calibration history is inserted in the package prior to the appropriate Form 6.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Surrogates:

Surrogate recoveries in all samples were within the required acceptance limits.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spikes were analyzed on the following sample number:

9909228-63 (050069-009 LFR-DF1-BH3-HE)

All of the analyte recoveries in the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate were within the required acceptance limits.

All analytes in the matrix spike duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analytes in the laboratory control sample and laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits.

SDG 99228W - HPLC Page 2 of 3 All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Nonconformance Reports:

There were no nonconformance reports associated with this SDG.

Manual Integrations:

No manual integrations were performed on the standards in the initial calibration or continuing calibration associated with this SDG.

No manual integrations were performed on samples, blanks or quality control samples associated with this SDG.

General Comments:

The FORM 8 uses the retention time of the surrogate as a measure of how close the retention times of the samples and QC are to a standard component. The Instrument Blank does not contain the surrogate.

The samples were concentrated prior to analysis to achieve the required detection limit.

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: \$NL\$00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sa	mple	Qua)	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range A	na)yst	Date	Time
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			1670				1100	ug/kg		67.2	(44.7 - 110.)	GWL	.09/28/99	1731
*2-Fluorophenol			3330				2400	ug/kg		71.0	(37.0 - 102.)			
*Nitrobenzene-d5			1670				1100	ug/kg		63.9	(42.4 - 107.)			
*Phonol-d6			3330				2300	ug/kg		68.3	(41.5 - 102.)			
p-Terphonyl-d14			1670				1400	ag/kg		85.1	(45.5 - 104.)			
QC646871 9909228-	45MSD	158016												
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene			1670	U	ФИ		1000	ng/kg	2.79	62.3	(0.00 - 18.9)	OWI	.09/28/99	1803
1,4-Dichlorobenzene			1670	U	ND		950	ug/kg	<i>5</i> .05	56.7	(0.00 - 19.5)			
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1670	U	ND		1100	ug/kg	0.0380	64.0	(0.00 - 21.6)			
2-Chlorophenol			3330	U	ND		2000	ug/kg	4.40	5 9.5	(0,00 - 19.7)			
4-Nitrophenol			3330	ט	ND		3300	ug∕kg	35.4**	98.7	(0.00 - 23.3)			
4-chloro-3-methyl pheno	o1		3330	ប	ND		2100	ug/kg	0.666	63.6	(0.00 - 21.7)			•
Acenaphthene			1670	U	ND		1100	ug⁄kg	0.786	63.2	(0.00 - \$8.9)			
N-Nitrosodipropylamine	:		1670	U	ND		1100	ug/kg	3.26	65.0	(0.00 - 20.4)			
Pentachlorophenol			3330	U	ND		2500	ug/kg	2.45	76.4	(0.00 - 24.1)			
Phenol			3330	U	ND		1800	ug/kg	5.13	54.5	(0.00 - 19.4)			
Pyrene			1670	u	ΝD		1300	ug/kg	0.189	79.8	(0.00 - 21.4)			
*2,4,6-Tribromophenol			3330				2300	ug/kg		68.5	(44.5 - 126.)			
*2-Fluorobiphenyl			1670				1100	ug/kg		66.3	(44.7 - 110.)			
*2-Fluoraphenol			3330				2200	ug/kg		67.3	(37.0 - 102.)			
*Nitrobenzene-d5			1670				1000	ug/kg		60.6	(42.4 - 107.)			
*Pheno1-86			3330				2200.	ug/kg		65.5	(41.5 - 102.)			
*p-Terphenyl-d14			1670				1400	ug/kg		85.6	(45.5 - 104.)			
QC646831 B	LANK	158012									•			
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene						ប	ND	ug/kg				ILW	09/21/99	1420
2,4-Dinitrotoluene						U	ND	ug/kg						
2.6-Dinitrotoluene						IJ	ND	ug/kg						
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotolus	ene					U	ND	ug/kg						
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotolus	епе					U	ND	ug/kg						
RMX						U	ND	ug/kg						
Nitrobenzene						U	ND	ng/kg						
RDX						U	ND	ug/kg						
TETRYL						บ	ИD	ug/kg						
m-Dinitrobenzene						U	ND	ug/kg						
m-Nitrotoluenc						υ	ND	ug/kg						
o-Nitrotoluene		,				U	ΔM	ug/kg						
p-Nitrotoluene						U	ND	ug/kg						
sym-Trinitrobenzene						Ū	ИD	ug/kg						
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene		-	400	• •			390	ng/kg		96.8	(71.6 - 108.)			
QC646836 B	LANK	158013												

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analysi	Date	Time
2,4.6-Trinitrotoluene					U	ND	ug/l				- <u>- ISP</u>	OD UTION	
2,4-Dinitrotoluene					Ü	ND	ug/l				JSP	09/10/99	
2.6-Dinitrotoluene					ŭ	ND	ug/l				Jar	09/10/99	1331
2-Arrano-4,6-diretzotoh	uene				Ū	ND	ug/l						
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotolt	uche				บ	ND	ug/l						
KMX					Ü	ND	ug/l						
Nitrobenzene					Ü	ND	ug/i						
RDX					Ü	ND	ug/l						
TETRYL					Ü	ND	աք/1						
m-Dinitrobenzene					บ	ND	ug/i						
m-Nitrotoluene					Ü	ND	ug/l						
o-Nitrotoluene					บั	ND	ប <u>ខ</u> ⁄រ						
p-Nitrotoluene					บ	ND	រាស្ប ពង្សា		-				
sym-Trinitrobenzene					Ü	ND	_						
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			0.519		_	0.47	ug/l		A				
QC646832	LCS	158012	0.015			V.47	ug/l		91.0	(75.6 - 12t.)		
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene			800			700							
2.4-Dinitrotoluene			800			780 750	ug/kg		97.1	(60.2 - 135,		09/21/99	1502
2.6-Dinitrotaluene			800				ug/kg		94.1	(59.7 - 135.	•		
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotolu	ĆDe.		800				ug/kg		90.5	(59.9 - 124)			
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotolu			800				ug/kg		98.4	(70 .0 - 130.			
НМХ			800			800	ug/kg		99.4	(70.0 - 130.	•		
Nitrobenzene			800				ug/kg		97.2	(54.3 - 152.	-		
RDX			800				ug/kg		91.4	(61.6 - 124.)			
TETRYL			800				ug/kg		98.1	(56.7 - 139.)			
m-Dinitrobenzene			800				ug/kg		102	(63.3 - 134.)			
m-Nitrotohuene			-				ug/kg		93.6	(59.6 - 131.)			
o-Nitrotoluene			800				ug/kg		91.7	(62.6 - 120.)	ł		
p-Nitrotoluene			800				ug/kg		91.0	(62.6 - 121.)			
sym-Trinitrobenzene			800				ug/kg	,	92.5	(61.9 - 119.)			
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			800				ug/kg		100	(67.1 - 109.)			
C646837	LCS 1	60012	400		2	380 (µg/kg		95.9	(71.6 - 108.)			
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	1.03 1.	20012											
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1.04			.86	пĕЛ		82.8	(6).3 - 130.)	J\$P	09/10/99 1	1413
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			1.04			.83	ug/[78.3	(60.1 - 132.)			
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotolue			1.04		0	.79	ug/I		76.2	(64.4 - 128.)			
			1.04		0	.80	ug∕I		77.3	(58.6 - 133.)			
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluer HMX	ne		1.04		0.	.76	цgЛ		73.3	(58.9 - 137.)			
Nitrobenzene			1.04		0.	.81	ug/i		78.1	(65.8 147.)			
RDX			1.04		0.	.70	ug/l		67.3	(56.6 - 114.)			
ኒኬላ			1.04		0.	74	ug/i		71.2	(69.7 - 130.)			

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Sample/Parameter	Type	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual QC	Ilnite	DDING.	 Dres	Dance	nolwa-	Data	
TETRYL		Date		Gample			AFD 70			nalyst		Time
m-Dinitrobeazene			1.04 1.04		0.82	ug/l		78.8	(66.0 - 134.)		09/10/99	1413
m-Nitrotoluene			1.04		0.79	ug/l		76.0	(66.2 - 127.)			
o-Nitrotoluene			1.04		0.77	ug/l		74.3	(56.9 - 116.)			
p-Nitrotoluene			1.04		0.76	ug/i		73.3	(56.7 - 115.)			
sym-Trinitrobenzene					0.77	ug/l		74.5	(54.6 - 114.)			
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			1.04 0.519		0.85	ng/]		81.4	(66.0 - 113.)			
	CS DUP	159013	0.319		0.46	ពគិប្ប		6.88	(75.6 - 121.)			
2,4,6-Trinitrotolucne	CODU	170017	800	780	470			345				
2.4-Dinitrotoluene			800	750	770		0.911	96.2	(0.00 - 30.0)		09/21/99	1543
2.6-Dinitrotoluene					730	ng/kg	3.24	91,1	(0.00 - 30.0)			
2-Amino-4,6-dinitroto	b.a		800	720	700	ug/kg	2.77	88.1	(0.00 - 30.0)			
			800	790	800	ug/kg	1.05	99.4	(0.00 - 30.0)			
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotol	uene		800	800	790	ug/kg	0.464	98.9	(0.00 - 30.0)			
HMX			800	780	800	ug/kg	2.73	99.9	(0.00 - 30.0)			
Nitrobenzene			800	730	700	ug/kg	4.69	87.2	(0.00 - 30.0)			
RDX			800	780	780	սց/kg	0.0679	98.1	(0.00 - 30.0)			
TETRYL			800	810	800	ug/kg	1.54	100	(0.00 - 30.0)			
m-Dinitrobenzene			800	750	720	ug/kg	3.94	90.0	(0.00 - 30.0)			
m-Nitrotoluene			800	730	710	ug/kg	3.41	88.6	(0.00 - 30.0)			
o-Nitrotoluene			800	730	700	ug/kg	4.04	87.4	(0.00 - 30.0)			
p-Nitrotoluene			800	740	710	ug/kg	3.96	89.0	(0.00 - 30.0)			
sym-Trinitrobenzene			800	800	790	ug/kg	1.10	99.0	(0.00 - 30.0)			
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			400	•	370	ug/kg		91,3	(71.6 - 108.)			
	CS DUP	158013										
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene			1.04	0.860	0.90	ug/I	4.05	86.2	(0.00 - 30.0)	J\$P	09/10/99	1455
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1.04	0.810	0.85	ug/1	3.79	81.4	(0.00 - 30.0)			
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			1.04	0.790	0.81	υ <i>g/</i>]	1.72	77.5	(0.00 - 30.0)			
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotol			1.04	0.800	0.85	ug/I	5.60	81.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotol	uene		1.04	0.760	0.81	ug/l	5.42	77.4	(0.00 - 30.0)			
HMX			1.04	0.810	0.83	ug/I	2,67	80.2	(0.00 - 30.0)			
Nitrobenzene			1.04	0.700	0.75	ug/l	6.40	71.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
RDX			1.04	0.740	0.79	ug/I	6.19	75.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
TETRYL			1.04	0.820	0.76	ug/i	7.21	73.3	(0.00 - 30.0)			
m-Dinitrobenzene			1.04	0.790	0.83	ug/l	4.43	79.4	(0.00 - 30.0)			
m-Nitrotoluene			1.04	0.770	0.81	ug/l	4.16	77.5	(0.00 - 30.0)			
o-Nitrotoluene			1.04	0.760	0.80	ug/l	4.55	76.8	(0.00 - 30.0)			
p-Nitrotoluene			1.04	0.770	0.83	ug/l	7.09	80.0	(0.00 - 30.0)			
sym-Trinitrobenzene			1.04	0.850	0.87	ug/I	2.74	83.7	(0.00 - 30.0)			
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			0.519		0.46	ug/I		89.1	(75.6 - 121.)			
C646834 990922	8-45MS	158012	•		2.10	-6.		٠,٠	(,5,5 - 121.)			

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Sample/Parameter	Туре В	latch	NOM	S	mple	Qual QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range A	nalyst	Date	Time
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene			800	Ū	ND	820	ug/kg		103	(64.9 - 165.)	JLW	09/21/99	1625
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			800	U	ND	770	ug/kg		96.5	(65.8 ~ 161.)			
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			800	บ	ND	730	~ -		91.4	(59.7 - 153.)			,,,,,
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotol	uene		800	U	ND	830			103	(70.0 - 130.)			
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotol	nene		800	υ	ND	840			105	(70.0 - 130.)			
нмх			800	U	ND	800			100	(54.9 - 157.)			
Nitrobenzene			800	U	ND	740			92.6	(56.4 - 157,)			
RDX			800	U	ND	750			93.8	(61.3 - 155.)			
TETRYL			800	U	ND	700	-		87.5	(55.9 - 147.)			
m-Dinitrobenzene			800	U	ND	סדד			95.8	(65.5 - 162.)			
m-Nitrotoluene			800	U	ND	780			97.1	(63.8 - 1.55.)			
o-Nitcotoluene			800	U	ND	790	0 -		98.6	(63.5 - 155.)			
p-Nitrotoluene			800	υ	ND	790			98.9	(64.1 - 153.)			
sym-Trinitrobenzene			800	Ū	ND	800			100	(57.5 - 149.)			
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			400	-	_	380	0 0		94.3	(71.6 - 108.)			
QC646839 990922	8-63MS 158	3013	•				-6. 25		, ,,,,	(71.0 - 100.)			
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene			1.04	U	ND	0.87	ug/l		84.1	(66.2 - 127.)	JSP	09/10/99	1537
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1.04	ΰ	ND	0.84	ug/l		80.6	(70.1 - 127.)	301	V2/10/22	1 - 2 - 2
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			1.04	Ū	ND	0.83			80.0	(62.8 - 134.)			
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoly	tene		1.04	Ū	ND	0.83	ப்த/)		79.5	(58.7 - 134.)			
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotolu	ene	•	1.04	ū	ND	0.82	ng/l		79.2	(56.3 - 145.)			
нмх			1.04	υ	ND	0.80	ug/I		76.8	(63.8 - 145.)			
Nitrobenzene			1.04	Ū	ND	0.74	ug/l		71.6	(57.6 - 119.)			
RDX			1.04	υ	ND	0.82	ug/l		78.6	(64.9 - 133.)			
TETRYL			1.04	ับ	ND	0.84	u <i>g/</i> ∫		80.5	(68.0 - 133.)			
m-Dinitrobenzene			1.04	Ū	ND	0.81	ng/l		78.2	(70.8 - 125.)			
m-Nitrotoluene			1.04	Ü	ND	0.79	ug/l		76.4	(56.5 - 121.)			
o-Nitrotoluene			1.04	Ü	ND	0.83	nā\j gar		79.4	(55.4 - 121.)			
p-Nitrotoluene			1.04	ΰ	ND	0.81	ug/l		77.5	(63.8 - 113.)			
sym-Trinitrobenzene			1.04	Ü	ND	0.88	ug/l		84.4	(67.7 - 113.)			
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			0.519	_		0.48	บะ/โ		92.0				
	45MSD 158	012	0.5.,			. 0.40	ug/)		92.0	(75.6 - 121.)			
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene			800	υ	ND	750	ug/kg	9.75	93.5	/0.00 10.00	38 337	00 00 1 10 0	1000
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			800	Ū	ND	700	ug/kg			(0.00 - 30.0)	JL.W	09/21/99	1707
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			800	ŭ	ND	670	ug/kg ug/kg	9,68 8,44	87.6	(0.00 - 30.0)			
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotolue	ène		800	ซ	ND	770			84.0	(0.00 - 30.0)			
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotolue			800	ប	ND		ug/kg	7.39	96.0	(0.00 - 30.0)			
НМХ			800	บ	Dע	760 780	ug/kg	9.53	95.1	(0.00 - 30.0)			
Nitrobenzene			800	U	ND	780 690	ug/kg	2.77	97.4	(0.00 - 30.0)			
RDX			-800				ug/kg	6.86	86.5	(0.00 - 30.0)			
			000	IJ	ND	720	ug/kg	3.91	90.2	(0.00 - 30.0)			

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TETRYL			800	บ	ND		700	ug/kg	0.563	87.0	(0.00	- 30.0)	лw	09/21/99	1707
m-Dinitrobenzene			800	U	ND		700	ug/kg	9.58	87.1	(0.00	- 30.0}			
m-Nitrotoluene			800	U	ND		690	ug/kg	11.7	86.4	(0.00	- 30.0)			
o-Nitrotoluene			800	ប	ND		700	ug/kg	12.5	87.0	(0.00	- 30.0)			
p-Nitrotoluene			800	ប	ND		710	ug/kg	11.5	88.2	(0.00	- 30.0)			
sym-Trinitrobenzene			800	U	ND		750	og/kg	6.65	93.8	(0.00	- 30.0)			
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			400				350	ug/kg		67.6	(71.6	- 108.)			
QC646840 9909228	D2ME6-8	158013													
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene			1.04	Ŭ	ND		0.89	ug/l	1.72	85.5	(0.00	- 16.0)	JSP	09/10/99	1619
2,4-Dinitrotoluene			1.04	Ū	ND		0.86	ug/I	2.03	82.2	(0.00	- 13.3)			
2,6-Dinitrotoluene			1.04	. U	ND		0.83	ug/I	0.00150	80.0	(0,00	- 19.3)			
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotol	ene		1.04	υ	ND		0.84	սց/1.	2.00	81.1	(0,00	- 15.8)			
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotol	luene		1.04	U	ИD		0.81	ug/l	1.19	78.3	(0.00	12.7)			
HMX			1.04	ប	ND		0.87	ug/I	8.09	83.3	(0.00	(4.4)			
Nitrobenzene			1.04	U	ND		0.76	ug/I	1.58	72.7	(0.00 -	20.4)			
RDX			1.04	U	NO		0.84	บg/1	2.52	80.6	(0.00	- 15.9)			
TETRYL			1.04	U	ND		0.90	ug/l	7.67	87.0	(0.00	- 13.4)			
m-Dinitrobenzene	•		1.04	U	ND		0.83	ug/l	2.32	80.0	(0.00	15.0)			
ra-Nitrotoluene			1.04	υ	ND		0.80	ug/l	0.689	77.0	(0.00	22.8)			
o-Nitrotolucue			1.04	U	ND		0.84	ug/I	1.65	80.7	(0.00 -	- 23.1)			
p-Nitrotoluene			1.04	υ	ND		0.82	ug/I	1.68	78.8	(0.00 -	23.1)			
sym-Trinitrobenzene		•	1.04	U	ØM		0.90	ugA	2.32	86.4	(0.00 -	- 13.2)			
*1,2-Dinitrobenzene			0.519				0.49	ug/1		94.0	(75.6 -	121.)			
QC647092	BLANK	158065						•							
PCB-1260						ប	ND	ug/kg					JC	09/23/99	0214
*4CMX		-	6.67				2.5	ug/kg		37.8	(25.3 -	110.)			
*Decachlorobiphenyl			6.67				4.0	ug/kg		60.4	(46.8 -	131.)			
PCB-1016						IJ	ND	ug/kg							
PCB-1221						ប	ND	ug/kg							
PCB-1232						υ	ND	ug/kg							
PCB-1242						U	ND	ug/kg							
PCB-1248						U	ND	ug/kg							
PCB-1254						IJ	ND	ug/kg							
QC649104	BLANK	158568													
PCB-1260						IJ	ND	ng/)					JC	09/21/99	2207
*4CMX			0.200				0.14	ug/l		70.3	(31.0 -	126,)			-
*Decachlorobiphenyl			0.200				0.12	ug/I		60.1	(39.0 -	_			
PCB-1016						υ	ND	ug/l							
PCB-1221						ΰ	ND	ug/l							
PCB-1232						Ū	ND	ug/l							

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PCB-1242					IJ	ND	ng/l				1C	09/21/99	2207
PCB-1248					Ū	ND	ug/l						
PCB-1254					U	ND	กลิโ						
QC647093	LC\$	158065					_						
PCB-1260			33.3			25	ug/kg		76.3	(53.6 - 137.) JC	09/23/99	0232
¥4CMX			6.67			3.0	uekg		44.6	(25.3 - 110	.)		
*Decachiorobiphenyl			6.67			4.0	ug/kg		59.9	(46.8 - 131.)		
QC649105	LCS	158568					• •				-		
PCB-1250			1.00			0.84	ng/l		84.0	(54.5 - 126.) JC	09/21/99	2226
*4CMX			0.200			0.15	ug/l		72.9	(31.0 - 126.)		
*Decachlorobiphenyl			0.200			0.12	ug/I		61.0	(39.0 - 133.)		
QC647094 LCS	DUP	158065									•		
PCB-1260			33.3	25.0		26	ug/kg	0.393	76.6	(0.00 - 36.0)) JC	09/23/99	0251
*4CMX			6.67			2.8	ug/kg		42.7	(25.3 - 110)		
*Decachlorobipheoyl			5.67			4.0	ug/kg		59.3	(46.8 - 131.)		
QC649106 LCS	DUP	158568											
PCB-1260			1.00	0.840		0.83	Ng#	1.20	83.0	(0.00 - 39.6) JC	09/21/99	2244
*4CMX			0.200			0.12	ug/I		61.5	(31.0 - 126.)		
*Decachlorobiphenyl			0.200			0.12	ug/I		62.3	(39.0 - 133.)		
QC647095 9909228-4	5MS	158065											
PCB-1250			33.3	U ND		25	ug/kg		76.0	(31.5 - 159.) JC	09/23/99	0309
*4CMX			6.67			3.4	ug/kg		51.1	(25.3 - 110.)		
*Decachlorobiphenyl			6.67			4.0	ug/kg		59.5	(46.8 - 131.)		
QC647096 9909228-457	MSD	158065											
PCB-1260			33.3	U ND	-	25	ug/kg	0.794	75.4	(0.00 - 26.2) JC	09/23/99	0328
*4CMX			6.67			3.3	ug/kg		49.3	(25.3 - 110.)		
*Decachlorobiphenyl			5.67			3,9	ug/kg		58.9	(46.8 - 131.)		

^{*} represent a surrogate.

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Sample/Param	eter Type	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Metals Analysi	·						***************************************		·		•		
QC647057	BLANK	158059											
Mercury					J 0.0	0845	mg/kg				RMJ	09/17/99	1503
QC647168	BLANK	158D86											
Mercury					U	ND	mg/l				RMJ	09/10/99	1259
QC647061	9909228-45DUP	158059					-						
Mercury					30	,0110	mg/kg	141*	*	(0.00 - 17.0)) RMJ	09/17/99	1540
QC647058	LCS	158059								•	•		
Mercury			5.29			5.18	mg/kg		97.9	(57.9 - 134	.) RMJ	09/17/99	1505
QC647169	LCS	158086								-			
Mercury			0.00200		0.0	0195	mg/l		97.5	(81.5 - 124	.) RMJ	09/10/99	1503
QC647059	LCS DUP	158059								•	•		
Mercury			5.29	5.18		5.27	mg/kg	1.83	9 9.7	(0.00 - 15.6	a RMJ	09/17/99	1507
QC647170	LCS DUP	158086					2.0			•			
Mercury			0.00200	0.00195	0.0	0197	mg/l	1.25	98.7	[0.00 - 16.3	B) RMJ	09/10/99	1302
QC647060	9909228-45MS	158059											
Мегсигу			0.328	J 0.00189		0.352	mg/kg		107	(64.6 - 136) RMJ	09/17/99	1539
QC646852	BLANK	158015								•			•
Arsenic					Ų	ND	mg/l				MBL	09/13/99	0813
Barium					υ	ND	mg/l						
Cadmium					υ	ND	mg/l						
Chromium					U	ND	mg/l						
Lead					Ų	ND	mg/l						
Selenium					υ	ND	mg/I						
Silver					\mathbf{U}	ND	mg/l						
QC6469D4	BLANK	158023					•						
Arsenic					U	ND	mg/kg				MBL	09/21/99	1622
Barium					U		mg/kg						
Cadmium					Ü	ND	mg/kg	•					
Chromium					υ		mg/kg						
Lead					บ	ND	mg/kg						
Seleniom					U		mg/kg						
Silver					1 (mg/kg						
QC546853	LCS	158015											
Arsenic			1.00			1.04	mg/l		104	(89.5 - 112) MBL	09/13/99	0818
Barium			1.00			1.05	mg/l		105	(90.7 - 111.			
Cadmium			1.00			1.03	mg/l		103	(90.7 - 115.	•		
Chromium			1.00			1.05	mg/l		105	(90,0 - 112,			
Lead			1.00			1.03	mg/l		103	(89.3 - 114.			
Selenium			1.00			1.02	mg/l		102	(87.2 - 109.			

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Sample/Param	eter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Acalyst	Date	Time
Silver				1.00		1.10	mg/j		110	(90.9 - 116	.) MBI	09/13/99	0818
QC646905		LCS	158023										
Arsenic				55.8			mg/kg		112	(84.6 - 133.	.) MBI	. 09/21/99	1628
Banium				70.1			mg/kg		116	(89.T - 154			
Cadmium				176			mg/kg		123***	· (77.5 - 116	.)		
Chromium				48.3			mg/kg		112	(73.0 - 150	.)		
Lead				53.9		64.8	mg/kg		120**	(80.4 - 117	.)		
Selenium				58.5			mg/kg		110	(86.6 - 122			
Silver				142		129	mg/kg		91.1**	193.2 - 130	.)		
QC6 4 6854	LC	S DUP	158015										
Arsenic				1.00	1.04	1.08	mg/l	3.76	108	(0.00 - 20.0) MBL	. 09/13/99	0824
Barium				1.00	1.05	1.09	mg/l	3.66	109	(0.00 - 20.0)		
Cadmium				1.00	1,03	1.07	mg/l	4.28	107	(0.00 - 20.0	1)		
Chromium				1.00	1.05	1.09	mg/l	4.01	109	(0.00 - 20.0))		
Lead				1.00	1.03	1.08	mg/l	4.38	108	(0.00 - 20.0) .		
Selenium				00.1	1.02	1.06	mg/t	4.08	106	(0.00 - 20.0)		
Silver				1.00	1.10	1.14	rng/l	3.46	114	(0.00 - 20.0)		
QC646906	LC	S DUP	158023				-						
Arsenic				58.6	62.8	62.3	mg/kg	5.66	106	(0.00 - 22.3) MBL	09/21/99	1634
Barium				73.6	81.5	80.4	mg/kg	6.29	109	(0.00 - 21.4)		
Cadmium				185	216	210	mg/kg	7.62	114	(0.00 - 14.3)		
Chromium				50.7	53.9		mg/kg	6.45	105	(0.00 - 21.))		
Lead				56. 6	64.8	63.0	mg/kg	7.82	111	(0.00 - 20.1)		
Selenium				61.4	64.3		mg/kg	4.09	106	(0.00 - 22.4	•		
Silver				149	129		mg/kg	3.14	94.0	(0.00 - 18.5			
OC646908	9909228	-45MS	158023						•	•	•		
Arsenic	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			48.5	2.78	44.2	mg/kg		85.4	(71.5 - 114.) MBI	09/21/99	1915
Barium				48.5	59.1		mg/kg			(65.7 - 127.	•		
Cadmium				48.5	U ND		mg/kg		85.2	(76.0 - 118			
Chromium				48.5	[1.0		mg/kg		86.2	(74,0 - 122	•		
Lead				48.5	7.75		mg/kg		85.5	(70.6 - 123.	•		
Selenium				48.5	סמא ט		mg/kg		81.7	(67.4 - 113.	•		
Silver				48.5	0.503		mg/kg		97.0	(75.9 - 124.	•		
	9909228-4	SMCD	158023	7915	0.000	77.0	BQ		77.0	(12-2 - 12-4)	,		
Arsenic		011102	120025	48.5	2.78	44.6	mg/kg	0.856	86.2	(0.00 - 16.3	1015	00/21/00	1021
Barium				48.5	59.1		mg/kg	89.4**		(0.00 - 10.3)		. 07161133	174)
Cadmium				48.5			mg/kg				•		
Chromium					מא ט			247	83.1	(0.00 - 10.3)			
Lead				48.5	11.0		mg/kg	2.85	83.8 ee 5	(0.00 - 19.3			
				48.5	7.75		mg/kg	1.09	86.5	(0.00 - 20.3	-		
Selenium				48.5	U ND	38.6	mg/kg	2.51	79.6	(0.00 - 17.0	j		

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Silver		,,,,,	48.5	0.503		47.3	mg/kg	0.489	96.5	(0.00 -	14.7) MBI	. 09/21/99	1921
QC646907 9909228-4.	SERIAL	158023											
Arsenic						3.74	mg/kg	29.6		(-)	MBI	. 09/21/99	1909
Barium						60.6	mg/kg	2.45		(-)			
Cadmium					υ	ND	mg/kg	0.00		(-)			
Chromium						11.7	mg/kg	5.44		(-)			
Lead						8.13	mg/kg	4.75		(-)			
Selenium					U	ND	mg/kg	0.00		(-)			
Silver						2,52	mg/kg	133		· (-)			

CASE NARRATIVE SNLS SDG#99228S

The following samples were analyzed for PCB using the analytical protocol from EPA SW-846 Third Edition, Method 8082, Revision 0, September, 1994:

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-02	050109-003 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-06	050049-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-09	050050-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-12	050052-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-15	050053-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-18	050055-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-21	050056-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-24	050057-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BHI
9909228-27	050058-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-30	050059-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-33	050060-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-36	050061-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BHI
9909228-39	050062-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-42	050063-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-45	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-48	050065-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-51	050066-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-54	050067-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-57	050068-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC647092	PBLK01 (Method Blank)
QC647093	PBLK01LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC647094	PBLK01LCSD (Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate)
QC647095	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS (Matrix Spike)
QC647096	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MSD (Matrix Spike Duplicate)

System Configuration:

The laboratory utilizes the following instruments for extractable semivolatile gas chromatograph analyses: six Hewlett Packard gas chromatographs consisting of HP 5890 Series II Plus and the 6890 Series models. All gas chromatographs are configured with dual ECD detectors and splitless injections. The HP systems are equipped with electronic pressure centrol (EPC).

Chromatographic Column:

Chromatographic separation of analytes of interest are accomplished through analysis on one of the following columns:

99228\$ - PCB Page 1 of 4 J&W1: DB-5 (5%-Phenyl)-methylsiloxane 30 m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 um

DB-17MS (50%-Phenyl)-methylsiloxane 30 m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 mm

J&W2: DB-5 (5%-Phenyl)-methylsiloxane 30 m x 0.32 mm x 1.0 um

DB-1701 Durabond stationary phase* 30 m x 0.32 mm x 0.5 um

J&W3: DB-5 (5%-Phenyl)-methylsiloxane 30 m x 0.53 mm x 1.5 um

DB-1701 (14% Cyanopropylphenyl)-methylsiloxane 30 m x 0.53 mm x 0.5 um

J&W4: DB-608 Durabond stationary phase* 30 m x 0.53 mm x 0.5 um DB-XLB * 30 m x 0.53 mm x 1.5 um

J&W5: DB-XLB * 30 m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 um

DB-17MS (50%-Phenyl)-methylsiloxane 30 m x 0.25 mm x 0.25 um

* Durabond and DB-XLB are trademarks of J & W.

Instrument Configuration:

The samples reported in this Sample Delivery Group (SDG) were analyzed on one or more of the following instrument systems (instrument systems are identified by the instrument ID designations listed below which can be found on the raw data or individual form headers):

Instrument ID	System Configuration	Chromatographic Column
ECD1	HP 6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W3
ECD2	HP 6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&WI
ECD3	HP 6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W5
ECD4	HP 5890 Series II Plus GC ECD/ECD	J&W5
ECD5	HP6899 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W5
ECD7	HP6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W5

Sample Preparation;

All samples were prepared in accordance with accepted procedures.

Instrument Calibration:

The following continuing calibration check standard injections (Form 7) exceeded the %D acceptance criteria of 15% (30% for surrogates) for the indicated compounds:

File#	Date	Time	Compound	%D	Bias
008B0801	09/22/99	1205	Aroclor-1221	23.8	(+)Bias
053B5301	09/23/99	0156	Decachlorobiphenyl	32.0	(+)Bias
064B6401	09/23/99	0518	Decachlorobiphenyl	39.0	(+)Bias
075B7501	09/23/99	0842	Decachlorobiphenyl	43.0	(+)Bias
08 <i>6</i> B8601	09/23/99	1205	Decachlorobiphenyl	33.5	(+)Bias

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Positive bias of analytical data is a result of instrument response for the indicated compounds increasing as the analytical sequence proceeds. The degree to which an increase in sensitivity has occurred is measured relative to the extent of which the indicated %D value exceeds the upper limit of 15% or 30%. None of the above target analytes were detected in any of the sample. Thus, the non-compliant %D values has no adverse effects on the data.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Surrogates:

All surrogate recoveries were not within the required acceptance limits. Decachlorobiphenyl recovery was below acceptance limits on one analytical column (DB-XLB) in sample 9909228-02.

Blanks:

There were no target analytes detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spikes (MS) and matrix spike duplicate (MSD) were analyzed on the following sample number:

9909228-45(050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD)

All of the analyte recoveries in the MS and MSD were within the required acceptance limits.

All relative percent differences (RPDs) between the MS and MSD recoveries were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analytes in the laboratory control sample (LCS) were within the required acceptance limits.

All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Manual Integrations:

Samples and QC analyses required manual integrations to correctly position the baseline as set in the calibration standard injections.

Certain standards required manual integrations to correctly assign analyte peaks and/or proper peak integration as set in the initial calibration.

99228S - PCB Page 3 of 4 Copies of manual integration peak profiles are included in the application raw data section of this package.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this SDG.

The preceding narrative has been reviewed by: L. Malell Compate: 10/4/29

CASE NARRATIVE SNLS SDG#99228W

The following samples were analyzed for PCB using the analytical protocol from EPA SW-846 Third Edition, Method 8082, Revision 0, September, 1994:

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-66	050069-012 LFR-DF1-BH3-PCB
9909228-66RE	050069-012 LFR-DF1-BH3-PCBRE (Re-Extract)
QC647334	PBLK01 (Method Blank)
QC647335	PBLK01LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC647336	PBLK01LCSD (Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate)
QC649104	PBLK02 (Method Blank)
QC649105	PBLK02LCS (Laboratory Control Sample)
QC649106	PBLK02LCSD (Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate)

System Configuration:

The laboratory utilizes the following instruments for extractable semivolatile gas chromatograph analyses: six Hewlett Packard gas chromatographs consisting of HP 5890 Series II Plus and the 6890 Series models. All gas chromatographs are configured with dual ECD detectors and splitless injections. The HP systems are equipped with electronic pressure control (EPC).

Chromatographic Column:

Chromatographic separation of analytes of interest are accomplished through analysis on one of the following columns:

Instrument Configuration:

The samples reported in this Sample Delivery Group (SDG) were analyzed on one or more of the following instrument systems (instrument systems are identified by the instrument ID designations listed below which can be found on the raw data or individual form headers):

Instrument ID	System Configuration	Chromatographic Column
ECD1	HP 6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W3
ECD2	HP 6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W1
ECD3	HP 6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W5
ECD4	HP 5890 Series II Plus GC ECD/ECD	J&W5
ECD5	HP6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W5
ECD7	HP6890 Series GC ECD/ECD	J&W5

Sample Preparation:

All samples were not prepared in accordance with accepted procedures. Sample 9909228-66 was re-extracted out of holding to investigate low surrogate recoveries. Both extractions have been provided in this data package.

Instrument Calibration:

The following continuing calibration check standard injections (Form 7) exceeded the %D acceptance criteria of 15% (30% for surrogates) for the indicated compounds:

File#	Date	Time	Compound	%D	Bias
003F0301	09/13/99	1732	Aroclor-1016	15.4	(+)Bias
			Aroclor-1260	20.2	(+)Bias
004F0401	09/13/99	1751	Aroclor-1254	29.0	(+)Bias
005F0501	09/13/99	1809	Aroclor-1248	15.8	(-)Bias
007F0701	09/13/99	1846	Aroclor-1232	34.0	(+)Bias
007B0701	09/13/99	1846	Aroclor-1232	42.8	(+)Bias
008F0801	09/13/99	1905	Aroclor-1221	148.0	(+)Bias
008B0801	09/13/99	1905	Aroclor-1221	85.8	(+)Bias
019F1901	09/13/99	2228	Aroclor-1260	18.2	(+)Bias
019B1901	09/13/99	2228	Aroclor-1016	16.2	(+)Bias
026F2601	09/14/99	0037	Aroclor-1016	15.4	(+)Bias
			Aroclor-1260	23.0	(+)Bias
026B2601	09/14/99	0037	Aroclor-1016	17.2	(+)Bias
008F0801	09/21/99	1236	Aroclor-1221	26.6	(+)Bias
008B0801	09/21/99	1236	Aroclor-1221	21.8	(+)Bias

99228W - PCB Page 2 of 4 Positive bias of analytical data is a result of instrument response for the indicated compounds increasing as the analytical sequence proceeds. The degree to which an increase in sensitivity has occurred is measured relative to the extent of which the indicated %D value exceeds the upper limit of 15% or 30%. None of the above target analytes were detected in any of the sample. Thus, the non-compliant %D values has no adverse effects on the data.

Negative bias of analytical data is a result of instrument response for the indicated compounds decreasing as the analytical sequence proceeds. The degree to which a decrease in sensitivity has occurred is measured relative to the extent of which the indicated %D value exceeds the lower limit of 15% or 30%. The above targets exhibiting a decrease in sensitivity were not needed for confirmation. Thus, the non-compliant %D values has no adverse effects on the data.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Surrogates:

All surrogate recoveries were not within the required acceptance limits. Decachlorobiphenyl surrogate recoveries were below acceptance limits in sample 9909228-66.

Blanks:

There were no target analytes detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spikes were analyzed on a sample in a different SDG.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analytes in the laboratory control sample (LCS) were within the required acceptance limits.

All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Manual Integrations:

Samples and QC analyses required manual integrations to correctly position the baseline as set in the calibration standard injections.

Certain standards required manual integrations to correctly assign analyte peaks and/or proper peak integration as set in the initial calibration.

Copies of manual integration peak profiles are included in the application raw data section of this package.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this SDG.

The preceding narrative has been reviewed by: 1. Mull CaDate: 9 13/4/09

GC/MS SEMIVOLATILE ANALYSIS

Case Narrative for SNLS

SDG 99228W

Metals Analysis by ICP Mercury Analysis by CVAA

Sample Preparation and Analysis

The following samples were digested using EPA SW846 methods 3005A for ICP and 7074A for mercury and analyzed using methods 6010B (ICP) and 7470A (CVAA):

Laboratory Identification	Sample Description
9909228-61	050069-007 LFR-DF1-BH3-RCRA
QC646852-ICP	Preparation Blank (PBW)
QC646853-ICP	Laboratory Control Sample (LCSW)
QC646854-JCP	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (LCSWD)
QC647168-CVAA	Preparation Blank (PBW)
QC647169-CVAA	Laboratory Control Sample (LCSW)
OC647170-CVAA	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (LCSWD)

System Configurations

ICP analysis was performed on a Thermo Jarrell Ash 61E Trace axial-viewing inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectrometer. The instrument is equipped with a Meinhardt nebulizer, cyclonic spray chamber, and yttrium internal standard. Operating conditions for the Trace ICP were set at a power level of 950 watts, a peristaltic pump flow rate of 140 RPM (2.0 mL/min sample uptake rate), argon gas flows of 15 L/min and 0.5 L/min for the torch and auxiliary gases, and a nebulizer pressure setting of 26 PSI.

Mercury analysis was performed on a Perkin-Elmer Flow Injection Mercury System (FIMS-400) automated mercury analyzer. The instrument consists of a cold vapor atomic absorption spectrometer set to detect mercury at a wavelength of 254 nm. Sample introduction through the flow injection system is performed via a peristaltic pump at 9 mL/min and nitrogen carrier gas rate of 5 L/min.

Sample Preparation

All samples were prepared in accordance with the appropriate EPA SW846 procedures.

Instrument Calibration

The instruments were calibrated following method and manufacturers' specifications. The percent recovery for mercury in the CRDL was outside of the advisory limits. The result for cadmium in the ICS-A was below the negative CRDL; therefore, the sample results may reflect a negative bias for cadmium.

Holding Time

All samples were analyzed within the required holding times.

SNLS SDG# 99228W Page 1 of 3

Blanks

All the preparation blanks and continuing calibration blanks met all quality control criteria.

Spike Analyses

No sample from this sample delivery group (SDG) was designated as the quality control sample for the ICP or the CVAA batches. A sample from SNLS SDG 99257W was designated as the quality control for the CVAA batch. A sample from SNLS SDG 99158 was designated as the quality control sample for the ICP batch. These batches included a matrix spike (MS) and a sample duplicate (DUP). The percent recoveries (%R) obtained from the MS analyses are evaluated when the sample concentration is less than four times (4X) the spike concentration added. The relative percent difference (RPD) obtained from the DUP is evaluated when the sample is greater than five times (5X) the contract required detection limit (RL). Quality control criteria were met for %R and RPD for all applicable parameters for the selected QC batches.

Serial Dilution Analysis

The designated quality control sample in the ICP batch (from SDG 99158) underwent a serial dilution analysis and met the quality control criteria of <10% for all applicable analytes. The acceptance criteria only applies to those elements greater than 50X the IDL.

Laboratory Control Samples

The laboratory control samples (LCSW) and the laboratory control sample duplicate (LCSD) met the quality control acceptance criteria for %R and RPD for all applicable parameters.

Sample Dilutions

No sample dilutions were required for this SDG.

Nonconformance Reports

No nonconformance report was issued for this SDG.

General Comments

The flagging conventions demonstrated in this package are assigned based on DL and RL values. All qualifiers assigned for this SDG have been determined after both DL and RL values have been corrected for prep and dilution factors.

Due to limitations of the forms generation software used to create the CLP-like forms for reporting data in a CLP-like data deliverable, several forms will report results to only one (e.g., Form 3a) or two (e.g., Forms 1, 5a, 9, 10) decimal places. This can result in concentrations, which are smaller than one tenth or one hundredth of the indicated reporting unit, to appear on the forms as either 0.0 or 0.00, respectively. In cases where this occurs on the forms the results have been manually corrected to reflect the additional decimal place values.

SNLS SDG# 99228W Page 2 of 3

The preceding narrative has been reviewed b	Bear	for Daring	len
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Dat	e:	0/4/99	<u>-</u>

SNLS SDG# 99228W Page 3 of 3

INORGANIC ANALYSIS

Case Narrative for Sandia National Laboratories **SDG 99228S**

Metals Analysis by ICP Mercury Analysis by CVAA

Sample Analysis
The samples were analyzed for metals using SW-846 method 6010B (ICP) and method 7471A (ĈVAA):

Laboratory Identification	Sample Description
9909228-02	C50109-003 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-06	050049-003 SCLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-09	050050-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-12	050052-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-15	050053-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-18	050055-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-21	050056-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-24	050057-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BHI
9909228-27	050058-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-30	050059-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-33	050060-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-36	050061-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BHI
9909228-39	050062-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-42	050063-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-45	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-48	050065-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-51	050066-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-54	050067-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-57	050068-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC646904-ICP	Preparation Blank (PBS)
QC646905-ICP	Laboratory Control Sample (LCSS)
QC646906-ICP	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (LCSSD)
QC646907-ICP	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MDL-Serial
·	Dilution (SD)
QC646908-ICP	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MDS-Matrix
	Spike (MS)
QC646909-ICP	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MDSD-Matrix
	Spike Duplicate (MSD)
QC647057-CVAA	Preparation Blank (PBS)
QC647058-CVAA	Laboratory Control Sample (LCSS)
QC647059-CVAA	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (LCSSD)
QC647060-CVAA	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD S-Matrix
004-04-04-04-	Spike (MS)
QC647061-CVAA	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MDD-Sample
	Duplicate (DUP)

SNLS SDG# 99228S Page 1 of 3

System Configurations

ICP analysis was performed on a Thermo Jarrell Ash 61E Trace axial-viewing inductively coupled plasma atomic emission spectrometer. The instrument is equipped with a Meinhardt nebulizer, cyclonic spray chamber, and yttrium internal standard. Operating conditions for the Trace ICP were set at a power level of 950 watts, a peristaltic pump flow rate of 140 RPM (2.0 mL/min sample uptake rate), argon gas flows of 15 L/min and 0.5 L/min for the torch and auxiliary gases, and a nebulizer pressure setting of 26 PSI.

Mercury analysis was performed on a Perkin-Elmer Flow Injection Mercury System (FIMS-400) automated mercury analyzer. The instrument consists of a cold vapor atomic absorption spectrometer set to detect mercury at a wavelength of 254 nm. Sample introduction through the flow injection system is performed via a peristaltic pump at 9 mL/min and nitrogen carrier gas rate of 5 L/min.

Sample Preparation

All samples were prepared in accordance with the appropriate EPA SW846 procedures.

Instrument Calibration

The instruments were calibrated following method and manufacturers' specifications. The percent recoveries for arsenic and mercury in the CRDL standard were above the advisory limits. The cadmium result in the ICSA was below the negative CRDL; therefore, the sample results may reflect a negative bias for cadmium.

Holding Time

All samples were analyzed within the required holding times.

Blanks

The preparation and calibration blanks met all quality control criteria.

