

2-1-1910

## Santa Fe New Mexican, 02-01-1910

New Mexican Printing Company

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# SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN

VOL. 46.

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 1, 1910

NO. 301

## MOUNTAINAIR MINING COMPANY

Capitalized at One Million Dollars Files Its Papers Today

## MANY TEACHERS' CERTIFICATES

Important Opinion by Attorney General as to Costs in Tax Suits.

Acting Governor Nathan Jaffa today appointed the following notaries public: Julian Trujillo, Chimayo; Rio Arriba county; George H. Simpkins, Las Vegas, San Miguel county.

Incorporation papers were filed today in the office of Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa by the Mountainair Mining Company with headquarters at Mountainair, Torrance county. The capitalization is one million dollars, divided into a million shares. The incorporators and directors are: P. W. Hoshor, 599,999 shares; Sherman Sharp, 300,000 shares; Emanuel Carmo, 1 share, all of Mountainair.

**Dissolution of Corporation.**  
The Sam Schiff Company of Socorro, today filed a certificate of dissolution with Territorial Secretary Nathan Jaffa, the incorporators being Sam Schiff, 450 shares; Julius Schwarz, 25 shares, and Ike Holzman, 25 shares.

**Teachers' Certificates Issued.**  
Superintendent of Public Instruction J. E. Clark has thus far issued 150 teachers' country grade certificates as the result of the general examinations held in each county on January 14 and 15 and expects to issue 75 more certificates. Some delay has been caused by the tardiness of several county school superintendents to make their reports.

**District Court.**  
The drawing of jurors for the U. S. grand and petit juries for the March term of district court in this district, will be held at 5:30 p. m., on February 12, by Judge John R. McFie, in the presence of three disinterested citizens.

**Fees in Tax Cases.**  
Attorney General Frank W. Clancy handed down the following opinion: Honorable John E. Griffith, district attorney, Socorro, N. M.

Dear Sir—Your letter of the 28th inst, was received here on the 29th and forwarded to me at Santa Fe, where I received it yesterday. I think that the statutory provision as to which the clerk of your court desires an opinion, is not so clear as to admit of no dispute or doubt as to its meaning, but, after careful consideration and reflection, I have reached the following opinion:

The section referred to is section 20 of chapter 22, of the Laws of 1899, and is as follows:

"In entering up judgment in all such cases, the clerk shall add to the amount of tax, penalties and costs, as shown by such delinquent tax list, five per centum of the amount due from each person, or upon each lot or parcel of property described, which five per centum shall be the costs of such proceedings, and when collected shall be paid over to the treasurer of said county for the credit of the court fund."

It will be seen that in endeavoring to reach a conclusion as to the applicability of this provision, which is an exception to the general rules with regard to costs, both as to amount and to disposition, we must ascertain what is meant by the phrase "in all such cases." An examination of the whole statute shows that it was intended to revolutionize the general practice as to suits for the collection of delinquent taxes, and, instead of suing delinquent tax payers separately, to include them in a general list, which should be advertised, and, with the proof of publication, form the basis for an omnibus suit covering everything contained in the delinquent tax list, where the taxes were more than twenty-five dollars. This created a new class of cases, different from anything previously existing, and it seems reasonable to believe that the legislature, in making a new statutory provision as to the amount and disposition of costs, was legislating only with regard to this new class of cases. It is true that in section 17 of the act there is a proviso as to separate suits under the provisions of the act, by authority of the judge of the district court, and it might be argued that the phrase "in all such cases" was intended to refer to all such cases as are mentioned or provided for anywhere in the act, no matter what kind, but such a proviso as the one about separate suits creates an exception to the rest of the law applicable to special cases, and the subject matter of the proviso is not within the general purpose of the act. This view is in harmony with well-settled rules of construction of

(Continued on Page Eight.)

## INSURGENTS WILL BE GOOD

Agree to Support Principal Measures Desired by Administration

## THEY INFORMED PRESIDENT

No Pledge as Yet on the Ship Subsidy and Federal Incorporation Plans.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The coal fields of Alaska, just now so much under discussion throughout the country, are the subject of a bill introduced in the House by Delegate Wickersham of Alaska, providing that fifteen thousand acres of the best coal bearing lands in Alaska be set aside by the United States in perpetuity as a national coal reserve.

**Keep Cool, Says Curry.**  
Special to The New Mexican.  
Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Notwithstanding indignation is intense against the Beveridge statehood bill, Governor Curry desires that no public remonstrance be made from New Mexico, until his return to Santa Fe. The governor leaves Washington for Santa Fe tomorrow.

**New Senator From North Dakota.**  
Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Hon. Fountain L. Thompson, recently appointed senator from North Dakota, has resigned on account of ill health and W. E. Purcell of Waheton has been appointed his successor. Mr. Purcell was sworn in this morning.

**Insurgents Will Be Good.**  
Washington, Feb. 1.—The Republican "Insurgents" in the House will support the administration program on the subjects of railroad legislation, conservation, postal savings banks and anti-injunction. The unanimous decision to do so was reached at a meeting last night and Representatives Gardner of Massachusetts and Hayes of California, were authorized so to inform the President.

It is a conspicuous fact that the ship subsidy and federal incorporation recommendation of the President are not included in the list and it was stated by one insurgent that should be stated by one of the insurgents, that there had been no attempt to reach an agreement on these subjects. There is also a practically unanimous understanding that the insurgents will not caucus on the rules question.

**First Candidate for Senate.**  
Washington, Feb. 1.—Arizona has produced the first active candidate for the United States Senate, in the event of the admission of the two remaining territories by this Congress, in the person of Lee Crandell, a former newspaper man who lives at Globe, Ariz. Mr. Crandell, who was a caller at the White House today, declares that he intends to become a candidate for Senator in the event of statehood and that he will make a campaign in every county in the territory.

"If the election is direct from the people in a primary and cannot be influenced by millions of money, I think I will come pretty close to the goal," said Mr. Crandell today.

Delegate Ralph Cameron of Arizona called at the White House and introduced to President Taft, Neil Bailey former speaker of the lower house of the Arizona legislature. Mr. Bailey assured the President that when the territory holds a constitutional convention prior to admission as a state it will adopt a constitution that will pass muster at the White House or anywhere else.

## PRESIDENT TAFT'S BROTHER VERY ILL.

Los Angeles, Feb. 1.—The condition of Henry W. Taft, brother of the President, who is in a local hospital suffering from an attack of erysipelas, became suddenly worse and it is now feared that the disease has secured a much stronger hold upon him than was at first supposed.

Mr. Taft is being attended by Dr. William Edwards of this city, his brother-in-law.

Tonight Dr. Edwards reported that the patient had developed more alarming symptoms, a high fever having set in and evidences of a spread of the infection having appeared.

Mrs. Taft will remain at his bedside throughout the night. President Taft has been notified of the sudden change for the worse.

No alarm is felt regarding the ultimate outcome of the case, according to Dr. Edwards.

## NEW RULES TO KEEP OUT CHINESE.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Several stringent new rules designed to keep undesirable Chinese immigrants out of the United States go into operation today by direction of the department of labor and commerce. Under the new regulations Chinese bound for foreign ports by way of New England are to be inspected at the original port of entry, Vancouver.

## FEARFUL COAL MINE DISASTER AT PRIMERO

Explosion Yesterday Causes the Loss of Many Lives in Colorado Fuel & Iron Company Camp Near Trinidad—Four Score Dead.

Primero, Colo., Feb. 1.—Seventy-nine is the probable death toll as the result of an explosion yesterday afternoon in the Primero coal mine of the Colorado Fuel and Iron Company. Up to ten this morning, thirty-one bodies, most of them terribly torn and burned, have been brought to the surface, while according to estimates of mine officials, made from the number of missing safety lamps, there are still forty-eight men, probably all dead, somewhere in the caved-in workings. The explosion occurred about 4:30 yesterday. With a terrific roar, a great volume of flame and smoke belched from the main shaft, which crumpled in, blocking the entrance and wrecking the air fans. Five men standing near the shaft were killed. It was three hours later before a rescue party could enter the mine.

**Government Sends Engineers.**  
Pittsburg, Pa., Feb. 1.—J. W. Paul and L. M. Jones, mining engineers connected with the local station of the geological survey left here today for Primero, Colo., to aid in the work of rescue and to make reports for the use of the government.

**Heaps of Bodies.**  
The rescuers found the bodies piled in heaps about the foot of the air shaft where apparently they had fought and trampled upon one another in a frantic struggle for life. Three bodies were sent up, then the rescuers were forced back to the open

air. Another party equipped with oxygen helmets descended and the work of rescue was pushed with frantic haste. Volunteers were rushed to Primero from all the adjoining camps and as fast as one rescue party was exhausted, others eagerly took up the work. Most of the miners employed were Slavs, Hungarians, and Italians. But few Americans were among the missing. The mine was badly wrecked by the explosion and the fire which followed. The cause of the explosion was not ascertained, and it may be days before the last of the bodies was recovered. The first rescue party found No. 7 shaft afire and succeeded in extinguishing it. Near the entry of shaft No. 8 fourteen bodies were found in a heap, and here in the midst of a pile of dead mules, Donaciov Vergen was found alive, although badly hurt and his mind wandering. His survival is one of the most remarkable things of the accident. The hope of rescuing any of the entombed miners alive grew dim as the morning wore away and a feeling of hopelessness settled down on the groups of women shivering around the mine shaft.

David Williams, the pit boss, Jack Elias and James Rumings are the Americans included among the known dead.

**Bodies Badly Mutilated.**  
Up to noon, forty-two bodies have been recovered, most of them so badly mutilated and burned that identification is almost impossible.

## FATAL SHOOTING AT CLOVIS

Son of Hotel Proprietor Is Dying From Three Bullets in His Body

## THREATS OF LYNCHING MADE

Dramatic Scene Occurred at Santa Fe Depot as Train Pulled In.

Clovis, Feb. 1.—As the result of a fatal shooting at Clovis, Curry county, last night, of Benjamin Lyons, son of a hotel proprietor, by Frank Leteaux, a rival depot solicitor, threats of lynching are made, and the police are preparing to rush Leteaux out of town. Friends and relatives of Lyons are said to be on the way from Amarillo on a special train and trouble is anticipated when they arrive.

The shooting was the result of a grudge between the two men which has been in existence for several days past, which was caused by rivalry in securing business for their respective hotels. The shooting occurred at the Santa Fe station just before the arrival of the passenger train from Amarillo. Both men were at the station as usual, waiting to receive guests for their houses. They had some words just as the train was pulling into the station, and Leteaux, according to several bystanders warned Lyons not to step in front of him in soliciting for his hotel, making the remark: "For if you do, I will knock hell out of you." Lyons disregarded Leteaux's warning and stepped ahead of him, calling out the name of his father's hotel. Leteaux immediately pulled his revolver and shot Lyons in the side at a distance of three feet. The boy fell to the platform and Leteaux shot him again while he was down. Backing off six steps, the porter shot him a third time, inflicting a fatal wound. Before Leteaux could shoot again he was arrested by Santa Fe Officer W. B. Sands and placed in jail which is surrounded by officers tonight as a precautionary measure, threats of lynching being freely made on the streets. Crowds gathered in various parts of the town district and feeling ran high against Leteaux, and only the advice of several prominent citizens prevented the people from taking the law in their own hands. Lyons was taken to his home, where an examination by surgeons revealed that he had been shot in the lower bowel, the left lung and the left arm.

## SCHOONER FRANCES WRECKED OFF CAPE HATTERAS.

Norfolk, Va., Feb. 1.—The three-masted schooner Frances of New York, bound for Jacksonville, Fla., is a total wreck near Cape Hatteras. Her crew of ten men is believed to be lost in the terrific storm.

## DEATH ENDS DENVER JOY RIDE

Automobile Was Struck by Two Street Cars While Speeding

## TWO WOMEN KILLED OUTRIGHT

Chauffeur Found Wandering About Demented But Only Slightly Injured.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 1.—Identification was made early this morning of the bodies of two women who were with James A. Baker of Cincinnati and Russell A. Talbot of New York, as guests of Morris Mayer when their automobile was struck by two street cars last night. Both the women and Baker were killed and Talbot was fatally injured. The women are Miss Virgil Cain and Mrs. William J. E. Keating, both of Denver. Miss Cain is said to be the fiancée of Mayer, who had arranged the party in honor of Baker and Talbot. Mayer, who was driving the car at terrific speed when the accident occurred, was thrown clear and was found hours afterwards, wandering the streets, only slightly injured, but half demented.

## MR. AND MRS. PHIPPS ARE AT NEW YORK.

Gossip of Reconciliation Finds Further Support in Statement of Relatives.

New York, Feb. 1.—Mrs. Genevieve Chandler Phipps, and her two little daughters, arrived here today from Pittsburg and were taken in an automobile to an up-town hotel, the identity of which was kept from reporters. Lawrence C. Phipps, her former husband, is in seclusion at the Hotel Manhattan. Howard Phipps, cousin of Lawrence Phipps, is quoted as saying Lawrence and his former wife and three children will sail to Europe together tomorrow. Mrs. Phipps, however, is quoted as saying in an interview: "The matter of a reconciliation has never entered my mind. This is simply ridiculous, and another thing, it would not be any of the public's business if such were the case. I expect to make my permanent home in New York and for that reason I am here."

## VERY LITTLE WOOL CHANGING HANDS AT BOSTON.

Boston, Feb. 1.—Very little wool is changing hands in the local market. Supplies are small and buying is only in limited quantities by the worsted manufacturers. Carded woolen manufacturers are taking a moderate amount and fine scoured territory wools are in demand. Prices have gone back a bit. Washed delaine is held at 39 to 40 cents and 25 cents is asked for original clips in Idaho and Wyoming wools.

## BITTER COLD IN PARIS

It Adds to the Suffering of the Hundred Thousand Refugees

## TRAFFIC BEING RESUMED

Prodigal Distribution of Food Fails to Relieve Entirely Great Distress.

Paris, Feb. 1.—The Seine fell steadily today at the rate of three-quarters of an inch an hour. More tramways are in operation as are also new sections of the subway. The streets that had been closed to traffic were in many cases re-opened and in the heart of the city things resumed a more normal appearance.

In the outskirts and inundated regions above and below the city, the greatest distress still prevailed despite the magnificent efforts toward relief and the prodigal distribution of food supplies. Hundreds of persons were found on the verge of starvation and thousands who lost everything must be aided for months. It is estimated that more than a quarter million of persons have been affected by the flood. Freezing temperature adds to the misery of the unfortunate. The attempts to resume railroad service before the electric signal system has been restored have resulted in a dozen train collisions.

## Ghouls Are Promptly Killed.

Paris, Feb. 1.—The killing of brigands who prey upon the helpless in the outskirts of the city, continues. Last night a number of them were shot and four men and four women narrowly escaped lynching, when found robbing deserted houses in Alfortville. They were using a raft.

## HORTICULTURE MORE PROFITABLE THAN MATRIMONY.

Western Woman Who Says That it Beats Office, Clerical or Factory Work.

New York, Feb. 1.—Decrying matrimony as a business venture, but lauding fruit farming, in which occupation she has accumulated a fortune of \$40,000, Mrs. Marion MacRea of Hood River, Oregon, who started six years ago with a capital of \$25, is in this city at the Hotel Astor on a sight-seeing tour.

"Farming has office, factory or store work beaten all to pieces as a means of livelihood for an ambitious woman," declared Mrs. MacRea in a breezy western style.

"The girl that gets \$6 a week in department stores has mighty little future ahead of her, except possibly a chance to get married," she continued. "I say to all such, back to the farm, where you can be independent of mere hire."

"What I did in six short years, beginning with only \$25, any young woman of grit and energy can duplicate."

"She doesn't have to be driven into matrimony either to escape drudgery, if she will only take courage and look beyond her nose for opportunities. As for me, the fruit farm I consider an ideal occupation for a woman who loves outdoor life. Out west things are different, and a woman seems to be more on a plane of equality with man—her so-called superior. And she makes good, too," asserted the plucky little fruit farmer.

