

1-26-1910

Santa Fe New Mexican, 01-26-1910

New Mexican Printing Company

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TWO RECEIVERS APPOINTED

One for Estate of Stewart Conover, Other for C. C. Maloney

FORGED CHECK FOR \$2,500?

Farmington Land and Investment Company Filed Incorporation Papers.

Acting Governor Nathan Jaffa today appointed Austin R. Moses of Rock Island, Quay county, a notary public.

Incorporation papers were filed today by the Farmington Land and Investment Company of Farmington, San Juan county. The capitalization is \$100,000, divided into 100,000 shares. The company begins business with capital of \$2,000. The incorporators and directors are: N. B. Haines, L. S. Ascoug and E. D. Griffin of Colorado City, Colo., and T. J. Skaggs of Farmington, each 500 shares and the last named being the New Mexico agent.

District Court.
Renehan & Davies, as attorneys, filed three suits in the district court today. The two first mentioned are in the district court for Rio Arriba county and the third in the district court for Torrance county. Two of them are for receivers and each case Judge McFie appointed the person suggested as receiver. The first suit is Jablo L. Martinez vs. Onesimo Archuleta, justice of the peace, and Jose Marie Lopez and Jose S. Lucero, his bondsmen, for \$200 damages, prescribed by statute in such cases, for refusing to grant an appeal in a replevin case which involved the possession of a shawl.

Louis F. Nohl was appointed receiver of the estate of the late Stewart Conover of Lyden, who was recently murdered. The petition made a showing that Conover was indicted for \$2,500 of which \$1,100 was due Bond, Nohl and Company, and that the stock in the Conover store was worth about \$2,000 and was deteriorating for lack of management. Nohl has filed a bond in the sum of \$2,000.

The third case is that of the Capital City Bank vs. Mrs. C. C. Maloney, et al, in which E. P. Davies is appointed receiver of the estate of Maloney, who recently committed suicide by taking poison while on his way to Corona. The petition sets up that just before leaving Santa Fe, Maloney cashed a check for \$2,500 made by Sarah Hampton in favor of one A. D. Bolling upon the Fayette National Bank of Lexington, Ky., Maloney endorsed Bolling's name. Sarah Hampton now claims that her signature was forged and there is also a question whether C. C. Maloney was A. D. Bolling. All but \$8.15 of the \$2,500 was found on the person of Maloney and was turned over to the station agent of the Rock Island at Corona.

GOVERNMENT TURNS DOWN SUGGESTION FOR DELAY.

Berlin, Jan. 26.—The reply of the foreign office to the request of the United States that the application of Germany's general tariff to American imports be deferred until March 31, is understood to be non-acceptable as a suggestion for delay.

KEEP A COW AND CHICKENS

That Is Governor Hadley's Solution of High Cost of Living Problem

HE HIMSELF DOES IT

But Refuses to Say Whether His Wife Attends to His Livestock.

St. Louis, Jan. 26.—Governor Hadley of Missouri, believes that the cost of living problem can only be solved by every family keeping a cow and chickens. "If you can't afford to keep a cow and chickens, you ought to go back to the farm," he said last night. "The real cause of high prices lies in the fact that too many people in the cities are producing things they cannot eat. I keep three cows and some chickens too. And you'd be surprised at the saving they make in the household expenses. If you don't believe it, ask Mrs. Hadley."

The governor refused to discuss the problem of who gets up at five o'clock on winter mornings to look after the Hadley cows.

WHITE SLAVE BILL IS PASSED

House of Representatives Favors Republican Measure for Decency

FEDERAL BUREAU OF MINES

Former Secretary of the Interior Opposes Passage of Ballinger Act.

Washington, Jan. 26.—The Mann "white slave" bill was passed by the House today.

Radical Changes Proposed.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 26.—Governor Curry was at the White House today. It is believed that he discussed with President Taft the statehood bill. It is reported from the Senate committee on territories that Senator Beveridge and Nelson insist on radical changes in the bill as it came from the House.

Mines Bureau Bill Passes.

Washington, D. C., Jan. 26.—The House passed a bill to create a bureau of mines in the department of the interior. The measure will not go into effect until July 1, 1910. It directs the secretary of the interior "to foster, promote and develop the mining industries of the United States and to investigate methods of mining and possible improvements for carrying on mining operations."

Garfield Opposes Ballinger.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Former Secretary of the Interior Garfield appeared before the senate committee on public lands yesterday and opposed a bill submitted by Secretary Ballinger, authorizing the secretary to withdraw public lands from settlement pending recommendation to Congress for legislation in reference to them.

Mr. Garfield declared legislation of this character was not needed, as the President had authority to withdraw public lands believed to contain valuable timber or mineral or to be valuable for the development of power. He declared that, as this power was vested in the President, there was no good reason for extending the right to the secretary of the interior.

Several members of the committee said they agreed with Mr. Garfield if it should be shown the present system did not involve too much "red tape" in accomplishing the desired withdrawals. No conclusions were reached and the bill will be taken up again.

A brief, bearing directly upon the questions involved in the bill under consideration was presented to the committee by Chairman Nelson. The conclusions reached follow:

"The power of the President to reserve public lands from sales and entry rests upon various statutes, upon numerous decisions of the courts and upon long established and long recognized usage.

"The pre-emption act of 1830 provided that the privilege of pre-emption should not extend to any land 'which is reserved from sale by act of Congress or by order of the President.' This clearly gives the President the power, on his own motion, to make the reservation and leaves it in his discretion to exercise the power, and the power may be exercised through an executive department."

A number of decisions were cited by Mr. Nelson to show that the courts are agreed upon the point he makes.

OFFICIAL ANNOUNCEMENT OF COMPLETION OF MERGER.

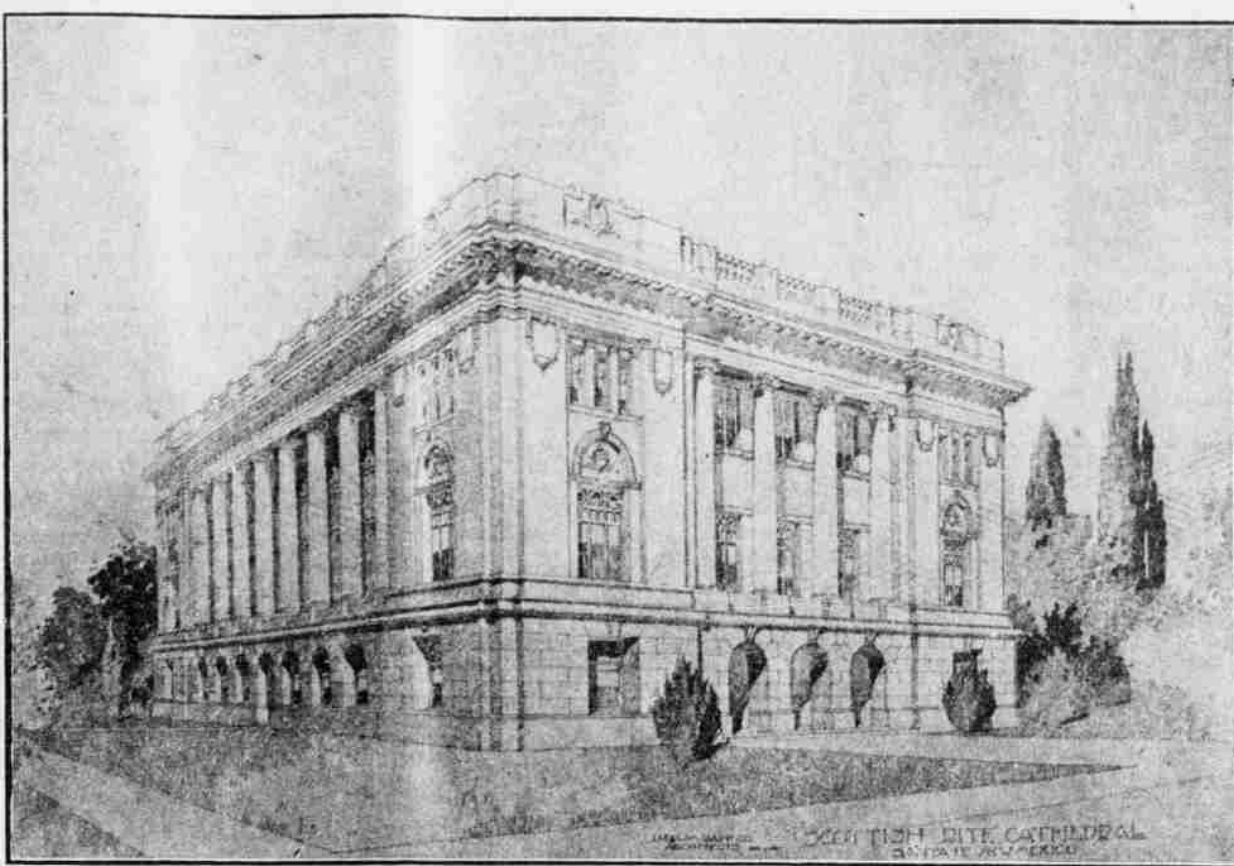
New York, Jan. 26.—The announcement was officially made today that a merger of the Boston Consolidated Copper Company and the Nevada Consolidated Company with the Utah Copper Company has been completed.

