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Carrizozo Outlook, 01-04-1918

William Kabler

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CARRIZOZO OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo, and Lincoln County

VOL. XI—NO. 48

CARRIZOZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, JANUARY 4, 1918

PRICE \$2.00 PER YEAR

County Clerk And Board Honored

O. T. Nye Receives Letter Honoring Board For Work And Faithfulness

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25, 1917
To the Members of the Local
and District Boards:

You have now practically completed the great work of selecting the first contingent of the National Army. Upon you was devolved the difficult task of selecting those who can best serve with the battle flags from those whose duties and responsibilities require that they serve at home.

The successful performance of this duty has undoubtedly brought to you a proud satisfaction in the privilege to serve the Nation in the hour of need. Commendation can add little to such satisfaction, but I would not be true to my own feelings did I not extend this expression of gratitude to you for the success of this great achievement.

Many members of the Boards that they should render service without compensation as a testimonial of such service. I have directed that a copy of this letter, bearing a notation of such service, be sent individually to those who have so generously served.

WOODROW WILSON.

Official Copy
E. H. CROWDER

Provost Marshal General,
To Mr. O. T. NYE
County Clerk

Carrizozo, N. M.

Who, during the war with Germany, gratuitously rendered his services from July 10th, 1917, to January 1st, 1918, as a member of the Local Board for Lincoln County, New Mexico.

W. E. LINDSEY
Governor of New Mexico.

Entertained at Luncheon

Last Friday Morgan Reily was entertained at luncheon at the home of Ex-Gov. McDonald. It was decidedly a home affair, with Morgan Reily, Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Reily and A. H. Hudspeth as guests of the McDonald family.

Mrs Spencer Entertains

According to the understanding at the last gathering, Mrs. Truman Spencer, entertained the Auction Bridge Club last Thursday afternoon.

Arrangements were complete in every detail for the entertainment of the guests, and a two course luncheon was served in connection with the affair. The first prize was carried away by Mrs. Ira O. Wetmore, and Mrs. George Ulrich captured the second prize.

With the hostess at the head

of the list, the following named ladies attended: Mesdames Kimbell, Osborn, Bamberger, Spence, Allen, Fairbank, Wetmore, Lucas, Leon, McDonald, Sager, Ulrich, Dingwall, Crawford and Campbell.

Mrs. Harriet Kimbell and Mrs. Anna Osborn were present as guests of the Club.

Mrs. Leon will be the next lady to entertain the Club on Thursday afternoon, Jan. 17th.

Watch Party

"Say, have you heard about the party held at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Stevens Monday night? I never tell anything unless I am by myself or with someone, but I would like to slip you a word about the fine bunch of Epworth Leaguers. I never before saw so much real life. They had fun—fun of the good, wholesome kind. They were not contented to operate at one place. In a body, about fifty strong, they visited the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Fetter, to wish them every good blessing for the new year. After a pleasant hour at the Fetter home they returned to the Stevens home to watch for the coming of the new year and to say 'good-bye' to the old.

"When Father Time drew the curtain on the old year and opened the doors of the new, the young folks entered with glad hearts, each resolving, in his own words, for a higher life. If you are not in line with those Youngsters, my advice is to 'line up.' They will pin a smile on you, which is the most beautiful bouquet known to the human race, and if you are not very careful it will take root and grow on you. They say the League is to have another social soon. If it does not rain you can count on my being present. If it does rain I will give the credit to that bunch. If it rains on people according to their hospitality, the Stevens are sure to drown."

CORRESPONDENT.

Dined in Mountains

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Kimball and daughter Harriet, with Mrs. Anna Osborn as their guest, motored up to the Jicarilla mountains on New Year's day and enjoyed the scenery and weather to the extent that enabled them to dine in the open air. The weather was delightful, and the trip both going and coming was fine and made in good time, as such trips always are with Mr. Kimball at the wheel.

"Moonbeams"

Ziegler Bros. have issued a handsome calendar, "Moonbeams," which is very beautiful. A lake, a boat, and last, but not least, a beautiful young lady standing ready to occupy the boat are the principal objects of interest in the picture, under a full moon shedding its rays over the scene of beauty.

Cattle Men Will Meet Jan 10th At Albuquerque

Important Meeting Will Be Held To Further Interests And Select Delegates

Albuquerque, N. M. Jan. 4, '18.

The Third Quarterly meeting of the Executive Board of the New Mexico Cattle and Horse Growers' Association is to be held in the Court House in Tucumcari, New Mexico, Jan. 10, 1918.

By holding these meetings in different sections of the state it is hoped by the executive board to get in touch with stockmen to the end that this association be made a truly state-wide organization.

Many questions of importance to the stockmen of the state can only be handled thru a well organized body.

Thru the efforts of this association the raise of 10% on the tax valuation of cattle was reduced; and thru the cooperation of this association with other state organizations they have secured an appropriation of \$50,000 for immediate use in the fight against predatory animals and rodents.

Delegates to the annual convention of the American National Live Stock Association in Salt Lake City, Utah, January 14, 15, 16, 1918, will be selected. This meeting coming as it does before the national convention gives the stockmen of New Mexico an excellent opportunity to clarify their views and be well prepared to present their side of the questions of utmost importance to the stock industry. All interested are urged to be present.

Young Men's Club Needed

The young men of Carrizozo are sadly in need of Club rooms, where they can gather and engage in innocent amusements. This want has caused certain young business men of the town to start the ball rolling in the interest of the project.

It is planned to have club rooms, reading rooms, a gymnasium, tennis and base ball grounds. Carrizozo is a growing town, and as the place grows, the boys will grow with it. The boy of yesterday is the man of today, and as such, he naturally seeks amusement and it is up to the community to see he has it.

Now that the movement has started, the Outlook would be glad to hear from some of our people on the subject. The pages of this paper are open for you to express your views.

Shall we have a home for our young men? and if so, let us help the movement along seeing as we do, that some have already put their shoulders to the wheel.

Mr. A. B. Doveton is visiting his parents at Trinidad, Col.

Red Cross Increase in Big Drive in State

Goal Set by Rocky Mountain Division Actually to Have Been Exceeded.

Reports from the Christmas Week membership campaign of the Red Cross, while coming in slowly, indicate the entire state bid its full duty. The mark set as a goal by the Rocky Mountain division, of which New Mexico is a part, is said to have been exceeded.

The membership in San Miguel county, according to reports from Las Vegas, has been increased 400 per cent, and is now over 1,300.

The Lincoln County Chapter has increased the membership on its drive to a wonderful extent and much credit belongs to the faithful workers who, have sacrificed time and money to further the interests the cause in this section of the Rocky Mountain Division.

The following is a partial list of the increase as it appears separately. Ft. Stanton, 153, Ancho, 30, Corona, 50, Carrizozo, 180. This makes a total of 413, with several auxiliaries to be heard from.

Knitting The Sweater

BY JANE ALDEN

She could not fight, she could only sit,
And just pitch in and knit and knit.

But what went on along with the wool

Would fill the soul of a soldier full of courage and hope and brave desire

To do his best, though tried by fire.

She knit in the Chief of the U. S. A.,

With a thought of King George, across the way.

What she thought of the Kaiser would not be fit

For a lady so perfect to dare to knit!

She knit in her heart, and she knit in her hair,

And once in a while she put in prayer.

She knit in her faith in her God and her men,

And her love for her flag again and again.

A Pretty Calendar

The "Outlook" is in receipt of a beautiful calendar issued by the Stockmen's State Bank of Corona, N. M., entitled, "Fast Falls the Eventide." The picture is arranged in panel form, and describes a lake surrounded by a peaceful woodland.

Pearl Phillips Carrizozo Soldier In France

Writes Letter Home And Says Word From New Mex Is Like Months Wages

Somewhere in France, No. 15, '17

Mr. E. E. Phillips.

Dearest Father—I am sending a few lines to let you know I am well and having a fairly good time. I would like to write you about lots of interesting things, but I cannot now. Please write me a long letter about everything that you think would be interesting for me from there, as a letter from home is worth a month's pay to a fellow so far from home.

All of us boys are together—O. V. Smith, Alfred Finley, Ralph Barber, two Merchant boys, Jim Dereman and the Whitlow boys. All of us send our best to home folks and we wish our friends a Merry Xmas and Happy New Year.

Tell them my heart is tonight in New Mexico and I'm far across the sea. The band is playing "Dixie," that's where I long to be.

Your loving son, PEARL.

HIGH SCHOOL NOTES

By Miss Pearl Hyde

Miss Minnie Zeuch, Miss Ida Schimpf's successor, has been installed as principal of the High School.

The school board has not been able to secure a teacher for the commercial branch, but they hope to secure one in the near future.

The mid-term examinations will occur the coming week.

Superintendent Conway has returned from his recent trip and taken up his duties again.

Miss Christine Gokey, has returned to her school in the Duke City.

Miss Florence McKnight of Roswell, is visiting friends in Carrizozo.

Joe. Spence has returned to his school in El Paso.

Miss Violo Sexton came back from the Mesa where she has been visiting relatives during the holidays.

Don Finley left Thursday for El Paso where he is attending school.

Bernice H. Murrel, head of the High School English department, arrived in Carrizozo Tuesday, to take up her duties again.

Mayor Lutz, A. J. Lahan, and Lin Branum left for Electra, Tex. Thursday, to look over the ground of the oil field before drilling begins on Jan. 5th.

HEART OF THE SUNSET

By Rex Beach

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CHAPTER XXIV—Continued.

—24—

"Oh, I've been napping there in that chair, where I could keep one eye on you. I'm terribly selfish; I can't bear to lose one minute." After a while she said: "I've made a discovery. Father O'Malley snores dreadfully! Juanito never heard anything like it, and it frightened him nearly to death. He says the father must be a very fierce man to growl so loudly. He says, too, that he likes me much better than his mother."

It seemed to Dave that the bliss of this awakening and the sweet intimacy of this one moment more rewarded him for all he had gone through.

"I've been busy, too," she was saying. "I sent Juan to the village to learn the news, and it's not very nice. It's good we stopped here. He says Nuevo Pueblo has been destroyed, and the federal forces are all moving south, away from the border. So our troubles aren't over yet. We must reach the river tonight."

"Yes, by all means." "Juan is going with us as guide."

"You arranged everything while I snoozed, eh? I'm ashamed of myself."

Alaire nodded, then pretended to frown darkly. "You ought to be," she told him.

"My wife!" He laid his lips against her hair.

They were standing beside the window, speechless, oblivious to all except their great love, when Dolores entered to tell them that supper was ready and that the horses were saddled.

CHAPTER XXV.

The Dawn.

Juan Garcia proved to be a good guide, and he saved the refugees many miles on their road to the Rio Grande. But every farm and every village was a menace, and at first they were forced to make numerous detours. As the night grew older, however, they rode a straighter course, urging their horses to the limit, hoping against hope to reach the border before daylight overtook them. This they might have done had it not been for Father O'Malley and Dolores, who were unused to the saddle and unable to maintain the pace Juan set for them.

About midnight the party stopped on the crest of a flinty ridge to give their horses breath and to estimate their progress. The night was fine and clear; outlined against the sky were the stalks of countless sotol-plants standing slim and bare, like the upright lances of an army at rest; ahead the road meandered across a mesa, covered with grama grass and black, formless blots of shrubbery.

Father O'Malley groaned and shifted his weight. "Juan tells me we'll never reach Romero by morning, at this rate," he said; and Dave was forced to agree. "I think you and he and Alaire had better go on and leave Dolores and me to follow as best we can."

Dolores plaintively seconded this suggestion. "I would rather be burned at the stake than suffer these agonies," she confessed. "My bones are broken. The devil is in this horse." She began to weep softly. "Go, senora. Save yourself! It is my accursed fat stomach that hinders me. Tell Benito that I perished breathing his name, and see to it, when he remarries, that he retains none of my treasures."

Alaire reassured her by saying: "We won't leave you. Be brave and make the best of it."

"Yes, grit your teeth and hold on," Dave echoed. "We'll manage to make it somehow."

But progress was far slower than it should have been, and the elder woman continued to lag behind, voicing her distress in groans and lamentations. The priest, who was made of sterner stuff, did his best to bear his tortures cheerfully.

In spite of their efforts the first rosy herald of dawn discovered them still a long way from the river and just entering a more thickly settled country. Daylight came swiftly, and Juan finally gave them warning.

"We can't go on; the danger is too great," he told them. "If the soldiers are still in Romero, what then?"

"Have you no friends hereabouts who would take us in?" Dave inquired. The Mexican shook his head.

Dave considered for a moment. "You must hide here," he told his companions, "while I ride on to Romero and see what can be done. I suspect Blasco's troops have left, and in that case everything will be all right."

"Suppose they haven't?" Alaire inquired. All night she had been in the high seat of moods, and had steadily re-

fused to take their perils seriously. Now her smile chased the frown from her husband's face.

"Well, perhaps I'll have breakfast with them," he laughed.

"Silly. I won't let you go," she told him, firmly; and, reading the expression in her face, he felt a dizzy wonder. "We'll find a nice secluded spot; then we'll sit down and wait for night to come. We'll pretend we're having a picnic."

Dolores sighed at the suggestion. "That would be heaven, but there can be no sitting down for me."

Garcia, who had been standing in his stirrups scanning the long, flat road ahead, spoke sharply: "Caramba! Here come those very soldiers now!"