## SAINT PAUL MINE IS RE-OPENED.

Preparations Made to Explore Workings to Bring Up One Hundred and Sixty Bodies.

Cherry, Ill., Feb. 1.—The trap door of the seal over the main shaft of the St. Paul mine, where one hundred and sixty bodies of miners killed in the explosion and fire of last November are still buried in the workings, was broken open this morning. Preparations were made to explore the mine, and bring the bodies to the surface. Not a woman was present, only a few idle miners in addition to mechanics and inspectors being about the tipple. While inspectors and carpenters were busy with the superstructure a young Italian woman stood in the snow, mute and motionless, two hours yesterday afternoon leaning on the iron rail about the main shaft and gazing tenderly at the cement cap that has practically covered her husband's tomb for two months.

"She does that every day," said Archie Drew, superintendent of the mine. "She says nothing to anybody and finally goes home."

Seventy-four posthumous children have been born in Cherry since the mine fire broke out on November 13, thus replacing nearly half the residents lost in the fire. The doctors are having hard work to prevent the sending away of these children.

## FORESTERS FACE MANY QUERIES

Announcement of Opening of Pecos Forest Brings Hundreds of Letters

## AMUSING QUESTIONS ASKED

Supervisor Stewart and His Force Smile as "Tenderfeet" Letters Pour In.

"It certainly does pay to advertise," said Forestry Supervisor Stewart this morning as he glanced at the huge pile of letters that lay before him and were spread on desks of other members of the service. The letters which came from all over the country were in reply to announcements made in the Santa Fe New Mexican and other papers that the Pecos national forest will be thrown open for settlement soon.

The letters in reply to the announcement or rather to get information about the homestead entries, were written evidently by many classes of people and in many styles. Some were typewritten and some were neatly penned and others were simply in pencil.

The following are specimens of the correspondence and show the mental attitude of the correspondents:

This from a St. Louis man: "Dear Mr. Stewart: Please send further particulars in regards to land down there which will be thrown open for entry, as the writer would like to come in on a slice of it. I enclose stamps for your reply."

This was from an Illinois man: "I would like to have a little information if you will please give it to me. How would a fellow go about to enter this land when it takes place and what kind of land is it and when a fellow will have to be there—please let me know all the details."

## Would "Love" to Know.

And then came this breezy epistle from an Indiana man: "I have just read an ad that there is to be opened up for settlement some 600,000 acres in the Pecos valley, New Mexico, for homesteading in the near future AND I WOULD JUST LOVE TO KNOW SOMETHING MORE concerning the matter."

(This "loving" correspondent sent two cents to expedite his billet doux.)

## Apply in Person.

One man was "from Missouri" in the true sense and asked: "Is this government land and what is the entry fee and does a man have to apply in person to enter or can he send the fee and enter. Does he draw or please let me know all the particulars."

A Texan's letter drew a round of smiles when the readers got to the line "Confessing my ignorance in such matters I appeal to your kindness for a little information." He "sure" is from the south, "that genteel man," said one who read his letter and hurried to answer it.

A man in Mount Erie, Ill., writes that he would like a map of the country. Geographies seem scarce in Erie.

An Oklahoman who seems "wise" to making land entries asks only one question: "Is it by a run or draw?"

## Dry and Doubtful?

A New Mexico resident writes to know the character of the land as he seems particular about forming an acquaintance with the Pecos valley until he is told whether or not "it is dry and doubtful?"

One man, an enthusiast in orange groves, asks if oranges can be grown with success in the Pecos valley. Another who resides in Texas, asks if the land has been irrigated. He seems afraid of drouths, but mentions nothing about cyclones.

An enterprising man in Sparta, Ill., asks Mr. Stewart if it would be possible and practicable for him to send his son down to the valley to take out land in his father's name. It seems the young man is yet an infant in the eyes of the law.

## Circular Letter.

Mr. Stewart is at work on a circular letter which will give a fair idea of what the Pecos valley contains for the homeseeker and a copy of this circular will be sent to every one who has written for information. Even so, more queries are likely to follow and the members of the forestry office force are wondering what will be the next question mark.

## FEMALE FRAUD FROM ARIZONA WORKS ON ELKS' GOOD NATURE

Paterson, N. J., Feb. 1.—A woman who gives her name as Mrs. Martha Thorne and says she lives in Arizona, has been arrested at Dover, N. J., charged with swindling Elks throughout the country. It is alleged that her plan has been to exhibit the membership card of Harry A. Thorne of Arizona, who, she says, is her son, and then to borrow money telling a tale of distress.



Old Wheat  
Imperial  
Jersey Cream  
Pansy  
Bobolink

Flour

Also VARIETY FRESH YEAST

WE GIVE CASH REGISTER TICKETS  
WITH ALL CASH PURCHASES

Winter Grocery Co.

Southeast Corner Plaza, Santa Fe.

Telephone No. 40

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF  
THE FINEST AND FULL LINE OF

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks  
Jewelry, Silverware, Deco-  
rated China, Novelties,  
Leather and Leather Ebony  
Goods.

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JEWELER

TAXIDERMIST, TANNER & FURRIER

Every Description of work in our line done to order  
GAME HEADS MOUNTED  
Artistic Taxidermy and Ladies' Fur Repairing a Specialty  
Send for prices for tanning and lining  
furs and hides for rugs and robes  
Highest prices paid for raw furs of all kinds

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SANTA FE, N. M.

Undertaker and Embalmer

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FUNERALS Given Careful  
Personal Attention

RESIDENCE NIGHT PHONE RED 188 OFFICE PHONE RED 130  
PICTURE FRAMING TASTEFULLY AND SATISFACTORILY DONE.

TRY OUR Ground Alfalfa Meal  
Also Good for Chickens

SOLE AGENTS FOR

International Stock Food

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Flour, Hay, Grain, Potatoes,  
Salt and Seeds

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE GRAIN HOUSE IN SANTA FE.

LEO HERSCH

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MANUFACTURER OF  
MEXICAN FILIGREE  
JEWELRY

Right Prices  
Right Goods  
Right Service  
Cut Glass, China and Silverware  
345 San Francisco St. SANTA FE, N. M.

## THE DAILY ROUND UP.

### MOTHER IRELAND.

(By Arthur Springer.)  
O true and dark-eyed Mother Land,  
ye've mourned thim day by day.  
The childer av your achin' breast  
who've fared a world away!  
By moorland and be loch and whin  
ye've mourned for all your lost  
But still ye've smiled and still ye've  
watched and counted not the cost.

And dark, in faith, the ould hours fell  
and cold the ashes grew,  
But Ireland, Mother Ireland, still ye've  
waited fond and true;  
And now the night has vanished, wid  
the sorrows it has known,  
We'll hear the call of Ireland, lads,  
av Ireland to her own!

Newspapers Consolidated—The  
Amistad Tribune has acquired the  
Amistad Herald and will hereafter ap-  
pear as the Amistad Tribune-Herald.

Reception for Governor Mills—The  
Commercial Club of Las Vegas will  
tender a farewell reception to Chief  
Justice W. J. Mills on February 17.

Arrested at Las Cruces—Sheriff D.  
Stevens of Luna county, arrested An-  
tonio Ramirez at Las Cruces for a  
part he took in a shooting scrape four  
years ago.

New Manager and Editor—The  
Clovis News has a new editor and  
manager who has been furnished it  
by the Albuquerque Tribune-Citizen.  
Mr. R. A. Baldwin of Albuquerque.

Two Insane Men Committed to Asy-  
lum—Atanacio Garcia of San Miguel,  
and Julian Torres, of upper Las Ve-  
gas, were committed to the territorial  
asylum for the insane at Las Vegas.

Left for California on Wedding  
Trip—Joseph Vaio and Miss Eliseo  
Cordova were married at Albuquerque  
yesterday by Justice of the Peace  
George R. Craig and left for California  
on a wedding trip.

Girl Dies of Her Injuries—Augusta  
Pingree, aged eight years, died yester-  
day at Albuquerque of a wound  
from a revolver received from a  
playmate who discharged the revolver  
accidentally.

Postmaster Badly Injured—Post-  
master F. W. Joerns at Dayton, Eddy  
county, while trying to stop a run-  
away horse was thrown down under  
the animal's hoofs and trampled. His  
injuries are serious but not fatal.

Salted Fodder—Settlers southwest  
of Central City, Union County, have  
become so annoyed by the damage  
done by cattle to their fields that they  
have scattered salted fodder contain-  
ing poison. About forty head of cat-  
tle have died from eating the poison.

Pueblo Dances—Says the Taos Val-  
ley News: "The Pueblos are indulg-  
ing in their mid-winter dances. On  
Thursday they danced the Navajo and  
Eagle dance and presented some very  
pretty figures. These dances have  
been going on for some weeks and  
will continue until spring."

Third Assistant Postmaster General  
—A. L. Lawshe was in the city this  
week from Dripping Springs. He is  
enjoying perfect health and is glad  
that he decided to make his home in  
this favored section; to read of the  
weather they are having in the east is  
enough to make anybody hereabouts  
shake hands with himself at being so  
fortunate as to live in the great Mes-  
sila Valley."—Las Cruces Citizen.

Socorro is Getting to Be Gay—Says  
the Socorro Chieftain: "If you should  
happen to see a citizen of Socorro out  
in his back yard jumping sideways,  
don't take it for granted that he has  
gone bug-house. He may be putting  
himself into training to sidestep the  
numerous new devil wagons that are  
now whizzing up and down the streets  
of the city seeking whom they may  
devour. Life in the Gem City is be-  
coming strenuous."

There is more Catarrh in this sec-  
tion of the country than all other dis-  
eases put together, and until the last  
few years was supposed to be incur-  
able. For a great many years doctors  
pronounced it a local disease and pre-  
scribed local remedies, and by con-  
stantly failing to cure with local treat-  
ment, pronounced it incurable. Science  
has proven catarrh to be a  
constitutional disease and therefore  
requires constitutional treatment.  
Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by  
F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is  
the only constitutional cure on the  
market. It is taken internally in doses  
from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It  
acts directly on the blood and mucous  
surfaces of the system. They offer  
one hundred dollars for any case it  
fails to cure. Send for circulars and  
testimonials.

Address: F. J. CHENEY & CO.,  
Toledo, Ohio.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.  
Take Hall's Family Pills for con-  
stipation.

## FARMER'S WIFE HAD HEAP TO DO

Mrs. Shepherd Was in Bad Shape  
When She Could Not Stand on  
Her Feet.

Durham, N. C.—"I am a farmer's  
wife," writes Mrs. J. M. Shepherd, of  
this city, "and have a heap to do."

"Four months ago I could not stand  
on my feet, to do anything much, but at  
this time I do the most of my work. I  
took Cardui and it did me more good  
than all the doctors."

"You don't know half how I thank you  
for the Cardui Home Treatment. I wish  
that all women who suffer from womanly  
trouble would treat themselves as I have."  
Ladies can easily treat themselves at  
home, with Cardui, the woman's tonic.  
It is easy to take, and so gentle in its  
action, that it cannot do anything but  
good.

Being composed exclusively of vege-  
table ingredients, Cardui cannot lay up  
trouble in your system, as mineral drugs  
often do. Its ingredients having no  
harsh, medicinal effects, and being non-  
poisonous and perfectly harmless, Cardui  
is absolutely safe for young and old.

Ask your druggist. He will tell you to  
try Cardui.

N. B.—Write to: Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chat-  
tanooga Medicine Co., Chattanooga, Tenn., for Special  
Instructions, and 64-page book, "Home Treatment  
for Women," sent in plain wrapper, on request.

## MINOR CITY TOPICS

Denver, Colo., Feb. 1.—Fore-  
cast for New Mexico: Fair  
weather tonight; Wednesday  
fair in south portion, rain or  
snow in north portion.

Read Andrews' Ad and save money.

Bell Pleads Guilty—C. F. Bell plead-  
ed guilty to the charge of horse  
stealing before the justice of the  
peace at Chapelle, San Miguel coun-  
ty, and was held for the grand jury  
under \$500 bond.

Crazed By Liquor—W. X. Ward was  
arrested at Las Vegas yesterday while  
crazed with liquor. In the jail, he  
smashed the window panes and made  
a speech to the crowd saying he drank  
to excess because of sorrow over the  
loss of a daughter by death.

Suit for Delinquent Taxes—District  
Attorney Ward of Las Vegas, has  
brought suit for the delinquent taxes  
due on the Mora grant, amounting to  
about \$30,000, portion of which has  
been paid by owners of undivided in-  
terests.

Devotions at San Miguel's. The  
forty hours' devotion which was re-  
ported as beginning today at San  
Miguel's chapel will not begin until  
Sunday morning. Father Deraches,  
the chaplain, stated today that the  
services will begin at 6 o'clock in  
the morning. Apart from the solemn-  
ity and beauty of the devotions addi-  
tional interest is lent to them from  
the fact that they will be held in what  
is considered the oldest place of  
worship in North America.

Funeral of Conductor Gatchell—  
Said the Las Vegas Optic of last even-  
ing: "The remains of the late Con-  
ductor A. P. Gatchell were brought to  
this city today from Santa Fe, accom-  
panied by Mrs. A. P. Gatchell, the  
widow, Guy Gatchell and family, and  
Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Dearth. The re-  
mains were taken to the home of W.  
H. Rife, on Third street. The funeral  
will be held tomorrow afternoon at  
2 o'clock from O. R. C. hall in the  
Pioneer building under the auspices  
of the Order of Railway Conductors  
and the Ancient Order of United  
Workmen. Interment will be in the  
Masonic cemetery."

Prof. Silva's Funeral—The funeral  
of Prof. Flavio Silva took place this  
morning from the Cathedral where  
the solemn mass of requiem was cele-  
brated by the Very Rev. A. Fourcheu,  
vicar general. Many relatives of the  
former professor of Spanish arrived  
in time for the funeral, but it was  
their regrets to find that the only son  
of the late professor, Jose D. Silva,  
was unable on account of illness, to  
be present. The pallbearers were  
M. Garcia, M. Castillo, C. Conklin,  
Alfredo Delgado, Santiago Roybal and  
Jose O. y Baca. Interment was made  
in Rosario cemetery. Manager Han-  
son of the Wagner Undertaking Estab-  
lishment having charge of the ar-  
rangements. A special memorial ser-  
vice will be held at the Cathedral Feb-  
ruary 12, when mass will be said for  
the repose of Professor Silva's soul  
and all the relatives and friends of the  
dead educator have been invited to  
attend the service.

### TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY

Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets  
Druggists refund money if it fails to cure  
E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each  
Box, 25c.

Established 1856.

Incorporated 1903.

WE AGAIN OFFER TO  
OUR MANY PATRONS

An Exceptional Opportunity  
COMMENCING MONDAY JANUARY 17.

AND CONTINUING FOR TWO  
WEEKS ONLY, OUR ENTIRE LINE

Muslin Underwear

We have marked these goods down and they  
will be sold below the manufacture cost. Every  
thing in the line offered is bright and stylish.  
Come early and make your selection while the  
stock is complete and get the best value ever  
offered the people of Santa Fe.

SELIGMAN BROS. COMPANY

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FOR HALF A CENTURY  
THE LEADING DRY GOODS  
HOUSE IN THE CITY.

P. O. BOX 219

## THE SAME OLD STORY

DEAR FRIENDS:

During the past week, we have had so  
many of our Friends coming to us with  
the old story of a DULL RAZOR, and  
the experience of so many of those  
unpleasant shaves. We are glad to say  
that we were able to send them away  
from our Store pleased and happy.  
HOW DID WE DO THIS YOU ASK,—  
"Listen,—We absolutely guarantee to  
any person in the City of Santa Fe, or  
vicinity a MODERN COMBINATION  
RAZOR STROP UPON TEN DAYS  
TRIAL, that will sharpen any old Razor  
that you may possess and can be operated  
by a small Boy. We will be pleased to  
give you a demonstration of this Strop  
any time you find it convenient to call,  
and will be pleased to have you bring  
your 'OLD RAZOR' and let us put an  
edge on it for you.