Gerat Trust Planned.

New York, Jan. 26.—The formal announcement of the merger of the Butte copper properties was expected late this afternoon. With this and the recent merger of the Guggenheim interests, it is now expected that the Butte and Guggenheim interests will consolidate and the result will be one gigantic corporation controlling practically the entire copper output of the United States and influencing the world's market.

GIRL SEIZED AND DRUGGED BY THREE YOUNG MEN.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 26.—Seized by three men at Eighteenth and Curtis streets, hustled into a taxicab, drugged, taken to a magnificent residence on Capitol hill, where in a richly decorated apartment, on the walls of which hung pictures of Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, she was dressed in rich costumes and forced to pose for an artist. This is the startling story told by Annie Thayer, 16 years old, in explaining her absence from home. She related this story to her mother, Mrs. Emma Thayer, of 1904 Arapahoe street, a mission worker, who believes her daughter told the truth.



Scottish Rite Masonic Cathedral to Be Built This Year at Santa Fe.

BEEF CHEAPER THAN IN YEARS

Price of All Meats Is Going Downward in New York Markets

DEALERS ARE OVER STOCKED

Grand Jury Is Pushing Investigation of Alleged Milk Trust.

New York, Jan. 26.—"The market is dead, the agitation against high prices did it," was the declaration today of wholesale meat dealers. The action of the local markets, wholesale and retail, confirmed the assertion. Lamb dropped a cent, pork loin two cents, and some dealers in beef cut prices a cent or more a pound. The wholesale dealers are said to be stocked with thousands of unsold cuts of dressed beef with supplies still coming in. The prediction is made that beef will be cheaper at the end of the week than for years. The grand jury investigation of food combines, particularly the alleged milk trust, is being pressed vigorously.

Counter Boycott on Unions.

Frankfort, Kan., Jan. 26.—A counter boycott was organized last night directed against the unions that have joined the meat crusade. The farmers propose to quit using products of labor unions for one year. They also charge that the packers are back of the boycott. The farmers organizations of all sections of the state will be asked to join the movement.

Investigating Beef Trust.

Chicago, Ill., Jan. 26.—The federal grand jury today began hearing evidence in the investigation of the alleged "beef trust." The first witness called was C. C. Snow, secretary and treasurer of the National Packing Company.

PROMINENT RESIDENTS CHARGED WITH CRIME.

Boulder, Colo., Jan. 26.—Charged with criminal assaults upon two girls 12 and 13 years old Dr. W. H. Easter, aged 38, an osteopath; Joseph McCray, aged 63, a blacksmith, and Walter George, aged 40, a transfer driver three highly respected citizens of Longmont, are being held by the county authorities. It is expected that the preliminary hearings of the men already incarcerated will involve several other Longmont men. If the stories of the girls, so far as can be ascertained, are to be believed, several married men of apparently spotless reputations, have been in the habit of committing the most fiendish outrages upon helpless children.

Dr. Easter has practiced in Longmont for the past four years and has a wife and six children. He has moved always in the best society.

Joseph McCray has been a blacksmith and landowner in the county for many years and is a grandfather. His son, Joe McCray, is a well known wrestler.

PUEBLO MAN CHARGED WITH LIVING OFF FALLEN WOMEN.

Pueblo, Colo., Jan. 26.—Grant Weston, who entered the court room as a spectator, emerged as a prisoner. Weston was listening to the calling of the criminal docket, when he heard his own name pronounced. He got up to see what he was wanted for and was seized by a deputy sheriff who took him to the bar and arraigned him before he knew what had happened. He is charged with living off the earnings of a fallen woman.

GREAT INTEREST IN INQUIRY

Congressional Committee Begins Hearing in Ballinger-Pinchot Fight

LOUIS R. GLAVIS FIRST WITNESS

Starting With Clean Slate, Case Must Be Developed "In Court."

Washington, D. C., Jan. 26.—The direct manner in which the Ballinger-Pinchot congressional committee inquiry proposes to deal with its work was evidenced today in summoning Louis R. Glavis as the first witness. Glavis is the dismissed field agent who preferred charges against Secretary Ballinger in connection with the Cunningham coal claims in Alaska, which also resulted in the dismissal of Gifford Pinchot. Although the proceedings are not scheduled to start until 2:30 p. m., the demand for seats in the big room of the Senate office building commenced early this forenoon. Following today's session, the committee probably will meet Friday and Saturday. The committee is starting with an absolutely clean slate. All that has been said or written will be disregarded, and the case against Secretary Ballinger or any one else upon whom the attack may turn must be developed "in court" although the strict rules of evidence will not be allowed to exclude any character of testimony.

Questioning Begins.

Washington, Jan. 26.—With Senator Nelson in the chair, the inquiry began in earnest at 2:37 this afternoon with Mr. Glavis on the witness stand.

GENERAL STRIKE MAY BE CALLED

Bituminous Coal Miners in Canada and United States Involved

WILL ASK RAILROADERS' HELP

Plan Is to Tie Up All Traffic in Both Countries at the Same Time.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 26.—A strike of bituminous coal miners in the United States and Canada will be called if the mine operators of all or any of the districts refuse to sign contracts granting an increase of wages, according to the declarations of many leaders in the convention of the United Mine Workers today. Duncan McDonald, president of the Illinois district, the anti-Lewis leader, heartily supported President Lewis in his announced plan to make the strike general if a strike became necessary in any district. "But what we should have," said McDonald, "is a general industrial strike. We do not want the railroads hauling 'scab' miners into the coal fields and hauling out 'scab' coal while we are striking. We should persuade the railroad unions to co-operate. It is possible that the whole convention will go to Toledo next

(Continued on Page Eight.)

SUBTERFUGES ARE EXHAUSTED

We Shall Soon Have Statehood, Declares E. A. Cahoon, the Banker

"WE HAVE ENOUGH POPULATION"

He Says, and President Taft Will See That Party Pledge Is Kept.

"I feel confident that we shall get statehood very soon. Why? Because it is evident that the subterfuges used to put us off are exhausted. The fact that the Republican party is pledged to give New Mexico statehood is sufficient to enlist President Taft's support for the measure."

This was the declaration made by E. A. Cahoon, president of the board of regents of the New Mexico Military Institute and prominent banker and Republican of Roswell. Mr. Cahoon is here attending the reunion of the Masons and was interviewed by a reporter this afternoon.

"I am confident that Delegate Andrews is doing all in his power to get statehood," he continued, "and any reports or rumors to the contrary, I, for one, regard as not only without foundation but positively absurd. I am also confident that President Taft is for the measure because it was a plank in the platform on which he was elected. I do not think it will be long before we are admitted to the Union because there is no longer any excuse for keeping us out and the House and the Senate know it."

"Lack of population? Why we have a sufficient number of people in the Territory to warrant statehood. We have as many people as other territories had when they were admitted. This talk of New Mexico being too thinly populated is absurd."

