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Carrizozo Outlook, 03-08-1918

William Kabler

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CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo, and Lincoln County

VOL. XII—NO. 4

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1918

PRICE \$2.00 PER YEAR

Ralph Jones, in France, Writes Interesting Letter

Young Sailor Gives Home Folks Good Idea of What Life is in France.

Relatives of Ralph Jones, who is with the U. S. Expeditionary Forces in France, have just received the following letter which is brimful of interest:

On Active Service with the American Expeditionary Force
February 11th, 1918.

Dear Folks:

This is the first chance I have had since I left to send you a letter, and it will probably be very brief as you know I can't say much—not even mention where I am.

The weather on the trip over was very warm, and had the feeling of spring in it, but the sea was very rough.

My eyes have been wide open since I arrived, and I have been seeing some strange sights; at least they seem strange to me. The people have some of the queerest customs that I ever saw, and all of the peasants wear wooden shoes. When they walk on the pavement, it sounds like a bunch of horses running. When I hear them coming, I get out of the way of "the horses" from force of habit.

The streets in this city are very narrow. For instance, one of our alleys would be a nice wide street here. All of the people walk in the streets, and unless the streets are very crowded, you never see anyone on the sidewalk. The street cars are about the size of a Ford automobile, and are always full to the brim.

It gets on one's nerves to see all of the women wearing black, for the majority of them do, and we see soldiers by the dozens with their arms and legs gone. It certainly makes one think that Sherman was telling the truth.

There was a crowd of us that went into an old prison which was built in Caesar's time. An old Frenchman took us through all the dungeons and places of execution. He showed us the place where an English prisoner in one of the dungeons dug for seven months into the wall, trying to effect his escape, and finally went crazy and died. After seven months of such work with his hands, he only had a hole big enough for him to get into. We saw many ways that the prisoners were tortured. One was by dripping water from the walls. It still drips, and I believe I should go "nuts," too, after having about fifteen minutes of it. Everything in the prison is underground. We saw the spot where some queen of France was held prisoner for a long time. History tells all about it. We were just about to

go into the place where all the prisoners who have died are put, when we found that it was time to go to work. I wanted to go in there worst of all, as it is said that there are some very "spooky" sights to see, such as skeletons, etc. I am going in again Sunday and see that.

Tomorrow is Lincoln's birthday, so we get a half-holiday, and there are going to be big doings at the Y. M. C. A.

We get good things to eat here, and all we want of it, too; in fact, it is the best that I have had since I entered the service.

It is time for taps now, and I will have to turn in, so good-bye until the next time. Tell all my friends that I will bring them a submarine periscope for a souvenir if they say so.

Luck, love and best wishes to all, from

Ralph, U.S.S. Carola

DOINGS IN COURT

In the case of Columbus H. Byfield, charged with the murder of Fred Roberts, March 2, 1917, the jury found the defendant not guilty.

The case of G. Aguirre resulted in a mistrial. The case will be recalled.

At this writing the case of Jesse Inghram, charged with the murder of his sister, Lillie Inghram, is before the Court.

McCamment and the Papers

Mr. and Mrs. Ed McCamment, came over from Corona the first part of the week to attend court, and the case of interest was not called until Wednesday, at which time Mr. McCamment discovered that he had failed to bring some papers of vast importance in connection with the case.

Mr. McCamment knew that only quick action could bring desired results, so he put spurs to his machine and made the round trip in record breaking time. Mr. McCamment aroused a veritable sand storm on the trip. Horses, cows, pigs, and chickens cleared the track and fled before the coming avalanche. The darting car with its unearthly yell, echoed over the plains and up through the canyons, like the wail of a lost soul, and aroused many a peaceful slumberer, from his dreams of climes where sandstorms are unknown and water is free. Headless of passing scenes, McCamment with much perseverance, plenty of gas, and with a few words now and then in muttered undertones won the day. The papers arrived and the case went on.

Card of Thanks

We wish to express our most sincere thanks to all who so kindly assisted us during the illness of our dear Elbert.

The love and sympathy extended by our friends meant much at this hour of bereavement.

Our loss is Heaven's gain.

God bless and help us all.

Sincerely yours,
Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Collier,
Maurine Collier.

Oscuro Correspondence

Ernest Mathews, who was formerly a ranchman here, but who now resides in El Paso, was here Sunday.

Mr. and Mrs. Otto Martens left Monday on No. 2 for Chicago.

Mrs. Helen Castle left Monday for Ancho where she will teach for the remainder of the term.

C. H. Thornton, C. F. Grey, R. W. Burns, Dr. Ranniger, Sim Amsden and H. Riddle are attending court in Carrizozo this week.

METHODIST CHURCH

Rev. Lewelling, Pastor

Sunday School at 9-45 a. m. Come and get in the big drive. We will have a rose for you when you join.

Preaching at 11 a. m. and 7-30 p. m. Mrs. D. S. Donaldson and her choir will have a treat for you. Our Aim is to make every service a joyous one.

The Epworth League at 7 p. m. This is the finest bunch of people in the county. Line up with them and enjoy your Sunday evenings. "Yours for courteous treatment and a square deal."

Misses Iona Stephens, Bulah and Clara Brazil were baptized into the Methodist Church at the close of the morning service Sunday.

The special music rendered by Misses Howell, Edmonston and Burke was enjoyed by the large congregation at the Methodist Church Sunday.

The reading by Birdy Rae-Cushman was a specially delightful feature of the Epworth League service Sunday Night.

Iola Pearl, and John Grover, son and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. J. G. Reasoner, were baptized Sunday morning by Rev. R. H. Lewelling.

Rev. Lewelling of the Methodist Church was a busy man last Sunday. At the close of the morning service, he baptized two babies, and received three young ladies into the church on profession of faith. In the afternoon he conducted a funeral at White Oaks, and preached to a large congregation in the evening.

BAPTIST CHURCH

(Rev. J. M. Gardner, Pastor.)

The Pastor will preach next Sunday, March 10th, at 11 a. m. "The Cost of Being a Christian" at 7-30 p. m. "The Cost of Not Being a Christian."

The Evangelistic meetings are still in progress. The prayers of God's people are earnestly desired that His people may be revived and many unsaved brought into the Kingdom of his blessed Son.

The Sunday School extends a hearty welcome to every one.

If you are a new comer to Carrizozo remember we would be glad to have you give us a visit and if you like the School join.

E. J. Hey, Former Foreman of Outlook Returns to Post

Mr. E. J. Hey, who was the Outlook's foreman last fall, has returned to his old position, and is now conducting the mechanical department of the paper.

Mr. Hey is a thorough printer, having spent most of his time since leaving school, in the newspaper business. His father, and brother are printers. Mr. Val Hey the head of the family, has been connected with the Shelbyville News, of Shelbyville Ind. for years. Mr. Hey's best recommendation, as to his ability will come from that portion of the Carrizozo people he has served before in connection with the Outlook.

Mrs. Hey and baby, Margaret are with him this time and let us say in conclusion that the Hey's are a good addition to our growing town.

Johnson—Harris

At the Methodist Church parsonage Monday morning at 9.30 o'clock, occurred the marriage of Mr. Ira C. Johnson and Miss Pearl Harris. The wedding was a quiet affair, being attended only by relatives and nearest friends.

Rev. Lewelling performed the marriage ceremony, after which the happy couple took the next train for Roswell and other New Mexican points to spend their honeymoon.

Miss Harris is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Ed Harris, who are old and highly esteemed Carrizozo residents. She was raised here, and received her education in our local schools.

Mr. Johnson is also a native of this locality, being a son of Mr. and Mrs. P. W. Johnson, who reside on their ranch a short distance from town.

The young couple are both possessed of friendly, sociable dispositions and begin their new journey in life with the brightest prospects, and have the kindest and best wishes of a host of admiring friends.

Joyful Birthday Party

Monday, March 4th was celebrated at the home of Mr. and Mrs. J. B. French, it being the 30th anniversary of the birth of little Miller French, who entertained twelve of his friends with refreshments, and games of all kinds.

Interest was centered in the peanut contest, the prize being a "Thrifty Stamp" which was captured by Raymond Richards.

Elbert Theodore Collier

Elbert Theodore Collier, twelve year old son of Mr. and Mrs. E. T. Collier, died at Faden's Hospital, Saturday, March 2nd.

The funeral services were held at White Oaks, with a large attendance. Rev. Lewelling preached the funeral sermon.

Mr. and Mrs. Collier have the sympathy of their many friends in White Oaks and Carrizozo.

A. H. Pruitt of Roswell attended court for a few days this week.

Corona News Items

Dr. and Mrs. Stone have returned from a few days stay in Carrizozo.

Mrs. D. W. Lyon who has been sick with tonsillitis is now better and able to be out again.

Mrs. Mary McCormick of Alamogordo is spending a few days with her daughter Mrs. W. Williams.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Kersay have returned from their wedding trip, having been in Los Angeles and in El Paso.

Another wedding took place in Corona last Saturday evening.

Miss Belle Penix, daughter of Mrs. M. A. Penix, and Mr. Will Wert married at 8:30 o'clock, Mr. Man Sloan performed the ceremony. Only a few guests besides the immediate members of the family were present at the marriage. Miss Penix is one of Corona's most popular young ladies, Mr. Wert is connected with the Simpson-Atkinson garage and is a worthy young man. The couple have the best wishes of a host of friends.