"Far away, but evidently approaching at a smart gait, was a body of mounted men. After one look at them Dave

cried: "Into the brush, quick!" He hurried his companions ahead of him, and when they had gone perhaps a hundred yards from the road he took Juan's repeater, saying: "Hide in a little way farther and wait. I'm going back. If you hear me shoot, break for the river. Hide hard and keep under cover as much as possible." Before they could remonstrate he had wheeled Montrosa and was gone.

This was luck, he told himself. Ten miles more and they would have been safe, for the Rio Grande is not a difficult river either to ford or to swim. He dismounted and made his way on foot to a point where he could command a view, but he had barely established himself when he found Alaire at his side.

"Go back," he told her. But she would not, and so they waited together. There were perhaps a dozen men in the approaching squad, and Dave saw that they were heavily accoutred. They

rode fast, too, and at their head galloped a large man under a wide-brimmed felt hat. It soon became evident that the soldiers were not uniformed. Therefore, Dave reasoned, they were not federalists, but more probably some rebel scouting band from the south, and yet—He rubbed his eyes and stared again.

Dave pressed forward eagerly, incredulously; the next instant he had broken cover with a shout. Alaire was at his side, clapping her hands and laughing with excitement.

The cavalcade halted; the big man tumbled from his saddle and came straddling through the high grass, waving his hat and yelling.

"Blaze! You old scoundrel!" Dave cried, and seized one of the ranchman's palms while Alaire shook the other.

"Say! We're right glad to see you!" Jones exclaimed. "We reckoned you might be havin' a sort of unpleasantness with Longorio, so we organized up and came to get you."

The other horsemen were crowding close now, and their greetings were noisy. There were the two Guzman boys, Benito Gonzales, Phil Strange, and a number of Jonesville's younger and more adventurous citizens.

In the midst of the tumult Benito inquired for his wife, and Dave relieved his anxiety by calling Dolores and Father O'Malley. Then, in answer to the questions showered upon him, he swiftly sketched the story of Alaire's rescue and their flight from La Feria.

When he had finished Blaze Jones drew a deep breath. "We're mighty glad you got out safe, but you've kicked the legs from under one of my pet ambitions. I sure had planned to nail Longorio's hide on my barn door. Yes, and you've taken the bread out of

the mouths of the space writers and sob sisters from here to Hudson's bay. Miz Austin, your picture's in every newspaper in the country, and, believe me, it's the worst atrocity of the war."

"War!" Father O'Malley had joined the group now, and he asked, "Has war been declared?"

"Not yet, but we've got hopes." To Alaire Blaze explained: "Ellsworth's in Washington, wavin' the Stars and Stripes and singin' battle hymns, but I reckon the government figures that the original of these newspaper pictures would be safe anywhere. Well, we've got our own ideas in Jonesville, so some of us assembled ourselves and declared war on our own hook. These gentlemen"—Blaze waved his hand proudly at his neighbors—"constitute the Jonesville Guards, the finest body of American men that has invaded Mexican soil since me and Dave went after Ricardo Guzman's remains. Blamed if I ain't sorry you sidetracked our expedition."

It was evident, from the words of the others, that the Jonesville Guards were indeed quite as heedless of international complications as was their commander. One and all were highly incensed at Longorio's perfidy, and, had Alaire suggested such a thing, it was patent that they would have ridden on La Feria and exacted a reckoning from him.

Such proof of friendship affected her deeply, and it was not until they were all under way back toward Romero that she felt she had made her appreciation fully known. When she reflected that these men were some of the very neighbors whom she had shunned and slighted, and whose honest interest she had so habitually misconstrued all these years, it seemed very strange that they should feel the least concern over her. It gave her a new appreciation of their chivalry and their worth; it filled her with a humble desire to know them better and to strengthen herself in their regard. Then, too, the esteem in which they held Dave—her husband—gratified her intensely. It made no more difference to them than to her that he was a poor man, a man without authority or position; they evidently saw and loved in him the qualities which she saw and loved. And that was as it should be.

They were gentle and considerate men, too, as she discovered when they told her, bit by bit, what had happened during her absence. She learned, much to her relief, that Ed's funeral had been held, and that all the distressing details of the inquiry had been attended to. Jose Sanchez, it appeared, had confessed freely. Although her new friends made plain their indignation at the manner of Ed's taking away, they likewise let her know that they considered his death only a slight loss, either to her or to the community. Not one of them pretended it was anything except a blessing.

THE JOURNEY DREW TO AN END VERY QUICKLY. Romero, deserted now by its garrison, stirred and stared sleepily at the invaders, but concerned itself with their presence no more than to wonder why they laughed and talked so spiritedly. Plainly, these gringos were a barbarous race of people, what with their rushing here and there, and with their loud, senseless laughter. God had wisely placed them beyond the Rio Grande, said the citizens of Romero.

The crossing was made; Alaire found herself in Texas once again, and it seemed to her that the sun had never been so bright, the air so clear, the sky so high, the world so smiling, as here and now. The men who had ridden forth to seek her were smiling, too, and they were shaking her hands and congratulating her. Even the Guzman boys, who were shy in the presence of American ladies, were wishing her the best of fortune and the greatest of happiness.

Blaze Jones was the last to leave. With especial emphasis upon her name, she said: "Miz Austin, Paloma and me would like to have you come to our house and stay until you feel like goin' back to Las Palmas."

When Alaire declined with moistened eyes, explaining that she could not well accept his invitation, he signified his understanding.

"We're goin' to see a lot of you, just the same," he promised her, "cause we feel as if you sort of belonged to us. There's a lot of good people in this part of Texas, and them that ain't so good, God and the rangers is slowly weedin' out. We don't always know the ones we like best until something happens to 'em, but if you'd heard the prayers the folks of Jonesville have been sayin' lately you'd know you was our favorite." Then, with a meaning twinkle in his eye, he told her, gravely: "It seems a pity that I ain't younger and better-lookin'. I would sure cut short your grief." Then he raised his hat and rode away, chuckling.

Alaire turned to Dave in dismay. "He knows!" she cried.

"I'm afraid they all know. But don't worry; they'll respect our wishes."

Father O'Malley had ridden on ahead with Benito and Dolores; Dave and Alaire followed leisurely. Now that the moment of their parting was at hand, they lingered by the way, delaying it as long as possible, feeling a natural constraint at what was in their minds.

"How long—will it be?" he asked her, finally. "How long before I can really have you for my own?"

Alaire smiled into his eyes. "Not long. But you'll be patient, won't you, dear?"

He took her hand in his and they rode on silently, a song in the heart of each of them.

(THE END.)

THIS SEAL HAD CURIOSITY

Mammal Got Into Trouble Through Nosing Around Too Promiscuously Among Strangers.

Seals are very plentiful among the Orkneys, and are sometimes caught when asleep on the skerries. They are attracted by musical sounds, and at one time a considerable number were said to make their appearance in the bay of Hoy when the bell of the parish church close by was rung.

Seals are usually much on their guard against the approach of men, but when unmolested frequently come close to boats or people ashore. An instance of this occurred recently off Skraill bay, in Sandwick, where some yaws were at haddock fishing, a writer in the Edinburgh Scotsman says.

A seal made its appearance, and showed great curiosity as to what was going on. It swam repeatedly between two boats a short distance apart, and ultimately devoted its attention to one of them, diving under the boat and coming up first on one side and then on the other. At last it made a spring at a fish which was being hauled out of the water on a hand line. It failed to get a proper hold, but the fish was thrown back to afford another chance, which the seal quickly seized. It kept so near that eventually one of the fishermen got hold of its tail, and by the assistance of another it was taken into the boat.

It was a young one, about three feet in length. It did not seem to appreciate its new quarters, and made strenuous efforts to escape, but was kept a pris-

oner until the fishing ceased, and then taken ashore. Subsequently the seal was restored to its native element, which it seemed to appreciate all the more after its detention.

Trial by Ordeal in Early Days.

Trial by ordeal goes back to earliest days, and in the Book of Numbers there is a case recorded of a Hebrew woman having been required to submit to a test. Among the Hindus the ordeal has been practiced by fire, by water, by poison or drinking water in which dainties had been washed, by chewing rice, by hot oil, by red-hot iron, and by drawing two images out of a jar. Livingstone described the practice as being common among all negro races north of the Zambesi, the natives having the greatest faith in its efficacy. And it has not always failed, or the trepidation of the criminal before the dreaded ordeal has frequently betrayed him.

On Floor of the Ocean.

It is believed that to an enormous extent the bed of the ocean is covered with lava and pumice stone. Still more remarkable is it to find the floor of the ocean covered in many parts with the dust of meteorites. These bodies whirl about in the heavens like miniature comets, and are for the most part broken into innumerable fragments.

A Simpler Life.

The man who has begun to live more seriously within begins to live more seriously without.—Phillips Brooks

Save 9%
By Buying
Ever Reliable
CASCARA QUININE
No advance in price for this 25-year-old remedy—25c for 24 tablets—some sold tablets now 26c for 24 tablets—Figured on proportionate cost per tablet, you save 9% when you buy
Hill's—Cures Cold
in 24 hours—grip
in 3 days—Money
back if it fails.
24 Tablets for 25c.
At any Drug Store

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED
by CUTTER'S BLACKLEG PILLS
BLACK LEG
Whoever looks and feels like a
15-dose pkg. Blackleg Pills, \$1.00
50-dose pkg. Blackleg Pills, \$4.00
Use any liniment, but Cutter's simplest and strongest.
The superiority of Cutter products is due to over 15
years of experience in practicing and testing
PHILEAS CUTTER, JR., 1150 Broadway, New York City.
The Cutter Laboratory, Berkeley, California

River of Liberty Pennies.
A new dignity is thrust upon the little bronze coin—useful chiefly hitherto as a means of furnishing us with the world's intelligence. Now the penny takes the front line as a fighter for freedom. Soldiers and sailors will be clothed and armed and fed by them; enemy trenches will be shattered by them; the flag will be carried forward on their current to speedier and greater victory. Why so mean as to grudge them a grout of the inconvenience? Fit emblem of democracy, let there be reverence and gladness in their giving, whether from the hand of a little child or the coin pocket of a millionaire. Let us be a nation of cheerful taxpayers. All hail the Liberty pennies.—Chicago Evening Post.

Important to Mothers
Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, that famous old remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the
Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher*
In Use for Over 30 Years.
Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

In Indianapolis.
"If it's not one thing, it's another," exclaimed an angry passenger on a College avenue car about 5:30 o'clock one evening, says the Indianapolis News. The car was jammed doors and the brakes were wing. This required stop crossings in Massachusetts means of the reverse, many off their feet. When reached College avenue the one hundred or more passengers were ordered to take the next car, as the damaged car was going to the barn.
The "next" car was like all the ers—loaded to the guards. About squeezed on the "next" car and about 80 were left to pay additional fare on other cars that followed at irregular intervals.

The Quinine That Does Not Effect Head
Because of its tonic and laxative effect, Laxative Quinine can be taken by anyone without causing nervousness or dizziness in the head. There is only one "Laxative Quinine."—A. W. GROVES' signature is on box. 50c.

Newfoundland's Sailing Fleet.
Losses of sailing vessels in the Newfoundland trade through storms, German raiders and submarines since the war started have been more than made up by building within the colony and purchases abroad, observes a correspondent. The Newfoundland sailing fleet now numbers 125 vessels, and 17 more are on the stocks, the total of 142 making the largest locally owned fleet in a generation. This is exclusive of boats used only in the island trade. The fleet, made up of schooners ranging from 100 to 400 tons, has a capacity which will enable the colony to take to foreign markets in Newfoundland bottoms the entire catch of cod in island waters, estimated at about 1,500,000 quintals or 168,000,000 pounds.

Smile on wash day. That's when you use Red Cross Bag Blue. Clothes whiter than snow. All grocers. Adv.

Clothes and Mental Attitude.
Clothes do help the mental attitude more than many realize. Let us not fail to take advantage of this means of keeping ourselves well balanced; of keeping emotions under control, now and all through the time that our men are fighting so valiantly, so surely, for our safety and the safety of those who shall come after us.—Exchange.

A Fitting Title.
"What does Dauber call his sketch of the moonshiners' camp?"
"A study in still life."

Graft that doesn't come out in the washing may show up in the ironing.

When Your Eyes Need Care
Try Murine Eye Remedy
No Smarting—Just Soft Comfort. It gets at the source of trouble. Write for Free Book. MURINE EYE REMEDY CO., CHICAGO

AGRICULTURE THE MAINSTAY OF THE NATION

The United States and Canada Have a Great Responsibility.

This is the day when the farmer has his innings. The time was when he was dubbed the "farmer," the "mossback," and in a tone that could never have been called derisive, but still there was in it the intimation that he was occupying an inferior position. The stiff upper lip that the farmer carried, warding off any approach that his occupation was a degrading one. His hour arrived, though, and for some years past he has been looked up to as occupying a high position.

Agriculture, by a natural trend of economic conditions, stands out today in strong relief, as the leader in the world's pursuits. Never in the nation's history have the eyes of the world been so universally focused on the farm. The farmer is the man of importance; the manufacturer of its most necessary product, and he now enjoys the dual satisfaction of reaping a maximum of profit, as a result of his operations, while he also becomes a strong factor in molding the world's destinies.