Mr. Cahoon declared that as a banker he finds business conditions in his county good. He said that the New Mexico Military Institute is in better shape than ever before and that the \$60,000 building now being erected will likely be finished in May. It is being erected to replace the one which was burned down.

Mr. Cahoon is regarded as one of the most prominent Republicans in New Mexico although he has repeatedly declared he is not in politics and has no aspirations for political honors.

COAL FRAUD CASES ARE DISMISSED.

Denver, Jan. 26.—Judge Treiber in the federal court dismissed the charge of conspiracy against Louis H. Rumsey, the St. Louis millionaire, and four others in connection with the coal land fraud cases that has been on trial here more than a week. The other defendants dismissed were Airie Kettel, Charles A. Dodge and C. F. W. and Gustave Habernack, all of South St. Louis. The defendants whom the court refused to discharge are F. W. Kettel of Denver and Franklin Fay of St. Louis.

The government yesterday closed its case and the attorneys for the defendants at once asked for a verdict discharging the defendants on the ground that not conspiracy had been proved against them. After arguments lasting several hours the motions were sustained.

PRESS FREEDOM IS VINDICATED

Judge Hough Quashes Indictment Against Publishing Company

NOTABLE NEWSPAPER VICTORY

Government's Prosecution of Publishers of World Is Stopped.

New York, Jan. 26.—The government's prosecution of the publishers of the New York World was stopped by the federal court here today. Judge Hough is quashing the indictment against the Press Publishing Company, the publishers of the World, for alleged libel, in connection with a publication concerning the Panama canal purchase.

BIG BANK IN MEXICO SUSPENDS.

Mexico City, Jan. 26.—The United States Banking Company suspended today following failure to make a clearing house settlement on yesterday's business.

FLOOD SITUATION GROWING WORSE

Whole of France in Grip of Unprecedented Snow and Rain Storm

SEINE STILL A RAGING TORRENT

Feared It Will Pass High Water Mark of Great Inundation of 1802.

Paris, Jan. 26.—The flood situation grows worse hourly. At Pont Royal this morning the raging torrent of the Seine was 27 feet 8 inches above low water mark and is rising nearly an inch an hour. There is no hope but that the high water mark will be reached before tomorrow morning when the flood is expected to reach a maximum of 31 feet, or greater than that reached by the disastrous flood of 1802. The whole of France is in the grip of an unprecedented storm. Rain, snow and hail are falling everywhere. The coasts are storm bound and ships are fleeing to harbors for shelter.

Blinding Snow Storm in Paris.

Paris, Jan. 26.—A blinding snow storm prevailed in Paris today, and coupled with the bitter cold, added to the general suffering and misery. In face of a national disaster, France is giving a fine exhibition of pluck and solidarity. Political divisions have been buried and the government and the people are united to solve the problem of rescue and of providing shelter and food for the homeless, who are numbered by tens of thousands. The situation in Paris is steadily growing worse. More streets have been converted into shallow canals, more streets have been evacuated more pavements have caved in and traffic communication is now completely paralyzed. The chief cause of alarm is the constant rise of water in subterranean Paris, the foundations of scores of buildings being undermined. Whole streets have been roped off as unsafe. Traffic over half of the bridges across the Seine also has been closed.

Avaricious Bakers Thrown Into Seine

Premier Briand and Minister of Finance Cochery, after consultation today estimated that the flood losses would exceed two hundred million dollars. Paris has been divided into five sections, each with a military commander, who will control the relief and rescue work. The Seine this afternoon continues to rise. All Paris is now beginning to feel the pinch of hunger. Some avaricious bakers who attempted to double the price of bread were roughly handled today and thrown into the Seine at Charanton.

Three Thousand Imprisoned.

Paris, Jan. 26.—Six miles of the historic Bois du Boulogne are now under water, and a wing of the foreign office has been evacuated. The water also invaded the postoffice building and has reached the chamber of deputies. Three thousand persons are imprisoned in the upper stories of their homes in Alfortville, but it is thought this afternoon that it will be possible to save them. Boats manned by the soldiers are engaged in the work of rescue.

TEXAS RANGERS AFTER TRAIN WRECKERS.

El Paso, Texas, Jan. 26.—Texas rangers were called from El Paso last night to a point near Del Rio, Texas, where for a third time train wreckers had made an effort to wreck a Southern Pacific passenger train by placing obstructions on the track.

Old Wheat
Imperial
Jersey Cream
Pansy
Bobolink

Flour

Also VARIETY FRESH YEAST

WE GIVE CASH REGISTER TICKETS
WITH ALL CASH PURCHASES

Winter Grocery Co.

Southeast Corner Plaza, Santa Fe. Telephone No. 40

CALL AND SEE FOR YOURSELF THE FINEST AND FULL LINE OF

Diamonds, Watches, Clocks
Jewelry, Silverware, Deco-
rated China, Novelties,
Leather and Leather Ebony
Goods.

S. Spitz MANUFACTURER
JEWELER

TAXIDERMIST, TANNER & FURRIER

Every Description of work in our line done to order
GAME HEADS MOUNTED
Artistic Taxidermy and Ladies' Fur Repairing a Specialty
Send for prices for tanning and lining
furs and hides for rugs and robes
Highest prices paid for raw furs of all kinds

436 Canon Road Phone Black 19 **FRANK F. GORMLEY** General Merchandise
SANTA FE, N. M.

Undertaker and Embalmer

J. D. MULLIGAN

FUNERALS Given Careful Personal Attention

RESIDENCE NIGHT PHONE RED 188 OFFICE PHONE RED 130
PICTURE FRAMING TASTEFULLY AND SATISFACTORILY DONE.

TRY OUR Ground Alfalfa Meal

Also Good for Chickens

SOLE AGENTS FOR

International Stock Food

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

Flour, Hay, Grain, Potatoes,
Salt and Seeds

THE ONLY EXCLUSIVE GRAIN HOUSE IN SANTA FE.

LEO HERSCH

DIAMONDS H. C. YONTZ WATCHES

Right Prices Right Goods Right Service
MANUFACTURER OF **MEXICAN FILIGREE JEWELRY**
Cut Glass, China and Silverware
345 San Francisco St. SANTA FE, N. M.

THE DAILY ROUND UP.

A CARAVAN FROM CHINA COMES.
(After Hafiz.)
(By Richard Le Gallienne)
In Literary Digest.
A caravan from China comes:
For miles it sweetens all the air
With fragrant silks and dreaming
gums,
Attar and myrrh—
A caravan from China comes.

O merchant, tell me what you bring,
With music sweet of camel bells;
How long have you been traveling
With these sweet smells?
O merchant, tell me what you bring?

A lovely lady is my freight,
A lock escaped of her long hair—
That is this perfume delicate
That fills the air—
A lovely lady is my freight.

Her face is from another land,
I think she is no mortal maid—
Her beauty, like some ghostly hand,
Makes me afraid;
Her face is from another land.

The little moon my cargo is,
About her neck the Pienades
Clasp hands and sing, Hafiz, 'tis this
Perfumes the breeze—
The little moon my cargo is.

Child Badly Scalded—The daughter
of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Mumford of
Stanley, southern Santa Fe county,
was badly scalded by pulling a pot of
boiling coffee on herself.

Saloon Destroyed By Fire—The
Ranch saloon at Logan, Quay county
was burned to the ground a few days
ago. The building was owned by C.
Underwood and the fixtures and stock
by S. Tyler. Insurance covered the
loss.

Switchmen Arrested for Theft—C.
E. Stout and H. R. Baker, switchmen
on the Santa Fe, were arrested at
Albuquerque yesterday on the charge
of petty larceny from Pullman cars.

Arrested for Abducting Girls—A. S.
Waterman was arrested at Alberque-
que upon advices from La Junta, Colo.,
that he is wanted there for abducting
Bessie Sheldon, aged 15, and Maggie
Sheldon, aged 16.

Marriage Licenses—At Las Vegas
marriage licenses have been issued to
Maria Selvera Bies, aged 20 years,
and Ruperta Martinez, aged 20 years,
both residents of Las Gallinas; Maxi-
miano Chavez, aged 19 years and J.
Delfino Lopez, aged 19 years, both
residents of Puertecito.