Spike Analyses

Sample 050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD was designated as the quality control sample for the ICP and CVAA batches. Each batch included a matrix spike (MS), a sample duplicate (DUP-CVAA), or a matrix spike duplicate (MSD-ICP). The percent recoveries (%R) obtained from the MS analyses are evaluated when the sample concentration is less than four times (4X) the spike concentration added. The relative percent difference (RPD) obtained from the DUP is evaluated when the sample is greater than five times (5X) the contract required detection limit (RL). The matrix spike met the recommended quality control criteria for percent recovery (75%-125%) for all applicable parameters, with the exception of barium, as indicated by the "**" qualifier. The relative percent differences (RPD%) between the sample and the MSD/DUP were within the acceptance limits of <20% for all elements, with the exception of mercury and barium, as indicated with the "**" qualifier. The mercury result for QC647061 contains "**" qualifier flags for the DUP analysis; however, the result was not considered a QC outlier because the concentration does not meet the 5X CRDL evaluation criteria listed above. The QC Summary Report is generated by LIMS, which is not programmed based on program-specific EPA Inorganics Functional Guidelines validation criteria.

> SNLS SDG# 99228S Page 2 of 3

Laboratory Control Samples

The laboratory control samples (LCSS) and the laboratory control sample duplicates (LCSD) met the quality control acceptance criteria for %R and RPD, with the exception of cadmium, lead, and silver, as indicated by the "**" qualifier. These elements have been identified as QC outliers based on comparison of their %R to laboratory-derived statistical process control (SPC) limits present in LIMS; however, all recoveries fall with in the certified acceptance limits supplied by the standard manufacturer.

Serial Dilution Analysis

The serial dilution sample (sample 050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD) for the ICP batch met the quality control criteria of <10% for all analytes, with the exception of arsenic and silver. The acceptance criteria only applies to those elements greater than 50X the IDL. This is a tool used to monitor matrix enhancement or suppression caused by interferences present in the sample.

Sample Dilutions

All samples for the ICP batch were diluted at 2X. The LCSS and the LCSSD were diluted at 5X. For the CVAA batch all samples were analyzed undiluted, with the exception of the LCSS and LCSSD, which were analyzed at a 2X dilution. All samples are diluted to bring over-ranged targets within the instruments linear range and/or to eliminate potential mineral element interferences.

Nonconformance Reports

There were no nonconformance reports associated with this sample delivery group (SDG).

General Comments

The flagging conventions demonstrated in this package are assigned based on DL and RL values. All qualifiers assigned for this SDG have been determined after both DL and RL values have been corrected for prep and dilution factors.

Due to limitations of the forms generation software used to create the CLP-like forms for reporting data in a CLP-like data deliverable, several forms will report results to only one (e.g., Form 3a) or two (e.g., Forms 1, 5a, 9, 10) decimal places. This can result in concentrations, which are smaller than one tenth or one hundredth of the indicated reporting unit, to appear on the forms as either 0.0 or 0.00, respectively. In cases where this occurs on the forms the results have been manually corrected to reflect the additional decimal place values.

The preceding narrative has been reviewed by: Beechos Boltunday

Date: 10/4/99

SNLS SDG# 99228S Page 3 of 3

GENERAL CHEMISTRY ANALYSIS

Case Narrative for SNLS SDG# 99228S

TOTAL CYANIDE

Analytical Batch Number: 158110

Analytical Method: EPA SW846 9012A

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-02	050109-003 B9938-SPI-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-36	050061-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-39	050062-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-42	050063-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-45	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-48	050065-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-51	050066-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-54	050067-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-57	050068-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC647276	Duplicate of 9909228-45
QC647277	Matrix Spike of 9909228-45
QC647278	Blank
QC6472 7 9	Laboratory Control Sample
QC647280	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

Sample Preparation:

All samples were prepared in accordance with accepted procedures. A Perstorp Midi-Still distillation unit was used for the distillation.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument used was an Alpkem Flow Solution III colorimetric autoanalyzer. The instrument was properly calibrated on the day of the analysis.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spike was run on the following Sample Number.

9909228-45

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits. All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Sample Duplicates:

The sample and duplicate results were less than the PQL; therefore, the RPD is not applicable.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

General Comments:

Due to Hurricane Floyd this batch was run on two different days with several days in between.

TOTAL CYANIDE

Analytical Batch Number: 158099

Analytical Method: EPA SW846 9012A

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-06	050049-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-09	050050-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-12	050052-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-15	050053-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-18	050055-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-21	050056-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-24	050057-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BHI
9909228-27	050058-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-30	050059-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-33	050060-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
QC647234	Duplicate of 9909228-33
QC647235	Matrix Spike of 9909228-33
QC647236	Blank
QC647237	Laboratory Control Sample
QC647238	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

Sample Preparation:

A Perstorp Midi-Still distillation unit was used for the distillation.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument used was an Alpkem Flow Solution III colorimetric autoanalyzer. The instrument was properly calibrated on the day of the analysis.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spike was run on the following Sample Number.

9909228-33

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits. All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Sample Duplicates:

The sample and duplicate results were less than the PQL; therefore, the RPD is not applicable.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

Case Narrative for SNLS SDG# 99228W

CYANIDE

Analytical Batch Number: 158008

Analytical Method: EPA 9012A

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-64	050069-010 LFR-DF1-BH3-CN
QC646808	Duplicate of 9909156-05
QC646809	Matrix Spike of 9909156-05
QC646810	Duplicate of 9909228-64
QC646811	Matrix Spike of9909228-64
QC646812	Blank
QC646813	Laboratory Control Sample
QC646814	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

Sample Preparation:

A Perstorp Midi-Still distillation unit was used for the distillation.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument used was an Alpkem Flow Solution III colorimetric autoanalyzer. The instrument was properly calibrated on the day of the analysis.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spikes were run on the following Sample Numbers.

9909156-05 and 9909228-64

The matrix spike for 9909156-05 was outside the required acceptance limits due to matrix interference. The matrix spike for 9909228-64 was within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits. All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Sample Duplicates:

The sample and duplicate results were less than the PQL; therefore, the RPD is not applicable.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM

Analytical Batch Number: 158555

Analytical Method: EPA SW846 7196A

Sample Description
050049-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
050050-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
050052-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
050053-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
Duplicate of 9909228-06
Matrix Spike of 9909228-06
Laboratory Control Sample
Blank
Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

Sample Preparation:

All samples were prepared in accordance with accepted procedures.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument used was a Sequoia-Turner Model 340 Spectrophotometer. The instrument was properly calibrated on the day of the analysis.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spike was run on the following Sample Number.

9909228-06

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits. All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Sample Duplicates:

The sample and duplicate results were less than the PQL; therefore, the RPD is not applicable.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

General Comments:

An insoluble LCS was run with this batch. It showed 97% recovery.

HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM

Analytical Batch Number: 158556

Analytical Method: EPA SW846 7196A

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-02	050109-003 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-18	050055-003 SQLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-21	050056-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-24	050057-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BHI
9909228-27	050058-003 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-30	050059-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-33	050060-003 SQLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-36	050061-003 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-39	050062-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-42	050063-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-45	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-48	050065-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-51	050066-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-8
9909228-54	050067-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-57	050068-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC649071	Duplicate of 9909228-18
QC649072	Matrix Spike of 9909228-18
QC649074	Duplicate of 9909228-45
QC649075	Matrix Spike of 9909228-45
QC649077	Laboratory Control Sample
QC649078	Blank
QC649079	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate

Sample Preparation:

All samples were prepared in accordance with accepted procedures.

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument used was a Sequoia-Turner Model 340 Spectrophotometer. The instrument was properly calibrated on the day of the analysis.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spikes were run on the following Sample Numbers.

9909228-18 and 9909228-45

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spikes were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits. All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Sample Duplicates:

All sample duplicate results were within the required acceptance limits.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

General Comments:

An insoluble LCS was run with this batch. It showed 95% recovery.

The preceding narratives have been reviewed by: 1. Date: 10/64/55

HEXAVALENT CHROMIUM

Analytical Batch Number: 157999

Analytical Method: EPA 7196A

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-65	050069-011 LFR-DF1-BH3-CR6+
QC646774	Duplicate of9909228-65
QC646775	Matrix Spike of 9909228-65
QC646776	Laboratory Control Sample
QC646777	Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate
QC646778	Blank

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument used was a Sequoia-Turner Model 340 Spectrophotometer. The instrument was properly calibrated on the day of the analysis.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

The matrix spike was run on the following Sample Number.

9909228-65

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits. All analytes in the laboratory control sample duplicate were within the required acceptance limits for relative percent difference.

Sample Duplicates:

All sample duplicate results were within the required acceptance limits.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

The above narratives have been reviewed by: \(\frac{1}{2} \lambda \lambda \) Date: \(\frac{10}{0} \frac{4}{9} \frac{1}{9} \)

QC Summary Report

Project Description:

OC649065

9909228-06DUP 158555

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396 Lab. Sample ID: 9909228% Report Date: October 07, 1999 Page 26 of 33 Type Batch Sample/Parameter NOM Sample Qual QC Units RPD% REC% Range Analyst Date Time General Chemistry QC646812 **BLANK 158008** Cyanide, Total ND U mg/l 09/13/99 1441 QC647236 BLANK 158099 Cyanide, Total U ND mg/kg 09/10/99 1545 QC647278 BLANK 158110 Cyanide, Total ND mg/kg 09/14/99 1126 QC646810 9909228-64DUP 158008 Cyanide, Total mg/l 0.00(0.00 - 20.0) JLP 09/13/99 1438 QC647234 9909228-33DUP 158099 Cyanide, Total ND mg/kg 0.00 (0.00 - 30.0) JLP 09/10/99 1541 QC647276 9909228-45DUP 158110 Cyanide, Total J 0.182 mg/kg 200** (0.00 - 30.0) JLP 09/17/99 1719 QC646813 LCS 158008 Cyanide, Total 0.100 0.0800 80.0 (75.0-132.) JLP 09/13/99 1442 mg/I QC647237 LCS 158099 Cyanide, Total 5.00 77.7 3.89 mg/kg (60.0 - 125.) JLP 09/10/99 1546 OC647279 LC\$ 158110 Cyanide, Total 5.00 3.54 mg/kg 70.7 (60.0 - 125.) JLP 09/14/99 1128 QC646814 LCS DUP 158008 Cyanide, Total 0.0800 0.0855 mg/l 0.1006.66 85.5 (0.00 - 20.0) JLP 09/13/99 1444 QC647238 LCS DUP 158099 Cyanide, Total 5.00 3.89 3.87 mg/kg 0.515 77.3 (0.00 - 30.0) JLP 09/10/99 1547 QC647280 LCS DUP 158110 Cyanide, Total 5.00 3.54 4.15 mg/kg 16.0 83.0 (0.00 - 30.0) JLP 09/14/99 1129 QC646811 9909228-64MS 158008 Cyanide, Total 0.100 U ND 0.0752 mg/l (75.0 - 125.) JLP 09/13/99 1440 75.2 QC547235 9909228-33MS 158099 Cyanide, Total 4.99 ND 4.09 mg/kg 81.9 (70.0 - 130.) JLP 09/10/99 1543 QC647277 9909228-45MS 158110 Cyanide, Total 4.98 U ND 3.64 mg/kg 73.3 (70.0 - 130.) JLP 09/14/99 1117 QC646778 BLANK 157999 Chromium, Hexavalent U ND LAA 09/08/99 1900 mg/l QC649069 BLANK 158555 Chromium, Hexavalent U ND mg/kg JBK 09/22/99 1430 OC649078 BLANK 158556 Chromium, Hexavalent U ND mg/kg OC646774 9909228-65DUP 157999 Chromium, Hexavalent U ND mg/l 0.00 (0.00 - 13.0) LAA 09/08/99 1900

QC Summary Report

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

c: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range A	nalyst	Date	Time
Chromium, Hexav	alent				J (.112	mg/kg	32.3**	*	(0.00 - 30.0)	JBK	09/22/99	1430
QC649071 990	9228-18DUP	158556											
Chromium, Hexav	alent				J 0.0	794	mg/kg	23.6		(0.00 - 30.0)	JВK	09/22/99	1430
QC649074 990	9228-45DUP	158556											
Chromium, Hexav	ralent				3 0	.155	mg/kg	16.3		(0.00 - 30.0)			
QC646776	LCS	1 579 99											
Chromium, Hexav	alent		0.100		0	.100	mg/l		100	(83.8 - 116.)	LAA	09/08/99	1900
QC649068	LCS	158555											
Chromium, Hexav	alent		1.00			1.02	mg/kg		102	(76.0 - 122.)	JBK	09/22/99	1430
QC649077	LCS	158556											
Chromium, Hexay	alent		1.00		0	.980	mg/kg		98.0	(76.0 - 122.)			
QC646777	LCS DUP	157999						200					
Chromium, Hexav	alent		0.100	0.100	0	.101	mg/l	0.995	101	(0.00 - 20.0)	LAA	09/08/99	1900
QC649070	LCS DUP	158555											
Chromium, Hexav			1.00	1.02	0	.910	mg/kg	11.4	91.0	(0.00 - 30.0)	JBK	09/22/99	1430
QC649079	LCS DUP	158556											
Chromium, Hexav	alent		1.00	0.980	0	.930	mg/kg	5.24	93.0	(0.00 - 30.0)			
QC646775 99	09228-65MS	157999		•									
Chromium, Hexav			0.100	UND	0.	.105	mg/l		105	(85.0 - 115.)	ĹAA	09/08/99	1900
QC649067 99	09228-06MS	158555											
Chromium, Hexav			1.00	J 0.0807		1.07	mg/kg		99.0	(70.0 - 130.)	JBK	09/22/99	1430
•	09228-18MS	158556								_			
Chromium, Hexav			1.00	J 0.101		1.05	mg/kg		94.8	(70.0 - 130.)			
•	0 9 228-45MS	158556											
Chromium, Hexavi			1.00	J0.182		1.12	mg/kg		93.7	(70.0 - 130.)			
QC647643	BLANK	158199											
Moisture					IJ	ND	wt%				GJ	09/13/99	1550
QC647646	BLANK	158200											
Moisture					U	ND	wi%				GJ	09/13/99	1510
QC648040	BLANK	158297											
Moisture					IJ	ND	wt%				GJ	09/13/99	1700
-	9228-15DUP	158199											
Moisture					-	1.00	wt%	28.6		(-)	Gĩ	09/13/99	1550
-	9228-17DUP	158199											
Moisture					2	2.00	wi%	0.00		(-)		*	
-	9228-45DUP	158200											
Moisture					- {	5.00	wt%	18.2		(-)	GJ	09/13/99	1510
•)228-47DUP	158200											
Moisture					3	.00	wt%	40.0		(-)			
QC648039 9909	228-57DUP	158297											

QC Summary Report

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396

Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%

Report Date: October 07, 1999

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										··-···			
Sample/Parameter	Type	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range	Analyst	Date	Time
Moisture						6.00	wt%	18.2		(•)	GJ	09/13/9	9 1700

RADIOLOGICAL ANALYSIS

Case Narrative for SANDIA - 99228S

GROSS ALPHA/BETA

Analytical Batch Number: 158646

Analytical Method: EPA 900.0

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-03	050109-004 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
QC649391	Blank
QC649392	Duplicate of 050109-004 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
QC649393	Matrix Spike of 050109-004 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
QC649394	Matrix Spike Duplicate of 050109-004 B9938-SP1-BH1-
	9.5-S
OC649395	Laboratory Control Sample

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated. The instrument was calibrated as follows: drawers A1-G4 on 5/31/99, drawers I1-J4 on 2/3/99.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits.

Sample Duplicates:

All sample duplicate results were within the required acceptance limits.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

General Comment:

High hygroscopic sait content in evaporated samples can cause the sample mass to fluctuate due to moisture absorption. To minimize this interference, the salts are converted to oxides by heating

the sample under a flame until a dull red color is obtained. The conversion to oxides stabilizes the sample weight and ensures that proper alpha/beta efficiencies are assigned for each sample. Volatile radioisotopes of carbon, hydrogen, technetium, polenium and cesium may be lost during sample heating, especially to a dull red heat.

GROSS ALPHA/BETA

Analytical Batch Number: 158647

Analytical Method: EPA 900.0

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-07	050049-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-10	050050-004 SOLADEXTOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-13	050052-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-16	050053-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-1 9	050055-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-22	050056-004 SQLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-25	050057-004 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-28	050058-004 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BHI
9909228-31	050059-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-34	050060-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-37	050061-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-40	050062-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-43	050063-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-46	050064-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
9909228-49	050065-004 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-52	050066-004 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-55	050067-004 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-\$
9909228-58	050068-004 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC649396	Blank
QC649397	Duplicate of 050064-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
OC649398	Matrix Spike of 050064-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
QC649399	Matrix Spike Duplicate of 050064-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
QC649400	Laboratory Control Sample

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated. The instrument was calibrated as follows: drawers A1-G4 on 5/31/99, drawers I1-J4 on 2/3/99.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time,

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits.

Sample Duplicates:

All sample duplicate results were within the required acceptance limits.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

General Comment:

High hygroscopic salt content in evaporated samples can cause the sample mass to fluctuate due to moisture absorption. To minimize this interference, the salts are converted to oxides by heating the sample under a flame until a dull red color is obtained. The conversion to oxides stabilizes the sample weight and ensures that proper alpha/beta efficiencies are assigned for each sample. Volatile radioisotopes of carbon, hydrogen, technetium, polonium and cesium may be lost during sample heating, especially to a dull red heat.

GAMMA SPECTROSCOPY

Analytical Batch Number: 158553

Analytical Method: HASL 300

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-03	050109-004 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S
9909228-07	050049-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-10	050050-004 SOLADEXTOX-DF1-BH3-
9909228-13	050052-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-16	050053-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-
9909228-19	050055-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-22	050056-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-
9909228-25	050057-004 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-28	050058-D04 SOLAR 9981A-SP1-BH1
9909228-31	050059-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1-
9909228-34	050060-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-37	050061-004 SOLAR 9982-DW1-BH1
9909228-40	050062-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S
9909228-43	050063-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S
9909228-46	050064-004 LFR-DFI-BH1-7-MS/MD
990 9 228-49	050065-004 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S
9909228-52	050066-004 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S
9909228-55	050067-004 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S
9909228-58	050068-004 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S
QC649050	Blank
QC649051	Duplicate of 050064-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MS/MD
QC649052	Laboratory Control Sample

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated, All gamma detectors were calibrated during February and March of 1999.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits.

Sample Duplicates:

All sample duplicate results were within the required acceptance limits.

General Comments:

The following isotopes were not quantified due to low abundance: 9909228-07;Th-231, 9909228-13; Th-231, 9909228-19;Th-231,Fe-59, 9909228-25;Th-231, 9909228-31;Th-231, 9909228-40;Ac-228, Ra-228, 9909228-43;Ac-228,Ra-228,Th-231, 9909228-55;Th-231, QC649051; Ac-228,Th-231. The following isotopes were not quantified due to interference: 9909228-03;Ru-106.

The above case narrative was reviewed by: M. Moule Date: 101-199

Case Narrative for SANDIA - 99228W

GAMMA SPECTROSCOPY

Analytical Batch Number: 158575

Analytical Method: EPI A-013

Laboratory Number	Sample Description
9909228-59	050069-005 LFR-DF1-BH3-GS
QC649134	Blank
QC649135	Duplicate of 050069-005 LFR-DF1-BH3-GS
QC649136	Matrix Spike of 050069-005 LFR-DF1-BH3-GS
QC649137	Matrix Spike Duplicate of 050069-005 LFR-DF1-BH3-GS
OC649138	Laboratory Control Sample

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated. All gamma calibrations were performed during February and March of 1999.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits.

Sample Duplicates:

All sample duplicate results were within the required acceptance limits.

General Comments:

The following isotopes were not quantified due to low abundance: QC649134;Cs-137,Th-234,U-238, QC649135;Pb-212,Th-232,Th-234,U-238.

GROSS ALPHA/BETA

Analytical Batch Number: 158539

Analytical Method: EPA 900.0

 Laboratory Number
 Sample Description

 9909228-60
 050069-006 LFR-DF1-BH3-GRAB

 QC649007
 Blank

 QC649008
 Duplicate of 050069-006 LFR-DF1-BH3-GRAB

 QC649009
 Matrix Spike of 050069-006 LFR-DF1-BH3-GRAB

 QC649010
 Matrix Spike Duplicate of 050069-006 LFR-DF1-BH3-GRAB

 QC649011
 Laboratory Control Sample

Instrument Calibration:

The instrument was properly calibrated. The instrument was calibrated as follows: drawers A1-G4 on 5/31/99, drawers I1-J4 on 2/3/99.

Holding Time:

All samples were analyzed within the required holding time.

Blanks:

No target analytes were detected in the method blank above the required acceptance limit.

Spike Analyses:

All analyte recoveries in the matrix spike were within the required acceptance limits.

Laboratory Control Samples:

All analyte recoveries in the laboratory control sample were within the required acceptance limits.

Sample Duplicates:

All sample duplicate results were within the required acceptance limits.

Dilutions:

None of the samples were diluted.

Non Conformance Reports:

There were no Nonconformance Reports associated with this batch.

General Comment:

High hygroscopic salt content in evaporated samples can cause the sample mass to fluctuate due to moisture absorption. To minimize this interference, the salts are converted to oxides by heating the sample under a flame until a dull red color is obtained. The conversion to oxides stabilizes the sample weight and ensures that proper alpha/octa efficiencies are assigned for each sample. Volatile radioisotopes of carbon, hydrogen, technetium, polonium and cesium may be lost during sample heating, especially to a dull red heat.

The above case narrative was reviewed by: Dr. Doul Date: 1999

Project Description:

RFP#AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396 Lab. Sample ID: 9909228% Report Date: October 07, 1999 Page 29 of 33 Sample/Parameter MOM Batch Qual QC Units RPD% REC% Range Time Type Sample Analyst Date Radiological QC649007 BLANK 158539 Gross Alpha U 0.132 pCi/l TMC 10/01/99 1336 Nonvolatile Beta U -0.137 pCi/l Weight of Sample, A&B 4.20 mg OC649391 BLANK 158646 1.59 pCi/g TMC 09/30/99 1800 Gross Alpha Nonvolaule Beta 3.13 p©i/g Weight of Sample, A&B 0.800 mg QC649396 BLANK 158547 Gross Alpha U 0.141 pCi/g SRB 09/29/99 1545 Nonvolatile Beta U 0.119 pCi/g Weight of Sample, A&B 1.50 mg QC649008 9909228-60DUP 158539 Gross Alpha U 0.213 pCi/I 0.00 (0.00 - 20.0) TMC 09/30/99 0213 Nonvolatile Beta U 0.0671 рCiA 0.00(0.00 - 20.0)9909228-03DUP 158546 QC649392 32.3** 10.2 pCi/g (0.00 - 20.0) TMC 09/30/99 1800 Gross Alpha Nonvolatile Beta 31.7 pCi/g 9.74 (0.00 - 20.0)9909228-46DUP 158647 OC649397 Gross Alpha 6.96 pCi/g 47.2** (0.00 - 20.0) SRB 09/29/99 1450 Nonvolatite Beta 11.1 pCl/g 9.24 (0.00 - 20.0)QC649011 LCS 158539 90.5 108 pCi/f (75.0 - 125.) TMC 10/06/99 1311 Gross Alpha 119 Nonvolatile Beta 83.7 94.2 pCi/3 112 (75.0 - 125.) QC649395 LCS 158646 (75.0 - 125.) TMC 10/04/99 2104 Gross Alpha 38.5 38.2 pCVg 99.3 Nonvolatile Beta 33.5 30.3 pCi/g 90.5 (75.0 - 125.)QC549400 LCS 158647 Gross Alpha 36.2 41.7 pCi/g 115 (75.0 - 125.) SRB 09/29/99 1545 Nonvolatile Beta 33.5 36.3 pCi/g 108 (75.0 - 125.)OC649009 9909228-60MS 158539 Gross Alpha 1\$1 U-0,000235 192 pCb) (75.0 - 125.) TMC 09/29/99 1803 106 Nonvolatile Beta U 0.417 168 161 pCi/I 96.2 (75.0 - 125.)OC649393 9909228-03MS 158546 Gross Alpha 296 7.34 270 pCi/g 88.9 (75,0 - 125.) TMC 09/30/99 1700 Nonvolatile Beta 258 28.8 287 pCi/g 100 $(75.0 \cdot 125.)$ QC649398 9909228-46MS 158647 Gross Alpha 292 11.3 283 pCi/g 93.1 (75.0 - 125.) SRB 09/29/99 1545 Nonvolatile Beta 270 10.1 263 pCi/g 93.5 (75.0 - 125.)

Project Description:

RFP #AJ2480A

cc: SNLS00396		Lab. Sample ID: 9909228%				Report Date: October 07, 19				99 Page 30 of 33			
Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range A	nalyst	Date	Time
QC649010 99092	28-60MSD	158539						·				···	
Gross Alpha			181	U -0.000285		215	pCi/î	11.5	119	(0.00 - 20.0)	TMC	10/06/99	1130
Nonvolatile Beta			167	U 0.417		198	pCi/l	20.7*	* 119	(0.00 - 20.0)			
QC649394 99092	28-03MSD	158646											
Gross Alpha			296	7.34		277	pCi/g	2.47	91.1	(0.00 - 20.0)	TMC	09/30/99	1700
Nonvolatile Beta			258	28.8		259	pCi/g	11.7	89.3	(0.00 - 20.0)			
QC649399 99092	28-46MSD	158647											
Gross Alpha			307	11.3		337	pCi/g	13.3	106	(0.00 - 20.0)	SRB	09/29/99	1545
Nonvolatile Beta			284	10.1		276	pCi/g	0.131	93.7	(0.00 - 20.0)			
QC649050	BLANK	158553											
Americium-241					U 0.	0119	pCi/g				EJB	09/20/99	1237
Cesium-137					0.	0373	pCi/g						
Cobalt-60					U -0.0	0164	pCi/g						
Actinium-228					(0.106	pCl/g						
Cerium-144					U 0.	0208	pCi/g						
Cesium-134					U -0.0	0928	pCi/g						
Chromium-51					U 0.	0101	pCi/g						
Iron-59					UO.	0185	pCi/g						
Lead-212					0.	0409	pCi/g						
Lead-214					¥ 0.	0312	pCi/g						
Potassium-40					υe	0.218	pCi/g						
Radium-225					U O.	0170	pCi/g						
Radium-228					(.106	pCi/g						
Ruthenium-103					\mathbf{U} 0.3	0105	pCi/g						
Rothenium-106					U -0.	0962	pCi/g						
Thorium-231					U 0.	0115	pCi/g						
Thorium-232					0.0	0405	pCi/g						
Thortum-234					υo	.245	pCi/g						
Uranium-235						.116							
Uranium-238					ម	.245	pCi/g						
Yttrium-88					U-0.0	0291	pCi/g						
Zirconium-95					U-0.0	0251	pCi/g						
QC649134	BLANK	158575											
Americium-241					U	3.0 5	pCi/L				EJB	09/20/99	1925
Cesium-137					บ	0.00	pCi/L						
Cobalt-60							pCi/L						
Actinium-228							pCi/L						
Cerium-144							pCi/L						
Cesium-134							•						
Chromium-51													
							pCi/L pCi/L						

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COVERNOUS PROPERTY NO SERVICE AND ADMINISTRATION OF THE PROPERTY AND ADMINISTRATION OF			red m	resport battle between 67, 1997					· ·	1 pg = 3 (2) 23			
Sample/Parameter 7	[ype	Batch	MOM	Sample	Qual	QC	Voits	RPD%	REC%	Range A	nalyst	Date	Time
Iron-59					Մ	-2.41	pCi/L			1.	EJB	09/20/99	1925
Lead-212						4.96	pCi/L						
Lead-214						3.63	pCi/L			-			
Potassium-40					U	5.56	pCi/L				•	•	
Radium-226						5.22	pCi/L						
Radium-228					U	7.11	pCi/L						
Ruthenium-103					Ų-	0.647	pCi/L			•			
Rutherium-106					U	18.1	pCi/L						
Thorium-231					U	2.45	pCVL						
Thorium-232						4.97	pCi/L						
Thorium-234					U	0.00	pCi/L						
Uranium-235					U	9.99	pCi/L						
Uranium-238					U	0.00	pCi/L						
Yarium-88					U	0.213	pCi/L						
Zirconium-95					U	1.63	pCi/L						
QC649051 9909228-46I	OUP	158553					•	•		•			
Americium-241					U -0.	0742	pCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)	EJ8	09/20/99	1235
Cesium-137					U -0.0	0338	pCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Cobalt-60					U-0.0	0299	pCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Actinium-228					U	0.00	pCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Cerium-144			-		U D.	0492	pCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Cesium-134					U 0.0	0174	pCi/g	0.00	-	(0.00 - 20.0)			
Chromium-51					U (0.114	pCVg	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
lron-59					UO.	0321	oCt/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Lead-212					(.297	pCi/g	8.72		(0.00 - 20.0)		-	
Lead-214					(.807	pCi/g	11.5		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Potassium-40						4.62	pCl/g	6.68		(0.00 - 20.0) (0.00 - 20.0)			
Radium-226					(1.709	pCi/g	2.09		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Radium-228					(1227	pCl/g	200		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Ruthenium-103					U -0.0	0178	pCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Ruthenium-106					ე -ეს		pCl/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Thorium-231					U	0.00	pCVg	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Thonum-232						.292	pCi/g	8.69		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Thorium-234						0837	pCi/g	200		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Uranium-235					U -0.0		ρCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Uranium-238						3837	pCi/g	200		(0.00 - 20.0) (0.00 - 20.0)			
Yarium-88					U 0.0		pCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Zirconium-95						552	pCi/g	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
C649135 9909228-59D	UP 1:	58575			J. C		F~"5	0,00		,,			
Americium-24]						2.62	pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)	EIB	09/21/99	1812

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Sample/Parameter	Туре	Batch	NOM	Sample	Quai Q	Units	RPD%	REC%	Range /	inalyst	Date	Time
Cesium-137					U 3.2	B pCI/L	0.00		(0,00 - 20.0	V EID	00 121 100	L Dia
Cobalt-60						6 pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0		09/21/99	1612
Actinium-228						PCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0	•		
Cerium-144						pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Cesium-134						pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Chromium-51						pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Iron-59						pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Lead-212						pCi/L	0.00					
Load-214					8.9		0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Potassium-40						pCI/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Radium-226						pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Radium-228					U 5.83				(0.00 - 20.0)			
Ruthenium-103						pCi/L	0.00 0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Ruthenium-106					U -7.07				(0.00 - 20.0)		•	
Thorium-231					U 9.27	-	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Thorium-232						pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Thorium-234						pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Uranium-235						pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Uranium-238					U 0.00		0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Yttrium-88				-	U 0.756		0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Zirconium-95							0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
QC649052	LCS 1	58553			10.3	pCi/L	0.00		(0.00 - 20.0)			
Americium-24)			1140		1080	-04-		. 04.0	M=4			
Cesium-137			441		464	pCi/g eCi/e		94.2	(75.0 - 125.)	EJB	09/20/99	1738
Cobalt-60			702			pCVg ~CVa		105	(75.0 - 125.)			
¿C649138	LCS 1	58575			709	ρÇί√ş		101	(75.0 - 125.)			
Americium-241			852		1040	C:0			to a de la			
Cesium-137			329		329	pCi/L		122	(75.0 - 125.)	EIB	09/20/99	1959
Cobalt-60			484			pCi/L		100	(75.0 - 125.)			
C649136 9909228	-59MS I.	58575	•0+		465	pCi/L		96.2	(75.0 - !25.)			
Amencium-241			8520	U 1.59	0540	ent tr					•	
Cesium-137			3290	U 0.372		pCi/L		112	(75.0 - 125.)	EJB	09/20/99	1956
Cobalt-60			4860	5.86		pCi/L		107	(75.0 - 125.)			
C649137 9909228-5	9MSD C	58575	7000	2.80	3900	pCi/L		103	(75.0 - 125.)			
Americium-24]			8520	T! 1 50	0.000	Pa						
Cesium-137			3290	U 1.59		pCVL	9.02	102		EJB (09/21/99 1	842
Cobalt-60				U 0.372		pCi/L	0.228	106	(0.00 - 20.0)			
			4860	5.86	<i>5</i> 260	pCi/L	5.22	801	(0.00 - 20.0)			

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								· -				
Sample/Parameter	Type	Batch	NOM	Sample	ferrO	ሰር	Ilmite	DDDG	ን ፍር ለ	Dones	Analyst Date	Mary .
	-J F-	24144		Dampie	Quan	V.C	CIIIIS	XX 12 70	KEC 70	капце	Analyst Date	1 ime

Notes:

The qualifiers in this report are defined as follows:

I indicates presence of analyte between DL (Detect Limit) and RL (Report Limit)

U indicates presence of analyte < DL (Detect Limit)

n/a indicates that spike recovery limits do not apply when sample concentration exceeds spike conc by a factor of 4 or more



National Nuclear Security Administration

Sandia Site Office P.O. Box 5400 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185-5400



SEP 2 1 2005

CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr James Bearzi, Chief Hazardous Waste Bureau New Mexico Environment Department 2905 Rodeo Park Road East, Building 1 Santa Fe. NM 87505

Dear Mr. Bearzi:

On behalf of the Department of Energy (DOE) and Sandia Corporation, DOE is submitting the enclosed Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) Assessment Reports and Proposals for Corrective Action Complete (CAC) for Drain and Septic Systems (DSS) Area of Concern (AOC) Sites 1094, 1095, 1114, 1115, 1116, and 1117. DOE is also submitting responses to Requests for Supplemental Information (RSIs) for SWMUs 140, 147, and 150 at Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico, EPA ID No. NM5890110518. These documents are compiled as DSS Round 10 and CAC (formerly No further Action [NFA]) Batch 28.

This submittal includes descriptions of the site characterization work and risk assessments for DSS AOCs and SWMUs 1094, 1095, 1114, 1115, 1116, 1117, 140, 147, and 150. The risk assessments conclude that, for these nine sites: (1) there is no significant risk to human health under both the industrial and residential land-use scenarios; and (2) that there are no ecological risks associated with these sites.

Based on the information provided, DOE and Sandia are requesting a determination of Corrective Action Complete without controls for these nine sites.

If you have any questions, please contact me at (505) 845-6036, or John Gould at (505) 845-6089.

Sincerely,

Patty Wagner

Manager

Enclosure

cc w/enclosure:

L. King, USEPA, Region 6 (Via Certified Mail)

W. Moats, NMED-HWB (Via Certified Mail)

J. Volkerding, DOE-NMED-OB (2 copies)

cc w/o enclosure.:

T. Longo, NNSA/NA-56

F. Nimick, SNL, MS 1089

P. Freshour, SNL, MS 1089

D. Stockham, SNL, MS 1087

B. Langkopf, SNL, MS 1087

M. Sanders, SNL, MS 1087

R. Methvin, SNL MS 1087

J. Pavletich, SNL MS 1087

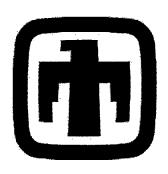
A. Villareal, SNL, MS 1035

A. Blumberg, SNL, MS 0141

R. E. Fate, SNL, MS 1089

M. J. Davis, SNL, MS 1089

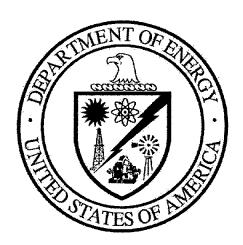
ESHSEC Records Center, MS 1087



Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico Environmental Restoration Project

SWMU ASSESSMENT REPORT AND PROPOSAL FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION COMPLETE DRAIN AND SEPTIC SYSTEMS SITE 1094, LIVE FIRE RANGE EAST SEPTIC SYSTEM (LURANCE CANYON)

September 2005



United States Department of Energy Sandia Site Office

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B DSS Site 1094 Gore-Sorber™ Passive Soil-Vapor Survey Analytical Results

C DSS Site 1094 Risk Assessment

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ACRONYMS AND ABBREVIATIONS

AOP Administrative Operating Procedure

BA butyl acetate

bgs below ground surface
CAC Corrective Action Complete
COC constituent of concern
DSS Drain and Septic Systems

EB equipment blank

EPA U.S. Environmental Protection Agency

ER Environmental Restoration FIP Field Implementation Plan

GS Gore-Sorber™ HE high explosive HI hazard index

HWB Hazardous Waste Bureau KAFB Kirtland Air Force Base

kg kilogram(s)

MDA minimum detectable activity
MDL method detection limit

μg microgram(s) mrem millirem

NFA no further action

NMED New Mexico Environment Department

OU Operable Unit

PCB polychlorinated biphenyl

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act RPSD Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics

SAP Sampling and Analysis Plan

SNL/NM Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico

SVOC semivolatile organic compound SWMU Solid Waste Management Unit

TB trip blank

TEDE total effective dose equivalent
TOP Technical Operating Procedure
VOC volatile organic compound

yr year

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1.0 PROJECT BACKGROUND

Environmental characterization of Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM) drain and septic systems (DSS) started in the early 1990s. These units consist of either septic systems (one or more septic tanks plumbed to either drainfields or seepage pits), or other types of miscellaneous drain units without septic tanks (including drywells or french drains, seepage pits, and surface outfalls). Initially, 23 of these sites were designated as Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) under Operable Unit (OU) 1295, Septic Tanks and Drainfields. Characterization work at 22 of these 23 SWMUs has taken place since 1994 as part of SNL/NM Environmental Restoration (ER) Project activities. The twenty-third site did not require any characterization, and an administrative proposal for no further action (NFA) was granted in July 1995.

Numerous other DSS sites that were not designated as SWMUs were also present throughout SNL/NM. An initial list of these non-SWMU sites was compiled and summarized in an SNL/NM document dated July 8, 1996; the list included a total of 101 sites, facilities, or systems (Bleakly July 1996). For tracking purposes, each of these 101 individual DSS sites was designated with a unique four-digit site identification number starting with 1001. This numbering scheme was devised to clearly differentiate these non-SWMU sites from existing SNL/NM SWMUs, which have been designated by one- to three-digit numbers. As work progressed on the DSS site evaluation project, it became apparent that the original 1996 list was in need of field verification and updating. This process included researching SNL/NM's extensive library of facilities engineering drawings and conducting field verification inspections jointly with SNL/NM ER personnel and New Mexico Environment Department (NMED)/Hazardous Waste Bureau (HWB) regulatory staff from July 1999 through January 2000. The goals of this additional work included the following:

- Determine to the degree possible whether each of the 101 systems included on the 1996 list was still in existence, or had ever existed.
- For systems confirmed or believed to exist, determine the exact or apparent locations and components of those systems (septic tanks, drainfields, seepage pits, etc.).
- Identify which systems would, or would not, need initial shallow investigation work as required by the NMED.
- For systems requiring characterization, determine the specific types of shallow characterization work (including passive soil-vapor sampling and/or shallow soil borings) that would be required by the NMED.

A number of additional drain systems were identified from the engineering drawings and field inspection work. It was also determined that some of the sites on the 1996 list actually contained more than one individual drain or septic system that had been combined under one four-digit site number. In order to reduce confusion, a decision was made to assign each individual system its own unique four-digit number. A new site list containing a total of 121 individual DSS sites was generated in 2000. Of these 121 sites, the NMED required environmental assessment work at a total of 61. No characterization was required at the remaining 60 sites because the sites either were found not to exist, were the responsibility of

other non-SNL/NM organizations, were already designated as individual SWMUs, or were considered by the NMED to pose no threat to human health or the environment. Subsequent backhoe excavation at DSS Site 1091 confirmed that the system did not exist, which decreased the number of DSS sites requiring characterization to 60.

Concurrent with the field inspection and site identification work, NMED/HWB and SNL/NM ER Project technical personnel worked together to reach consensus on a staged approach and specific procedures that would be used to characterize the DSS sites, as well as the remaining OU 1295 Septic Tanks and Drainfield SWMUs that had not been approved for NFA. These procedures are described in detail in the "Sampling and Analysis Plan [SAP] for Characterizing and Assessing Potential Releases to the Environment From Septic and Other Miscellaneous Drain Systems at Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico" (SNL/NM October 1999), which was approved by the NMED/HWB on January 28, 2000 (Bearzi January 2000). A follow-on document, "Field Implementation Plan [FIP], Characterization of Non-Environmental Restoration Drain and Septic Systems" (SNL/NM November 2001a), was then written to formally document the updated DSS site list and the specific site characterization work required by the NMED for each of the 60 DSS sites. The FIP was approved by the NMED in February 2002 (Moats February 2002).

2.0 DSS SITE 1094: LIVE FIRE RANGE EAST SEPTIC SYSTEM

2.1 Summary

The SNL/NM ER Project conducted an assessment of DSS Site 1094, the Live Fire Range East Septic System. There are no known or specific environmental concerns at this site. The assessment was conducted to determine whether environmental contamination was released to the environment via the septic system present at the site. This report provides documentation that the site was specifically characterized, that no significant releases of contaminants to the environment occurred via the Live Fire Range East Septic System, and that it does not pose a threat to human health or the environment under either the recreational or residential land-use scenarios. Current operations at the site are conducted in accordance with applicable laws and regulations that are protective of the environment.

Review and analysis of all relevant data for DSS Site 1094 indicate that concentrations of constituents of concern (COCs) at this site are below applicable risk assessment action levels. Thus, a determination of Corrective Action Complete (CAC) without controls (NMED April 2004) is recommended for DSS Site 1094 based upon sampling data demonstrating that COCs released from the site into the environment pose an acceptable level of risk.

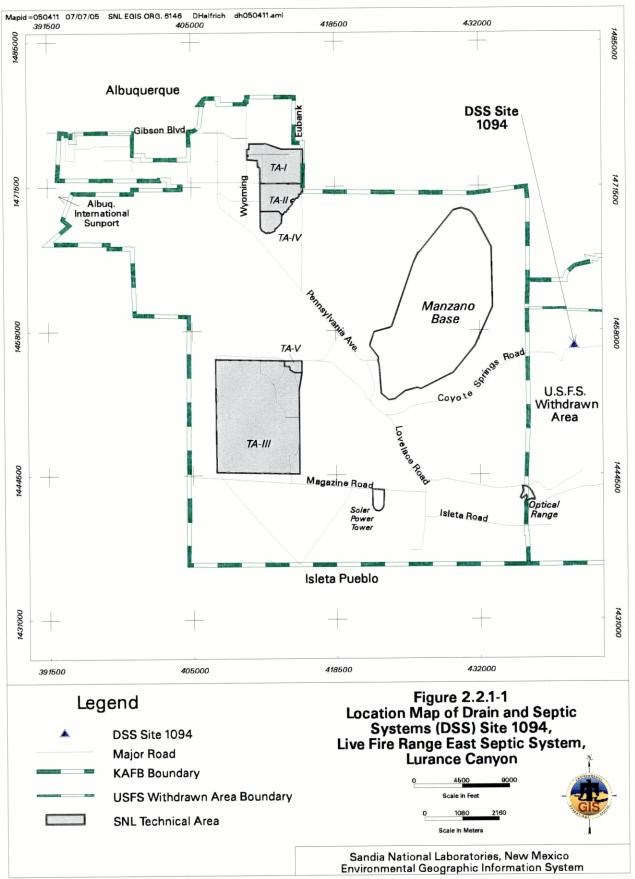
2.2 Site Description and Operational History

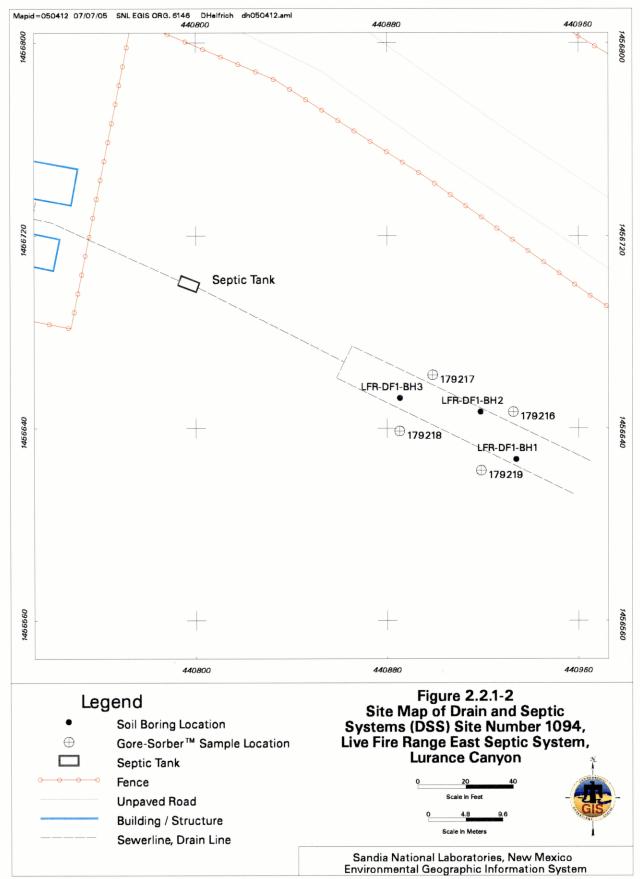
2.2.1 Site Description

DSS Site 1094 is located in Lurance Canyon within the boundaries of the U.S. Forest Service Withdrawn Area on federally owned land controlled by Kirtland Air Force Base (KAFB) and permitted to the U.S. Department of Energy. The site is located on Coyote Springs Road approximately 3.6 miles east of the Coyote Springs Road intersection with Lovelace Road (Figure 2.2.1-1). The active septic system septic tank is located approximately 50 feet southeast of the perimeter fence around a maintenance building and trailer complex that support the Live Fire Range activities. The system consists of a 1,000-gallon septic tank that empties to a drainfield with two 110-foot-long, parallel drain lines (Figure 2.2.1-2). Construction details are based upon engineering drawings (SNL/NM May 1983), site inspections, and backhoe excavations of the system. The system is still active and receives discharges from the Live Fire Range support building and trailer complex, approximately 50 feet to the northwest.