A. W. Varney, E. H. Boswell and Lon Atkinson were among those called from Corona to attend court in Carrizozo last week.

Mr. and Mrs. W. R. Lovelace have moved their children from the ranch into town, in order that the latter may attend school.

Mrs. Baker, an old time resident of Corona, has come back from California and will spend a few weeks here.

Friends of E. H. Boswell will regret to learn of his being ill in a Hospital in El Paso.

Mrs. Gillespie returned to El Paso Saturday, after an extended visit with her husband of near this place.

On March 1st, the dining room of the Southwestern Hotel was closed and the hotel will be run in the future as a rooming house only. Mrs. M. A. Penix, who owns the hotel, has conducted it successfully for a number of years and there are many people who have been in the habit of stopping there who will regret that the dining room is closed.

Mr. and Mrs. E. L. Moulton, Mr. and Mrs. D. W. Lyon, Mr. and Mrs. Tom Du Bois attended the Red Cross ball given in Carrizozo last week.

BOY WANTED

Boy to learn printing trade. Must speak good English, have a fair education, and not attending school. Good opportunity for right boy. Apply at the Outlook.

Mrs. Osborn, Pro Tem

Mrs. W. H. Osborn will act as secretary pro tem, for the Red Cross society during the absence of Mrs. H. S. Fairbank, who will shortly depart for a visit with relatives in San Antonio Texas. The selection of Mrs. Osborn to fill the temporary vacancy in this important office, will meet with popular approval.

The Deep Sea Peril

By VICTOR ROUSSEAU

(Copyright by W. G. Chapman)

CHAPTER VII.—Continued.

The captain had spent weeks on the island. He had put all the results of his investigations into his letter to Donald. He described elaborately the structure of the monsters, tracing the modifications of the gills, air bladders, fins and flippers.

Lastly, he told Donald the secret of controlling them. And this was so amazing that MacBeard almost doubted it.

Unfortunately, two pages were missing, and these contained part of the instructions for keeping the monsters in subjection. And, what alarmed MacBeard, the manuscript ended with the statement that the eruption was not likely to prove of permanent injury to humanity, because—

However, MacBeard cared little for this in his supreme joy. His dreams took definite shape at last, rushing into the concrete with a violence that sent him into an ecstasy. He saw the man of the future, the superman, who was already at hand, irresistible by reason of his numbers, strength and cunning. And he saw himself, the ruler of a new world which had never heard of the eighth commandment.

Next morning he left Baltimore in his motorboat. It was constructed so as to be practically unsinkable, and he had stored it with provisions, gasoline and instruments. He had several weeks' supplies on board. He was dependent on no one.

He started northward at once, passed within a few miles of the F55 upon his course, and reached Fair Island. When he set foot upon its rocky, lonely shores, he knew that at last his time had come. His revenge upon the race was ripening, and he meant to exercise it to the full.

His first act was to explore the island. He discovered with his plummets that Masterman had been correct in tracing the prolongation of the south spur of the continental shelf. He discovered that Fair Island was the peak of a subterranean range ascending sharply from a great depth.

At a distance of about three hundred feet beneath the surface there was a sort of cup or crater in the mountain, teeming with unknown forms of submarine life.

He found the stores which had been left by the oil-ship, but there was no sign of any airplane. However, since MacBeard did not know that one was to have been sent, he did not expect to find one.

Stocking a cave with provisions, he made himself at home there, and at once set out to investigate the presence of Masterman's monsters.

CHAPTER VIII.

Donald's Diving Party.

Donald took a match from his silver box and struck it. The water had not penetrated—it burst into flame. He looked at his watch and saw that it was half past eight.

"It must be growing daylight above," he said to Davies. "I am sure that the beasts are gone. I think I'll go up and see whether I can start the engines."

"Let me go, sir," said the middy. "You will remain here in charge," said Donald. "Give me your back, Clouts!"

Hoisting himself upon the shoulders of the sailor, Donald clambered up the pipe and reached the passage above. There was a stench of fishy bodies, but he was certain that the monsters were gone.

He ascended the ladder into the conning tower and threw off the hatch. Instantly a gust of fresh air, driving in, made him reel dizzily. He realized that he had been breathing the depleted, vitiated atmosphere of the torpedo room all night.

He waited till he had recovered; then he unfastened the door and clambered out upon the deck, which lay almost level with the surface of the ocean.

He found that the F55 was stranded upon a shelving beach that extended from the Fair Island rocks. The tide was rising, and they would soon be afloat. An immense elation filled his heart as he realized that the horrors of the night were past.

From the electric engines he went to the petrol motors. These appeared to be in good order. The oil fuel was low, but there seemed to be a sufficiency to take the F55 to Lerwick without the necessity of delaying in order to search for a deposit on the island. The run would be of a few

hours only, and Donald was anxious not to delay. Davies and he and Clouts could manage the boat during the brief journey, and there would be no need of the electric engines, since no danger was apprehended which might necessitate their submerging.

During his journey about the boat he convinced himself that the sailors had been dragged overboard. This was more merciful for the survivors. There was not a trace of any of the seven who had died.

Donald went back to the torpedo room escape hatch.

"You can all come up," he called. "The coast's clear and the sun is shining."

The people below needed no second invitation. One by one they came scrambling out—Clouts and Davies helping Ida between them. She seemed bewildered by the day, and advanced unsteadily toward Donald.

"What was it, dear?" she asked. "I don't know whether I have been delicious since my rescue, but I thought the most dreadful thing had happened. Tell me truly, Donald!"

"It is not necessary, dear," he answered. "We shall be in Lerwick this afternoon, and you need never think about yesterday all your life."

"You need not tell me, of course," she answered. "But I thought some sea-beasts, something unknown before, something half human, attacked us in the boat, and afterward the sailors here."

She saw by his face that she had guessed correctly.

"And invisible, Donald?"

"Transparent, dear. Nothing that we cannot cope with, now that we have taken measures against surprise. And they have gone now."

"I am not afraid of them if you are with me, Donald," she answered, stepping out bravely beside him.

Donald turned to the middy.

"Davies," he said, "I am going to try to make the run to Lerwick at once. I think that it will be best for Miss Kennedy to remain in the conning tower, where she will be safest. Clouts will run the engines, and you will take up your post at the diving station to look after the vertical rudders. We are awash now, and shall have to rise a little more."

"Aye, aye, sir!" said Clouts, hurrying off toward the petrol engines.

"Do you know, Davies," said Donald as they remained together for a minute or two, "I have a theory about those beasts."

"What, sir?" inquired the middy.

"Well, I remember that yesterday they seemed to attack us more savagely when the sun went down, or at least when the fog made the air obscure. And last night there was a moon. It occurs to me that possibly they can't bear light. Of course that would be natural, and they left us about the time the moon rose. So if they are nocturnal in their habits that would account for our immunity now. If I am right, we are learning their limitations fast."

"You're right, sir," replied the middy with conviction. "Only—"

"We'll have some information to carry back then, Davies, besides a scare. And it looks as if humanity won't have to fight so very hard to save itself. I beg your pardon—you were going to say something?"

"I was thinking, sir, that they seemed to go when the whistle blew."

"What whistle, Davies?"

"That one note that sounded like—I can't remember what it was like, but I know I've heard a sound like that before, only much softer."

"So have I," answered Donald, musing. "Well, get to your post, Davies. Raise her a trifle, then lock the rudder and come into the conning tower to take care of Miss Kennedy."

He returned to the girl. "Miss Kennedy, I don't think you have met Lieutenant Davies," he said formally. "Now, Davies, I'll go and help Clouts with the engines. Don't be alarmed to be alone for a minute or two, Ida."

The middy saluted, and went to his post at the diving station. Already the F55 was throbbing with the vibration of the engines, and the sound was the most grateful that their ears could have imagined.

"Don't open the doors," said Donald, kissing Ida hastily.

He was off, and the girl remained alone within the tower of steel. She glanced about her in dismay. It felt like a steel prison. She felt the floor quivering, and then it began to dip. The sea splashed the observation port. Quickly the green translucency that followed gave place to darkness. Ida slipped on the tipping floor. Donald

ran in; she heard him calling to her through the darkness, and felt his arms grope for her.

"It's all right, dear," he said hastily. "Davies has probably got tangled up with the diving rudders. It's a bit stiff for him to handle alone. It doesn't mean anything particular—"

But Ida could read the fear in his voice, and she knew that it meant everything. The diving apparatus had, in fact, jammed when the F55 grounded upon the beach, and the rudder had become twisted. Under Davies' hands it had been released, and had worked in the wrong direction.

With her bow pointing downward at an angle of 30 degrees, the F55 sank until her nose dug into the ooze 300 feet beneath the surface, into the cup-shaped crater of the submarine peak.

Then, slowly settling under the weight of the water, the stern followed, and the little craft remained submerged on the seabed. Darkness covered her. The inmates felt their eardrums throb under the pressure.

At the first indication of danger Clouts had contrived to shut off the petrol engines. That alone prevented an explosion when the sea rushed through the aft escape hatch.

Fortunately, the after part of the ship remained above the surface for a few moments after the bow went under, and only a couple of sweeping seas came in. Short as the period of respite was, it enabled Donald and Clouts to grasp the hatch and replace it. They fought in a deluge of water that swept them from their feet and dashed them, half stunned, against the walls of the engine room. But they got the hatch into place.