Killed By Train—Eslavio Vigil, for-
mer county school superintendent and
merchant, living at Barelais, a suburb
of Albuquerque, was killed while
crossing the Santa Fe tracks on his
way to San Jose. His carriage was
struck by the passenger train from
El Paso and he was thrown out. The
horse escaped uninjured but Vigil had
his skull fractured and was otherwise
injured, death resulting instantane-
ously. Mr. Vigil was 46 years of age
and is survived by his wife two sons
and five daughters. He was a native
of Belen but came to Barelais twenty
years ago.

Drink Leads to Divorce Court—
Florida Gallegos de Sandoval has filed
suit in the district court at Las Ve-
gas for divorce. The couple was mar-
ried in 1901 by Father Pouget and all
went lovely for three years. Then
the husband began to drink and when-
ever intoxicated, which happened
more and more frequently, he was
guilty of cruelty and inhumanity, so
the petition alleges, saying further
that "he worked little and drank a
great deal." There are four children
and the story told by the woman is a
most pitiful one. Sandoval only re-
cently served a jail sentence of sixty
days of impersonating an officer.

Deafness Cannot Be Cured
by local applications, as they cannot
reach the diseased portion of the ear.
There is only one way to cure deaf-
ness, and that is by constitutional
remedies. Deafness is caused by an
inflamed condition of the mucous lin-
ing of the Eustachian Tube. When
this tube is inflamed you have a rum-
bling sound or imperfect hearing and
when it is entirely closed, Deafness is
the result, and unless the inflamma-
tion can be taken out and this tube re-
stored to its normal condition, hear-
ing will be destroyed forever; nine
cases out of ten are caused by Cat-
arrh, which is nothing but an inflam-
ed condition of the mucous surface.

We will give One Hundred Dollars
for any case of Deafness (caused by
catarrh) that cannot be cured by
Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for cir-
culars, free.

P. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by Druggists, 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for consti-
pation.

SCRATCHED SO SHE COULD NOT SLEEP

Child of Two had Masses of Eczema
Over Face, Head and Body—They
Took Her to the Best Doctors and
Tried Salves and Medicines in
Vain—Suffered for Five Years.

SOON RELIEVED AND CURED BY CUTICURA

"I write to tell you how thankful I
am for the wonderful Cuticura Rem-
edies. My little niece
had eczema for five
years and when her
mother died I took
care of the child. It
was all over her face
and body, also on her
head. She scratched
so that she could not
sleep nights. I used
Cuticura Soap to wash
her with and then ap-
plied Cuticura Oint-
ment. I did not use
quite half the Cuti-
cura Soap and Oint-
ment, together with
Cuticura Resolvent,
when you could see a
change and they cured her nicely. Now
she is eleven years old and has never
been bothered with eczema since. My
friends think it is just great the way
the baby was cured by Cuticura. I
send you a picture taken when she was
about eighteen months old.

"She was taken with the eczema
when two years old. She was covered
with big sores and her mother had all
the best doctors and tried all kinds of
salves and medicines without effect
until we used Cuticura Remedies. Mrs.
H. Kiernan, 663 Quincy St., Brooklyn,
N. Y., Sept. 27, 1909."

For thirty years Cuticura Soap and
Cuticura Ointment have afforded speedy
relief to tens of thousands of skin-tor-
tured and disfigured sufferers from ec-
zemas, rashes, itchings, irritations and
chafings, from infancy to age, bringing
comfort and peace to distracted house-
holds when all else failed. Guaranteed
absolutely pure and may be used from
the hour of birth.

Cuticura Soap (25c), Cuticura Ointment (50c)
and Cuticura Resolvent (50c), or in the form of
Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c per box of 60. Sold
throughout the world. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp.,
Sole Props., 135 Columbus Ave., Boston, Mass.
42 Hailed Free. 32-page Cuticura Booklet, an
Authority on Affections of the Skin, Scalp and Hair

MINOR CITY TOPICS

Denver, Colo., Jan. 26.—
Forecast for New Mexico:
Fair weather tonight and
Thursday with stationary tem-
perature.

Traveling Man Dies at Alberque-
que—Stephen C. Dolbin, aged 25 years
a traveling salesman, died yesterday
at Albuquerque. He was a native of
Galesburg, Illinois.

Change of Ad—Attention is called
to the change of advertisement in
this issue of the Wagner undertaking
establishment, which also does a fur-
niture business.

Real Estate Transfers—Don Gaspar
avenue real estate transfers are be-
coming numerous. O. C. Watson &
Company, real estate agents, have just
sold to Mrs. H. C. Yontz two lots on
Don Gaspar avenue, consideration
nominal.

Becomes Honorary Member—Dr.
Thomas C. Rivera yesterday filed his
application for honorary membership
with the secretary of the Santa Fe
Dramatic and Operatic Society, being
the first honorary member to join. A
general invitation is extended to the
people of Santa Fe to become either
active or honorary members.

More Carriages—Williams and Ris-
ing have received some more top bug-
gies and spring wagons, the last ship-
ment being from Trinidad Colorado.
It is said that Mr. Williams expects
to try them out on another trip to
Nambe Falls and that he will invite
Dr. J. P. Wagner and others inter-
ested in the scenic beauties of the
country to make the trip.

Fair Weather to Continue—It was
a little cooler last night but the
weather continues fair and is to con-
tinue fair tomorrow according to the
weather bureau. The minimum tem-
perature yesterday was 25 degrees
the maximum 50 degrees in the shade
and 85 degrees in the sun. The rela-
tive humidity yesterday averaged 51
per cent. The wind attained a velo-
city of 36 miles an hour. A year ago
today, the maximum temperature was
50 degrees, the minimum 29 degrees
the sunshine percentage 38, it having
been a cloudy day, warm and pleas-
ant.

PILES CURED IN 6 TO 14 DAYS
PAZO OINTMENT is guaranteed to cure
any case of Itching, Blind Bleeding or Pro-
truding Piles in 6 to 14 days or money re-
funded. 50c.

Established 1856.

Incorporated 1903.

WE AGAIN OFFER TO
OUR MANY PATRONS

An Exceptional Opportunity COMMENCING MONDAY JANUARY 17.

AND CONTINUING FOR TWO
WEEKS ONLY OUR ENTIRE LINE

Muslin Underwear

We have marked these goods down and they
will be sold below the manufacture cost. Every
thing in the line offered is bright and stylish.
Come early and make your selection while the
stock is complete and get the best value ever
offered the people of Santa Fe.

SELIGMAN BROS. COMPANY

FOR HALF A CENTURY
THE LEADING DRY GOODS
HOUSE IN THE CITY.
PHONE 36 P. O. BOX 219

THE SAME OLD STORY

DEAR FRIENDS:

During the past week, we have had so
many of our friends coming to us with
the old story of a DULL RAZOR, and
the experience of so many of those
unpleasant shaves. We are glad to say
that we were able to send them away
from our Store pleased and happy.
HOW DID WE DO THIS YOU ASK—
"Listen.—We absolutely guarantee to
any person in the City of Santa Fe, or
vicinity a MODERN COMBINATION
RAZOR STROP UPON TEN DAYS
TRIAL, that will sharpen any old Razor
that you may possess and can be operated
by a small boy. We will be pleased to
give you a demonstration of this Strop
any time you find it convenient to call,
and would be pleased to have you bring
your "OLD RAZOR" and let us put an
edge on it for you.



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Kidney disease advances so rapidly that many a person is firmly in its grasp before aware of its progress. Prompt attention should be given the slightest symptom of kidney disorder. If there is a dull pain in the back, headaches, dizzy spells or a tired, worn-out feeling, or if the urine is dark, foul-smelling, irregular and attended with pain, procure a good kidney remedy at once.

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For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York, sole agents for the United States.

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Notice for Publication.

Pecos Forest Reserve, Not Coal Land (Serial 06732).

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office.