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HARDWARE CO.

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No 14

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No 14

Coal WHOLESALE AND RETAIL Wood  
Screened RATON Lump  
YANKEE  
CERRILLOS

Anthracite Coal all Sizes, Smithing Coal. Steam Coal.  
Sawed Wood and Kindling,  
MONTEZUMA AVENUE CAPITAL COAL YARD.  
Near A. T. & S. F. Depot. Telephone 85

Leras

Unsurpassed Chocolates

Made in New Mexico.

FRESH STOCK JUST RECEIVED  
FOR SALE ONLY AT FISCHER DRUG COMPANY ASK FOR A  
SAMPLE

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\$20,000.00 to loan on Santa Fe Real Estate  
at low rate of interest

NOTICE.

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IS LOCATED IN CLAIRE HOTEL, WEST SIDE PLAZA.



## NEEDFUL KNOWLEDGE.

## Santa Fe People Should Learn to Detect the Approach of Kidney Disease.

The symptoms of kidney trouble are so unmistakable that they leave no ground for doubt. Sick kidneys excrete a thick, cloudy, offensive urine, full of sediment, irregular of passage or attended by a sensation of scalding. The back aches constantly, headaches and dizzy spells may occur and the victim is often weighed down by a feeling of languor and fatigue. Neglect these warnings and there is danger of dropsy, Bright's disease, or diabetes. Any one of these symptoms is warning enough to begin treating the kidneys at once. Delay often proves fatal.

You can use no better remedy than Doan's Kidney Pills. Here's Santa Fe proof:

Hyman Lowitzki, 115 Guadalupe Street, Santa Fe, N. M., says: "I can recommend Doan's Kidney Pills, as they have been used by myself and other members of my family with splendid results. The value of Doan's Kidney Pills for relieving pain in the back and other kidney difficulties has been thoroughly proven to me. I take pleasure in making the merit of this remedy known to other kidney sufferers."

For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

Remember the name—Doan's—and take no other.

## TO AND FROM ROSWELL.

Connection made with Automobile line at Torrance for Roswell daily. Automobile leaves Torrance for Roswell at 4 a. m., and arrives at Roswell at 12 noon. Automobile leaves Roswell for Torrance at 1 p. m. and arrives at Torrance at 10 p. m. The fare between Santa Fe and Torrance is \$5.80 and between Torrance and Roswell \$10. Reserve seats on automobile by wire.—J. W. Stockard

LaGrippe pains that pervade the entire system, LaGrippe coughs that rack and strain, are quickly cured by Foley's Honey and Tar. Is mildly laxative, safe and certain in results. Sold by all druggists.

## FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

## MASONIC.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communications first Monday of each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m.  
H. H. DORMAN, Acting Master.  
ALAN R. McCORD, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.  
S. G. CARTWRIGHT, H. P.  
ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.  
J. A. MASSIE, E. C.  
W. E. GRIFFIN, Recorder.

Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection No. 1 14th degree. Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry meets on the third Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the evening in Masonic Hall, south side of Plaza. Visiting Scottish Rite Masons are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN W. MAYES, 32, Venerable Master.  
HENRY F. STEPHENS, 32, Secretary.

## B. P. O. E.

Santa Fe Lodge No. 460, B. P. O. E., holds its regular session on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.  
DAVID KNAPP, J. D. SENA, Exalted Ruler.  
Secretary.

## Knights of Pythias.

Santa Fe Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias. Regular meeting 1st and 3rd Tuesdays in month at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall, San Francisco St. Visiting Knights invited to attend.  
AUGUST REINGARDT, C. C.  
JOHN K. STAUFFER, K. R. S.

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## BATHS BATHS BATHS

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Phone us, we will be glad to call for your laundry on Mondays and Tuesdays and deliver on Thursdays and Fridays

All work is guaranteed: your socks are mended and buttons sewed on your shirts, without extra charge.  
PHONE RED 122 PHONE RED 122

## HISTORY OF PUEBLO INDIAN LANDS

## Spanish Government Never Intended That They Should Have Fee in Them

## MISTAKE MADE BY UNCLE SAM

## In Texas or in Mexico Communities Developed Into Beautiful Towns.

The following contributed article, or rather brief, has collected authorities to show that the present day Pueblo grants did not have their origin in the policy of the Spanish or Mexican government, but a false interpretation and mistakes by the United States government dealing with a new problem. In Texas, for instance, the Indians did not acquire a fee to large tracts as they did in New Mexico, or even California; it is only the Territory that was burdened with a policy that gave the most fertile and best watered lands to small Indian communities that are not making any use of them or at best, only a limited use, thus retarding the development of the commonwealth.

## Preamble.

The title to four leagues of land was never vested by Spain or Mexico in the so-called Pueblos or Indians, within the territories of California, Arizona, Texas and New Mexico, either as Indians or citizens, and the government of the United States is in error in supposing grants of lands were made to the Pueblos or Indians, by the governments of Spain or Mexico, or to the missions.

The theory of such grants arose out of the plan of the Spanish government to establish missions and military posts at each Pueblo or village, under the administration of the Missions of St. Francis and the Holy Evangelist, and in order to designate the jurisdiction of their respective missions, the government reserved from the cross of each pueblo or village church, one league to the four cardinal points; the title of the land remaining in the Spanish government, and subject to sale or grant; the priests in the meantime administering the estate and converting the natives to Christianity at these posts established and maintained at the expense of the said government. With the immediate object of reducing and subjugating the country, and to provide food for the military garrisons, and with the ultimate plan of the expansion of civilization, and the upbuilding of communities and towns.

As regards the small pieces of land cultivated by the Indians and necessary for their habitation and subsistence, the government recognized their rights thereto, so long as they tilled the soil which if they abandoned, became the property of the crown, or its grantee.

## Brief.

The citizenship of pueblos is fully sustained by the laws of Spain and Mexico, as evidenced by the decrees of the king and the cortes, by the plan of Iguala, and the acts of the Mexican congress, which are briefly expressed in opinion rendered by the president of the supreme court of Mexico, showing when and how all Indians became citizens of Spain and Mexico, under the laws, customs, usages and decrees of the Spanish kings, the cortes, the Mexican congress and its executives.

## Also

How the said citizens of Mexico in turn became citizens of the United States, by virtue of the treaty of G. & H. February, 1848.

Following which are embodied extracts from the report of the secretary of the interior to the Senate of the United States, January 30, 1851.

Finally the rulings of the supreme court of the United States as hereinafter enumerated, declaring the pueblos as full citizens of the United States.

## Extracts.

From the laws of Spain and Mexico making all Indians inhabiting their respective domains full citizens of Spain and Mexico.

Ret. 6. In re. proprietary rights within California and Mexico, of great establishments known as Missions. It had been generally supposed that the lands so occupied were grants held as the property of the church, or the mission establishments as corporations. Such, however, was not the case. All missions in upper California and New Mexico were established at the expense of the government, and the missionaries never had other rights than the use of the land (usufruct) at the pleasure of the government—vide history and principles of foundations by the government, and rules which forbade clerical bodies and ecclesiastics to possess property.

Ret. 7. It was agreed to extend missions into the upper Californias under the protection of presidios (armed posts) which the government would establish.

Ret. 8. The Indians as fast as they were reduced, were trained to labor in the missions, and lived within its walls, or in small villages near by, under the political control of the governor.

The captain of the presidios was authorized to grant building lots and small tracts of land for garden, and farm purposes within two leagues of the presidios. By this means the

mission tracts began to have something like known boundaries, though the lands they thus occupied were still not considered in any light as the property of the missionaries—but as the domain of the crown—appropriated to the use of missions while the state of the country should require it, and at the pleasure of the political authorities.

Ret. 8. In Texas the missions were broken up, and the Indians dispersed.

In New Mexico, the Indian pupils of the missions, or their descendants still in great part, occupy these old establishments and other parts are occupied by white settlers by virtue of grants.

Ret. 9. Art. 15. When it shall happen that a mission is to be founded into a pueblo or village, the commandant will proceed to reduce it, to the civil and economical government, which, according to the laws is observed by other villages of this kingdom; then giving it a name, and declaring for its patron saint under whose memory and protection the mission was founded.

Art. 7 and 19 show that it was part of the plan of these missions, that their condition be changed and they be regarded only as the nucleus and basis of communities, to be thereafter emancipated. \* \* \* with a view to their convenient expansion into towns and cities. In the meantime the governor had authority to reduce their possessions by grants, within and without.

Ret. 10. This position was also confirmed, if it needed confirmation, by opinions of high legal authorities and officials of Mexico. The missions speaking collectively of priests and pupils, had the usufruct—the priests the administration of it—and the whole resolvable, or otherwise disposable at the will of the crown, or its representatives.

3. Missionary monks were relieved by the governors, from the converted settlements, in order to apply themselves to the extension of religion in other fields. Paragraph 10, Article 355 of the constitution Spanish Monarchy, 1812. \* \* \*

Ret. 11. The lands thereafter being distributed and reduced to private ownership, vide the decree of January 4th, 1813, and decrees of Spanish Cortes p. 56.

Ret. 14. All tracts of land pertaining to missions, but not directly attached to mission buildings, were granted as any other lands in the territory, to Mexican inhabitants, and to colonists for stock, farm and tillage purposes.

Ret. 16. On October 28, 1845, Governor Pio Pico gave notice for the sale to the highest bidder, of five missions. \* \* \* Also to rent certain other missions, excepting only therefrom those small pieces of ground which had always been occupied by some of the Indians of the missions.

Ret. 17. That when the governor should determine to sell (the missions) the sale should be by public auction—and should there be any residue, after paying the debts of the mission (the government) it should be distributed to the Indians.

Ret. 22. No law has been discovered in Mexico in the granting of lands, that provides for a reservation of the mines of gold and silver, or other metal or mineral.

Ret. 24. Many of the holders of old grants, have taken the precaution to have them renewed with a designation of boundary and quantity, under the Mexican law, which exist in the Archives.

Ret. 25. The plan of Hjar did not recognize or provide for the settlements of the Indians. While all successive ones that were carried into partial execution, placed the Indian right of settlement among the first objects to be provided for—wherefore the law has constantly asserted the rights of the Indians to habitations, and sufficient fields for their support. The law is understood to be that whenever Indian settlements are established and they till the ground, they have a right of occupancy only as to the land which they need and use—and whenever a grant is made which includes such settlements, the grant is subject to such occupancy only—the right of occupancy at least, when on private estates, is not transferable, and whenever the Indians abandon it, the title to the owner becomes perfect.

Ret. 54. The missions of the province of New Mexico, were discovered and conquered in 1600, and the monks of St. Francis, and of the Holy Evangelists, commenced to establish missions, as boundaries are, on the south, by the provinces of New Biscaya and Sonora; on the north the Sierra of Taos, and the Rancherías in view. On the east, the plains of Cuba terminating in lands occupied in Texas and Louisiana. On the west the Comines Indians, Moquis, Navajos, Yumas, Payachas and Moaches.

The progress of missions was very flattering up to 1623, with 860 Indian converts, when a bishopric with the title of the conversion of St. Paul, was suggested to his majesty. This application, however, was not repeated, as the Indians arose in revolt and massacred the people, the monks, royal judges, including the governor, Don

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Pain along the back, dizziness, headache and general languor. Get a package of Mother Gray's AUSTRALIAN-LEAF, the pleasant root and herb cure for all Kidney, Bladder and Urinary troubles. When you feel all run down, tired, weak and without energy use this remarkable combination of nature's herbs and roots. As a regulator it has no equal. Mother Gray's Australian-Leaf is sold by Druggists or sent by mail for 50 cents. Sample Co., Le Roy, N. Y.

Luis de Rosas. Vide the account of Don Juan de Palacios, 1640.

Ret. 55. Community of property does not exist in missions, nor a formal assignment of land; each family regards as its own property that which their parents formerly possessed, maintaining and cultivating it, according to their necessities and wishes, many paying rents and working for the proprietors of the better lands.

## No. 29. Indians.

Ret. 51. Discourses on Mexican practice at the bar, by Manuel Pena y Pena, late president of the supreme court of justice in Mexico.

The natives of the Americas, not descended from the Spaniards, to whom was commonly given the name of Indians, were regarded as minors, although they might be more than twenty-five years of age, and in this point of view, the laws extend to them different rights. \* \* \*

Ret. 91. All this was provided and observed among us, in the times of the absolute government of Spain. But when a free government was adopted, Indians were regarded as equal with our Spanish subjects. (6) and much more were they so regarded with all Mexican citizens—inasmuch as our independence being established and ratified, it was founded on the basis of equality of civil rights, among all the free inhabitants of our country, whatever might have been its origin in the four quarters of the world. (7) And one of our congresses being desirous of doing away with all differences between Mexicans, decreed thus in everything, (4) Law 35 of same tit. and book.

(5) Law 36 proper tit. and book (6) Decrees of Cortes, Oct. 15th, 1810, January 15, February 9th, and March 13th, 1811, November 9, 1812, and September 8th, 1813.

See also the Royal Order of January 11, 1821, inserted in our ancient periodical entitled General Notice No. 58.

"Inasmuch that the king of Spain, in the presence of the council of state, declared that being equal under the Spanish constitution, all were free men and citizens of the Spanish territory without any distinction. The Indians had therefore escaped from the state of minority to which they were previously subject, and should be looked upon as equal in all respects to the Spaniards of both hemispheres.

Ex. A. Continuing the authorities on this subject, Governor Nemeo Salcedo, in March, 1811, promulgated the Royal Decree of Cadiz, declaring that all Indians of the Americas within her domain, were citizens of Spain, equal in all rights and interests to the Spaniard.

Ex. B. In addition to the overwhelming authorities above cited, and those referred to by the secretary of the interior, vide 31st Congress, January 30, 1851, we have also

Ex. C. The treaty of Iguala between Spain and Mexico, 1821-1823, whereby is guaranteed a continuation and adoption of the laws, regulations, and decrees of Spain and the Cortes then in force, to be accepted by the Mexican government.

Ex. D. The ratification of the foregoing by the Mexican Congress, 1822.

Ex. E. Also Bancroft's History of Mexico, Vol. 4, p. — states, that all Indians within the Spanish domain of the Americas, and all inhabitants regardless of color, were made Spanish subjects, with the rights of full citizenship and to hold office without distinction to the hemisphere where they resided.

Ex. F. The treaty of Guadalupe y Hidalgo, made between the United States and Mexico, February 28, 1848, under which all citizens of Mexico, were guaranteed the full citizenship of the United States, within twelve months following the execution of said treaty.

Ex. G. The following decisions of the supreme court of the United States, and others, which cannot be ignored, hold that the pueblos of New Mexico are full fledged citizens of the United States, holding title to their farming lands in severalty, under a quit claim, or patent given them by the United States government.

U. S. vs. Richie, 17 How, 528-538.

U. S. vs. Antonio Joseph, 1 N. M. 619, 94 U. S. 618.

U. S. vs. Santistevan, 1 N. M. 583.

Pueblo Tax Case, 12 N. M. 139.

U. S. vs. Varella, 1 N. M. 593.

U. S. vs. Mares and Santistevan, Supreme Court of N. M. Jan. 88 Pac. Rep. 1128.

Ex. H. The supreme court of the United States has repeatedly held that this is a government by law and not man, and that the executive officers of this government, shall not substitute their will and opinion for the law.

Deductions.

From the foregoing, it is obvious that the United States government in 1848 was a novice in experience in dealing with newly acquired foreign territories, in this instance adopted the mistaken policy of treating former citizens of Spain and Mexico as

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## New Mexico Military Institute

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COL. JAS. W. WILLSON, Superintendent.

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ANTONIO JOSEPH, Proprietor.

Ojo Caliente, Taos, County, N. M.