Manufacturers, business men, professional men and bankers realize the importance of agriculture, and gladly acknowledge it as the twin sister to commerce. In commercial, financial and political crisis, the tiller of the soil takes the most important place. Maximum prices, the highest in many decades, show the world's recognition of the necessary requirement for more farm stuffs. The time was coming when this would have been brought about automatically, but war time conditions urged it forward, while the farmer was able to secure land at reasonable prices. Throughout several of the Western states this condition exists, as also in Western Canada.

Never has such a condition been known in commercial life. It is truly an opportunity of a lifetime. Large and small manufacturing concerns and practically every other line of business have been limited in their profits to the point of almost heroic sacrifice, while it is possible today to reap dividends in farming unequalled in any other line.

Thirty, and as high as fifty bushels of wheat per acre at \$2.20 per bushel and all other farm produce on a similar basis, grown and produced on land available at from \$15 to \$40 per acre represents a return of profit despite higher cost of labor and machinery, that, in many cases runs even higher than 100% of an annual return on the amount invested. Such is the present day condition in Western Canada. How long it will last, no one can foretell. Prices for farm produce will likely remain high for many years. Certainly, the low prices of past years will not come again in this generation. The lands referred to, are low in price at present, but they will certainly increase to their naturally productive value as soon as the demand for them necessitates this increase, and this day is not far distant. This demand is growing daily; the farmer now on the ground is adding to his holdings while prices are low; the agriculturist on high priced lands is realizing that he is not getting all the profit that his neighbor in Western Canada is securing; the tenant farmer is seeking a home of his own, which he can buy on what he was paying out for rent, and many are forsaking the crowded cities to grasp these unprecedented opportunities.

The tenant farmer, and the owner of high priced land, is now awakening to the realization that he is not getting the return for his labor and investment that it is possible to secure in Western Canada. Thousands are making trips of inspection to personally investigate conditions and to acquaint themselves with the broadening benefits derived by visiting Western Canada. Such trips awaken in a progressive man that natural desire to do bigger things, to accomplish as much as his neighbor, and frequently result in convincing and satisfying him that God's most fertile outdoors, with a big supply of nature's best climatic and health-giving conditions lies in Western Canada.

The days of pioneering are over; the seeker after a new home travels

through all parts of the country on the same good railway trains as he has been accustomed to at home, but on which he has been accorded a special railway rate of about one cent a mile. He finds good roads for automobiles and other traffic; rural telephone lines owned by the provincial governments; rural schools and churches situated conveniently to all; well appointed and homelike buildings, and everywhere an indication of general prosperity; cities and towns with all modern improvements, and what is the most convincing factor in his decision, a satisfied and prosperous people, with a whole hearted welcome to that country of a larger life and greater opportunities.

To Western Canada belongs the distinguished honor of being the holder of all world's championships in wheat and oats for both quality and quantity. For many years in succession Western Canada has proven her claim for supremacy in the most keenly contested National exhibitions and to her is credited the largest wheat and oat yields America has known. The natural conditions peculiar to Western Canada and so adaptable to grain growing has been an insurmountable barrier for her competitors to overcome. In the last few years the yields of wheat and oats per acre have surprised the agricultural world. As much as sixty bushels of wheat per acre has been grown on some farms, while others have furnished affidavits showing over fifty bushels of wheat per acre, and oats as high as one hundred and twenty bushels per acre. One reputable farmer makes affidavit to a crop return of over fifty-four thousand bushels of wheat from a thousand acres. While this is rather the exception than the rule, these yields serve to illustrate the fertility of the soil and the possibilities of the country, when good farming methods are adopted. Western Canada can surely lay undisputed claim to being "The World's natural bread basket."—Advertisement.

A Hard Proposition.

"It takes you a long time to sell that lady a cage for her parrot."

"I'm doing the best I can," said the clerk.

"Our stock is large. Can't you suit her?"

"I think I could suit her, but she's trying to get the parrot to make a selection."

Vegetable Products for Flour.

Trinidad government experts who have been experimenting have found that several native vegetable products can be economically and successfully ground into flour for use with wheat in bread.

Catarrhal Deafness Cannot Be Cured

by local applications as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure Catarrhal Deafness, and that is by a constitutional remedy. HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE acts through the blood on the mucous surfaces of the system. Catarrhal Deafness is caused by an inflamed condition of the mucous lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube is inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed, Deafness is the result. Unless the inflammation can be reduced and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing may be destroyed forever. Many cases of Deafness are caused by Catarrh, which is an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for any case of Catarrhal Deafness that cannot be cured by HALL'S CATARRH MEDICINE.

All Druggists & Co. Circulars free.

F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio.

English Women in France.

Hundreds of women in the British army auxiliary corps are working in France, some in the bases and others in the country quarters near base towns, states the San Francisco Argonaut. For ordinary clerical work 23s. to 27s. a week is paid; for superior and shorthand typists, 28s. to 32s., with overtime paid 7d. to 9d. an hour. A bonus of five pounds is paid for 12 months' service. Uniforms, khaki coat-tracks, with stockings and shoes, are provided free. The maximum for board and lodging is 14s. a week.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take LAXATIVE BROMO QUININE Tablets.
Immediate relief money if it fails to cure. M. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 50c.

A Foolish Query.

"In a certain office building I saw the other day a placard posted near the elevator, calling attention to the necessity of conserving coal, and stating that in view of such need:

"Our elevator service will be reduced. Our lighting service will be reduced."

At the bottom of which some tenant had feelingly written:

"Will our rent be reduced, too?"—Boston Post.

Some things are hard to explain and also quite unsafe.

"HUNS" IMPOSED ABSURD FINES

State Department Archives at
Washington Record the
Story of Sissone.

COMMUNE UNABLE TO PAY

Von Buelow, on That Account, Threatened to Destroy Home of Prince of Monaco, Who Appealed to President Wilson.

The universally condemned German system of extorting money from captured communities is shown by the following documents published by the committee on public information:

A striking illustration of the fierce brutality of German methods is contained in the archives of the state department, because the prince of Monaco appealed to President Wilson against the injustice of a fine imposed upon a small and impoverished village. The following documents from the state department archives tell the story. They need no comments.

"Paris, Oct. 27, 1914.

"Secretary of State, Washington.

"Prince of Monaco called this morning and asked that the following case be submitted to the president:

"Prince states that General von Buelow for weeks has been inhabiting prince's ancestral chateau near Reims, historical monument, containing works of art and family heirlooms; that Von Buelow has imposed fine of 500,000 francs on village of Sissone some miles distant from chateau, because of broken glass found on road near village. Sissone being unable alone to pay has raised with a number of other neighboring villages 125,000 francs, but Von Buelow has sent two messengers from Sissone to prince that unless latter pays fine for Sissone the chateau and adjoining village, as well as Sissone, will be destroyed on November 1st. Prince has answered refusing to pay sum now but willing to give his word as German emperor that amount would be paid after removal of danger of fresh war incidents. Prince now fearful lest returning messengers, as well as male employees on his estate, be shot because of refusal to pay.

"I have arranged meeting this afternoon between Spanish ambassador and prince, to whom I have suggested that matter be presented to German government through Spanish ambassador at Berlin inasmuch as prince's threatened property is in France."

"HERRICK."

Von Buelow's Threat.

"To the Mayor of the Commune of Sissone.

"It has been conclusively proven that the road between Sissone and the railway station of Montaigne was, on September 18th, strewn with broken glass along a distance of one kilometer and at intervals of 50 meters, for the purpose, no doubt, of impeding automobile traffic.

"I hold the commune of Sissone responsible for this act of hostility on the part of its inhabitants, and I punish the said community by levying upon it a contribution of 500,000 francs (five hundred thousand francs).

"This sum must be entirely paid into the treasury of the Etape by October 15th.

"The inspection of the Etape now at Montcornet has been directed to enforce execution of this order.

"The General Commander in Chief of the Army.

"VON BUELOW."

Protest of Prince of Monaco.

Monaco, Oct. 22nd, 1914.

"Sire:

"I forward to your majesty several documents relating to a very grave and urgent matter.

"The General von Buelow has caused to be occupied since one month and a half my residence of Marchais, situated at five kilometers from the village of Sissone. The general has levied upon the 1,500 inhabitants of this poor ruined village a war contribution of 500,000 francs, of which they are unable to pay more than one-quarter. Moreover, he has sent to me two emissaries bearing a document in which he threatens to destroy my property and the village of Marchais, over and above that of Sissone, in the event of my not disbursing myself the sum in question before the end of the month of October.

"That is how a Prussian general treats a reigning prince who for 45 years has been a friend to Germany, and who in all the countries of the world is surrounded with respect and gratitude for his work.

"In reply to the summons of the General von Buelow I have given my word of honor to complete the above contribution in order to avert a hor-

rible action accomplished in cold blood, but adding that as a sovereign prince I submit this matter to the judgment of the emperor by declaring that the said sum shall be paid when the Chateau de Marchais will be free from the danger of intentional destruction.

"I am, with great respect, your majesty's devoted servant and cousin,

"ALBERT, Prince of Monaco."

Letter Addressed to Von Buelow.

"Monaco, Oct. 22, 1914.

"To avert from the commune of Sissone and that of Marchais the rigorous treatment with which you have threatened them, I give my word of honor to remit to his majesty, the Emperor William, should the war come to an end without intentional damage being caused to my residence or to these two communes, the necessary sum to complete the amount of 500,000 francs imposed by you upon Sissone.

"As a sovereign prince, I wish to deal in this matter with the sovereign who, during 15 years, called me his friend and has decorated me with the Order of the Knight of the Black Eagle.

"My conscience and my dignity place me above fear, as also my personal will shall elevate me above regret; but should you destroy the Chateau de Marchais, which is one of the centers of universal science and charity, should you reserve to this archaeological and historical gem the treatment you have given to the Cathedral of Reims—when no reprehensible action has been committed there—the whole world will judge between you and myself.

"I tender to your excellency the expression of my high regard.

"ALBERT, Sovereign Prince of Monaco."

Deportations and Forced Labor.

Until the present war the whole civilized world has boasted of its advance in humanity. This advance has been marked in many fields, and in none has greater progress been made than in the protection to be given to the private citizen in an invaded country. As far back as 1863, in the "Instructions for the Government of Armies of the United States in the Field," the United States declared:

"23. Private citizens are no longer murdered, enslaved, or carried off to distant parts, and the inoffensive individual is as little disturbed in his private relations as the commander of the hostile troops can afford to grant in the overruling demands of a vigorous war.

"24. The almost universal rule in remote times was, and continues to be with barbarous armies, that the private individual of the hostile country is destined to suffer every privation of liberty and protection, and every disruption of family ties. Protection was, and still is with uncivilized people, the exception."

Reversion to Barbarism.

These declarations were made in the midst of our Civil war—one of the world's fiercest conflicts. A half-century later, after more than 50 years of progress, the German government has gone back to the methods used by "barbarous armies" and "uncivilized people." It has deliberately adopted the policy of deporting men and women, boys and girls, and of forcing them to work for their captors; it has even compelled them to make arms and munitions for use against their allies and their own flesh and blood.

No other act of the German government has aroused such horror and detestation throughout the civilized world. Thousands of helpless men and women, boys and girls, have been enslaved. Families have been broken up. Girls have been carried off to work—or worse—in a strange land, and their relatives have not known where they have been taken, or what their fate has been.

Whitlock's Story of Horrors.

In less moving phrases, but in deadly corroboration, the continuation of the report of Minister Whitlock says:

"The rage, the terror, and despair excited by this measure all over Belgium were beyond anything we had witnessed since the day the Germans poured into Brussels. The delegates of the commission for relief in Belgium, returning to Brussels, told the most distressing stories of the scenes of cruelty and sorrow attending the seizures. And daily, hourly almost, since that time appalling stories have been related by Belgians coming to the legation. It is impossible for us to verify them, first because it is necessary for us to exercise all possible tact in dealing with the subject at all, and secondly because there is no means of communication between the Occupations-Gebiet and the Etappen-Gebiet. Transportation everywhere in Belgium is difficult, the vicinal railways scarcely operating any more because of the lack of oil, while all the horses have been taken. The people who are forced to go from one village to another must do so on foot or in vans drawn by the few miserable horses that are left. The wagons of the breweries, the one institution that the Germans have scrupulously respected, are hauled by oxen.



Do Your Cows Fall to Clean?

This is a serious condition and requires prompt attention.

Dr. David Roberts' Cow Cleaner

gives quick relief. Keep it on hand and prevent the ruin of your cow.

Read the Practical Home Veterinarian

and for free booklet on "Altering in Cows" if no dealer in your town, write Dr. David Roberts' Vet. Co., 109 Grand Avenue, Waukegan, Wis.



Enquire for the Wilson Never Break Trace

Guaranteed

J. H. WILSON SADDLERY CO. DENVER



PARKER'S HAIR BALM

A toilet preparation of merit. Helps to eradicate dandruff. For restoring color and beauty to gray or faded hair. Use and find it at drug stores.



W. N. U., DENVER, NO. 52-1917.



Quiet Man Had a Few.

There was the usual collection of drummers in the smoking room, and among them the inevitable quiet man. Conundrums had been the order of the evening and the fun waxed fast and furious.

Then the quiet man spoke.