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 4, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that Lucio Robal of Pecos, N. M., who, on January 3, 1905, made homestead entry (serial 06732) No. 8202, for north-west quarter, section 18, township 17 north, range 12 east, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make final five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Register or Receiver, U. S. land office, at Santa Fe, N. M., on the 24th day of February, 1910.

Claimant names as witnesses:
Miguel Lamy, Dionicio Sandoval, Atanacio Gallegos, Pedro Robal, all of Pecos, N. M.

MANUEL R. OTERO,
Register.

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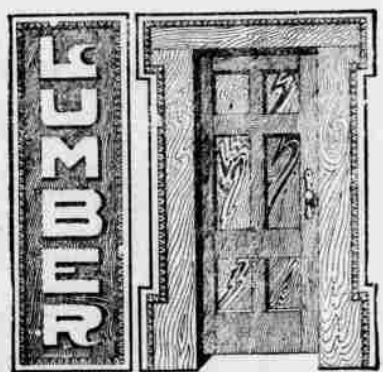
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All work is guaranteed; your socks are mended and buttons sewed on your shirts, without extra charge.

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CENTENNIAL OF ALBERT PIKE

Eulogy Pronounced by Hon. Thomas B. Catron at the Memorial Services

LIVED PRINCIPLES OF MASONRY

No Greater Star Ever Existed in Galaxy of Great Men of Nation.

At the Centennial services in memory of the birth of Albert Pike, observed by the Scottish Rite Masons of the Orient of New Mexico in Masonic hall in this city, Hon. Thomas B. Catron, ex-Delegate to Congress, delivered the following address:

Brethren of the Scottish Rite: As has been said by our brother, we have met here today to commemorate the 100th anniversary of Albert Pike, late Grand Commander of the Southern Jurisdiction of the Scottish Rite.

Albert Pike was born in Massachusetts, December 29, 1809. In his boyhood he showed in his character the same energy, determination and integrity which he manifested throughout his entire life. He attended the public and preparatory schools, sufficient to get ready to enter Harvard University.

At about the age of 17, he was admitted to the Freshman class in that institution and completed the year's study but being of parentage who were not possessed of any wealth he was compelled at the end of his first year to teach school for two years in order to gain sufficient means in order to enable him to attend the University, complete the course and receive a degree. During the time he was teaching school, he devoted himself to the study, according to the curriculum of the University and when he went back to the University at the end of the two years, he was prepared to pass an examination in the Sophomore and Junior years and entered the Senior, which he asked to be allowed to do, but his request was refused, unless he would pay the tuition fees in full, not only for the Senior year but also for the Sophomore and Junior years. This his limited means would not permit, as he would not have enough to enable him to bear the expense of one year at that institution after making such expense. He therefore left the state of Massachusetts and started out into the world to fight his battles with it.

Came to Santa Fe.

In the year 1831, when he was only 21 years of age, he started across the continent to reach the Pacific ocean, on the route passing through Santa Fe. He came as far as this place and then abandoned the project of going to the Pacific. After remaining in the Territory and visiting different localities, as far north as Taos and down the Rio Grande he finally started down the Pecos river and went into Texas, from which place he returned on foot to Fort Smith, Arkansas, where he took up his residence and began teaching school.

In a conversation with your speaker in the year 1881 in the city of Santa Fe, to which place he had returned, he informed me that he crossed the plains on foot, traveling with some freight wagons; that he encountered the big buffalo herd and many Indians on his route to Santa Fe. That he had come in contact during his life with all kinds of Indians, those of civilized habits and of savage disposition; that he had never had any difficulty with them; that he was always able under any and all circumstances to make them his friends although unable to speak with them in their language or in his own, he had no difficulties in making them understand that his intercourse with them was peaceable and friendly; that he could easily disarm their suspicions and remove their hostile intentions and always have the most amicable conditions existing between them.

Albert Pike was a varied and diversified character. A man of large stature, and mentally and physically possessed of great power, he could endure any kind of fatigue and in his studies was untiring. He was a military man in a way. He commanded a company from Arkansas, which was in the battle of Buena Vista and received commendation for his action from General Taylor. During the Civil War owing to his capacity to control and manage Indians, he was appointed Indian Commissioner on behalf of the Confederate government, and for a while took up his residence in the Indian Territory. In the early part of that war he organized a brigade from the Five Civilized Tribes of which he became the brigadier general and went with them to the front. He was at the battle of Pea Ridge, sometimes called Elkhorn with his brigade. The speaker, who was also in that engagement on the Confederate side, saw him in the battle of Pea Ridge, mounted and wearing a turban with a white plume in it. In the part of that battle where that brigade was assigned, owing to the early death of McCulloch and McIntosh, the two ranking commanders in that part of the field, and there being no other officer there, understanding the order of battle, the troops were withdrawn from the ac-

S.S.S. CURES BLOOD POISON

Removing the outward symptoms is not all that is necessary to cure Contagious Blood Poison. The virulent germs which produce these external manifestations must be completely driven from the blood before a real cure can be effected. The least taint left in the circulation will sooner or later cause a fresh outbreak of the trouble, with all its hideous symptoms of ulcerated mouth and throat, copper-colored spots, falling hair, sores and ulcers, etc. Only a blood purifier can cure Contagious Blood Poison. Medicines which merely check the symptoms for a time, because of their strong mineral nature, and leave the poison smoldering in the system, have brought disappointment to thousands. The disease always returns after such treatment. S.S.S. cures Contagious Blood Poison and cures it permanently. It goes into the blood, and removes every particle of the poison, making the circulation pure, rich and healthy, nor does S.S.S. leave the slightest trace of the disease for future outbreaks. S.S.S. does not contain any mineral ingredient, but is made entirely of roots, herbs and barks, which are most valuable in their blood-purifying properties, and at the same time specifically adapted to building up the entire system. If you have Contagious Blood Poison S.S.S. will cure you because it will thoroughly purify your Blood. Home Treatment Book and any medical advice free to all.

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tion by Colonel Greer of Texas, he having assumed command and thus the brigade commanded by General Pike took but little part in that action, but his action there was considered brave and energetic. Nothing could be said against his conduct or that of his brigade. He passed through the action with credit to himself. After that, during the war, he remained in charge of the Indians within the limits of the Confederacy. He was able to keep the Indians, who fell under his jurisdiction, many of whom went into the Federal army, from committing outrages and depredations. It was the full blood of those five tribes generally who joined the Federal army. The half breeds nearly all took the Confederate side, but although divided among themselves Pike was enabled to keep down in a great measure destructive hostility between them and he saved thereby their property and their means, so that when the war ended, all they lost was their slaves of which they possessed many.

Poet and Writer.

After he had taught school for some years, he moved to Little Rock, Arkansas, which he made his residence and took up the practice of law, in which profession he became eminent. He was an indefatigable student and worker in that profession. He was an absolute success as a lawyer, but while practicing as a



HON. T. B. CATRON.

lawyer or serving as a soldier or in any other capacity, he did not lose sight of his literary work. He was devoted to learning of every kind and class which was honorable. He was a man without any substantial vices. He might be said to have been as well rounded out and completed as any person who ever lived. He was a poet and a prose writer. His works all received praise from the critics. In an early part of his life he composed the Hymn to the Gods, which was received with such great favor that it was published in Blackwood's Magazine, where nothing of a shoddy or trash character was ever published. Everything in that magazine is subjected to the criticism of the ablest literary people of the world or the English speaking world. He wrote many poems and much prose.

He was made Sovereign Grand Commander of the Southern Jurisdiction when he was less than 50 years of age and continued in that position until his death at the age of 82 years. He believed in Masonry and when he was in Santa Fe in 1881, fifty years after his first visit to this place, he informed the speaker that he had just finished a trip through Old Mexico where he had been installing and implanting Scottish Rite Masonry. He was sincerely attached to the principles of Masonry. He believed in its sufficiency and stated that if he could extend and enlarge the principles of Masonry so as to embrace the majority of the people of Mexico and of the United States who had any influence there would never be any quarrels or strife between the two

republics. The principles of Masonry would be so great in them that they would be drawn together as brothers rather than enemies and that peace between them would always exist.