Clouts came in, and presently Davies joined them. He began to stammer brokenly, but Donald laid his hand in kindly fashion on the lad's shoulder.

"You are not to blame, Davies," he said. "It was my own fault for trying to run the old boat instead of putting you all ashore. No doubt the vertical-rudder blades are bent and fouled the locks. Now we've got to think, and harder than we have ever thought before."

"We ain't a-going to drown like rats in traps, sir," said Sam Clouts heartily.

"Not if I know it, Clouts," Donald returned. "Now, first, it isn't possible to adjust the rudder, and we can't rise without it. That's self-evident. I think we are comparatively safe for some time to come, because we have just taken on a supply of natural air, and we haven't opened the air-flasks yet. But, of course, it means only two days' respite."

"If I might say so, sir," said Clouts, "it means that we must put on the diving suits."

"You're right," answered Donald.

ARCTIC RELICS ARE FOUND

Records Left by Explorers More Than Fifty Years Ago Brought Back by Crocker Land Expedition.

Records left by various explorers in the frozen North, some of them more than half a century old, brought back by Donald B. MacMillan, head of the Crocker land expedition, who recently returned, are on exhibition in the American Museum of Natural History in New York.

Among the records is a silk lining of a cap worn by Dr. Elisha Kent Kane, the American explorer, left by him at Rensselaer Harbor in 1853. It is marked with a leaden bullet "O. K." There is also a paper containing a record of Doctor Kane's life in the North, cut with a knife, owing to a scarcity of writing materials.

There are also records left by Rear Admiral Peary, including a bit of an American flag, left in 1906 at the top of Cape Thomas Hubbard.

A packet of letters left in a cache at Cape Isabella in 1876 by Capt. Allan Young for Sir George Nares' expedition was also found by MacMillan. The Nares party left its mark only 20 feet from the cache where the letters were found, but departed without discovering them.

Infants' Food to Shells.

When Mr. Lloyd George in England undertook to organize the ministry of munitions a glacier began to stamp out cartridge clips, says the World's Work; a manufacturer of music rolls used his equipment to make gauges; a concern engaged before the war in preparing infants' food began delivering plugs for shells; an advertising agency manufactured shell adapters; watchmakers began adjusting fuses; a manufacturer of baking machinery became a contractor for six-inch high explosive shells; a jewelry house devoted itself exclusively to periscopes; a phonograph concern sent millions of delicate shell parts to the assembling stations; a firm which made nothing but sheep-shearing machinery started turning out shell cases; a cream separator factory manufactured shell primers. Among other producers of finished shells were candlemakers, flour mills, tobacco manufacturers, siphon makers and the manufacturers of sporting goods.

"We aren't in a hopeless position by any means if we manage to keep our heads. Miss Kennedy, we'll get you out of here in a jiffy if you don't mind getting your feet wet."

"You see," he continued, in explanation, "fortunately—very fortunately for us—we have the new Siebert diving apparatus aboard, which was to have been used for a special purpose in connection with our work for the government."

"One moment, sir," said Davies. "Have you a match?"

Donald handed him one of the few that remained. Davies struck it, looked at the depth meter, and whistled expressively.

"Two hundred and eighty feet, sir," he said in a low tone.

"Yes, that was about what I imagined," replied Donald. "It is about as



Stocking a Cave With Provisions, He Made Himself at Home There.

much as the old F55 would stand without buckling."

"But two hundred is the extreme limit of deep-sea diving, sir," Davies protested.

"The Siebert apparatus is especially devised for going deeper than that," returned Donald. "In fact, Siebert himself went down to six hundred, though he was all in when he came up. You see, Davies, the new factor in the Siebert dress is that it has a compensating pressure. I didn't specialize on it, but I understand it is a sort of internal oxygen arrangement, compressed, which partly neutralizes the pressure outside. It has enough compressed oxygen to last six hours."

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

Toronto Like American City.

Toronto is the most American of the great Canadian cities, and also the most Canadian.

"American" is here used as the Canadian uses it, to mean the United States. The mere geographical fact that Canada is in America does not count for anything with him. When he says the American election or American whisky he means United States.

Toronto, being near the border, doing business with and after the fashion of the United States and lacking the picturesque element in its population that makes Montreal and Quebec different, is very much like Buffalo, or any of several cities right across the border. The people wear the same kind of clothes and talk the same kind of slang, the buildings are the same and the same articles are sold in the stores.

Boon to Indoor Photographer.

The nitrogen-filled electric lamps have proven a boon to the indoor photographer. They are resorted to in various ways to secure improved results. It produces far more actinic rays than the ordinary incandescent light, and a room lighted by a 200-watt lamp can be photographed in a fraction of the time required with a light of the old style. In a room of ordinary size, with walls and ceiling of a medium tint, and with the camera stop open to No. 8 on the diaphragm scale, an exposure of from two to four minutes will be enough to get excellent interior views. Photographers now also use the gas-filled lamp in the daytime to illuminate dark corners and shadowy places when they are taking indoor views.

Code of Beauty.

Our code and schedule of beauty is, I often feel, a very formal affair. Either we are afraid or ashamed to differ from received opinions, or we have never thought of revising the code we adopted in our youth, or we do not really look at things, or we do not care about beauty at all.—A. C. Benson.

They Come High.

A North Vernon youngster had several clerks in a local grocery guessing the other day when she called for a quarter's worth of hypocrites. Later it was learned that she wished 25 cents worth of apricots.—Indianapolis News.

American Women No Slackers

We can well be proud of our American girls and women. In France and England women are taking up the work of men resolutely, and have shown their ability to do almost all kinds of work. When it becomes necessary women will show their worth in countless shops, stores, factories and offices. No one hears them complain of their hard work. These are the days when American men have cause to respect, love and honor their mothers, wives and sisters.

If a woman is borne down by the weakness and sufferings of womanhood, she should be helped by a herbal tonic made with glycerin which has had such uniform success during the past half century. She should be well, instead of sick and suffering; healthy and vigorous, instead of worn-out and weak; bright eyes, clear skin, rosy cheeks—you wouldn't think it was the same woman, and it's all due to the use of a few bottles of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. All druggists. Tablets or liquid. Tablets, 60c.

What this medicine has done for thousands of delicate women, it will do for you. If you're over-worked and debilitated, it will build you up—if you're borne down with the chronic aches, pains and weaknesses peculiar to your sex, it relieves and cures. It regulates and promotes the proper functions of womanhood. This old and tried Prescription of Dr. Pierce's invigorates the system, purifies the blood, improves digestion, and restores health, flesh and strength. Consult the specialist at Dr. Pierce's Invalid Hotel, Buffalo, N. Y., for free confidential medical advice or for free book on Women's diseases.—Adv.

Obliging.

With murder in his eye and a parcel in his hand, he entered the emporium of Mr. Tightfit, the tailor.

"Scoundrel!" he roared, "this cheap suit that you sold me only a fortnight ago, is in holes now."

The tailor went to his side and leaned a benevolent hand upon his shoulder.

"Take the advice of an old man," he said, kindly. "One who has seen more of the world than you have. Buy a better suit. These cheap lines are never any good. Let me show some of my fine \$5 suits made-to-measure."

Don't be misled. Ask for Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful white clothes. At all good grocers. Adv.

Volcano Hottest on Surface.

It appears that a volcano is hottest on its surface. This is the conclusion drawn by a scientist who has made investigations in Hawaii and has obtained samples of gases and lava before they reached the air. Laboratory studies of these samples make it appear that much of the heat required to keep an open lava basin in fluid condition is supplied by the chemical action of the gases.

Next to charity is the appreciation thereof.

Charity covers a multitude of sins—and so does success.

No Raise In Price Of This Great Remedy

HILL'S CASCARA QUININE

The standard cold cure for 30 years—In tablet form—safe, sure, no opiate—cures cold in 24 hours—grip in 3 days. Money back if fails. Get the genuine box with Red top and Mr. Hill's picture on it. Costs less, gives more, saves money. 24 Tablets for 25c. At Any Drug Store

Small Pill Small Dose Small Price

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

FOR **CONSTIPATION**

have stood the test of time. Purely vegetable. Wonderfully quick to banish biliousness, headache, indigestion and to clear up a bad complexion. Genuine bears signature

W. D. Wood

PALE FACES

Generally indicate a lack of Iron in the Blood

Carter's Iron Pills

Will help this condition

THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County, New Mexico.

A. L. BURKE, Editor and Publisher

Member of American Press Association

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter January 1, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

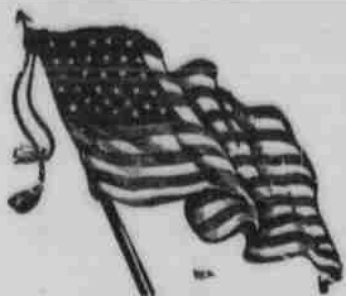
Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon. News columns close Thursday night. If you do not receive your paper regularly, please notify the Publisher & Advertising rates on application.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

ONE YEAR, in Advance . . . \$2.00
SIX MONTHS in Advance . . . \$1.00

OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, MARCH 8, 1918



YOUR FLAG AND MY FLAG

Ideal Feed Machine

Wm. G. Blodgett, noted engineer and machinist, who recently came from Michigan to the warmer climate of the southland, certainly conferred a great boon upon the cattle interests of the southwest when he invented a simple, solid, inexpensive machine that chops yucca plants into perfect feed for cattle, sheep and goats at the rate of 4,000 lbs. per hour at an expense of less than one dollar per ton. The machines are so cheap that a farmer with half a dozen cows can afford to own one and the cowman, with his herds of thousands, has only to run his machine for a longer period of time, or buy additional machines. It is profitable, to a man with more than a half a dozen cows, and is of inestimable value to the big cattle raisers.