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PLEASE CALL AND EXAMINE THEM

ADOLF SELIGMAN DRY GOODS CO

## ROSWELL-TORRANCE AUTOMOBILE

U. S. MAIL AND PASSENGER ROUTE.

Service Established Jan. 10, 1906. Agents for the Buick, Pope Toledo, and Kissel Automobiles.

Shortest route between Roswell and the Pecos Valley to El Paso and Santa Fe and all points in the Estancia Valley and Western New Mexico.

Automobiles leave Roswell daily at 1:00 p. m. connecting with trains for El Paso and all points on Rock Island Railway.

Leave Torrance at 6:00 a. m. arriving at Roswell at 11:00 a. m. Saving passengers over 30 hours between these points over any other route. Full equipment of modern Cars in service securing comfort to passengers. Courteous and expert Chauffeurs in charge of every car. Seats reserved on Auto by applying to Agent of El Paso & Southwestern Railway, or to Roswell Auto Co., Roswell, New Mexico.

Baggage allowance 50 lbs. Any amount of baggage can be carried by notifying Company at Roswell.

J. W. STOCKARD, MANAGER

(Continued on Page Seven.)



## SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN

THE NEW MEXICAN PRINTING COMPANY PUBLISHERS.  
PAUL A. F. WALTER, Editor and President.  
JOHN K. STAUFFER, Secretary-Treasurer.  
FRANK P. STURGES, Vice President.

Entered as Second Class Matter at the Santa Fe Postoffice.

RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION.	
Daily, six months, by mail	\$3.75
Daily, per week by carrier	.25
Daily, per month, by carrier	.75
Daily, per month, by mail	.65
Daily, per year, by mail	7.00
Weekly, per year	2.00
Weekly, six months	1.00
Weekly, per quarter	.75

## OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.



## HAMPERING THE FUTURE STATE

President Taft is a great lawyer, most of the members of his cabinet are eminent in the law—in fact, men like Wickersham, Ballinger, Dickinson, are pre-eminent. The greatest number of senators are state lawyers, and especially on constitutional questions are very well versed on the decisions and the trend of decisions of the higher courts. To them all, therefore it should be obvious that restrictions in the enabling act that seek to hamper the future state of New Mexico in the disposition of its internal affairs, are unconstitutional and will not stand the test of the courts. A well known citizen in an open letter addressed to Delegate to Congress W. H. Andrews brings this out in respect to water rights, for under statehood, it will be a grave question whether New Mexico can not demand compensation for the waters that the federal government intends to give a foreign government out of the Elephant Buttes reservoir.

Referring to the controversies in Washington and elsewhere in regard to the admission of the territories of New Mexico and Arizona into the Union, wherein Mr. Beveridge, as I understand, proposes to submit to the Senate an amendment to the Enabling Act containing certain restrictions and reservations as conditions to the admission of these states, among which I note, among other things, the surrender of all the waters of these territories to the federal government, etc., etc., which involve very serious constitutional questions that are not tenable and which Congress has nothing to do with. In this connection I would draw your attention to the constitution providing how and in what manner new states may enter the Union; together with the decisions of the Supreme Court of the United States relating thereto, which are conclusive, and which for your information I have briefed, and herewith enclosed. In fact, the only prerequisite incumbent on these territories to enter the Union was for their respective legislatures to have called convention of the people for the adoption of a Republican constitution, preliminary to asking for admission into the Union as did Arkansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Oregon, Idaho, Wyoming, etc. Had we done this, Congress could not have denied to us the full rights of citizenship, as contemplated under the constitution. Neither is it within the rights of Congress to pass an Enabling Act that would cause these new states to be shorn of equal power and rights from those enjoyed by the original thirteen states, or that in effect would make the Union one of unequal members.

## Constitution of the United States.

## ART. IV.

Section 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

Section 3. And nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States or of any particular state.

Section 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in the Union a republican form of government.

## ART. VI.

The constitution and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, SHALL BE THE SUPREME LAW OF THE LAND, and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding. (Under the treaty of February 1848, between the United States and Mexico, citizenship was guaranteed to this ceded territory.)

## ART. XIV.

No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States, nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty or property without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

## Status of New States Coming into the Union.

Upon the admission of a state into the Union it stands upon the same

footing as the thirteen original states in all respects whatsoever. 107 U. S. 678; 2 Sup. Ct. Rep. 185; 176 U. S. 88; 44 L. ed. 384; 20 Sup. Ct. Rep. 287; 128 Ala. 346; 64 L. R. A. 341; 86 Am. St. Rep. 143; 30 So. 645.

Upon admission of a state it stands upon an equal footing with the original states in all respects. 163 U. S. 504; 16 Sup. Ct. Rep. 1076.

A new state upon its admission becomes at once possessed of all the rights of dominion and sovereignty possessed by the other states. 125 U. S. 1; 8 Sup. Ct. Rep. 811.

Each new state came into the Union as a co-factor with the others and as a co-delegator of powers under the constitution, and the tenth amendment is as pertinent in its application to the last state to be admitted as to Virginia the first. 3 How. 589; 9 id. 235; id. 479; 10 id. 72; 13 id. 25; 19 id. 164; 20 id. 84; 7 Wall. 700; 18 id. 57; 94 U. S. 315; 95 id. 459; 119 id. 543; 113 id. 405; 123 id. 298; 124 id. 1.

It is quite erroneous to suppose that new states stand in a less independent relation to the federal government than the older states; they emerge from their wardship and become subject to the constitution as the other states.

The states of Arkansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Oregon, Idaho and Wyoming, were admitted under an act of convention without an enabling act following the legislature calling a convention of the people of these territories to adopt constitutions preliminary to their admission into the Union.

The only condition being that imposed by Section 4 Article IV of the Constitution of the United States, to wit, that the constitution adopted shall be republican in form, and as a consequence it is held that Congress as a trustee has no authority to deny to a new state equal powers, privileges or rights which are secured to the original states under the constitution.

And that therefore Congress as agent cannot impose other conditions on the new member which the constitution has not prescribed, which would have the effect of the new member coming into the Union shorn of its powers and right PRO TANTO by the agent authorized to open its doors to the new commonwealth without any such condition. To admit otherwise would be to make the Union one of unequal members.

There is food for thought in the fact that not only are the British government and the United States building irrigation works, but that even Turkey has awakened to the necessity of more modern irrigation methods in its domain and is reclaiming the wonderfully rich lands bordering on Persia. Says a recent issue of The Nation: "The development of Mesopotamia by following the ancient system of irrigation has now been taken up by the Turkish government. Sir William Willcocks, the engineer in charge, describes these systems and their present intended application in the Geographical Journal for January and incidentally discusses an old Biblical question. He locates the Garden of Eden in a region northwest of Bagdad and believes the Ararat of Noah to be near Ur of the Chaldees, the birthplace of Abraham, in the southern part of the Delta. The first result of the completed work will be the bringing into cultivation of 3,000,000 acres of land now desert and an appreciable alteration in the world's production of wheat and cotton, which he proposes to carry to the markets of the world by a railway from Bagdad to Damascus."

New Mexico, too, would be a garden of Eden, if the federal godfather would only permit it to work out its own salvation. It has been hampered by leading strings for more than six decades and now that these strings are to be cut, it is to be tied hand and foot by provisions in an enabling act which is popularly supposed to give it all the rights and immunities possessed by the original thirteen states.

The Taos Valley New calculates in detail by giving each class of shipment, that seven million pounds of freight were sent or received at Taos during the year 1909. As Taos is only a small part of the trade that would come to a railroad from Fort Garland to Santa Fe via Questa, Taos, Santa Cruz and Tesuque, it seems inexplicable that the Denver and Rio Grande railroad delays building into the Taos valley, especially since a large part of the trade is now being diverted across the range to other railroads.

## NEW LIGHT ON IMMIGRATION QUESTION.

The Congressional Immigration Commission has made another report, this time on the crowding of the newcomers in the large cities. Contrary to the general impression, conditions were not found as bad as had been anticipated.

The crowding of immigrants in the congested districts of large cities is much less prevalent than is popularly supposed, and common report of bad living conditions among such immigrants is much overdrawn according to an exhaustive report on immigrants in cities transmitted to Congress yesterday by the immigration commission. The report, which was prepared under the direction of E. A. Goldenweiser and makes a volume of 600 pages, is based on a study of over 10,000 households in some of the most congested districts of New York, Chicago, Philadelphia, Boston, Cleveland, Buffalo and Milwaukee.

It shows that the population of congested districts is composed mostly of recent immigrants, one-third of the families canvassed having been in the United States less than five years and two-thirds less than ten years. In the cities covered it was found that there was an average of 134 persons per hundred rooms occupied, including kitchens, and an average of 252 persons per 100 sleeping rooms. The number of persons per hundred rooms occupied in the different cities follows:

Boston 144; Philadelphia 141; New York and Cleveland 159; Buffalo 133; Chicago 126, and Milwaukee 115.

Out of each ten families visited one family owned its own home. This home ownership averaged one in five in Milwaukee, one in six in Chicago, Cleveland and Buffalo, one in fifteen in Philadelphia, one in twenty-two in Boston and one in two hundred in New York.

Good or fairly good conditions of cleanliness were found in five-sixths of the houses investigated, although the streets were usually dirty, due in many cases to municipal indifference to out of the way districts. Sanitary conditions were found to depend largely on the cities rather than on the occupants of the house. Certain races, the inquiry showed, attached more importance to cleanliness than did others.

The growth of foreign colonies in large cities is attributed to the fact that immigrants generally join their friends or relatives and remain near them for a time, at least, but a more general distribution of the older immigrants has been brought about by economic progress and a desire for better surroundings.

The Carlisle Current laments that the various county officers from treasurer to surveyor must go begging for candidates if the present signs are anything to figure by "for their seems to be none who care for the thousands of dollars the offices pay." Hasn't the Current learned by this time, that in Democratic counties, it is the hardest thing imaginable to break up the "officeholders' trust?" In such counties the officeholders' act as if they reigned by the Grace of God and that it is incumbent for them to be their own successors, and when they get weary of their job, to pick out their own heirs apparent, much as was the custom in unlimited monarchies of the feudal ages. What chance has a mere ordinary citizen against a crown prince to break into this sacred circle?

Clovis and surroundings are experiencing a fuel shortage. Says the Clovis News:

"Clovis and surrounding country, like many other sections of the west this winter, is experiencing a very disagreeable shortage in fuel. The dealers in this city have been without coal for days at a time the past couple of weeks, despite the most earnest efforts on their part to get shipments from the mines."

And yet, the government is doing all it can to prevent the development of New Mexico coal fields by heaping restriction upon restriction to prevent the filing upon coal lands and the amalgamation of claims necessary to successful working of coal mines.

The re-incorporation under one name of half a dozen subsidiary railroad lines of the Southern Pacific in Arizona and New Mexico means more for the development of New Mexico, than appears at first blush. The construction of the first north and south line in western New Mexico involves for the counties of Socorro, Valencia, McKinley and San Juan the same rapid growth in population that has come to the eastern border of the commonwealth. In fact, the development should mean more, for besides agricultural lands, the region to be traversed is very rich in mineral and other resources, besides those of dry farming and stock-raising.

The Las Vegas Optic is not any too friendly to Delegate to Congress W. H. Andrews, but it nevertheless said last evening in its editorial columns: "Whatever the Democratic press may say about our delegate in Congress they cannot say that he neglects his constituents. On the contrary, Delegate Andrews is everlastingly on the job. We are just in receipt of a letter from him in which he states that he is doing his very best to obtain a government fish hatchery for New Mexico. And all of these things count."

## H. S. KAUNE &amp; Co. GROCERS

"Where prices are lowest for safe quality"

## One Resolution to Make

What other 1910 Resolution you may make—

Resolve now that you will trade at KAUNE & CO. the coming year. It is a resolution in your own interest, for it means the best possible table supplies at lowest possible prices.

Think it over—Isn't KAUNE & Co. the logical store for you to patronize through 1910.

H. S. KAUNE & COMPANY  
PHONE 26

## ELK'S THEATRE

WED. FEB. 2 1910

W. F. MANN Present

Miss MARIE DE BEAU  
In Lem. B. Parker's Dramatization of Mary J. Holmes Famous Book

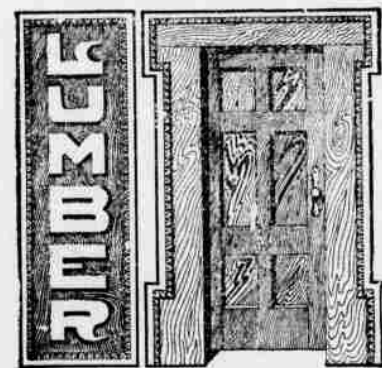
TEMPEST AND SUNSHINE

New Scenery Specialties Costumes Electric Effects 2d Season OF Phenomenal Success

PRICES 25c. 50c. 75c. & \$1.00  
SEATS ON SALE

SAT. JAN. 29 at FISCHER DRUG STORE.

## Ornamental Doors.



are made to perfection from our Lumber) because the wood is perfect in every particular and free from every imperfection of knots, cracks and warpings.

Every foot of it is thoroughly seasoned, dried and shrunk, so it can be absolutely relied upon by carpenters and builders, and all sensible, wide-awake architects hereabouts particularly mention our Lumber in their specifications.

Charles W. Dudrow

## IMPERIAL LAUNDRY For Best Laundry Work

Basket leaves Monday Tuesday Returns Thursday and Friday.

AGENCY at O. K. Barber Shop F. O. BROWN Agent.

Phone No. 23 Red

## ENGLISH LADY Qualified

Glad to hear of a few pupils for German or French

Box 446, Santa Fe N. M.

It is an admitted fact that real estate, financial men and merchants all say that quickest and best results are obtained by advertising in the New Mexican.

R. J. PALEN, President.  
L. A. HUGHES, Vice-President.

J. N. VAUGHN, Cashier.  
J. B. READ, Assistant Cashier.

## The First National Bank OF SANTA FE.

The Oldest Banking Institution in New Mexico. Established in 1870

Capital Stock, - - - \$150,000  
Surplus and Undivided Profits, 75,000

Transacts a general banking business in all its branches. Loans money on the most favorable terms on all kinds of personal and collateral security. Buys and sells bonds and stocks in all markets for its customers. Buys and sells domestic and foreign exchange and makes telegraphic transfer of money to all parts of the civilized world on as liberal terms as are given by any money transmitting agency public or private. Interest allowed on time deposits at the rate of three per cent per annum, on six months' or years' time. Liberal advances made on consignments of livestock and products. The bank executes all orders of its patrons in the banking line, and aims to extend to them as liberal treatment in all respects, as is consistent with safety and the principles of sound banking. Safety deposit boxes for rent. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

## THE PALACE HOTEL

WILLIAM VAUGHN PROP.

One of the Best Hotels in the West

Cuisine and Table Service Unexcelled

Large Sample Room for Commercial Travelers

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO WASHINGTON AVENUE



AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN

J. E. LACOME

Proprietor

Commodious Sample Room

Long Distance Telephone Station.

Steam Heated Electric Lighted, Every Room a Good One.

FIRST CLASS CAFE IN CONNECTION

PRESS THE BUTTON WE DO THE REST.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN

## THE CORONADO HOTEL

First Class Restaurant in Connection

RATES 50c and up OPEN Day & Night

G. LUPE HERRERA Prop. Santa Fe New Mexico.

First Class and Thoroughly Up-To-Date

## HOTEL MODERN

CORNER DON GASPAR AND WATER STREET.

Hot and Cold Water in every Room Spacious Sample Rooms For Commercial Travelers Steam Heat Electric Light Modern Baths.

HERE IS A VERY EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY EVERYTHING AT ONE HALF PRICE

BEST LINE OF GOLD AND SILVER FILIGREE WORK EVER DISPLAYED IN SANTA FE

Don't Fail to Call and Inspect

Excellent Assortments of Burned Leather Goods Burned Wooden Placques All Kinds of Drawn Work Leather Pillows Tops

Many other articles that attract

## THE ORIGINAL OLD CURIO

J. S. CANDELARIO Proprietor

301-303 San Francisco St. Santa Fe, N. M.