DSS Site 1094 is located near the active channel of Arroyo del Coyote in the Lurance Canyon portion of the drainage basin. The site geology consists of discontinuous channel deposits of alluvial materials derived from, and overlying, local bedrock. Bedrock in the area is comprised of Precambrian-age biotite-granites, metavolcanics, metasediments, and Paleozoic sedimentary rocks. The alluvial materials are extremely heterogeneous mixtures of poorly weathered soils, silts, poorly sorted sands and gravels, boulders, and blocks derived from the Precambrian and Paleozoic rocks. Figure 2.2.1-3 shows an outcrop of these alluvial deposits exposed in the stream bank near DSS Site 1094. Individual beds are also extremely variable in

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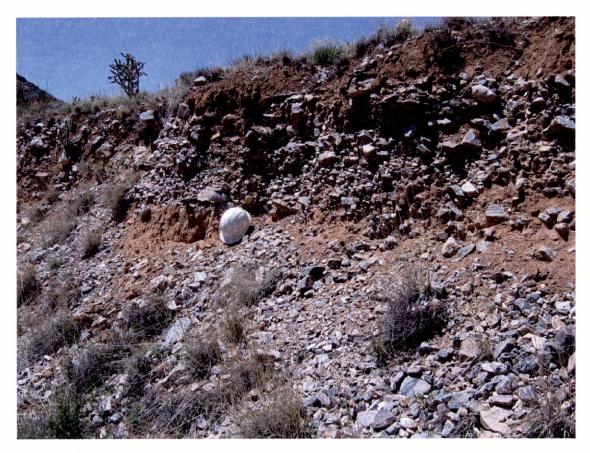


Figure 2.2.1-3
Alluvial deposits exposed along the stream bank of Lurance Canyon near DSS Site 1094 with hard hat for scale. View to the northwest. April 26, 2005

thickness and probably have a preferred orientation in the direction of the stream flow. Thickness of the alluvial fill at this site is unknown. Site vegetation primarily consists of desert grasses, shrubs, cacti, and sparse juniper and piñon trees.

The ground surface in the vicinity of the site is hummocky, with a slight slope to the west. The closest major drainage is the active channel of Arroyo del Coyote, located approximately 150 feet south of the site. Average annual rainfall in the SNL/NM and KAFB area, as measured at Albuquerque International Sunport, is 8.1 inches (NOAA 1990). Infiltration of precipitation is almost nonexistent as virtually all of the moisture subsequently undergoes evapotranspiration. The estimates of evapotranspiration rates for the KAFB area range from 95 to 99 percent of the annual rainfall (SNL/NM March 1996).

The site lies at an average elevation of approximately 5,995 feet above mean sea level (SNL/NM April 2003). The groundwater beneath the site probably occurs in unconfined conditions in the fractured Precambrian bedrock. As measured in the nearest groundwater monitoring well, CYN-MW5, approximately 1,900 feet to the southwest, depth to groundwater is approximately 107 feet below ground surface (bgs). Groundwater flow is thought to be generally to the west in the Lurance Canyon area (SNL/NM November 2001b). The nearest production well to DSS Site 1094 is KAFB-11, approximately 4.9 miles to the northwest.

2.2.2 Operational History

Although no precise construction information is available, records indicate that the Live Fire Range support building complex was in operation and discharging to the septic system about 1983. Because operational records are not available, the site investigation was planned to be consistent with other DSS site investigations and to sample for possible COCs that may have been released during facility operations. The system is still active and receives discharges from the support buildings associated with Live Fire Range operations.

2.3 Land Use

2.3.1 Current Land Use

The current land use for DSS Site 1094 is industrial.

2.3.2 Future/Proposed Land Use

The projected future land use for DSS Site 1094 is recreational (DOE et al. October 1995).

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3.0 INVESTIGATORY ACTIVITIES

3.1 Summary

Three assessment investigations have been conducted at this site. In August 1999, a backhoe was used to physically locate the buried drainfield drain lines at the site (Investigation 1). In September 1999 and April 2005, subsurface soil samples were collected from three borings in the drainfield (Investigation 2). In May 2002, a passive soil-vapor survey was conducted to determine whether areas of significant volatile organic compound (VOC) contamination were present in the soil around the drainfield (Investigation 3). Investigations 1, 2, and 3 were required by the NMED/HWB to adequately characterize the site and were conducted in accordance with procedures presented in the SAP (SNL/NM October 1999) and FIP (SNL/NM November 2001a) described in Chapter 1.0. These investigations are discussed in the following sections.

3.2 Investigation 1—Backhoe Excavation

On August 27, 1999, a backhoe was used to determine the location, dimensions, and average depth of the DSS Site 1094 drainfield system. The drainfield was found to have two laterals, constructed of 4-inch-diameter, polyvinyl chloride pipe, arranged as shown on Figure 2.2.1-2, with an average drain line trench depth of 7 feet bgs. Although damp soil was observed beneath the east ends of the two drain lines, no visible evidence of stained or discolored soil or odors indicating residual contamination was observed during the excavation. No samples were collected during the backhoe excavation at the site, and care was taken not to damage the drain lines of this still-active system.

3.3 Investigation 2—Soil Sampling

Once the system drain lines were located, soil sampling was conducted in accordance with the rationale and procedures outlined in the SAP (SNL/NM October 1999) and FIP (SNL/NM November 2001a) approved by the NMED. On September 1 and September 2, 1999, soil samples were collected from three drainfield boreholes. Soil boring locations are shown in Figure 2.2.1-2. Figure 3.3-1 shows the additional soil samples being collected at DSS Site 1094 in April 2005. A summary of the boreholes, sample depths, sample analyses, analytical methods, laboratories, and sample dates is presented in Table 3.3-1.

DSS Site 1094 was one of five shallow groundwater DSS sites that had 2-butanone concentrations above the 10 parts-per-billion (micrograms [µg]/kilogram [kg]) VOC trigger level specified in the SAP (SNL/NM October 1999), and therefore required additional sampling. The samples collected at these five sites were all analyzed at the same time, and the laboratory reported detections of the same three VOCs (2-butanone, methylene chloride, and toluene) in generally similar concentrations for all five sites. Because these compounds are recognized by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) as typical laboratory contaminants, it was suspected that the VOC detections might be the result of a laboratory artifact or other analytical problem, rather than soil contamination. After meeting with the NMED, it was decided to

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Figure 3.3-1
Collecting soil samples with the Geoprobe™ at DSS Site 1094,
Live Fire Range East Septic System. View to the northwest. April 26, 2005

Summary of Area Sampled, Analytical Methods, and Laboratories Used for DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Soil Samples Table 3.3-1

Γ		_			т-		1		т-		_		1		_		т		Г	
	Date Samples	04-25-05	04-26-05	04-27-05	09-01-99	09-05-99	09-01-99	09-05-99	09-01-99	09-05-99	09-01-96	09-05-99	09-01-99	09-05-99	09-01-99	09-05-99	09-01-99	09-05-89	09-01-99	09-05-99
Australia	Analytical aboratory	S III)		GEL		GEL		GEL		GEL		GEL		GEL		GEL		GEL	
	Analytical Parameters and EPA Methods ^a	VOCs	EPA Method 8260		SVOCs	EPA Method 8270	PCBs	EPA Method 8082	HE Compounds	EPA Method 8330	RCRA Metals	EPA Methods 6000/7000	Hexavalent Chromium	EPA Method 7196A	Total Cyanide	EPA Method 9012A	Gamma Spectroscopy	EPA Method 901.1	Gross Alpha/Beta Activity	EPA Method 900.0
	Total Number of Soil Samples	10+1 Duplicate			9		9		9		9		9		9		9		ပ	
Top of Sampling Intervals in Each	Borehole (ff bgs)	BH1 = 7, 12	BH2 = 7, 12, 17, 22		7, 12		7, 12		7, 12		7, 12		7, 12		7, 12		7, 12		7, 12	
Number of	Borehole Locations	က			ო		ო		ო		ო		က		ო		m		က	
	Sampling Area	Drainfield				1														

^aEPA November 1986.

Below ground surface.Borehole.

Drain and Septic Systems.
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
Foot (feet).
General Engineering Laboratories, Inc.
High explosive(s).

= Polychlorinated biphenyl.

= Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. bgs BH DSS DSS EPA ff GEL HE PCB RCRA SVOC

= Semivolatile organic compound.

= Volatile organic compound.

resample DSS Site 1094 and the other four sites for VOCs only, at the original 1999 locations and depths, and to collect additional samples at 5 and 10 feet below the original sample depths at DSS Site 1094 and some of the other sites, as specified by the NMED (Cooper March 2005). The VOC resampling at DSS Site 1094 was conducted from April 25 to April 27, 2005. However, subsurface refusal prevented the collection of the deeper, 17- and 22-foot-bgs, samples at the DF1-BH-1 location (Figure 2.2.1-2). Only toluene was detected in the April 2005 samples at a maximum concentration of 6.63 μ g/kg. It was concluded that the 1999 VOC samples were probably affected by laboratory contamination. Therefore, the 1999 VOC data were replaced with the 2005 VOC analytical results in the data tables and in the risk assessment.

3.3.1 Soil Sampling Methodology

An auger drill rig was used to sample all boreholes at the required depth intervals. In drainfields, the top of the shallow interval started at the bottom of the drain line trenches, as determined by the backhoe excavation, and the lower (deep) interval started at 7 feet below the top of the upper sample interval. Once the auger rig had reached the top of the sampling interval, a 3- or 4-foot-long by 1.5-inch inside diameter Geoprobe™ sampling tube lined with a butyl acetate (BA) sampling sleeve was inserted into the borehole and hydraulically driven downward 3 or 4 feet to fill the tube with soil.

Once the sampling tube was retrieved from the borehole, the sample for VOC analysis was immediately collected by slicing off a 3- to 4-inch section from the lower end of the BA sleeve and capping the section ends with Teflon® film, then a rubber end cap, and finally sealing the tube with tape.

For the non-VOC analyses, the soil remaining in the BA liner was emptied into a decontaminated mixing bowl, and aliquots of soil were transferred into appropriate sample containers for analysis. On occasion, the amount of soil recovered in the first sampling run was insufficient for sample volume requirements. In this case, additional sampling runs were completed until an adequate soil volume was recovered. Soil recovered from these additional runs was emptied into the mixing bowl and blended with the soil already collected. Aliquots of the blended soil were then transferred into sample containers and submitted for analysis.

All samples were documented and handled in accordance with applicable SNL/NM operating procedures and transported to an off-site laboratory for analysis.

3.3.2 Soil Sampling Results and Conclusions

Analytical results for the soil samples collected at DSS Site 1094 are presented and discussed in this section.

VOCs

Because of the laboratory contamination concerns regarding the 1999 VOC data, and because the site was resampled, the original 1999 VOC data were replaced with the 2005 VOC analytical results in the data tables and in the risk assessment.

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VOC analytical results for the ten soil samples and one duplicate collected in April 2005 from the three drainfield boreholes are summarized in Table 3.3.2-1. Method detection limits (MDLs) for the VOC soil analyses are presented in Table 3.3.2-2. Only two VOCs were detected in the soil samples collected at this site. Low concentrations of toluene were detected in every sample collected, while a trace of xylene was detected only in the 17-foot-bgs sample from borehole BH2. While these compounds were not detected in the associated trip blank (TB) or equipment blank (EB) samples, they are common laboratory contaminants and may not indicate soil contamination at this site.

SVOCs

Semivolatile organic compound (SVOC) analytical results for the six soil samples collected in September 1999 from the three drainfield boreholes are summarized in Table 3.3.2-3. MDLs for the SVOC soil analyses are presented in Table 3.3.2-4. No SVOCs were detected in any soil sample collected at this site.

PCBs

Polychlorinated biphenyl (PCB) analytical results for the six soil samples collected in September 1999 from the three drainfield boreholes are summarized in Table 3.3.2-5. MDLs for the PCB soil analyses are presented in Table 3.3.2-6. No PCBs were detected in any soil sample collected at this site.

HE Compounds

High explosive (HE) compound analytical results for the six soil samples collected in September 1999 from the three drainfield boreholes are summarized in Table 3.3.2-7. MDLs for the HE soil analyses are presented in Table 3.3.2-8. No HE compounds were detected in any soil sample collected at this site.

RCRA Metals and Hexavalent Chromium

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) metals and hexavalent chromium analytical results for the six soil samples collected from the three drainfield boreholes in September 1999 are summarized in Table 3.3.2-9. MDLs for the metals in soil analyses are presented in Table 3.3.2-10. Silver was detected above the NMED-approved background in all three boreholes. Similar concentrations were measured in the 12-foot-bgs sample from borehole BH1, the 7- and 12-foot-bgs samples from borehole BH2, and the 7-foot-bgs sample from borehole BH3.

Total Cyanide

Total cyanide analytical results for the six soil samples collected in September 1999 from the three drainfield boreholes are summarized in Table 3.3.2-11. MDLs for the cyanide soil analyses are presented in Table 3.3.2-12. Cyanide was not detected in any sample collected at this site.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, VOC Analytical Results April 2005 Table 3.3.2-1

(Off-Site Laboratory)

VOCs (EPA Method 8260ª) (un/kg)	arbon Dibromo-	Chloroform chi	ND (0.2) ND (0.3) 2.39	ND (0.2) ND (0.3) 1 79	ND (0.2) ND (0.3) 187	ND (0.2) ND (0.3) 3.06	ND (0.2) ND (0.3) 3 9.99	ND (0.2) ND (0.3)	ND (0.2) ND (0.3)	ND (0 9) ND (0 9)	20:1 (5:0) (3:0) (3:0) (NO (0:0) (NO	(1) C (16:0) CN (2:0)	1.09 1.09 1.09 1.09	(6:0)	5.65 0.282.1(1) 12 ND (0.25) ND (0.24)	(03:0)
VOCs (EPA Me	Carbon	Bromoform disulfide	ND (0.3) ND (1.25)	ND (0.3) ND (1.25)	-	-	\vdash	H	H	ŀ	+	╁	╁	\parallel	1.02 5.6	11 1 12 07 07 07
	Bromodichloro-	methane Br	ND (0.2)	ND (0.2)		ND (0.2)	ND (0.2)	\vdash			ŀ				0.612 J (1)	1000
) Acetone	ND (2.58)	ND (2.58)	ND (2.58)	ND (2.58)	ND (2.58)	(C 00.6) QN	ND (2.58)	ND (2.58)	ND (2.58)	ND (6.56.1)	ND (2.58)		4,84 J	120 17 OIL
	Sample	Depth (ft)	7	12	7	12	12	17	22	7	11	17	22	amples (μ	AN	V IV
Sample Attributes		ER Sample ID	LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	LFR-DF1-BH2-12-DU	LFR-DF1-BH2-17-S	LFR-DF1-BH2-22-S	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	LFR-DF1-BH3-11-S	LFR-DF1-BH3-17-S	LFR-DF1-BH3-22-S	Quality Assurance/Quality Control Samples (ug/	LFR-DF1-EB-2	1004 DOC TD 2
	Record	Number	608533	608533	608533	608533	608533	608533	608533	608533	608533	608533	608533	Quality Asst	608533	608533

Note: Values in **bold** represent detected analytes.

^aEPA November 1986

^bAnalysis request/chain-of-custody record.

= Borehole.

= Drainfield.

Drain and Septic Systems.
Duplicate sample.
Equipment blank.
U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. = Environmental Restoration.

= Identification. = Foot (feet).

= Value qualified as an estimated value,

≈ The reported value is greater than or equal to the MDL but is less than the practical quantitation limit, shown in parentheses.

= Volatile organic compound. = Trip blank. LFR MDL µg/kg NA ND ND ND ND VOC

⇒ Not detected above the MDL, shown in parentheses.

= Microgram(s) per kilogram.

= Microgram(s) per liter.

Not applicable.

= Soil sample.

= Method detection limit.

≃ Live Fire Range.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, VOC Analytical MDLs April 2005

(Off-Site Laboratory)

	EPA Method 8260a
	Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
Acetone	2.58
Benzene	0.33
Bromodichloromethane	0.2
Bromoform	0.3
Bromomethane	0.5
2-Butanone	1.7
Carbon disulfide	1.25
Carbon tetrachloride	0.2
Chlorobenzene	0.2
Chloroethane	0.5
Chloroform	0.2
Chloromethane	0.5
Dibromochloromethane	0.3
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.3
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.25
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.3
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.3
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.3
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.3
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.2
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.3
Ethylbenzene	0.2
2-Hexanone	1.52
Methylene chloride	2
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.09
Styrene	0.2
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.25
Tetrachloroethene	0.2
Toluene	0.29
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.3
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.3
Trichloroethene	0.25
Vinyl acetate	1.25
Vinyl chloride	0.5
Xylene	0.4

^aEPA November 1986.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

MDL = Method detection limit. μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram. VOC = Volatile organic compound.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, SVOC Analytical Results September 1999

(Off-Site Laboratory)

	Sample Attributes		SVOCs		
Record		Sample	(EPA Method 8270a)		
Number ^b	ER Sample ID	Depth (ft)	(μg/kg)		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	7	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	. 12	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	7	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	12	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	7	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	12	ND		
Quality Assurance/Quality Control Sample (μg/L)					
602817	LFR-DF1-EB	NA	ND		

^aEPA November 1986.

^bAnalysis request/chain-of-custody record.

BH = Borehole. DF = Drainfield.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EB = Equipment blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).

ID = Identification.

LFR = Live Fire Range.

MDL = Method detection limit.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

μg/L = Microgram(s) per liter.

NA = Not applicable.

ND = Not detected above the MDL.

S = Soil sample.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

Table 3.3.2-4 Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, SVOC Analytical MDLs September 1999 (Off-Site Laboratory)

	EPA Method 8270 ^a
	Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
Acenaphthene	160
Acenaphthylene	147
Anthracene	86.7
Benzo(a)anthracene	66.7
Benzo(a)pyrene	73.3
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	143
Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	80
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	133
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	117
Butylbenzyl phthalate	90
Carbazole	153
4-Chlorobenzenamine	153
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	170
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	53.3
bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	103
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	127
2-Chloronaphthalene	173
2-Chlorophenol	157
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	147
Chrysene	53.3
m,p-Cresol	153
o-Cresol	63.3
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	83.3
Dibenzofuran	133
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	170
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	130
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	61
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	277
2,4-Dichlorophenol	177
Diethylphthalate	76.7
2,4-Dimethylphenol	110
Dimethylphthalate	110
Di-n-butyl phthalate	73.3
Dinitro-o-cresol	100
2,4-Dinitrophenol	367
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	117
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	140
Di-n-octyl phthalate	173
1,2-Diphenylhydrazine	56.7
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	300
Fluoranthene	66.7
Fluorene	113
ridorene	113

Refer to footnotes at end of table.

Table 3.3.2-4 (Concluded)

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, SVOC Analytical MDLs September 1999 (Off-Site Laboratory)

	EPA Method 8270a
Annabeta	Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
Hexachlorobenzene	70
Hexachlorobutadiene	153
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	193
Hexachloroethane	133
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	80
Isophorone	147
2-Methylnaphthalene	203
Naphthalene	157
2-Nitroaniline	66.7
3-Nitroaniline	83.3
4-Nitroaniline	103
Nitrobenzene	133
2-Nitrophenol	180
4-Nitrophenol	110
n-Nitrosodiphenylamine	20.7
n-Nitrosodipropylamine	130
Pentachlorophenol	56.7
Phenanthrene	60
Phenol	56.7
Pyrene	73.3
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	187
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	153
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	76.7

^aEPA November 1986.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

MDL = Method detection limit.
 μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.
 SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, PCB Analytical Results September 1999 (Off-Site Laboratory)

	Sample Attributes		PCBs			
Record		Sample	(EPA Method 8082a)			
Numberb	ER Sample ID	Depth (ft)	(μg/kg)			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	7	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	12	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	7	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	12	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	7	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	12	ND			
Quality Ass	Quality Assurance/Quality Control Sample (μg/L)					
602817	LFR-DF1-EB	NA	ND H			

^aEPA November 1986.

^bAnalysis request/chain-of-custody record.

BH = Borehole. DF = Drainfield.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EB = Equipment blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).

H = The holding time was exceeded for the associated sample analysis.

ID = Identification. LFR = Live Fire Range.

 μ g/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

μg/L = Microgram(s) per liter. NA = Not applicable.

NA = Not applicable.
ND = Not detected.

PCB = Polychlorinated biphenyl.

S = Soil sample.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, PCB Analytical MDLs September 1999 (Off-Site Laboratory)

	EPA Method 8082 ^a Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
Aroclor-1016	1.22
Aroclor-1221	2.82
Aroclor-1232	1.63
Aroclor-1242	1.67
Aroclor-1248	0.907
Aroclor-1254	1.16
Aroclor-1260	0.943

^aEPA November 1986.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems. EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

MDL = Method detection limit. μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram. PCB = Polychlorinated biphenyl.

Summary of the DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, HE Compound Analytical Results August–September 1999 (Off-Site Laboratory)

	Sample Attributes		HE		
Record		Sample	(EPA Method 8330a)		
Number ^b	ER Sample ID	Depth (ft)	(μg/kg)		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	7	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	12	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	7	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	12	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	7	ND		
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	12	ND		
Quality Assurance/Quality Control Sample (μg/L)					
602817	LFR-DF1-EB	NA	ND		

^aEPA November 1986.

^bAnalysis request/chain-of-custody record.

BH = Borehole.
DF = Drainfield.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EB = Equipment blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).

HE = High explosive(s).

ID = Identification.

LFR = Live Fire Range.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram. μg/L = Microgram(s) per liter.

ND = Not detected. S = Soil sample.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, HE Compound Analytical MDLs September 1999 (Off-Site Laboratory)

	EPA Method 8330 ^a Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	6.6
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	5.5
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	4.1
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	6.2
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	6.5
HMX	5.3
Nitrobenzene	5.2
2-Nitrotoluene	7.8
3-Nitrotoluene	11
4-Nitrotoluene	11
RDX	9.7
Tetryl	7.5
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	6.6
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	5.7

^aEPA November 1986.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

HE = High explosive(s).

HMX = Octahydro-1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazocine.

MDL = Method detection limit. μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

RDX = Hexahydro-1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazine. Tetryl = Methyl-2,4,6-trinitrophenylnitramine.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, Metals Analytical Results September 1999 Table 3.3.2-9

(Off-Site Laboratory)

Sal	Sample Attributes				2	Metals (EPA Methods 6000/7000/7196Aª) (mg/kg)	lethods 6000/	7000/7196A ^a	') (mg/kg)		
		Sample					Chromium			·	
Number ^b	ER Sample ID	Depth (ft)	Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	(3	Lead	Mercury	Selenium	Silver
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	7	2.96	58.1 J	QV.	10	0.132 J	8.54	0.00621 J	Q	0.456 J
					(0.0358)		(0.189)		(0.0268)	(0.255)	(0.472)
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	12	2.53	45.8 J	9	8.81	0.0962 J	5.09	0.0025 J	9	0.558 J
			•		(0.0352)		(0.192)		(0.0296)	(0.25)	
_	602817 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S		2.88	69.6 J	2	9.37	0.107 J	5.75	U.00868 J	2	0.602 J
	_				(0.0376)		(0.194)		(0.0286)	(0.267)	
~	602817 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	12	3.19	117 J	2	14.7	0.14 J	5.34	0.00397 J	9	0.573 J
					(0.0373)		(0.2)		(0.0323)	(0.265)	
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	7	2.46	65.8 J	S	9.51	0.159 J	13.3	0.0141 J	<u>Q</u>	0.528 J
					(0.0365)		(0.199)		(0.0325)	(0.26)	
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	12	2.48	48.2 J	0.0366 J	6.51	Ր 620'0	4.83	ი.00399 ქ	9	0.485 J
					(0.463)		(0.197)		(0.0312)	(0,25)	
n o	Background Concentration—Canyons	yons	9.6	246	0.64	18.8	NC	18.9	0.055	2.7	<0.5
Study Group ^c	odr										
AS	Quality Assurance/Quality Control Sample (m	ol Sample (r	ng/L)								
7	602817 LFR-DF1-EB	ΑN	QN	2	QN.	<u>Q</u>	QN	QN	2	9	QN
			(0.00451)		(0,00051) (0,00044)	(0.00056)	(0.006)	(0.00159)	(0.00004 J)	(0.00271)	(0.00073)

Note: Values in bold exceed background soil concentrations.

^aEPA November 1986.

^bAnalysis request/chain-of-custody record.

Dinwiddie September 1997.

■ Borehole.

= The reported value is greater than or equal to the MDL but is less than

the practical quantitation limit, shown in parentheses,

= Live Fire Range.

= Milligram(s) per kilogram. = Method detection limit.

= Milligrams per liter. = Not applicable.

= Drain and Septic Systems. = Drainfield. BH OF OSS EB EPA ER O

= Equipment blank.
= U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.
= Environmental Restoration.
= Foot (feet).
= Identification.

Analytical result was qualified as an estimated value.

 Not calculated.
 Not detected above the MDL, shown in parentheses.
 Soil sample. LFR MDL mg/kg NA NC NC S

3-17

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, Metals Analytical MDLs September 1999 (Off-Site Laboratory)

	EPA Method 6000/7000/7196A ^a
	Detection Limit
Analyte	(mg/kg)
Arsenic	0.414-0.455
Barium	0.0491-0.054
Cadmium	0.0345-0.038
Chromium	0.0691-0.076
Chromium (VI)	0.032-0.0347
Lead	0.143-0.157
Mercury	0.00167-0.0022
Selenium	0.245-0.27
Silver	0.0545-0.06

^aEPA November 1986.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

MDL = Method detection limit. mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, Total Cyanide Analytical Results September 1999 (Off Site Laboratory)

(Off-Site Laboratory)

	Sample Attributes	***************************************	Total Cyanide			
Record		Sample	(EPA Method 9012Aa)			
Numberb	ER Sample ID	Depth (ft)	(mg/kg)			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	7	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	12	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	7	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	12	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	7	ND			
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	12	ND			
Quality As	Quality Assurance/Quality Control Sample (mg/L)					
602817	LFR-DF1-EB	NA	ND			

^aEPA November 1986.

^bAnalysis request/chain-of-custody record.

BH = Borehole.
DF = Drainfield.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EB = Equipment blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).
ID = Identification.
LFR = Live Fire Range.

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.
mg/L = Milligram(s) per liter.

NA = Not applicable.
ND = Not detected.
S = Soil sample.

Table 3.3.2-12

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon)
Confirmatory Soil Sampling, Total Cyanide Analytical MDLs
September 1999
(Off-Site Laboratory)

	EPA Method 9012A ^a
	Detection Limit
Analyte	(mg/kg)
Total Cyanide	0.138-0.139

^aEPA November 1986.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

MDL = Method detection limit. mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

Radionuclides

Analytical results for the gamma spectroscopy analysis of the six soil samples collected in September 1999 from the three drainfield boreholes are summarized in Table 3.3.2-13. No activities above NMED-approved background levels were detected in any sample analyzed. However, although not detected, the minimum detectable activities (MDAs) for uranium-235 exceeded the background activity because the standard gamma spectroscopy count time for soil samples (6,000 seconds) was not sufficient to reach the NMED-approved background activity established for SNL/NM soils. Even though the MDAs may be slightly elevated, the values are still very low, and the risk assessment outcome for the site is not significantly impacted by their use.

Gross Alpha/Beta Activity

Gross alpha/beta activity analytical results for the six soil samples collected in September 1999 from the three drainfield boreholes are summarized in Table 3.3.2-14. No gross alpha or beta activity was detected above the background levels (Miller September 2003) in any of the samples. These results indicate no significant levels of radioactive material are present in the soil at the site.

3.3.3 Soil Sampling Quality Assurance/Quality Control Samples and Data Validation Results

Throughout the DSS Project, quality assurance/quality control samples were collected at an approximate frequency of 1 per 20 field samples. These included duplicate, EB, and TB samples. Typically, samples were shipped to the laboratory in batches of up to 20 samples, so that any one shipment might contain samples from several sites. Aqueous EB samples were collected at an approximate frequency of 1 per 20 site samples. The EB samples were analyzed for the same analytical suite as the soil samples in that shipment. The analytical results for the EB samples appear only on the data tables for the site where they were collected. However, the results were used in the data validation process for all the samples in that batch.

Aqueous TB samples, for VOC analysis only, were included in every sample cooler containing VOC soil samples. The analytical results for the TB samples appear on the VOC data tables for the sites in that shipment. The results were used in the data validation process for all the samples in that batch. Only carbon disulfide was detected in the TB for DSS Site 1094 (Table 3.3.2-1).

A set of aqueous EB samples were collected for PCBs, HE compounds, metals, cyanide, gamma spectroscopy, and gross alpha/beta during the September 1999 sampling and for VOCs during the April 2005 resampling at the Live Fire Range East Septic System. Six VOCs were detected in the EB associated with the 2005 resampling for VOCs. No SVOCs, HE compounds, metals, hexavalent chromium, cyanide, or radionuclide activities were detected in the EB associated with the September 1999 sampling. No PCBs were detected in the 1999 EB; however, it was analyzed outside the method holding time.

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, Gamma Spectroscopy Analytical Results September 1999 Table 3.3.2-13

(Off-Site Laboratory)

AL/9-05/WP/SNL05:r5750.doc

	Sample Attributes				Activity	(EPA Meth	Activity (EPA Method 901.1ª) (pCi/q)	(b/i		
Record		Sample	Cesium-137	37	Thorium-232	n-232	Uranium-235	235	Uranium-238	-238
Number	ER Sample ID	Depth (ft)	Result	Error	Result	Error	Result	Error	Result	Error
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	7	ND (0.0217)	!	0.2	0.0417	ND (0.141)	1	ND (0.973)	1
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	12	ND (0.0253)	1	0.218	0.0486	0.133	0.126	0.889	0.985
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	7	(0.0309) ON	3	0.4	0.0649	(0.179)	ł	1.6	1.29
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	12	ND (0.0296)	1	0.36	0.0601	ND (0.164)	:	1.38	0.891
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	7	ND (0.0312)	ì	0.398	0.0651	ND (0.17)	i	1.05	1.14
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	12	0.0253	0.0297	0.255	0.0547	0.0883	0.11	1.34	1.59
Backgroui	Background Activity—Canyons Study Groupd	udy Group ^d	1.55	AA	1.03	ΑΝ	0.16	AN	2.31	₹
Quality As	Quality Assurance/Quality Control Sample	Sample (pCi/L								
602817	602817 LFR-DF1-EB	NA	ND (5.5)	1	ND (6.13)	;	12.7	19.9	ND (60.5)	1

Note: Values in bold exceed background soil activities.

EPA November 1986.

Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

Two standard deviations about the mean detected activity.

^dDinwiddie September 1997

= Borehole.

= Drain and Septic Systems. DSS EB EPA ER

= Equipment blank.

U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

Environmental Restoration.

= Identification.

Error not calculated for nondetect results. = Soil sample. pCi/g pCi/L S

= Not detected above the MDA, shown in parentheses. = Not detected, but the MDA (shown in parentheses)

= Minimum detectable activity.

MDA

= Not applicable.

. C**C** ≰**22**

exceeds background activity.

= Picocurie(s) per gram. = Picocurie(s) per liter.

= Drainfield, 표片

= Foot (feet).

Summary of DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Confirmatory Soil Sampling, Gross Alpha/Beta Activity Analytical Results September 1999 (Off-Site Laboratory)

	Sample Attributes		Act	ivity (EPA Met	hod 900.0a) (pC	Ci/g)
Record		Sample	Gross	Alpha	Gross	s Beta
Number ^b	ER Sample ID	Depth (ft)	Result	Errorc	Result	Errorc
602817	LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	7	9.69	4.16	8.7	8.7 3.54
602817 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S 12		12	5.97	3.48	4.96	2.8
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	7	10.6	3.86	11.9	2.68
602817	LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	12	6.96	3.39	10.8	2.88
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	7	10.8	3.93	14.5	3.11
602817	LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	12	6.5	3.31	8.18	2.81
Background	d Activity ^d		17.4	NA	35.4	NA

ND (0.26)

ND (0.509)

^aEPA November 1986.

602817 LFR-DF1-EB

^bAnalysis request/chain-of-custody record.

^cTwo standard deviations about the mean detected activity.

NA

Quality Assurance/Quality Control Sample (pCi/L)

^dMiller September 2003.

BH = Borehole. DF = Drainfield.

= Drain and Septic Systems. DSS

= Equipment blank. EΒ

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet). ID = Identification. LFR = Live Fire Range.

MDA = Minimum detectable activity.

NA = Not applicable.

ND () = Not detected above the MDA, shown in parentheses.

= Picocurie(s) per gram. pCi/L = Picocurie(s) per liter.

= Soil sample.

= Error not calculated for nondetect results.

As shown in Table 3.3.2-1, to assess the precision and repeatability of sampling and analytical procedures, a duplicate soil sample (designated 'DU') was collected and analyzed at the off-site laboratory for VOCs during the April 2005 resampling. Toluene concentrations in the primary and duplicate samples from the 12-foot-bgs interval in borehole BH2 were comparable. No other VOCs were detected in either the primary or duplicate sample.

All laboratory data were reviewed and verified/validated according to "Verification and Validation of Chemical and Radiochemical Data," Technical Operating Procedure (TOP) 94-03, Rev. 0 (SNL/NM July 1994), SNL/NM ER Project "Data Validation Procedure for Chemical and Radiochemical Data," Administrative Operating Procedure (AOP) 00-03 (SNL/NM December 1999), or "Data Validation Procedure for Chemical and Radiochemical Data," AOP 00-03. Rev. 01 (SNL/NM December 2003). Annex A contains the data validation reports for the samples collected at this site. In addition, SNL/NM Department 7713 (Radiation Protection

Sample Diagnostics [RPSD] Laboratory) reviewed all gamma spectroscopy results according to "Laboratory Data Review Guidelines," Procedure No. RPSD-02-11, Issue No. 2 (SNL/NM July 1996). The data are acceptable for use in this request for a determination of CAC without controls.

3.4 Investigation 3—Passive Soil-Vapor Sampling

In May 2002, a passive soil-vapor survey was conducted in the Live Fire Range East Septic System area. This survey was required at this site by NMED/HWB regulators and was conducted to determine whether significant VOC contamination was present in the soil at the site.

3.4.1 Passive Soil-Vapor Sampling Methodology

A Gore-Sorber™ (GS) passive soil-vapor survey is a qualitative screening procedure that can be used to identify many VOCs present in the vapor phase in soil. The technique is highly sensitive to organic vapors, and the result produces a qualitative measure of organic soil vapor chemistry over a two- to three-week period rather than at one point in time.

Each GS soil-vapor sampler consists of a 1-foot-long, 0.25-inch-diameter tube of waterproof, vapor-permeable fabric containing 40 milligrams of absorbent material. At each sampling location, a 3-foot-deep by 1.5-inch-diameter borehole was drilled with the Geoprobe[™]. A sample identification tag and location string were attached to the GS sampler and lowered into the open borehole to a depth of 1 to 2 feet bgs. The location string was attached to a numbered pin flag at the surface. A cork was placed in the borehole above the sampler as a seal, and the upper 1 foot of the borehole, from the cork to the ground surface, was backfilled with site soil.

The vapor samplers were left in the ground for approximately two weeks before retrieval. After retrieval, each sampler was individually placed into a pre-cleaned jar, sealed, and sent to W.L. Gore and Associates for analysis by thermal desorption and gas chromatography using a modified EPA Method 8260. Analytical results for the VOCs of interest are reported as mass (expressed in micrograms) of the individual VOCs absorbed by the sampler while it was in the ground (Gore June 2002). All samples were documented and handled in accordance with applicable SNL/NM operating procedures.

3.4.2 Soil-Vapor Survey Results and Conclusions

A total of four GS passive soil-vapor samplers were placed in the drainfield area of the site (Figure 2.2.1-2). Samplers were installed at the site on May 1, 2002, and were retrieved on May 16, 2002. Sample locations are designated by the same six-digit sample number both on Figure 2.2.1-2 and in the analytical results tables presented in Annex B.

As shown in the analytical results tables in Annex B, the GS samplers were analyzed for a total of 30 individual or groups of VOCs, including trichloroethene, tetrachloroethene, cis- and trans-dichloroethene, and benzene/toluene/ethylbenzene/xylene. Low to trace-level (but quantifiable) amounts of 18 individual or groups of VOCs were detected in the GS samplers

installed at this site. The analytical results indicated there were no areas of significant VOC contamination at the site that would require additional characterization.

3.5 Site Sampling Data Gaps

Analytical data from the site assessment were sufficient for characterizing the nature and extent of possible COC releases. There are no further data gaps regarding characterization of DSS Site 1094.

4.0 CONCEPTUAL SITE MODEL

The conceptual site model for DSS Site 1094, the Live Fire Range East Septic System, is based upon the COCs identified in the soil samples collected from beneath the drainfield at this site. This section summarizes the nature and extent of contamination and the environmental fate of the COCs.

4.1 Nature and Extent of Contamination

Potential COCs at DSS Site 1094 are VOCs, SVOCs, PCBs, HE compounds, cyanide, RCRA metals, hexavalent chromium, and radionuclides. No SVOCs, PCBs, HE compounds, or cyanide were detected in any of the soil samples collected at this site. Two VOCs, toluene and xylene, were detected in these samples. Of the eight RCRA metals, only silver was detected at concentrations above the approved maximum background concentrations for SNL/NM Canyons Study Area soils (Dinwiddie September 1997). Hexavalent chromium was detected in these samples, but because it does not have a calculated background value, it is unknown whether this COC exceeds background. When a metal concentration exceeded its maximum background screening value, it was considered further in the risk assessment process. None of the four representative gamma spectroscopy radionuclides were detected at activities exceeding the corresponding background levels. However, the MDAs for some of the uranium-235 analyses exceeded the corresponding background activity. Finally, no gross alpha/beta activity was detected above the New Mexico-established background levels.

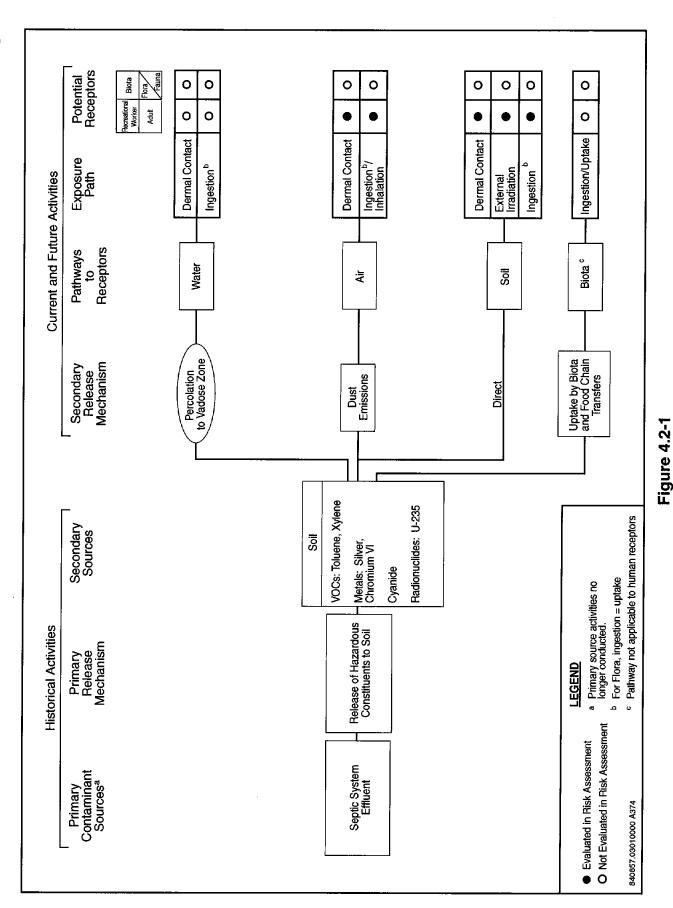
4.2 Environmental Fate

Potential COCs may have been released into the vadose zone via aqueous effluent discharged from the drainfield. Possible secondary release mechanisms include the uptake of COCs that may have been released into the soil beneath the drainfield (Figure 4.2-1). The depth to groundwater at the site (approximately 107 feet bgs) most likely precludes migration of potential COCs into the groundwater system. The potential pathways to receptors include soil ingestion, dermal contact, and inhalation, which could occur as a result of receptor exposure to contaminated subsurface soil at the site. No intake routes through plant, meat, or milk ingestion are considered appropriate for either the recreational or residential land-use scenarios. Annex C provides additional discussion on the fate and transport of COCs at DSS Site 1094.

Table 4.2-1 summarizes the potential COCs for DSS Site 1094. All potential COCs were retained in the conceptual site model and were evaluated in both the human health and ecological risk assessments. The current and future land use for DSS Site 1094 is recreational (DOE et al. October 1995).

The potential human receptors at the site are considered to be a recreational user and resident. The exposure routes for the receptors are dermal contact and ingestion/inhalation; however, these are realistic possibilities only if contaminated soil is excavated at the site. The major

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Conceptual Site Model Flow Diagram for DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon)

Summary of Potential COCs for DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) **Table 4.2-1**

		Number	COCs Detected or with Concentrations Greater than Background or	Maximum Background Limit/Canyons	Maximum Concentration ^c	Average	Number of Samples Where COCs Detected or with Concentrations Greater than Background
O	COC Type	of Samples ^a	Nonquantified Background	Study Group ^b (mg/kg)	(All Samples) (mg/kg)	Concentration ^d (mg/kg)	or Nonquantified Background ^e
VOCs		11	Toluene	۷V	0.0066	0.0023	11
		11	Xylene	۷A	0.0013	0.0003	_
SVOCs		9	None	NA	ΑN	AN	None
PCBs		9	None	۷A	ΑN	AN	None
HE Compounds		9	None	ΝA	AA	AN	None
RCRA Metals		9	Silver	6.0>	0.602 J	0.534	4
Chromium VI		9	Chromium VI	NC	0.159 J	0.119	9
Cyanide		9	None	ON	ΝΑ	ΑN	None
uclides	Gamma Spectroscopy		Uranium-235	0.16	ND (0.179)	NC	8
(pC/g)	Gross Alpha	9	None	NA	NA	Ϋ́	None
	Gross Beta	. 6	None	AN	ΑN	AN	None

⁴Number of samples includes duplicates and splits.

4-5

Dinwiddie September 1997

Maximum concentration is either the maximum amount detected, or for radionuclides, the greater of either the maximum detection or the maximum MDA above background.

^dAverage concentration includes all samples except blanks. The average is calculated as the sum of detected amounts and one-half of the MDLs for nondetect results, divided by the number of samples.

See appropriate data table for sample locations.

COC DSS HH

An average MDA is not calculated because of the variability in instrument counting error and the number of reported nondetect activities for gamma spectroscopy. Not detected above the MDA, shown in parentheses. = Polychlorinated biphenyl. = Picocurie(s) per gram. = Not calculated. pCi/g RCRA SVOC VOC Analytical result was qualified as an estimated value. ■ Drain and Septic Systems.■ High explosive(s). Constituent of concern.

Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

Semivolatile organic compound.Volatile organic compound.

= Minimum detectable activity. Method detection limit, MDA

= Milligram(s) per kilogram.= Not applicable. mg/kg NA

exposure route modeled in the human health risk assessment is soil ingestion for COCs. The inhalation pathway is included because of the potential to inhale dust and volatiles. The dermal pathway is included because of the potential for receptors to be exposed to the contaminated soil.

No pathways to groundwater and no intake routes through flora or fauna are considered appropriate for either the recreational or residential land-use scenarios. Annex C provides additional discussion of the exposure routes and receptors at DSS Site 1094.

4.3 Site Assessment

Site assessment at DSS Site 1094 included risk assessments for both human health and ecological risk. This section briefly summarizes the site assessment results, and Annex C discusses the risk assessment performed for DSS Site 1094 in more detail.

4.3.1 Summary

The site assessment concluded that DSS Site 1094 poses no significant threat to human health under either recreational or residential land-use scenarios. Ecological risks were found to be insignificant because no pathways exist.

4.3.2 Risk Assessments

Risk assessments were performed for both human health and ecological risk at DSS Site 1094. This section summarizes the results.

4.3.2.1 Human Health

DSS Site 1094 has been recommended for a recreational land-use scenario (DOE et al. October 1995). Because toluene, xylene, silver, and uranium-235 were detected, are present above background, or have MDAs above background levels, it was necessary to perform a human health risk assessment analysis for the site, which included these COCs. In addition, because hexavalent chromium, which was detected, and cyanide, which was not detected, have nonquantified background values, these COCs are also evaluated in the risk assessment analysis. Annex C provides a complete discussion of the risk assessment process, results, and uncertainties. The risk assessment process provides a quantitative evaluation of the potential adverse human health effects from constituents in the site's soil by calculating the hazard index (HI) and excess cancer risk for both recreational and residential land-use scenarios.

The HI calculated for the COCs at DSS Site 1094 is 0.00 for the recreational land-use scenario, which is less than the numerical standard of 1.0 suggested by risk assessment guidance (EPA 1989). The incremental HI risk, determined by subtracting risk associated with background from potential nonradiological COC risk (without rounding), is 0.00. The excess cancer risk is 3E-11 for DSS Site 1094 COCs for a recreational land-use scenario. NMED guidance states that cumulative excess lifetime cancer risk must be less than 1E-5 (Bearzi January 2001); thus the excess cancer risk for this site is below the suggested acceptable risk value. The estimated

incremental excess cancer risk is 2.72E-11. Both the incremental HI and excess cancer risk are below NMED guidelines.