"It's easy," he began, "to answer such riddles as 'Why is your hat like a baby?' which only contain one simile, but some of those with two and more are twisters. For instance, what is the difference between the son of a millionaire, an organ and a gum pot?"

"I give it up," said the mustard traveler, who was generally very hot at guessing riddles.

"The son of a millionaire is an heir to millions, while an organ has a million airs. See?"

"But what about the gum pot?" inquired the hosiery representative.

"Oh, that's just where you stick," replied the quiet man.

CUTICURA HEALS SORE HANDS

That Itch, Burn, Crack, Chap and Bleed—Tried Free.

In a wonderfully short time in most cases these fragrant, super-creamy emollients succeed. Soak hands on retiring in the hot suds of Cuticura Soap, dry and rub Cuticura Ointment into the hands for some time. Remove surplus ointment with soft tissue paper.

Free sample each by mail with Book. Address postcard, Cuticura, Dept. L, Boston. Sold everywhere.—Adv.

His Sisters and Brothers.

A little boy was asked "How many sisters and brothers have you, James?" He replied, "I have two sisters and one brother, and I'm him."

Rather Mixed.

"I would not dignify that charge with my notice."

"No, I suppose a reply wouldn't answer."

Red Cross Bag Blue, much better, goes farther than liquid blue. Get from any grocer. Adv.

Sparing Him.

"Butter is high, dearie," ventured the economical husband.

"I know it. So shut your eyes."

"Eh?"

"And then you won't see how much I have to put on your toast."

The Poor Are Cheerful.

There is more cheer among the poor than there is among the rich—there are so many more poor people in the world.—Exchange.

BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP

Why use ordinary cough remedies, when Boschee's German Syrup has been used so successfully for fifty-one years in all parts of the United States for coughs, bronchitis, colds settled in the throat, especially lung troubles. It gives the patient a good night's rest, free from coughing, with easy expectoration in the morning, gives nature a chance to soothe the inflamed parts, throw off the disease, helping the patient to regain his health. Sold in all civilized countries. 80 and 90 cent bottles.—Adv.

Hotels Favor Conservation.

More than 90 per cent of the better class hotels of the United States have signed pledges for food conservation including one meatless day and one wheatless day each week.

Fame is but a bubble. The laurel wreath is less strenuous than a barrel hoop.

Jamaica's 1916 imports were valued at \$15,120,236; exports, \$18,729,537.

EAT SKINNER'S THE BEST MACARONI

MY FAVORITE

For every home

MADE IN U.S.A.

Kansas Germ Free Fluid Vaccine

with a proven record on over half a million calves, has by actual test made good everywhere and has stood the test of time. It is safe to use at any time. Cannot give the disease to calves or spread disease in pastures. It is easy to administer. Leading cattlemen are using it exclusively—ask any of them.

Write us for names and free book on blackleg.

THE KANSAS BLACKLEG SERUM CO.
101 Stockyards Exchange Denver, Colo.

THE OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo and Lincoln County, New Mexico.

A. L. BURKE, Editor and Publisher.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

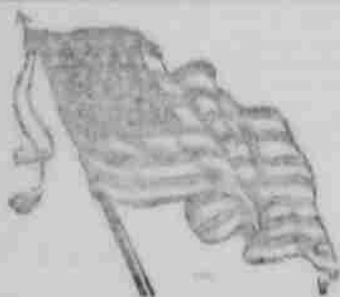
Entered as second-class matter January 5, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.

Advertising forms close Wednesday at noon four business days Thursday night. All you do not receive, our paper regularly, please notify the Publisher. Advertising rates on application.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES
ONE YEAR, in Advance \$2.50
SIX MONTHS in Advance \$1.50

OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, JANUARY 4, 1918



YOUR FLAG AND MY FLAG

Vocational Training

New Mexico may now have schools like those of Denmark, schools in which vocational education is carried to a high mark of efficiency; schools in which the youth above 14 years of age may acquire a practical education—something more than "book learning."

W. F. Cramer, expert in the agricultural side of vocational training has been here representing the government and explaining certain provisions of the bill. He left for Oklahoma yesterday evening, after discussing many of the details connected with getting the federal aid which will steadily increase year after year until 1923, when a fixed sum will be named to carry on the work.

The aid will go to three branches of vocational training: Agriculture, trades and industries, home economics.

Different views are expressed on the subject however, as some claim that in the county of Lincoln, for instance, where a very small amount of agriculture is carried on compared with others, that a youth would, if educated in vocations valuable to himself, be compelled to resort to mining and stock raising principally.

This training, of course would be highly beneficial, providing the student remained in one location long enough but should he change his address and take up his residence where the country is adapted to agriculture, his former studies would be of no benefit to him, and therefore his time would be wasted.

However, it will be a new experience for New Mexico, and the leaders of the movement will doubtless make the necessary provisions that will clear up the matter and give a better understanding to all localities concerned.

Parcel Post Water Service

The Post Office Department has established coastwise parcel post water routes to facilitate service for the cantonments, which will operate to relieve the war-time congestion.

Democratic Military

The following paragraph of Army Regulations is the only rule existing regarding the relationship between officers and enlisted men:

Superiors are forbidden to injure those under their authority by tyrannical or capricious conduct or by abusive language.

While maintaining discipline and the thorough and prompt performance of military duty, all officers, in dealing with enlisted men, will bear in mind the absolute necessity of treating them so as to preserve their self-respect. Officers will keep in as close touch as possible with the men under their command, will strive to build up such relations of confidence and sympathy as will insure the free approach of their men to them for council and assistance. This relationship may be gained and maintained without relaxation of the bonds of discipline and with great benefit to the service as a whole.

Changes Ruling

The Food Administration changes its rule prohibiting the bakers from selling less than a pound of bread to consumers, to prevent working a hardship on the poor of New York. These people, many of them foreigners, buy bread from the big loaves by the penny and two-penny slice, and have not the money to buy in larger quantities. The weight requirements for baking are not changed.

Rolls are limited to not less than 1 ounce nor more than 3 ounces each.

No Wool Shortage Exists

"Cloth manufacturers in the United States have been impelled by fear to carry abnormal stocks of wool, and to contract with dealers and importers for unusual quantities for foreign delivery. Manufacturers of clothing have been infected by a like dread, inciting the purchase of cloth exceeding in volume their reasonable needs.

"The consumption of wool during 1918 will be little if any greater than it was during 1917."

In a recent statement the War Trade Board declares that no wool shortage exists, either in the world's supply or in the amount on hand in the United States, notwithstanding the increased consumption for military purposes. The clip in most countries has steadily increased since the outbreak of the war.

"The price of wool has advanced in the United States by a percentage greatly in excess of such price advances in other countries," says the statement.

"The price in the United States has advanced 200 percent above the pre-war level. The price in England is fixed at 155 percent in excess of pre-war prices.

Willing to Learn

The Turks before evacuating Jerusalem, publicly executed thirty prominent Jewish citizens of the "Holy City." In this as in other of their acts of cussedness, they are but faintly imitating some of the deeds of brutality practiced by the Kaiser's forces, but they are doing fairly well as understudies.

Studebaker Wagons
Goodyear Casings and Inner Tubes

Portland Cement
Dynamite, Fuse and Caps
Kansas Blackleg Serum
Lubricating Oils.

Steel Roofing Rubberoid Roofing
Building Paper Sash and Doors
Drill Steel
Dry Batteries, Etc., Etc.

The Titsworth Company,
Capitan, New Mexico

Covers Three Acres

The recently completed naval aircraft factory covers 3 acres, the buildings being 400 by 400 feet. The keel of the first flying boat was laid 90 days after building work was begun. The plant, with equipment, cost about \$1,000,000.

There is opportunity for employment at the aircraft factory for 2,000 skilled workmen from every trade. Women can sew covers on the wings and perform some of the lighter wood-working operations and it is expected that several hundred women will be employed.

May Enlist Nearer

Fliers and balloonists, altho subject to the selective-service law, may enlist as heretofore upon passing the examination at the nearest aviation examining board. Nonflying officers under 31 years of age are not now being accepted, except a limited number of graduates of recognized engineering colleges or others who can qualify as expert engineers. Aerial observers are not now being accepted.

Caesar had his Brutus; Charles the First, his Cromwell, George the Third, his American Colonies, all of them matters of history. It now remains to be seen whom the Hon. William Hohenzollern will have.—Puck.

One of the difficult problems which the modern army officers have to master is how Napoleon, himself a stickler for punctuality, ever managed without a wrist watch.—Puck.

The members of the state board of education have ended a three day conference over the Smith-Hughes vocational bill which will give \$15,000 the coming year to New Mexico schools for vocational training, providing dollar for dollar will be raised by the state.

Saturday Specials

Coffee Cake Layer Cake Macaroons
Cakes and Pies Whole Wheat Bread

Pure Food Bakery

E. HANNON, Proprietor

Located in New Doering Building

Carrizozo, New Mexico

You Must Buy Groceries;
Why Not Try BELL'S

If not already a customer you should be. We are located

IN THE NEW WETMORE BUILDING

and invite the public to inspect our new quarters.

Fresh Goods, Reasonable Prices, A Sanitary Store.

Start the New Year Right

DO AWAY WITH HOUSEHOLD DRUDGERY
BUY A

"Hot Point" Vacuum Cleaner

And lighten the labor of keeping the home clean.

Lincoln Light & Power Co.

Everything Electrical

OUR OWN PEOPLE IN THE WAR

THE STORY OF A HOME
REGIMENT THAT IS TRY-
ING TO PULL THE KAIS-
ER FROM HIS
THRONE.

Few people know that there is a regiment in the Southwest playing a great part in the war. In its ranks are to be found a girl school teacher; a confederate veteran of 77, maimed for life in the war; there is an alderman, some locomotive engineers, a doctor, and several clergymen. Many women are in the ranks of this strange regiment.

The uniform consists of well-worn civilian clothing, the regimental motto is "Service"; its standard the Stars and Stripes.

To explain further, there is in a certain city in the Southwest of about 12,000 inhabitants a set of people, drawn chiefly from those not rich in this world's goods, who have made up their minds that they must personally help win the war. They have read carefully the advice given by the Government, they have devised ways and means of their own to accomplish their object, and they have placed themselves on record, in writing, over their signature, that they have done certain things, and will do certain things in the future, to win this war.

Their records and pledges constitute

Human Stories of the Deepest Interest

Here are a few of them:

"Doing without meat, give up my only boy for the cause."

"I am raising quite a nice garden, and trying to save, while my husband is away in the army."

"I am seventy-seven and one-half years of age, half of my face was shot away in the Civil war. Have nothing but the rest of a very small farm. Took \$100.00 Liberty Bond—one-fifth of all I had."

"Helpless with a broken limb, but paying \$4.00 monthly for a Liberty Bond."

"Preserved lots of food for winter use, teaching thrift and helped to sell Liberty Bonds in school. Purchased one Liberty Bond, and intend to buy more. Manage my mother's business while two brothers in the army."

"Father is a soldier, two brothers soldiers, two sons soldiers. No money because have to try to keep my own and relatives' families."

"Family of five. Try to live entirely on goods we produce. Bought Liberty Bond, and will buy one of each issue. Supporting Red Cross and Young Men's Christian Association. Am a teacher and pastor, preaching the needs of the Government."

"Am an old man of seventy-seven. Will do my best every day, and invest every dollar I can spare in Bonds."

"Buy half what I used to. Make more stuff on the farm. Bought a \$80.00 sow and pigs. Made more than twice as much farm products this year than ever, and expect to make more next year. Bought two Liberty Bonds and expect to buy more."

"Am doing work that I used to employ others to do. Will set aside money regularly for purchase of Bonds."

"Reduced living expenses to minimum. Putting aside 10 per cent of income for Bonds. Will invest everything I possess if necessary to win the war."

"Using practically no meat. Will buy \$500.00 worth of each issue of Bonds. Am working to produce more."

"Am an alderman. Economizing and working for greater efficiency in Departments under my care."

"Am a teacher. Living on half my salary, and investing the other half in Bonds."

"Am a boy. I bought Bonds, and am raising pigs to help feed our soldiers."

Hats Off to Them!

True Americans everywhere pay their deepest respects to you brave little woman "carrying on," while your loved one is fighting, and to you M'am, toiling night and day to keep the home together while brother is away. They pay their tribute to you old soldiers, still trying to "do your bit" in spite of age and poverty, and to you men, who unable to accept the heavier burdens of youth, are still denying yourself of food and recreation in order that you may help financially to win the war. They honor you men who are preaching the gospel of patriotism and service, and you one enlightened farmer producing "over twice as much as ever before." To you doctors trying to conserve health, to you men cutting down unnecessary labor, to you boys who are raising a pig to help the world's food supply, honor and credit is due.

What of the Reverse Side of the Picture:

You will note that not one of the members of the Regiment referred to writes in this way:

"I am a merchant. I have done a splendid business owing to good conditions in this section. Out of gratitude to the country that has educated and protected me I propose to cut out extravagances and subscribe 10 per cent of my savings to the Liberty Loan."

The one solitary pledge from a farm owner brings into strong relief the attitude of several hundreds of men in this community referred to who, undoubtedly, own farm lands. We hoped to have been able to report many replies along the following lines.

"I derive my income from products of the land. I have made more money this year than ever before. I feel it to be my duty to subscribe to the limit of my ability to the Liberty Loan, and to raise or encourage the raising of hogs, winter wheat and every thing else which will help feed our soldiers."