Devotion to Masonry.

It was his great energy and devotion to Masonry and its works and his determination to spread its teachings and its influence throughout this republic that has brought the Scottish Rite to the front; made it prosperous, increased its numbers and established it as an institution in this land for the good and betterment of this race. Pike's energies and abilities were always devoted toward improving, bettering and building up the people. He wished them to be educated, intelligent and peaceable in their associations. No greater star has ever existed in the galaxy of great men than that of Albert Pike. He was known to all the people of the United States. He was respected and revered and his character and his works will go down in time with the greatest admiration and respect of his fellow man attached to them. They will not be overshadowed by the lapse of time or go into oblivion but will last for eternity.

LIBERAL SUPPLY

RANGE CATTLE.

Uneasiness Prevails on Account of the Anti-Meat Eating Crusade in Country.

Kansas City Stock Yards, Jan. 26.—There was a liberal supply of range cattle here last week, especially from Colorado. Offerings were about evenly divided between killing grades and stockers and feeders, and the beef steers sold at \$5 to \$5.65, feeders \$4.80 to \$5.10, one lot at \$5.55. The market held steady till Wednesday, but closed the week 15 to 25 lower on all kinds. The supply today is 12,000 cattle here, moderate for Monday, and other markets also have only a fair run. Some uneasiness prevails account of the anti-meat eating crusade now going over the country, but there was not enough excitement, nor lack of orders to cause much of a loss today, prices steady to 10 lower on all kinds, a few cow sales 15 lower. Up to this time the movement does not seem to be very successful east of Pittsburg that is in the heavy consuming sections in New York, and New England, and orders are still coming from these districts. A feature of the cattle trade lately is the relatively high prices being paid for medium finished steers, as compared with prime steers. Packers have been making an effort to supply retailers with cheap meats, so they could pacify their customers as much as possible in their protests against meat prices, and this condition has made medium to low grade cattle find a wide outlet. Some feeders are putting cattle on feed now for May and June, in spite of the present agitation, believing the trouble will be a thing of the past when the cattle now going into feed lots are ready for market. Cows range from \$3 to \$5, heifers up to \$6, bulls \$3.40 to \$5.10, veal calves \$7 to \$8.50, heavy calves \$4.25 to \$5.50, stockers \$3.50 to \$5, feeders \$4.25 to \$5.25.

Sheep and lambs closed last week with a loss of 15 to 20 cents, and the supply of 10,000 head here today is selling 10 to 15 lower. Top lambs sold today at \$8.35, fair to good lambs around \$8, yearlings today at \$6.75 to \$7.50, wethers \$5.25 to \$6, ewes \$4.75 to \$5.60. Better weather conditions in the San Luis valley in Colorado has checked the premature movement of poorly finished stuff from that section and the fairly good receipts now coming are of good average quality. The run so far this month shows an increase over same period last year, which is something of a surprise, as predictions called for a shortage in the supply during January. The market has held up fine however, except for the break since the middle of last week.

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ANTONIO JOSEPH, Proprietor.

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SANTA FE NEW MEXICAN

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OFFICIAL PAPER OF SANTA FE COUNTY.

The New Mexican is the oldest newspaper in New Mexico. It is sent to every postoffice in the Territory, and has a large and growing circulation among the intelligent and progressive people of the Southwest.



THE PARDONING POWER.

Several of the Democratic newspapers of the territory are again attacking Governor Curry for pardoning men out of the penitentiary, and the authorities for granting paroles, forgetting that pardons and paroles are granted only after thorough investigation and in most cases only upon recommendation of the prosecuting attorney, the trial judge and the convicting jury. Every governor of the territory has found the pardoning power burdensome, but the Organic Act vests it in him and a responsibility is thrown upon him which he gladly would yield to some one else. Compared with the scores of pardons issued by the Democratic governor of Colorado and other Democratic states, it must be admitted by those who are unprejudiced that Republican governors of New Mexico have wielded the power very sparingly and generally wisely, although here and there opinions may differ as to the worthiness of the recipient of executive clemency. Says the New York Sun on this question of the pardoning power:

"In view of the fact that the granting of a pardon proceeds upon the theory that the individual pardoned is guilty, the question naturally arises as to what is the propriety or utility of the right to derogate the law; wherein lies the justification for the exercise of a power that 'blots out' the guilt of the offender, and makes him in the eye of the law as innocent as if he had never committed the offense."

"In the modern view the right to grant pardons is not a mere survival of an ancient custom, but has for its basis the need of a last recourse unhampered by formal rules. It is a recognition that absolute justice is impossible, in the administration of the law. As Bouvier writes in his Dictionary of Law, 'for where legislation and the administration of the law are perfect, pardons must be a violation of the law; but as human actions are necessarily imperfect, the pardoning power must be vested somewhere in order to prevent injustice when it is ascertained that an error has been committed.' So convinced was the court in the case of the State against Leake of the soundness of this theory, that it went so far as to hold that the pardoning power ought not to be extended except in cases which, if foreseen, would have been excepted from the operation of the law." (5 Ind. 359.)

"The pardoning power is not intended to nullify the judicial power, but supplements it. In the proper case it reaches out beyond the jurisdiction of the judicial authority to abate the rigor of the law. It tempers justice with mercy. It does that which the courts cannot do, deals with an extraordinary case in an extraordinary way."

THE PENNSYLVANIA GERMANS.

Among the thriftiest and most progressive people, and yet at the same time most conservative and sticking most closely to tradition and custom, are the Pennsylvania Germans, who have made eastern Pennsylvania a beehive of industry, a garden of beauty, a sheaf of wealth. Their ancestors came from the Palatinate, now a part of Germany, and they therefore insist that they be called Pennsylvania "Germans," while the world persists in referring to them, half in affection, half in levity, as the Pennsylvania "Dutch." This little preliminary dissertation will explain the following editorial from the South Bethlehem Daily Globe, of which the writer was one of the founders and first editor and which is at present one of the most prosperous and influential of eastern Pennsylvania newspapers:

"Our good far away friend, editor of The Santa Fe New Mexican, himself a German, we believe, has this to say of his fellows, using the word Dutch for German, which is all wrong: 'The Pennsylvania Dutch are invading New Mexico. Editor Kleinfelter of the Obar Progress appears to be a Pennsylvania Dutchman. The other day H. E. Haney and wife and six children landed at Obar from Stroudsburg, Pennsylvania, with a carload of household goods with the intention of buying a farm. There are other portions of New Mexico where the Pennsylvania Dutch are gaining a foothold, especially in Albuquerque, and even Santa Fe has its sprinkling of them. They are mighty good stuff when it comes to making progressive and industrious citizens, and New Mexico receives them with open arms.' As you know, Mr. Edi-

tor Walter, the Dutch come from Holland, not Germany."

The Globe is technically correct, although the argument might be made that the word German refers to a race that exists far beyond the boundaries of Germany; that the Germans call themselves "Deutsch," which is their form for the word "Dutch;" that the Hollanders are part of the same race occupying the valleys of the Rhine and were distinguished from those of the Palatinate merely by being called "Lowlanders;" that the Hollanders, too, were among the earliest settlers of Pennsylvania; that William Penn was married to a Holland woman; that the Pilgrims emigrated to America from Holland and that the Hollanders or Dutch had so glorious a share in the settlement and formation of this nation that no one, even the Pennsylvania Germans, need be ashamed of it. But if the Pennsylvania Germans resent being called Dutch, their wish ought to be respected. As far as New Mexico is concerned, it merely wishes that it had a hundred thousand of them to turn its fifty million acres of public lands into such farms and gardens and cities and villages as have made famous the Lebanon, the Lebanon and other beautiful valleys of eastern Pennsylvania.

SANTA FE SYSTEM DOING GOOD WORK.