The HI calculated for the COCs at DSS Site 1094 is 0.00 for the residential land-use scenario, which is less than the numerical standard of 1.0 suggested by risk assessment guidance (EPA 1989). The incremental HI risk, determined by subtracting risk associated with background from potential nonradiological COC risk (without rounding), is 0.00. The excess cancer risk for DSS Site 1094 COCs is 7E-10 for a residential land-use scenario. NMED guidance states that cumulative excess lifetime cancer risk must be less than 1E-5 (Bearzi January 2001); thus the excess cancer risk for this site is below the suggested acceptable risk value. The estimated incremental excess cancer risk are below NMED guidelines.

For the radiological COCs, one of the constituents (uranium-235) had MDA values greater than the corresponding background values. The incremental total effective dose equivalent (TEDE) and corresponding estimated cancer risk from radiological COCs are much lower than the EPA guidance values; the estimated TEDE is 1.9E-3 millirem (mrem)/year (yr) for the recreational land-use scenario. This value is much lower than the EPA's numerical guidance of 15 mrem/yr (EPA 1997a). The corresponding estimated incremental excess cancer risk value is 1.6E-8 for the recreational land-use scenario. Furthermore, the incremental TEDE for the residential land-use scenario that results from a complete loss of institutional controls is 4.8E-3 mrem/yr with an associated estimated incremental excess cancer risk of 4.6E-8. The guideline for this scenario is 75 mrem/yr (SNL/NM February 1998). Therefore, DSS Site 1094 is eligible for unrestricted radiological release.

The incremental nonradiological and radiological carcinogenic risks are tabulated and summed in Table 4.3.2-1.

Table 4.3.2-1
Summation of Incremental Nonradiological and Radiological Risks from DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon) Carcinogens

Scenario	Nonradiological Risk	Radiological Risk	Total Risk
Recreational	2.72E-11	1.6E-8	1.6E-8
Residential	7.31E-10	4.6E-8	4.6E-8

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

Uncertainties associated with the calculations are considered small relative to the conservatism of the risk assessment analysis. Therefore, it is concluded that this site poses insignificant risk to human health under both the recreational and residential land-use scenarios.

4.3.2.2 Ecological

An ecological assessment that corresponds with the procedures in the EPA's Ecological Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (EPA 1997b) also was performed as set forth by the NMED Risk-Based Decision Tree in the "RPMP [RCRA Permits Management Program] Document Requirement Guide" (NMED March 1998). An early step in the evaluation compared COC concentrations and identified potentially bioaccumulative constituents (see Annex C,

Sections IV, VII.2, and VII.2.1). This methodology also required developing a site conceptual model and a food web model, as well as selecting ecological receptors, as presented in "Predictive Ecological Risk Assessment Methodology, Environmental Restoration Program, Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico" (IT July 1998). The risk assessment also includes the estimation of exposure and ecological risk.

All COCs at DSS Site 1094 are located at depths of 5 feet bgs or greater. Therefore, no complete ecological pathways exist at this site, and a more detailed ecological risk assessment is not necessary.

4.4 Baseline Risk Assessments

This section discusses the baseline risk assessments for human health and ecological risk.

4.4.1 Human Health

Because the results of the human health risk assessment summarized in Section 4.3.2.1 indicate that DSS Site 1094 poses insignificant risk to human health under both the recreational and residential land-use scenarios, a baseline human health risk assessment is not required for this site.

4.4.2 Ecological

Because the results of the ecological risk assessment summarized in Section 4.3.2.2 indicate that no complete pathways exist at DSS Site 1094, a baseline ecological risk assessment is not required for the site.

5.0 RECOMMENDATION FOR CORRECTIVE ACTION COMPLETE WITHOUT CONTROLS DETERMINATION

5.1 Rationale

Based upon field investigation data and the human health and ecological risk assessment analyses, a determination of CAC without controls (NMED April 2004) is recommended for DSS Site 1094 for the following reasons:

- The soil has been sampled for all potential COCs.
- No COCs are present in the soil at levels considered hazardous to human health for either a recreational or residential land-use scenario.
- None of the COCs warrant ecological concern because no complete pathways exist at the site.

5.2 Criterion

Based upon the evidence provided in Section 5.1, a determination of CAC without controls (NMED April 2004) is recommended for DSS Site 1094. This is consistent with the NMED's NFA Criterion 5, which states, "the SWMU/AOC [Area of Concern] has been characterized or remediated in accordance with current applicable state or federal regulations, and the available data indicate that contaminants pose an acceptable level of risk under current and projected future land use" (NMED March 1998).

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ANNEX A
DSS Site 1094
Soil Sample Data Validation Results

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· 055082 - 604	11 7-5	191	कियाम ।।क	#	AG 250-			54	5	Cr AR	
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Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

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Internal Lab

ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Page 1 of 1

cae 602817 in one lab batch 4 TB from lab have bubbles Please combine and Coc 602 820 and Lab Sample 602820 Time Time Tine Time Tige the six error Parameter & Method 1.42 - 1.42 Requested RELEXES SES ARVCOC VOC REGISTER 83 SO, REG 5082 CN 9004 PCRA MET 6010/1471 Cretifican respect 1481 300 PASSERS SERBANA REPORT Fam Ma 2 D Date Oate Oate Date Date Special Instructions/QC Requirements *COC 60X841 Raw Data Package X Yes Sample Send info to Mike Sanders 24 ő O.g g O 9 Org Org EDD X Yes CINo Collection SMO Authorization () Bill To: Saldia Matching Asboratories Method から GR R 22,230 AJ-2480A Supplier Services Dept.: P.O. Box 5800 MS 0154 ACL Preser Type Volume vative إ 74 4G 250ml 4C 4 Relinquished by 5. Relinquished by 6 Relinquished by Company/Organization/Phone 1.5m Reference LOV(available at SMO) Container 4G 5000 5. Received by 4. Received by 6. Received by Contract No.: Case No.: Sample Matrix Ŋ S 8 i. the professional and 913/99 Dale 9-1-99 Time 1/15 C. Konkul Olic Samilia Survey Weston/6118/845-3267 E Kent 803 556 8171 183199 1642 1692 75 Pt 103 h88199 1642 9.5-5 9.5 Et 103 DE3199 1612 Send Report to SMO: S Jensen 844-3184 Date/Time • SMO Contact/Phone: D Salmi 844-3110 が開発・近点的 T7/01/18/238-9417 Le Sur Org. 75 # Date 9.2. 95 Time Org. Date Collected Time 45-TB 9.5 Ft 103 083199 Hilliam Sylvan GEL Beginning | ER Site 69 Rush Dale č Lab Destination: Lab Contact: Org. 6118 9.514 Required Report Date Oisposal by lab Depth/ft. Charles and Signature 0.0 0.0 Ref. No. SARWR No. Normal -10 5 138938-511-811-95-5 NON-ER Septic SysAM-Gamoera Sample Location Detail Non-ER Septic Systems ER Sample ID or Return to Client Ves No Margaret Sanchez Gilbert Contrana ER/1295/DAT Zane = Tech Area CF 0686 Room 050/69 -003 050/10-005 Turnaround Time Project/Task Manager: Sample No.-Fraction 450109 - 004 050109-001 Record Center Code: Dept. No./Mail Stop: 1 Relinquished by Logbook Ref. No.: Sample Disposal Service Order No. 2. Relinquished by 3.Refinquished by Project Name: 2. Received by 3. Received by I. Received by Location Members Batch No. Sample Building RMMA Team

* Released by COC 602821

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Internal Lab

Batch No.

ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

SMO Use

SARWR No.

Page 1 of 1

one lab bate TR from lab have bundle parameter & Maria Pease combine COC 602 820 Suppose the i iii Time Time Time Time *COO 607871 ROWASS AR/COC VOC 864 HE 83 \$5, R.B 8082 CN 9010A PCRA MET 6010/7471 Cr6+1784 Commas Sec 1485L 300 FLABERISE SERBIA ARROPED **%** □ Date Date Date Date Date Special Instructions/QC Requirements X Yes SA A Send info to Mike Sanders Org. Org. Org. Org. Org. EDD XXYes \(\Bar\)No Collection Raw Data Package SMO Authorizations and Illim Bill To: Safdia Mations/Laboratories Method SF GR AJ-2480A 7223230 구 각 Preser-HCL Supplier Services Dept.: P.O. Box 5800 MS 0154 vative **₩** 40 4. Received by 5. Relinquished by 6.Refinquished by 4. Relinquished by Type Volume 46 250m Reference LOV(available at SMO) Container [25m] AG 500m Contract No.: 5. Received by 6. Received by Case No.: Company/Organization/Phone ¥ 300 Sample Matrix 200 タ Ś Date 9-1-99 Time 1/15 Belg. Productivity wherein 99' Time 200 Weston/6118/845-3267 E Kent 803 556 8171 21,91 Send Report to SMO: S Jensen 844-3184 16/12 1692 1642 17/8118/238-9417 SMO Contact/Phone: D Salmi 844-3110 Eliegalt Petrafater: Date/Time Collected 57 Date 4.2. 97 Time 7 Date 9 - 1-99 Time Time Time 083199 583199 <u>१</u> 33199 Beginning | ER Site ☐ Rush Date Sanch Westelling 103 603 103 Date Date 603 ŝ Ξ Lab Destination: X Lab Contact: Org. 661(8 9.5 [4 9.5 pt Required Report Date Return to Client X Disposal by lab Org. C. C. Depth/ft. 9.5-5 9.5 स 35-1895A Chy Magaza COMO 1 Signature Gran Org. gi G Ref. No. Normal N -95 5 050109-001 13938-591-8411-95-5 NON-ER Septic Sys/M Sanders Sample Location Detail Non-ER Septic Systems ER Sample ID or Ŋ Yès □No Margaret Sanchez Gilbert Colmana ER/1295/DAT Name = = Tech Area 6135/1147 CF 0686 Room Project/Task Manager: Sample No.-Fraction 050/69 - 003 050/10 - 005 urnaround Time 450/09 - 004 Record Center Code: Relinquished by Dept. No./Mail Stop: 3.Relinquished by 3. Received by Logbook Ref. No.: Service Order No. Sample Disposal 2. Received by ル 2.Relinquished by . Received by Project Name: ocation-Members Sample Building RMMA Team

* Keleased by COC 602821

, 811050 050169

* Please combine coclosion coc 602 820 of none 146 batch when Lab Sample KTBs from Tab have bubbles 602817 CK, Backson, 116, 984 Gr 4118 Time Ë Gamma Spec Gr 418 IN PEBCALLSING HE NAT ill s **I**me Time Gr 11/13 Page 1 of IN PCB CILL SIDE HE CN. PCB COSTSICE. HE Requested Samon Spec AR/COC Raw Data Peckage XYes II No Sand Ho to Mike Sanders X All TD came up bubble Gamma pec, Date Date Date Date Date VOC 700 COST 7196 A GARANA Spac HASL 300 <u>ਤ</u> Special Instructions/QC Requirements voc \$260 # \$330 PCB \$0\$2 1747/0108 RCPA Metals 6010/1471 NSDS Sample , 306 900 54 SA S SA 54 5 ō 54 ä Collection EDD XYes INO Method G.R svoc \$270 19098287 058-622 ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY Preser-Bill To: Sandis National L Vative 40 P.O. Box 5800 MS 0154 Supplier Services Dept.: 4G 500m V SMO Authorizations 4.Relinquished by 5.Refinquished by 6.Relinquished by Type Volume 125 ml Š 500m125 m 18 J Reference LOV(available at SMO) 135 m Container AG 500m 4. Received by Contract No.: 5. Received by 6. Received by Case No.: ¥ HG. Company/Organization/Phone **₩** AC. Sample Matrix -25 Time 0930 7 94 Time 1150 700 Weston/6118/845-3267 Time //OC 1350 1405 1465 1350 1430 1430 E Kent 803 556 8171 1350 Send Report to SMO: S Jensen 844-3184 SMO Contact/Phone: D Salmi 844-3110 TAS 148/238 0417 Date/Time Date 9-7-99 Time Collected Time Time X2799-682799 82799 082399 182799 X2799 682799 SMO Ute 082799 282799 682799 뎚 Date 9-Date // Date Q ER Site NA Date □ Rush Date ž Ξ Lab Destination: Lab Confact Beginning Depth/ft. Org. 75.77 라 Q 50 MAGOWATHENTA Required Report Date य प 4 せる C Disposal by lab किरा なら せら 5. Org 6/1/5 はな 0.69.1) Bo Signature Ref. No. ō ō SARWR No. -5-8 -10-5 -5-5 Salardelex-DF1-843-55 -10-S 5-5--5-5 201-10 A SEC Normal N Sopratebox D.H. 1842-5-5 NON-ER Septic Sys/M Sanders Sample Location Detail ER Sample ID or Non-ER Septic Systems Yes XINO Return to Client Margaret Sanchez Officer - Outstans Name ER/1295/DAT > 6135/1147 Tech Area CF 0686 Room 050-052 -001 -00 2004-1203 **-003** Tumaround Time Project/Task Manager; 050052 - 004 050049 - 003 250049-004 Sample No.-Fraction D50050 -003 050050 - 004 Record Center Code: Dept. No./Mail Stop. 00-640-00 Logbook Ref. No.: Service Order No. Sample Disposal 1.Relinquished by 3.Relinquished by 2.Relinquished by Received by Project Name: 1. Received by 3. Received by 50052 Members Location 50050 Batch No. Sample Building Team

Internal Lab

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Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

	Project Name:	Non-ER Sypetic System Proj	Project/Task Mano	Маплег.	er M Sanders						f		ARICOC- 6 600 817	118 6001
	Location				· _	Rafarar	Reference OV (available at SHO)	OV (susilable	3.230 apto 2	CHO+				
لب	Building	Room						la vali						Lab use
	Sample No-	ER Sample ID or	Depth	照	Date/Time	Sample	Container	Γ	Propert.	Collection	Samon	Dog.	7 7 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77 77	Lab
	Fraction	Sample Location detail	in Ft	Site No.	Collected		Type Volume	7			Type	Redi	Reduested	Sample
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Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

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	Project Name:	Non-ER Sypetic System	Proje	Project/Task M	Manger:	anger: M Sanders			Case No.:7223.230	7223.23(,	
	Location	Tech Area					Refere	nce L	.OV (a)	railab	Reference LOV (available at SMO)	<u>(</u> 0					Lab use
	Building	Room									Sample						Lab
	Sample No-	ER Sample ID or		Depth	띪	Date/Time	Sample	Container	П	Preser-	Preser- Collection Sample	Sample	Pa	Parameter & Method	Method		Sample
	Fraction	Sample Location detail		ii Fi	Site No.	Collected	Matrix	Type	Type Volume	vative	Methods	Type		Requested	sted		₽
#	050060-108	050060-108/Shp-992-DW/-BHI-11-DJ	1-11-04	113	MIA	0830P 1635	D	4G 500m	500m	\$	G.R	Da	ეწ <u>ე</u> წ	SVOC RYEAMET	ROCAM	ーナー	
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•	MEDO61-003	1	-16-5	169		583199 NASI		AG.	SOM			34	33 2	30,000		RABAMA	
•	250061-004	,	765	16 FF		D 83199 98 18	95	AG.	AG 250			\$ \$	Gamma	0 0 0 0 0	Gr/	<u>18</u>	
¥	055062-001	LFR-DA-841-	7-5	t t		GOIST WS		#C	BSm			34	ZΩN	-			
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•	15500kg-0d	ľ	12-5	12.14		Brol99 (567		AC	125m			15	NS S	l .			
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\searrow	105000d DOI	050004-001 LFR-DFI-BHI-7-MS/KSD	7-/NS/NSD	なト		MOIP DIS		Æ	[3.m]			MSHSD		,			
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*	1050 564 - JUST	נ	=	せ		1910 9° 1145	\	\$	255m	1	÷	M5ASD	Campra Soc	SPA	877)	11.8	
*	DE1065 - DE1	OFNOWS - OOL LFR - DF - BH 2 -	7-5	7.6	•	0440 6940		Ac.	125 m			13A	V&C				entre de Name de La Companya de la c
*	050065-065)1		T T		0199 1940		\$	Soom			54	gN POB	STATE	RE	die net	Andreas and the second
•	0500/65-004	11		7		OPPO PPCOPI		00	260m			<i>3</i> 4	Gumma Spec		Gr All	3	eng er eine der die ein ihr beiter wert.
•	150066 - 00	350066-001 LFR-0FI-BH3-	-12-5	1212		190299 1652	-	R	125m			54	VOC			نا مىجىد	
•	050066-003	((九九		190299 1052		AG	500ml			54	888 1888	G62	Jost, RRASA		
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Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

Exercise Constituent Con	I OSCALIVATION	Non-EK Syperic System Proj	Project/Task Manger: M Sanders	r: M Sanders		Case	Case No.:7223.230	30			
Depth ER	Location	Tech Area			Refere	nce LOV	(availa	ole at SI	MO)		de l
Depth ER Data/Time Sample Containing Preser Collection Sample Parameter & Mentods Type Null Site No. Collected Matrix Type Vol. St. Vol. St. Vol. St. Vol. St. Vol. St. Vol. St. S	Guipino	-						Sample			233
IP Sig No. Collected Matrix Type Volythe Wattree Matrix Type Vol 126 Wild Macaga 1351 5 AC Edia 4C CR SA VOC 126 Wild Macaga 1351 5 AC Edia 4C CR SA Edia CR AL 126 Wild Macaga 1351 5 AC Edia 4C CR SA Edia CR AL 126 Wild Macaga 1351 5 AC Edia 4C CR SA Macaga	sample No-	ER Sample ID or		Date/Time	Sample	Container	Preser-	Collection	Sample	Parameter & Mothod	Cen .
16th WH MASS 1351 5 AL EDM 4C GR 34 VOC 70th N L GIRGA 1351 5 AL EDM 4C GR 34 END 16th N L GIRGA 1351 5 AL EDM 4C GR 34 END 12th N L GIRGA 1494 5 AC 580m 4C GR 54 100 12th N L GIRGA 1494 5 AC 580m 4C GR 54 685 12th N L GIRGA 1494 5 AC 580m 4C GR 54 685 12th N L GIRGA 1494 5 AC 580m 4C GR 54 685 12th N L GIRGA 1494 5 AC 580m 4C GR 56 GR 6C	Fraction	Sample Location detail	S		Matrix	Type Volu	re vative	Methods	Type	Requested	Sample
7PP N/4 01059 1351 5 AC 500 m 4C GR 34 600 m 12PP N/4 01059 1351 5 AC 500 m 4C GR 34 600 m 12PP N/4 01059 1351 5 AC 500 m 4C GR 34 100 m 12PP N/4 01059 140 5 AC 500 m 4C GR 54 100 m 12PP N/4 01059 010 M 9 1L HNO, GR ES Grown N/4 w/4 01050 010 M AG 72 4C GR ES SUO W/4 w/4 01059 010 M AG 72 4C GR ES SUO W/4 w/4 01059 010 M AG 72 4C GR ES SUO W/4 w/4 01059 010 M AG 72 4C GR ES SUO W/4 w/4 01059 010 010 M AG 72 4C GR ES 100 M AG 72 10 M	050067-001	LFR-17-1-1343-7-5	764 M#	1351 78 1351	5	15. TE	77 1"	CR	45	100	
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Sample Findings Summary

ARCOC: 602817/603820

Site: Non-EA Septic Systems

Data Classification: Organics

ER Sample In	signleny	01.0 Sign	
	Analysis	DV Qualifiers	Comments
050069-008 LFR-0F1-BH3-SVOC	99-09-2 (3-hitroaniline)	と	C18508 # 202
020069-013 LFR-DF1-BH3-PCB	EPA 8087 (PCAs)	usa	->
Note: See attached spreadsheet for	· VOC data qualifications	المناجني. الجريمانية	
	Data are acceptable,	ceptable,	
QC Measures	s appear to be adequate.	ade anate,	

ER Sample ID - This value is located on the AR/Chain of Custody.

Analysis - Use valid test methods provided below or if the result applies to an individual analyte within a test method, use the CAS number from the analytical data sheet.

DV Qualifiers - The entry will be taken from the list of valid qualifiers and associated comments. If other qualifiers not on the list are needed, contact Tina Sanchez to coordinate adding them to the list. Comments - This is only to be used if a comment associated with the qualifier is not appropriate, needs modification because of an unusual circumstance, or additional clarification is warranted.

Test Methods - Anions_CE, EPA6010, EPA6020, EPA7470/1, EPA8015B, EPA8081, EPA8260, EPA8260-M3, EPA8270, HACH_ALK, HACH_NO2, HACH_NO3, MEKC_HE, PCBRISC

Reviewed by:

12/16/95

Data Validation Qualifiers and Descriptive Flags*

Note: Qualifiers may be used in conjunction with descriptive flags [e.g., J, A; UJ, P; U, B].

Qualifiers	Comment
J	The associated value is an estimated quantity.
J1	The method requirements for sample preservation/temperature were not met for the sample analysis. The associated value is an estimated quantity.
J2	The holding time was exceeded for the associated sample analysis. The associated value is an estimated quantity.
Π1	The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected. The associated value is an estimate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
U .	The associated result is less than ten times the concentration in any blank and is determined to be non-detect. The analyte is a common laboratory contaminant.
U1	The associated result is less than five times the concentration in any blank and is determined to be non-detect.
R	The data are unusable for their intended purpose. The analyte may or may not be present. (Note: Resampling and reanalysis is necessary for verification.)
Descriptive Flags	
A	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Laboratory Control Sample and/or duplicate (LCS/LCSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
A1	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Surrogate Spike do not meet acceptance criteria.
A2	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Matrix Spike and/or duplicate (MS/MSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
A3	Insufficient quality control data to determine laboratory accuracy.
В	Analyte present in laboratory method blank
ВІ	Analyte present in trip blank.
B2	Analyte present in equipment blank.
B 3.	Analyte present in calibration blank.
P	Laboratory precision measurements for the Laboratory Control Sample and duplicate (LCS/LCSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
Pl	Laboratory precision measurements for the Matrix Spike Sample and associated duplicate (MS/MSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
P2	Insufficient quality control data to determine laboratory precision.
* This is not a defin	itive list. Other qualifiers are potentially available. Notify Tina Sanchez to revise
list.	Updated: September 14, 1999

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79-01-6 (trichloroethene)		3	3		3	Ωĵ	m	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
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75-35-4 (1,1-dichloroethene)		3	3		3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3			
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ARCOC #602817/602820 Organic Analyses (VOCs) ER Sample ID	ARCOC #602820	050109-001 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S	050110-005 B9938-SP1-BH1-9,5-TB	ARCOC #602817	050049-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-5-S	050050-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-10-S	050-052-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-5-S	050053-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-10-S	050055-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-5-S	050056-001 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-10-S	050057-001 SOLAR9981A-SP1-BH1-8-S	050058-001 SOLAR9981A-SP1-BH1-13-S	050059-001 SOLAR9982-DW1-BH1-11-S	050060-001 SOLAR9982-DW1-BH1-11-DU	050061-001 SOLAR9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	050062-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	050063-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	050064-001 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	050065-001 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	050066-001 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	050067-001 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	050068-001 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	050069-013 LFR-DF1-BH3-EB	050069-014 LFR-DF1-BH3-TB			
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Sample Findings Summary

AR/COC: 602817/602820

Site: Non-ER Septic Systems

Data Classification: Inorganics

ER Sample ID Analysis Dote: See attached spread sheet for data qualifications. Dota are acceptable.				 	 	 ,
bte: See attached spread sheet for data qualifications. Data are acceptable.	Comments					
ote: See attached spread sheet for data quality and the spread sheet for data quality and the spread sheet for data quality and the spread sheet for data are the spread sheet for data ar	DV Qualifiers	1,5a+1,30.5.			acceptable.	
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ER Sample ID - This value is located on the AR/Chain of Custody.

Analysis - Use valid test methods provided below or if the result applies to an individual analyte within a test method, use the CAS number from the analytical data sheet.

DV Qualifiers - The entry will be taken from the list of valid qualifiers and associated comments. If other qualifiers not on the list are needed, contact Tina Sanchez to coordinate adding them to the list.

Comments - This is only to be used if a comment associated with the qualifier is not appropriate, needs modification because of an unusual circumstance, or additional clarification is warranted. Test Methods - Anions_CE, EPA6010, EPA6020, EPA7470/1, EPA8015B, EPA8081, EPA8260, EPA8260-M3, EPA8270, HACH_ALK, HACH_NO2, HACH_NO3, MEKC_HE, PCBRISC

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Date:
Reviewed by:

Data Validation Qualifiers and Descriptive Flags*

Note: Qualifiers may be used in conjunction with descriptive flags [e.g., J, A; UJ, P; U, B].

Qualifiers	Comment
1	The associated value is an estimated quantity.
11	The method requirements for sample preservation/temperature were not met for the sample analysis. The associated value is an estimated quantity.
J2	The holding time was exceeded for the associated sample analysis. The associated value is an estimated quantity.
UJ	The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected. The associated value is an estimate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
U	The associated result is less than ten times the concentration in any blank and is determined to be non-detect. The analyte is a common laboratory contaminant.
Ul	The associated result is less than five times the concentration in any blank and is determined to be non-detect.
R	The data are unusable for their intended purpose. The analyte may or may not be present. (Note: Resampling and reanalysis is necessary for verification.)
Descriptive Flags	
A	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Laboratory Control Sample and/or duplicate (LCS/LCSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
Al	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Surrogate Spike do not meet acceptance criteria.
A2	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Matrix Spike and/or duplicate (MS/MSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
A3	Insufficient quality control data to determine laboratory accuracy.
В	Analyte present in laboratory method blank
BI	Analyte present in trip blank,
B2	Analyte present in equipment blank.
B3	Analyte present in calibration blank.
P .	Laboratory precision measurements for the Laboratory Control Sample and duplicate (LCS/LCSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
PI	Laboratory precision measurements for the Matrix Spike Sample and associated duplicate (MS/MSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
P2	Insufficient quality control data to determine laboratory precision.
w This is not a definite	us list. Other world for a second of the small ship. Market Till. Co. 1

^{*} This is not a definitive list. Other qualifiers are potentially available. Notify Tina Sanchez to revise list.

ARCOC #60280 JAZPI J.BB3 J.B 060109-003 B8938-SP1-8H1-9-5-S JAZPI J.BB3 J.B 050049-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-8H3-5-S JAZPI J.BB3 J.B 05005-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-8H2-10-S JAZPI J.BB3 J.B 05005-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-8H2-10-S JAZPI J.BB3 J.B 05005-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-8H1-10-S JAZPI J.BB3 J.B 05006-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-8H1-10-S JAZPI J.BB3 J.B	ARCOC #602817/602820 Inorganic Analyses (RCRA metals, CN, Cr6+) ER Sample ID	7440-39-3 (84)	7440-43-9 (Cd)	(6A) 4-SS-0447	(\$A) S-86-0447	(gH) 8-79-9247		-
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J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,	050055-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-5-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3		3	8	
JA2,P1 J.B.B3 J.B3 J.A2,P1 J.B.B3	050056-003 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-10-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3		3	89	-
J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050057-003 SOLAR9981A-SP1-BH1-8-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3	J,B3			-
J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050058-003 SOLAR9981A-SP1-BH1-13-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3		3	8	-
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J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050060-003 SOLAR9982-DW1-BH1-11-DU	J,A2,P1		J,B,83		-	CO	<u> </u>
J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050061-003 SOLAR9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3				-
J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050062-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3		ب	α α	-
J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050063-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3		<u>ب</u>	a	
J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050064-003 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3		7	a	
J,A2,P1 J,B.B3 J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050065-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	J,AZ,P1		J,B,B3		ľr	В	
J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050066-003 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3		ا,ٰل	a	
J,A2,P1 J,B3 J,B,B3	050067-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	J,A2,P1		J,B,B3			a	
	050068-003 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	J,A2,P1	J,B3	J,B,B3		7	a	
	050069-007 LFR-DF1-BH3-RCRA					ິດປ	B3	
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MEMORANDUM

DATE:

December 16, 1999

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Organic Data Review and Validation

Non-ER Septic Systems, ARCOC #602817/602820,

Project/Task No. 7223.02.02.01

See the attached Data Assessment Summary Forms for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with accepted procedures and specified methods: EPA8260A (VOCs), EPA8270C (SVOCs), EPA8330 (HEs), and EPA8082 (PCBs). Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

- PCB Analysis: The extraction holding time was exceeded for the re-extraction of sample 9909228-66 due to low initial surrogate recoveries. All results were nondetect (ND) and will be qualified "UJ2."
- 2. VOC Analysis: The initial calibration response factors (RFs) of 1,1-dichloroethene and trichloroethene were less than (<) the required minimums. The associated results of samples 9909228-01, -04, -05, -08, -11, -14, -17, -20, -23, -26, -29, -32, -35, -38, -41, -44, -47, -50, -53, -56, -67, and -68 were ND and will be qualified "UJ."

SVOC Analysis: The continuing calibration verification (CCV) percent difference (%D) of 3-nitroaniline was greater than (>) 40%. The associated result of sample 9909228-62 was ND and will be qualified "UJ."

Data are acceptable. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

Holding Times

VOC/SVOC/HE Analyses: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times.

<u>PCB Analysis</u>: All samples were analyzed and extracted within the prescribed holding times except as noted above in the summary section.

Calibration

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and the following. The CCV %Ds of chloromethane, acetone, 2-hexanone, and vinyl acetate were > 20%. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no data were qualified.

SVOC Analysis: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and the following. The CCV %Ds of 2,4-dinitrophenol, 4-nitrophenol, carbazole, pyrene, 3,3'-dichlorobenzidine, indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene, and benzo(g,h,i)perylene were outside QC limits. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no data were qualified.

HE/PCB Analyses: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria.

Blanks

All Analyses: No target analytes were detected in the method blanks.

Surrogates

<u>VOC/SVOC/HE Analyses</u>: The surrogate percent recoveries (%RECs) met QC acceptance criteria.

<u>PCB Analysis</u>: The surrogate %RECs met QC acceptance criteria except for the following. The %REC of sample 9909228-02 was slightly < QC limits (46.5<46.8). However, all other QC criteria were met. Thus, no data were qualified.

Internal Standards (ISs)

<u>VOC/SVOC Analyses</u>: The IS areas and retention times (RTs) met QC acceptance criteria.

HE/PCB Analyses: No internal standards were required for these methods.

Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Analyses

VOC/HE/PCB Analyses: The MS/MSD met QC acceptance criteria.

SVOC Analysis: The MS/MSD met QC acceptance criteria except for the following. The MSD relative percent difference (RPD) of 4-nitrophenol was > QC limits. However, the MS/MSD %RECs met QC acceptance criteria. Thus, no data were qualified.

Laboratory Control Samples (LCS/LCSD)

All Analyses: The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria.

Other QC

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: A field duplicate was submitted on the ARCOC. When possible, RPDs were calculated and are listed on the data validation worksheet. No target analytes were detected in the equipment blank (EB) or trip blank (TB).

<u>SVOC/HE/PCB Analyses</u>: Field duplicates were submitted on the ARCOC. However, all sample results were ND. Thus, RPDs could not be calculated. No target analytes were detected in the EBs. No field blanks (FBs) were submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

December 16, 1999

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Inorganic Data Review and Validation

Non-ER Septic Systems, ARCOC #602817/602820,

Project/Task No. 7223.02.02.01

See the attached Data Assessment Summary Forms for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with accepted procedures and specified methods: EPA6010B (ICP metals), EPA7470/1A (Hg), EPA9012A (CN), and EPA7196A (Cr6+). Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

ICP Analysis: In the initial calibration blank (ICB) and/or continuing calibration blank (CCB), cadmium (Cd) and arsenic (As) were detected. The Cd result of sample 9909228-57 and the As result of -24 were positive, less than (<) 5X the blank concentrations, and will be qualified "J,B3." Silver (Ag) was detected in the CCB and method blank. The results of samples -02, -06, -09, -12, -15, -18, -21, -24, -27, -30, -33, -36, -39, -42, -45, -48, -51, -54, and -57 were positive, <5X the blank concentrations, and will be qualified "J,B,B3."

Hg Analysis: In the ICB for the equipment blank (EB), mercury (Hg) was detected at a negative concentration. The absolute value was greater than (>) the detection limit (DL) but < the reporting limit (RL). The associated result of sample 9909228-61 was non-detect (ND) and will be qualified "UJ,B3." Hg was also detected in the method blank for the field samples. The associated results of samples -02, -06, -09, -12, -15, -18, -21, -27, -30, -33, -39, -42, -45, -48, -51, -54, and -57 were positive, <5X the blank concentration, and will be qualified "J,B."

ICP Analysis: The MS percent recovery (%REC) and the MSD relative percent difference (RPD) of barium (Ba) were > QC limits. The associated results of samples 9909228-02, -06, -09, -12, -15, -18, -21, -24, -27, -30, -33, -36, -39, -42, -45, -48, -51, -54, and -57 were positive and will be qualified "J,A2,P1."

Data are acceptable. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

Holding Times

All Analyses: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times.

Calibration

All Analyses: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria.

Blanks

<u>ICP/Hg Analyses</u>: No target analytes were detected in the blanks except as noted above in the summary section and the following. Ba was detected in the ICB and CCB for the EB. However, the blank concentrations were < the associated DLs. Thus, no data were qualified.

<u>CN/Cr6+ Analyses</u>: No target analytes were detected in the blanks.

Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Analyses

ICP Analysis: The MS/MSD met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section.

<u>Hg/CN/Cr6+ Analyses</u>: The MSs met QC acceptance criteria. No MSDs were performed. However, replicate analyses were performed as measures of laboratory precision.

Laboratory Control Samples (LCS/LCSD)

ICP Analysis: The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria except for the following. The LCS %RECs of Cd, Ag, and lead (Pb) were outside QC limits. However, the LCSDs met QC acceptance criteria. Thus, no data were qualified.

Hg/CN/Cr6+ Analyses: The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria.

Replicates

ICP Analysis: No replicate analysis was performed. The MS/MSD were used as a measure of precision.

Hg/CN/Cr6 + Analyses: The replicate analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

ICP Interference Check Sample (ICS)

ICP Analysis: The ICS met QC acceptance criteria.

Hg/CN/Cr6 + Analyses: No ICS was required for these methods.

ICP Serial Dilution

ICP Analysis: The ICP serial dilution met QC acceptance criteria.

Hg/CN/Cr6+ Analyses: No serial dilution was required for these methods.

Other QC

<u>All Analyses</u>: Field duplicates were submitted on the ARCOC. When possible, RPDs were calculated and are listed on the data validation worksheets. No target analytes were detected in the EBs. No field blanks (FBs) were submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

(EPA 9000)

Sample Findings Summary

ARCOC: 602817 /602820

Site: Non-ER Septic Systems

Data Classification: Radiological L HA

	ER Sample ID	Analysis	DV Qualifiers	Comments
I	-> Note: See attached spreadsheet	for data qualifications	. XXX.14 00	
 _				
	Data	are acceptable (except as noted on spreadsheet).	cept as noted on	spreadsheet),
	70	Mercines appeared to be advent	+0 20 km ad -4	

ER Sample ID - This value is located on the AR/Chain of Custody.

Analysis - Use valid test methods provided below or if the result applies to an individual analyte within a test method, use the CAS number from the analytical data sheet. DV Qualifiers - The entry will be taken from the list of valid qualifiers and associated comments. If other qualifiers not on the list are needed, contact Tina Sanchez to coordinate adding them to the list.

Comments - This is only to be used if a comment associated with the qualifier is not appropriate, needs modification because of an unusual circumstance, or additional clarification is warranted. Test Methods - Anions_CE, EPA6010, EPA6020, EPA7470/1, EPA8015B, EPA8081, EPA8260, EPA8260-M3, EPA8270, HACH_ALK, HACH_NO2, HACH_NO3, MEKC_HE, PCBRISC

Date:	
No. No.	
K	
Reviewed by:	

Data Validation Qualifiers and Descriptive Flags*

Note: Qualifiers may be used in conjunction with descriptive flags [e.g., J, A; UJ, P; U, B].

<u>Qualifiers</u>	Comment
J	The associated value is an estimated quantity.
11	The method requirements for sample preservation/temperature were not met for the sample analysis. The associated value is an estimated quantity.
J2	The holding time was exceeded for the associated sample analysis. The associated value is an estimated quantity.
ເນ	The analyte was analyzed for but was not detected. The associated value is an estimate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
U	The associated result is less than ten times the concentration in any blank and is determined to be non-detect. The analyte is a common laboratory contaminant.
U1	The associated result is less than five times the concentration in any blank and is determined to be non-detect.
R	The data are unusable for their intended purpose. The analyte may or may not be present. (Note: Resampling and reanalysis is necessary for verification.)
Descriptive Flags	
A	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Laboratory Control Sample and/or duplicate (LCS/LCSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
A1	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Surrogate Spike do not meet acceptance criteria.
A2	Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the associated Matrix Spike and/or duplicate (MS/MSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
A3	Insufficient quality control data to determine laboratory accuracy.
В	Analyte present in laboratory method blank
B1	Analyte present in trip blank.
B2	Analyte present in equipment blank.
B3	Analyte present in calibration blank.
P	Laboratory precision measurements for the Laboratory Control Sample and duplicate (LCS/LCSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
P1	Laboratory precision measurements for the Matrix Spike Sample and associated duplicate (MS/MSD) do not meet acceptance criteria.
P2	Insufficient quality control data to determine laboratory precision.
* This is not a defini	tive list. Other qualifiers are notentially qualishly New C. Time C.

^{*} This is not a definitive list. Other qualifiers are potentially available. Notify Tina Sanchez to revise list.

Updated: September 14, 1999

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(36-1Z) 0-17-736£1																						-						
(36S-U) 1-36-71131		J.B		J.B	J,B		J,B							J.B	J,B			9,5	J,B	8,5	3,8							
(SES-AT) 1-6S-0447																						J,B						
15092-94-1 (PS-212)																						J,B						
10045-97-3 (C\$-137)		J,B		J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	J,B	9,5							
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ARCOC #602817/602820 Radiological Analyses (Gross Alpha/Beta, Gamma Spec) ER Sample ID	ARCOC #602820	050109-004 B9938-SP1-BH1-9.5-S	ARCOC #602817	050049-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-5-S	050050-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH3-10-S	050-052-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-5-S	050053-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH2-10-S	050055-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-5-S	050056-004 SOLARDETOX-DF1-BH1-10-S	050057-004 SOLAR9981A-SP1-BH1-8-S	050058-004 SOLAR9981A-SP1-BH1-13-S	050059-004 SOLAR9982-DW1-BH1-11-S	050060-004 SOLAR9982-DW1-BH1-11-DU	050061-004 SOLAR9982-DW1-BH1-16-S	050062-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-S	050063-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S	050064-004 LFR-DF1-BH1-7-MSMSD	050065-004 LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S	050066-004 LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S	050067-004 LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S	050068-004 LFR-DF1-BH3-12-S	050069-005 LFR-DF1-BH3-GS						

MEMORANDUM

DATE:

December 16, 1999

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Radiological Data Review and Validation

Non-ER Septic Systems, ARCOC #602817/602820,

Project/Task No. 7223.02.02.01

See the attached Data Assessment Summary Forms for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with accepted procedures and specified methods: EPA900.0 (Gross Alpha/Beta) and HASL300 (Gamma Spec). Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

- 1. Gamma Spec Analysis: In the method blank for the equipment blank (EB), lead (Pb)-212 and thorium (Th)-232 were detected. The associated results of sample 9909228-59 were less than (<) 5X the blank concentrations and will be qualified "J,B." In the method blank for the field samples, cesium (Cs)-137 and uranium (U)-235 were detected. The Cs-137 results of samples -03, -07, -10, -13, -16, -19, -22, -25, -28, -31, -34, -37, -40, -43, -46, -49, -52, -55, and -58, as well as the U-235 results of samples -03, -07, -10, -16, -37, -40, -49, -52, -55, and -58, were <5X the blank concentrations and will be qualified "J,B."
- Gamma Spec Analysis: The replicate error ratios (RERs) of zirconium (Zr)-95 for the EB and americium (Am)-241 for the field samples were greater than (>) 1 but
 The Zr-95 result of sample 9909228-59 and the Am-241 results of samples -03, -07, -10, -13, -16, -19, -22, -25, -28, -31, -34, -37, -40, -43, -46, -49, -52, -55, and -58 will be qualified "J."
- Gamma Spec Analysis: The negative bias criteria were not met for the Cs-134 results of samples 9909228-25, -31, -46, and -49. The results were negative and < the associated negative MDAs. Thus, these results will be qualified "R" (unusable).

Data are acceptable except as noted above. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

Holding Times

All Analyses: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times.

Calibration

<u>All Analyses</u>: No calibration data were provided. However, the case narrative stated that the instruments were properly calibrated.

Blanks

Gross Alpha/Beta Analysis: In the method blank, gross alpha/beta were detected. However, the blank concentrations were < the associated 2-sigma uncertainties. Thus, no data were qualified.

Gamma Spec Analysis: No target analytes were detected in the method blank except as noted above in the summary section and the following. Actinium (Ac)-228, Pb-212, radium (Ra)-228, and U-235 were detected. However, the blank concentrations were < the associated 2-sigma uncertainties. Thus, no data were qualified.

Matrix Spike (MS) Analysis

All Analyses: The MSs met QC acceptance criteria.

Laboratory Control Sample (LCS)

All Analyses: The LCSs met QC acceptance criteria.

Replicates

Gross Alpha/Beta Analysis: The replicate analysis met QC acceptance criteria.

Gamma Spec Analysis: The replicate analysis met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section.

Tracer Recoveries

All Analyses: No tracers were required for these methods.

Negative Bias

<u>All Analyses</u>: All results met negative bias QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section.

Other QC

Gross Alpha/Beta Analysis: A field duplicate was submitted on the ARCOC. All RERs were <1. No target analytes were detected in the EB. No field blank (FB) was submitted on the ARCOC.

Gamma Spec Analysis: A field duplicate was submitted on the ARCOC. All RERs were <1. No target analytes were detected in the EB except Ra-226. However, the blank concentration was < the associated 2-sigma uncertainties. Thus, no data were qualified. No FB was submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

Data Validation Summary

# of Samples: 68 Matrix: 57 Soil / 11 aguecas	Laboratory Sample IDs: 9909228-01 Acs -68		
Site/Project: Non-ER Static Systems Project Task #: 7223.02.02.01			
on-ER Septic Systems	AR/COC#. 602820/602817	6 E L	0/482290PP .# 100
Site/Project: 🎉	ARVCOC #:	Laboratory: GEL	Laboratory Report #:

						Analysis	sis				
	QC Element		Organics	ınics			Inorganics	anics			;
		YOC	SVOC	Pesticide/ PCB	HPLC (HF)	ICP/AES	GFAA/ AA	CVAA (Hg):	GN.	RAD	Other (Coff)
1.	Holding Times/Preservation			an Anka	/	/	NA	/		/	/
2.	Calibrations	NJ	WJ		1	\wedge		>		/	7
3.	Method Blanks	/	<u> </u>	<i>></i>	7	43,83 7.6.63		2,6	>	J.8	7
4.	MS/MSD	/	<u> </u>		\nearrow	19,44,7		>	>		7
5.	Laboratory Control Samples	/	<i>></i>	>	/	>		>	>	>	>
9	Replicates					AM		7	>	h	7
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6.	TCL Compound Identification	>	>								
10.	10. ICP Interference Check Sample					>					
11.	11. ICP Serial Dilution					>					
12.	12. Carrier/Chemical Tracer Recoveries									114	\rightarrow
13	13. Other QC	>			>	/	->	>		~	>

~ =	la 1	Estimated	Check (V)
) :	ı	Not Detected	Shauca Cerrs
3 :	b	Not Detected, Estimated	ž
×	13	Unusable	Other

= Acceptable
|s = Not Applicable (also "NA")
| = Not Provided

Odher.