Unfortunately, there is but one such reply. In fairness it should be said that the farmer living out on his farm was not approached to enlist in this regiment, but the fact remains that many an owner of farm-land lives in this purely agricultural community.

Again, not one said, "I have made money to the extent that I do not have to work now. I cannot remain idle, I will get to work producing something needed by our boys 'over there'. My little fortune is at the disposal of the Government."

Hundreds of trim little houses, automobiles, and well-dressed people lead one to believe that there are plenty of people in this thriving little city who could have written in this strain. They did not do so.

Without These People the War Cannot Be Won

It is useless for the tired little school teacher to wear herself out, for the war veteran to "do his bit" clear through to the grave. It will be in vain that the mother and the wife gave their flesh and blood and

GREETINGS FROM METHODIST CHURCH

We are specializing in short sermons, good music, good fellowship, and as we extend to you a hearty welcome, we ask your hearty cooperation, in bringing sunshine to all who sit in darkness.

We want every home represented in the work for God and for good. Remember that we are specializing all along the line. Come and help us.

THE METHODIST CHURCH

REV. LEWLLING, Pastor.

FOR SALE—Good Piano in first class condition. Inquire at Outlook Office. 1-4-1f

Just received a fine carload of potatoes and onions.—Humphrey Bros. 1-4-3

their dearest possession in life, unless the wholesale and retail merchants, the farmer, the lawyer, all come forward, throw off that indifference which hangs like a pall of death over so many of our communities, and come out strong as preachers and practitioners of economy, production, and self-denial.

May the blush of shame, and the resolution to amend come to many as they read this little story—every word of it true.

YOU MUST DO SOMETHING

If you are an American Citizen you must do something to help win this war. You cannot stand idly and selfishly looking on while your neighbors are giving their lives.

You realize all this, but perhaps you are not clear as to exactly what you can do to help.

If you own farmland, see that it is used for the purpose God intended it for—the raising of crops. You will be providing food for our armies and making profits for yourself.

If you manufacture goods, economize in time, labor, and material, in your factory or shop. Work harder and make efficiently. Above all, stop waste. Again, see that you secure the business of your home town in your line of goods. This leaves the Eastern Manufacturer free to make goods for the army, and for our allies, and cuts out needless transportation expenses. Incidentally, all these things will bring you greater profit.

If you are a clerk in an office or a store, work harder—it will bring you more pay. Cut out some foolish extravagance, and so save money.

If you are a housewife, follow out Mr. Hoover's advice. Again, teach your children thrift, and the value of money. The task will repay you many times over in satisfaction and actual wealth.

What shall you do with the money you save by this means? Why, loan it to the United States Government at 4% interest. Buy a Liberty Bond. The banks have some Bonds on hand right now, and there will be another Liberty Loan issue early next year.

Imagine, if you will, that you are sitting at a table with our great President, talking this matter over, and he is asking, "What are you prepared to do to help me, to help our country? Surely you will do something; what shall it be?"

The Officials of this bank, as Agents for the United States Government, ask you this question on behalf of our revered leader.

Answer the question in your own heart and mind, and start to act upon your decision TOMORROW. As you are an American, you will

GROOM BROS.

Coffee Week

We will specialize on Coffee this coming week.

Lovers of Good Coffee will profit by taking advantage of our Big Sale on this luxury.

GROOM'S Sanitary Markets

Carrizozo and Alamogordo

Toilet Sets! Manicure Ssts!

Thermos Bottles!

Fancy Stationery!

Rolland Brothers

DEALERS IN

Drugs, Toilet Articles, Etc.

Carrizozo,

New Mexico

Our Christmas Banking Club Proposition is New Open for All



The First National
Bank
Of Carrizozo, N. Mex.

Those who do not want to increase their weekly deposit may take the 50 cent, \$1 or \$5 account, the deposit is the same each week. You may pay in advance if you desire. Read the proposition over carefully and write us for a book if you have not already received one. The clubs pay at the end of the year without the interest added, as follows:

1 cent	\$ 12.75
2 cents	25.50
5 cents	63.75
10 cents	127.50
50 cents	25.00
\$1.00	50.00
\$5.00	250.00

A BANK BOOK FOR CHRISTMAS

—makes a lasting gift, growing in benefits throughout the years to come.
—fine for son, or daughter or for wife—an eminently sensible remembrance.
—certain to be acceptable—no danger of a "misfit."
—lessens pocket leaks—thus helps the head of the family.
—can be obtained at the "eleventh hour"—the stock never varies in excellent selection.
—suits the giver's means—make the first deposit what you wish and can afford.

The LINCOLN STATE BANK

BANK WITH US—GROW WITH US

We Do ^{First Class} Printing
JOB

Corona News Items

Mrs. E. T. Brown, of the local school faculty, returned Monday from a two weeks' stay with her husband, who is at Camp Funston.

Darwood Atkinson, a student at the Normal University, is spending the holidays with his parents.

Mr. McManis and family, of El Paso, are spending a few days at their ranch home near Corona.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Dabbs were at home to their friends on New Years eve. The home was beautifully decorated with plants and flowers. Dancing was the chief amusement of the evening and was engaged in until the old year passed out and the new year came in. All the guests went away wishing the host and hostess many more happy new years.

Mr. Locke, railroad maintainer here, who recently moved his family here from Tennessee, had the misfortune to have his home burned Monday night. The fire was discovered about 12:30 and had made such headway that nothing was saved from the house. Everything was burned except the clothing they were wearing.

The Christmas program at the Corona school was in the form of a cantata, and was pronounced the best program ever given in the school. It was manifest that very careful training had been given. School began Monday after a week of holidays and was dismissed for a quarter-day on New Years.

Miss Ditty spent the holidays visiting Mrs. Doyle in Carrizozo.

Mrs. Jewett also spent a few days in Carrizozo with friends.

An unusually sad and impressive funeral took place in Corona on Dec. 26th, when Mr. Walter Beaver was buried. After being drafted for army service, Mr. Beaver was sent to training camp at San Diego. Having contracted measles there he died on the 21st. The father, who had gone to see the son when informed of the latter's illness, arrived with the remains Christmas night and the funeral took place Wednesday. Rev. McMillan conducted the services, his theme being "Patriotism".

Will West beat taps. The procession to the cemetery is said to have been the largest ever seen in Corona.

Hurrah For Ancho

The ladies of Ancho, gave a pie supper for the benefit of the Red Cross Monday evening. The house was beautifully decorated by Mrs. Hendrickson, and the Misses Straley.

The audience sang American and Rev. Perkins led in prayer, and Mr. Straley, gave a brief talk on the Red Cross work. The ladies realized the neat sum of twenty five dollars, and were well pleased with the results.

They were very enthusiastic over their work, and have already secured 53 members for the Red Cross Society, and most of the ladies have worked hard and are deserving of much praise.

SUBSCRIBE FOR THE OUTLOOK AND GET THE ILLUSTRATED WAR REVIEW FREE FOR ONE YEAR.

IT IS A GIFT WITH THE PAID SUBSCRIPTION.

Oscuro News

School is in session again after the holiday vacation.

Mr. Sterling went by auto to Carrizozo, Thursday.

There was a large attendance at the Women's Club, which met with Mrs. Houser, Sat. afternoon Dec. 22nd. After a social time, the meeting was called to order by the president Mrs. Helen Ranniger. After the business was disposed of, our hostess passed pencils and paper and each lady was asked to write the name of the tree designated by the questions. The lady guessing the largest number correctly was our honored president, who received the first prize and Mrs. Marby Burns, the trophy.

Refreshments of coffee, sandwiches salad and cake were served. Miss Helen Sterling, assisting the hostess.

New Years Eve a dance was given by the members of the Red Cross, to raise money to buy yarn with which sweaters are to be knitted for the soldiers. A goodly sum was realized.

Judge Seth F. Crews went to Roswell, Wednesday.

The slight precipitation during the past 14 months has caused the stock ranges in the state to be very short. This is especially true in the southern tier of counties where some cattle and sheep have already died from lack of food and water. Thus far a mild winter has been favorable to stock, and in most of the state they are in fair condition. Many cattle and sheep have been shipped from those sections of the state where ranges are insufficient to carry them through the winter.

Feed is very high and difficult to obtain any price. Some cattle are being pastured on the agricultural lands.

The January "Monthly Crop Report" will give estimates on the number and average price per head of horses, milch cows, other cattle, sheep and hogs in the state on January 1, 1918, compared to the number on the same date 1917, and compared to the usual number on that date.

"I would like to join a good Bible class." "You would? Then come and join our class—the Friendly Bible Class—which meets every Sunday at the Baptist church at 10 A. M. "I didn't know you had an Adult Bible class!" "Well we have, and it is growing and aiming to have every man and woman in Carrizozo to join." "Well, I believe I will come and visit you anyway, and if I like the class I will join." "I am sure you will like the class just fine, goodbye."

Announcement

The Carrizozo Theatre, will open Saturday night.

Watch for the bulletin in front of the theatre, for the title and plot of the pictures, which will be shown.

Curtain rises at 7:45. The prices of admission are as follows.

adults 18 cents and war tax 2 cents, children 9 cents and war tax 1 cent.

Beginning with our next issue, the weird and interesting serial entitled "The Deep Sea Peril," will be introduced to readers of the Outlook. The story abounds with narratives true to life, and testifies its true value, you should not fail to start the New Year with it.

President Wilson Prohibits Military Execution Until After Review

President Wilson has prohibited the execution of American soldiers—except in General Pershing's forces abroad—before the sentence of the court martial have been reviewed in Washington.

Heretofore this has not been necessary in war time, but the president has made the rule that it may be made doubly sure that no injustice is done.

Thirteen negroes, troops of the 24th Infantry, were recently executed for the rioting in Houston, Tex., without review at Washington. No fault has been found in the verdict of their court martial, or their sentence but it has been felt advisable to have death penalties reviewed by the war department before execution.

Bakers Cooperate

In every instance that has been investigated, it has been found that the bakers are more than willing to cooperate and help to carry out administration rules and suggestions, when the situation is clearly understood, and the regulations explained.

There is no doubt that that the bakers are going to do their full share toward making the New Mexico end of the great national food conservation campaign a success.

The Old And The New

The home of Ira O. Wetmore was the scene of much merriment when a gay crowd of fun makers assembled to watch the Old Year out and the New Year in. Nine tables were arranged for the guests, who engaged in whilst, until the witching hour.

Mrs. J. E. Kimbell and Don Finley tied for the first prize.

Mr. O. Z. Finley was given the consolation. The men created a great deal of amusement as impersonators. Mr. F. Sager and J. Haley were unanimously declared to have the best costumes. The following guests were present: The Wallace Gunows, George Dingwalls H. S. Fairbanks W. H. Osborn, Jno. E. Bells, O. Z. Finleys, Edwin Finleys, J. F. Kimbells, Harry B. Dawson Sam Allens, F. B. Sagers, Wm. Reilys Dr. and Mrs. R. T. Lucas, Oscar Hambergers L. B. Crawford, McDonald Mrs. Truman Spencer, Mr. Haley, Miss Lorena Haley Mrs. Stewart Miss Lucile Steward, Miss Doyle Mr. Wanser, Mr. Brent Paden, Mr. Brickley and Mr. Don Finley.

BAPTIST CHURCH

(Rev. J. M. Gardner, Pastor.)

Revival meetings are now in progress. Cottage prayer meetings have been held this week with Mrs. Patty, Pine, Benson and Allen. Next week they will be held on Tuesday, Wed. Thu. and Fri. afternoons at 6 P. M. same as this at homes which will be announced at the Sunday services. These meetings will continue for three or four weeks and then the pastor will begin preaching every night except Mondays and Saturdays, these days will be observed as rest days. Everybody is invited to attend the cottage prayer meetings and to pray for a great revival. The pastor will preach Sunday, Jan. 6th at 11 A. M. "Bringing Men to Christ."

7:30P. M. "Christ Converts a Crazy Man." Sunday School at 10 A. M. Junior B. Y. P. U. and Sunbeam Band at 3-P. M. Senior B. Y. P. U. at 6:30 P. M.

OASIS CONFECTIONERY AND LUNCHEONETTE

Ice Cream
Soft Drinks
Fresh Home
Made Candies

Sandwiches
Hot Chili
Soups
Chocolate

Phone No. 82

For Refreshments for Parties and Entertainments

A Man Is Looked Up To



when a man has a bank account. Keep a checking account in the Exchange Bank, pay all bills by check and you will find you are held in much higher regard not only by your friends but tradespeople as well. Besides it is so much easier to keep track of your expense that way.

The Exchange Bank of Carrizozo.

...A. W. ADAMS...

Fresh Line of

Staple and Fancy Groceries

Mayer Building :: Telephone 6

Barnett FEED Store

Wholesale and Retail

Hay, Grain and Feed
Stock Salt, Oil Cake
Wood and Coal

Prices Lowest and Service Best

Carrizozo

New Mexico

Building Material

With a large stock of building material we are able to give you good service and solicit the trade of the people of Lincoln county, Carrizozo and adjacent towns.

Foxworth-Galbraith Lumber Co.
D. R. Stewart, Manager

We Do First Class JOB Printing

LODGES

CARRIZOZO LODGE No. 30 I. O. O. F.
Carrizozo, New Mexico.