Any farm hand can learn how to operate it in two minutes time.

To Pinto Bean Growers

In some localities pinto bean growers have the impression that they cannot get their money for ninety days if they sign the Food Administration contract.

This misunderstanding arises from the fact that the Food Administration reserves the right to cancel contracts unless seventy five percent of the growers having beans on hand sign contracts before March 1st. Some growers have the mistaken idea that it will be ninety days before they will know for certain whether or not they will get the eight cent price. It may be necessary to extend the time of the announcement a few days past March 1st as growers' contracts are coming in more slowly than was expected. As soon as it is assured that the required seventy five percent of the available crop has been contracted for, a definite statement will be made and growers will be asked to begin delivering their beans. They will receive cash from the shipper on delivery.

Boulevard to Dam

Two thousand dollars for a boulevard from Hot Springs N.N. to the Elephant Butte dam is being raised by the citizens of

the New Mexican town and vicinity, according to L. B. Boyle, cashier of the First National bank of that place. In a letter to the Morning Times he inclosed the following story relative to the road from the Sierra Free Press:

"Dreams come true. Alladin's lamp has been rubbed, making the dream of all Sierra county residents and thousands of visitors every year as to a real boulevard from the dam a certainty."

\$89,000 Revenue

Santa Fe, N. M. March 4—The State Land department on March 1 paid to the State Treasurer a total of \$89,000, revenue from leases and sales of state lands received during the month of February the amount being the largest on record for that month, which ordinarily is not an active one in the state land office. Indications now are that month by month the high records of last year for state land income will be distanced by the payments of the current fiscal year.

Following the successful auction of state land at Clayton in Union county on February 14, State Land Commissioner E. P. Ervien and his assistants went to Raton and Mora where sales were held last week. In Colfax county sale at Raton a total of 41,780.94 acres sold for a gross price of \$221,254.51, or an average of \$5.30 an acre; while in the Mora county sale at Mora 28,082.33 acres brought \$175,420.60, or an average of \$6.22 per acre.



NOTICE

There is no better way of putting at work funds temporarily idle than in our interest-bearing certificates of deposits. Information regarding them on request.

You Need a Safe Deposit Box

THE investment required in supplying our vault equipment and Safe Deposit Boxes, is a mighty good indication that the need for them exists—if the need exists for one, it exists for you.

The amount of the investment required to supply this need, tells another story—*Safety*. It means absolute fire-proof, storm-proof, burglar-proof and mob-proof concrete walls, steel-lined security.

Your box is convenient, accessible at any time during banking hours, and your privacy is as complete as that of your own thoughts. Rent a Safe Deposit Box today.

Exchange Bank of Carrizozo

Willys - Overland
Automobiles

Preparedness is our watchword—therefore we are constantly prepared to serve the public with the best cars obtainable—the name is a guarantee.

Samuel Fambrough
Agent for Lincoln County

L. B. Crawford
Sub-Agent

Studebaker Wagons
Goodyear Casings and Inner
Tubes

Portland Cement
Dynamite, Fuse and Caps
Kansas Blackleg Serum
Lubricating Oils

Steel Roofing Rubberoid Roofing
Building Paper Sash and Doors
Drill Steel
Dry Batteries, Etc., Etc.

The Titsworth Company,
Capitan, New Mexico

You may be too old to start to college, but you are not too old to start a bank account if you have not already done so. We recommend them, but a bank account has made ten successful business men where a college has made one. If you have neglected going to college, do not neglect the bank account. One dollar will start the account

STOCKMENS STATE BANK
CORONA, NEW MEXICO

Start the New Year Right

DO AWAY WITH HOUSEHOLD DRUDGERY
BUY A

"Hot Point" Vacuum Cleaner

And lighten the labor of keeping the home clean.

Lincoln Light & Power Co.
Everything Electrical

Crystal Theatre

"The Home of Good Pictures"

—EXCHANGE BANK BUILDING—

Complete Change of Program
Each Night

Show Starts Promptly at 8 O'clock

Anti-Skid Chains for Shoes

Planned to Obviate Accidents on Slippery Pavements



Chains for shoes as a protection against slippery and icy sidewalks is the latest device being used by men, women and children. Antiskid chains are to the human what the heavy chains are to the automobile, and may greatly reduce the number of accidents. Cut shows close-up view of the antiskid and the contrivance in position.

War Bread

By Dr. Samuel G. Dixon
Commissioner of Health of Pennsylvania

Facing the great economies that must be practiced in the time of war and in the future as the population increases and the natural productions of the earth become depleted, it will be necessary for us to adjust what we have in the way of essentials. Especially is this so of foodstuffs.



wife's co-operation.

It therefore becomes important to know what combinations can be made and the relative food value of such combinations with our standard foodstuffs. One of Philadelphia's able chemists has given me a bread combination, which he has worked up with his wife's co-operation.

They use corn flour, which heretofore has been almost unknown in our domestic bakeries, and it would seem to open the way for a very large saving of our wheat flour. It must be distinctly understood first that there is a great difference between corn flour and corn meal. The corn flour in composition is practically the same as the corn meal, but it contains a little more protein and starch, and a little less moisture and fat. The shortage of fat being due to the fact that the germ is extracted before grinding. It must be further understood that you cannot replace all of the wheat flour with corn flour, as the corn contains no gluten, which is the constituent in wheat flour that makes it possible to obtain a raised dough.

However, bread and rolls made with 20 per cent of corn flour have little or no corn taste, and this is the percentage, which has been found after long experiments, to produce the best bread. The same proportion can be used also for griddle cakes, pastry and cakes.

To make bread as it is made in the average household, where a sponge is set and no accurate measure of the flour is made, the better plan is to mix a quantity of the two flours, keep it on hand and use the mixture instead of wheat flour. For a 20 per cent mixture, take one quart of corn flour and four quarts of wheat flour, mix thoroughly, preferably by putting through a flour sifter three or four times. Of course, larger quantities may be mixed at one time, keeping the proper proportion. In pastry even larger proportions of the corn flour may be used.

In making bread, pastry, etc., use this mixture in exactly the same proportions and treat it exactly as you would ordinary flour.

In nutritive value the difference between the mixed flour bread and the all-wheat flour bread is very slight. Their food value is practically the same, and if white corn flour is used the bread has the same appearance as the all-wheat bread.

This bread has a decided advantage for every-day consumption over most of the war breads made of whole wheat, oat flakes, bran, etc., by being free of the roughage, and consequently it is not irritating when used meal after meal, and day after day, and one would not be apt to tire of eating it every day.

Corn flour can be obtained from grocers, or they can get it for you, as it is regularly on the market and is being made by a number of milling companies and in cost should be cheaper than wheat flour. It should be ground as fine, or nearly as fine, as the wheat flour which you are in the habit of using.

This bread makes a 20 per cent saving of the wheat with no practical loss in food value and without any of the objectionable features of the coarser meals.

Pithy Points.

Beware of people who never get angry.

Every man has a right to keep his opinions to himself.

Success seldom comes to the man who is not expecting it.

Nature hardly ever hides a massive brain behind a pretty face.

How many times have we won out when asked to play another man's game?

One swallow may not make a summer, but a bent pin in a chair will make one spring.

Pin Money for First Lady.

A Philadelphia lawyer has provided a fund, which it is expected will yield \$12,000 a year for the wives of presidents of the United States during the term of office. In case a president should be a bachelor, the mistress of the White House, for the time being, whoever she may be, is to receive the benefit of the endowment. There have been several mistresses of the White House who were not wives of the incumbent presidents, and, remembering how graciously and gracefully they performed their tasks, one is inclined to regret that a bequest of this kind was not made long ago.—Christian Science Monitor.

Efficient Arrangement of Kitchen Will Eliminate Many Steps for Busy Housewives

"Woman's work is never done" is an expression which could be banished forever if efficiency were faithfully practiced in the homes, according to Miss Margaret Haggart, professor of domestic science in the Kansas State Agricultural college.

Poor arrangement of utensils in the kitchen is an important cause of waste. Many women double the time of making a cake because they do not group the ingredients all on the table at once. Instead, they cream the butter and sugar, then stop to get the flour or run to the ice chest for a cup of milk.

Only small kitchens can be really efficient. The large kitchen found particularly in the country, necessitates hundreds of extra steps. If stove, sink and tables are in the right relation to each other, much energy can be saved. In preparing a meal one should not have to retrace one's steps from sink to table and back again.

To make pancakes for breakfast in the efficient kitchen the housewife takes the materials from the icebox, turns a step to the right where she beats the ingredients on the surface of the cabinet, one more step to the right for the stove. With the last step to the right she lays the cakes on the serving table, and then carries them to the dining room.