Reviewed By:

Holding Timed Preservation

Sample re-extracted and of holding due to law surrogate recoveries. Comments 9909228-01 this -68 Preservation Deficiency ۸X Laboratory Sample IDs: Preservation Criteria 7 Days Holding Time was Exceeded Laboratory Report #: 9909228 A/A Site/Project Abn-El Spite Systems ARVCOC#: 602820/602817 9 Holding Time Criteria Matrix: 57 soil / 11 aquesus 7 days Analytical Method EPA 8082 (PCB3) 89 99-8276066 Sample ID # of Samples: Laboratory:

Reviewed By: 3116/99

Ma-Not Applicable

Volatile Organics (SW 846 Method 8260)

NA= NS+ Applicable ટુંફ્ર 28 ₹ Blanks Trip \$ Equip. Blanks Ş 6.45 300 Pup G **₹** 2 Matrix: MS RPD 1 MSD ١ S S MS Laboratory Sample IDs: Batch #s: iS80 44 LCS RPD S > # of Samples: _ LCS LCSD > þ Method Blks Notes: Shaded rows are RCRA compounds. 9909228 A1B 0% 29.9 ZOO E 34.8 30.8 * 602870/068CO3 20% Calib. K RSD/ R² <20%/ 0.99 11:0 Calib. RF 100 ×.05 Comments:
(DCCV % Dapples to Samples ~01, -05, -08, and -11 only. Laboratory Report #:_ Intercept **₹** \$ Site/Project. Non-ER Septic Systems ARVCOC#: 10.0 10.0 10.0 0.20 0.10 0.20 0.20 RF 0.10 0.20 0.30 10.0 0.20 0.30 0.10 0.10 0.10 0.40 0.30 01.0 0.30 0.0 1,2 dichlaraethylene(total) 😿 0.01 **⊢** ∪ ⊣ methylene chloride (10xblk) Benzene trans-1,3-dichloropropene 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane toluene(10xblk) -chloroethyl vinyl ether 2-butanone(10xblk) carbon tetrachloride Bromodichloromethane 1,7-dictiloropropane Dibromochloromethane cis-1,3-dichloropropene Vin 1 Acetal 4-methyl-2-pentanone 1,2-dichloroethane 1, 1, 1-trichloroethane 1,1,2-trichloroethane Tetrachloroethene 1,1-dichlaraethene 1,1-dichloroethane Cilloroform Name Tricidoroethene acetone(10xblk) EPA 8260A Chloromethane Bromomethane vinyl chloride Chlorobenzene carbon disulfide Ethylbenzene xylenes(total) Chloroethane Вготобот 2-hexanone Styrene 6 6 6 78-87-5 10061-01-5 108.801 10061-02-6 CAS# 127-18-4 N8-05-4 1330-20-7 108-88-3 100-42-5 56-23-5 75-01-4 67-66-3 79-01-6 591-78-6 100414 540-59-0 75-35-4 75-34-3 107-06-2 108-10-1 75-27-4 71-43-2 75-09-2 71-55-6 124-48-1 75-25-2 75-00-3 75-15-0 78-93-3 79-00-5 74-87-3 79-34-5 Laboratory: Methods: Ø

Reviewed By:

Date: 0/16/05

No ki

Volatile Organics (SW 846 Method 8260)

Blanks 99-1.7-10-8556066 Equip. Bianks NA * Field Oup, RPD Matrix: MS RPD MSD Nis 9 ¥ Batch #s: 1580 74 Laboratory Sample IDs: LCS RPD # of Samples: CS TCSD Method Biks Laboratory Report #: 9909228 A(6 X کړ: *0 20% Site/Project: Non-ER Splic Systens ARICOC #: 6028 JO/602817 Calib. RSD/ R² 20%/ 0.99 Calib. RF >,05 S Intercept M R R 0107 0.10 V 0.20 10:0 V 020 V 0.10 0.20 V 0.40 V 0.20 10.0 <u>0.0</u> <u>0.10</u> 0.0 FOL 1,2-dichloraethylene(total) methylene chloride (10xblk) trans-1,3-dichloropropene 1,1,2,2-tetrachloroethane 1,2-dichloropropane 2-chloroethyl vinyl ether Dibromochloromethane 1,1,2-trichloroethane Chlorobenzene cis-1,3-dichloropropene Bromodichloromethane carbon tetrachloride Tetrachloroethene 4-methyl-2-pentanone 1,1,1-trichloroethane 2-butanone(10xblk) 1.1-dichloraethene 1.1-dichloraethane 2-dichloroethane Vin Metek Name acetone(10xblk) Trichloroethene EPA 8260A carbon disulfide toluene(10xblk) Chloromethane xylenes(total) Chloroethane Chloroform Ethylbenzene Brosnoform 2-hexanone Benzene Laboratory: GEL 10061-01-5 591-78-6 P-50-801 CAS# 10061-02-6 540-59-0 100-42-5 107-06-2 7-06-801 108-90-7 75-34-3 67-66-3 71-43-2 100414 75-09-2 67-64-1 75-15-0 78-93-3 71-55-6 124-48-1 108-10-1 75-35-4 56-23-5 110-75-8 74-87-3 74-83-9 75-01-4 75-00-3 78-27-4 79-00-5 75-25-2 79-34-5 Methods: တ

Comments:
(DMS/MS) purformed on a Sample From another SDG.
(DS/MS) purformed on a Sample From another SDG.

Reviewed By: 3 See Date: 10/16/99

NA-NOT APPRIZESY

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Site/Project: Non-ER Sptiz Systems ARUCOC#: 602820/602817

Laboratory Report #: 9909228 A18

Laboratory: 6EL

Batch #s: 158072 # of Samples:

Matrix: 19 soi 1

Surrogate Recovery and Internal Standard Outliers (SW 846 Method 8260)

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					/				ایم
			/	/					Comments: *Summery:
		/	/						Сотте
	/								Fluorishmen
	/								IS 1:- Bromochloromethane דוניים: IS 2: 1,4-Di Holoro benzene-24 IS 3: Chlorobenzene-45
			-						
- X	Passed								SMC 1: 4-Bromofluorobenzene SMC 2: 1,3-Dichloroethanc-d4 SMC 3; Foluene-d8
	Ŧ	Passed	Passed /	Passed Pa	Passed	AH Passed	All Passed.	Passed	Massed Massed

17 (79 Dibsons fluor methors

A the required minimums. All associ sample results were ND and will be qualified NUS." => 1,1-dictloruether and trichlorothere had initial calib. Afs

%05 > 20%, All assex. Sample results were NO. Thus, no data => chloromither, acetone, 2-texanore, and vinyl acetate had acc wer qualified.

Page 1 of 3 -39-33, -36, -39, -45, -45, -31, -37, -57 NA=NSA Applicable Semiyolatile Organics (SW 846 Method 8270)

Semiyolatile Organics (SW 846 Method 8270)

Semiyolatile Organics (SW 846 Method 8270)

Page 1 o 3 % V 82 R Field \$ 9 Equip. Blanks \$ Dup. Fleld * MS RPD `> MSD Shaded rows are RCRA compounds S₽ 910857 LCS RPD CSD ` > > Batch #s: Notes: Method Blanks くなる Q**%** 81/48CE 8069 S **>** 20% O Field dup was submitted. All results MD; no Aplis culculated. Callb. RSD/ R² * <20%/ 0.99 Calib RF >.05 ₹ Laboratory Report #: Intercept <u>خ</u> ک MA AR/COC#: 50,1 Min 0.50 0.80 0.70 0.80 09.0 0,40 0.70 0.01 0.60 0.30 0.20 0.40 0.10 0.20 0.30 0.20 0.20 0.70 0.01 0.01 0.40 10.0 0.20 0.20 0.20 / 0.50 <u>ل</u>ا ن ــا Matrix: bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane BN 621-64-7 N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine 2-Methylphenol (0-crsol) bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether Hexachlorocyclopentadiene Site Project: Non-ER Sohis System 4-Chloro-3-methylphenol 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene bis(2-Chloroethyl)other 2,4,6-Trichlorophenol 2,4,5-Trichlorophenol BN | 106-46-7 | 1,4-Dichlorobenzene 2-Methylnaphthalene Hexachlorobutadiene 1,2.Dichlorobenzene 541-73-1 1,3-Dichlorobenzene 105-67-9 2,4-Dimethylphenol 120-83-2 2,4-Dichlorophenol NAME **Hexachloroethane** 106-44-5 4-Methylphenol BN 106-47-8 4-Chloroaniline Nitrobenzene 2-Chlorophenol 2-Nitrophenol EPA8270C Naphthalene Isophorone 9 Phenol Laboratory: GEL CAS# 120-82-1 A 108-95-2 BN 1111-444 A 95-57-8 BN 108-60-1 1-11-19 91-20-3 BN 98-95-3 118-91-1 A 59-50-7 BN 91-57-6 88-06-2 95-50-1 95-48-7 78-59-1 87-68-3 95-95-4 88-75-5 77-47-4 # of Samples: Comments: BNA ∢ BN BN BN BN BN BN BN ES. S S BN BN ⋖ 4 4. Methods: ∢ ⋖ ত

B-20

3 ce 9:0 applies to samples -48,-51,-54, and -57 only.

@ No Fits submitted on the COC.

Reviewed By:

Date: 12/16/95

Sem	ivok	atile C	Semivolatile Organics			787														Page 2	e 2 of 3
Site/P	roject:	Non-E	Site/Project: Non-ER Sphi Systems	AR/COC#:	£22	200	C18 609/063603	717	3/8/5	Batch #s:	ł	158016	9								
Labor	Laboratory:	6EC		Laboratc	Laboratory Report #: 9909 238 ₹16	#: 99	200	8418		# of S	# of Samples:	19	-		Matrix:	So. '	_				
<u> </u>	BNA	cAs#	NAME	T Min C RF	n Intercept	Callb.	Calib. RSD/ R ²	CCV	Method Blanks	SOI DO	FCSD	LCS	NS.	MSD	MS FI RPD D	Field Ec	Equip. Equip.	(2) Field Blanks	22 Company Company	(6)	
	OCCUPATION OF THE PERSON OF TH					×.95	0.99	70%											S S	O	
+			2-Chloronaphthalene	7	₹ V	>	K	>	>						7	4/4	/	WA	7		
\dashv			2-Nitroaniline (0)	0.0	\dashv	1	7	 	<u> </u>									\dashv			
E		131-11-3	Dimethylphthalate	10.01	₹	\ 	\geq							-							
<u>~</u>	BN 29	208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	0.90		<u>></u>	>														
3	BN 60	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	0.20	7	>	>	_										_			
3 E	BN 99	7-60-66	3-Nitroaniline (A)	0.01	>	>	>	_										_	_		
3	BN 83	6-25-68	Acenaphthene	06.0	82	>	>			>	>	>	5	5							
3	A 51	5-82-15	2,4-Dinitrophenol	0.01	-	L	>												>		
2	A 10	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	0.01	>	>	>	_	-			>	>	7	35.4			\vdash	-23	W.	
3	BN 13	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	0.80	\ \\	>	>	-	 -	-	,	<u> </u>					-	-	51 >		-
3 [BN 12	21-14-2	121-14-2 2,4-Dimitrotoluene	0.20		\ <u></u>	S				S	S		>	>						
3 E	BN 84	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	0.01		>	>			_						_		_			
3	BN 08	105-72-3	005-72-3 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	0.40		7	>	_		_					_	_					
3	BN 86	86-73-7	Fluorene	06.0	<u>^</u> •	>	>	-										_			
3	SN NS	100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline $(0 -)$	0.01	>	>	>													-	
4	A 53	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	0.01	MA.	>	<u> </u>											ļ 			
4	BN 86	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	0.01		>	>						-								
4	BN 10		4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	0.10		>	>							_				_			
4	Ξ Z	18-74-1	Hexachlorobenzene	0.10		>	<u>></u>														
		87-86-5		0.05		>	>			<u> </u>	>	S	>	2							
4	BN 83	85-01-8	Phenanthrene	0.70		>	>							-				_			
4 Ti	BN 20	20-12-7	Anthracene	0.70		<u>></u>	>							-				-	-	-	
4		86-74-8	Carbazole	10.01		>	^											L			
4	BN 84	84-74-2	Di-n-butylphthalate	0.01	_	>	>									 		-	_		
4	BN 06	06-44-0	Fluoranthene	09.0		>	>				_		-					-			
S E	BN 12	129-00-0 Pyrene	Pyrene	09:0		>	>			>	>	>	5	7				_		_	
S E	BN 83	- 1	Butyibenzyiphihalate	0.01		>	>											_			
S .	BN BN		3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	0.01		>	>														
<u>~</u>	BN 56-55-3		Benzo(a)anthracene	08.0	->	>	>	تر_	`									7	>		
Com	Comments:		;	•	•	4	4	,											1-4/4-	イングングナイロンシュ	15.

O find dup, we submitted. All results NO, no RPDs calculated, No FB submitted on the CCC.

No FB submitted on the CCC.

Semivolatile Organics

Laboratory Report #: 9 90 923 8 k/l3 TCL RIP REP RE RSD % Web Bla RSD % 20% 20% 20% 0.00	Serni Site/Pro	i volati oject: A	Semivolatile Organics SiteProject Ma-ER Sphi, Schas	CASA S	AR/C(602820 ARICOC#: 60383017	3,000	3460	7187		Batch #s	Batch #s: 158016	9108						Pag	Page 3 of 3
Second S	Labora	tory:	0FL	-	Labor	atory Re	ort #:	9 900	12284	γ/:	# of Sam	ples:	5		Matrix:	. Sp				
BN 218-01-9 Chrysene	IS BY	₹		ョ	ğ				************		Method LC Blanks	LCS D	LCS	IS WS	MS	Eleid Dup.	Equip. Blanks	(3) Field Blanks	35	
BN 218-01-9 Chrysene							ı		<20% / 0.99	1						ž J			3,2	
BN 117-81-7 bis(2-Ethylbersyl)phthalate 0.01	3 3	N 218-4	11-9 Chrysene		V 0.7		ヘタ	>	>	/	<u> </u>					N.A	/	114	<u> </u>	
BN 177-840 Di-n-octylpithalate 0.01 M/A W W W W W W W W W	5 B)	N 117-4	11-7 bis(2-Ethylhexy	i)phthalate	0.0	-	>	>	>						_		_	ŀ	_	
BN 205-99-2 Berzock)filtoranthene 0.70	6 B	N 117-	14-0 Di-n-octylphtha	late	0.0		\$	>	>										-	
BN 207-08-9 Benzo(k/filuoranthene 0.70	9 B	N 205-	29-2 Benzo(b)fluora	nthene	0.7	o.	>	>	>								-			
BN 50-32-8 Benzo(a)pyrene 0.70 \(\sqrt{V} \) \(V	(B)	N 207-1	78-9 Benzo(k)fluora	nthene	0.7		<u>\$</u>	>	>											
BN 193-39-5 Indemo(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 0.50 \frac{1}{2} \fra	8 B		2-8 Benzo(a)pyrene		0.7	ō.		>	>	>										
BN 53-70-3 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 0.40 V V V V V V V V V	6 B)		19-5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd	l)pyrene	5.0	0.	- ->	>	>	7.16				_			_		_	
BN 191-24-2 Benzo(gh.)peryteme	6 Bì	N 53-7	7-3 Dibenz(a,h)ant	tracene	0.4	o.	>	>	>	>							_		-	
1,3-4	-		24-2 Benzo(g,h,i)per	ylene	0.5		₹	>	>	_	_	_			_				_	
3-3	3	/ 112-	66-7 1. J-dichange	duzhe				>	>			_		_						
Surrogate Recovery Outliers SMC 1 SMC 2 SMC 3 SMC 6 SMC 7 SMC 8 Comments:	4	, , ,	or mp-cre		->		Ş	>	>	>						>	>	٠	→	
Surrogate Recovery Outliers SMC 2 SMC 3 SMC 4 SMC 5 SMC 6 SMC 7 SMC 8	+	\dashv				+			1											
Surrogate Recovery Outliers SMC 1 SMC 2 SMC 3 SMC 4 SMC 5 SMC 7 SMC 8	\dashv	_				-					>			-	_					
SMC1 SMC2 SMC3 SMC4 SMC5 SMC6 SMC7 SMC8				Surrog	ate Rec	overy O	utliers											VA=No	i Apriza	79
	Sa	mple	SMC 1 SMC	2 SMC	SMC	C4 SM	C S SA	1C 6 S	MC 7	SMC B	Com	ments:							•	

	3	9	É	ම		(A)
	SMCB				/	SMC 3: p-Terphenyl-d14 (BN) SMC 6: 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (A)
	SMC 7			/		3: p-Terpk
2	SMC6					
Surrogate Recovery Outliers	SMC.1 SMC.2 SMC.3 SMC.4 SMC.5 SMC.6 SMC.7 SMC.8					SMC 2: 2-Fluorobiphenyl (BN) SMC 5: 2-Fluorophenol (A) SMC 8: 1,2-Dictionobeneous 44 (BN)
Recover	SMC4					SMC 2: 2-Fluorobiphenyl (BN) SMC 5: 2-Fluorophenol (A) SMC 8: 1,2-Dictionobaracon 44
ırrogate	SMC3					MC 2: 2-F MC 5: 2-F MC 8: 1,Z
Sı	SMC 2	1				
	SMC 1					SMC 1: Nitrobenzene-d5 (BN) SMC 4: Phenol-d6 (A) WMC 7: 2-2: Chibrophonel-d4 (A)
	Sample		Passed			SMC 1: Nitrobenzene-d5 (BN) SMC 4: Phenol-d6 (A)
	San	X	Pa			SMC 1: N SMC 4: Pl SMC 7: 2

(4 First to was signithed. All results ND; no RDDs calculated. @ No file submitted on the coc.

B ccutiol applies to samples -46, -51, -54, and -57 only.

Internal Standard Outliers

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IS 3: Acenaphthene-d10 (BN) IS 6: Perylene-d12 (BN)

IS 2: Naphthalene-48 (BN) IS 5: Chrysene-412 (BN)

IS 1: 1.4-Dichlorobenzene-d4 (BN) IS 4: Phenathrene-d10 (BN)

Page 1 of 3

Semivolatile Organics (SW 846 Method 8270)

Laboratory Sample IDs: 9909238 - 62SiteProject: Non-Et Septic Systems ARCOC#: 602820/602817 Laboratory: GEL

Laboratory Report #: 9909228 A/B

158075 Batch #s: Armenul Matrix: EPA 8770C # of Samples: Methods:

5	* of Sallipies	:	Wathx:		War water					Batch #S;	ı	200									
				F		Calib		CCV					9								
<u>N</u>	BNA	BNA CAS#	NAME	C MID	n. Filmtercept	nt RF	R ²	% D	Method Blanks		LCS LCSD	o RPD	SW (GSW :	D RPD	Dup.	Equip. Blanks		Field Blanks		
X				j		>.05	<20%/ 0.99	20%								ž					
_	Ą	108-95-2	Phenol	V 0.80	∘ / ⁄⁄A	>	>	>	>	-	/		47	4/4	4 NA	\ \ \ \	\$	\vdash	<u>\$</u>		
	NS.	111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	V 0.70	1	>	>	-	-						<u> </u>	⊢	⊢	-			
_	Y	95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	V 0.80)	>	>		_	>	(>				-		-			
_	BN	541-73-1	541-73-1 1,3-Dichlorobenzene	09:0		>	>						-			-	-	-		T	
	HN		106-46-7 1,4-Dichlorobenzene	V 0.50		>	S			>	\ \	>					8.8				
	BN	95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	0.40	>	>	>										000	_			
	٧	95-48-7	2-Methylphenol (O-cracol)	V 0.70	>	>	>	L				_	+			-	+	-		\mid	
-	BN	108-60-1	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	7 0.01	V/V	>	>		>		L		 -			-				T	
-	A	106-44-5	106-44-5 4-Methylphenol	09.0	_	5 A	\$	₹ V	\$	_			 -				-				
-	BN	621-64-7	621-64-7 N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	V 0.50	_	>	>	>	>	}	/	>	 -	F	-			-	_		
	S.	1-11-19	BN 67.72-1 Hexachloroethane	√ 030		S	\ <u>\</u>			1											2.0
N	ВN	\$ 56-86		√ 0 20	1	>	<u> </u>										200				
7	BN	78-59-1	Isophorone	J 0.40) (>	>	_					-								
7	Ą	88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	0.10	_	>	>			-			_								
7	V	105-67-9	105-67-9 2,4-Dimethylphenol	V0.20		>	>		_		_				_						
2	BN	111-91-1	111-91-1 bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	V 0.30		>	>		-			-			F						
7	4	120-83-2	120-83-2 2,4-Dichlorophenol	V 0.20		>	>		 	-											
7	BN	120-82-1	120-82-1 1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	0.20		>	>		-	>	>	>									
7	[91-20-3	Naphthalene	V 0.70	١	>	>		<u> </u>	_			_	-	<u> </u>	-	-	-			
7	BN	106-47-8	106-47-8 4-Chloroaniline	10.0		>	>			_						-		-			
2	BN	87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	10'0		>	>		-	-			-								
7	V	59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	$V_{0.20}$		>	>		_	>	>	>				-	-	-		 	
2	Z E	91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	V 0.40		>	>	_	-	_	-					-		-			
m	NE	77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	V 0.01		>	>		-	_	-	_		F	<u> </u>	+	 -	-			
<u></u>	4	88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	/ 0.20		>	>	_								-	_	-	ļ		
3	₹	95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	V 0.20	→	>	>	,	>	_		_	177	7	3	>	3				
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Comments: One found on a semple from another 50 G. W. Sample is an £8.

B-20

Reviewed By:

Notes: Shaded rows are RCRA compounds

Date: 13/16/99

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Secondary C. E. Laboratory Report # 9704228.4.15 16 Samples Matrix Agraecy Laboratory Report # 9704228.4.15 16 Samples Matrix Agraecy Laboratory Report # 9704228.4.15 Laboratory Report # 9704228.4.15 Laboratory Report # 9704228.4.15 Laboratory Report # 9704228.4.15 Laboratory Report # 9704224 Laboratory Report # 9704224 Laboratory Report # 970424 Laboratory R	Callb. Ca	\$\tilde{\text{CEL}}\$	BN B BN	Š		aboratory	y Report#		10923	18A1B	##	of Samu	1,50	_				*	, mod		
Call D. School Call D	Callib. Callib	Callo, RSD, XO Method LCS LSD LCS AS MS Field © MS Field © MS Public Equip. Field O MS Public Eq	BN BN BN BN A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	CAS#								1	<u>.</u>	-		Σ 	aunx:	2	3		
Call D. Sallon CCV Method LCS LCSD LCSD NS MSD NS Elenka Cool NS Cool Cool Cool Cool Cool Cool Cool Coo	Calls. Salls. GOV Wethod LCS LCSD LCS MS MSD MS Blanks Blanks 203	Callb. Callb. Cay Wethod LCS LUSD LCS MS MSD MS Blanks Blanks 203 -20% 20% 20% 20% Method LCS LUSD LCS MS MSD MSD MSD Blanks Blanks A	BN B	CAS#	Care and the second of the sec									T.				,	300000		
A	10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	Country No. Country	BN BN BN BN A A A A	CAS:#		H		Callb.		CCV				<i>.</i>			<u> </u>				
Not Cont 20%	Not Cont C	No. Cook C	BN BN BN BN A A A A			င္ ပ န လ			.F	%D					20012		2000			<u>.</u> گ ه	
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				1-58-1	2-Chloronaphthalene	08.0	*>	>	>	>	>		-	\$		\$	┺	\$	-	_	
				38-74-4	2-Nitroaniline (6-)	20.01	>	>	>	_	_			-	<u></u>	-	-	-	}_		
	The state of the			131-11-3	Dimethylphthalate	20.0	ΑÀ	>	>			-	-	_		_					-
A	Figure F			8-96-802			_		>				-	 -			-				
4.1.0 -3.5.2. -3.0.3. -3.0. -3.0.3. -3.0.	4			2-02-905		•	>	>		>		-	_								
A. A	4			39-09-2	(۲۷-)	7 0.01	>	>	>	2,0		<u> </u>	-			_					-
-35.5 -36.0 -3	25.5	2.5.5. 2.5. 2.5.		83-32-9		V 0.90	XX	>	>	>		5	>		_		E				┢
-30.0 -30.0	20.52 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	23°.0 23		51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	V	>	>	>	-35.5		_	_	-				-			
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	0.0.1.C.			4-Nitrophenol	0.01	*	>	>	-30.3		 >	>				_	_		-	
					Dibenzofuran	0.80		>	>	>	_	_	_	_							
	A		N	121-14-2		V 0.20		\ <u>\</u>	S	4			20.20							3.70	×
		A	_	34-66-2	Diethylphthalate	10.01	_	>	>				_	_			_				-
A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A	**************************************		 		4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	/ 0.40		>	>					-				-		-	
		7		86-73-7	Fluorene	06.0	→	>	>				_						-		-
	A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A A B B B	0.55 0.55 0.75		9-10-001	4-Nitroaniline $\langle 0-\rangle$	V 0.01	>	>	>					_				_			
0.0.5 0.0.5 0.0.6 0.		25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 25.0			4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	10.01	>	>	>							_	_				
	23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	*** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** *** ** *** *	\neg	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	√ 0.01	WA	>	>				_	-	_	_	_	_			
23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0 23.0	23.0 25.0 25.0 25.0 27.0 29.1.0 29.1.0	\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\f			4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	0.10		>	>			-									
4	4.	25.0 25.0 27.0		18-74-1		010	S	<u>\</u>	٥										333		
0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	\$\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\f	\$ 0.000				V 0.05	S	>	١			S	>								
0.52 \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	23. 0 25. 0 26. 0	30.05 30.05 30.04 30.45 31.4 31.4		85-01-8		I 🔪	\$	>	>				-						-		-
0.52 \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\	0.25 V	0.25 V		20-12-7	Anthracene	0.70		>	>	->			_	_			_				-
0'ht: \	7	3		86-74-8	Carbazole	10:01		>	2								_			_	
0.Ptc. > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > >	3, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	0.Ptc- > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > > >		34-74-2	Di-n-butylphthalate	0.01		>	>	>	-	_	-	-				-	-		_
)	34.0 V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	34.0	_		Fluoranthene	09.0		>	>	7			_	<u> -</u>		 	_	-			
h:18	\$ 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1,	*			Pyrene	09.0		>	>	0,4,0		>	>	_		_		-			
7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7 7	3: d	3		15-68-7	Butylbenzylphthalate	20.01		>	>	>				F		_		-			-
> > > >			BN 8					>	>	31.4				-					-		
			BN 5	6-55-3	Benzo(a)anthracene	V 0.80	7	>	>	>	>	_	<u></u>	>	>	-	~	>	7	_	

Semivolatile Organics

Laboratory. IS BNA (ory: GEL	<u>,</u>	,		i												
B B B	00000000000000000000000000000000000000		Laboratory	Laboratory Report #:	970	1909228 A1B	410	# of Samples:	. Jes	_		Matrix		Accessed			
B B B	**************************************						10000000000			20000 000000000000000000000000000000000	200000	_					
Na Na Na	BNA CAS#	NAME	Tot Min.	Infercept	Callb. RF	Calib. RSD/ R ²	200	Method Blanks	ន្ទួ	LCS RPD	(C) MS M:	MSD MS	Field Dup:	(G) Equip. Blanks	Fleid		
					>.05	<20% / 0.99	20%										
M M	٧ 218-01-9	Chrysene	0.70	AV	>	?	>	>		F	VVV	A/A NA	₹	₹ /V	**		
BN	117-81-7	bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	V 0.01	_	>	>	-				╂	1	1	+	-		
		117-84-0 Di-n-octylphthalate	0.01	-	>	>				-			 -	_			
BN	1 205-99-2	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.70	>	>	>							-				l
BN	1 207-08-9	Benzo(k)fluoranthene	07.0	47	>	>							-	-			
BN	J 50-32-8	Benzo(a)pyrene	0.70		>	>	>						-	-			
BN	193-39-5	Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	> 0.50		>	>	-38.8			-			-		-		
BN	1 53-70-3	Dibenz(a,h)anthracene	/ 0.40		>	>	>						-	-			
AS BN	1 191-24-2	Benzo(g,h,i)perylene	V 10.50	_			7.4.0	-			\perp		-	-	-		
W	7-26-41	122-66-7 1,2-diphenylhydozine	>	_	>	>	>				_		-	-	-		
∢	ceν	أمخته- إس	>	>	>	>	7	>				177	 		\ 		
												<u> </u>					
_											-	-					
		Surros	Surrogate Recovery Outliers	v Outlier	,,,										AN.	NA = Nit Applicast	1,500
San	Sample	SMC1 SMC2 SMC3	3 SMC4	SMC 5	MC 6	SMC 7	SMC 8	Comu	Comments	•	;	7	رط	.	76.7		
Ail	/			-	-			٠ ٢ ٢ ٢	さる。		3 3	مساود	4	3	Q		
Das	Jassed .	/	1					e same	Ā	P 46.	i	,	i,				
												ŤΥ	- Amuray &	<u> </u>			
							/						Cilbration:				
C 4: P	SMC 1: Nitrobenzene-d5 (BN) SMC 4: Phenol-d6 (A)		SMC 2: 2-Fluorobiphenyl (BN) SMC 5: 2-Fluorophenol (A)	yl (BN) (A)		: p-Terphe : 2,4,6-Tri	SMC 3: p-Terphenyl-d14 (BN) SMC 6: 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (A)	(X) (a) (b)	-		1	4.4-5.	المعمد الاستاد والمعمد الاستادات	A had	o GC	3-nitroprilling had a CCU 968 > 40% TE a 860c, presult was All and will has	%
T. 1	SMCT. 2-2 Chlorophonol 44 (A)	32	SMC 8: 1,2-Dishlerobences 44 (BN) Internal Standard (Dishistoberzas 44 (BN) Infernal Standard Outliers	ج						J.	t the	4.4	יי אאי	• •	twelfted "MJ."	,
San	Sample	IS Tarea IS 1-RT IS 2-area IS 2-RT	ea IS 2-RT	IS 3-area IS 3-F	S 3.RT IIS	4 area	STRI	T IS 4-2 real IS 4-RT IS Sarren IS 5-8T < 6 aves	RT	112.	10 % 0	۶-۲,۲′	de 5 .	7	ماهدند-)	2,4-diritophenol, 4-nitophenol, cerbazole,	3
Ā	-									-		ر ا ا	, s) - chrohite	0.755.0	tine, Jude	70
1	138				#	\parallel				-		g	المرقدة	P P	آبابي)نعم	corpyrene, and benzulg, his persione had	4
									\prod			ટુ	2 50%	utside	اسن کی	acu % 6/1/5 Outside Oc limits. All assoc	200
										/_	1	الع	3 Ľ	وم می	Frens.	results were NO. Thus, no date were	Š
1.1.4-1	IS 1: 1.4-Dichlorobenzene-d4 (BN)		IS 2: Naphthalene-d8 (BN)	£ .	IS 3: A	cenaphthe	S 3: Acenaphthene-d10 (BN)	5				440	qualitical				

High Explosives (SW 846 Method 8330)

999948-02, 10-18-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-																							NA= Not Applicate	Comments:	ilculated				- •.		
2-17-3							-																NA-No	,	RPDS CC			-	ار ما		
31-15-4			blaif (2)	Blanks	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	-	_		_					-				_	>						18 . no	-			مورد		
13- 42-15-18-12-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-15-	177		Equip.	Blanks	,	,		_	_				_		-		-	>	٨/٨						ころになっ				No data were qualitical		
33-36			MS (Eleld.	Out GPD														7	1/1						- ALL	700 1					
812909			88	RPD 20%		-	_	-	-	_	_	_		-	-			>	7/4			-			w-yteol	よる。	Ç	* Semmen	- Mai QC and.		
		5-8012		OSM	>	, -	-	_	-	-					-	-		>	\$	-	1	-		•	tus su t	12.3	•	*	£ 1.		
Sample I		15.		E .	 	-				-		_			-		-	*	Ż	-		+		ents:	3	2m5 2m5		•	1		
Laboratory Sample IDs:		Batch #s:	SOT	9000 8000 8000		\ -	-	-					-				-	7	\$	+	-	-			されら	4 05 6					
I.	1	l R l	**************************************	CCSD		-									-			→	₹ ₹	-	+					Ţ			%5		
7/4/18				res		-				_			_					7	NA VA		+	_		SMCRT					RPD > 25%		
71803/02 P			Method	Blanks	-		-	_						_				7	λ¥					REC							-
920/6			λοο	%0 0%	>	-												>	WA					SMC WREC					CAS#		
# 1003			Curve	. 8	\ 	_	_									_		7	1√					Sample					Sample		
Site/Project: Non-ER Septic Gisters ARCOC#: 602820/602817		50.7		Intercept	 	-												7	√ √					S.				nation	¥		
A L		Matrix: 50 [ب ب	<u> </u>	=			 			_			-	_		∱ [+				SMCRT				Confirmation	RPD > 25%		i
355							ne				60	toluene	toluene												H				RP		
R Sept.	FPA8330	19	-	NAME			itrobenze	benzene	ene		trotoluen	,6-dinitro	,6-dinitro	toluene	toluene	ene	ene	ene						SMC %REC	$\ $				CAS#		4
Site/Project: Non-ER	EPA,	35			HIMX	RDX	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	1,3-dinitrobenzene	Nitrobenzene	Tetryl	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene	2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	2,4-dinitrotoluene	2,6-dinitrotoluene	2-nitrotoluene	4-nitrotoluene	3-nitrotoluene	PETN						1	100	_				_
/Project:	Methods:	# of Samples:		**	H							-	-		~			-			+			Sample	F	Passed			Sample	TA T	3/Y
Site	Me	о *#=		S S S S S	2691-41-0	121-82-4	99-35-49	0-59-66	98-95-3	479-45-8	118-96-7	35572-78-2	19406-51-0	121-14-2	606-20-2	88-72-2	0-66-66	99-08-1	78-11-5				L		L	<u> </u>	لــا				_

Solids-to-aqueous conversion:
mg/kg = µg/g; [(µg/g) x (sample mass {g} / sample vol. {ml}) x (1000 ml/1 liter)] / Dilution Factor = µg/l Reviewed By:

High Explosives (SW 846 Method 8330)

9909228-63			3
Laboratory Sample IDs:	3/64		Batch #s: 158013
AR/COC#: 602817	Laboratory Report #: 99092238 63 (2)(3)(4)		atrix: Aquesus
Site/Project: Non- CA Sophiz Systems A	Laboratory: GEL La	Methods: £148330	# of Samples: Matrix:
Site/	Labo	Met	Jo #

HMX	CAS#	NAME	⊬ ∢	T A Intercept	Curve R		Method Blanks	SOT	Ecsb	RPD	MS	MSD	RPD	Fledd	3) Equip. Blanks	Field	e S		
PhMX						20%	Ω			20%			20%	22.77	þ	L			
RDX	69141-0	HMX	≥	>	>			-	,	>	>	Ş		1	×	1	4		
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	21-82-4	RDX	\geq	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	-	<u></u>				
1,3-dinitrobenzene Nitrobenzene Nitrobenzene Tetryl 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene -2 2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene -2,6-dinitrotoluene -	9-35-49	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	>			_						-	-	-	_			-	
initrotoluene / with the following to the following the	0-59-66	1,3-dinitrobenzene		_										-			 		
Tetry 2,4,6-trinitrotoluene	8-95-3	Nitrobenzene	>			_				-		L		L	-				
2,4,6-trinitrotoluene \(\) 4-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene \(\) 2-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene \(\) 2,4-dinitrotoluene \(\) 2,4-dinitrotoluene \(\) 2,6-dinitrotoluene \(\) 2,6-dinitrotoluene \(\) 2-nitrotoluene \(\) 4-mitrotoluene \(79-45-8	Tetryl	>	_		-								-		-	-	 	
2. 2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	18-96-7	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene	>											-		 -	-		
2,4-dinitrotoluene	5572-78-2	2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	>									F	-	-	<u> </u>		_		
2,4-dinitrotoluene V 2,6-dinitrotoluene V 4-nitrotoluene V 3-nitrotoluene V 4-nitrotoluene V A-nitrotoluene V BETN AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AAA AA	9406-51-0	4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene		_						F	<u> </u>	-		-	-	-	-		
2,6-dinitrotoluene V 2-nitrotoluene V 4-nitrotoluene V 3-nitrotoluene V MA MA MA MA MA MA	21-14-2	2,4-dinitrotoluene	2	_										\vdash	-	-	_		
2-nitrotoluene V J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J J	06-20-2	2,6-dinitrotoluene	>		_			_	-			-		_					•
4-nitrotoluene V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V V	8-72-2	2-nitrotoluene	7											igg	_	-	-	T	
PETN PETN AMA	0-66-6	4-nitrotoluene	7		_	_								_	_		-		
PETN NA	9-08-1	3-nitrotoluene	>	>	>	>	>	7	>	,		,	-	1	-	-	-		
	8-11-5	PETN	Ш	N.Y	₹ ⁄	\$	1/4	\$	2	\$	33	17	12	>	-	3	-		
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C %REC	-			
nple SM	-			
(T San				
SMCF				
SMC %REC				
aldmi	¥.	Dassed		
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Comments: & El.

=> All QC net. No data were qualified.

Confirmation

RPD > 25%		
mple CAS#		
# RPD > 25% Sar		
ple CAS A_		
Sam	ΛI	

Solids-to-aqueous conversion: $mg/kg = \mu g/g$: (($\mu g/g$) x (sample mass {g} / sample vol. {ml}) x (1000 ml / 1 liter)] / Dilution Factor = $\mu g/l$ Reviewed By:

d By: The Start Date: 12/16/53

B-17

PCBs (SW 846 - Method 8082)

SMCRT Comments: in this were mad. Thus, no darks were 1/A = Not Applicash sightly can into. All other ac -> Sample -02 had a Suragate 4:88EC Laboratory Sample IDs: 9909228-02, -06, -09, -12, -18, -18, -18-18-180, -33-36,-39-42,-45,-48,-51,-54, -57 no Apps calculated. * Summery. qualities. Survige Kel. Field Blanks 4 Equip. Blanks RPD > 25% 158065 Ffeld Dup. RPD \$ MS 70% 7 CAS# MSD SMC %REC Batch #s: LCS LCSD RPD MS 20% Laboratory Report #: 9909228 AIB Sample SiteProject: Non-ER Septic Systems AR/COC#: 602820/602817 Sample Method Blanks RPD > 25% Confirmation ay. SMCRT ا دور 70% . So: Calib RSD/R² <20%/02> SMG % REC 46.5 (446.8) CAS# Matrix: Name C Intercept EBP 8083 Sample ۵ 1096-82-5 Arcclor-1260 12674-11-2 Aroclor-1016 1141-16-5 Aroclor-1232 53469-21-9 Aroclor-1242 2672-29-6 Aroclor-1248 1097-69-1 Aroclor-1254 1104-28-2 Aroclor-1221 9909228-03 Laboratory: 68c Sample Dassed # of Samples: ___ 1 Methods: CAS#

Reviewed By: 34/16/95

PCBs (SW 846 - Method 8082)

									NA=N× Applicate	ye yen a differit			to the late	in the Survoyate Is used ND and IA."
29-86				Field Blanks	4/4				Comments:	Soc.	* C	Abiding The	=> Souple was re-entructed out of	holding due to 10w initial Survogate recoveries. All results were ND and will be qualified "UTA."
82) nple IDs: 9909128-66			158568	MS Field (3) RPD Dup, Equip. RPD Banks	NA NA			VA V V	SMG.RT Com	2 9 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5		=	RPD > 25%	
rcbs (5 W 846 - Method 8082) Laboratory Sample IDs:			Batch #s:	LCS O MSD MSD 20%				V NA AM	SWC	% NEC			CAS#	
	496912813			Method LCS LCSD RPD Blanks LCS LCSD RPD	\ \ \ -				Sample				Sample	
Site/Project: Mon-ER Ephiz Systems ARVCOC#: 602817	Laboratory Report #:		Matrix: Aqueous	Calib CCV RSD/R ² %D <20%/0.99 20%				→	C SMCRT	2		Confirmation	# RPD > 25%	
Aiz Systen		083	M	T C Intercept RSD/R ²	\ \ \ \ \ \ \	>>>	55	1 7	OMS				CAS#	
oct: Abr-ER S	ry: GEL	C808A43	ples:	Name	Aroclor-1016 Aroclor-1221	Aroclor-1232 Aroclor-1242	Aroclor-1248	Aroclor-1260	Sample	Aut	hasky		Sample	XX
Site/Proje	Laboratory:	Methods:	# of Samples:	CAS#	12674-11-2	1 1	12672-29-6 11097-69-1	11096-82-5						

Reviewed By: Allo Pare: 12/16/97

Inorganic Metals

Laboratory Sample IDs: 9509228-02-06, -09, -12, -15, -18, -21, -30, -33,-36,-39,-47,-48,-51,-54,-57 Batch #5: 158023 (7.12), 15 805 9(14) Laboratory Report #: 9909118 A1B Site/Project: Non-ER Septic System ARCOC#: 602820/602817 44 7471A CH .05 Matrix: Methods: EPA 60108(ICP) Laboratory: GEL # of Samples:

Analytic Tal. 1cv Ccv 1cB Occa Blanks LCS LCSD RPD NS NS NSD RPD RPD 7429-05-3A 7440-43-7-8		(2)
	Rep. ICS Serial Field RPD AB Gon RPD	Equip. Piteld CLB CCB
		V V V
	NA V. N.	
	21:3	
		7 4.5
		77
	- (SC) (SC)	
Cyanide CN		

181 Notes: Shaded rows are RCRA metals. Solids-to-aqueous conversion: mg/kg + µg/g; [(µg/g) x (sample mass {g} / sample vol. {ml}) x (1000 ml / 1 liter)] / Dilution Factor =

Occid applies do samples -02,-06,-09,-15,-15,-18, m.1-21 only.

(3) Suital dilution criteria apply only to sample results > 50x the Ac.

* Summery See back Reviewed By:

Date: 12/14/89

B-14

blanks:

- Tesuit of -24 were positive, 25% the black concis, and will be qualified "JiB3."
- = Ag was detected in the CCB and method blank. The results of all samples were pos., c5x the blank conc.s, and will be qualified "J,B,B3,"
- => Ity was detected in the nethod blant. The assoc. results of samples 02,-06,-09,-12,-15, -18,-21,-27,-30,-33,-39,-42,-45,-48,-51,-54, and -57 were pos., 25x the blank was,,

LCS

met QC exilora. Thus, no data were qualified. However, the LCSD % RECs and RPDs

MS/MSD:

=> ba had an Ms % REL' > QC i.m.ts. All assoc. results were pos. and will be qualified "J,AJ,PI."

Inorganic Metals

					: V		2382			T	\Box				1						Γ				T			: : :[
					000000		3 (3)													200								
				Field Blanks	#.2					+			-							200			Ą					
		((k)		(3) Equip. Blanks	V.V															-	+	-						
	1	158086(14		Field Dup. RPD	44						-					1	-				+	+						
		ر (کایم مل		S Serial Dilu- tion	1.√4					+	+-	-			-	-				S	+	+	100 A	-				
		158015 (ICD ~ KK),		Rep. ICS	Nπ	S	3					 -	-	2	1	+	-	9			+	-	3		1			
			nt	MSD	WA					+		 										1	P					
		Batch #s:	QC Element	O WSD	A 1/14																			-				
29			ŏ	LCSD MS	₩	S					-			7			-	>	>			+	×					
Laboratory Report #: 9909228 B				LCSD I		= S	3	\ \ \				-		\ \			-	>	>	Š		+						
и#: 99	(H)	A		TCS			S	S						~				8	7	S			2					
atory Repor	EPA 60108 (IU WILL) EPATYTOA (IL)	Matrix: Aquecus		Method		\$	3	2						7				>	S	\		_						
Labor	403	atrix:		85		5 0		5				\ \-	-	S			1	S	. S	3			S			_		
	Jan G	Σ		E51 /		10	>	A					+	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	-				S	2	_		, o-			+	-	<u> </u>
	\$0108 (I	_		ICV CCV		2	>		-				-				-	/X		۶ ک	-							+
CEL			-23 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20	TAL) 	â	>						2			_	**************************************	,	*			2 /	1				
Laboratory: GEL Laboratory Report #: 79	Methods:	# of Samples:		CAS#/ Analyte	7429-90-5 AI	7440-39-3 Ba	7440-43-9 Cd	7440-70-2 Ca 7440-47-3 Cr	7440-50-8 Cu	7439-89-6 Fc	7439-95-4 Mg	7439-96-5 Mn	7440-02-0 Ni	7440-09-7 K	7440-23-5 Na	7440-62-2 V	7440-66-6 Zn	7/30 07 Y Ph	7782-49-2 Se	7440-38-2 As	7440-36-0 Sb	7440-28-0 TI	7439-97-6 112		Cyanide CN			

Comments:

(1) As an replicate performed on a sample from another SNS.

(2) Exial dijution

(3) Sample is an EPB.

(3) Sample is an EPB.

(4) Sample is an EPB.

(5) Sample is an EPB.

(6) Sample is an EPB.

(7) Sample is an EPB.

(8) Sample is an EPB.

(9) Sample is an EPB.

(10) Sample is an EPB.

(11) Sample is an EPB.

(12) Sample is an EPB.

(13) Sample is an EPB.

(14) Sample is an EPB.

(15) Sample is an EPB.

(16) Sample is an EPB.

(17) Sample is an EPB.

(17) Sample is an EPB.

(18) S

Date: (2/16/9) Reviewed By:

77'-30	-57			5 0 5 0 5 0					
Laboratory Sample IDs: 4769238-01-06, -09-11-15, -18, -21, -24, -21, -30,	-33, -36, -39, -42, -45, -51, -57				©Field Blanks	AN.	>		
17-12 -18	7,45 4		Batch #s: 158 110/158099 (CN), 158555/158556(C.1.)		Equip. Blanks	7	7		
69	-39-4		5 11585		Field(2) Dup. RPD	M	->		
27-06	3 -36		5885		Serial Dilu- tion	V NA NA UA	\rightarrow		
25.2	.3		7		ICS(T)	1/1	>		
7809.	=		999 (C		Rep. RPD	>	<i>></i>		
 			0/158		MSD RPD	VN			
Sample			1581	QC Element	MSD	N.A.	->		
boratory			tch #s:	OC E	MS	>	>		
	1]	Ba		LCSD RPD	>	>		
	0				LCSD	>	>		
1780	3841				rcs	>	>		
2820/6	Laboratory Report #: 990 933 8 41B				Method Blanks	>	>		
09	eport #:	(100)			g)	>	>		
coc#:	sratory R	1964	So.		ICB	>	>		
AR	Lab	EPA7	Matrix: Soil		ADD CCA	>	>		
Laksy		(Z)	Σ		ζ	>	->		
1:5		ACC			FKA	>	3		
ON-ER SO	GEL	EPA 9012	19		Analyte	>>	ځې		
SiteProject: Non-ER Spfix Systems ARCOC#: 602820/602817	Laboratory. GEL	Methods: EPA 9012A(CN), EPA 7196A(Coor)	# of Samples:		CAS#	5955- 70-0	-04581		

(2) Field dup submitted. All results 4 the PL, on RPDS coloulated. (3,NO Fils submitted on the COC, Comments: (U) No Ics or script dilution required for these methods.