S. F. Miller, N. G.
E. A. O. Johnson
Secretary
Regular meetings 1918—First
and third Friday each month.

CARRIZOZO LODGE No. 11, K of P
Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Meeting every Monday evening
in the Masonic Hall. All mem-
bers are urged to be present, and
visiting Knights welcomed.

G. T. McQuillen, C. C.
E. A. O. Johnson, K. of R. and S.

CARRIZOZO LODGE No. 41—
Carrizozo, New Mexico.
A. F. & A. M.



Regular communi-
cations for 1918.
Jan 26 Feb 23 Mar.
23 Apr. 20, May 25
June 22, July 20,
Aug. 17, Sep. 14, Oct. 19, Nov.
16, and Dec. 14 and 27.

R. E. Blaney, W. M.
S. F. Miller, Secretary.

PROFESSIONS

Geo. Spence W. C. Merchant
SPENCE & MERCHANT
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW
In Bank Building Phone No. 48
Carrizozo, New Mexico

H. B. HAMILTON
Attorney-at-Law
District Attorney Third Judicial District
Civil Practice in all Courts
Phone 51 Court House
Carrizozo - - - New Mexico

SETH F. CREWS
Attorney-at-Law
Practice in all the Courts
Oscura - - - New Mexico

EDWIN MECHEM
Attorney-at-Law
General Practice
Office Over Rolland's Drug Store
Alamogordo - - - New Mexico

WILLIAM S. BRADY
Notary Public, Interpreter and Attorney
Before Justice and Probate Courts
Carrizozo - - - New Mexico

FRANK J. SAGER
Insurance, Notary Public
Agency Established 1892
Office in Exchange Bank
Carrizozo - - - New Mexico

DR. R. E. BLANEY, DENTIST
Exchange Bank Building
Carrizozo - - - New Mexico

T. E. KELLEY
Funeral Director and License Embalmer
Phone 96
Carrizozo - - - New Mexico

W. B. EDWARDS, M. D.
Eye, Ear, Nose and Throat
Specialist will visit Carrizozo regularly
Gallup, - - - New Mexico

W. W. Stadtman
NOTARY PUBLIC
Agent for Royal Typewriters
FIRE INSURANCE

Lame back may come from
overwork, cold settled in the
muscles of the back or from dis-
ease. In the two former cases
the right remedy is BALLARD'S
SNOW LINIMENT. It should be
rubbed in thoroughly over the
affected part, the relief will be
prompt and satisfactory. Price
25c, 50c and \$1.00 per bottle.
Sold by all dealers.—adv.

\$100 Reward, \$100

The readers of this paper will be
pleased to learn that there is at least one
broad-based disease that science has been
able to cure in all its stages, and that is
Cataract. Hall's Cataract Cure is the only
positive cure now known to the medical
profession. Cataract being a constitutional
disease, requires a constitutional treat-
ment. Hall's Cataract Cure is taken in-
ternally, acting directly upon the blood
and mucous surfaces of the system, there-
by destroying the foundation of the dis-
ease, and giving the patient strength by
building up the constitution and assisting
nature in doing its work. The proprietors
have so much faith in its curative pow-
ers that they offer One Hundred Dollars
for any case that it fails to cure. Send
for list of testimonials.
Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all druggists, etc.
Beware Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Classified Ads

JUNK WANTED

Chicago Junk Co. is established
at Carrizozo and is buying junk
of all description.

Now is the time to sell your
junk while prices are high.
Don't throw your junk away,
get cash for it.

For Rent—Nicely furnished
rooms; gentlemen preferred. Ap-
ply to Mrs. Ed. R. Kelley, Ala-
mogordo avenue. Nov 23tf

Service Car—Call Phone 70 for
quick service to all points. Rates
reasonable. Remember the num-
ber. C. D. Sandoval. ad

Subject to market changes, we
can quote prices as follows: Corn
No. 2, \$ per cwt.; Mill Run
Bran, \$2.75 per cwt.; Cotton
Seed cake or meal \$3.50 per cwt.
In straight or mixed lots of 1000
pounds, ten cents per cwt. less.
Oct 19 tf Humphrey Bros.

Have your lunch at The Oasis
Luncheonette. tf

FOR SALE—'Wind Kissed
Ranch,' Implements and Horses
Mrs. E. Potts. 9-14tf

For Sale—Yearling and two-
year-old Hereford Bulls.—The
Titworth Company, Capitan.

For Sale—Parke Davis Com-
pany's Blacklegoids.—The Tits-
worth Co.

Highest patent hard wheat
flour \$6.50 per cwt at Humphrey
Bros. Oct 19 tf.

For Sale—Small alfalfa farm
on Bonito near Lincoln. Outside
range for cattle. Inquire at the
Outlook office. Dec. 14tf.

Notice to Subscribers

During the month of January
we will send The Out-
look and the Monthly Illustrated
Review to all subscribers paying
the regular subscription price of
\$2.00 in advance. Those of our
old subscribers who are in ar-
rears may avail themselves of
this offer by remitting arrears
and paying one year's subscrip-
tion in advance.

This offer closes January 31st,
1918. Get in quick if you want
the benefit of this offer.

We handle auto tops and cov-
ers. Crawford & Biles.—adv.

UP-TO-DATE DAYS



First Playwright—What are you
working on now?
Second Playwright—I'm dramatiz-
ing the Congressional Record.

A French woman, eager to
help America, suggests that
every American family keep a
rabbit "as a means of food de-
fence during the war." Not a
bad recommendation, but it has
one serious flaw; so many of us
live in apartments of only five
or six rooms.—Puck.

CLOSED THEIR DOORS!

THE
Most Sensational Announce-
ment Ever Made

IN CARRIZOZO HISTORY

THE BIG
\$15,000 FURNITURE AND
HARDWARE STOCK
OF
KELLEY & SON
CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Must be sold in 10 days. The Stock is now in the hands of

G. W. Groves & Co., Merchandise Brokers
BUFFALO, N. Y., AND ALBUQUERQUE, N. M.

With positive instructions from this firm to sell off one-half of this
Stock regardless of loss, cost or value, in 10 days.

Any Reasonable Offer Accepted

STOCK CONSISTS OF
Furniture, Hardware, Crockery-ware, Granite-
ware, Rugs, Sporting Goods, Harness, Etc.

WILL BE PLACED ON PUBLIC SALE
WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 9
AT 10 O'CLOCK A.M. SHARP
and continue 10 Days. Furniture and Hardware will go at your
own price. In many instances

25c. Here Will Do the Work of \$1 Elsewhere
For further particulars and Price-List, watch for Circulars. Save
Your Pennies and wait till Wednesday morning, when the Big Sale
starts.

THE OLD STAND OF
KELLEY & SON, Carrizozo, N. M.
G. W. GROVES, Merchandise Brokers
W. E. GROVES, Representative

Delinquent Boys Made Into Good Citizens at Uncle Sam's School



The annual inspection and drill by the boys of the National Training school at Washington is a red letter day in the lives of the youngsters who are being turned by Uncle Sam into good citizens and Americans. Boys from ten to nineteen years old from all parts of the country are sent to this institution, which is maintained by the government. They are sent there after being found guilty of truancy, moonshining and other violations of federal statutes. They are taught useful trades, and the very uniforms, hats and shoes worn by them at their inspection and drill, as shown in the picture, are evidences of their handicraft.

Mothers' Cook Book

In days gone by I filled myself
With puddings, pies and cakes;
I dearly loved all sweetened food,
(I took a chance on aches)
But nothing stayed my appetite
When I came in from play
Like bread smeared over with the jam
That mother stored away.

Nut Croquettes.

Take one cupful of stale bread crumbs, a half cupful of milk, two tablespoons of salt, three-fourths of a teaspoonful of pepper. Soak the bread crumbs in the milk. Add the nuts, season well, mix with the egg, mold, roll in egg and crumbs and fry in deep fat, or brown in a frying pan.

Soup for Children.

A quart of a cupful of peanut butter added to a quart of milk, two tablespoons of flour and seasonings makes a most delicious hot soup for the children.

Nut Loaf.

Take a cupful of lentils, peas or beans, a cupful of toasted bread crumbs, a teaspoonful of salt, three-fourths of a teaspoonful of pepper. Press the lentils through a colander, add the chopped nuts and bread crumbs with seasoning, with milk enough to make of the consistency of mush. Pour into a baking dish and bake one hour. A half cupful of peanut butter may be used in this recipe with more bread crumbs.

Nut and Rice Loaf.

Take one cupful each of chopped nuts, boiled rice, bread crumbs, and one hard cooked egg finely chopped, add a beaten egg, celery salt, and two tablespoons of minced onion. Mix all together and bake with drippings and water or nut butter and water. Any other cereal liked may be substituted for the rice. A half cupful of grated cheese may be added and serve with tomato sauce.

Another Nut Loaf, With Noodles.

Take three-fourths of a cupful of nuts, two and a fourth cupfuls of noodles made with red dog flour, salt and pepper to taste, and one and a half cupfuls of white sauce. Mix the noodles, peanuts and white sauce. Place in a buttered baking dish and cover with buttered crumbs. Bake until brown.

Nellie Maxwell

Some Postscripts.

Where there's a will there's a way to break it.

The more a man thinks he is the less he isn't also.

Wisdom is not so hard to find as it is difficult to keep.

A wise man feels secure more than a fool does a licking.

Blessed is the man who can greet the war tax collector with a shining face.

A woman who marries a man to reform him usually has a mighty poor excuse.

Remodeling Old Clothing, Transforming Worn Garments Into Serviceable New Ones

Change entire style of dress if you have enough material, or put some other kind of material with old material for woolen and silk is combined in many of the new winter costumes, says Hazel Zimmerman, Home Demonstration Agent, Agricultural Extension Service, University of Arizona.

Put a new collar, cuffs, and belt on the old dress. This will improve looks of dress. Change length of skirt. Do not have skirt too short or too long. Practical skirts for women are five to six inches from floor. If garment cannot be made over for owner it should be made into clothes for smaller members of family.

Most all garments should be mended before cleaning or laundering. Mending tissues helps out wonderfully in mending of woolen clothes. This is used after garment is cleaned. All patches should be faded the same color as garment before using. Use strong net in mending stockings. The bars are easy to follow in making darning stitch.

Many old garments can be made new again by changing the color. Always follow the directions found on package of dye for these are the best. Get dye to suit kind of material. Never try to dye cotton material with dye for woolen material. Always use the amount of salt called for when dyeing cotton garments. The salt sets the dye. Old gingham aprons and dresses which have faded may be dyed a dark blue. These iron nicely and look like new. Never try to dye a dark material a light shade for this cannot be accomplished with satisfactory results.

Cleanliness a Primary Requisite of the Navy, As Health Is Paramount

Cleanliness is the god of the navy. A man—boy, rather—since he is commonly under twenty-one—arrives at Great Lakes by the noon train and goes into the detention camp. He is lined up with 40 or a hundred others and his baggage examined. Cigarettes, knives, whisky, firearms—anything he might hurt himself or his neighbor with—are confiscated. Then he has a hot bath and clean clothes.

In the days that follow he goes to the dentist and has his mouth put in shape. Collier says. He goes to the doctor and is vaccinated, inoculated, tested. He is given \$30 worth of new clothes—three suits of white clothes, two suits of serge clothes, three suits of underwear, stockings, shoes, handkerchiefs, caps, dunnage bag—everything stenciled in two places with his own name. Then he is introduced to the ki-yl.

The ki-yl is a scrubbing brush, a wooden-backed scrubbing brush with stiff fiber bristles. It is the washing machine of the navy. Every man washes his own clothes.

HANDLING POULTRY IN WINTER

Many successful men and several experiment stations are satisfied that free range the year around, regardless of snow, rain, wind and cold, develops such a hardiness in fowls that they lay better than when kept in confinement, and that birds become accustomed to exposure and hardships, and that wallowing about in a foot of snow part of the day is just as good exercise as scratching in dry litter in a comfortable house and results in better profits.

There seems to be no data available on the method of handling fowls in winter as compared with close confinement, but poultrymen should adopt either one system or the other. To allow the fowls the freedom of the yard some days and keep them confined at other times is not conducive to the best results in egg production. Hens are creatures of habit to such an extent that if a flock of birds is removed from unsanitary, crowded quarters to a modern, well-equipped, properly ventilated house they are more than likely to fall off in their egg production for several weeks, not because the change is not for the better, but because it is something different.

A frequent change from confinement to range and from range to confinement, though it may be for the comfort and best interest of the fowls in the judgment of the caretaker, will so disturb the fowls that they will not know whether they are going out or staying in, and because of the perversity of hen nature they will want to do just what they cannot do and their nervous systems will be sufficiently disorganized to interfere with the proper functioning of the egg organs. To the average person this statement will undoubtedly seem far-fetched when applied to an animal of such low mentality as is ascribed to the hen, but practical poultrymen know how hard it is to encourage their fowls to lay during the winter and how easily they quit.

Bowser's Remedies

He Goes Back to the Old-Fashioned Ones

(Copyright, 1917, by the McClure Newspaper Syndicate.)

Mr. Bowser was pacing the sitting room and smoking his after-dinner cigar, when Mrs. Bowser, who was upstairs, heard him shout out:

"By thunder, but how dare he!—how dare he!"