Washing dishes becomes an art when labor-saving methods are used, points out Miss Haggart. For a woman five feet two inches tall, the proper height for sink, work table or ironing board is 29 inches.

The ideal arrangement of the sink provides a drain board on each side of the sink. The drainer does away with all wiping of dishes. The glass must be wiped, of course, because hot water cannot be poured on it. Hot water gives to china a polish which will be destroyed if wiped with a cloth.

Energy can be saved if the woman will sit down to work whenever possible. When one stands there is a strain to keep the body erect.

Life of a Baby Depends On Care and Decent Home Conditions Given Mother

Reports made by the federal children's bureau show that the chances for life of a baby grow appallingly less as the father's earnings grow smaller. Some of the figures quoted in the report are pathetically eloquent. The report is made upon studies of infant mortality among 13,000 babies in eight American cities, typical industrial cities of the East and middle West.

Here are some of the statistics: One-fourth of all the fathers earned less than \$550 a year. It was found that in such families one baby in every six died. Only about one-eighth of the fathers earned \$1,050 or more, and it appeared that in this class only one baby in sixteen died. It is asserted that the rise of prices and the disorganization of social and industrial life on account of the war accentuate the importance of this persistent relation of income to infant mortality.

The final deduction seems to be embodied in these words: "These studies show that to provide mothers' care and decent home conditions, the fathers must have adequate incomes. In Manchester, N. H., nearly one-fourth of the mothers whose husbands earned less than \$450 a year were gainfully employed; only about a tenth when the husband's wages were \$1,050 or over. The babies of mothers who went out to work died at more than twice the rate of more fortunate children."—Rochester Democrat and Chronicle.

Proper Clothing Prevents the Ever Obnoxious Colds

Few are aware of the importance of properly clothing our bodies to prevent taking cold, states a writer in the Christian Herald. There are two points always to be kept in mind when thinking of proper clothing. First, all clothing must be porous, or pervious, and the other is that the extremities should be kept warm.

If we recall the fact that when we live proper lives the skin exudes as much moisture in the 24 hours as the lungs do, and that the lungs and skin eliminate as much moisture as the kidneys, we see how imperative it is that we take proper care of the skin, so that it may perform its natural functions. The wearing of impervious garments prevents the escape of the perspiration and tends to disease.

If we decide to wear only porous clothing, we must exclude furs for our wardrobes; but this would upset the fashions, which would never do. And we wear furs around our necks, just the place where they should never be worn, for the neck never suffers from cold naturally. We constantly neglect the extremities, allowing them to become cold, while we wrap our necks with the skins of animals.

Win the War by Preparing the Land Sowing the Seed and Producing Bigger Crops

Work in Joint Effort the Soil of the United States and Canada
CO-OPERATIVE FARMING IN MAN POWER NECESSARY
TO WIN THE BATTLE FOR LIBERTY

The Food Controllers of the United States and Canada are asking for greater food production. Scarcely 100,000,000 bushels of wheat are available to be sent to the allies overseas before the crop harvest. Upon the efforts of the United States and Canada rests the burden of supply.

Every Available Tillable Acre Must Contribute; Every Available Farmer and Farm Hand Must Assist

Western Canada has an enormous acreage to be seeded, but man power is short, and an appeal to the United States allies is for more men for seeding operation.

Canada's Wheat Production Last Year was 225,000,000 Bushels; the Demand From Canada Alone for 1918 is 400,000,000 Bushels

To secure this she must have assistance. She has the land but needs the men. The Government of the United States wants every man who can effectively help, to do farm work this year. It wants the land in the United States developed first of course; but it also wants to help Canada. Whenever we find a man we can spare to Canada's fields after ours are supplied, we want to direct him there.

Apply to our Employment Service, and we will tell you where you can best serve the combined interests.

Western Canada's help will be required not later than April 5th. Wages to competent help, \$50.00 a month and up, board and lodging.

Those who respond to this appeal will get a warm welcome, good wages, good board and find comfortable homes. They will get a rate of one cent a mile from Canadian boundary points to destination and return.

For particulars as to routes and places where employment may be had apply to: U. S. EMPLOYMENT SERVICE, DEPARTMENT OF LABOR

Seems to Uphold Darwin's Theory.

A baby's feet show the unmistakable descent of man from a primitive creature living in trees. Its feet are turned inward, the holes being pressed together in a state of rest exactly as tree-dwelling anthropoids place them when resting. The new-born infant has legs shorter in proportion to its body length than has an adult man, exactly as the monkey has legs shorter than man.

Filial Support.

"See here, daughter, I saw young Smith kissing you last night, and instead of rebuking his conduct, you kissed him back."

"I was very angry with him, pa, but you know how you have been declaring that you believe in a strict policy of reprisals."

Is This a New One?

The Scott County Journal puts this one:

"Clarence Sellers is authority for the statement that he met C. F. Edwards one of these cold mornings and asked him how cold it was. He proceeded to take a thermometer out of his pocket and after looking at it said, 'Well, it's only 5 below now, but it was 15 when I started from home.'—Indianapolis News.

Only One "BROMO QUININE"
To get the genuine, call for full name LAKATZ
BROMO QUININE. Look for signature of R. W.
GROVE. Cures a Cold in One Day. 50c.

That Any Time.

Soubrette—What are you going to do when you're old?
Ingenu—Be a chorus girl, I suppose.

For sale by best dealers, everywhere.

CERTAIN-TEED PRODUCTS CORPORATION

Manufacturers of Certain-teed Roofing—Paints—Varnishes
Offices and Warehouses in Principal Cities in America

Scenes of Prosperity Are Common in Western Canada



The thousands of U. S. farmers who have accepted Canada's generous offer to settle on homesteads or buy farm land in her provinces have been well repaid by bountiful crops of wheat and other grains.

Where you can buy good farm land at \$15 to \$30 per acre—get 52 a bushel for wheat and raise 20 to 45 bushels to the acre you are bound to make money—that's what you can do in Western Canada.

In the provinces of Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta you can get a

HOMESTEAD OF 160 ACRES FREE
and other land at very low prices.

During many years Canadian wheat fields have averaged 20 bushels to the acre—many yields as high as 45 bushels to the acre. Wonderful crops also of Oats, Barley, and Flax. Mixed Farming is as profitable an industry as grain raising. Good schools, churches, markets, convenient climate excellent. Write for literature and particulars as to reduced railway rates to Dept. of Immigration, Ottawa, Can., or to

W. V. BENNETT
Room 4, Sec Bldg., Omaha, Neb.
Canadian Government Agent

PISO'S

W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 9-1918.

Send for a box of PAZO OINTMENT today and get immediate relief.

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

State Corporation Commission
of New Mexico.

Certificate of Comparison

United States of America } ss
State of New Mexico }

It is hereby certified, that the annexed is a full, true and complete transcript of the

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
ofLINCOLN COUNTY OIL COMPANY
(No Stockholders' Liability)
(No. 9358)

with the endorsements thereon, as same appears on file and of record in the office of the State Corporation Commission.

In Testimony Whereof, the State Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico has caused this certificate to be signed by its Chairman and the seal of said Commission, to be affixed at the City of Santa Fe on this 25th day of February, A. D., 1918.

(Seal) M. S. GROVES

Attest Chairman
Edwin F. Coard
Clerk

Certificate of Incorporation

Article One

The name of this Corporation shall be, LINCOLN COUNTY OIL COMPANY. No stock holders liability.

Article Two

The location of the principle office of this corporation is Oscura, Lincoln County, New Mexico; the agent for service of process, Ben S. Burns, Oscura, New Mexico.

Article Three

The object of this corporation is to deal in oil and all its by-products; in oil lands and oil leases; to own, drill and operate oil wells and to buy and sell such oil wells and the products of such oil wells; and to buy and sell, own and operate oil lands, leases, and oil well, tanks and pipe lines, and to do any and everything in the conduct of any part or branch of such business as the board of directors of this company think may be necessary for the successful conduct of such business; to engage in general merchandising; manufacturing; transporting; refining oils and producing the same and owning and selling its by-products in all its branches; also to engage in the live stock raising in all its branches, and to buy, sell and raise all or any kind of live stock, and to own and lease any or all lands necessary for such business; in fact, to do any and everything necessary for the successful conduct of such live stock business; to build, use or sell or lease houses and lots, and this company shall have the right to build, operate and sell or lease automobiles, auto trucks and trailers; also to buy, build, own and sell and use air-planes, air-motors, air-ships or any kind of flying machines and shall have the right to do any and everything necessary to the successful conduct of any or all of the things mentioned in this article; this company shall have the right to issue stock and bonds, and to sell the same to enable it to carry on any of the things herein mentioned, and shall have the right to buy or sell stocks or bonds of other corporations; and to buy or sell commercial paper and notes secured by real estate or chattel mortgages; and generally shall have the right to engage in mining coal, and mining, treating and shipping any kind of ore, such as copper, lead, silver, gold, iron, tin, mica, asbestos, tungsten or other precious or useful metals or clay; and to engage in making glass, pottery, and tableware, useful or ornamental, doing everything necessary to the success of any such business; also the making of brick, lime, cement, building stone, lumber, and building business generally in all its branches, doing everything necessary thereto.

Article Four

The amount of the total authorized capital stock of this com-

pany (no stockholders liability) is two hundred and fifty thousand dollars (\$250,000.00,) divided into twenty-five thousand (25,000) shares of the par value of ten dollars (\$10.00) per share.