NA-Not Applicash

Date: 12/16/29 Reviewed By:

Reviewed By:

Date: 12/16/ 99

				o. Field is Blanks	1/A	->				*Summay *Summay . No dota were givelified
-65				Œquip. Blanks	2%	7				3 404
-/ 53		(t)		Meld Dup. RPD	AN.	>				5 .
39-1, 43-8cc popp		158008(CN),157999(C.1)		Serial Dilu- tion	15th	>				
260		1579		ICC	MA	<u> </u>				1 3
		(0.11)		3.5.5 E. E. E	1 NA	>				*Sunney 7 41 00
Laboratory Sample IDs:	ŀ	8008	ant	MSD	t NA					* 1
ory Sam		1	QC Element	MSD	NA	->				-
128+7 1914/99 Laboratory S		Batch #s:	90	D MS	7	7				1
				D LCSD RPD	7	7				
74/46 10 00 C	(107			s rcsd	1	,				
3 3	0.0771066			I LCS		7	<u> </u>			mads.
1287				Method Blanks	>	>				3
90	Laboratory Report #: _ 7196 ∧ (Cr (*)	2787		CCB	>	->				, the
,coc#:	oratory F 6 ∧ (C	Agucous		ICB	>>	>				12. 14. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15. 15
Y AR	Lab X	Matrix:		ccv	>	>				celen regu
5,380	<u>~</u>	Į ≥ 		ICV	>	>				RAPS
27.07	4 (CM			F47						1 5 T
01-5R	0 t A 90 l j	4		Analyte	\mathcal{E}	ئ				Nr N
Site/Project: Non-ER Spire Systems ARCOC#:	Laboratory: $GE $ Laboratory Report Methods: $EPA = 0.04(C^{6})$	# of Samples:		CAS#	5455-	18540- 29-9			,	Comments: (1) Single result ND; No RIPS calculated. (2) No ICS or social dilution required for these nethods.

B-15

Radiochemistry

Laboratory Sample IDs: 4909228-03 -07, -10-13 -16, -19, -12, -25, -31, -34,-37,-40,-43,-46,-49,-52,-53, -54 Batch #5: 158 646/158647(Cuspeds), 158553(1451, 300) Laboratory Report #: 9909118 AIA Site/Project: Non-ERSApticSystems ARCOC#: 602820/602817 EPA 900.0 (6005 0/10), HASL 300 (60- 10 5/12) ... Matrix: 5 Laboratory: 6EL # of Samples: Methods:

IS/Trace MA - NA Applicase 50-105 Isotope Sample ID IS/Trace 50-105 Isotope QC Element Sample ID * \mathscr{D} Field Blanks \$ * Dup. RER Field 0. ∇ **Typical Carrier** Equip. Blanks 1/8/18 \supset ΝA > 1.9 WHISE 0. | |-Rep RER Typical Tracer 25% MS * U-232 LCS 20% A-314 (06-31) 106 60409 F-32/4-235/0405/116 Garmna Spec. Cs-137 0,0373 Garmna Spec. Co-60 Method Blanks Method Alpha spec. 1301-36 -136 106/ 15. E. E. Samma Spec. Am-241 Nonvolatile Beta Analyte Parameter Gross Alpha Pu-239/-240 1-235/-236 Iso-U (h-230 Ra-226 h-232 h-228 Criteria Ra-28 **J-238** 3-234 Zi-63

Comments: UNO FB Swim: Med on the COC. (2) No Iracors refund for those westereds.

*Summay of he back page

Gamma spec. LCS contains: Am-241, Cs-137, and Co-60

Ni by ICP NA

Y ingrowth

Beta Beta

Sr-90

Am-241

Iso-Th

Iso-Pu

۲ NA

> Deamination Alpha spec.

Ra-226

N:-63

Ra-226

Ra-228

Am-242 Th-229 Pu-242

NA NA ΑN

NA

Alpha spec. Alpha spec. Alpha spec. ¥Z

Ba-133 or Ra-225

Ba-133

Gamma spec.

Date: 12/16/99 Reviewed By:

Method Blak:

- = 7 (s-177 at 4-235 were detected. The (s-137 results of all sapus, as well as the 4-235 results of -03,-07,-10,-16,-37,-40,-49,-5),-55,-58, were 25x he black conc.s and will be qualified "J,"
- Gras Alphi/Betu, Ac -228, Pb-212, Ra-228, and Th-232 were also detected. However, the black conc.s were & the assoc. 2-sigma uncertainties. Thus, no data were qualified.

Replicate: propries Am-241 had an RER > 1 but <3. To assoc. sample results will be qualified "J."

=> Rq-226 was detected. The blank conc. was a He assoc. I-signa uncertainties. Thus, no data were qualified.

Negative Bial:

negative and => The Cs-134 results of samples -25,-31,-46, and -49 were & the USSOC. negative MDAS. Thus, the results will be qualified "R."

WAS Not Applicable => 11-312 and Th-333 were detected in the mested 81ml. Results <5x and will Replicable: IS/Trace 50-105 -> 2,-95 had an REA> 1 sut c3. Result will be givelified "Ji," Isotope Batch #s: 158539 (6045 4/8), 158575 (6ans Spec) Sample ID @No water regund for here nettals. IS/Trace 50-105 Isotope Comments: QC Element Sample ID $\stackrel{*}{\updownarrow}$ XSummy M. H. M. Blok. 3 Field Blanks * 4/4 7/4 <1.0 \$ \$ Field Dup. RER Typical Carrier Equip. Blanks Methods: EPA 902 0 (60.5504/B), EPI A -013 (60-1 Spe.) Ni by ICP M Ş ightharpoonsNA NA NA NA A NA Ä AN Ϋ́ Matrix: Ogicesus Gamma spec. LCS contains: Am-241, Cs-137, and Co-60 Rep RER <1.0 > > > **Typical Tracer** Ba-133 or Ra-225 25% MS Y ingrowth Pu-242 Am-242 Th-229 LCS 20% **U-232** Ba-133 NA Y. Method Blanks 4,96 Gamma spec. Deamination 1 Alpha spec. Alpha spec. Alpha spec. Alpha spec. Alpha spec, Method CIC-19-Beta Beta Jamma Spec. Am-241 25-95 Samma Spec. Cs-137 Jamma Spec. Co-60 Analyte Nonvolatile Beta Parameter # of Samples: Gross Alpha Pu-239/-240 J-235/-236 Am-241 Ra-226 Iso-Pu Iso-Th Ra-226 Ra-228 Criteria Ra-226 Iso-U Sr-90 Ni-63 Th-232 Th-228 Th-230 U-238 **U-234** Ra-28 N-63

-60

Laboratory Sample IDs: 9909228 - 59

Site/Project: Non-El Sopiez Systems ARCOC#: 6028 = Radiochemistry

Laboratory Report #: 9909238 [

Laboratory: GEL

Reviewed By:

Date: 12/16/55

Contract Verification Review (CVR)

7223.230
Case No.
NON-ER SEPTIC SYSTEMS
Project Name
ROYBAL
Project Leader

AR/COC No. 602817 & 602820

Analytical Lab GEL

SDG No. 9909228A & B

In the tables below, mark any information that is missing or incorrect and give an explanation.

1.0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record and Log-In Information

Line	Completed	000				
Complete:	Complete?	ie.			Recolved	Chay
Tem Nov	_	٩		-	DAING	1
(2)	_	9		it no, explain	Yes	
All items on COC complete - data entry clerk initialed and dated X	×	0)	11)	SNL SAMPLE #050110-005 DESIGNATED	×	
		_		AS SOIL ON COC		
Container type(s) correct for analyses requested	×					
Sample volume adequate for # and types of analyses requested	× >	T	- 1			
Preservative correct for analyses requested		ı	+			
Circles Control of the Control of th	< 	- 1	1			
Custody records continuous and complete	×		_			- 1
Lab sample number(s) provided and SNL sample number(s) cross	X		-			- 1
	 <					
			_			
Date samples received	×		-			- 1
	*	- 1	-			
Condition upon receipt information provided	×		_			
			-	_		

2.0 Analytical Laboratory Report

Line		Complete?	ete?		Docuload	Charl
S S	lteп	Yes	Ŷ	If no explain		יאמתי
2.1	Data reviewed, signature	×			Les	2
2.5	Method reference number(s) complete and correct	< >				
2.3	QC analysis and acceptance limits provided (MB_LCS_Renlicate)					
2.4	Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate data provided(if requested)	< >	1			
2.5	Detection limits provided; PQL and MDL(or IDL), MDA and I	</td <td>\dagger</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	\dagger			
2.6	QC batch numbers provided	(>	1			
2.7	Dilution factors provided and all dilution levels reported	< >	1			
2 8	Data reported in appropriate units and units.	<				
i	Designation in appropriate utility and using correct significant figures	×				Ī
2.9	Radiochemistry analysis uncertainty (2 sigma error) and tracer recovery	×	-		1	
	(if applicable) reported	:			•	
2.10	Narrative provided	 	T			
2.11	TAT met	\ <\>	+			
2.12	Hold times met	 				- 111
		<u>~</u>	•	PCB EQUIPMENT BLANK RE-EXTRACTED	×	
				OUT OF HOLDING TIME DUE TO LOW		
4				SURROGATE RECOVERY		
2.13	Contractual qualifiers provided	×			1	
2.14	All requested result and TIC (if requested) data provided	 				
		- <	_			

Contract Verification Review (Continued)

3.0 Data Quality Evaluation

or Data evally Evaluation			
ltem	Yes	S S	if no, Sample ID No./Fraction(s) and Analysis
3.1 Are reporting units appropriate for the matrix and meet contract specified or project-specific requirements? Inorganics and metals reported as ppm (mg/liter or mg/Kg)? Tritium reported in picocuries per liter with percent moisture for soil samples? Units consistent between QC samples and sample data	×		
3.2 Quantitation limit met for all samples	×	1	
3.3 Accuracy a) Laboratory control samples accuracy reported and met for all samples		×	RECOVERY FOR CADMIUM, LEAD & SILVER OUTSIDE QC LIMITS
b) Surrogate data reported and met for all organic samples analyzed by a gas chromatography technique	×	-	
c) Matrix spike recovery data reported and met		×	BARIUM OUTSIDE RECOVERY LIMITS FOR SAMPLE #9909228-45MS
3.4 Precision a) Replicate sample precision reported and met for all inorganic and radiochemistry samples		×	RPD FOR MERCURY ABOVE QC ACCEPTANCE LIMITS FOR SAMPLE DUPLICATE RPD FOR Cr 6 + DUPLICATE ABOVE QC ACCEPTANCE
			LIMITS RPD FOR GROSS ALPHA SAMPLE REPLICATE HIGH
b) Matrix spike duplicate RPD data reported and met for all organic samples	×		RPD FOR 4-NITROPHENOL ABOVE QC ACCEPTANCE LIMITS FOR SAMPLE #9909228-45MS/MSD
3.5Blank data a) Method or reagent blank data reported and met for all samples b) Sampling blank (e.g., field, trip, and equipment) data reported and met	××	-	
3.6 Contractual qualifiers provided: "J"- estimated quantity; "B"-analyte found in method blank above the MDL for organic or above the PQL for inorganic; "U"-analyte undetected (results are below the MDL, IDL, or MDA (radiochemical)); "H"-analysis done beyond the holding time	×	<u> </u>	
3.7 Narrative addresses planchet flaming for gross alpha/beta	×	-	
3.8 Narrative included, correct, and complete	×	-	
3.9 Second column confirmation data provided for methods 8330 (high explosives) and pesticides/PCBs	×		
		-	The state of the s

Contract Verification Review (Continued)

4.0 Calibration and Validation Documentation

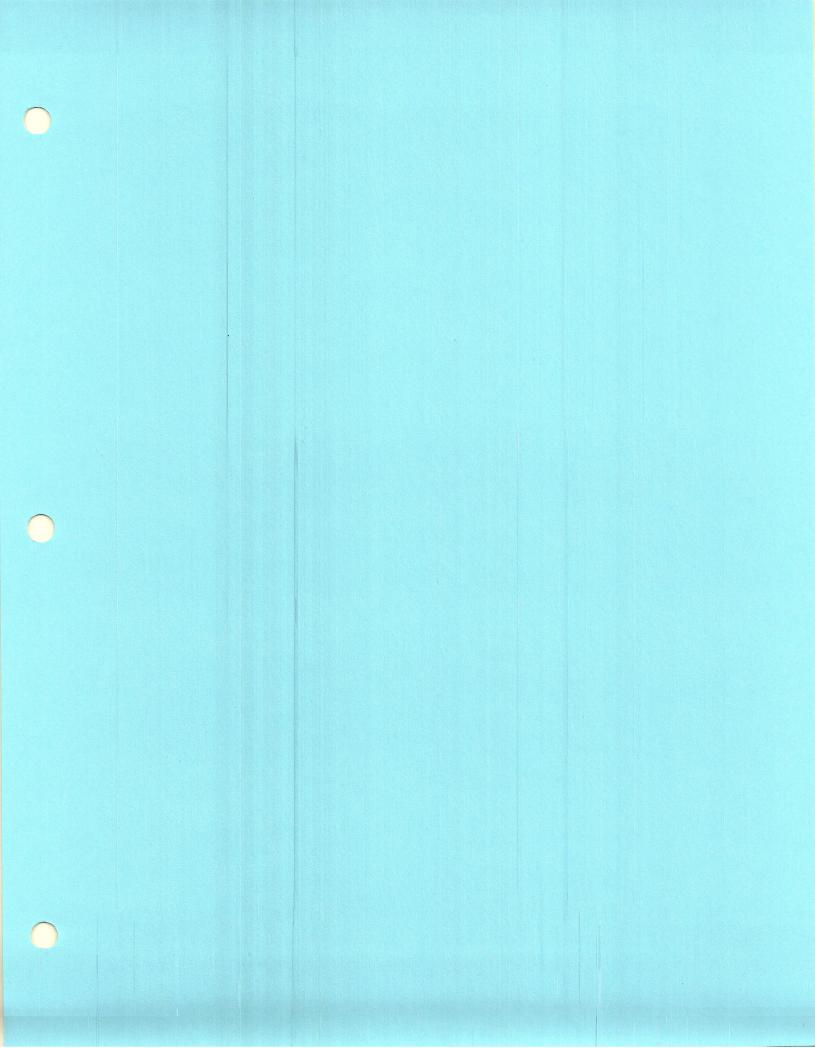
l tam	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \		
	res	No	Comments
4.1 GC/MS (8250, 8270, etc.) a) 12-hour tune check provided	×		
b) Initial calibration provided			
	×	•	
c) Continuing calibration provided	×		
d) Internal standard performance data provided	×		
e) Instrument run logs provided	×		
4.2 GC/HPLC (8330 and 8010 and 8082)			
a) Initial calibration provided	×		
b) Continuing calibration provided	×		
c) Instrument run logs provided	×		
4.3 Inorganics (metals)			
a) Initial calibration provided	×		
b) Continuing calibration provided	×		
c) ICP interference check sample data provided	×		
d) ICP serial dilution provided	×		
e) Instrument run logs provided	×		
4.4 Radiochemistry			The state of the s
a) Instrument run logs provided	×		

Contract Verification Review (Concluded)

5.0 Problem Resolution

Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted.

Sample/Fraction No.	Analysis	Problems/Comments/Resolutions
Were deficiencies unresolved?	□ Yes Pano	
Based on the review, this data package is complete.	•	°N D
If no, provide: nonconformance report or correction request number—Reviewed by: LA1. POOSALLO Date: 10	ection request number Date: 10-25-99	and date correction request was submitted: 5-99 Closed by: Date:



BBO IE	CT NAME:	SMO AN	ALYTICAL DA	TA RO	UTING FORM PROJECT/TASK:	7222 02	. no n		
SNL TASK LE					ORG/MS/CF0#:				OE.
SMO PROJE		Langkopf Palencia			SAMPLE SHIP DATE:			O#UZ3	-00
ARCOC 608533	LAB GEL	LAB ID 135431	PRELIM DA	ATE	FINAL DATE 5/25/2005	EDD X	EDD ON Q	Cust	RC
·			ACKAGE TAT:		RUSH			RMAL	
		ONS REQUEST		 i	1. Herrera		5.26		
PROB	LEM #/DATI	E CORRECTIO	N RECEIVED:		9946		006	· · · ·	
		CVR COMPLET			Herrera		2.56		
		L TRANSMITT	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		M. Sancteri		5- 26		
		TO VALIDATI		K	Kavanaugl	06	-06	-05	
REVISIONS R	······	REVISIONS REC					<u> </u>		
<u> </u>	VALIDAT	ION COMPLET			KAL	06	-/6	-05	
			VM BY/DATE:	 					
			TED BY/DATE	1-1					
TO ED		CD RECENT	/ED BY/DATE						
COMMENTS		ONDO CLNI	LINDIDAIL.						

RECORDS CENTER CODE:

CONTRACT LABORATORY

ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Lab Sample ID 400 500 Lab Use 900 800 003 200 008 010 200 00 Conditions on Receipt 608533 Time Page 1 of 2 Bill To:Sandia National Labs (Accounts Payable) Time Time Abnormal -Send preliminary/copy report to: Albuquerque, NM 87185-0154 Parameter & Method Waste Characterization P.O. Box 5800 MS 0154 Released by COC No.: Requested 2 Date Date Mike Sanders/Org.6146/MS 1089/505-284-2478 AR/COC VOCs Special Instructions/QC Requirements ✓ Yes 53.46 *Please list as separate report. SA Sample , ype S 금 Ş Š SA SA SA S SA SA org. Org. Ö Collection Method 7 O Ø Ø O Ō **©** Ø O G G O Yes Chibun Level D Package "Send report to: Project/Task No.: 7223, 02,02.01 Preservative 40 5 5 4C 5 5 4 45 5 5 5 EDO gove come Reference LOV(available at SMO) Contract #: PO 21671 SMO Authorization: 4.Relinquished by 5.Relinquished by 125 ml 125 ml 125 m 125 ml Type | Volume BA\$ 125 ml 5. Received by 20/20 4. Received by Company/Organization/Phone/Cellular acinits. U√P BAS BAB BAS BAS BAS BAS BAS BAS BAS BAS Weston/6146/284-5232/239-7367 Shaw/6148/284-3309/238-9417 Date Entered(mm/dd/yy) OS. Wendy Palencia(505) 844-3132 Sample Matrix Pam Puissant(505)844-3185 Ć တ ഗ Ø Ø S Ø Ø Ø ഗ ഗ ONTIME 1200 な Time Oを と S Org. 6146 Date 4/RS/D/Time OSS Edie Kent(843)769-7385 Weston/6146/250-7090 50-82-042505/1145 042505/1145 042705/1135 Date/Time(hr) 042505/1050 042605/0840 042605/1310 042505/1300 042505/1502 042605/0912 042605/0958 042605/1120 Sample Tracking Time Collected Entered by: Negotiated TAT 뜅 Date Samples Shipped: ER Site Org. L.C.Y Date 9 146 Dated Garrier/Waybill No. Send Report to SMO: 1094 1094 1094 1094 1094 Date 1094 1094 1094 1094 1094 1094 SMO Contact/Phone: Ž Ved or Lab Destination: ab Contact: Disposal by lab Depth (ft) Pump 12A Ħ 12ft 12ft 17# 22ft 1 17# 22ft 7# H Mark with 200 77.4 2 Ora Ref. No. 15 Day Sample Location Detail Wilke Banders/Leve / Lock LFR-DF1-8H2-12-DU ER Sample ID or LFR-DF1-BH2-12-S LFR-DF1-BH2-17-S LFR-DF1-BH2-22-S FR-DF1-8H3-11-S FR-DF1-BH3-17-S FR-DF1-BH3-22-S LFR-DF1-BH1-12-S LFR-DF1-BH2-7-S LFR-DF1-BH3-7-S LFR-DF1-8H1-7-S Return to Client Gilbert Quintana William Gibson 7 Day Name Robert Lynch CFO23-05 V DSS NFAN Yes Tech Area Room **Furnaround Time** Sample No.-Fraction Dept. No./Mail Stop: Project/Task Manager: Return Samples By: Record Center Code: Logbook Ref. No.: 068338-001 2.Relinquished by Service Order No. 068339-001 ✓ 068340-001 .Relinquished by **/** 068341-001 Sample Disposal ✓ 068342-001 068343-001 068344-001 068345-001 068346-001 068334-001 068335-001 . Received by Project Name: Received by Internal Lab -ocation Members Sample Batch No. Building Team -

Time

Date Date

Örg.

6.Relinquished by

Time Time

Date Date

g g

3.Relinquished by

3. Received by

6. Received by

OFF-SITE LABORATORY Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

Page_2_of

608533 Lab Sample ID 002 Lab use 100 135432 Parameter & Method AR/COC-Requested VOCs EB VOCs Collection Sample <u>m</u> Method O O Preservative H 것 Reference LOV (available at SMO) G 3x40ml Date/Time (hr) Sample Container
Collected Matrix Type Volume G 3x40ml 042705/1315 DIW <u>≥</u> 042505/1050 Mike Sanders 1094 Pump ER Depth (ft) Site No. 1094 N/A N/A Sample Location detail ER Sample ID or 1094-DSS-TB-2 LFR-DF1-EB-2 Abnormal Conditions on Receipt Tech Area Recipient Initlals Location √068355-001 068356-001 Sample No-Fraction Building æ



Sample Findings Summary

AR/COC: 608533 Da

Site: DSS-NFA

Data Type: Organic

9.00 UJ,B2 6.56 UJ,B2 (Acetone) 1-48-78 pelifieup All target analytes except those already 22 VOC 068346-001 1094-DSS-TB-2 068341-001 LFR-DF1-BH2-17-S 068345-001 LFR-DF1-BH3-17-S J68355-001 LFR-DF1-EB-2

Validated By: Long Mind

Date: 06/16/05

Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123

Phone: 505-299-5201 Fax: 505-299-6744

Email: minteer@aol.com

Memorandum

Date:

June 16, 2005

To:

File

From:

Kevin Lambert

Subject:

Organic Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site: DSS-NFA AR/COC: 608533

SDG: 135431 and 135432

Laboratory: GEL

Project/Task: 7223.02.02.01

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation. Data are evaluated using SNL/NM SMO AOP 00-03 Rev 1.

Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with accepted procedures using method EPA8260A/B (VOC). All compounds were successfully analyzed. Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

1. VOC:

For the equipment blank (EB) and trip blank (TB), no MS/MSD was reported. The LCS percent recovery (%R) met QC acceptance criteria. However, no measure of precision was provided for the target analytes. Therefore, the associated sample results will be flagged "P2" to indicate insufficient OC data to determine laboratory precision.

For the field samples, the continuing calibration verification percent difference (CCV %D) for acetone (30%) was > 20% but \le 40%. The associated sample results that were non-detects (NDs) will not be qualified based on professional judgment and detects will be qualified "J." Also, acetone was detected (\ge DL) in the EB. The associated sample results that were detects < 10x the blank concentration but > the RL will be qualified "UJ" at the reported values (9.00 ug/L and 6.56 ug/L, respectively) with descriptive flag "B2."

Data are acceptable and QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

Holding Times/Preservation

All samples were extracted and analyzed within the prescribed holding times and properly preserved.

Calibration

The initial calibration and continuing calibration data met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and as follows.

VOC:

The calibration response factor (RF) for trichloroethene (0.26 and 0.27) was < the specified minimum RF (0.30). The calibration relative standard deviation (RSD) and CCV %D for trichloroethene met QC acceptance criteria. The associated sample results were NDs and as a result based on professional judgment no data will be qualified. The CCV %D for eight target analytes were > 20% but \leq 40% (see Data Validation Worksheets). The associated sample results were NDs and as a result based on professional judgment no data will be qualified.

Blanks

No target analytes were detected in the blanks except as noted above in the summary section and as follows.

VOC:

Five target analytes were detected (\geq DL) in one or more of the blanks (see Data Validation Worksheets). The associated sample results were NDs; no data will be qualified as a result.

Internal Standards (ISs)

Internal standards data met QC acceptance criteria.

Surrogates

The surrogate recoveries met QC acceptance criteria.

Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (LCS/LCSD)

The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and as follows.

VOC:

It should be noted that no LCSD was provided with the SDG. Laboratory precision was assessed using the MS/MSD. No data will be qualified as a result.

Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD)

The MS/MSD met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section.

Target Compound Identification/Confirmation

No target compound identification/confirmation analyses were required.

Detection Limits/Dilutions

All detection limits were properly reported. No dilutions were required.

Other QC

No EB, TB, field blank (FB), or field duplicate pair was submitted on the AR/COC(s) except as follows.

VOC:

An EB, TB, and a field duplicate pair were submitted on the AR/COC(s). There are no "required" review criteria for field duplicate analyses comparability; no data will be qualified as a result.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Data Validation Summary

Project/Task #: 7223.02.02.01 # of Samples: 13 Matrix: 2 agreene 1/50/	Laboratory Sample IDs: 135431 - 001 to - 011	135432-001,-002	(3)
Site/Project: DSS-NFA	AR/COC#: 60 8533	729	TEHSE1, 135432
Site/Project:	AR/COC#:	Laboratory. GEL	SDG#:

					Analysis	\$				
QC Element		Organics	mics			Inorganics	anics			
	voc	svoc	Pesticide/ PCB	HPLC (HE)	ICP/AES	G#AW AA	CVAA (Hg)	3	RAD	Other
1. Holding Times/Preservation	>				/					
2. Calibrations	J									
3. Method Blanks	>									
4. MS/MSD	PZ			and project the state of the st						
5. Laboratory Control Samples	^					/				
6. Replicates										
7. Surrogates	`						/			
8. Internal Standards	`									
9. TCL Compound Identification	>									
10. ICP Interference Check Sample									/	
11. ICP Serial Dilution										
12. Carrier/Chemical Tracer Recoveries										
13. Other QC £ B, TB/F. Dup	US									
J = Estimated U = Not Detected C = Not Detected Stimated	R = Unusable Check (√) = Acceptable Shaded Cells = Not Applicable (also "NA")	ile Acceptable Not Applicat	ole (also "NA")	NP Other:	\ = Not Provided Reviewed By: _2	, X	N. K. I.	1 Laubert Date: 06/18 KM	06,	06/16/05

Volatile Organics

Page 2 of 2 Matrix: 422850 # of Samples: Batch #s. 135432 AR/COC #: 608533 SDG# 135431 Site/Project: Laboratory:

Surrogate Recovery and Internal Standard Outliers (SW 846 Method 8260)

IS 3						
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SMC 1		Met	Cit			
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IS 2: Chlorobenzene-d5 IS 3: 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4 IS I: Fluorobenzene SMC 2: Dibromofluoromethane SMC 3: Toluene-d8

1) The calib

min RF. RSD apport

105/2/m MS/WSD was report Comments:

Volatile Organics (SW 846 Method 8260)

AR/COC# 608533

Page 1 of 2

400

Matrix: # of Samples:

Laboratory Sample IDs: 135431, 135432

SDG#:

Site/Project: DSS-NFA

Laboratory:

Batch #s: 422850 Methods: EPA\$26.0B(Voc.)

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Comments:

Notes: Shaded rows are RCRA compounds.

Reviewed By:

Date: 06/

B-18

50°C 48.4 シメン 14% 6.0 Page 1 of 2 Blanks 110-0.282 (5.6/2) Equilp. Blanks 4.84 2 13 100-ZES RPD Matrix: 42276C 15458 MSD 2 422767 Volatile Organics (SW 846 Method 8260) 23 E Laboratory Sample IDs: | CS | TCSD | # of Samples: Batch #8: Method Biks Notes: Shaded rows are RCRA compounds. 135432 **4983** 20% 20 % S 608533 SDG #: 135431, ×.03 AR/COC#: NA V 620 V 610 V 620 V 610 V 610 V 610 V 610 V 610 V 610 2 0.10 2 0.30 V 0.10 量量 7 0.10 7 0.10 7 0.10 7 0.10 7 0.10 0.40 <u><</u>.030 0.10 / lo.nt <u>- 0 -</u> 1.2.-disblorgeropame 2.6.-esame (ARRA) (Petala) (rean-1,7.-disbloredome methylene chloride (10xblk) trans-1,3-dichloropropene Methods: EP48260A (VOC 1, 1, 2, 2-tetrachloroethane 1, 1, 2-tri-Misroethane cis-1,3-dichloropropene cis-1,2-dichloroethene becenodichloromethane becatoliom carbon tetrachloride i.1-dickloroethane 1.1-dichloroethene 1.1-dichloroethene ,1,1-trichteroethane Name acetone(il Oxbilk) toluene (10xblk) vinyl Chiornie promomethane xylenes(total) vinyl acetate chloroform 10061-02-6 79-01-6 75-06-3 67-66-3 74-87-3 18061-01-5 1060-4114 75-09-2 100-42-5 177-18-4 108-88-3 3911-78-6 108-10-1 67-64-1 124-48-1 108-05-4 * 883 5-09-941 186-39-2 186-39-2 78-87-5 10.81 7/1-48-2 7/1-27-4 7/1-83-9 7/1-83-9 5/6-23-5 Site/Project: 168-90-7 Laboratory. 79-34-5 79-06-5 75-34-3 75-35-4 92

Reviewed By:

Comments:

Date: of 114 XAL

06/16

Volatile Organics

And the second s	nx:
22767	// Mat
Batch #s: 4	# of Samples:
608533	135431, 135432
AR/COC#	SDG#:
Site/Project:	Laboratory:

Surrogate Recovery and Internal Standard Outliers (SW 846 Method 8260)

Sample	SWC.1	SMC 2	SMC3	IS 1 area	18.1 RT	IS 2	(S.2 RT	15.3 area	IS 3
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B-19

Contract Verification Review (CVR)

Case No. 7223_02.02.01	SD6 No. 135431
Project Name DSS-NFA	Analytical Lab GEL
Project Leader Langkopf	AR/COC No. 608533

In the tables below, mark any information that is missing or incorrect and give an explanation.

1.0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record and Log-In Information

Line		Complete?	ete?		Reso	Resolved?
Ž	Item	Yes	2	If no, explain	Yes	욷
1.1	All items on COC complete - data entry clerk initialed and dated	×				
1.2	Container type(s) correct for analyses requested	×				
1.3	Sample volume adequate for # and types of analyses requested	×				
1.4	Preservative correct for analyses requested	×				
1.5	Custody records continuous and complete	×				
1.6	Lab sample number(s) provided and SNL sample number(s) cross referenced and	×				
	correct					
1.7	Date samples received	×				
1.8	Condition upon receipt information provided	×				

2.0 Analytical Laboratory Report

		COLUMN TO SERVICE SAN				
r. Fire		Complete?	itez		Resolved	ved?
ż	Item	Yes	2	If no, explain	/es	운
2.1	Data reviewed, signature	×				
2.2	Method reference number(s) complete and correct	×				
2.3	QC analysis and acceptance limits provided (MB, LCS, Replicate)	×				
2.4	Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate data provided (if requested)	×				
2.5	Detection limits provided; PQL and MDL (or IDL), MDA and L.	×				
2.6	QC batch numbers provided	×				
2.7	Dilution factors provided and all dilution levels reported	×				
2.8	Data reported in appropriate units and using correct significant figures	×				
2.9	Radiochemistry analysis uncertainty (2 sigma error) and tracer recovery (if applicable) reported	A/X	•			
2.10	Narrative provided	×				
2.11	TATmet	×				
2.12	Hold times met	×				
2.13	Contractual qualifiers provided	×				
2.14	All requested result and TIC (if requested) data provided	×				
Annual Control of the last of						

Contract Verification Review (Continued)

3.0 Data Quality Evaluation

Item	Yes	ş	If no, Sample ID No./Fraction(s) and Analysis
3.1 Are reporting units appropriate for the matrix and meet contract specified or project-specific requirements? Inorganics and metals reported as ppm (mg/liter or mg/Kg)? Tritium reported in picocuries per liter with percent moisture for soil samples? Units consistent between QC samples and sample data	×		
3.2 Quantitation limit met for all samples	×		
3.3 Accuracy a) Laboratory control samples accuracy reported and met for all samples	×		
b) Surrogate data reported and met for all organic samples analyzed by a gas chromatography technique	×		
c) Matrix spike recovery data reported and met	×		
3,4 Precision a) Replicate sample precision reported and met for all inorganic and radiochemistry samples	N/A		
b) Matrix spike duplicate RPD data reported and met for all organic samples	×		
3.5 Blank data a) Method or reagent blank data reported and met for all samples	×		
b) Sampling blank (e.g., field, trip, and equipment) data reported and met		×	Acetone, Bromodichloromethane, Bromoform, Carbon Disulfide, Chloroform, Dibromochloromethane detected in EB 068355- 001/135432001; Carbon Disulfide detected in TB 068356- 001/135432002
3.6 Contractual qualifiers provided: "J"- estimated quantity; "B"-analyte found in method blank above the MDL for organic or above the PQL for inorganic; "U"- analyte undetected (results are below the MDL, IDL, or MDA (radiochemical)); "H"-analysis done beyond the holding time	×		
3.7 Narrative addresses planchet flaming for gross alpha/beta	V		
3.8 Narrative included, correct, and complete	×		
3.9 Second column confirmation data provided for methods 8330 (high explosives) and 8082 (pesticides/PCBs)	N/A		

Contract Verification Review (Continued)

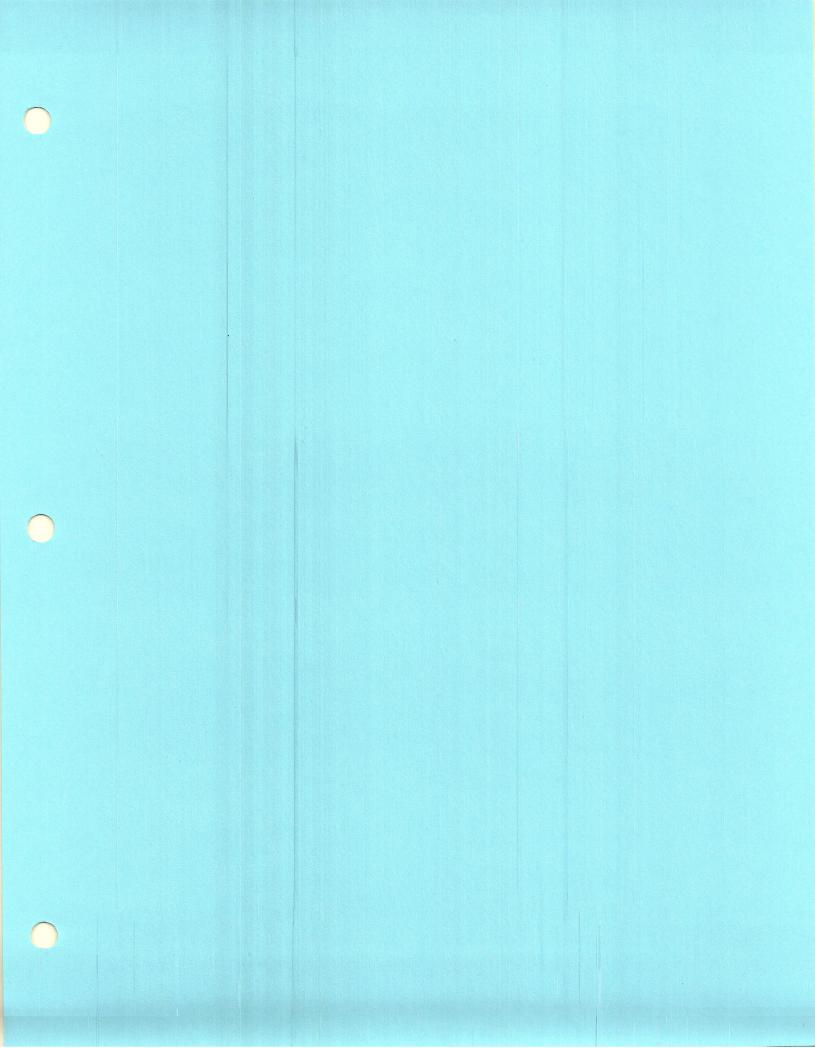
4.0 Calibration and Validation Documentation

The country and the country an	547	212	Comments
(F) (-C)	3	3	
4.1 GC/MS (8260, 8270, etc.)	×		
a) 12-hour tune check provided			
b) Initial calibration provided	×		
c) Continuing calibration provided	×		
d) Internal standard performance data provided	×		
e) Instrument run logs provided	×		
4.2 GC/HPLC (8330 and 8010 and 8082) a) Initial calibration provided	V /V		
b) Continuing calibration provided	Y.		
c) Instrument run logs provided	N/A	-	
4,3 Inorganics (metals) a) Initial calibration provided	¥/2		
b) Continuing calibration provided	Y/Z		
c) ICP interference check sample data provided	Z/A		
d) ICP serial dilution provided	V/N		
e) Instrument run logs provided	N/A		
4.4 Radiochemistry	A/N		
a) Instrument run logs provided			

Contract Verification Review (Concluded)

5.0 Problem Resolution Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted.

Sample/Fraction No.	Analysis	Problems/Comments/Resolutions
068344-001	VOC	Incorrect Sample ID or Sample Location Detail / Correct Sample ID is LFR-DF1-BH3-11S
Were deficiencies unresolved?	2	
Based on the review, this data package is complete.	lete. Yes	
If no, provide: nonconformance report or correction request number 9946	ection request number	246 and date correction request was submitted 05/26/05
Reviewed by:	Date: 05/26/05 Closed by:	Closed by:



ANNEX B DSS Site 1094 Gore-Sorber™ Passive Soil-Vapor Survey Analytical Results



W. L. GORE & ASSOCIATES, INC.

100 CHESAPEAKE BLVD., P.O. BOX 10 • ELKTON, MARYLAND 21922-0010 • PHONE: 410/392-7600

FAX: 410/506-4780

GORE-SORBER® EXPLORATION SURVEY GORE-SORBER® SCREENING SURVEY

June 6, 2002

Mike Sanders Sandia National Laboratories Mail Stop 0719 1515 Eubank, SE Building 9925, Room 108 Albuquerque, NM 87123

Site Reference: Non-ER Drain & Septic, Kirtland AFB, NM

Gore Production Order Number: 10960025

Dear Mr. Sanders:

Thank you for choosing a GORE-SORBER® Screening Survey.

The attached package consists of the following information (in duplicate):

- Final report
- Chain of custody and analytical data table (included in Appendix A)
- Stacked total ion chromatograms (included in Appendix A)

Please contact our office if you have any questions or comments concerning this report. We appreciate this opportunity to be of service to Sandia National Laboratories, and look forward to working with you again in the future.

Sincerely.

W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.

Jay W. Hodny, Ph.D.

Associate

Attachments

cc: Andre Brown (W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.)

I:\MAPPING\PROJECTS\10960025\020606R.DOC



W. L. GORE & ASSOCIATES, INC.

100 CHESAPEAKE BLVD., P.O. BOX 10 • ELKTON, MARYLAND 21922-0010 • PHONE: 410/392-7600 FAX: 410/506-4780

Jim Whitzel

Jim Whitzel

GORE-SORBER® EXPLORATION SURVEY GORE-SORBER® SCREENING SURVEY

1 of 6

GORE-SORBER® Screening Survey Final Report

Non-ER Drain & Septic Kirtland AFB, NM

June 6, 2002

Prepared For: Sandia National Laboratories Mail Stop 0719, 1515 Eubank, SE Albuquerque, NM 87123

W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.

Written/Submitted by:

Jay W. Hodny, Ph.D., Project Manager

Reviewed/Approved by:

Jim E. Whetzel, Project Manager

Analytical Data Reviewed by:

Jim E. Whetzel, Chemist

I:\MAPPING\PROJECTS\10960025\020606R.DOC

This document shall not be reproduced, except in full, without written approval of W.L. Gore & Associates

REPORT DATE: June 6, 2002

AUTHOR: JWH

SITE INFORMATION

Site Reference: Non-ER Drain & Septic, Kirtland AFB, NM

Customer Purchase Order Number: 28518

Gore Production Order Number: 10960025

Gore Site Code: CCT, CCX

FIELD PROCEDURES

Modules shipped: 142

Installation Date(s): 4/23,24,25,26,29,30/2002; 5/1,6/2002

Modules Installed: 135

Field work performed by: Sandia National Laboratories

Retrieval date(s): 5/8,9,10,14,15,16,21/2002

Modules Retrieved: 131

Modules Lost in Field: 4

Modules Not Returned: 1

Exposure Time: ~15 [days]

Trip Blanks Returned: 3

Unused Modules Returned: 3

Date/Time Received by Gore: 5/17/2002 @ 2:00 PM; 5/24/2002@1:30PM

By: MM

Chain of Custody Form attached: Chain of Custody discrepancies: None

Comments:

Modules #179227, -228, and -229 were identified as trip blanks.

Modules #179137, -138, -140, and -141 were not retrieved and considered lost from the field.

Module #179231 was not returned.

Modules #179230, 232, and -233 were returned unused.

ANALYTICAL PROCEDURES

W.L. Gore & Associates' Screening Module Laboratory operates under the guidelines of its Quality Assurance Manual, Operating Procedures and Methods. The quality assurance program is consistent with Good Laboratory Practices (GLP) and ISO Guide 25, "General Requirements for the Competence of Calibration and Testing Laboratories", third edition, 1990.

Instrumentation consists of state of the art gas chromatographs equipped with mass selective detectors, coupled with automated thermal desorption units. Sample preparation simply involves cutting the tip off the bottom of the sample module and transferring one or more exposed sorbent containers (sorbers, each containing 40mg of a suitable granular adsorbent) to a thermal desorption tube for analysis. Sorbers remain clean and protected from dirt, soil, and ground water by the insertion/retrieval cord, and require no further sample preparation.

Analytical Method Quality Assurance:

The analytical method employed is a modified EPA method 8260/8270. Before each run sequence, two instrument blanks, a sorber containing 5µg BFB (Bromofluorobenzene), and a method blank are analyzed. The BFB mass spectra must meet the criteria set forth in the method before samples can be analyzed. A method blank and a sorber containing BFB is also analyzed after every 30 samples and/or trip blanks. Standards containing the selected target compounds at three calibration levels of 5, 20, and 50µg are analyzed at the beginning of each run. The criterion for each target compound is less than 35% RSD (relative standard deviation). If this criterion is not met for any target compound, the analyst has the option of generating second- or third-order standard curves, as appropriate. A second-source reference standard, at a level of 10µg per target compound, is analyzed after every ten samples and/or trip blanks, and at the end of the run sequence. Positive identification of target compounds is determined by 1) the presence of the target ion and at least two secondary ions; 2) retention time versus reference standard; and, 3) the analyst's judgment.

NOTE: All data have been archived. Any replicate sorbers not used in the initial analysis will be discarded fifteen (15) days from the date of analysis.

Laboratory analysis: thermal desorption, gas chromatography, mass selective detection

Instrument ID: #2 Chemist: JW

Compounds/mixtures requested: Gore Standard VOC/SVOC Target Compounds (A1)

Deviations from Standard Method: None

Comments: Soil vapor analytes and abbreviations are tabulated in the Data Table Key (page 6). Module #179091 was returned and noted as damaged, no carbonaceous sorbers; therefore, target compound masses reported in data table cannot be compared to the mass data from the other modules directly.

Module #179101, no identification tag was returned with this module.

DATA TABULATION

CONTOUR MAPS ENCLOSED: No contour maps were generated.

NOTE: All data values presented in Appendix A represent masses of compound(s) desorbed from the GORE-SORBER Screening Modules received and analyzed by W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc., as identified in the Chain of Custody (Appendix A). The measurement traceability and instrument performance are reproducible and accurate for the measurement process documented. Semi-quantitation of the compound mass is based on either a single-level (QA Level 1) or three-level (QA Level 2) standard calibration.

General Comments:

- This survey reports soil gas mass levels present in the vapor phase. Vapors are subject to a variety of attenuation factors during migration away from the source concentration to the module. Thus, mass levels reported from the module will often be less than concentrations reported in soil and groundwater matrix data. In most instances, the soil gas masses reported on the modules compare favorably with concentrations reported in the soil or groundwater (e.g., where soil gas levels are reported at greater levels relative to other sampled locations on the site, matrix data should reveal the same pattern, and vice versa). However, due to a variety of factors, a perfect comparison between matrix data and soil gas levels can rarely be achieved.
- Soil gas signals reported by this method cannot be identified specifically to soil adsorbed, groundwater, and/or free-product contamination. The soil gas signal reported from each module can evolve from all of these sources. Differentiation between soil and groundwater contamination can only be achieved with prior knowledge of the site history (i.e., the site is known to have groundwater contamination only).
- QA/QC trip blank modules were provided to document potential exposures that were not
 part of the soil gas signal of interest (i.e., impact during module shipment, installation and
 retrieval, and storage). The trip blanks are identically manufactured and packaged soil gas
 modules to those modules placed in the subsurface. However, the trip blanks remain
 unopened during all phases of the soil gas survey. Levels reported on the trip blanks may
 indicate potential impact to modules other than the contaminant source of interest.

Unresolved peak envelopes (UPEs) are represented as a series of compound peaks clustered together around a central gas chromatograph elution time in the total ion chromatogram.
 Typically, UPEs are indicative of complex fluid mixtures that are present in the subsurface.
 UPEs observed early in the chromatogram are considered to indicate the presence of more volatile fluids, while UPEs observed later in the chromatogram may indicate the presence of less volatile fluids. Multiple UPEs may indicate the presence of multiple complex fluids.