## THIS INVITES YOU

A cordial invitation is extended to you to deposit your funds with this bank—to transact through us whatever business you may have of a financial nature.

During the past few months we have added many new names to our list of patrons. We desire your business also, believing we can serve you to your complete satisfaction.

## UNITED STATES BANK &amp; TRUST CO

Capital \$50,000



Santa Fe, N. M.

## DIRECTORS

G. FRANKLIN FLICK

W. S. DAVIS

N. B. LAUGHLIN

J. B. LAMY

R. H. HANNA

FREDERICK MULLER

## OFFICERS

G. FRANKLIN FLICK, President.

W. S. DAVIS, Cashier.

W. E. GRIFFIN, Asst. Cashier.

## HOT WATER BOTTLES

## FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

See our show window for  
bargains in these goods

WE ARE OVER STOCKED

and offer a few numbers at less than cost to us.

Stripling, Burrows &amp; Company

Where your dollar  
buys the most

## THE WEST FOR THE WEST.

The Colorado National Life Assurance Company

Denver Colorado.

The Pioneer Life Insurance Co.,  
of the SouthwestA. M. BERGERE, Manager for New Mexico.  
Santa Fe, N. M. Catron Block

## O. C. WATSON &amp; COMPANY

(Established 1882)

REAL ESTATE---INSURANCE  
OFFICE119 San Francisco St., where the old Santa Fe  
Trail ends and the Greater Santa Fe "trail"  
begins.We have some very desirable propositions in the  
way of city lots; fruit ranches and large tracts to  
be reclaimed, to offer.For full particulars call or  
address the above company Phone Red 189

## THE Wagner Undertaking Establishment

ALSO Dealers in Furniture

FINE LINE OF Carpets and Rugs FOR THE HOUSE

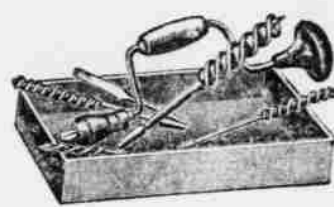
All kinds of furnishings from chinaware to stoves, and  
ranges. Also a fine assortment of desks, chairs, table  
and hat racks. Wagner folding go-carts for the babies.  
They are GREAT!!Look over our stock and see if there isn't  
something to interest you.

## PERSONAL MENTION

Emil Albert of Chicago, is visiting  
friends here.W. E. Darrow of Colorado, is at the  
Coronado hotel.L. B. Blanchard, a tourist from Spo-  
kane, is at the Palace.Frank Williams, a rancher of Pecos,  
is at the Claire hotel.A. Menett, a traveling salesman  
from Las Vegas, is in the city.Mr. and Mrs. A. L. French of Den-  
ver, are sightseers in the city.William R. Hill, a shoe salesman  
from Kansas City, is at the Claire.George H. Smith, Jr., of Santa Rosa,  
is a tourist registered at the Claire  
hotel.C. E. Brown, who represents a large  
coffee concern of St. Louis, is at the  
Claire.Willard Barrows, a well known busi-  
ness man of Chicago, is at the Palace  
hotel.F. W. Benedict, a traveling sales-  
man of Chicago, is calling on business  
men here.Mrs. S. J. Jacks and Miss Jacks of  
Colorado, are registered at the Hotel  
Modern.Mrs. Melton Ulbarri of Las Ve-  
gas, is spending a month with her  
parents in this city.S. C. Hall, a hardware salesman  
from Trinidad, is calling on business  
men in the city today.Fred Nelson and Matt Anderson of  
Denver, who are at the Coronado, are  
visiting friends in the city.J. P. Erickson, a salesman for a  
grocery concern and who travels out  
of Las Vegas, is at the Palace hotel.W. H. Kennedy, formerly in the  
hardware business in this city, is  
planning to locate at Antonito, Colo.Sheriff H. M. Denney and Mrs. Den-  
ney of Alamogordo, are in the city.  
They are stopping at the Claire hotel.Superintendent of Public Instruction  
and Mrs. J. E. Clark intend to leave  
in a few days for Los Angeles, Calif.Dr. W. H. Harrison, the Tacoma ex-  
pert of the Indian bureau, has left on  
another official trip to the Indian pub-  
lics.Rev. A. M. Mandalari who has been  
conducting a retreat at Loretto Acad-  
emy has returned to his parish at Al-  
buquerque.Federal Chinese Immigration In-  
spector F. M. Stanley of Willard, Tor-  
rance county, has been in Santa Fe  
for a few days.Chief Justice W. J. Mills left Las  
Vegas last evening for Raton on court  
matters and from there goes to Clay-  
ton on official business.Speaker E. A. Miera of the last  
House of Representatives, returned to  
Cuba, Sandoval county, today after a  
day spent in Albuquerque.Julian Trujillo of Chimayo, north-  
ern Santa Fe county, left for home  
today, after accompanying his son  
who will go to school at Las Vegas.E. M. Sandoval of Cabezón, Sando-  
val county, one of the prominent na-  
tive citizens of the Territory, is in  
Santa Fe today on business matters.Inspector E. E. Van Horn of the  
territorial cattle sanitary board, in-  
spected a shipment of cattle at Ken-  
nedy, southern Santa Fe county, to-  
day.W. C. Black of Denver, superintend-  
ent of the Postal Telegraph Company  
who had been in El Paso, spent yester-  
day at Albuquerque on his way home.Alejandro Sandoval, a businessman  
and stock raiser of Sandoval county,  
member of the territorial board of  
equalization, has gone on a business  
trip to Mexico.Special Agent W. M. Tipton of the  
department of interior, who formerly  
lived in this city but now makes head-  
quarters at Los Angeles, left yesterday  
for Colorado on official business.L. F. Montenie, formerly in the un-  
dertaking business in this city, and  
secretary of the territorial board of  
embalmers, has returned to New Mex-  
ico from Oklahoma and has located  
at Raton.Superintendent of Public Instruction  
J. E. Clark left on a school inspection  
trip through northern Santa Fe coun-  
ty today and will go as far as Es-  
panola. He is making the trip by au-  
tomobile.County Commissioner Alfredo Lu-  
cero, a progressive and enterprising  
merchant of Santa Cruz, northern  
Santa Fe county, is in the city to at-  
tend the meeting of the board of coun-  
ty commissioners.Mrs. E. C. Abbott left last evening  
for Denver, Colo., to spend two weeks.  
Mrs. O. C. Watson, formerly of this  
city, now of Pueblo, Colo., will meet  
her at Pueblo and accompany her.

## SANTA FE HARDWARE &amp; SUPPLY CO.

You Furnish the Girl! We Furnish the House.

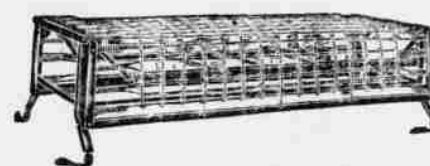
A MOST COMPLETE  
STOCK IN EACHFURNITURE  
STOVES and RANGES  
KNIVES AND CUTLERY  
PIPE and FITTINGS  
SANITARY PLUMBINGFURNITURE, Mattresses  
HARNESS and SADDLERY  
WAGONS and BUGGIES  
FARMING IMPLEMENTS  
MINERS' SUPPLIES

## Everything in Hardware

PUMPS and WIND MILLS  
CAMP EQUIPMENT  
PAINTS, ALL COLORS  
ALABASTINE, Kalsomine  
WALL PAPER, GLASSBEDS and SPRINGS  
Glassware and Queensware  
ROOFING, SPOUTING  
SPORTING GOODS  
GUNS, AMMUNITION

CALL FOR PRICES

LET US SERVE YOU



## LADIES

I have received a fine  
assortment of violets  
and other spring goods.MISS A. MUGLER.  
Southeast Corner Plaza.FRESH EGGS  
CREAM & MILKTelephone No 148 Red  
MRS. OTTO RETSCH.

They will stop at the Albany.

"Hon. W. E. Martin returned Wed-  
nesday evening from a sojourn of sev-  
eral weeks out in the extreme west-  
ern part of the county. Mr. Martin re-  
ports a very enjoyable time, and his  
looks confirm the report, for he ap-  
pears to be in very much better health  
than he was when he left Socorro. His  
many friends are giving him a hearty  
welcome home."—Socorro Chieftain.

"Chief Justice William J. Mills, will  
arrive in Clayton on the night of the  
21st inst., and will probably remain  
until the night of February 1st. He  
is coming here to take up some bank-  
ruptcy matters now pending before  
him and will take up all motions  
pending in his court from Union coun-  
ty. Arrangements are being made to  
receive him with all the honors due a  
governor. It will be the last trip of  
his to this city as chief justice, inas-  
much as he will assume his duties as  
governor on the 1st of March. As  
the judge is very popular in Union  
county, he will no doubt be given a  
royal welcome."—Clayton News.

LUMBER MEN IN CONVEN-  
TION AT CINCINNATI.

Cincinnati, O., Feb. 1.—The Nation-  
al Hardwood Lumber Association, the  
strongest and most influential organi-  
zation of its kind in the country, be-  
gan its annual convention in Cincin-  
nati today, with headquarters at the  
Sinton hotel. Several thousand mem-  
bers representing many states were  
present when the convention was called  
to order. The convention will dis-  
cuss plans for uniting the manufac-  
turers and consumers of hardwoods  
throughout the country into one or-  
ganization.

## —SPRING SEWING NOW—

New Arrivals in embroidery now on display

Corset Covers

Dress Patterns

Flouncing

Waist Fronts

These are all new and up-to-date pat-  
terns and our own importations coming  
in matched sets, direct from manufactur-  
ing centers. Splendid values for the  
careful and knowing shoppers. Those  
that want the newest can find it here.  
For those that want something very  
different they can also find it.

## W. N. TOWNSEND &amp; CO.

## CLEARANCE SALE.

All our winter stock of millinery will be  
closed out at cost, and much of it below  
cost, to dispose of it before the spring goods  
arrive.

A 25 per cent reduction is also made on all  
staple goods in stock. A dollar saved is a  
dollar made. Our stock is all new and noth-  
ing shopworn or out of date.

## La Moda Millinery

Phone Black 78

Catron Block

DAY  
and  
NIGHT

## 24 Hour Electric Service

On and After March 1st.

DAY  
and  
NIGHT

Wire up those dark places

This space next week for Electric Irons  
and Electrical Cooking Specialties.

Santa Fe Water AND Light Company



# St. Louis Rocky Mt. & Pacific Railway Company.

## PASSENGER SCHEDULE In Effect July 14, 1908.

No. 1. DAILY	Miles From Des Moines	STATIONS.	Miles From Raton	No. 2 DAILY
10 30 a. m.	0	Lv. Des Moines, N. M. Arr.	49	6 30 p. m.
10 12 a. m.	4	" " " " " " " " " " " "	45	6 15 p. m.
10 35 a. m.	11	" " " " " " " " " " " "	38	4 55 p. m.
10 50 a. m.	18	" " " " " " " " " " " "	31	4 35 p. m.
11 05 a. m.	25	" " " " " " " " " " " "	24	4 15 p. m.
11 20 a. m.	32	" " " " " " " " " " " "	17	3 55 p. m.
11 45 a. m.	41	" " " " " " " " " " " "	8	3 30 p. m.
12 20 p. m.	49	Arr. Raton N. M. Lv.	0	2 55 p. m.
12 45 p. m.	56	" " " " " " " " " " " "	7	2 30 p. m.
1 30 p. m.	64	" " " " " " " " " " " "	12	2 05 p. m.
2 15 p. m.	72	" " " " " " " " " " " "	20	1 45 p. m.
3 00 p. m.	80	" " " " " " " " " " " "	28	1 15 p. m.
3 45 p. m.	88	" " " " " " " " " " " "	36	10 15 a. m.
4 30 p. m.	96	" " " " " " " " " " " "	44	9 45 a. m.
5 15 p. m.	104	" " " " " " " " " " " "	52	9 25 a. m.
6 00 p. m.	112	" " " " " " " " " " " "	60	7 50 a. m.
6 45 p. m.	120	" " " " " " " " " " " "	68	7 40 a. m.
7 30 p. m.	128	" " " " " " " " " " " "	76	7 25 a. m.
8 15 p. m.	136	" " " " " " " " " " " "	84	7 00 a. m.

Connects with E. P. & S. W. Ry. train No. 124 arriving in Dawson, N. M., 6:15 p. m.

Connects with E. P. & S. W. Ry. train No. 123 leaving Dawson, N. M., 8:55 a. m.

Stage for Van Houten, N. M., meets trains at Preston, N. M.

C. & S. Passenger trains arrive and depart from Des Moines as follows:

NORTH BOUND: SOUTH BOUND:

No. 1, 6:03 a. m. No. 8, 9:27 a. m.

No. 7, 8:12 p. m. No. 2, 7:05 p. m.

Track connection with A. T. & S. F. Ry. at Raton and Preston, with C. & S. at Des Moines, E. P. & S. W. at Colfax, N. M., and Cimarron & Northwestern Ry. at Cimarron, N. M.

Cimarron, N. M., is depot for the following points in New Mexico: Ocate, Itayado, Aurora and Red Lakes.

Ute Park, N. M., is depot for following points in New Mexico: Arroyo Seco, Arroyo Hondo, Baldy, Black Lakes, Cerro, Elizabethtown, Lobo, Questa, Ranchos de Taos, Red River City, Taos and Twining.

E. J. DEDMAN, J. van HOUTEN, W. A. GURMAN, Superintendent V. Dres. and Gen Mgr. Gen. Pass. Agen Raton, N. M. Raton, N. M. Raton, N. M.

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## WOODY'S HACK LINE

From  
**BARRANCA TO TAOS**  
Meets Both North & South BOUND Trains.

Leaves Barranca on the arrival of the north bound train and arrives at Taos at 7 p. m.  
Ten miles shorter than any other way. Good covered hack and good teams.

Every Thing done to Make Passenger Comfortable  
**FARE \$5.00**

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad.

Notice for Publication.  
Pecos Forest Reserve, Not Coal Land (Serial 06732.)  
Department of the Interior,  
U. S. Land Office.  
Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 4, 1910.  
Notice is hereby given that Lucrecio Roibal of Pecos, N. M., who, on January 3, 1905, made homestead entry (serial 06732) No. 8202, for northwest quarter, section 18, township 17 north, range 12 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver, U. S. land office, at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 24th day of February, 1910.  
Claimant names as witnesses:  
Miguel Lamy, Dionicio Sandoval, Atanacio Gallegos, Pedro Roibal, all of Pecos, N. M.,  
MANUEL R. OTERO,

## MOTHER'S FRIEND

A LINIMENT FOR EXTERNAL USE.

One of the most valuable qualities of Mother's Friend is that it safe-guards the future health of the mother. It is a liniment to be applied externally to the body, the use of which lubricates the muscles and tendons, softens the glands and ducts, prevents lumps forming in the breasts, and relieves the pain, nervousness, nausea, and other troubles from which so many expectant mothers suffer. When Mother's Friend is used regularly it fits and prepares the system for an easy and natural consummation of the term. Women who massage with this great liniment are always saved much suffering when baby comes, and recover more quickly, and without ill effects. Mother's Friend is sold at drug stores. Write for our free book for expectant mothers.

THE BRADFELD CO., ATLANTA, GA.

## HOTEL ARRIVALS

Palace.  
Willard Barrows, Chicago; C. A. Carruth, Antonio; A. Menett, J. P. Erickson; R. S. Herbert, Las Vegas; John Redman, Denver; S. L. Milhet, Trinidad, Colo.; L. B. Blanchard, Spokane; Emil Albert, Chicago; M. Ernst, Milwaukee; Charles B. Kerner, St. Louis.

Claire.  
Frank Williams, Pecos; C. Brown, St. Louis; Mr. and Mrs. A. L. French, Denver; N. A. Hardeman, St. Louis; Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Denny, Alamogordo; F. W. Benedict, Chicago; George H. Smith, Jr., Santa Rosa; B. C. Hall, Trinidad; William R. Hill, Kansas City; S. M. Fox, Santa Fe.