The Santa Fe is quite in earnest about finding out the best methods of cultivation and the best crops for every portion of New Mexico and for that purpose has employed Prof. J. D. Tinsley, the soil and dry farming expert who is, perhaps, the best posted man on the conditions that confront the farmer in New Mexico. The Santa Fe has given its agents all along the line instructions to extend to Mr. Tinsley every possible aid in this work. Mr. Tinsley's plan is to find out what crops will do best under certain conditions as to rainfall, altitude, soil, deep and shallow plowing, early and late seeding, etc. Wherever it may be necessary to furnish seed and possibly certain implements to farmers for a few acres to carry on experiments and this work, these will be furnished, the general plan being that instead of a few experimental farms at points widely apart in New Mexico, to interest good farmers in practically every settlement tributary to the line. The co-operation of commercial clubs and boards of trade is sought, and the support of the local newspapers is counted on as an important factor. Thus the men in whose hands have been entrusted the destinies of the system, are following the proper course to make permanent the prosperity of the southwest.

H. S. Thalheimer, one of the publishers of the Cleveland, Ohio, Leader, is an old personal friend of Arthur Seligman of this city, who has kept the former posted on conditions in the territory. It is no wonder therefore to find the following sensible and friendly editorial in the Leader, which is one of the most influential journals in President Taft's home state:

"There was no opposition worthy of notice in the House of Representatives yesterday when the bill admitting Arizona and New Mexico as separate states was passed. If the Senate took the wishes of the people as its guide there would be no more resistance in that body to the speedy fulfillment of manifest destiny in the case of these two territories—the last remaining in the United States, not counting Alaska and the island possessions of the republic."

"Both of the territories are much better qualified for statehood than several states admitted many years ago. They have enough people, plenty of natural resources and a fair promise of continued and satisfactory growth. It is only a question of years, if not months, when both will be members of the great sisterhood under the stars and stripes, and there seems to be no good reason for much further delay."

The New Mexican's mission is to give all the news that is worth while and the truth about it. But it is not egotistic to the extent of believing that the truth would die with it. The same proposition may be looked at from many different angles and when the New Mexican comments editorially on any condition or news item, it's aim is to cause thought and discussion rather than to say the final word upon it.

COME, LET'S!

In 1880, Los Angeles had 11,000 inhabitants, or about as many as Santa Fe would show if it had sense enough to take in its suburbs. Thirty years after 1880, Los Angeles shows 300,000 inhabitants, and as Scribner's Magazine says: "The City of Los Angeles is perhaps the most remarkable illustration of progressiveness on the whole Pacific coast." Of course, Santa Fe will not show 300,000 people thirty years hence; it will not show one-tenth as many, for if it had the stuff out of which prosperous and big cities are made, it would find some way to create a Greater Santa Fe before April 15, 1910, the date set for the taking of the census.

But Los Angeles has undergone other transformations in those thirty years. For instance, property is worth from eleven to a thousand times as much today as it was in 1880. Of course, no property owner in Santa Fe wants his property to increase in that ratio in so short a time, or else the property owners would take an interest in the coming municipal election and would even force the taking in of the suburbs during the next two months.

Scribner's indicates another transformation when it says: "The city has gained in beauty as much as in size; the residence streets also having assumed a new and most pleasing aspect through the abundance of picturesque low bungalows."

However, Santa Fe prefers muddy streets, manure heaps, filthy backyards, sewerless, crooked alleys or else it would arouse itself to the importance of such projects as opening the river road from city to city limit, the cleaning up of the city and other evidences of progressiveness one notices in towns that are alive.

Still there is hope, for Scribner's says of Los Angeles:

"There was a time when those who knew Los Angeles best held that Los Diablos would be a more appropriate name for the town. All that has been changed. The native element has improved, and the visitors from the east and middle west who find the climate, the out-door life, the sunshine, the exhilarating air and cool nights, the abundant flowers and fruits (cantaloupes were ten cents a dozen last August!), and the varied scenery so delightful that they decide to remain, are usually of a superior class. A few years ago it was shown that ninety per cent of the voters of this city were from the east."

But why should Santa Fe wait for its old timers to die and for help from the east? Let it go Los Angeles one better and show that the native, the old resident, can be just as progressive as the newcomer from the east; that Santa Fe though old and somewhat slow, is cognizant of its advantages and beauties, and can of its own accord get out of the old rut and here build a city beautiful, clean and prosperous. Let us have a Greater Santa Fe. Come, let's!

Now the trusts still insist that but for the co-operation and saving effected by their organization on a large scale the price of living would be still higher. They point to the fact, and it is a fact that by modern methods they have introduced in transportation, in manufacturing, in the utilization of waste, they have reduced the cost of production to its minimum; that profits though large in the aggregate are very small, only a fraction of a cent, on each pound handled. There is something to that argument. The Denver Post this week published a table showing the advance in prices the past six years. Ham, now handled almost altogether by a trust, has advanced 19 per cent in price in that time; eggs, not handled by the trust, have advanced 105 per cent in six years. Lamb meat has advanced 20 per cent, but butter has advanced 52 per cent, although the consumer does not go to a trust to buy the latter but to the individual farmer or the local creamery. Trout and mallard ducks have advanced seventy-seven per cent in that time, but one could hardly say that any trust is to blame for that or even the fishing license now exacted by the territory. No, the cause of high prices, lies much deeper and the movement of hate against capital and the combination of capital, is merely to keep the public mind occupied so that it will not turn to other things.

Representative Stephens of Texas, although a Democrat and at times bitterly fighting the interests of New Mexico, especially when they clash with those of Texas, has been assiduous of late to further legislation of benefit to this territory. Through his efforts the homesteader on public lands in New Mexico who were about to lose their interests in the lands and the improvements made on them, will be spared this loss if the Senate passes the Martin bill, which has already passed the House. Owing to unusual climatic conditions the homesteaders in some northwestern states were unable to complete their entries by December, and this bill seeks to extend their time until May 1. Just as the bill was about to pass, Representative Stephens had it amended so as to include the homesteaders of New Mexico. These settlers had to leave their lands to work on the railroads and farms in Texas because of a severe drought in New Mexico, and their choice was to starve on the lands or lose them. It is expected that the Senate will speedily pass the bill and thus relieve the settlers.

R. J. PALEN, President.
 L. A. HUGHES, Vice-President.

J. H. VANUGH, Cashier.
 J. B. READ, Assistant Cashier.

The First National Bank
OF SANTA FE.

The Oldest Banking Institution in
 New Mexico. Established in 1870

Capital Stock, - - - \$150,000
 Surplus and Undivided Profits, 75,000

Transacts a general banking business in all its branches. Loans money on the most favorable terms on all kinds of personal and collateral security. Buys and sells bonds and stocks in all markets for its customers. Buys and sells domestic and foreign exchange and makes telegraphic transfer of money to all parts of the civilized world on as liberal terms as are given by any money transmitting agency public or private. Interest allowed on time deposits at the rate of three per cent per annum, on six months' or years' time. Liberal advances made on consignments of livestock and products. The bank executes all orders of its patrons in the banking line, and aims to extend to them as liberal treatment in all respects, as is consistent with safety and the principles of sound banking. Safety deposit boxes for rent. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.

THE PALACE HOTEL

WILLIAM VAUGHN PROP.

One of the Best Hotels in the West

Cuisine and
Table Service
UnexcelledLarge Sample
Room for Com-
mercial Travelers

SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO WASHINGTON AVENUE

AMERICAN AND
EUROPEAN PLANHOTEL
J. E. LACOME.

Proprietor

Commodious Sample Room

Long Distance Telephone Station.

Steam Heated: Electric
Lighted, Every Room
a Good One.FIRST CLASS CAFE
IN CONNECTION

PRESS THE BUTTON WE DO THE REST.

AMERICAN AND EUROPEAN PLAN

THE CORONADO HOTEL

First Class Restaurant in Connection

RATES 50c and up
OPEN Day & NightG. LUPE HERRERA Prop.
Santa Fe New Mexico.