Project Specific Comments:

- Stacked total ion chromatograms (TICs) are included in Appendix A. The six-digit serial number of each module is incorporated into the TIC identification (e.g.: 123456S.D represents module #123456).
- No target compounds were detected on the trip blanks and/or the method blanks. Thus, target analyte levels reported for the field-installed modules that exceed trip and method blank levels, and the analyte method detection limit, have a high probability of originating from on-site sources.
- A small subset of modules was placed at each of several site locations; therefore no contour
 mapping was performed. Larger and more comprehensive soil gas surveys may be
 warranted at the individual sites where elevated soil gas levels were observed.

KEY TO DATA TABLE Non-ER Drain & Septic, Kirtland AFB, NM

UNITS

μg micrograms (per sorber), reported for compounds

MDL method detection limit bdl below detection limit

nd non-detect

ANALYTES

BTEX combined masses of benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene and total xylenes

(Gasoline Range Aromatics)

BENZ benzene
TOL toluene
EtBENZ ethylbenzene
mpXYL m-, p-xylene
oXYL o-xylene

C11,C13&C15 combined masses of undecane, tridecane, and pentadecane (C11+C13+C15)

(Diesel Range Alkanes)

UNDEC undecane
TRIDEC tridecane
PENTADEC pentadecane

TMBs combined masses of 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene and 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene

135TMB 1,3,5-trimethylbenzene
124TMB 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene
ct12DCE cis- & trans-1,2-dichloroethene
t12DCE trans-1,2-dichloroethene
c12DCE cis-1,2-dichloroethene

NAPH&2-MN combined masses of naphthalene and 2-methyl naphthalene

NAPH naphthalene
2MeNAPH 2-methyl naphthalene
MTBE methyl t-butyl ether
11DCA 1,1-dichloroethane
CHC13 chloroform

111TCA 1;1,1-trichloroethane
12DCA 1,2-dichloroethane
CC1₄ carbon tetrachloride
TCE trichloroethene
OCT octane

PCE tetrachloroethene
CIBENZ chlorobenzene
14DCB 1,4-dichlorobenzene

BLANKS

TBn unexposed trip blanks, travels with the exposed modules

method blank QA/QC module, documents analytical conditions during analysis

APPENDIX A:

1. CHAIN OF CUSTODY 2. DATA TABLE

GORE-SORBER® Screening Survey Chain of Custody

For W.L. Gore & Assoc	ciates use only	
Production Order#	_10960025	

	-
CODE /	
UUKE	
Creative Technolog	J

W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc., Survey Products Group 100 Chesapeake Boulevard • Elkion, Maryland 21921 • Tel: (410) 392-7600 • Fax (410) 506-4780

Instructions: Customer must complete ALL sha	ded cells
Customer Name: SANDIA NATIONAL LABS	Site Name: NON-ER DUAIN+ SEPTIC
Address: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE MS0154	Site Address: KIVL 2ND AFB, NM
P.O.BOX 5130	KIRTLAND
ALBUQUERQUE NM 87185 U.S.A.	Project Manager: MIKE SANDERS
Phone: 505-284-3303	Customer Project No.:
FAX: 505-284-2616	Customer P.O. #: 28518 Quote #: 211946
Serial # of Modules Shipped	# of Modules for Installation 135 # of Trip Blanks 7
# 179087 - # 179144 # 179087 - # 179(34)	Total Modules Shipped: 142 Pieces
# 179150 - # 179233 #179135 #179136	Total Modules Received: 142 Pieces
# + + # # 179139 - #	Total Modules Installed: 135 Pieces
# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #	Serial # of Trip Blanks (Client Decides) #
# # 179150 # 17151	# 171227 # #
# # - #	# # #
# - # # - #	# # #
# - # - #	# # #
# - # - #	# . # #
# # - #	# # #
Prepared By: dunane 1717.	# #
Verified By: Mary and Marghi	# # #
Installation Performed By:	Installation Method(s) (circle those that apply):
Name (please print): GICISUET QUINTANA	Slide Hammer Hammer Drill Auger
Company/Affiliation: SNC/NM	Other: GEPRIBE
Installation Start Date and Time: 4/23/02 108/	ST : AN PM
Installation Complete Date and Time: 5/6/02 1094	o/ : AMD PM
Retrieval Performed By:	Total Modules Retrieved: Pieces
Name (please print): GUSERT QUINTANA	Total Modules Lost in Field: Pieces
Company/Affiliation:1 SNL/NM	Total Unused Modules Returned: Pieces
Retrieval Start Date and Time: 5/8/02 1	/ : AM PM
Retrieval Complete Date and Time:	/ : AM PM
Relinquished By Date Time	Received By: Mile Sander Date Time
Affiliation; W.L. Gore & Associates Inc. 3-4-07 17: CU	Affiliation: Sandia/ER 3-6-02
Relinquished By Date Time	Received By: Date Time
Affiliation: 6135 / 5-14-07 12:58	
Relinquished By Date Time	Received By Mery Use Marghing Date Time
Affiliation————	Affiliation: W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc. 51772 14:00

GORE-SORBER® Screening Survey Chain of Custody

Production Order#

O	•	3	- william
For W.L. Gore & A	ssociates use	only	

10960025



W. L. Gore & Associates, Inc., Survey Products Group

100 Chesapeake Boulevard • Elkion, Maryland 21921 • Tel: (410) 392-7600 • Fax (410) 506-4780

Instructions: Customer must complete ALL sho	ided cells	
Customer Name: SANDIA NATIONAL LABS	Site Name: NON-ER DUAIN+ SEI	TIC
Address: ACCOUNTS PAYABLE MS0154	Site Address: KIVL 2ND AFB, NM	<u> </u>
P.O.BOX 5130	KIRTLAND	
ALBUQUERQUE NM 87185 U.S.A.	Project Manager: MIKE SANDERS	
Phone: 505-284-3303	Customer Project No.:	
FAX: 505-284-2616	0	iote#: 211946
Serial # of Modules Shipped		
Solid w of Modules ompped	# of Modules for Installation 135 #	of Trip Blanks 7
# 179087 - # 179144 # # 174187	Total Modules Shipped: 142	Pieces
# 179150 - # 179233 #179188 - #179226	Total Modules Received: 142	Pieces
# # #	Total Modules Installed: 35	Pieces
# - # # - #	Serial # of Trip Blanks (Client Decides)	#
##	# 178728 #	#
- # - #	#1014229 #	#
# # # #	# #	#
# • # = #	# #	#
# - # - #	# #	#
# - # - #	# #	#
Prepared By: Change 1717	# #	#
Verified By: Mary and Marghi	·# #	#
Installation Performed By:	Installation Method(s) (circle those that ap	วกไข้):
Name (please print): GIUSSIT QUINTANA	Slide Hammer Hammer Drill	Auger
Company/Affiliation: SNC/NM	Other: GEOPRIBE	
Installation Start Date and Time: 4/23/02 108/	57 :	AM PM
Installation Complete Date and Time: 5/6/02 1094	:	AM) PM
Retrieval Performed By:	Total Modules Retrieved: 74	Pieces
Name (please print): GUSERT QUINTANA	Total Modules Lost in Field:4	Pieces
Company/Affiliation:1_SNL/NM	Total Unused Modules Returned:	Pieces
Retrieval Start Date and Time: 5/8/02 /	1	AM PM
Retrieval Complete Date and Time:	1 :	AM PM
Relinquished By Date Time	Received By: Mile, Sandays	Date Time
Affiliation: W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc. 3-4-07 17: Cu	Affiliation: Sandia; 6133	3-7-02
Relinquished By Wishiam Mile Date Time	Received By:	Date Time
Affiliation: Sandra NL. V 6135 1 5-21-02 0935	Affiliation:	111111111111111111111111111111111111111
Relinquished By Date Time	Received By March Chris March	Date Time
Affiliation—————	Affiliation: W1 Gove & Associator (%)	The sales

GORE-SORBER® Screening Survey Installation and Retrieval Log

					-									
	سلسر بأ	_of4		•										
	LINE #	MODULE#	INSTALLATION DATE/TIME	E .	RETRIEVAL DATE/TIME	HYDI	DENCE OF ROCARBOI or ROCARBO sck as appn	NS (LPH) N ODOR	MODI WA (chec	TER		(COMMENT	2
						LPH	ODOR	NONE	YES	N	10	<u> </u>		
	1.	179087	4/23/02,0815	05	08-02 0800					V	~	1001	1898-6	5- 5
	2.	179088	08 22	-	, , ,									5-3
	3.	179089	0830	1									6	5-2
	4.	179090	0840	1									G	5-1
	5.	179091	0852			<u> </u>					/	,	6	5-4
	6.	179092	0952	- V	0832)				V	/	1052	1803 - G	
	7.	179093	1000	4-1						1		7		-4
	8.	179094	1010											-3
	9.	179095	1018							J	,		/	-2
	10.	179096	//35		0900							1030	16587-	-5
	11.	179097	1/51			<u> </u>	ļ							-6
	12.	179098	/238			 		 _						-4
	13.	179099	124											-3
	14.	179100	1252			 			·					-2
	15.	179101	1304							<u> </u>			<u> </u>	
i	٦٨	179102	1347	 -	0920)	- :					1082	16620-	-4
. '	18.	179103 179104	/353			 -	<u> </u>					1	·	
	19.	179104	1404		<u> </u>		 			<u> </u>		11		-1
	20.	179106	1431				 			<u> </u>				3
	21.	179107	1440	12	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ļ ·					<u> </u>	<i>'</i>	-2
	22.	179108	4/24/02 0842	313-	1-04, 0430		 -			ļ		1108/	6531-	-5
	23.	179109	0900				 							-6
	24.	179110				 	 			<u> </u>		 		-4
	25,	179111	0907		- 	·	 			-	<u> </u>	 		- 2
	26.	179112	V 0936					 						-3
	27.	179113	4/25/02 0746		D-02, 0812		 -			 		<u> </u>		
	28.	179114	0754		1 , <u>0017</u>	 	 		-			VO27/	14530-	
	29.	179115	0800			+	 · ·		 			11	·	<u>-2</u>
	30.	179116	0810			 -	 -	 	· · · · ·					~3 -4
	31.	179117	0819		V 0917	1	 	 - 				 	/-	-4
	32.	179118	1918	5-1	0-0Z, 0925	 	 	 		-		1	11-00	-1
	33.	179119	0922		1	 	 	 				1010	6536-	5
	34.	179120	093	-	. 	 	 		 	├			 	6
	35.	179121	0942	2	-	 	 	 						4
	36.	179122	094					 		<u> </u>		-	 	<u> </u>
	37.	179123	0950		1002	+-	1	 	 	 	:	 	 	
	38.	179124	1026	. K-	10-02,1013	 	 	 	 	 		1000	10-0	3
٠,	7.	179125	1043	31	1	+	 		 	├—		1028	6560-	
•	T 40.	179126	1052			- 		 -		 		 	<u> </u>	4
	41,	179127	1/03		1041	- 	 		 	-		 	<u> </u>	3
-		 					_1	1	I	1		1 1	₩.	1 //

5-10-071045

42.

179128

Insta	RE-SORBE	Ref	trieval Lo	ourvey ₂	SIJE	NAIVLE	& LOC	ATION	1		
			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	e		:		<u>-</u>	-		
	of4										
line #	MODULE#		STALLATION DATE/TIME	RETRIEVAL DATE/TIME	HYDI	DENCE OF ROCARBO or ROCARBO sek as appro	NS (LPH) N ODOR	ŴΑ	JLE IN TER k one)	COMMEN	TS
					LPH	ODOR	NONE	YES	NO	-	
43.	179129	4/2	5/02 1429	5-10-02,1047						401/100	- 4
44.	179130	'	1437	5-10-02 1051	1					1026/654-6	<u>s -</u>
45,	179131	ļ	144	5-10-02 1053						1025/650-	-
46.	179132		1440							1000/650/-	+-
47.·	179133	<u> </u>		5-10-02, 11:06						 ,	+
48.	179134	19/20	6/02 090	5-10-02 1247						1093/6584-	+-
49.	179135	1	0914	V1254						-10501-	+-
50.	179136	1		5-10-02 1305						 	+
51.	179137	1	093	8 Lost						 	
52.	179138	-	094								+
53.	179139			5-10-02, 1322						1021166	+
54.	179140			Lost		` .				1031/6600-	┼-
55,	179141		1030	Lost						 	
56.	179142		1031	5-10-02,1343							+-
57.	179143		1134	5-10-02, 11:36	-				 	224 (020)	┼
´ ,	179144		1142							276/829X-	
<u> </u>	179150		1150								┼
50.	179151	لاسل	/ //53	5-10-07 11:54							
61.	179152	19/2	9/02 08/4	5-14-02,09:42						1000/00 =	
62.	179153	1'	082	2 1						1004/6505-	┤
63.	179154		082	7							
64.	179155	1_1	090								
65.	179156	1	034	5-14-02 10121							
66.	179157	1_1	093	05.14-02 09/9						1083/6570-	4
67.	179158		093	1			. 1			100-165/0-	┿
68.	179159		099	d							+4
69.	179160	4-1	814					·			+ 3
70.	179161	1_1	1050	05-14-02,1025				 -		lange 1722	13
71.	17.9162	$\perp 1$	110							1032/6610-	+-/
72.	179163		1110			··		 -			1-3
73.	179164		11/4				 -				14
74	179165		1/2								1-3
75.	179166	1-1		05-14-12 11:03			- 			- 	1
76.	179167	1	122	05-14-02,11.06						<u> </u>	6
77.	179168	1-1	123	2 111.00	- 					1/20/6643-	3
78.	179169	1-1	123								3
79.	179170	1-		205-14-02, 11:32							4
٩0.	179171		120	5-14-62-0844	 -						
<u> - آر</u>	179172	†	132							1034/6710-	3 2
82.	179173	-	/332							/	3
83.	179174	-		 							2
84.	179175	 		V 0855 5-14-01 1014	ļ				1	V	Ī

	E-SORBEI			urvey		SITE	NAME ·	& LOC	MOITA	- 						
> 3.	_of_4							- -	- <u> </u>							
LINE #	MODULE#	INSTALLATION DATE/TIME			IEVAL MIME	HYDR HYDR (Che	ENCE OF OCARBOI OCARBO Ck as appro	NS (LPH) N ODOR opriate)		TER k one)	COMMENTS					
- -		<u> </u>				LPH	ODÓR	NONE	YES	МО	ļ.,					
85.	179176	4/29	102,1431			ļ					1035/	6715-6				
86.	179177	1'1	1940			ļ		_	<u> </u>	ļ	} _	 	- Z			
37.	179178	$\bot V$		5-14-02	0837				 			<u>V</u>				
38.	179179	4/30	102,0910	5-15-02	0842	 			ļ	ļ	1003/	915-	3			
89.	179180	1/1/	0919			ļ			 		<u> </u>		12			
90.	179181		0926		·			<u> </u>	ļ	<u> </u>	 		11			
91.	179182		0937							 			14			
92.	179183		0943	4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>						1 5			
93.	179184			5-15-02							1 3	/	16			
94.	179185			5-15-02	1146			<u> </u>			1007/0	6730-	14			
95.	179186		1/13			 					6		3			
96.	179187		//19		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				7			
97.	179188		1/32	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>						5			
98.	179189	7-7	1/40	5-15-02	1213						\	/				
99.	179190		1238	5-15-02	10:09						10291	658AN	-[
100.	179191		1250			T					7		T_{-i}			
	179192		1300										7-:			
702.	179193		13/3							T			-4			
103.	179194			5-15-02	+0 32	1						\overline{V}				
104.	179195		1445	5-15-02	14,05	1		T -			1006/	6741-				
105.	179196		1450		1							1	3			
106.	179197	-	1453			T							14			
107.	179198		1502			-							Z			
108.	179199		1508	5-15-0	2,1143					1		\overline{V}	T^{\dagger}			
109.	179200				1039						1087/0	6743-	7			
110.	179201	-	/530		-,			T	1	1)				
111.	179202		1534				1	1		1	T		2			
112,	179203	1-7	1540	5-15-02	, 1059	1	1			1	Ţ.,		17			
113.	179204			5-16-02			—		1	1	1000/	6750				
114.	179205	-1-1-	0835		.l .t .x (1.~)	1	1	 	 	1	7,					
115.	179206		084	1	<u></u>	1	 -	1	 	 	 		+			
116.	179207		1201	5-16-07	0832	 	+ -	 	-	1		/	1:			
117.	179208			5-16-07			 	1	1	 	1004/6	5/9				
118.		-			<u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		 	 -	 	 	LOOCK 6	16/-				
	179209		0952		 	- 	 -	+	 -	- -			14			
119.	179210		1000			 -		- 		+			1-1			
120.	179211		1009				 		-			·	1.4			
121.	179212			5-16-02			 '		 		-	6	+			
122.	179213	_ _		5-16-07	L, 11 ps						1095/	9938-	1-2			
' ' <u>23.</u>			1116		<u> </u>							 	ļ.			
_124.					12,11:21		_ 					V				
125.	179216	1	/203	5-16-0	1-0931	1		1	}		1094	4FR-				

GORE-SORBER & Screening Survey is a registered service mark of W.L. Gore & Associates, Inc.

179217

126.

1218 5-16-02-0935

FORM 29R.1 6/13/0J

GORE-SORBER® Screening Survey SITE NAME & LOCATION Installation and Retrieval Log <u>: 4</u> of <u>4</u> EVIDENCE OF LIQUID HYDROCARBONS (LPH) MODULEIN LINE MODULE# INSTALLATION RETRIEVAL ΟŦ WATER Ħ DATE/TIME DATE/TIME HYDROCARBON ODOR (check one) COMMENTS (Check as appropriate) LPH ODOR NONE YES NO 127. 179218 5/1/02 /225 5-16-02, 0942 1094/LAR-65-3 128. 179219 1231 5-16-62,0950 129. 179220 5/6/02 0850 5-21-01 07:57 1081/6650 130. 179221 0857 131. 179222 0909 132. 179223 0918 133. 179224 0926 134. 179225 0933 135. 179226 0940 5-21-01 0851 136. 179227 137. 179228 138. 179229 139. 179230 140. 179231 141. 179232 142. 179233 144. 145. 146. 147. 148. 149. 150, 151. 152. 153. 154. 155. 156. 157. 158. 159. 160. 161. 162. 163. 164. 65. 166. 167. 168.

No mdl is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

GORE SORBER SCREENING SURVEY ANALYTICAL RESULTS SANDIA NATIONAL LABS, ALBUQUERQUE, NM	GORE STANDARD TARGET VOCs/SVOCs (A1)	NON-ER DRAIN AND SEPTIC, KIRTLAND AFB, NM	SITES CCT AND CCX - PRODUCTION ORDER #10960025
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TMBs, ug		0.03	0.00	0.00	00'0	0.03	0.00	0.04	0.16	0.05	0.00	0.05	0.03	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.09	pu	nď	nď		nd	nd	рц	ри	рu	0.16	0.03	0.01
PENTADEC, ugi 1	1	pql	lpq	lþq	lþq	0.02	pq	. pq	pql	pq	lpq	pq	pql	0.04	0.09	0.07	0.08	90'0	lpq	pu	pu		pu	pu	pu	рu	pu	1.33	0.21	0.10
TRIDEC ug	0.01	0.01	lbd	[lpq	0.19	0.02	0.02	P.	0.04	0.01	pu	0.01	pq	lpq	pu	pq	0.01	0.04	lþq	pq	lbd		рu	nd	pu	ри	pu	0.32	0.04	0.03
UNDEC. ug	_	lþq	pq	lpq	0.02	0.04	pq	0.02	0.03	0.02	ipq.	pq	lpq	lpq	lpq	pq	lpq	0.03	lþq	0.02	lþq		pu	pu	pu	pu	pu	1.13	0.14	0.05
C11. C13. &C15. ua		0.01	00:00	0.00	0.21	0.08	0.02	0.02	0.07	0.04	00.0	0.01	0.00	0.04	0.09	20.0	60:0	0.13	0.00	0.02	0.00		Ind	pu	lpu	pu	pu	1.66	0.28	0.18
DAY!	75	pu	рu	0.02	pu	ם	pu	0.05	0.03	0.03	0.03	0.08	pu	lpq	pu	pu	pu	pu	pu	nd	pu		ם	pu	ри	pu	pu	0.08	0.01	0.00
moXYI ua	, <u>e</u>	рı	0.01	0.08	0.01	0.04	0.01	0.07	60'0	0.11	0.10	0.18	0.01	0.01	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	pu	pu ·	pu		pu	lpu	pu	pu	pu	0.18	0.03	0.02
EFBENZ III	30	E	рu	0.03	pu	pu	pu	pu	0.03	0.03	pu	0.05	pu	pu	pu	pu	рu	pu	pu	pu	pu	·	면	-pu	pu	pu	pu	0.05	10.01	0.00
	0.02	밑	pu	пd	ри	0.07	pu	0.07	0.10	0.11	0.11	nd.	pq	0.05	pu	[pq	pu	pu	pu	pu	pu		힏	рu	pu	рu	рu	0.30	0.05	0.03
BEN7 110		ы	밀	pu	pu	рu	рu	2	0.10	60.0	pu	pu	pu	nd	pu	pu	Бп	pu	pu	pu	pu		pu	pu	pu	pu	pu	0.18	0.03	0.01
BTEY 119	-	рu	0.01	0.12	0.01	0.11	0,01	0.16	0.35	0.37	0.23	0.30	0.01	90.06	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.01	рu	pu	рц		pu	рu	pυ	PL	рu	09.0	0.11	90.0
SAMPLE	MDL=	179210	179211	179212	179213	179214	179215	179216	179217	179218	179219	179220	179221	179222	179223	179224	179225	179226	179227	179228	179229		method blank	Maximum	Standard Dev.	Mean				
DATE	ANALYZEU	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/29/2002	5/30/2002	5/30/2002	5/30/2002	5/20/2002	5/28/2002	5/28/2002		5/20/2002	5/21/2002	5/28/2002	┰	5/29/2002			



111TCA, ug 12DC/	4 0.02 0.02		μ	pu pu p	nd	рц	nd hu hu	pu	pu		pu	pu		pu	рu	pu		nd hd	pu pu	pu	pu pu p		nd nd nd	рu		pu		100	00.0
11DC/	Ö	nd			nd											ud!		nd bu	u pu		u pu			nd bu		nd			0.00
MTBE,	0						0.06									pqi			nd	ud pu	nd			nd l			l pu		0.00
2MeNAPH, ug	Ö																	0											
NAP	٥						0.03									pu (pu				nd I	pu		pu I		1000
NAPH&2-MN, ug		0.10	0.00				60.0											0.20			pu			ы	рu	pu	pu		0000
c12DCE, ug	0.03						pu											pu			pu		ב		pu		bu	000	
t12DCE, ug		면			pu											nd nd		pu	-		pu				Pu		2		
ct12DCE, ug		פֿר	pu	pu	nd	pu	pu	pu	рu	pu	pu	pu	pu	bu	pu	pu _.	pu	pu	pu	pu	pu	•	nd	uq.	pu	pu	pu	000	000
	0.02	pd	pu	pu	pu	pql	pu	lpq	0.05	pq	Pu .	pq	pdl	P	pq	pu	pq	Ipq	pu	pu	P		<u> </u>	2	B	ם	힏	0 05	000
	0.03	0.03	lþq	lþq	lþq	0.03	lpq	0.04	0.11	0.05	pql	0.05	0.03	pq	pu	lpq	pql	60'0	pu	pu	БП		nd	פ	pu	pu	pu	0 11	200
SAMPLE	MDL≖	179210	179211	179212	179213	179214	179215	179216	179217	179218	179219	179220	179221	179222	179223	179224	179225	179226	179227	179228	179229		method blank	Maximum	Chandond Dou				

No mdi is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

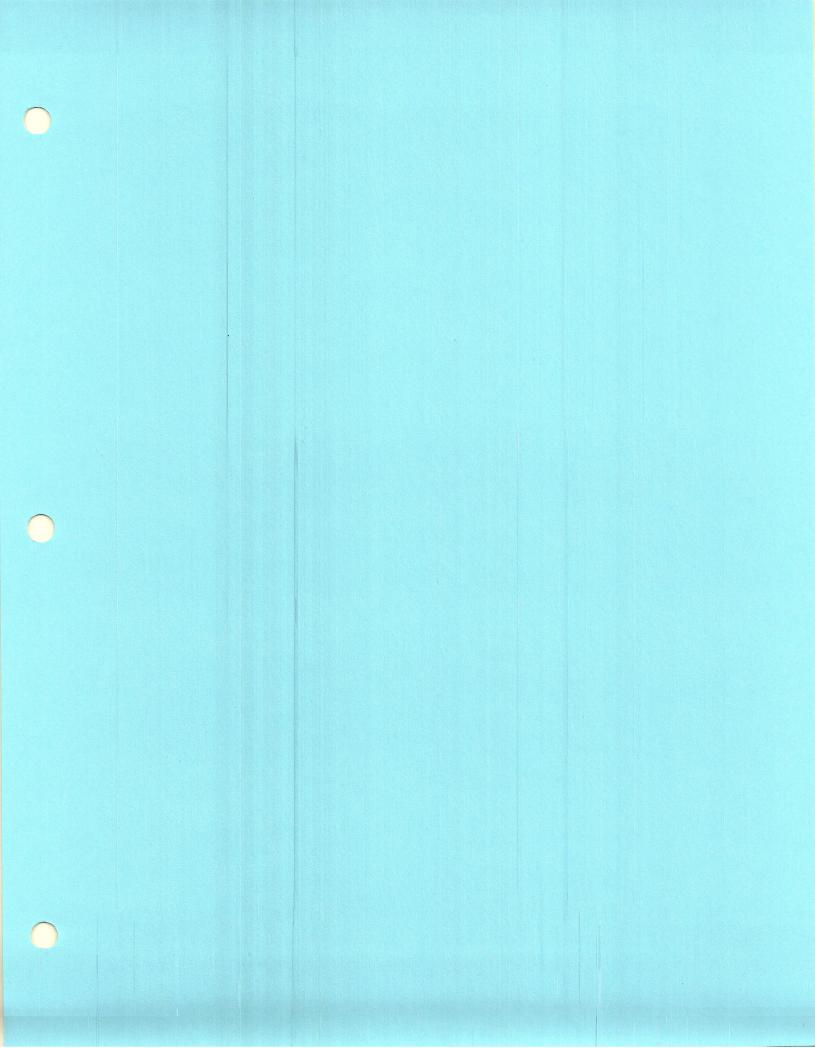
No mdl is available for summed combinations of analytes. In summed columns (eg., BTEX), the reported values should be considered ESTIMATED if any of the individual compounds were reported as bdl.

GORE SORBER SCREENING SURVEY ANALYTICAL RESULTS SANDIA NATIONAL LABS, ALBUQUERQUE, NM GORE STANDARD TARGET VOCS/SVOCs (A1) NON-ER DRAIN AND SEPTIC, KIRTLAND AFB, NM SITES CCT AND CCX - PRODUCTION ORDER #10960025

												_																	
CIBENZ, ug	0.01	pu	pu	힏	ב	Ē	pu	Pu	pu	pu	Ы	pu	pu	P	Pu	nd	nd	힏	рu	П	nd	nd	nd	pu	pu	pu			0.00
CCI4, ug	0.03	pu	P	nď	pu	ug	рu	pu	5			ug	nd	nd	nd	pu	þqi	рu	pu	п	nd	밀	מַ	pu	В	멀		0.0	0.00
CHCl3, ug	0.03	pu	рu	pu	pu	υd	pu	pu	0.20	0.05		nd	pu	pu	nd	pu .	pu	pu	pu	Pu	pu	рu	nd	pu	pu	pu		0.02	0.00
14DCB, ug	0.01	pu	pu	pu	pu	pu	pu	nd	pu	pu		pu	рu	pu	pu	pu	рu	pu	pu	pu	pu	pu	믿	pu	pu	pu		0.00	0.00
PCE. ua	0.01	Ē	0.02	lpq	Pu	pu	2	pu	0.01	0.22	0.17	nd	0.03	0.03	pq	pu	pu	bdi	pu	pu	pu	pu	pu	nd	pu	pu	6.74	0.74	0.25
OCT ug		ם	pu	힏	밑	pu	PL	ם	0.02	0.04	0.05	pu	Pu	힏	달	pu	рu	пđ	ъ	pu	pu	pu	рu	пd	рu	nd	0.20	0.04	0.01
TCF Lid	8	2	2	2	P	P	2	Pu	ם	Pu	2	pu	PL	P	pu	Pu	밑	pu	pu	pu	pu	рu	pu	pu	рu	ρu	14.22	1.88	0.53
SAMPLE	= IOW	179210	179211	179212	179213	179214	179215	179216	179217	179218	179219	179220	179221	179222	179223	179224	179225	179226	179227	179228	179229	method blank	Maximum	Standard Dev.	Mean				



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ANNEX C DSS Site 1094 Risk Assessment

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DSS SITE 1094: RISK ASSESSMENT REPORT

I. Site Description and History

Drain and Septic Systems (DSS) Site 1094, the Live Fire Range East Septic System at Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM), is located in Lurance Canyon on federally owned land controlled by Kirtland Air Force Base (KAFB) and permitted to the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). The active system consists of a 1,000-gallon septic tank connected to a drainfield consisting of two 110-foot-long, parallel drain lines. Available information indicates that the Live Fire Range support complex was built about 1983 (SNL/NM May 1983), and it is assumed that the septic system was also constructed at that time. The system is still active. Environmental concern about DSS Site 1094 is based upon the potential for the release of constituents of concern (COCs) in effluent discharged to the environment via the septic system at this site. Because operational records were not available, the investigation was planned to be consistent with other DSS site investigations and to sample for possible COCs that may have been released during facility operations.

The ground surface in the vicinity of the site is hummocky with a slight slope to the west. The closest major drainage is the active channel of Arroyo del Coyote, located approximately 150 feet south of the site. No springs or perennial surface-water bodies are located within 3 miles of the site. Average annual rainfall in the SNL/NM and KAFB area, as measured at Albuquerque International Sunport, is 8.1 inches (NOAA 1990). Surface-water runoff in the vicinity of the site is minor because the hummocky surface retards runoff. Infiltration of precipitation is almost nonexistent as virtually all of the moisture subsequently undergoes evapotranspiration. The estimates of evapotranspiration for the KAFB area range from 95 to 99 percent of the annual rainfall (SNL/NM March 1996). Most of the area immediately surrounding DSS Site 1094 is unpaved with some native vegetation, and no storm sewers are used to direct surface water away from the site.

DSS Site 1094 lies at an average elevation of approximately 5,995 feet above mean sea level. The groundwater beneath the site probably occurs in unconfined conditions in the fractured Precambrian bedrock. As measured in the nearest groundwater monitoring well, CYN-MW5, approximately 1,900 feet to the southwest, depth to groundwater is approximately 107 feet below ground surface (bgs). Groundwater flow is thought to be generally to the west in the Lurance Canyon area (SNL/NM November 2001a). The nearest production well is KAFB-11, approximately 4.9 miles northwest of the site.

II. Data Quality Objectives

The Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) presented in the "Sampling and Analysis Plan [SAP] for Characterizing and Assessing Potential Releases to the Environment From Septic and Other Miscellaneous Drain Systems at Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico" (SNL/NM October 1999) and "Field Implementation Plan [FIP], Characterization of Non-Environmental Restoration Drain and Septic Systems" (SNL/NM November 2001b) identified the site-specific sample locations, sample depths, sampling procedures, and analytical requirements for this and many other DSS sites. The DQOs outlined the quality assurance (QA)/quality control (QC)

requirements necessary for producing defensible analytical data suitable for risk assessment purposes. The sampling conducted at this site was designed to:

- Determine whether hazardous waste or hazardous constituents were released at the site.
- Characterize the nature and extent of any releases.
- Provide analytical data of sufficient quality to support risk assessments.

Table 1 summarizes the rationale for determining the sampling locations at this site. The source of potential COCs at DSS Site 1094 was effluent discharged to the environment from the drainfield at this site.

Table 1
Summary of Sampling Performed to Meet Data Quality Objectives

DSS Site 1094 Sampling Area	Potential COC Source	Number of Sampling Locations	Sample Density (samples/acre)	Sampling Location Rationale
Soil beneath the septic system drainfield	Effluent discharged to the environment from the drainfield	3	NA	Evaluate potential COC releases to the environment from effluent discharged from the drainfield

COC = Constituent of concern.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

NA = Not Applicable.

Using a Geoprobe[™], the soil samples were collected from two 3- or 4-foot-long sampling intervals at three borehole locations at DSS Site 1094. Drainfield sampling intervals started at 7 and 12 feet bgs for the 1999 sampling and at 7, 11, 12, 17, or 22 feet bgs during the 2005 resampling for volatile organic compounds (VOCs). The soil samples were collected in accordance with the procedures described in the SAP (SNL/NM October 1999) and FIP (SNL/NM November 2001b). Table 2 summarizes the types of confirmatory and QA/QC samples collected at the site and the laboratories that performed the analyses.

The soil samples were analyzed for VOCs, semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), high explosive (HE) compounds, polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs), Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) metals, hexavalent chromium, cyanide, radionuclides, and gross alpha/beta activity. The samples were analyzed by an off-site laboratory (General Engineering Laboratories, Inc.). Table 3 summarizes the analytical methods and the data quality requirements from the SAP (SNL/NM October 1999) and FIP (SNL/NM November 2001b).

Number of Confirmatory Soil and QA/QC Samples Collected from DSS Site 1094 Table 2

Sample Type	VOCs	SVOCs	PCBs	H	RCRA Metals	Hexavalent Chromium	Cyanide	Gamma Spectroscopy Radionuclides	Gross Alpha/Beta
Confirmatory	10	9	9	9	9	9	မ	9	9
Duplicates	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
EBs and TBs ^a	2	-	-	-	-		* -	_	1
Total Samples	13	2	7		7	7	7	7	7
Analytical Laboratory	GEL	GEL	GEL	GEL	ÜΕ	GEI	ĬĮ.	II.U	110

aTBs for VOCs only.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EB = Equipment blank.

GEL = General Engineering Laboratories, Inc.

HE = High explosive(s).

PCB = Polychlorinated biphenyl.

QA/QC = Quality assurance/quality control.

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

TB = Trip blank.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

Table 3 Summary of Data Quality Requirements for DSS Site 1094

Analytical		
Method ^a	Data Quality Level	GEL
VOCs	Defensible	10
EPA Method 8260		
SVOCs	Defensible	6
EPA Method 8270		
PCBs	Defensible	6
EPA Method 8082		
HE Compounds	Defensible	6
EPA Method 8330		
RCRA Metals	Defensible	6
EPA Method 6000/7000	į.	
Hexavalent Chromium	Defensible	6
EPA Method 7196A		
Total Cyanide	Defensible	6
EPA Method 9012A		
Gamma Spectroscopy	Defensible	6
Radionuclides		
EPA Method 901.1		
Gross Alpha/Beta Activity	Defensible	6
EPA Method 900.0		

Note: The number of samples does not include QA/QC samples such as duplicates, trip blanks, and equipment blanks.

^aEPA November 1986.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

= U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. **EPA** GEL = General Engineering Laboratories, Inc.

= High explosive(s). HE

= Polychlorinated biphenyl. PCB

QA/QC = Quality assurance/quality control.

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

QA/QC samples were collected during the sampling effort according to the Environmental Restoration (ER) Project Quality Assurance Project Plan. The QA/QC samples consisted of one trip blank (for VOCs only), one field duplicate (for VOCs only), and one set of equipment blanks. No significant QA/QC problems were identified in the QA/QC samples.

All of the soil sample results were verified/validated by SNL/NM according to "Verification and Validation of Chemical and Radiochemical Data," Technical Operating Procedure (TOP) 94-03, Rev. 0 (SNL/NM July 1994), SNL/NM ER Project "Data Validation Procedure for Chemical and Radiochemical Data," Administrative Operating Procedure (AOP) 00-03 (SNL/NM December 1999), or "Data Validation Procedure for Chemical and Radiochemical Data," AOP 00-03, Rev. 01 (SNL/NM December 2003). The data validation reports are presented in the associated DSS Site 1094 request for a determination of Corrective Action Complete (CAC) without controls. The reviews confirmed that the analytical data are defensible and therefore

acceptable for use in the request for a determination of CAC without controls. Therefore, the DQOs have been fulfilled.

III. Determination of Nature, Rate, and Extent of Contamination

III.1 Introduction

The determination of the nature, migration rate, and extent of contamination at DSS Site 1094 is based upon an initial conceptual model validated with confirmatory sampling at the site. The initial conceptual model was developed from archival site research, site inspections, soil sampling, and passive soil-vapor sampling. The DQOs contained in the SAP (SNL/NM October 1999) and FIP (SNL/NM November 2001b) identified the sample locations, sample density, sample depth, and analytical requirements. The sample data were subsequently used to develop the final conceptual site model for DSS Site 1094, which is presented in Chapter 4.0 of the associated request for a determination of CAC without controls. The quality of the data specifically used to determine the nature, migration rate, and extent of contamination is described in the following sections.

III.2 Nature of Contamination

Both the nature of contamination and the potential for the degradation of COCs at DSS Site 1094 were evaluated using laboratory analyses of the soil samples. The analytical requirements included analyses for VOCs, SVOCs, HE compounds, PCBs, RCRA metals, hexavalent chromium, cyanide, radionuclides by gamma spectroscopy, and gross alpha/beta activity. The analytes and methods listed in Tables 2 and 3 are appropriate to characterize the COCs and potential degradation products at DSS Site 1094.

III.3 Rate of Contaminant Migration

The septic system at DSS Site 1094 is still active. The migration rate of COCs that may have been introduced into the subsurface via the septic system at this site is therefore dependent upon the volume of aqueous effluent discharged to the environment from this drainfield. Analytical data generated from the soil sampling conducted at the site are adequate to characterize the rate of COC migration at DSS Site 1094 up to the date of sampling in April 2005.

III.4 Extent of Contamination

Subsurface soil samples were collected from boreholes drilled at three locations beneath the effluent release area (drainfield) at the site to assess whether releases of effluent from the septic system caused any environmental contamination.

The soil samples were collected at sampling depths starting at 7, 11, 12, 17, and 22 feet bgs in the drainfield area. Sampling intervals started at the depths at which effluent discharged from the drainfield drain lines would have entered the subsurface environment at the site. This

sampling procedure was required by New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) regulators and has been used at numerous DSS-type sites at SNL/NM. The soil samples are considered to be representative of the soil potentially contaminated with the COCs at this site and are sufficient to determine the vertical extent, if any, of COCs.

IV. Comparison of COCs to Background Levels

Site history and characterization activities are used to identify potential COCs. The DSS Site 1094 request for a determination of CAC without controls describes the identification of COCs and the sampling that was conducted in order to determine the concentration levels of those COCs across the site. Generally, COCs evaluated in this risk assessment include all detected organic and all inorganic and radiological COCs for which samples were analyzed. When the detection limit of an organic compound is too high (i.e., could possibly cause an adverse effect to human health or the environment), the compound is retained. Nondetected organic compounds not included in this assessment were determined to have detection limits low enough to ensure protection of human health and the environment. In order to provide conservatism in this risk assessment, the calculation uses only the maximum concentration value of each COC found for the entire site. The SNL/NM maximum background concentration (Dinwiddie September 1997) was selected to provide the background screen listed in Tables 4 and 5.

Nonradiological inorganic constituents that are essential nutrients, such as iron, magnesium, calcium, potassium, and sodium, are not included in this risk assessment (EPA 1989). Both radiological and nonradiological COCs are evaluated. The nonradiological COCs included in this risk assessment consist of both inorganic and organic compounds.

Table 4 lists the nonradiological COCs and Table 5 lists the radiological COCs for the human health risk assessment at DSS Site 1094. All samples were collected from depths of 5 feet bgs or greater; therefore, evaluation of ecological risk was not performed. Both tables show the associated SNL/NM maximum background concentration values (Dinwiddie September 1997). Section VI.4 discusses the results presented in Tables 4 and 5.

V. Fate and Transport

The primary releases of COCs at DSS Site 1094 were to the subsurface soil resulting from the discharge of effluents from the Live Fire Range east septic system. Wind, water, and biota are natural mechanisms of COC transport from the primary release point; however, because the discharge was to subsurface soil, none of these mechanisms are considered to be of potential significance as transport mechanisms at this site. Infiltration of precipitation is essentially nonexistent at DSS Site 1094, as virtually all of the moisture either drains away from the site or evaporates. Because groundwater at this site is approximately 107 feet bgs, the potential for COCs to reach groundwater through the unsaturated zone above the water table is extremely low.

The COCs at DSS Site 1094 include both inorganic and organic constituents. The inorganic COCs include both radiological and nonradiological analytes. With the exception of cyanide, the inorganic COCs are elemental in form and are not considered to be degradable.

Comparison to the Associated SNL/NM Background Screening Value, BCF, and Log Kow Nonradiological COCs for Human Health Risk Assessment at DSS Site 1094 with Table 4

ວດວ	Maximum Concentration (All Samples) (mg/kg)	SNL/NM Background Concentration (mg/kg) ^a	Is Maximum COC Concentration Less Than or Equal to the Applicable SNL/NM Background Screening Value?	BCF (maximum aquatic)	Log K _{ow}	Bioaccumulator? ^b (BCF>40, Log K _{ow} >4)
Inorganic						
Arsenic	3.19	8.6	Yes	44c]	Yes
Barium	117 J	246	Yes	170 ^d	ļ	Yes
Cadmium	0.0366 J	0.64	Yes	64°		Yes
Chromium, total	14.7	18.8	Yes	16°	ţ	No
Chromium VI	0.159 J	NC	Unknown	16°	**>	No
Cyanide	0.0695e	NC	Unknown	S	1	Unknown
Lead	13.3	18.9	Yes	49°	1	Yes
Mercury	0.0141 J	0.055	Yes	5,500°		Yes
Selenium	0.133 ^e	2.7	Yes	800f	1	Yes
Silver	0.602 J	<0.5	No	0.5°		No
Organic						
Toluene	0.00663	ΑΝ	AN	10.70	2.69°	No
Xylene	0.00129	NA	ĄN	23.49	1.5h	No

Note: Bold indicates the COCs that exceed the background screening values and/or are bioaccumulators.

^aDinwiddie September 1997, Canyons Study Group.

bNMED March 1998.

CYanicak March 1997.

dNeumann 1976.

Nondetected concentration (i.e., one-half the maximum detection limit if value is greater than the maximum detected concentration or analyte was not detected at all). Callahan et al. 1979.

9Howard 1990.

^hMicromedex, Inc. 1998.

= Bioconcentration factor. BCF

= Drain and Septic Systems. = Constituent of concern. 000 DSS

= Estimated concentration.

 Octanol-water partition coefficient. = Logarithm (base 10).

= New Mexico Environment Department. Not applicable. = Not calculated. NMED ₹ 2

= Milligram(s) per kilogram.

mg/kg

= Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico. = Information not available. SNL/NM

Comparison to the Associated SNL/NM Background Screening Value and BCF Radiological COCs for Human Health Risk Assessment at DSS Site 1094 with Table 5

ls COC a Bioaccumulator?∘ (BCF >40)	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
BCF (maximum aquatic)	3,0004	3,000	⊳006	900 ^d
Is Maximum COC Activity Less Than or Equal to the Applicable SNL/NM Background Screening Value?	Yes	Yes	No	Yes
SNL/NM Background Activity (pCi/g) ^b	1.55	1.03	0.16	2.31
Maximum Activity (All Samples) (pCi/g) ^a	ND (0.0312)	0.4	ND (0.179)	1.38
202	Cs-137	Th-232	U-235	U-238

Note: **Bold** indicates COCs that exceed the background screening values and/or are bioaccumulators.

aValue listed is the greater of either the maximum detection or the highest MDA.

Dinwiddie September 1997, Canyons Study Group.

NMED March 1998.

^dBaker and Soldat 1992. BCF = Bioconcentration factor.

= Constituent of concern. COC BCF

= Drain and Septic Systems.

= Minimum detectable activity. MDA

= Not detected, but the MDA (shown in parentheses) exceeds background activity, = Not detected above the MDA, shown in parentheses. NMED

= New Mexico Environment Department.

= Picocurie(s) per gram.

= Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico. SNL/NM

Transformations of these inorganic constituents could include changes in valence (oxidation/reduction reactions) or incorporation into organic forms (e.g., the conversion of selenite or selenate from soil to seleno-amino acids in plants). Cyanide can be metabolized by soil biota. Radiological COCs will undergo decay to stable isotopes or radioactive daughter elements. However, because of the long half-life of the radiological COC (U-235), the aridity of the environment at this site, and the lack of potential contact with biota, none of these mechanisms are expected to result in significant losses or transformations of the inorganic COCs.

The organic COCs at DSS Site 1094 are limited to VOCs. Organic COCs may be degraded through photolysis, hydrolysis, and biotransformation. Photolysis requires light and therefore takes place in the air, at the ground surface, or in surface water. Hydrolysis includes chemical transformations in water and may occur in the soil solution. Biotransformation (i.e., transformation caused by plants, animals, and microorganisms) may occur; however, biological activity may be limited by the arid environment at this site. Because of the depth of the COCs in the soil, the loss of VOCs through volatilization is expected to be minimal.

Table 6 summarizes the fate and transport processes that can occur at DSS Site 1094. The COCs at this site include both radiological and nonradiological inorganic analytes as well as organic analytes. Wind, surface water, and biota are considered to be of low significance as potential transport mechanisms at this site. Significant leaching into the subsurface soil is unlikely, and leaching into the groundwater at this site is highly unlikely. The potential for transformation of COCs is low, and loss through decay of the radiological COC is insignificant because of its long half-life.