Modern.  
H. Brucker, Jonesboro, Kan.; Mrs. S. J. Jacks and Miss Jacks; Alamogordo, Colo.; D. L. Miller, Durango; E. P. Baughn, Las Vegas.

Coronado.  
J. L. Castillo, Socorro; J. Castillo, Algodons; W. E. Darrow, Monte Vista, Colo.; Fred Nelson, Matt Anderson, Denver; George W. Mather, Embudo; William C. Horr, Estancia; E. Martinez y Garcia, Cuero.

A Safeguard to Children.  
"Our two children of six and eight years have been since infancy subject to colds and croup. About three years ago I started to use Foley's Honey and Tar, and it has never failed to prevent and cure these troubles. It is the only medicine I can get the children to take without a row." The above from W. C. Ornstein, Green Bay, Wis., duplicates the experience of thousands of other users of Foley's Honey and Tar. It cures coughs, colds and croup, and prevents bronchitis and pneumonia. Sold by all druggists.

## SENATOR CARTER ON POSTAL SAVINGS BANKS.

United States Only First Class Power in World Without Its Blessings and Privileges.

Washington, Feb. 1.—The United States is the only first class power in the world to deny to the people the privileges and the blessings enjoyed by a postal savings bank, said Senator Carter of Montana, speaking in the Senate today on the bill to establish postal savings banks. He spoke of promises made in the last Republican platform, as well as in several other party platforms; of the support given to the measure by former President Roosevelt and by President Taft and also by a number of postmaster generals of the last forty years.

Answering numerous objections to postal savings banks, Senator Carter said that they would not be a menace to the present banking system of the country, that the present system of banks, even if they were sufficiently numerous, could not reach the people in the rural and sparsely settled districts whom the postal banks are designed to benefit. The postal depositories, he declared would encourage thrift, would bring into circulation much money now kept in hiding and would impel foreigners, who now send much of their savings home for deposit in savings banks in their own countries, to place it in the care of this government.

In referring to countries that have such a system, the speaker said that "it is operated in countries of limited extent and those of broad territorial expansion with equal facility, success and satisfaction."

Answering the objection that the

establishment of postal banks would be an unwarranted use of power by the government, he claimed that the "bill only elaborates a use to which the postal service is now subjected, for, as the report of the committee will show, large sums of money in all the states and territories is invested in money orders payable to the purchaser and renewed annually at an expense of \$3 per \$1,000 as a penalty on thrift."

Encourage Thrift.  
"The prime purpose of the measure," he declared, "is to encourage thrift among the masses of the people by furnishing widely distributed, convenient and absolutely safe depositories wherein small sums may be placed at a low rate of interest with the faith and credit of the government pledged to the repayment of principal and interest on demand."

He held that if the commercial and other banks were widely distributed, they would not be patronized to any considerable extent by the class of people to whom the postal savings depository would furnish the needful elements of convenience and absolute confidence. To the charge that such a system might be held unconstitutional he answered that the microscope has not been made that can disclose a difference in principle between the money order system and the system here proposed.

This system, said Senator Carter, instead of being a menace to the banks, would prove a source of strength. Such had been the results wherever postal banks had been tried.

The bill before the Senate provided that the system be directed by a board of trustees to be composed of the secretary of the treasury, the postmaster general and the attorney general. This board is to report to Congress at the beginning of each regular session. Every postoffice authorized to issue postoffice money orders and such others as the postmaster general may designate are to be postal depositories.

Any person more than ten years of age is eligible to make a deposit, although no account of less than one dollar can be opened and no person may deposit more than \$100 in one calendar month, or more than \$500 altogether, not counting accumulated interest. Interest is to be at the rate of 2 per cent a year.

If you would have a safe yet certain Cough Remedy in the home, try Dr. Shoop's—at least once. It is thoroughly unlike any other Cough preparation. Its taste will be entirely new to you—unless it is already your favorite Cough Remedy. No opium, chloroform, or any other stupefying ingredients are used. The tender leaves of a harmless, lung-healing mountainous shrub, give to Dr. Shoop's Cough Remedy its wonderful curative properties. It is truly a most certain and trustworthy prescription. Sold by Stripling-Burrows Co.

## JUDGE WILLIAM H. MANN INAUGURATED GOVERNOR.

Richmond, Va., Feb. 1.—Judge William H. Mann, who was elected governor of Virginia last November, and the others chosen to the several state offices at that time were inaugurated today. The installation of the new governor was attended by the pageantry and pomp which are usually made a part of the ceremonies on the occasion of the administration of the formal oath of office to the first magistrate of the commonwealth. Judge Mann was accompanied to the capitol by Claude A. Swanson, the retiring governor.

## For Evening Hours The Rayo Lamp



Some of the sweetest hours of home-life are passed under the gentle, kindly light of the evening lamp.

If it be the Rayo Lamp, the light contributes an added charm—makes reading and sewing easy. There are no aching eyes after reading or sewing under the rays of the Rayo Lamp.

The Rayo Lamp diffuses a steady white light. It is the least trying of any artificial light. Made of brass throughout—nickel plated—improved central draught burner.

The Rayo is a low-priced lamp, but you cannot get a better lamp at any price.

Once a Rayo user, always one  
Every Dealer Everywhere. If Not at Yours, Write for Descriptive Circular to the Nearest Agency of the

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## MAKING OF BLANKETS IN CHIMAYO COUNTRY.

Old Fashioned Looms Still to Be Found in Homes of Northern Santa Fe County.  
(Taos Valley News.)

The letter which we give below was written by Bert G. Phillips to a friend who wished to understand something of the origin and history of the Indian blankets which she had in her possession. The information contained in the letter is of value to anyone who has an interest in this products which belong so distinctly to the west. The letter is as follows:

"The five blankets are Chimayo weave; that is they were woven at the village of Chimayo, which lies about fifty miles south of Taos near the Truchas Peaks. There is a loom in every house and their blankets find a ready sale but are of a commercial sort and of very little artistic value at the present time. From forty to over one hundred years ago the Chimayos wove such blankets as those of yours and were a very artistic people. The old art is entirely lost and the old blankets correspond to the modern ones very much as the lost art of the Navajos, in their fine old bayetta blankets, does to the present Navajo blankets. These old Chimayos are only found in the homes of the Mexicans and Indians, where they have been treasured, oftentimes for 100 years, in the Taos valley and along the route of local trade, north into southern Colorado, especially in the mountain town of the Sangre de Cristo to spur of the Rockies. A year ago last October, in company with another collector, I rode horseback along this route, visiting the isolated villages located on the mountain streams and sometimes following them nearly to their sources in order to visit some ranch where perhaps no collector had ever been. We went from house to house, camping out at night where ever we might be.

"At first we had no success; we rode eighty miles before we bought our first blanket; then in the out of the way places we gradually added to our burden—for they did become a burden—a blanket here and a blanket there, until at last we managed to strike a village on a mail route where we could ship home our treasures and start fresh again. I had an Indian woman wash the blankets thoroughly in amole suds and they came out clean and fresh without a danger of ancient germs. All Chimayo blankets are easily distinguished as Chimayos. Yet there is a marked individuality in the weaver's art, and finding the work of some artisan of the long ago, whose art I prize and can readily tell. In remote places, I have taken an interest in tracing the history of the blanket which invariably proves that any weaver must have produced it. You have fine blankets evidently woven by three different weavers. I have seen three or four woven by the one who wove the "fine one," and the pair of "design and fine weave." That artist's work is rare. In my collection I can almost tell by the design that some weaver lived many years before another, and the individuality is very marked."

## SOLDIERS' MONUMENT FOR FERNANDO DE TAOS.

To Commemorate Battle of Pueblo Church and Cieneguilla as Well as Kit Carson.

Through the efforts of Captain Smith H. Simpson of Taos, the war department will erect a granite boulder with bronze tablet at Taos in memory of Kit Carson and the federal soldiers who were ambushed at Cieneguilla in 1854 by Apaches and also the battle at the Pueblo church of Taos in 1847. Says the Taos Valley News:

"In 1847 was the battle at the Pueblo church, after the assassination of Governor Bent, when Colonel Price was victorious, after a loss of a number of his men, the bodies of whom are buried in the cemetery. In a future article of the News, this event will be enlarged upon. The ambush of 1854 took place near Cieneguilla, when a company of American troops, comprising 53 men, led by Lieutenant Davis, and on the way to Jicarilla, now Old Baldy, was attacked in the narrow pass and 23 were killed, while many more were severely wounded. The massacre was by the Apaches with old Chief Canach in command. The bodies of the dead soldiers were brought in on burros and buried, unclothed, in a trench in the Taos cemetery. The scene of encounter was on the old Santa Fe trail, and the point is now marked by a huge monument of stones which have been thrown on the pile by persons passing this historic spot, until now, it will ever remain to mark the scene of this tragedy.

"Aside from commemorating the death of these buried soldiers, this monument will put an end to the attempts to remove Kit Carson's body, as the soldier's monument is dedicated to him as well as to those brave men, the nation's soldiers, who now lie buried there."

## Sore Lungs and Raw Lungs.

Most people know the feeling, and the miserable state of ill health it indicates. All people should know that Foley's Honey and Tar, the greatest throat and lung remedy, will quickly cure the soreness and cough and restore a normal condition. Ask for Foley's Honey and Tar. Sold by all druggists.

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Draftsman  
Copies furnished of records on file in the U. S. Surveyor General's Office.  
Santa Fe, - - - New Mexico

Threatening feverishness with children is quickly and safely calmed by Preventives. These little Candy Cold Cure Tablets should always be at hand—for promptness is all-important. Preventives contain no quinine, nothing harsh or sickening. They are indeed "the stitch in time." Carried in pocket, or purse. Preventives are a genuine safeguard against Colds. 25c. Sold by Stripling-Burrows Co.

## TIME TABLE ALL LOCAL TRAINS

Leave Santa Fe at 9 a. m. to connect with No. 10 from the south and west, also No. 3 from the east, returning arrive at Santa Fe 12:10 p. m.  
Leave Santa Fe at 4 p. m. to connect with No. 1 west-bound, also takes passengers for No. 2 east-bound passing Lamy at 6:30 p. m. Returning arrive at Santa Fe 6:30 p. m. with No. 1's connection only.

Leave Santa Fe at 7:20 p. m. to connect with Nos. 7 and 9 west-bound, and Nos. 4 and 8 east-bound. Returning arrive at Santa Fe 11:10 p. m.

Denver and Rio Grande Railroad.  
Train leaves for the north at 10:15 a. m.  
Train arrives from the north at 4 p. m.

New Mexico Central.  
Train leaves Santa Fe at 1:45.  
Train arrives at Santa Fe at 5:25.

Hoarse Coughs, Stuffy Colds, pain in chest and sore lungs, are symptoms that quickly develop into a dangerous illness if the cold is not cured. Foley's Honey and Tar stops the cough, heals and eases the congested parts, and brings quick relief. Sold by all druggists.

The New Mexican can do printing equal to that done in any of the large cities. Our solicitor, every piece of work we turn out. Try our stock once and you will certainly come again. We have all the facilities for turning out every class of work, including one of the best binderies in the west.



# Plays AND Players

W. F. Mann presents "Tempest and Sunshine" a dramatization of Mary J. Holmes' novel, to be seen at the Elks' theater tomorrow night. Lem B. Parker, who dramatized this famous book has succeeded in constructing the strongest play which has been offered at popular prices for some time and one which will prove doubly fascinating to the public.

"Tempest and Sunshine" grows with interest at each succeeding act and the climax at the end is nothing short of a triumph in modern stage craft. W. F. Mann has spared no effort or expense to make this production a feast for the eye. The settings could scarcely be more beautiful. The play is sincere and true, the scenes being laid down in "Dixie Land," and present a picture of the languorous, romantic life of the south before the war. The principal characters, Julia and Fanny Middleton, "Tempest and Sunshine," afford the chief interest in

the play. The former a capricious self-willed daughter, the latter winsome, loving and magnetic. The trials and triumphs of these two girls are carried through the play, but at the end of all, love survives and all are "happy ever afterwards."

An entire change of pictures tonight. The program as follows: "A Bachelor's Love Affair," "Folled," and "Up San Juan Hill." These are very good pictures and will only be run tonight, as the big show, "Tempest and Sunshine," will hold the boards tomorrow night, and North Bros. Stock Company will be here Thursday, Friday and Saturday nights. They will give a matinee Saturday afternoon for the children. On Sunday night, Feb. 6th, there will be an entire change of pictures. New billboards announce coming attractions. A large board has been erected along the street from Closson's livery stable.

## HISTORY OF PUEBLO

### INDIAN LANDS.

(Continued From Page Three.)

Indians, with the result that where this erroneous policy has been followed by the U. S. government the development and expansion of this country has been dwarfed and retarded, which had previously been so carefully planned and modified by Spain, and later followed and carried out by its successors, the Mexican government; with the result that wherever this policy of Spain was continued, the Indians as citizens intermarried with the conquering race, and a general expansion was the result, and today they stand merged into the Mexican nation, where the highest offices of the government now, as in the past, are occupied by the said Indians, or their descendants to the wonder and admiration of the world.

While the sites of these ancient posts, pueblos, or Indian villages, fostered by the missions under the direction of the old regime have expanded into prosperous cities, from which were developed the agricultural and mining industries, which made Mexico—the Californias and Texas, the garden spots of the world.

In this connection it should not be overlooked that the aborigines of Mexico were mostly people of a high type of civilization at the period of their conquest by Spain, and are not to be classified with the predatory and nomadic tribes of Indians, who inhabited the thirteen original states, and who were provided for under the provisions of our constitution, and which brought them within the jurisdiction of the federal government.

Certainly, our constitution never contemplated treating as Indians citizens of Spain and Mexico, whose citizenship we guaranteed under international treaty.

## TEN MILLION APPLE TREES IN YAKIMA VALLEY.

### New Mexico Should Seek to Outrival Washington in Orchards and Nurseries.

Spokane, Wash., Feb. 1.—Ten million young apple trees will be growing in the Yakima valley, west of Spokane, the coming season, according to A. W. McDonald, president of the Washington Nursery Company of Tappan, Wash. He predicts that within a few years Washington will lead the world in the nursery business. The Washington Nursery Company will, within a few days, start between 60 and 70 men at work grafting trees. The work will continue 50 days, during which time they expect to graft 5,000,000 trees. Mr. McDonald was one of the nurserymen influential in having the new state horticultural law amended to provide for inspection of nursery stock by the state before it is shipped from the nursery. He believes it has saved much expense and annoyance to nurserymen and growers. He said: "The conditions surrounding the inspection of trees have been the most satisfactory this year that they have since I have been in the state. It has done away in a large measure with the loss from exposure which resulted heretofore when shipments of nursery stock had to be examined by local inspectors at the station at which they were received. Now the state sends an inspector to the nursery, where the trees are examined before they are shipped." Mr. McDonald is a strong supporter of the national apple show and believes it should be continued.

## Headache

"My father has been a sufferer from sick headache for the last twenty-five years and never found any relief until he began taking your Cascarets. Since he has begun taking Cascarets he has never had the headache. They have entirely cured him. Cascarets do what you recommend them to do. I will give you the privilege of using his name."—E. M. Dickson, 1120 Resner St., W. Indianapolis, Ind.

Pleasant, Palatable, Potent, Taste Good. Do Good. Never Sicken, Weaken or Grip. 25c, 50c, Never sold in bulk. The genuine tablet stamped C. C. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

## WESTON STARTS ON ANOTHER LONG JAUNT.

He Will Attempt to Walk From Los Angeles, Cal., to New York in One Hundred Days.

Los Angeles, Cal., Feb. 1.—With a message of greeting from the mayor of Los Angeles to the mayor of New York, the long-distance walker, this afternoon starts from this city on a walk across the continent to New York, to be a walk of 4,500 miles. He expects to average forty-five miles a day, but this is a conservative estimate for him, for in his previous long-distance tours he has averaged over fifty miles a day, and on some days has accomplished over ninety miles.