"What is the matter?" she asked, as she came running down.

"Why I found this bill on the mantel," he replied, as he waved it around.

"Oh, the doctor's bill, eh? Yes, it came in the mail today, and, if you will draw a check for it, I will get it off the first thing in the morning."

"Draw a check! Not on your life! How dare he do it! He has been called to this house twice during the last year, and yet he has the impu-



"How Dare He Do It?"

dence to send in a bill for \$24! By the great horn spoon, but I will talk to that doctor in a way to make his head whirl!"

"His bill is for eight visits," replied Mrs. Bowser, "and he has surely made them. It's three dollars a visit, you know."

"Eight visits! Not by the bones of Columbus! Are you in cahoots with him to rob me?"

"Let me see," said Mrs. Bowser, as she sat down. "You had him once, when you thought a bug had crawled into your ear, and you were going insane. It was only wax, and I could have syringed it out as well as he, but you were bound and determined to have the doctor over."

"I am not satisfied yet that it wasn't a bug as big as a peach stone!" growled Mr. Bowser.

"And you had a pimple come on your cheek, and you were sure it was going to be a cancer. I told you it was only a pimple, and I could drive it away with a little alcohol or arnica, but you must have the advice of a doctor."

"And he averted what might have been an awful cancer, and cost me my life."

"Perhaps so. You came home here one evening and said you were in for spinal meningitis. You had been using a step-ladder at the office and it was only a backache. However, you had the doctor over, and that was three dollars more. Then you used something on your scalp to make the hair grow. It didn't make one hair come out, but it brought an eruption. It would have gone of itself, but you had the doctor come. You were afraid it was smallpox. I could go right along and name the whole eight times the doctor was over here. He did not have to come and see me one single time."

Mr. Bowser knew that she spoke truly and he chewed on it for ten minutes before he said:

"This matter of his bill comes in pat. I have been thinking all day of how we had made fools of ourselves. In the old days all the families doctored themselves with a concoction made of herbs, roots and barks. Of course, there were cases of sickness the simple remedies could not cure, but a doctor was not called on where he is now called ten times. I am going back to the simple remedies. I am going to make a summer drink which will keep our systems above par, and if we take a glass of it every morning the doctors may starve before they make any bills against us. However, I don't propose to pay any such bill as this. He really did nothing after he got here and he will cut the bill in half or he may sue me."

Mrs. Bowser did not prolong the conversation. She thought Mr. Bowser would have forgotten all about it by morning. Morning came, but he

had not forgotten it. He tramped around the market until he found a farmer and told him what he wanted.

"You are on the right track, old man," was replied. "My family returned to the simple remedies of forty years ago some five years since, and none of us have had an ailment since that time. There are three country doctors within three miles of us and all of them are in a starving condition."

"And how much money do you want to gather these things and bring them in to my house?" asked Mr. Bowser.

"Well," replied the son of toil, whose face wore the look of an innocent child, "you want the best, of course. I shall have to spend two days at least to get what you want, and I think five dollars will make things about right."

Mr. Bowser handed him the money and his address, and inside of three days he drove up to the Bowser residence and handed in a big bundle. Mrs. Bowser knew what the contents were, and she did not meddle with it. When Mr. Bowser came up to dinner and found that his simple remedies had arrived, he was in a great hurry to have his meal over with and make an examination. The bundle was opened, as soon as they reached the sitting room, and he replied to Mrs. Bowser:

"You may help me with these things, if you will. As a boy, living in the country, I knew all about herbs, roots and barks, but I am afraid I am a little rusty now."

"I think you can tell every one," replied Mrs. Bowser. "This bark is from a hemlock tree. It is used by tanners to tan their skins and hides. The farmer evidently thought your hide needed tanning a beautiful brown."

"The blamed fool!" growled Mr. Bowser.

"And this root I am holding up is an old burdock root. See—it is about three feet long. I never yet heard that burdock root had a medicinal quality. Perhaps, however, a drink made of it will cure a frost bite."

"That farmer had an honest face, but, if he has put burdock in here, he is either a fool or a scoundrel!"

"And here is some slippery elm," continued Mrs. Bowser. "Some folk chew it instead of gum, but you can do as you like about it. And here is a bunch of smart weed. You could have gathered it yourself on any vacant lot. If you crush it up and rub the juice into your eyes, you will have a fine time of it. I don't think it ever cured anybody. And now we come to a bunch of catnip. If a baby has colic, catnip tea will ease it. Did you lead the doctor to think, Mr. Bowser, that you were subjected to colic?"

"I'll subject him to colic and more too when I get sight of him!" was the awful threat, as Mr. Bowser clenched his teeth and doubled up his fists.

"There are two or three things left," said Mrs. Bowser. "We have some mandrake root, which is almost a deadly poison, and we have a bunch of swamp grass. It was pulled from some frog pond, and you can almost smell the frogs as you touch it to your nose. There is what seems to be a wild onion. It will probably make you go wild with joy when mixed with your summer drink. That's all, Mr. Bowser, and I advise you to pay that doctor bill and let the simple old remedy keep right on going out of fashion."

Mr. Bowser retied the package and was going down the hall for his hat, when Mrs. Bowser asked where he was going.

"I am going to the drug store to see if you have told me the truth," he warned, shaking his finger at her as a warning of what would happen if she had prevaricated. But she had not. The druggist corroborated with her in every particular, and as Mr. Bowser left the store he scattered his samples all over the sidewalk. He had nothing to say when he got home, but next morning he left the house a quarter of an hour ahead of time. He left his car at the market and began to look for his farmer friend. They got sight of each other, when yet a few yards apart. Mr. Bowser started for the farmer and the farmer started for home. The farmer was the best runner of the two, and he made good his escape. Just as Mr. Bowser had halted to turn back he encountered the family doctor.

"Bowser, I think my secretary sent you a little bill yesterday?"

"Yes—ah—um! Yes, I got your little bill. It was a very moderate bill. I expected it would be double what it was. I will send you a check before tomorrow. Yes—ah—um! I got your little bill, and I hope you will come often this year."

Chinese Plant Statuettes.

Chinese gardeners sometimes plant statuettes of tiny men firmly in pots, just like real plants, and then train live evergreens to grow up over these statuettes. The vines thus form a kind of robe for the statuette men, their white faces and hands protruding from the green leaves.

Scientific Foresight.

"How did the boy get his motor cycle?" "He seized the cycle-logical moment to ask for it."

BEEF CATTLE BARN AND PEN FOR BULL

Designed to Provide Plenty of
Hay Storage With Large
Feed Room.

HAS MANY CONVENIENCES TOO

These include an Automatic Food Hopper, Covered Barnyard and Breeding Box—Suggestions for Handling Bull.

Mr. William A. Radford will answer questions and give advice FREE OF COST on all subjects pertaining to the subject of building work on the farm, for the readers of this paper. On account of his wide experience as Editor, Author and Manufacturer, he is, without doubt, the highest authority on all these subjects. Address all inquiries to William A. Radford, No. 1827 Prairie Avenue, Chicago, Ill., and only inclose two-cent stamp for reply.

By WILLIAM A. RADFORD.

The beef cattle barn shown in the illustrations is designed to provide a considerable storage for hay with convenient feeding arrangements for a good many cattle. The construction follows the plank frame type which utilizes only stock sizes of lumber which can be obtained in even the smallest of lumber yards. This type of construction has become very popular in all parts of the country and it has many advantages, which are now generally known and accepted.

This design provides for a basement under the whole barn with windows along four sides. A gambrel roof on the self-supporting plan covers the main building, with the peak of the roof pushed up high enough to make an extra large storage mow. On the east side of the barn is a shed open at one end and closed in completely at the other and partially at the other. This part of the barn is commonly called a covered barnyard.

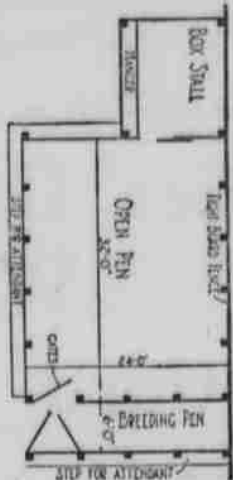
The foundation under the main barn is a 12-inch concrete wall, with 24-inch footings. The wall is high enough to make a 9-foot basement. With the concrete floor in place there is 8 feet 8 inches in the clear above the feed alley floors.

There are rows of mangers in this basement running crosswise, so that each alley opens into the covered barn-

signed bull pen. Very often a valuable bull, one that is prized very highly, commences to show signs of bad temper when he is about three years old. Breeders of live stock recognize that aged bulls of known propensity are almost priceless to a breeder.

A bull must not be closely confined, because he needs exercise, fresh air and companionship. Solitary confinement has ruined many good bulls. The small plan drawing shows a suggestion for a bull pen to be built in connection with this barn. It is built along the north side of the barnyard, as an extension to the stock shed. In fact, the bull stall is built in the end of the stock shed and the yard extends 38 feet beyond.

Good solid posts are planted 6 feet apart on the north line of the barnyard



Bull Pen Floor Plan.

and a tight board fence is boarded on the outside and battened to make a wind break. The bottom of the wind break is made of coarse concrete, extending from post to post, the concrete being made flush with the outside of the posts, so that the boarding can be lapped down over the concrete to make a wind-proof joint. Metal battens are used and the entire surface is afterwards painted.

Along the north side fence is a shed roof to give further protection against wind and also to keep one side of the yard dry during a rainy time. The south fence, on the barnyard side, is made of heavy boards, four and one-half feet high.

The bull stall is only about eight feet square, made like a box stall with a manger across the front. A drop door across the whole length of the manger may be opened and hooked up at feeding time or during pleasant weather.

TO PROTECT MUSKRAT

Most Valuable Fur Animal in the
United States.

Whether It Shall Be Protected or Destroyed Depends on Its Behavior
—Sometimes It Does Considerable Damage.

(Prepared by the United States Department of Agriculture.)

Whether the muskrat, the most valuable fur animal in the United States, shall be protected or destroyed depends upon its behavior. In some circumstances this animal becomes detrimental and is responsible for considerable damage to growing crops, irrigation ditches, milldams, etc. Where the animal is not troublesome, biologists of the U. S. department of agriculture suggest that it be protected and trapped for fur. Even where the animal has become somewhat of a pest, its numbers often may be kept down by trapping, while the sale of pelts makes such activities profitable. Often crops may be protected by the erection of wire-mesh fences between them and the marsh or pond where the animals live. Such fences should reach at least six inches beneath the surface of the ground to prevent the muskrat burrowing under.

Where the animals prove troublesome by causing breaks in embankments, dams, and in the sides of irrigation ditches, probably the most practical remedy is to employ a trapper and hunter to patrol the property both night and day. In narrow waterways barrel traps have proved efficient in catching large numbers of these animals.

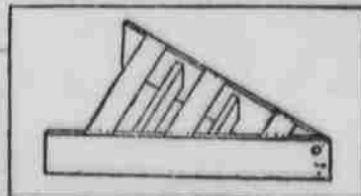
By erecting more permanent works, owners of embankments, dams, etc., may guard against injuries to their property by muskrats. A more general use of concrete, for example, has greatly minimized such troubles. The more liberal use of gravel or coarse sand for the surface of embankments has been found effective, since the animals will not burrow in soil that fills the hole as fast as they open it.

Destruction of muskrats, where this is desirable, as well as their protection, which is in most cases advisable, is discussed in a recent Farmers' Bulletin, No. 869, of the United States department of agriculture. Copies of the bulletin may be had free as long as the supply lasts by application to the United States department of agriculture, Washington.

MAKE PATHS THROUGH SNOW

Little Difficulty Experienced if Farmer Will Take Time to Construct Little Plow.

There is little difficulty making paths through the snow around the house and barns if the farmer is equipped with a snow plow. In an hour a path can be made as long as



Handy Plow for Snow.

a horse can walk in that time, writes J. E. Brashear, Missouri College of Agriculture. A home-made plow can be built with very little trouble. It consists of two 12-inch planks nailed together in a V shape, with suitable braces between.

The diagram shows a snow plow made of two planks, 2 by 12 inches by 3 feet long. These are beveled and nailed together at one end, and two braces made of 2 by 6-inch stuff are

FEW HORSES REQUIRE SHOES

In Case Feet of Animals Become Dry and Begin to Crack Some Attention Is Needed.

The nature of the work that the horse is doing determines whether or not he should be shod. Horses working on hard roads require shoes, while with but a few exceptions those working in the field do not need to be shod. In case the feet become dry and hard and begin to crack, attention should be given them. Most of the poor feet are due to improper care. A horse's feet should be trimmed at least every six or eight weeks. In trimming most of the work should be done with a rasp. If the nippers are used, too much of the hoof is generally cut away, while if the rasp is used only a small amount is cut away at a time and the foot can be kept level.

Cater to Consumer.

One of the important things to consider in the production of dairy products is to have them suit the taste of the consumer.

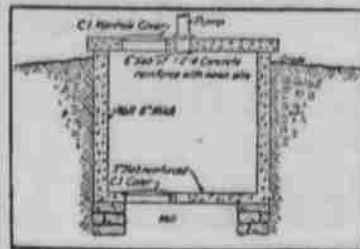
nailed between them. Boards are nailed over the top to help brace and to furnish a place for the driver to ride. A hole is bored through the sides where they join and a single-tree fastened on. One horse pulls the plow without difficulty.