The amount of capital stock with which the company will begin business is three thousand dollars (\$3000.00.)

Article Five

The names of the incorporators, their address and the shares subscribed by each is as follows: Ben S. Burns, Oscura, N. M., sixty shares; Robt. W. Burns, Oscura, N. M., sixty shares; Robt. E. Blaney, Oscura, N. M., sixty shares; W. H. Corwin, Oscura, N. M., sixty shares; S. F. Crews, Oscura, N. M., sixty shares. Total value par shares subscribed for, three thousand dollars (\$3000.000.)

Article Six

The period of duration of this corporation shall be fifty (50) years.

Ben S. Burns
Robert W. Burns
Robert E. Blaney
W. H. Corwin
Seth F. CrewsState of New Mexico } ss
County of Lincoln }

Before me, Chas. H. Thornton, a Justice of the Peace in Precinct No. 15, Lincoln County, New Mexico appeared; Ben S. Burns, Robt. W. Burns, Robt. E. Blaney, W. H. Corwin and Seth F. Crews, each and all of whom are personally known to me and acknowledged that they each signed and executed the above and foregoing Certificate of Incorporation as their own free will for the purpose therein stated.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF I have hereinto set my hand on this 11th day of February, 1918, A. D. Chas. H. Thornton
Justice of the Peace

ENDORSED

No. 9358

Cor. Rec'd Vol. 6, Page 478
Certificate of Incorporation of Lincoln County Oil Company (No Stockholders Liability.)
Filed in office of State Corporation Commission of New Mexico Feb. 25, 1918, 11:00 a. m.
Edwin F. Coard
Clerk

Compared JJO to MH -

STATE OF NEW MEXICO

State Corporation Commission
of New Mexico

CERTIFICATE OF COMPARISON

United States of America } ss
State of New Mexico }

It is hereby certified, that the annexed is a full, true and complete transcript of the

CERTIFICATE OF STOCKHOLDERS'
NON-LIABILITY OFLINCOLN COUNTY OIL COMPANY
(No Stockholders' Liability)
(No. 9359)

with the endorsements thereon, as same appears on file and of record in the office of the State Corporation Commission.

In Testimony Whereof, the State Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico has caused this certificate to be signed by its Chairman and the seal of said Commission, to be affixed at the City of Santa Fe on this 25th day of February, A. D., 1918.

(SEAL) M. S. Groves
Chairman
AttestEdwin M. Coard
ClerkCertificate of Stockholders'
Non-Liability

This is to certify that the undersigned, being all of the incorporators of the Lincoln County Oil Company (No Stockholders' Liability) for and on behalf of themselves, all other stockholders who may become associated with them and said corporation, do hereby declare that there shall be no stockholders' liability on account of any stock issued by said corporation, and that all stockholders of said corporation shall be exempt from all liability on account of any stock issued or held by them, except such liability for the

amount of capital stock certified to have been paid, in property or cash, at the time of the commencement of business.

EASTER IS EARLY
THIS YEAR

And we held this fact in view, while we were buying our Ladies wearing apparel. The suits, skirts, dresses and hats are arriving daily now and prettier styles never graced our store.

Spring Millinery is very chic, mushroom polk, sailor and turban shapes.

Prettier styles could never be bought.

\$4 to \$12.

Style much changed in dresses.

Foulards and plaids are much in favor.

Prices very reasonable.

\$10 to \$30.

- SILK SKIRTS -

Nothing better to start the season off with than a neat silk skirt. We are showing a beautiful line,

\$8 to \$12

ZIEGLER BROS.

...A. W. ADAMS...

Fresh Line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries

Mayer Building :: Telephone 6

Classified Ads

Service Car—Call Phone 70 for quick service to all points. Rates reasonable. Remember the number. C. D. Sandoval. ad

Colorado potatoes, \$2.65 per cwt by the sack. Feed, wholesale. Corn \$4.00 Chops \$4.10 Mill run bran \$2.65 Shorts \$3.40 per cwt. Humphrey Bro's.

Have your lunch at The Oasis Luncheonette. tf

We buy hides, pelts, furs, and pay the highest cash prices.—Ziegler Brothers.

For Sale:—Yearling and two-year-old Hereford Bulls.—The Tittsworth Company, Capitan.

For Sale—Parke Davis Company's Blacklegoids.—The Tittsworth Co.

ATTENTION

Oil Stoves, Kitchen Cabinets, Dining Tables, at lowest prices. N.B. Taylor & Sons

W. W. Stadtman
NOTARY PUBLIC
Agent for Royal Typewriters
FIRE INSURANCE

amount of capital stock certified to have been paid, in property or cash, at the time of the commencement of business.

The location of the principle office of said corporation is at Oscura, Lincoln County, New Mexico, and the agent therein, and in charge thereof, and upon whom process may be served is Ben S. Burns.

In Witness Whereof, we have hereinto set our hands this 11th day of February, 1918.

Ben S. Burns
Robert W. Burns
Robert E. Blaney
W. H. Corwin
Seth F. CrewsState of New Mexico } ss
County of Lincoln }

Before me, Chas. H. Thornton, a Justice of the Peace, of Precinct No. 15, Lincoln County, N. M., appeared Ben S. Burns, Robt. W. Burns, Robt. E. Blaney, W. H. Corwin and Seth F. Crews, each and all of whom are personally known to me, and acknowledged that they each signed and executed the above and foregoing certificate of stockholders' non-liability as their own free act and deed for the purpose therein mentioned.

In Witness Whereof, I have hereunto set my hand on this 11th day of February, 1918.
(SEAL) Chas. H. Thornton
Justice of the Peace

ENDORSED

No. 9359

Cor. Rec'd Vol. 6, Page 478
Certificate of Non-Liability of Stockholders of Lincoln County Oil Company (No Stockholders' Liability.) Filed in office of State Corporation Commission of New Mexico, Feb. 25, 1918, 11 a. m.Edwin F. Coard
Clerk

Compared JJO to MH

STATE OF NEW MEXICO
State Corporation Commission ofNew Mexico
CERTIFICATE OF FILING
United States of America } ss
State of New Mexico }

It is Hereby Certified, that

there was filed for record in the office of the State Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico, on the twenty-fifth day of February, A. D., 1918, at 11:00 o'clock a. m.

CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION AND CERTIFICATE OF STOCKHOLDERS' NON-LIABILITY OF

LINCOLN COUNTY OIL COMPANY (No Stockholders' Liability)

Wherefore: The incorporators named in said Certificate of Incorporation, and who have signed the same, and their successors and assigns, are hereby declared to be, from this date until the twenty-fifth day of February, nineteen hundred and sixty-eight, a corporation by the name and for the purposes set forth in said certificate.

Nos. 9358 and 9359

In Testimony Whereof, the State Corporation Commission of the State of New Mexico has caused this certificate to be signed by its Chairman and the seal of said Commission, to be affixed at the City of Santa Fe on this 25th day of February, A. D., 1918.

(SEAL) M. S. Groves
Chairman
Attest Edwin F. Coard
Clerk

—Subscribe for the Outlook.

—Try a Want Ad.

ONE-SIDED EFFECT

Promises to Be the Next Logical Spring Experiment.

Fiber Silk, Similar to That Used for Sweaters, Will Be Popular for Sport Suits and Dresses.

The use of jersey weaves or knitted fabrics in both silk and wool continues to be a dominant feature of garment and style development. For wear during the coming spring season fiber silk, much on the order of that used for sweaters, will be used in both sport suits and dresses. Several textile houses have brought this fabric out, giving it fanciful trade names, but it is nothing more nor less than fiber silk, which every one knows is not silk at all, but which serves as an excellent imitation and substitute for silk at a much cheaper price.

The smart little spring frock shown in the sketch may be developed effectively either in wool jersey or fiber silk, or it could be made of serge or gaberdine. The real feature of this frock is its side fastening arrangement, and it is interesting to note that the fancy for one-sided effects is evident in all lines of outer apparel for women.

Some of the smartest frocks have draperies or tunics that fall low at one side and are scarcely visible at the other side, and the same rule applies to the separate skirt.

Inasmuch as the hip drape giving a bouffant silhouette has had its day, and the back flare, or bustle, is also passing after a brief lease of life, the one-sided effect is logically the next experiment. So far many satisfactory results have been achieved.

The dress shown may be trimmed with braiding in self or contrasting color or merely in stitching with heavy floss. Or if some more elaborate trim-

POPULARITY OF FOULARD



Foulard is a popular material, but it is going to be more popular during the coming spring and summer months. This frock is made most simply, in line with war styles, but it has appeal and attraction for the buds. The apron or panel effect in front is unique. The dress is in red and white, while the front panel of white georgette has bead embroidery.

The gown is a close reefed affair, and quite narrow.

Fallie silk or silk poplin could be used for a frock of this type if something more dressy than one of the knitted weaves is desired, with heavy embroidery serving as the trimming.

WITH A NOSEGAY ON COLLAR

Embroidered Flowers in Natural Coloring Affords Pleasing Springlike Touch to the New Girlish Suits.

Two advance models for misses have a novel embroidered touch which lends them a distinct springtime atmosphere. Silk floss flowers in natural coloring embellish the right side of youthful narrow shawl collars, looking as though fresh nosegays had been tucked in.