In order to make his tour literally a walk from ocean to ocean, Weston proceeds today to Santa Monica, a coast suburb of Los Angeles, and will make that point the actual starting place of his transcontinental trip. Over a large part of his journey he will follow the tracks of the Atchafalaya, Topeka and Santa Fe railroad. Arriving at Chicago, he will proceed thence to New York over the route with which he has become thoroughly familiar on his previous tours.

Weston's splendid physical condition leaves little doubt in the minds of his friends that he will make an even greater triumph of this journey than he did of his transcontinental trip last year, when in the face of many obstacles he succeeded in walking from New York to San Francisco 104 days.

Following his usual custom, which he has rigidly observed from his early years, the veteran pedestrian will not walk on Sundays. Adhering to his prescribed limit of 100 walking days, therefore, he will arrive at the City Hall in New York on the afternoon of May 20, but he has secret ambitions of arriving slightly ahead of time.

Weston will be seventy-two years old next month. He has been a recognized factor in pedestrianism since 1861, in which year he walked from Boston to Washington to witness the inauguration of President Lincoln. Six years later he aroused deep interest throughout the country by walking from Portland, Me., to Chicago in thirty days and in 1907, at the age of seventy, he accomplished the same task in even less time.

One of Weston's most remarkable feats was in 1879, when he covered the distance of 550 miles in six days. On his transcontinental trip last year he left New York on March 15 and arrived in San Francisco July 15.

In sickness, if a certain hidden nerve goes wrong, then the organ that this nerve controls will also surely fail. It may be a Stomach nerve, or it may have given strength and support to the Heart or Kidneys. It was Dr. Shoop that first pointed to this vital truth. Dr. Shoop's Restorative was not made to dose the Stomach nor to temporarily stimulate the Heart or Kidneys. That old-fashioned method is all wrong. Dr. Shoop's Restorative goes directly to these failing inside nerves. The remarkable success of this prescription demonstrates the wisdom of treating the actual cause of these failing organs. And it is indeed easy to prove. A simple five or ten days test will surely tell. Try it once, and see! Sold by Stripling-Burrows Co.

## DR. SANFORD INSTALLED PRESIDENT OF CLARK.

New Executive of College at Worcester is a Native of Oakland, California.

Worcester, Mass., Feb. 1.—Clark college today installed Dr. Edmund C. Sanford as president of that institution. The ceremonies, which took place in the gymnasium this forenoon, were witnessed by a large number of the most prominent educators of the country. This afternoon there were a luncheon and reception in honor of the visitors.

The new president is fifty years old and a native of Oakland, Cal. In his early career he was a teacher in Honolulu and later an instructor at Johns Hopkins University. For the last twenty years he has been a member of the faculty of Clark college, occupying during the most of that time the chair of experimental and comparative psychology.



## KONDON'S CATARRHAL JELLY

Will YOU Accept This Instant Relief FREE?

SEND us your name on a postal. We will mail you a sample of Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly free.



At All Druggists 25c and 50c Sanitary Tubes, or Sample FREE

—Enough for several days' treatment. —Enough to prove to you conclusively that it is the most marvelous remedy for catarrh, the pleasantest, safest, most soothing and healing method for the treatment of this foul disease. —Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly is applied directly on the raw surfaces. —Reduces the thickened membranes, stops abnormal discharges, clears the nasal passages for easy, natural breathing and permits the air to pass through the lungs over healthy surfaces. —That is the logical way to cure catarrh—Dr. Kondon's way.

—You would not apply salt water to a wound—not spray it with a violent medicine which would burn, itch and irritate the raw places.

—For the same reason you should stop the use of sprays, snuffs, douches and atomizers for catarrh. The delicate lining of the nasal passages is raw, inflamed—sore from the action of the catarrh germs. —Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly is soothing, healing, pleasant and cooling. Apply it once and you will have instant relief. Continued use, three times a day, will effect a permanent, safe and speedy cure of Catarrh, Catarrhal Deafness, Hay Fever, Asthma, Cold in the Head, Catarrh of the Stomach, or any complication resulting from chronic nasal catarrh.

—The blessed relief that even the free sample will bring you will encourage you to continue its use until a complete cure is effected. —You cannot afford to neglect nasal catarrh even in its earliest stages. It will not get better of itself. Neglect of cold in the head opens the way for the attack of the catarrh germs. —Over 10,000,000 packages of this wonderful remedy have been sold in 15 years. This stands as testimony to its merits in unsolicited letters. Read this:

Seattle, Wash. Gentlemen—I have had a bad cold and catarrh in the head for months. I have

## Ask Your Physician or Druggist

been to a good doctor and had it treated, but did not get much relief, so I heard of your Catarrhal Jelly and have used it four days, and feel fine in the head. Please send me a free sample of Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly.

B. O. STEWART. —Remember, that Kondon's Catarrhal Jelly is sold by over 35,000 druggists in the United States—but if yours does not have it, send to us for 25c or 50c tube (stamps or coin), and we will mail it at once, postpaid. The 50c size contains three times as much as the 25c size. Every package is sold under our absolute guarantee of satisfaction or money refunded. Send for free sample today.

Kondon Mfg. Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

## ELEVEN HUNDRED MILE HIGHWAY FOR WASHINGTON.

Northwestern State Will Spend Almost a Million Dollars a Year For Good Roads.

Spokane, Wash., Feb. 1.—Eleven hundred miles is the length of a state trunk, highway planned for Washington by Governor M. E. Hay, who is visiting in Spokane. The road is designed to serve 75 per cent of the population of the state, now near the 1,250,000 mark, and will touch 11 cities, taking in Bellingham, Everett, Seattle, Tacoma, Centralia, Chehalis, Vancouver, Walla Walla, Spokane, Wenatchee and Ellensburg, continuing thence to Seattle.

Governor Hay announced that a tax of one mill has been levied, and it is estimated that this will bring in at least \$850,000 a year for use in improving roads. He also said he is not in favor of large state appropriations for the improvement of roads where the money is expended in small amounts in various places. He said that while the legislature of Washington appropriated \$640,000 for good roads in 1909, the money was spent in districts where the state roads do not join, adding:

"I do not favor carrying on the work in this manner, but I believe a definite route should be selected and a road built which will best accommodate the largest percentage of our people, and that every effort be used in a continuous betterment of the routed highway. The plan I have outlined appears to meet with the approval of all to whom it has been presented."

Governor Hay is a good roads enthusiast, saying that anything which benefits the farmers and fruit-growers, who are really the backbone of the country, will attract thousands of others to the state, also encouraging the county good roads association to greater efforts. He does not believe there is such a thing as having too many good roads expressing the opinion that every dollar expended in this work will return a hundred fold.

## TOURNAMENT FOR WORLD'S CHAMPIONSHIP.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 1.—In Orchestra Hall tonight Calvin Demarest and Harry P. Cline are to begin a tournament for the world's championship at 18.1 ballline billiards. Demarest is the present holder of the title, and emblem, which he won in a contest with George Sutton last fall. The tournament is to continue three nights. Both men have been practicing diligently for the match for several weeks, and both appear to be in excellent form.

## PINCHOT'S SUCCESSOR TAKES OFFICE.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 1.—Henry S. Graves today took office as United States forester, succeeding Gifford Pinchot, who was recently removed by President Taft. The new chief forester served as assistant to Mr. Pinchot for several years. He is regarded as one of the foremost American experts in forestry. He took a forestry course in Germany and since 1900 has been one of the directors of the Yale Forest school.

## EVERY CONSUMPTIVE MUST REGISTER IN TEXAS.

New Law Goes into Effect Today and State Board of Health Will Enforce It.

Austin, Texas, Feb. 1.—Every case of tuberculosis in Texas must be registered with the health authorities, according to the provisions of the new state sanitary code which goes into effect today. The reports on tuberculosis are to be privately kept and are to be considered in the light of a confidential communication, not for the purpose of education in sanitary precautions and to supply literature of the state board of health. A number of new regulations in regard to the quarantine of contagious diseases and the sanitary requirements of hotels and sleeping cars are also contained in the new code, which has the absolute force of law.

## NEW HEAD OF BRAZOS VALLEY LINE.

Houston, Tex., Feb. 1.—J. W. Robins, until recently vice-president and general superintendent of the Chicago, Rock Island and Gulf railroad today succeeded Col. R. H. Baker as president of the Trinity and Brazos Valley railroad. Mr. Robins is a veteran railroad man of thirty years' experience. He began his career as a clerk in the Santa Fe offices and was a division superintendent of that road when he became vice-president of the Rock Island.

## When You Need

Foley's Orino Laxative. When you have that dull, heavy, feverish feeling, accompanied by constipation. When you have headache, indigestion, biliousness, pain in stomach and bowels, then you need Foley's Orino Laxative. It moves the bowels freely and gently, and thoroughly clears the intestinal tract. It does not gripe or nauseate and cures constipation. Sold by all druggists.

## NEW YORK STATE GRANGE IS IN SESSION.

Watertown, N. Y., Feb. 1.—With over 500 delegates in attendance the New York State Grange assembled in convention here today for a four days' session. President J. G. Schurman of Cornell University is announced to deliver the principal address.

## SILVER ANNIVERSARY OF ADIRONDACK SANITARIUM.

Saranac Lake, N. Y., Feb. 1.—The Adirondack Cottage Sanitarium, founded in 1885 by Dr. Edward L. Trudeau and which was the first institution in the world for open air treatment of tuberculosis, held a celebration today in honor of its twenty-fifth anniversary. Among those who took part in the celebration were twenty-five former patients of the sanitarium who were cured of tuberculosis.

You economize greatly when using Dr. Shoop's new coffee substitute known to first class grocers everywhere as Dr. Shoop's Health Coffee. A 25c 11-2 pound package gives 100 cups of a wonderfully satisfying table drink. Pure roasted grains malt, nuts, etc., give to Health Coffee a wholesome, and satisfying taste and flavor. And there is not a grain of real coffee in it. Besides, Health Coffee is "made in a minute." No 20 to 30 minutes tedious boiling. Sold by Frank Andrews.

## SOUTH CAROLINA LIVESTOCK ASSOCIATION IS IN SESSION.

Columbia, S. C., Feb. 1.—A good attendance was on hand this morning at the opening of a two days' convention of the South Carolina Live Stock Association. The principal speakers at the opening session when President Thomas Taylor of the association, Prof. J. N. Harper of Clemson College, and R. P. Welch of the United States department of agriculture.

## SPECIAL ELECTION IN SIXTH CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Butler, Mo., Feb. 1.—A special election is in progress in the Sixth Congressional district today to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Congressman David A. DeArmond. As the district is overwhelmingly Democratic the election of C. C. Dickinson the Democratic nominee, is regarded as assured. The Republican candidate is Philip S. E. Griffith.

## More people are taking Foley's

Kidney Remedy every year. It is considered the most effective remedy for all kidney and bladder troubles that medical science can devise. Foley's Kidney Remedy corrects irregularities, builds up the system and restores lost vitality. Sold by all druggists.

# WANTS

FOR RENT OR SALE—A good type writer. J. B. Sloan.

FOR RENT—Six room modern brick house. O. C. Watson Co.

FOR SALE—Furniture at 120 Galisteo street. Call any time Wednesday.

FOR RENT—Four furnished rooms for housekeeping. Hot and cold water, kitchen, sink, use of bath, Mrs. M. C. Miller, Garfield Ave.

## NOTICE OF SPECIAL MASTER'S SALE.

No. 634. Territory of New Mexico, County of Santa Fe. In the District Court, Thomas K. D. Maddison, Plaintiff, vs.

The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, et al., Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, heretofore appointed Special Master, under and by virtue of the decree of foreclosure rendered in the District Court of the First Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the County of Santa Fe, entered on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1909, in that cause wherein Thomas K. D. Maddison is plaintiff and The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, et al., are defendants, will, on Saturday, the 12th day of March, 1910, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house, in the City of Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, New Mexico, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash, in accordance with the said decree, the following described property, to-wit:

All that mining and smelting property located at Los Cerrillos, Santa Fe County, New Mexico, constituting a smelter, and also the following mines or mining claims located in said Cerrillos Mining District, in said County and Territory: The Tom Payne Mining Claim, The Golden Eagle Mining Claim, The Sukie Mining Claim, The Sukie, Jr. Mining Claim, The Albany Mining Claim, and The Santiago Mining Claim, together with all improvements thereon; also thirty-five acres of land, more or less, in the southeast quarter of Section 18, Township 14 North, Range 8 East.

Also two dwelling houses, one office and assay building, safe, desks, chairs, stoves, scales and assayer's implements; one bin house with crusher, 14-36; one elevator, one motor, 15 horse-power; one roller, 14-24, one crusher, 10-12; one screen, 3 feet by 10; two sampling machines; one chain elevator; one engine, 30 horse-power; two boilers, 60 horse-power; one feed pump; one heater with engine, 75 horse-power; one blower; one dynamo; one force pump; shovels, picks, steel bars, tools, electric supplies; one 100-ton lead furnace; one 30-ton copper-furnace; slag pots, settling pots, bullion moulds, wheelbarrows; steam, water and air pipe; slag elevator building; one motor, 15 horse-power; blacksmith's shop and matte house, blacksmith tools, anvil, bellows, crusher; motor, 15 horse-power; reverberatory furnace building; reverberatory furnace, 72 by 20; lime kiln; dust flume with 90-foot iron stock; one railroad scales, one wagon scale, and three platform scales; one stone water tank and cooler; two iron water tanks; water pipe connecting with town water works; also pipe line connecting with spring on Willson property—about one-half mile in length; one frame barn; also various mining machinery and improvements located on above named mining claims and the property of said The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company.

It being intended to sell all of the property belonging to the defendant, The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, of whatever kind or character, save and except such property as was by the decree of foreclosure rendered in the above cause found by the Court and decreed to belong to the Bank of Commerce of Albuquerque, New Mexico, and reference to said decree is hereby made for a description of said property belonging to said bank.

Said property will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, for the purpose of satisfying the said plaintiff and the owners or holders of the bonds and coupons of said defendant, The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, outstanding, amounting to the sum of two hundred and sixty-six thousand dollars (\$266,000), and which said sum, together with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the date of said decree until paid, was decreed to be a first lien upon the property hereinbefore described, together with the costs herein to be taxed, and other allowances, expenses and disbursements as may hereafter be fixed by the Court; and the undersigned Special Master, for the purpose of satisfying said decree, and by virtue of the authority vested in him, will, at the time and place in this Notice specified, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in accordance with the terms of said decree, the said real and personal property.

F. J. OTERO, Special Master.

COUGHS, COLDS AND BRONCHITIS are cured to stay cured by

# Vinol

Because it removes the cause. We have not known a case wherein it did not succeed. But if it should not in your case, we will return your money. This is a genuine offer and should be accepted.

Stripling Burrows & Co., Druggists, Santa Fe.