CONCRETE COVER FOR WELL

Expert of Ohio State University Gives Plan for Constructing Convenient Platform.

In response to a query for plans for a satisfactory and sanitary covering for a dug well and convenient for thawing pipes Prof. F. W. Ives of the Ohio State university makes the following reply:

The accompanying drawing shows a platform constructed of concrete, which will be sanitary and convenient for thawing pipes. The two slabs will



Convenient Well Cover.

be re-enforced as shown in the drawing. The walls may be built of brick or tile laid up in cement mortar and will save some expense for forms. The concrete for the slabs should be in the proportion of one part Portland cement, two parts clean sand and four parts crushed stone or pebbles. If made a quaky consistency, enough of the mortar will come to the top in tamping to finish the platform without using a mortar coat. Ten pounds of hydrated lime added to each sack of cement used will make an easier working concrete.

PRESENT MARKET FOR MULES

Breeders Can Only Look With Satisfaction on Demand for These Hard Working Animals.

Producers of mules can look only with satisfaction on the present market for these animals. In Kansas City dealers have contracts with the United States and British governments for mules. In the South prosperity prevails among the producers of cotton and sugar, and buyers of cotton and sugar mules are making their probable wants felt in Kansas City's trade. Prosperity also prevails in mining districts, and mine mules therefore also are in favor. Those who have mules to sell can count themselves fortunate, as the demands are such that good prices should be realized generally. There is, as usual after a period of dry weather, a strong preference for mules with weight, and producers having thin animals should find the difference between thin and fat mules wide enough to warrant an increase in the ration to all stock which might possibly be sold to go to market.

CLEANLINESS IS GREAT HELP

Sanitary Surroundings as Essential for Animals as Proper Nourishment for Them.

Proper nourishment and clean surroundings are helpful in combating animal diseases. Feeding balanced rations will take care of the nourishment factor. The University of Missouri college of agriculture regards clean and sanitary surroundings as essential as proper nourishment. Drainage of quarters, ventilation, keeping sheds and stalls free from manure, dust and other rubbish, a liberal use of lime and other disinfectants and eternal war on parasites will reduce the veterinary bill to the minimum.

PROFIT IN SHEEP BUSINESS

Most Sensible Way for Any Farmer Is to Begin on Small Scale and Gradually Increase.

The most sensible way for the farmer to get into the sheep business is to begin on a small scale with a few good ewes and a purebred ram, and increase his flock with his increasing knowledge of how to care for sheep and get the most profit out of them.

SAVE EVERYTHING ON FARMS

Whole Nation Cannot Afford to Have Food Wasted—Everybody Must Learn to Conserve.

Remember that the question is not whether you personally may feel that you can afford to waste food, the point is that the nation cannot afford to have any food wasted by anybody.

Control Flavor of Eggs.

The hen cannot control the flavor of her eggs, excepting by the quality of the food they eat.

DADDY'S EVENING FAIRY TALE

BY MARY GRAHAM PONNER

NEW YEAR PARTY.

"Just because it was the first day of the year," commenced Daddy, "and because parties were about the nicest things in the world to the mind of a little girl named Ella, her mother decided to give her one."

"All Ella's best friends were asked and they brought their dolls. Some of them brought paper dolls and some brought Teddy bears. They came with the gifts they had liked the best for Christmas, and what chatting there was as to the different things Santa Claus had brought with him."

"They played games—most of the games were new Christmas games—and they danced and had potato races."

"It certainly does seem like the first of the year, or the first of something," said Ella. "It's a new day, a new year and we have new toys and new games. We are even going to have supper out of new dishes."

"For among the presents Santa Claus had brought to Ella were a fine set of dishes. They were pink and white and there were six cups and saucers, six little plates, a teapot, sugar bowl and cream jug."

"They had thin bread and butter, hot chocolate with whipped cream and a cake which Ella's mother called a New Year's cake."

"In the center of the cake was one pink candle for Ella's mother said it would be quite impossible to have a candle for the number of years there had been, and too, it would be nice to have a new way and just consider the year a day old."

"After the cake had almost entirely been eaten they played house. Each little girl took a corner of the room as her house and fixed it up with some of Ella's things. They all had their own dolls and many of their other toys so they really felt quite at home!"

"Then they began calling on each other, dressing up in shawls and old hats which Ella's mother let them use. After awhile they heard a flutter, flutter against the window pane, and then another little flapping sound."

"What could it have been?" asked Ella. All the children stopped playing 'house' to find out.

"It's a little bird," said Ella, as she looked out of the window. "It's right on the sill, and I am dreadfully afraid it has hurt its wings. Poor little dear."

"They opened the window and Ella took the little bird in her hands. Oh, how cold the little bird's feathers were!"

"We'll take care of you," said Ella. "Pretty soon her daddy came home and he looked at the bird."

"The bird is a little nuthatch," said her daddy, "and he really isn't hurt at all. He is simply very much frightened, and doubtless hungry. Perhaps he has been expecting some suet or bread crumbs and they have not been given to him. For so many girls and boys are giving the birds suet and bread crumbs this winter."

"They gave the little bird some bread-crumbs and some water. Then he had a delicious piece of lettuce from the seeds which Ella had started in a box in her room."

"Pretty soon the bird began to grow much better and hopped and chirped about the room."

"We'll wait a little and see if he wants to go out," said Ella's daddy.

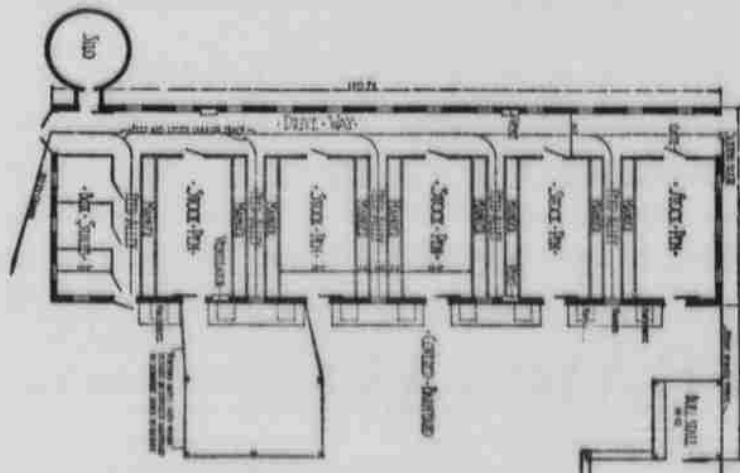
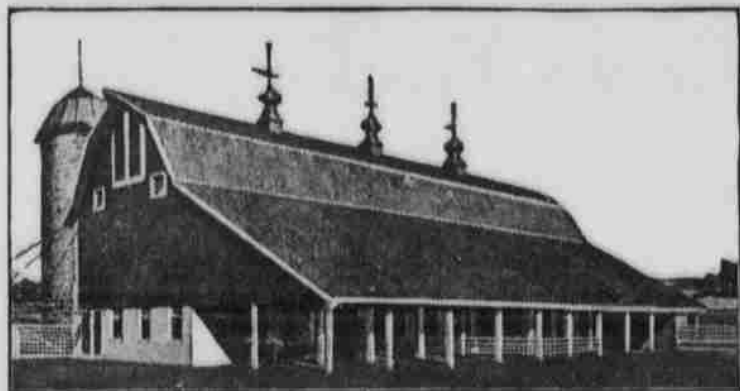
"Before long the bird seemed tired of the house and was a little frightened of all the children and their dolls and toys. He had a 't' noticed them so much before as he had been almost too frightened to think."

"We'll put some suet in that tree over there," said Ella.

"Let's put some bread-crumbs," said her friends, and then one of them added,

"And let's give some of the New Year cake crumbs too."

"So the little bird was given a regular New Year feast, and Ella and her friends were among other children who decided to look after the feathered people through the cold months of the winter and to give them bread-crumbs and suet which they love so well."



Floor Plan of Cattle Barn.

yard. There are feed racks in the shed and a watering tank at one end, so the cattle can feed and drink at any time.

There are chutes from the storage mow to carry alfalfa hay directly to the feed racks in the covered barnyard. These chutes may be stuffed full of hay and it will feed down automatically into the racks, feed hopper fashion. As the cattle eat the hay from below it keeps sliding down.

This arrangement is scientifically correct. The hay is not matted over until it is eaten.

In connection with this stable arrangement and the covered barnyard with its feed racks and watering trough, which keep the cattle under cover when the weather is rough and stormy, there should be a system of outside yards and paddocks where the cattle can be aired and exercised when the weather is fit.

This plan also includes a well de-

This door is also used to reach in to snap the bull lead into the ring in his nose.

The plan of arranging three gates at the far corner of the bull pen is an ingenious safety device. There are two gates between the bull and liberty, both opening in. If by any chance the fasteners should be unhooked, the weight of the gates held them shut, as the incline of the hinges pitches towards the posts. The fasteners on all three gates are bolts that may be reached from the raised plank steps.

The exercising yard is 24 feet by 32 feet. This makes good quarters for the bull during the greater part of the year. The small box stall is made warm and comfortable for cold weather. A sliding door operated by a lever from the plank step opens or closes the bull stall. When it is necessary to clean the stall or the yard, the bull is fastened into the breeding pen.

Dressing Up in Shawls and Old Hats.

ANNUAL JANUARY SALE!

OF SEASONABLE MERCHANDISE

It's needless to go into details about this Sale, for you all know, as in previous years, it means "EXTRA VALUE FOR YOU, AS USUAL." We have long since established the custom of clearing our stock at the end of the season.

THESE VALUES ARE TRULY EXTRAORDINARY

Men's Overcoats
20 Per Cent Less

We could hold our stock for another year and reap the profits of rising cost, but to insure our usual policy, they go on sale with the rest.

Ladies' Dresses, Suits
Waists, Skirts

One-third Less The new goods are coming on soon. We must make way for them. You will find many pretty Garments here exceedingly low.

A Clean Sweep of all Ladies' Hats,
values up to \$10 **\$2**

Children's Hats
values up to \$3.50 **\$1**

Men's \$1.25 Dress Shirts 90c.	Children's Two-Piece Underwear, not all Sizes, but a bargain to the one we can fit 25c. each	Outing Flannel Night Gowns, Pajamas and Sleeping Garments, for Men, Women and Children, a Big As- sortment, all reduced in price in this sale.	A Whole Table of Ladies' Neckwear 25c.
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ZIEGLER BROS.

PERSONALS

Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hamilton and son, made a trip to Roswell, Thursday.

Ida Lee-Green and mother Mrs. J. M. Johnson, returned from a short visit to El Paso.

U. S. Marshall Hudspeth was recently a Carrizozo visitor.

Mrs. H. S. Norman has returned from Tucumcari, where she visited her relatives.

Mr. J. Frank Pierson, is about to leave for Arizona.

C.C. Treadwry, of Lordsburg, came in last Saturday.

Jack Ross, advance agent for the "Eyes of the World" films, was here last Wednesday.

M. Lee Dale, of El Paso, stopped over with us last Sunday. J. D. Latteral of Chicago, was was here on Wednesday.

O.B. Stemple, of Three Rivers, was a visitor last Friday and Sunday.

Thos. R. Powell has returned to Fort Stanton, after a short business trip to El Paso.

Sgt. Ralph Dow has gone back to his post at Fort Reilly, after visiting relatives in Carrizozo and Lincoln.

E. L. Joyce came in from his ranch Monday, to make final proof on his claim.

The Misses Margaret and Allie Branum left yesterday for the Duke City, where they have been attending school the past year.

Miss Alma Hightower has been visiting relatives and friends in Ancho the past week.

O. Z. Finly was in town from his ranch on New Year's Day.

W. E. Groves, of Groves and Co., merchandise brokers of Albuquerque N.M., was in the city for several days this week.

Judge Seth F. Crews, of Os-curo, was a business visitor in town Monday.

D. R. Stork was a Carrizozo visitor New Years night, at the home of Mr. Albert Channell, and presented the folks with a bouncing baby boy. Both Mother, and son are doing nicely.

M. Lee Dale was a visitor last Sunday from El Paso.

Mrs. L. Boyd of El Paso was a visitor in town over Sunday.

Mrs. Fay Myers left for Roswell, for several weeks stay with relatives.

Mrs. Jim Johnson, of Roswell, stopped over in Carrizozo, on her way to El Paso last Wednesday.

L. R. Hust, of Nogal, has just returned from a trip to Missouri, where he has shipped some cattle. Mr. Hust says the rivers are frozen, as extremely cold weather prevails throughout the east.

Mrs. A. C. Hines and children returned from El Paso, where they have been visiting lately.

Miss Minnie Zeuch of Hopkins, Ia., is the new teacher at the High School, entered in on her duties with the New Year. We welcome Miss Zauch to Carrizozo.

The Carrizozo Trading Co.

—GIGANTIC—

Removal Sale!!

BEGINS

MONDAY, JANUARY 7th

And Continues For 17 Days

It will pay every person in and around Carrizozo to come to our store and take advantage of the many

BIG BARGAINS

We will offer during this Removal Sale.

We are also making, on Many Items,

Special Prices in Our Grocery Department

It will pay you to investigate. Be sure and come in

Monday Be Sure and Come in Early

CARRIZOZO TRADING CO

Quality First

Then Price