A small pink carnation with foliage is very chic on an Eton suit of navy tricotine, which may also be worn as a dress. Black satin folds are used to define the tailored shapeliness of collar and cuffs whose curves match, as well as a horizontal barlike panel which offsets the double-breasted closing. Two flying panels, one piece above shoulder blades, give an unusual back to the Eton, for the ends of each are finished with cord fringe.

There is a one-sided tunic on the narrow skirt which completes this model. The other, a nobby suit of navy Poret twill, has a blue embroidered on it, tracings of silver thread simply marking the shadows cast by the blending shades of floss.

Oblong inset panels on the narrow belt and others of larger dimensions arranged half way between skirt section and bodice at center back and one at either side front on the skirt section help to serve as pockets, are other features that are "different."

lette. Some folk prefer a side parting, others one in the center; others, again, object to a parting at all. The modern transformation is made to suit all tastes.

The very fact that the transformation can be taken off and "dressed" before wearing completely does away with so many of the difficulties against which the "maids" woman has to contend.

Waistcoat and Collar.

The waistcoats and the collar are novel features this season of street costume, too. These waistcoats of silk or of cloth are often the one elaborate touch lending charm to the simple tailored frock.

Waistcoats of Louis XIV style and the little short waistcoat of the peasant type, or those inspired by men's waistcoats of the present day: the cotton waistcoat, imitation of the old style of our grandfathers in crettons—there is such infinite variety that one can be sure of giving to an open jacket an entirely new and interesting aspect.

GREAT DRIVE FOR SHIPYARD HELP

Call for 250,000 Volunteers to Aid in Speeding the New Merchant Fleet.

TO BE READY WHEN CALLED

Reserve Organization Formed to Complete Gigantic Program to Win War—Good Pay and Living Conditions.

The United States Shipyard Volunteers of the Public Service Reserve, a reserve organization of American mechanics, skilled workers in many lines of trade, has been formed to bring to completion the gigantic shipbuilding program necessary to win the war. Two hundred and fifty thousand workmen are to be enrolled and they will stand ready, when called to go to the shipyards and speed America's merchant fleet to completion.

An appeal for volunteers has been made by the department of labor, the council of national defense, the shipping board, the 20,000 four-minute men, governors of the various states, organized labor and business men. The aim is to fill all the present and future needs of the government's shipyards.

Pay of volunteers will be in accordance with the prevailing wage in the shipyards at the time they are called. Construction of houses for the workers is being pushed with energy, and the necessary homes will be ready when the men are called.

Preliminaries Are Arranged.

All preliminary work, such as the building of shipyards and shipways, construction of housing facilities, preparation and transportation of material, and the training of workmen, is being rushed to completion. Thus the organization of the shipyard volunteers is being hastened with energy and enthusiasm.

Volunteers are requested to go to the nearest enrollment agent of the public service reserve or state council of defense and sign up. Should there be no enrolling agent in the vicinity, they are asked to write to Edward N. Hurley, chairman of the United States shipping board, Washington.

Cards are issued to all applicants, bearing statements of the purpose of the shipyard volunteers, classifying them according to trades and asking signers to respond when called. Buttons will be given to volunteers bearing the inscription, "U. S. Shipyard Volunteers." This button is to be an honorary recognition of the wearer's willingness to sacrifice personal desires for public need. In addition, the worker will receive a certificate signed by Chairman Hurley, which reads:

"This is to certify (name of volunteer) of (city, state), has enrolled in the United States Shipyard Volunteers of Public Service Reserve to aid the nation in its imperative needs for merchant ships with which to overcome the submarine menace and maintain our forces at the front."

Quota of Each State.

Each state has been assigned a quota, based upon the population and industries. The quota is as follows:

Maine	2,972	New Jersey	11,548
New Hampshire	1,658	Pennsylvania	22,771
Vermont	1,350	Ohio	15,805
Massachusetts	3,321	Indiana	10,547
Rhode Island	2,355	Illinois	22,627
Connecticut	4,734	Michigan	11,734
New York	22,628	Wisconsin	9,611
Minnesota	2,782	Alabama	2,994
Iowa	2,531	Mississippi	7,485
Missouri	11,812	Arkansas	6,023
North Dakota	2,854	Louisiana	7,064
South Dakota	2,393	Oklahoma	2,492
Nebraska	4,430	Texas	17,025
Kansas	4,230	Montana	1,553
Delaware	81	Idaho	1,421
Maryland	4,230	Wyoming	813
Dist. of Col.	1,396	Colorado	2,823
Virginia	2,453	New Mexico	1,423
West Virginia	5,077	Arizona	888
N. Carolina	2,564	Utah	1,690
S. Carolina	2,563	Nevada	284
Georgia	11,091	Washington	2,894
Florida	2,485	Oregon	2,204
Kentucky	2,760	California	11,216
Tennessee	7,952		

Trades Needed in Shipbuilding.

The department of labor has provided the following list showing the kind of trades most needed in shipbuilding, and a special appeal is addressed to men in those occupations to enroll in the United States Shipyard volunteers:

Acetylene and electrical welders, asbestos workers, blacksmiths, angle-smiths, drop-forge men, flange turners, furnace men, boiler-makers, riveters, reamers, carpenters, ship carpenters, dock builders, chippers and calkers, electrical workers, electricians, wiremen, crane operators, foundry workers, laborers (all kinds), loftsmen, template makers, machinists and machine hands (all sorts), helpers, painters, plumbers and pipe fitters, sheet metal workers, copper-smiths, shipfitters, structural iron workers, erectors, bolters up, cementers and crane men.

Our Part

(Special Information Service, United States)

OUNCE OF PREVENTION—BUCKET



Fire on an Unprepared Farm Usually Makes a Clean Sweep.

PREVENT BLAZES ON EVERY FARM

Fire Buckets Should Be Handy in Buildings Not Otherwise Protected.

LOSS ANNUALLY IS IMMENSE

Salt in Water Keeps Emergency Supply From Freezing—Special Fire Pails With Rounded Bottom Are Most Favored.

Millions of dollars' worth of agricultural wealth—much of it food—is destroyed by fire in the United States every year. At normal prices and with an average crop it would take the value of the greater part of the potato crop of the country to offset all that is lost annually through the fires on farms.

This is a dead loss to the nation—for the fact that most individual losers are partially reimbursed through insurance does not in the least reduce the drain on our national resources—and it is a loss that is largely preventable. Simple ways to reduce this great waste are suggested in Farmers' Bulletin 904, "Fire Prevention and Fire Fighting on the Farm," issued for free distribution by the United States department of agriculture.

The fire bucket, according to the writers of the bulletin, is the oldest, simplest and cheapest fire extinguisher, and should be in every farm building and home not equipped with more elaborate fire-fighting equipment.

Round Bottom Buckets Best.

Any kind of bucket filled with water and placed handily is good, but special fire buckets with rounded bottoms like a kettle are best. There is no temptation to use such buckets for ordinary purposes and they are much more likely to be left hung on the brackets or in the round holes cut for them in shelves. Any kind of fire buckets should be specially painted or labeled and never used for any purpose other than fire fighting. They should be placed near entrances and near the top of stairways or ladders where they can easily be reached on entering the building or loft. Several buckets nested in a barrel of water are an effective device.

Needless to say, the fire buckets should always be kept filled by replacing the water lost by evaporation.

If the buckets are covered, water will not evaporate so rapidly nor get full of dust and dirt and become offensive. Water can be kept from freezing in all except very low temperatures by adding a couple of pounds of common salt to each bucketful. A single bucket of water may check a fire when the delay in getting water from a pump would allow the blaze to become uncontrollable. In buildings a long way from a water supply, a cask or tub of water from which to refill buckets is very desirable.

There is a right and a wrong way to throw water on a fire. Don't become excited. Spread the water with a sweeping motion all over the flaming material. Water thrown hastily may miss the blaze or fail to spread properly over the burning material. A fire chief of an eastern city at a demonstration put out an angry fire of

oil-soaked material by calmly applying ten cupfuls of water where they would do the most good.

Examine Beans for Poisons.

The port laboratories of the bureau of chemistry of the United States department of agriculture are giving special attention to detecting poisonous beans offered for import to this country. According to the annual report of the bureau of chemistry, the high price of beans has led to shipment of so-called Burma or Rangoon beans from Asia and tapiramos beans from South America, which are known

AMERICA'S AGRICULTURAL ARMY.

In the field of agriculture we have agencies and instrumentalities, fortunately, such as no other government in the world can show. The department of agriculture is undoubtedly the greatest practical and scientific agricultural organization in the world. Its total annual budget of \$46,000,000 has been increased during the last four years more than 72 per cent. It has a staff of 18,000, including a large number of highly trained experts, and alongside of it stand the unique land-grant colleges, which are without example elsewhere, and the 69 state and federal experiment stations. These colleges and experiment stations have a total endowment of plant and equipment of \$172,000,000 and an income of more than \$35,000,000, with 10,271 teachers, a resident student body of 125,000, and a vast additional number receiving instruction at their homes. County agents, joint officers of the department of agriculture and of the colleges, are everywhere co-operating with the farmers and assisting them. The number of extension workers under the Smith-Lever act and under the recent emergency legislation has grown to 5,500 men and women working regularly in the various communities and taking to the farmer the latest scientific and practical information. Alongside these great public agencies stand the very effective farmers themselves which are more and more learning the best methods of co-operation and the best methods of putting to practical use the assistance derived from governmental sources. — From President Wilson's message to farmers, January 31.

to yield hydrocyanic acid under some conditions. Shipments indicating the presence of hydrocyanic acid were therefore excluded as being dangerous to health. These poisonous beans are varieties of lima beans of various colors, and in shape may not be unlike the common navy bean. On careful inspection they may be distinguished from the common bean by the fact that, unlike the common bean, they show distinct striations, or stripes, radiating from the eye to the edge. There are also other less noticeable differences.