## No. 4 CASH No. 4

### GROCERY AND BAKERY HIGH PRICES

Are coming down and we are  
always the first to let you know it

Bananas, per doz . . . . .	35c	Barrington Hall coffee, 2 lbs. . . . .	75c
Fresh Kansas eggs, dz. 37 1-2c		White House coffee, 2 lbs. . . . .	75c
Fresh Estancia eggs, dz. 40c		Dates, new and fresh, 2 lbs. . . . .	25c
Fresh City eggs, doz. . . . .	50c	One pound new Seeded Raisins . . . . .	10c
Butter, Merritt's Best, per lb. 40c, 2 lbs. . . . .	75c	One pound Cleaned Curr- ants . . . . .	10c
Butter, Creamery, good per lb. . . . .	35c	Best Patent Flour, sk. . .	\$1.65
Lemons, new crop, per dz. 25c		Fresh Coan Meal, 24 lbs. .	65c
Grapefruit, new crop, 10c each, per doz. . . . .	\$1.10	Potatoes, cwt. \$1.45, 14 lbs. . . . .	25c
Oranges, per doz. . . . .	25 to 55c		
Fine celery, 2 bunches . . . . .	15c		

### 5c. lb. Sweet Potatoes 5c. lb.

Extra Good Tomatoes, No. 3's, 2 for . . . . .	25c	Cabbage and Parsnips, per lb. . . . .	4c
Sweet Corn, per can . . . . .	10c	Nine bars Teepe Soap . . . . .	25c
Canned Fruits, . . . . .	15 to 35c	Seven bars Pearl White Soap . . . . .	25c
Salmon, . . . . .	10, 15, 20, 25c	Six bars Pearl White Soap . . . . .	25c
Columbian Milk, 3 for 25c, thirteen for . . . . .	1.00	14 Hardwater Castle Soap . . . . .	25c
Green Chile, 3 for 25c, thirteen for . . . . .	\$1.00	Three Dutch Cleaners . . . . .	25c
1909 Walnuts, per lb. . . . .	20c	Nos. 1 and 2 Lamp Chimneys for . . . . .	15c
Ripe Olives, pt. can . . . . .	20c		
Turnips, beets, carrots, per lb. . . . .	4c		

Phone No. 4. F. ANDREWS Phone No. 4.

## EUGENIO ROMERO LUMBER & COAL YARD

Lumber and all kinds Lump, nut and  
of building material. mine run coa

YARD ON HICKOX STREET, NEAR  
NEW MEXICO CENTRAL DEPOT.

Red Phone 100

Phone Red 100

TOMAS P. DELGADO Mgr.

FIRST CLASS CORRICK'S HACK LINE  
HACK SERVICE For Hire at Popular Prices. Buggies and Saddle Horses

## Minor City Topics.

(Continued From Page Two.)

See prices, Andrews' Ad.  
WANTED—One horse, two seated surry or extension top carriage. Must be in good condition. Address X. Y. C., New Mexican.

Pedro Zamora Released—Pedro Zamora who has been serving time at Albuquerque for an assault upon Francisco Armijo, has been released.

Death at Insane Asylum—Estanislao Lopez, a patient at the territorial insane asylum at Las Vegas from Guadalupe county, died on Saturday.

Being Drunk Meant Death—W. J. Coleord shot and instantly killed Jack Lane at Payson, Arizona, yesterday. Lane was drunk and was shooting up the town.

Last Ball of the Season—The Woman's Board of Trade dance on Thursday evening at the public library, will be the last ball before Lent. Refreshments will be served.

Dies as Martyr for Humanity—Sister M. Martina of St. Mary's hospital at Roswell, died of cerebral typhoid contracted while nursing a typhoid fever case. She was 30 years of age.

Policeman Dropped From Force—Policeman Frank Quier has left the Albuquerque police force because of the policeman falsely accusing a man of taking his watch at the theater Sunday night.

Engineer's Head Crushed—Rock Island Engineer George C. Burke while leaning out of his cab at Duran, struck his head against a projection. His head was crushed but he is still living at the hospital at Alamogordo.

Marble Tablet for Dr. Tight—A marble tablet is to be erected to the memory of the late Dr. W. G. Tight at the entrance to the assembly hall of the University of New Mexico at Albuquerque, of which institution he was president for seven years.

"Merritts Best" butter 2 pounds 75c.

Wife of Editor Dies—Florence C. Morse, wife of Judge F. D. Morse, dieter of the Santa Rosa Sun, died yesterday at El Paso where she had gone to undergo an operation. Mrs. Morse had lived at Santa Rosa the past eight years.

Commissioners Meet—The board of county commissioners met this afternoon. Chairman I. Sparks presided at the meeting at which only routine business was transacted. Alfredo Lucero from the north and Jose Ortiz y Pino from the south, were present as was also Clerk George W. Armijo.

Roswell Postmaster Charged With Embezzlement—Postmaster Robert Kellahin of Roswell, was arrested on the charge of embezzlement by Post-office Inspectors Dolan and Smith. Mr. Kellahin at once made good the alleged shortage which is said to be mere-

ly technical, and due to a mistake in bookkeeping.

H. Spiegelberg Better—Word has been received here that H. Spiegelberg, the well known curio dealer, is rapidly improving in Las Vegas and expects soon to start for New York. There he will take special treatment for stomach trouble with which he has suffered severely for some time.

Candlemas Tomorrow—Tomorrow is Candlemas, Ground Hog and New Mexico Day, a combination which is hard to beat. The churches will observe the first, the public school the second and the weatherwise the third, for should the ground hog see his shadow tomorrow it will be winter for six weeks more.

Ad on Page Five—Attention is called to the special advertisement on page 5 of this issue of the Santa Fe Water and Light Company, announcing night and day electric service in this city from March 1 on. Further details will be announced tomorrow in a special interview with Manager Owen who will discuss the advantages of the new scheme.

Five Have Remarkable Escape at Roswell—Drew E. Pruitt, Mrs. Pruitt, Major and Mrs. D. C. Pearson and twelve months old baby, were thrown into a deep irrigation ditch at Roswell by their automobile skidding while crossing a small bridge. The automobile was on top of them and their escape from serious injury was nothing short of miraculous.

Forty-nine Degrees Yesterday—The mercury climbed to 49 degrees yesterday about 4 p. m. The minimum was at 7:30 a. m. when it dropped to 22 degrees. The relative average humidity for the day was 38 per cent. The temperature at 6 o'clock this morning was 26 degrees. A year ago today the maximum temperature was 45 degrees and the minimum 20, with 100 per cent of sunshine. The day was a clear and pleasant one.

Seeks Warmer Climate—After spending a month in Santa Fe and completing regaining his health Henry Badt, a medical student from Fort Worth, Texas, left yesterday afternoon for Arizona where he will spend several weeks. He will visit the Grand Canyon and later go to Los Angeles. Mr. Badt came here from Texas upon the advice of physicians who told him that this is the ideal climate to cure chills and fevers. The advice seemed good.

Cyclists Complain—A few days ago it was the pedestrians who complained of the senseless habit some people have of throwing bottles out on the pavements and into the streets making sales for the shoe dealers but menacing the feet of those who have not carriages to provide their locomotion. Now the cyclists have been heard to complain, for the glass cuts the tires and such damage is a source of great expense. The automobilists will probably be heard from "next."

## MOUNTAINAIR MINING COMPANY

(Continued From Page One.)

statutes, in accordance with which it is held that a proviso or exception usually relates only to the paragraph or matter immediately preceding it, as you will see by reference to 26 A. & E. Encyc. of Law, 573 et seq.

Separate suits against individual tax payers must, therefore, be considered like any other civil suits against individuals, and the same rules as to costs are what shall be done with them, should apply, as in all other cases, except those based upon the delinquent tax lists. It would be the duty of the clerk to collect and account for costs in such cases, the same as he does in other cases.

## TRADE TREATY BETWEEN CANADA AND FRANCE.

Ottawa, Ont., Feb. 1.—Following several years of agitation and many long debates in the Dominion Parliament, the trade treaty agreed upon last year by the Dominion of Canada and France was put into operation today. The treaty provides for commercial reciprocity between the two nations in the broadest sense. Under its provisions practically all of the manufactured and natural products of the Dominion are admitted to France and her colonies under the minimum tariff rates and the products of France are to enjoy the same privileges when exported to Canada.

## WANTS NO MASHERS ON POLICE FORCE.

Denver, Colo., Feb. 1.—No more mashers on the police force, says Chief Armstrong.

Six handsome young policemen who have been on six months' probation in the department are not to be enrolled on the permanent force, because, according to Chief Armstrong any pretty woman can make them go over the jumps, roll over, play dead or any other one of the numerous foolish things a woman can make a susceptible man do.

"I want coppers on the force," said the chief, "not candidates for a masculine beauty show. How can I put a stop to the masher nuisance with six brass-buttoned flirts on my staff setting a bad example to these pin-headed cigarette fiends, who, by the way, are going to find it rough sledding from this time on."

"I want men to look neat and keep clean, but when they get to wearing bunches of violets to hide their stars, just because some dame gave them the flowers and taking Florida water baths and manicuring their finger nails, there's nothing for 'em in this business."

"What I want on this department is

big, husky young fellows, who can drive a nail with their bare fists, and live as close to nature as is proper for their health—officers who can look one of these foolish flirts in the face without batting an eye, and shame her into running home, where she belongs. "Now, I'm not knocking the marriage game, I'd like to see them all happily married, for when you find men whose minds are centered on families at home, you have the making of a good policeman."

## MARKET REPORT

### MONEY AND METALS.

New York, Feb. 1.—Call money 2 1-2@3; prime paper 4 1-2@5; Mexican dollars 44; Amal. 81 7-8; Atch. 116 1-8; N. Y. C. 119; S. P. 128 1-8; U. P. 186; steel 82 3-8; pfd. 122 7-8.

### GRAIN, PORK, LARD AND RIBS.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 1.—Wheat—Feb. 113 3-8; @1-2; May 113 3-8; @1-2. Corn—Feb. 63; May 65 5-8@3-4. Oats—Feb. none; May 46 3-4. Pork—Feb. none; May \$21.75. Lard—Feb. none; May \$12.02 1-2@12.05.

### WOOL MARKET.

St. Louis, Feb. 1.—Wool unchanged; territory and western mediums 25@28; fine mediums 20@24; fine 12 @21.

### LIVESTOCK.

Kansas City, Feb. 1.—Cattle—Receipts 6,000, including 200 southern. Market strong. Native steers \$4.75@7; southern steers \$4.25@5.75; southern cows \$2.75@4.50; native cows and heifers \$2.60@5.75; stockers and feeders \$3.25@5.40; bulls \$3.45@4.90; calves \$3.75@5.50; western steers \$4.50@6.25; western cows \$3@4.75; Hogs — Receipts 10,000. Market 5 to 10 higher. Bulk sales \$8.15@8.40; heavy \$8.35@8.50; packers and butchers \$8.20@8.45; light \$8@8.35; pigs \$7@7.90. Sheep — Receipts 8,000. Market 10 higher: muttons \$4.50@5.85; lambs \$6.50@8.25; fed western wethers and yearlings \$4.75@7.60; fed western ewes \$4.50@5.50.

Chicago, Ill., Feb. 1.—Cattle—Receipts, 4,500; market, strong. Beeves 4.20@7.65; Texas steers \$3.85@4.90; western steers \$4.10@6.00; stockers and feeders \$3.10@5.40; cows and heifers \$2.10@5.60; calves \$7.00@9.25.

Hogs — Receipts, 16,000; market, strong, generally 5 cents higher. Light \$8.10@8.45; mixed \$8.15@8.60; heavy \$8.25@8.62 1-2; rough \$8.25@8.35; good to choice heavy \$8.35@8.62 1-2; pigs \$5.90@8.15; bulk of sales \$8.40@8.55.

Sheep — Receipts, 12,000; market, 10 cents higher. Natives \$4.00@6.25; western \$4.10@6.25; yearlings \$6.90 @7.90; lambs native \$6.00@8.40; western \$6.25@8.40.



# THE BIG STORE

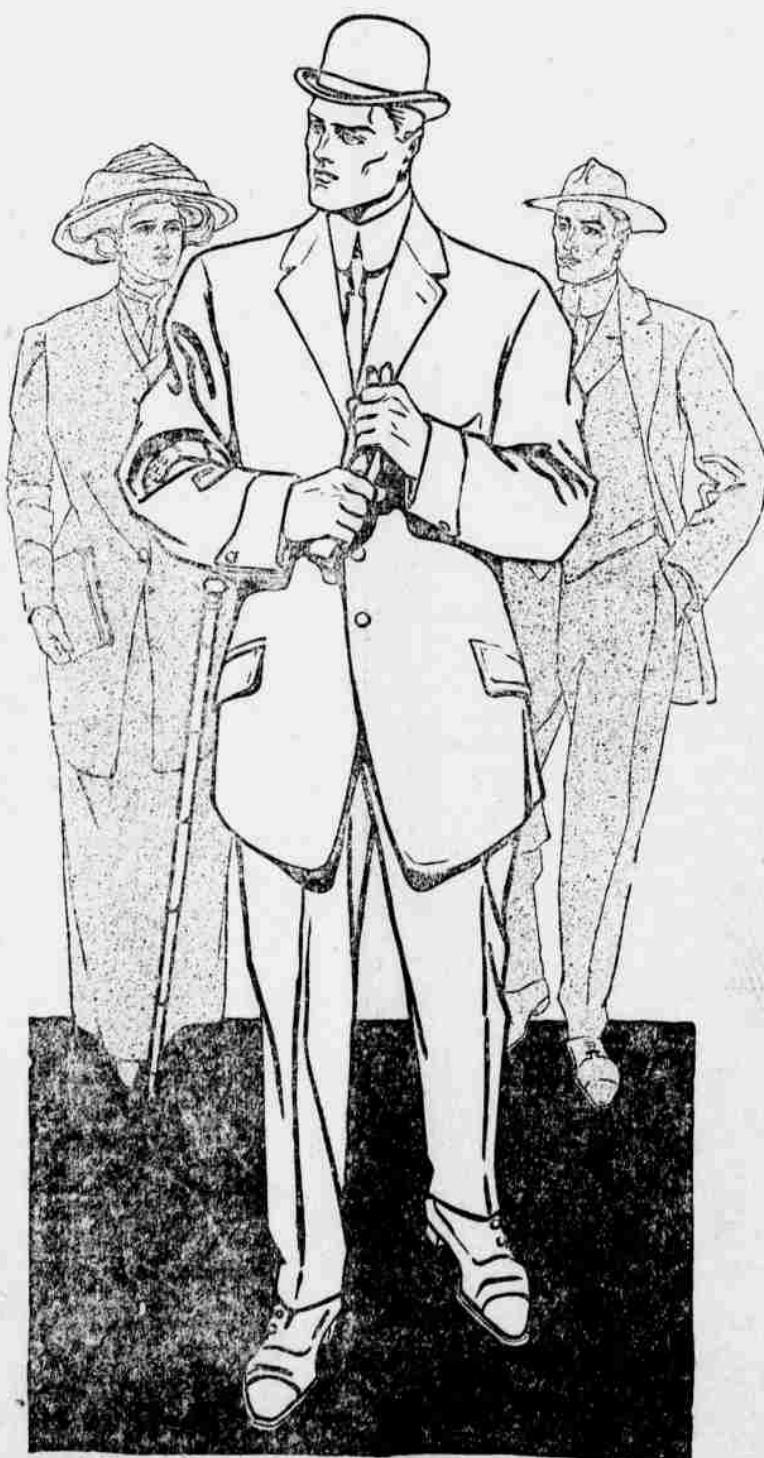


## A "Friend-Making" SALE

ONE thing we like about a clearancesale like ours, if we don't make a lot of profit, selling clothes at less than they're worth, we certainly do make a lot of friends. Every time we get a man into one of our

HART SCHAFFNER & MARX

suits and overcoats, we know we've made him a solid friend of our store, and of our merchandise. And we know that friends are worth a good deal more to a business than a few dollars of immediate profit.



Copyright 1909 by Hart Schaffner & Marx

We want to clean up this entire stock of winter goods; we'd a good deal rather give you the benefit of our extremely low prices now than to carry these goods through until next fall; we're willing to allow you something on the price—a good generous slice of it—to pay you for doing the carrying over.

We're selling Hart Schaffner & Marx fine suits and overcoats in this sale; if you're familiar with what that name stands for, we needn't say any more except to quote prices. If you're not familiar by experience, now's a good time for you to learn the value of good clothes.

## SUITS & OVERCOATS

from \$22.50 to \$17.50

from \$30.00 to \$25.00

from \$25.00 to \$20.00

Lots of good bargains to be had in our other departments: we're clearing stock in shirts, in neckwear, in fancy waistcoats; hosiery, hats, whatever you need to wear is here, and just now is a good time to save money on it.

This store is the home of  
HART SCHAFFNER &  
MARX clothes.

# NATHAN SALMON

SANTA FE,  
NEW MEXICO.