Table 6
Summary of Fate and Transport at DSS Site 1094

Transport and Fate Mechanism	Existence at Site	Significance
Wind	Yes	Low
Surface runoff	Yes	Low
Migration to groundwater	No	None
Food chain uptake	Yes	Low
Transformation/degradation	Yes	Low to moderate

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

VI. Human Health Risk Assessment

VI.1 Introduction

The human health risk assessment of this site includes a number of steps that culminate in a quantitative evaluation of the potential adverse human health effects caused by constituents located at the site. The steps to be discussed include the following:

Step 1.	Site data are described that provide information on the potential COCs, as well as the
	relevant physical characteristics and properties of the site.
Step 2.	Potential pathways are identified by which a representative population might be exposed to
	the COCs.

Step 3.	The potential intake of these COCs by the representative population is calculated using a tiered approach. The first component of the tiered approach is a screening procedure that compares the maximum concentration of the COC to an SNL/NM maximum background screening value. COCs that are not eliminated during the first screening procedure are carried forward in the risk assessment process.
Step 4.	Toxicological parameters are identified and referenced for COCs that were not eliminated during the screening procedure.
Step 5.	Potential toxicity effects (specified as a hazard index [HI]) and estimated excess cancer risks are calculated for nonradiological COCs and background. For radiological COCs, the incremental total effective dose equivalent (TEDE) and estimated incremental cancer risk are calculated by subtracting applicable background concentrations directly from maximum on-site contaminant values. This background subtraction applies only when a radiological COC occurs as contamination and exists as a natural background radionuclide.
Step 6.	These values are compared with guidelines established by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA), NMED, and DOE to determine whether further evaluation and potential site cleanup are required. Nonradiological COC risk values also are compared to background risk so that an incremental risk can be calculated.
Step 7.	Uncertainties of the above steps are addressed.

VI.2 Step 1. Site Data

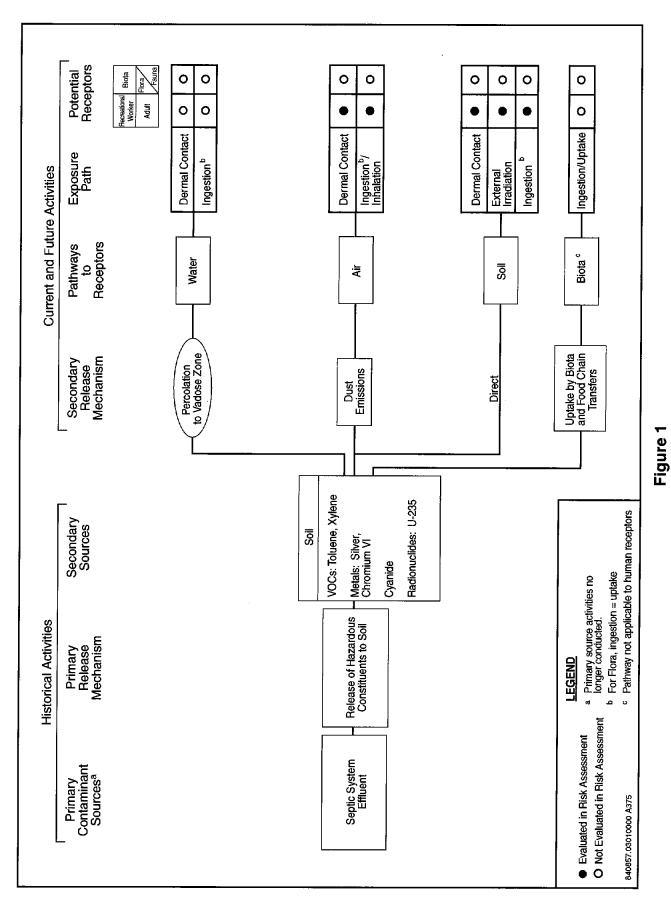
Section I of this risk assessment provides the site description and history for DSS Site 1094. Section II presents a comparison of results to DQOs. Section III discusses the nature, rate, and extent of contamination.

VI.3 Step 2. Pathway Identification

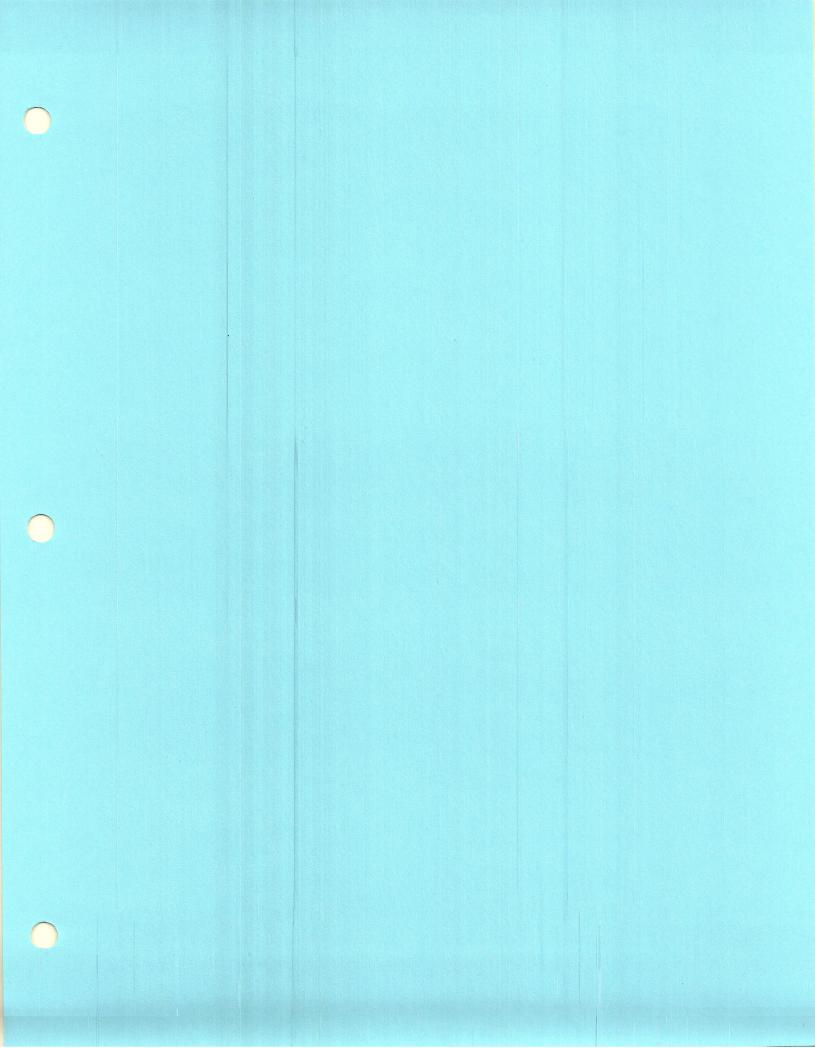
DSS Site 1094 has been designated with a future land-use scenario of recreational (DOE et al. October 1995) (see Appendix 1 for default exposure pathways and parameters). However, the residential land-use scenario is also considered in the pathway analysis. Because of the location and characteristics of the potential contaminants, the primary pathway for human exposure is considered to be soil ingestion for the nonradiological COCs and direct gamma exposure for the radiological COCs. The inhalation pathway for both nonradiological and radiological COCs is included because the potential exists to inhale dust and volatiles. Soil ingestion is included for the radiological COCs as well. The dermal pathway is included for the nonradiological COCs because of the potential for the receptor to be exposed to contaminated soil. No water pathways to the groundwater are considered. Depth to groundwater at DSS Site 1094 is approximately 107 feet bgs. No intake routes through plant, meat, or milk ingestion are considered appropriate for either the recreational or residential land-use scenarios. Figure 1 shows the conceptual site model flow diagram for DSS Site 1094.

Pathway Identification

Nonradiological Constituents	Radiological Constituents
Soil ingestion	Soil ingestion
Inhalation (dust and volatiles)	Inhalation (dust)
Dermal contact	Direct gamma



Conceptual Site Model Flow Diagram for DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System (Lurance Canyon)



VI.4 Step 3. Background Screening Procedure

This section discusses Step 3, the background screening procedure, which compares the maximum COC concentration to the background screening level. The methodology and results are described in the following sections.

VI.4.1 Methodology

Maximum concentrations of nonradiological COCs are compared to the approved SNL/NM maximum screening levels for this area. The SNL/NM maximum background concentration was selected to provide the background screen in Table 4 and used to calculate risk attributable to background in Section VI.6.2. Only the COCs that were detected above the corresponding SNL/NM maximum background screening levels or that do not have either a quantifiable or calculated background screening level are considered in further risk assessment analyses.

For radiological COCs that exceed the SNL/NM background screening levels, background values are subtracted from the individual maximum radionuclide concentrations. Those that do not exceed these background levels are not carried any further in the risk assessment. This approach is consistent with DOE Order 5400.5, "Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment" (DOE 1993). Radiological COCs that do not have a background value and are detected above the analytical minimum detectable activity (MDA) are carried through the risk assessment at the maximum levels. The resultant radiological COCs remaining after this step are referred to as background-adjusted radiological COCs.

VI.4.2 Results

Tables 4 and 5 show the DSS Site 1094 maximum COC concentrations that were compared to the SNL/NM maximum background values (Dinwiddie September 1997) for the human health risk assessment. For the nonradiological COCs, one constituent was measured at a concentration greater than the background screening value. Two constituents do not have quantified background screening concentrations; therefore it is unknown whether these COCs exceed background. Two constituents are organic compounds that do not have corresponding background screening values.

For the radiological COCs, one constituent (U-235) exhibited an MDA greater than the background screening level.

VI.5 Step 4. Identification of Toxicological Parameters

Tables 7 (nonradiological) and 8 (radiological) list the COCs retained in the risk assessment and the values for the available toxicological information. The toxicological values for the nonradiological COCs presented in Table 7 were obtained from the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) (EPA 2004a), the "Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels, Revision 2" (NMED February 2004), and EPA Region 6 (EPA 2004b). Dose conversion factors (DCFs) used in determining the excess TEDE values for radiological COCs for the individual pathways are the default values provided in the RESRAD computer code (Yu et al. 1993a) as developed in the following documents:

Toxicological Parameter Values for DSS Site 1094 Nonradiological COCs Table 7

	RfD _o		RfDinh		SFo	SFinh		
COC	(mg/kg-d)	Confidence	(mg/kg-d)	Confidence	(mg/kg-d) ⁻¹	(mg/kg-d) ⁻¹	Cancer Class ^b	ABS
Inorganic								
Chromium VI	3E-3º	7	2.3E-6°		ı	4.2E+1c	A	0.014
Cyanide	2E-2c	Μ		I.	ŀ	ļ	۵	0.19
Silver	5E-3°	7	I	ı	ı	!	٥	0.014
Organic								
Toluene	2E-1c	M	1.1 E- 1º	×			0	0.14
Xylene	2E+0c	M	2E-1e	1.	J	ļ	٥	0.19

^aConfidence associated with IRIS (EPA 2004a) database values. Confidence: L = low, M = medium.

PPA weight-of-evidence classification system for carcinogenicity (EPA 1989) taken from IRIS (EPA 2004a): A = Human carcinogen.

D = Not classifiable = 1

= Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity.

Toxicological parameter values from IRIS electronic database (EPA 2004a).

'Toxicological parameter values from NMED (February 2004),

Toxicological parameter values from EPA Region 6 (EPA 2004b)

C-14

= Gastrointestinal absorption coefficient. = Constituent of concern. ABS 200

= Drain and Septic Systems. DSS

= U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. EPA

= Integrated Risk Information System. = Milligram(s) per kilogram-day. mg/kg-d RIS

⇒ New Mexico Environment Department. ≈ Per milligram per kilogram-day. (mg/kg-d)⁻¹ NMED

= Inhalation chronic reference dose. RfD_{inh} RfD_o

= Oral chronic reference dose. = inhalation slope factor,

SF. hri

= Information not available. Oral slope factor.

Table 8
Radiological Toxicological Parameter Values for DSS Site 1094 COCs
Obtained from RESRAD Risk Coefficients^a

	SFo	SF _{inh}	SF _{ev}	
COC	(1/pCi)	(1/pCi)	(g/pCi-yr)	Cancer Class ^b
U-235	4.70E-11	1.30E-08	2.70E-07	Α

^aYu et al. 1993a.

^bEPA weight-of-evidence classification system for carcinogenicity (EPA 1989): A = Human carcinogen for high dose and high dose rate (i.e., greater than 50 rem per year). For low-level environmental exposures, the carcinogenic effect has not been observed and documented.

1/pCi = One per picocurie.

COC = Constituent of concern.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

g/pCi-yr = Gram(s) per picocurie year.

SF_{ev} = External volume exposure slope factor.

SF_{inh} = Inhalation slope factor. SF_o = Oral (ingestion) slope factor.

- DCFs for ingestion and inhalation were taken from "Federal Guidance Report No. 11, Limiting Values of Radionuclide Intake and Air Concentration and Dose Conversion Factors for Inhalation, Submersion, and Ingestion" (EPA 1988).
- DCFs for surface contamination (contamination on the surface of the site) were taken from DOE/EH-0070, "External Dose-Rate Conversion Factors for Calculation of Dose to the Public" (DOE 1988).
- DCFs for volume contamination (exposure to contamination deeper than the
 immediate surface of the site) were calculated using the methods discussed in
 "Dose-Rate Conversion Factors for External Exposure to Photon Emitters in Soil"
 (Kocher 1983) and in ANL/EAIS-8, "Data Collection Handbook to Support
 Modeling the Impacts of Radioactive Material in Soil" (Yu et al. 1993b).

VI.6 Step 5. Exposure Assessment and Risk Characterization

Section VI.6.1 describes the exposure assessment for this risk assessment. Section VI.6.2 provides the risk characterization, including the HI and excess cancer risk for both the potential nonradiological COCs and associated background for the recreational and residential land-use scenarios. The incremental TEDE and estimated incremental cancer risk are provided for the background-adjusted radiological COC for both the recreational and residential land-use scenarios.

VI.6.1 Exposure Assessment

Appendix 1 provides the equations and parameter input values used in calculating intake values and subsequent HI and excess cancer risk values for the individual exposure pathways. The appendix shows parameters for both recreational and residential land-use scenarios. The equations for nonradiological COCs are based upon the Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (RAGS) (EPA 1989). Parameters are based upon information from the RAGS (EPA 1989), the Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels (NMED February 2004), as well as other EPA and NMED guidance documents, and reflect the reasonable maximum exposure (RME) approach advocated by the RAGS (EPA 1989). For the radiological COC, the coded equation provided in RESRAD computer code is used to estimate the incremental TEDE and cancer risk for individual exposure pathways. Further discussion of this process is provided in the "Manual for Implementing Residual Radioactive Material Guidelines Using RESRAD" (Yu et al. 1993a). Although the designated land-use scenario for this site is recreational, risk and TEDE values for a residential land-use scenario are also presented.

VI.6.2 Risk Characterization

Table 9 shows an HI of 0.00 for the DSS Site 1094 nonradiological COCs and an estimated excess cancer risk of 3E-11 for the designated recreational land-use scenario. The numbers presented include exposure from soil ingestion, dermal contact, and dust and volatile inhalation for nonradiological COCs. Table 10 shows an HI of 0.00 and no quantified estimated excess cancer risk for the DSS Site 1094 associated background constituents under the designated recreational land-use scenario.

For the radiological COC, contribution from the direct gamma exposure pathway is included. For the recreational land-use scenario, a TEDE was calculated that results in an incremental TEDE of 1.9E-3 millirem (mrem)/year (yr). In accordance with EPA guidance found in Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response (OSWER) Directive No. 9200.4-18 (EPA 1997a), an incremental TEDE of 15 mrem/yr is used for the probable land-use scenario (recreational in this case); the calculated dose value for DSS Site 1094 for the recreational land-use scenario is well below this guideline. The estimated excess cancer risk is 1.6E-8.

For nonradiological COCs under the residential land-use scenario, the HI is 0.00 with an estimated excess cancer risk of 7E-10 (Table 9). The numbers in the table include exposure from soil ingestion, dermal contact, and dust and volatile inhalation. Although the EPA (1991) generally recommends that inhalation not be included in a residential land-use scenario, this pathway is included because of the potential for soil in Albuquerque, New Mexico, to be eroded and for dust to be present in predominantly residential areas. Because of the nature of the local soil, other exposure pathways are not considered (see Appendix 1). Table 10 shows an HI of 0.00 and no quantified estimated excess cancer risk for the DSS Site 1094 associated background constituents under the residential land-use scenario.

For the radiological COC, the incremental TEDE for the residential land-use scenario is 4.8E-3 mrem/yr. The guideline being used is an excess TEDE of 75 mrem/yr (SNL/NM February 1998) for a complete loss of institutional controls (residential land use in this case); the calculated dose value for DSS Site 1094 for the residential land-use scenario is well below

Table 9
Risk Assessment Values for DSS Site 1094 Nonradiological COCs

coc	Maximum Concentration (mg/kg)	Recreational Land-Use Scenario ^a		Residential Land-Use Scenario ^a	
		Hazard Index	Cancer Risk	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk
Inorganic					
Chromium VI	0.159 J	0.00	3E-11	0.00	7E-10
Cyanide	0.0695b	0.00	-	0.00	_
Silver	0.602 J	0.00	_	0.00	_
Organic					
Toluene	0.00663	0.00		0.00	-
Total xylenes	0.00129	0.00	-	0.00	_
	Гotal	0.00	3E-11	0.00	7E-10

^aEPA 1989.

^bNondetected concentration (i.e., one-half the maximum detection limit is greater than the maximum detected concentration).

COC = Constituent of concern.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

J = Estimated concentration.
mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.
- Information not available.

Table 10
Risk Assessment Values for DSS Site 1094 Nonradiological Background Constituents

	Background		al Land-Use nario ^b		al Land-Use nario ^b
coc	Concentration ^a (mg/kg)	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk
Chromium	NC	-	-	_	_
Cyanide	NC	_	_	-	_
Silver	<1	_	-		
	Total	0.00	_	0.00	

^aDinwiddie September 1997, Canyons Study Group.

^bEPA 1989.

COC = Constituent of concern.

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

NC = Not calculated.

= Information not quantified.

this guideline. Consequently, DSS Site 1094 is eligible for unrestricted radiological release as the residential land-use scenario results in an incremental TEDE of less than 75 mrem/yr to the on-site receptor. The estimated excess cancer risk is 4.6E-8. The excess cancer risk from the nonradiological and radiological COCs should be summed to provide risk estimates for persons exposed to both types of carcinogenic contaminants, as noted in OSWER Directive No. 9200.4-18 "Establishment of Cleanup Levels for CERCLA [Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act] Sites with Radioactive Contamination" (EPA 1997a). This summation is tabulated in Section VI.9.

VI.7 Step 6. Comparison of Risk Values to Numerical Guidelines

The human health risk assessment analysis evaluates the potential for adverse health effects for both the recreational (the designated land-use scenario for this site) and residential land-use scenarios.

For the nonradiological COCs under the recreational land-use scenario, the HI is 0.00 (less than the numerical guideline of 1 suggested in the RAGS [EPA 1989]). The estimated excess cancer risk is 3E-11. NMED guidance states that cumulative excess lifetime cancer risk must be less than 1E-5 (Bearzi January 2001); thus the excess cancer risk for this site is below the suggested acceptable risk value. This assessment also determines risks considering background concentrations of the potential nonradiological COCs for both the recreational and residential land-use scenarios. Assuming the recreational land-use scenario, there is no quantifiable excess cancer risk for nonradiological COCs. The incremental risk is determined by subtracting risk associated with background from potential COC risk. These numbers are not rounded before the difference is determined and therefore may appear to be inconsistent with numbers presented in tables and within the text. For conservatism, the background constituents that do not have quantified background screening concentrations are assumed to have a hazard quotient of 0.00. The incremental HI is 0.00 and the estimated incremental excess cancer risk is 2.72E-11 for the recreational land-use scenario. These incremental risk calculations indicate insignificant risk to human health from nonradiological COCs under a recreational land-use scenario.

For the radiological COC under the recreational land-use scenario, the incremental TEDE is 1.9E-3 mrem/yr, which is significantly lower than the EPA's numerical guideline of 15 mrem/yr (EPA 1997a). The estimated incremental excess cancer risk is 1.6E-8.

The calculated HI for the nonradiological COCs under the residential land-use scenario is 0.00, which is below numerical guidance. The estimated excess cancer risk is 7E-10. NMED guidance states that cumulative excess lifetime cancer risk must be less than 1E-5 (Bearzi January 2001); thus the excess cancer risk for this site is below the suggested acceptable risk value. The incremental HI is 0.00 and the estimated incremental excess cancer risk is 7.31E-10 for the residential land-use scenario. These incremental risk calculations indicate insignificant risk to human health from nonradiological COCs under the residential land-use scenario.

The incremental TEDE for a residential land-use scenario from the radiological component is 4.8E-3 mrem/yr, which is significantly lower than the numerical guideline of 75 mrem/yr suggested in the SNL/NM "RESRAD Input Parameter Assumptions and Justification" (SNL/NM February 1998). The estimated incremental excess cancer risk is 4.6E-8.

VI.8 Step 7. Uncertainty Discussion

The determination of the nature, rate, and extent of contamination at DSS Site 1094 is based upon an initial conceptual model that was validated with sampling conducted at the site. The sampling was implemented in accordance with the SAP (SNL/NM October 1999) and FIP (SNL/NM November 2001b). The DQOs contained in these two documents are appropriate for use in risk assessments. The data from soil samples collected at effluent release points are representative of potential COC releases to the site. The analytical requirements and results satisfy the DQOs, and data quality was verified/validated in accordance with SNL/NM procedures. Therefore, there is no uncertainty associated with the data quality used to perform the risk assessment at DSS Site 1094.

Because of the location, history of the site, and future land use (DOE et al. October 1995), there is low uncertainty in the land-use scenario and the potentially affected populations that were considered in performing the risk assessment analysis. Based upon the COCs found in the near-surface soil and the location and physical characteristics of the site, there is little uncertainty in the exposure pathways relevant to the analysis.

An RME approach is used to calculate the risk assessment values. Specifically, the parameter values in the calculations are conservative and calculated intakes are probably overestimated. Maximum measured values of COC concentrations are used to provide conservative results.

Table 7 shows the uncertainties (confidence levels) in nonradiological toxicological parameter values. There is a combination of estimated values and values from the IRIS (EPA 2004a), EPA Region 6 (EPA 2004b), and the "Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels, Revision 2" (NMED February 2004). Where values are not provided, information is not available from the Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables (HEAST) (EPA 1997b), IRIS (EPA 2004a), "Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels, Revision 2" (NMED February 2004), Risk Assessment Information System (ORNL 2003), or EPA regions (EPA 2004b, EPA 2002a, EPA 2002b). Because of the conservative nature of the RME approach, uncertainties in toxicological values are not expected to change the conclusion from the risk assessment analysis.

Risk assessment values for nonradiological COCs are within the acceptable range for human health under the recreational and residential land-use scenarios compared to established numerical guidance.

For the radiological COC, the conclusion of the risk assessment is that potential effects on human health for both the recreational and residential land-use scenarios are below background and represent only a small fraction of the estimated 360 mrem/yr received by the average U.S. population (NCRP 1987).

The overall uncertainty in all of the steps in the risk assessment process is not considered to be significant with respect to the conclusion reached.

VI.9 Summary

DSS Site 1094 contains identified COCs consisting of some inorganic, organic, and radiological compounds. Because of the location of the site, the designated recreational land-use scenario,

and the nature of contamination, potential exposure pathways identified for this site include soil ingestion, dermal contact, and dust and volatile inhalation for chemical COCs, and soil ingestion, dust inhalation, and direct gamma exposure for radionuclides. The same exposure pathways are applied to the residential land-use scenario.

Using conservative assumptions and an RME approach to risk assessment, calculations for the nonradiological COCs show that for the recreational land-use scenario the HI (0.00) is significantly lower than the accepted numerical guidance from the EPA. The estimated excess cancer risk is 3E-11; thus, excess cancer risk is also below the acceptable risk value provided by the NMED for an recreational land-use scenario (Bearzi January 2001). The incremental HI is 0.00, and the estimated incremental excess cancer risk is 2.72E-11 for the recreational land-use scenario. These incremental risk calculations indicate insignificant risk to human health for the recreational land-use scenario.

Using conservative assumptions and an RME approach to risk assessment, calculations for the nonradiological COCs show that for the residential land-use scenario the HI (0.00) is below the accepted numerical guidance from the EPA. The estimated excess cancer risk is 7E-10. Thus, excess cancer risk is below the acceptable risk value provided by the NMED for a residential land-use scenario (Bearzi January 2001). The incremental HI is 0.00 and the estimated incremental excess cancer risk is 7.31E-10 for the residential land-use scenario. These incremental risk calculations indicate insignificant risk to human health for the residential land-use scenario.

The incremental TEDE and corresponding estimated cancer risk from the radiological COC are much less than EPA guidance values. The estimated TEDE is 1.9E-3 mrem/yr for the recreational land-use scenario, which is much lower than the EPA's numerical guidance of 15 mrem/yr (EPA 1997a). The corresponding estimated incremental excess cancer risk value is 1.6E-8 for the recreational land-use scenario. Furthermore, the incremental TEDE for the residential land-use scenario that results from a complete loss of institutional control is 4.8E-3 mrem/yr with an associated risk of 4.6E-8. The guideline for this scenario is 75 mrem/yr (SNL/NM February 1998). Therefore, DSS Site 1094 is eligible for unrestricted radiological release.

The excess cancer risk from the nonradiological and radiological COCs should be summed to provide risk estimates for persons exposed to both types of carcinogenic contaminants, as noted in OSWER Directive No. 9200.4-18 (EPA 1997a). The summation of the nonradiological and radiological carcinogenic risks is tabulated in Table 11.

Table 11
Summation of Incremental Nonradiological and Radiological Risks from DSS Site 1094, Live Fire Range East Septic System Carcinogens

Scenario	Nonradiological Risk	Radiological Risk	Total Risk
Recreational	2.72E-11	1.6E-8	1.6E-8
Residential	7.31E-10	4.6E-8	4.6E-8

DSS = Drain and Septic Systems.

Uncertainties associated with the calculations are considered small relative to the conservatism of the risk assessment analysis. Therefore, it is concluded that this site poses insignificant risk to human health under both the recreational and residential land-use scenarios.

VII. Ecological Risk Assessment

VII.1 Introduction

This section addresses the ecological risks associated with exposure to constituents of potential ecological concern (COPECs) in the soil at DSS Site 1094. A component of the NMED Risk-Based Decision Tree (NMED March 1998) is to conduct an ecological risk assessment that corresponds with that presented in the EPA's Ecological RAGS (EPA 1997c). The current methodology is tiered and contains an initial scoping assessment followed by a more detailed risk assessment if warranted by the results of the scoping assessment. Initial components of NMED's decision tree (a discussion of DQOs, data assessment, and evaluations of bioaccumulation as well as fate and transport potential) are addressed in previous sections of this report. At the end of the scoping assessment, a determination is made as to whether a more detailed examination of potential ecological risk is necessary.

VII.2 Scoping Assessment

The scoping assessment focuses primarily on the likelihood of exposure of biota at, or adjacent to, the site to constituents associated with site activities. Included in this section are an evaluation of existing data with respect to the existence of complete ecological exposure pathways, an evaluation of bioaccumulation potential, and a summary of fate and transport potential. A scoping risk-management decision (Section VII.2.4) summarizes the scoping results and assesses the need for further examination of potential ecological impacts.

VII.2.1 Data Assessment

As indicated in Section IV, all COCs at DSS Site 1094 are located at depths of 5 feet bgs or greater. Therefore, no complete ecological exposure pathways exist at this site, and no COCs are considered to be COPECs.

VII.2.2 Bioaccumulation

Because no COPECs are associated with this site, bioaccumulation potential is not evaluated.

VII.2.3 Fate and Transport Potential

The potential for the COCs to migrate from the source of contamination to other media or biota is discussed in Section V. As noted in Table 6 (Section V), wind, surface water, and biota (food chain uptake) are expected to be of low significance as transport mechanisms for COCs at this

site. Degradation, transformation, and radiological decay of the COCs also are expected to be of low significance.

VII.2.4 Scoping Risk-Management Decision

Based upon information gathered through the scoping assessment, it is concluded that complete ecological pathways are not associated with COCs at this site. Therefore, no COPECs exist at the site, and a more detailed risk assessment is not deemed necessary to predict the potential level of ecological risk associated with the site.

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APPENDIX 1 EXPOSURE PATHWAY DISCUSSION FOR CHEMICAL AND RADIONUCLIDE CONTAMINATION

Introduction

Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM) uses a default set of exposure routes and associated default parameter values developed for each future land-use designation being considered for SNL/NM Environmental Restoration (ER) Project sites. This default set of exposure scenarios and parameter values are invoked for risk assessments unless site-specific information suggests other parameter values. Because many SNL/NM solid waste management units (SWMUs) have similar types of contamination and physical settings, SNL/NM believes that the risk assessment analyses at these sites can be similar. A default set of exposure scenarios and parameter values facilitates the risk assessments and subsequent review.

The default exposure routes and parameter values used are those that SNL/NM views as resulting in a Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME) value. Subject to comments and recommendations by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region VI and New Mexico Environment Department (NMED), SNL/NM will use these default exposure routes and parameter values in future risk assessments.

At SNL/NM, all SWMUs exist within the boundaries of the Kirtland Air Force Base. Approximately 240 potential waste and release sites have been identified where hazardous, radiological, or mixed materials may have been released to the environment. Evaluation and characterization activities have occurred at all of these sites to varying degrees. Among other documents, the SNL/NM ER draft Environmental Assessment (DOE 1996) presents a summary of the hydrogeology of the sites and the biological resources present. When evaluating potential human health risk the current or reasonably foreseeable land use negotiated and approved for the specific SWMU/AOC, aggregate, or watershed will be used. The following references generally document these land uses: Workbook: Future Use Management Area 2 (DOE et al. September 1995); Workbook: Future Use Management Area 1 (DOE et al. October 1995); Workbook: Future Use Management Areas 3, 4, 5, and 6 (DOE and USAF January 1996); Workbook: Future Use Management Area 7 (DOE and USAF March 1996). At this time, all SNL/NM SWMUs have been tentatively designated for either industrial or recreational future land use. The NMED has also requested that risk calculations be performed based upon a residential land-use scenario. Therefore, all three land-use scenarios will be addressed in this document.

The SNL/NM ER Project has screened the potential exposure routes and identified default parameter values to be used for calculating potential intake and subsequent hazard index (HI), excess cancer risk and dose values. The EPA (EPA 1989) provides a summary of exposure routes that could potentially be of significance at a specific waste site. These potential exposure routes consist of:

- Ingestion of contaminated drinking water
- Ingestion of contaminated soil

- Ingestion of contaminated fish and shellfish
- Ingestion of contaminated fruits and vegetables
- Ingestion of contaminated meat, eggs, and dairy products
- Ingestion of contaminated surface water while swimming
- Dermal contact with chemicals in water
- Dermal contact with chemicals in soil
- Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate)
- External exposure to penetrating radiation (immersion in contaminated air; immersion in contaminated water; and exposure from ground surfaces with photon-emitting radionuclides)

Based upon the location of the SNL/NM SWMUs and the characteristics of the surface and subsurface at the sites, we have evaluated these potential exposure routes for different landuse scenarios to determine which should be considered in risk assessment analyses (the last exposure route is pertinent to radionuclides only). At SNL/NM SWMUs, there is currently no consumption of fish, shellfish, fruits, vegetables, meat, eggs, or dairy products that originate on site. Additionally, no potential for swimming in surface water is present due to the high-desert environmental conditions. As documented in the RESRAD computer code manual (ANL 1993), risks resulting from immersion in contaminated air or water are not significant compared to risks from other radiation exposure routes.

For the industrial and recreational land-use scenarios, SNL/NM ER has, therefore, excluded the following five potential exposure routes from further risk assessment evaluations at any SNL/NM SWMU:

- Ingestion of contaminated fish and shellfish
- Ingestion of contaminated fruits and vegetables
- Ingestion of contaminated meat, eggs, and dairy products
- Ingestion of contaminated surface water while swimming
- Dermal contact with chemicals in water

That part of the exposure pathway for radionuclides related to immersion in contaminated air or water is also eliminated.

Based upon this evaluation, for future risk assessments the exposure routes that will be considered are shown in Table 1.

Table 1
Exposure Pathways Considered for Various Land-Use Scenarios

Industrial	Recreational	Residential
Ingestion of contaminated drinking water	Ingestion of contaminated drinking water	Ingestion of contaminated drinking water
Ingestion of contaminated soil	Ingestion of contaminated soil	Ingestion of contaminated soil
Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate)	Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate)	Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate)
Dermal contact (nonradiological constituents only) soil only	Dermal contact (nonradiological constituents only) soil only	Dermal contact (nonradiological constituents only) soil only
External exposure to penetrating radiation from ground surfaces	External exposure to penetrating radiation from ground surfaces	External exposure to penetrating radiation from ground surfaces

Equations and Default Parameter Values for Identified Exposure Routes

In general, SNL/NM expects that ingestion of compounds in drinking water and soil will be the more significant exposure routes for chemicals; external exposure to radiation may also be significant for radionuclides. All of the above routes will, however, be considered for their appropriate land-use scenarios. The general equation for calculating potential intakes via these routes is shown below. The equations are taken from "Assessing Human Health Risks Posed by Chemicals: Screening-Level Risk Assessment" (NMED March 2000) and "Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels" (NMED December 2000). Equations from both documents are based upon the "Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund" (RAGS): Volume 1 (EPA 1989, 1991). These general equations also apply to calculating potential intakes for radionuclides. A more in-depth discussion of the equations used in performing radiological pathway analyses with the RESRAD code may be found in the RESRAD Manual (ANL 1993). RESRAD is the only code designated by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) in DOE Order 5400.5 for the evaluation of radioactively contaminated sites (DOE 1993). The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has approved the use of RESRAD for dose evaluation by licensees involved in decommissioning, NRC staff evaluation of waste disposal requests, and dose evaluation of sites being reviewed by NRC staff. EPA Science Advisory Board reviewed the RESRAD model. EPA used RESRAD in their rulemaking on radiation site cleanup regulations. RESRAD code has been verified, undergone several benchmarking analyses, and been included in the International Atomic Energy Agency's VAMP and BIOMOVS Il projects to compare environmental transport models.

Also shown are the default values SNL/NM ER will use in RME risk assessment calculations for industrial, recreational, and residential land-use scenarios, based upon EPA and other governmental agency guidance. The pathways and values for chemical contaminants are discussed first, followed by those for radionuclide contaminants. RESRAD input parameters that are left as the default values provided with the code are not discussed. Further information relating to these parameters may be found in the RESRAD Manual (ANL 1993) or by directly accessing the RESRAD websites at: http://web.ead.anl.gov/resrad/home2/ or http://web.ead.anl.gov/resrad/documents/.

Generic Equation for Calculation of Risk Parameter Values

The equation used to calculate the risk parameter values (i.e., hazard quotients/HI, excess cancer risk, or radiation total effective dose equivalent [TEDE] [dose]) is similar for all exposure pathways and is given by:

Risk (or Dose) = Intake x Toxicity Effect (either carcinogenic, noncarcinogenic, or radiological)

=
$$C \times (CR \times EFD/BW/AT) \times Toxicity Effect$$
 (1)

where;

C = contaminant concentration (site specific)

CR = contact rate for the exposure pathway

EFD= exposure frequency and duration

BW = body weight of average exposure individual

AT = time over which exposure is averaged.

For nonradiological constituents of concern (COCs), the total risk/dose (either cancer risk or HI) is the sum of the risks/doses for all of the site-specific exposure pathways and contaminants. For radionuclides, the calculated radiation exposure, expressed as TEDE is compared directly to the exposure guidelines of 15 millirem per year (mrem/year) for industrial and recreational future use and 75 mrem/year for the unlikely event that institutional control of the site is lost and the site is used for residential purposes (EPA 1997).

The evaluation of the carcinogenic health hazard produces a quantitative estimate for excess cancer risk resulting from the COCs present at the site. This estimate is evaluated for determination of further action by comparison of the quantitative estimate with the potentially acceptable risk of 1E-5 for nonradiological carcinogens. The evaluation of the noncarcinogenic health hazard produces a quantitative estimate (i.e., the HI) for the toxicity resulting from the COCs present at the site. This estimate is evaluated for determination of further action by comparison of this quantitative estimate with the EPA standard HI of unity (1). The evaluation of the health hazard from radioactive compounds produces a quantitative estimate of doses resulting from the COCs present at the site. This estimated dose is used to calculate an assumed risk. However, this calculated risk is presented for illustration purposes only, not to determine compliance with regulations.

The specific equations used for the individual exposure pathways can be found in RAGS (EPA 1989) and are outlined below. The RESRAD Manual (ANL 1993) describes similar equations for the calculation of radiological exposures.

Soil Ingestion

A receptor can ingest soil or dust directly by working in the contaminated soil. Indirect ingestion can occur from sources such as unwashed hands introducing contaminated soil to food that is then eaten. An estimate of intake from ingesting soil will be calculated as follows:

$$I_s = \frac{C_s * IR * CF * EF * ED}{BW * AT}$$

where:

I_s = Intake of contaminant noncollings = Chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg) = Chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg) = Intake of contaminant from soil ingestion (milligrams [mg]/kilogram [kg]-day)

IR = Ingestion rate (mg soil/day)

CF = Conversion factor (1E-6 kg/mg)

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged) (days)

It should be noted that it is conservatively assumed that the receptor only ingests soil from the contaminated source.

Soil Inhalation

A receptor can inhale soil or dust directly by working in the contaminated soil. An estimate of intake from inhaling soil will be calculated as follows (EPA August 1997):

$$I_{s} = \frac{C_{s} * IR * EF * ED * \left(\frac{1}{VF} \text{ or } \frac{1}{PEF}\right)}{BW * AT}$$

where:

I_s = Intake of contaminant non-coll.
C_s = Chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg) = Intake of contaminant from soil inhalation (mg/kg-day)

IR = Inhalation rate (cubic meters [m³]/day)

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

VF = soil-to-air volatilization factor (m³/kg)

PEF = particulate emission factor (m³/kg)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged) (days)

Soil Dermal Contact

$$D_a = \frac{C_s * CF * SA * AF * ABS * EF * ED}{BW * AT}$$

where:

D_a = Absorbed dose (mg/kg-day)
 C_s = Chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg)
 CF = Conversion factor (1E-6 kg/mg)

SA = Skin surface area available for contact (cm²/event)

AF = Soil to skin adherence factor (mg/cm²)

ABS = Absorption factor (unitless)

EF = Exposure frequency (events/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged) (days)

Groundwater Ingestion

A receptor can ingest water by drinking it or through using household water for cooking. An estimate of intake from ingesting water will be calculated as follows (EPA August 1997):

$$I_{w} = \frac{C_{w} * IR * EF * ED}{RW * AT}$$

where:

 I_{w} = Intake of contaminant from water ingestion (mg/kg/day) C_{w} = Chemical concentration in water (mg/liter [L]) IR = Ingestion rate (L/day)

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged) (days)

Groundwater Inhalation

The amount of a constituent taken into the body via exposure to volatilization from showering or other household water uses will be evaluated using the concentration of the constituent in the water source (EPA 1991 and 1992). An estimate of intake from volatile inhalation from groundwater will be calculated as follows (EPA 1991):

$$I_{w} = \frac{C_{w} * K * IR_{i} * EF * ED}{RW * AT}$$

where:

 $\begin{array}{ll} I_w &= \text{Intake of volatile in water from inhalation (mg/kg/day)} \\ C_w &= \text{Chemical concentration in water (mg/L)} \\ K &= \text{volatilization factor (0.5 L/m}^3) \\ IR_i &= \text{Inhalation rate (m}^3/\text{day)} \end{array}$

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged—days)

For volatile compounds, volatilization from groundwater can be an important exposure pathway from showering and other household uses of groundwater. This exposure pathway will only be evaluated for organic chemicals with a Henry's Law constant greater than 1x10-5 and with a molecular weight of 200 grams/mole or less (EPA 1991).

Tables 2 and 3 show the default parameter values suggested for use by SNL/NM at SWMUs, based upon the selected land-use scenarios for nonradiological and radiological COCs.

respectively. References are given at the end of the table indicating the source for the chosen parameter values. SNL/NM uses default values that are consistent with both regulatory guidance and the RME approach. Therefore, the values chosen will, in general, provide a conservative estimate of the actual risk parameter. These parameter values are suggested for use for the various exposure pathways, based upon the assumption that a particular site has no unusual characteristics that contradict the default assumptions. For sites for which the assumptions are not valid, the parameter values will be modified and documented.

Summary

SNL/NM will use the described default exposure routes and parameter values in risk assessments at sites that have an industrial, recreational, or residential future land-use scenario. There are no current residential land-use designations at SNL/NM ER sites, but NMED has requested this scenario to be considered to provide perspective of the risk under the more restrictive land-use scenario. For sites designated as industrial or recreational land use, SNL/NM will provide risk parameter values based upon a residential land-use scenario to indicate the effects of data uncertainty on risk value calculations or in order to potentially mitigate the need for institutional controls or restrictions on SNL/NM ER sites. The parameter values are based upon EPA guidance and supplemented by information from other government sources. If these exposure routes and parameters are acceptable, SNL/NM will use them in risk assessments for all sites where the assumptions are consistent with site-specific conditions. All deviations will be documented.

Table 2
Default Nonradiological Exposure Parameter Values for Various Land-Use Scenarios

Parameter	Industrial	Recreational	Residential
General Exposure Parameters			
		8.7 (4 hr/wk for	
Exposure Frequency (day/yr)	250 ^{a,b}	52 wk/yr) ^{a,b}	350 ^{a,b}
Exposure Duration (yr)	25 ^{a,b,c}	30 ^{a,b,c}	30 ^{a,b,c}
	70 ^{a,b,c}	70 Adult ^{a,b,c}	70 Adult ^{a,b,c}
Body Weight (kg)		15 Child ^{a,b,c}	15 Child ^{a,b,c}
Averaging Time (days)			
for Carcinogenic Compounds (= 70 yr x 365 day/yr)	25,550ª,b	25,550 ^{a,b}	25,550 ^{a,b}
for Noncarcinogenic Compounds (= ED x 365 day/yr)	9,125 ^{a,b}	10,950 ^{a,b}	10,950 ^{a,b}
Soil Ingestion Pathway			
Ingestion Rate (mg/day)	100 ^{a,b}	200 Child ^{a,b}	200 Child a,b
, , ,		100 Adult ^{a,b}	100 Adult a,b
Inhalation Pathway			
		15 Child ^a	10 Child ^a
Inhalation Rate (m³/day)	20 ^{a,b}	30 Adult ^a	20 Adult ^a
Volatilization Factor (m³/kg)	Chemical Specific	Chemical Specific	Chemical Specific
Particulate Emission Factor (m³/kg)	1.36E9 ^a	1.36E9 ^a	1.36E9 ^a
Water Ingestion Pathway		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	2.4 ^a	2.4a	2.4 ^a
Ingestion Rate (liter/day)			
Dermal Pathway			
		0.2 Child ^a	0.2 Child ^a
Skin Adherence Factor (mg/cm²)	0.2ª	0.07 Adult ^a	0.07 Adulta
Exposed Surface Area for Soil/Dust		2,800 Child ^a	2,800 Child ^a
(cm²/day)	3,300ª	5,700 Adulta	5,700 Adulta
Skin Adsorption Factor	Chemical Specific	Chemical Specific	Chemical Specific

^aTechnical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels (NMED December 2000).

ED = Exposure duration.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

hr = Hour(s).

kg = Kilogram(s).

m = Meter(s).

mg = Milligram(s).

NA = Not available.

wk = Week(s).

yr = Year(s).

^bRisk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Vol. 1, Part B (EPA 1991).

[°]Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA August 1997).

Table 3 Default Radiological Exposure Parameter Values for Various Land-Use Scenarios

Parameter	Industrial	Recreational	Residential
General Exposure Parameters			
	8 hr/day for		
Exposure Frequency	250 day/yr	4 hr/wk for 52 wk/yr	365 day/yr
Exposure Duration (yr)	25 ^{a,b}	30a,b	30 ^{a,b}
Body Weight (kg)	70 Adult ^{a,b}	70 Adult ^{a,b}	70 Adult ^{a,b}
Soil Ingestion Pathway			
Ingestion Rate	100 mg/day ^c	100 mg/day ^c	100 mg/day ^c
Averaging Time (days)			
(= 30 yr x 365 day/yr)	10,950 ^d	10,950 ^d	10,950 ^d
Inhalation Pathway			
Inhalation Rate (m³/yr)	7,300 ^{d,e}	10,950e	7,300 ^{d,e}
Mass Loading for Inhalation g/m ³	1.36 E-5 ^d	1.36 E-5 d	1.36 E-5 d
Food Ingestion Pathway			
Ingestion Rate, Leafy Vegetables			
(kg/yr)	NA	NA	16.5 ^c
Ingestion Rate, Fruits, Non-Leafy			
Vegetables & Grain (kg/yr)	NA	NA NA	101.8 ^b
Fraction Ingested	NA	NA	0.25 ^{b,d}

^aRisk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Vol. 1, Part B (EPA 1991).

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

= Gram(s) g

= Hour(s). hr

= Kilogram(s). = Meter(s). kg

m

mg = Milligram(s).

NÃ = Not applicable.

= Week(s). wk

= Year(s). yr

^bExposure Factors Handbook (EPA August 1997).

[°]EPA Region VI guidance (EPA 1996).

^dFor radionuclides, RESRAD (ANL 1993).

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