A good motto should be: "More to eat this year." To realize this grow enough garden vegetables to supply the family during the growing season and enough to can for winter.



Spring Frock Featuring One-Sided Fastening.

ming touch is required, wool embroidery may be recommended, especially if wool jersey cloth is selected for the gown.

This is a good model for an early spring street or utility frock, and is not one that would present serious difficulties even to the average home dressmaker.

HIRSUITE ADORNMENT FOR ALL

Transformation Proves Decidedly Helpful to Woman Who Have No Maid.

The balddest woman becomes beautiful, or, if her features don't permit it, at least attractive, under the magic influence of a well-made transformation, notes a fashion writer in the New York Herald. The transformations of a decade ago and today are vastly different, for modern hairdressers have so perfected this hirsute adornment that only an expert is able to detect that it is not the real thing. In other days when a woman took to a transformation to cover up a scarcity of locks she deceived only one but herself, for her artificial aid to nature was wholly apparent to curious eyes. The transformations were not well made, and no one ever mistook them for anything except just what they were.

Today all this is changed. The modern transformation is a thing of beauty and a joy forever, a comfort and a convenience without which many a woman could not make an attractive tol-



LADIES OF OUR COMMUNITY:-

The new style of garments are definitely decreed and are now on show in our store.

In black words on white paper we cannot give you a good idea of the enchanting Spring shades. Come into our store so you can also see our new styles.

We at all times keep up the quality of our garments and when we first mark them we put the price right down low.

Buy early and use and enjoy your pretty clothes just that much longer.

Carrizozo Trading Company

QUALITY FIRST—THEN PRICE

Confidence.

It is truer of a bank than of any other business enterprise, that its success depends upon the confidence of those who deal with it:

Confidence in the integrity of its officers, in their judgment, in their conservatism.

We believe that we may fairly say that the officers of this bank have well earned the confidence of the business people of this community.



The First National Bank

Carrizozo, N. M.



The Seal of Public Approval

has been placed upon our bread, rolls, cakes and pastry. The public has tried them and shows its approval by keeping on trying them right along. Why don't you give our baking a trial? You don't know what good things to eat you are missing.

PURE FOOD BAKERY

Doering Bldg. E. HANNON, Prop. Carrizozo, N. M.



Castles in the Air

become concrete realities if you found your success upon a bank book. A small sum deposited weekly will insure you against the inevitable "rainy day." The man with the bank account has a feeling of security sadly lacking in the "hail-fellow-well-met." A dollar opens an account with us and forms the habit.

THE LINCOLN STATE BANK

BANK WITH US — GROW WITH US

Rewarded With Thanks

Mrs. J. B. French has received a letter from the Red Cross headquarters at Denver, in which the officers say, "Your last shipment of furnished garments arrived in best of condition and were excellently made."

Please accept our thanks and assurance of our appreciation of your good work."

Mr. Blanchard and Red Cross

Mr. Phil Blanchard, who is an enthusiastic Red Cross worker, failed to arrive in time for the big entertainment recently held for the benefit of the society, but he did come a few days later, and made the Red Cross Chapter a present of \$25.00. The society wishes to thank Mr. Blanchard through the press, for his generosity.

Ideal Food Choppers

"Ideal Food Choppers." The greatest food saver ever invented. Set up and ready for use \$145.00 F.O.B. Deming N. M. Inquire of Chas. F. Grey, Oscuro, N. M.

Look! Look! Look! Look!

Bedsteads, Mattresses, Go-Carts, Combination Chair and Step Ladders, Furniture.—N.B. Taylor & Sons.

Mrs. Howard Crutcher has accepted the position in the Exchange Bank made vacant by the departure of Miss Grace Jones.

Miss Dulcie Smith left Monday for Iowa for a visit with relatives.

Miss Anna Helen Hicks of Tucumcari has been visiting her sister, Mrs. E. T. Collier at White Oaks for the past week.

John Baird is at Roswell attending the cattlemen's convention.

Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reilly are attending the stockmen's convention at Roswell.

Miss Faye Bush, who has been visiting Mr. Harry Comrey for the past two months has returned to El Paso to spend two weeks with her mother in that city. Miss Bush has lately been employed in Attorney Hamilton's office as stenographer.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed McCamant are visiting the Kelley family during the court period.

W. T. Sterling of Oscuro was a visitor this week.

Arthur Pepper and sister, Sarah, are attending court here this week.

Senator J. V. Tulley of Glencoe spent Sunday in this town.

J. H. Fulmer Jr. of Chicago spent several days here in the interest of the Parsons Mining Co.

Ed Meachen of Alamogordo attended court this week.

Walter Rohen was a court visitor from Three Rivers this week.

G. B. Green and L. D. Kane from the "Goat Ranch" were interesting visitors this week.

Charles Claunch spent a couple of days in town this week, stopping at the Carrizozo Eating House.

Judge and Mrs. Seth F. Crews are here this week. The Judge being interested in court matters.

Mr. Neal Bigger of the Capitan Mountaineer was in town Monday and called on the Outlook.

Piano at a Sacrifice

We have on hand in the vicinity of Carrizozo, one of our very best pianos. Pather than pay storage or reship this instrument to Denver, we will it sell to responsible party at special price on easy terms. Or, we will rent the piano with the privilege of buying later, and apply rent on purchase price. In answering, please give full references in first letter. Address Dept. A, Knight-Campbell Music Co., Denver, Colo. M8-4t

Notice of Pendency of Suit

Allie F. Stover, vs.—No. 2690. —The Unknown Heirs of Lawrence G. Murphey, deceased, and all unknown persons who claim any interest of title adverse to the plaintiff in the herein after described real estate.

In the District Court of the Third Judicial District of the State of New Mexico.

The above named defendants, the Unknown heirs of Lawrence G. Murphey, deceased, and all unknown persons who claim any interest of title adverse to the plaintiff in the hereinafter described real estate are hereby notified that there has been filed against them the above styled and numbered cause by said above named plaintiff in the above court, the nature of which action is for the purpose of quieting the title in the above named plaintiff and debarring and enjoining said above named defendants from asserting any claim whatever in and to the following described real estate situate, lying and being in Lincoln County, New Mexico, and more particularly described as follows to-wit:

BEGINNING at a point on the section line between sections 32 and 33, township 10, south, range 17 east, that is 1026 feet south of the cor-

ners common to sections 28, 29, 32, and 33—a rock set in a pile of rock and marked 18.35 on south face corner No. 1 of original survey; thence south 57 degrees 30 minutes west 1036 feet to corner No. 2, as shown on attached plat and in deeds referred to in paragraph four hereof; then south 18 degrees 08 minutes east 2760 feet to box elder tree, corner No. 3 of original survey; then north 63 degrees 02 minutes east 1528.8 feet to rock in pile of rock corner No. 4 of original survey; rock marked L 4 T on west face; thence north 0 degrees 41 minutes east 2197 feet to rock set in pile of rock marked 1-16 on south face original corner No. 5; thence south 89 degrees 37 minutes west 1374.5 feet to rock set in ground, marked 1-16 on west face, corner No. 6 of original survey thence north 0 degrees 23 minutes west 299 feet to corner No. 1 being the point of beginning, containing one hundred and thirteen and sixteen one-hundredths (113.16) acres, more or less.

Together with all water and water-rights belonging to said land.

And that said defendants and each of them are further notified that unless they enter their appearance and plead in said cause on or before the 12th day of April A. D. 1918, judgment as prayed for in said complaint will be granted.

The name of the attorney for plaintiff in the above styled and numbered cause is H. B. Hamilton, Postoffice Address Carrizozo, Lincoln County, New Mexico.

Dated at Carrizozo, New Mexico, this 28th day of February, A. D. 1918.—O. T. Nye, Clerk.—By A. H. Harvey Deputy.

YOU CAN BUY

At the Cash Store

A 52-piece, gold band pattern, Dinner Set, for	\$10.98
A 52-piece, Old Dutch pattern, Dinner Set, for	10.78
A good Broom for	.85
A No. 3 galvanized Tub	1.40
A No. 2 galvanized Tub	1.30
A No. 1 galvanized Tub	1.20
Tea Strainers	10c
Glass Percolator Tops	5c
12-qt. galvanized Pails	50c
Victor Mouse Traps	5c
Mrs. Potts Iron Handles	14c
Paring Knife	20c

: : : Tell Us Your Wants : : : :

Kelley & Son "OURS is the TRADE that SERVICE made."

Rolland's Drug Store

The House of Reliability.
Gents Cutlery, and Novelty Goods.
Smoker's Articles, News and Stationery.
Prescriptions Carefully Compounded.

ROLLAND BROTHERS,

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Carrizozo,

New Mexico