First Class and Thoroughly Up-To-Date

HOTEL MODERN

CORNER DON GASPAR AND WATER STREET,

Hot and Cold Water
In every RoomSpacious Sample Rooms
For Commercial TravelersSteam Heat
Electric Light,
Modern Baths.HERE IS A VERY EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITY
EVERYTHING AT ONE HALF PRICEBEST LINE OF GOLD AND SILVER FILIGREE
WORK EVER DISPLAYED IN SANTA FEDon't
Fail
to
Call
and
Inspect

Excellent Assortments of

Burned Leather Goods
Burned Wooden Placques
All Kinds of Drawn Work
Leather Pillows TopsMany
other
articles
that
attract

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J. S. CANDELARIO Proprietor

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 Practice in the District and Supreme Courts. Prompt and careful attention given to all business.
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 (Late Surveyor General)
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 Land and Mining business a specialty.
 Santa Fe, - - - New Mexico

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 Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law
 Office: Catron Block
 Santa Fe, - - - New Mexico

G. VOLINEY HOWARD
 Attorney and Counsellor-at-Law
 Practice in all Courts of Territory
 Speaks Spanish
 Phone 192 Black
 Rooms 18 and 19, Laughlin Block
 Santa Fe, - - - New Mexico

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 Practice in all the District Courts and gives special attention to cases before the Territorial Supreme Court.
 Office: Laughlin Bldg—Santa Fe, N. M.

C. W. G. WARD
 Territorial District Attorney
 For San Miguel and Mora Counties
 Las Vegas, - - - New Mexico

HOLT & SUTHERLAND
 Attorneys-at-Law
 Practice in the District Courts as well as before the Supreme Court of the territory.
 Las Cruces, - - - New Mexico

WILLIAM MCKEAN
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 Mining and Land Law.
 Taos, - - - New Mexico

H. M. DOUGHERTY
 Attorney-at-Law
 Practices in the Supreme and District Courts of the Territory. Office: Socorro - - - New Mexico

EDWARD C. WADE
 Attorney-at-Law
 Practices in the Supreme and District Courts of the Territory, in the Probate Court and before the U. S. Surveyor General and U. S. Land Offices.
 Las Cruces, - - - New Mexico

W. A. FLEMING JONES
 Bonds and Investments
 U. S. Commissioner for the Third Judicial District of New Mexico.
 Eastern and local bank references.
 Las Cruces, - - - New Mexico

R. W. WITTMAN
 Draftsman
 Copies furnished of records on file U. S. Surveyor General's Office.
 Santa Fe, - - - New Mexico

JOHN K. STAUFFER
 Notary Public
 Santa Fe, - - - New Mexico
 Office with the New Mexican Printing Company.

It is an admitted fact that real estate, financial men and merchants all say that quickest and best results are obtained by advertising in the New Mexican.

The Spanish edition of the 1909 Laws of New Mexico are now ready for delivery. Price: Paper cover, \$3.25, plus 17 cents postage; full sheep, \$4.00, plus 20 cents postage. Address all orders to The New Mexican Printing Co., Santa Fe, N. M.

The seals and record books for notaries public for sale by the New Mexican Printing Company at very reasonable rates. Seals for incorporated companies are also handled. Call at or address the New Mexican Printing Company, Santa Fe, New Mexico.

THE WESTERN INVESTORS REVIEW

WEST FOR OPPORTUNITY COME WEST

DEVOTED TO THE PROMOTION AND DEVELOPMENT OF THE GREAT WEST

Subscription Rate of the New Mexican Publication: Add 25 Cents to the Annual Subscriptions, to Receive the Western Investor's Review.

THIS INVITES YOU

A cordial invitation is extended to you to deposit your funds with this bank—to transact through us whatever business you may have of a financial nature.

During the past few months we have added many new names to our list of patrons. We desire your business also, believing we can serve you to your complete satisfaction.

UNITED STATES BANK & TRUST CO

Capital \$50,000



Santa Fe, N. M.

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W. S. DAVIS, Cashier.
W. E. GRIFFIN, Asst. Cashier.

DIRECTORS

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HOT WATER BOTTLES

FOUNTAIN SYRINGES

See our show window for
bargains in these goods

WE ARE OVER STOCKED

and offer a few numbers at less than cost to us.

Stripling, Burrows & Company Where your dollar
buys the most

O. C. WATSON & COMPANY

(Established 1882)

REAL ESTATE---INSURANCE
OFFICE

119 San Francisco St., where the old Santa Fe
Trail ends and the Greater Santa Fe "trail"
begins.

We have some very desirable propositions in the
way of city lots; fruit ranches and large tracts to
be reclaimed, to offer.

For full particulars call or
address the above company. Phone Red 189

THE WEST FOR THE WEST.

The Colorado National Life Assurance Company

Denver Colorado.

The Pioneer Life Insurance Co.,
of the Southwest

A. M. BERGERE, Manager for New Mexico.
Santa Fe, N. M. Catron Block

EUGENIO ROMERO
LUMBER & COAL YARD

Lumber and all kinds Lump, nut and
of building material. mine run coal

YARD ON HICKOX STREET, NEAR
NEW MEXICO CENTRAL DEPOT.
Phone Red 100 Phone Red 100
TOMAS P. DELGADO Mgr.

THE Wagner Undertaking Establishment

ALSO Dealers in Furniture

FINE LINE OF Carpets and Rugs FOR THE HOUSE

All kinds of furnishings from chinaware to stoves, and
ranges. Also a fine assortment of desks, chairs, tables
and hat racks. Wagner folding go-carts for the babies.
They are GREAT!!

Look over our stock and see if there isn't
something to interest you.

ENGLISH LADY

Qualified

Glad to hear of a few pupils
for German or French
Box 446, Santa Fe N. M.

CROUP

stopped in 20 minutes
sure with Dr. Shoop's
Croup Remedy. One
test will surely prove.
No vomiting, no dis-
tress. A safe and pleasing croup-remedy. Druggists.

IMPERIAL LAUNDRY

For Best Laundry Work

Basket leaves Monday Tuesday
Returns Thursday and Friday.
AGENCY at O. K. Barber Shop
F. O. BROWN Agent.
Phone No. 23 Red

PERSONAL MENTION

H. P. Peak of El Paso, is at the
Coronado hotel.

J. H. Banks of Salt Lake City, is
here visiting friends.

John A. Smith of Manassa, Colo.,
is a tourist in the city.

Mrs. F. D. True of Espanola, is in
Santa Fe on legal business.

Mrs. John A. Smith of Manassa,
Colo., is visiting friends here.

Miss Josephine Crawford of Brock-
port, New York, is a tourist in the
city.

Mrs. C. S. Tepper and Miss Tepper
from El Paso, are visiting friends
here.

B. S. Phillips came over from the
Ramon Vigil grant to attend to busi-
ness matters.

Gregorio Herrera, a well known
citizen of Santa Cruz, is a business
visitor in Santa Fe.

Judge A. L. Kendall of Cerrillos
former county commissioner, is a
Santa Fe visitor.

P. M. Dolan, merchant and stock
raiser at Ranchos de Taos, is in the
city on business.

Territorial Engineer Vernon L. Sul-
livan is expected home from Wash-
ington, D. C., tonight.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Stevens of
Lincoln Nebraska, are visitors here.
They are stopping at the Claire.

J. P. McNulty of Turquesa, four-
teen miles south of Santa Fe, is tak-
ing part in the Masonic festivities.

William G. Huck, J. P. Jones, Wil-
liam A. Lamb, and F. Butler, are Den-
verites registered at the Palace today.

B. C. Spier, James Bird and John
Calwell of Hodges, Taos county, lum-
bermen are business visitors in the
city.

Superintendent of Schools of Grant
county, Collin Neblett, is here from
Silver City to attend the Masonic re-
union.

M. Brady of Chicago, and Alexander
Erickson, of Denver, two well known
traveling men, are at the Claire
hotel.

Sheriff C. A. Stevens, of Lincoln
county, and his family, were guests
today of C. H. Neal of East Palace
avenue.

Rafael Granito, in business at Cer-
rillos, southern Santa Fe county and
recently appointed road supervisor,
was a business visitor today.

Sheriff Herbert J. McGrath and C.
P. Laughlin of Silver City, are visit-
ing in Santa Fe having come here
to take the higher Masonic degrees.

Hugh Louden, for the past thirty
years manager of the La Cueva Ranch
Company, Mora county, is in Santa
Fe on business in the office of the
territorial engineer.

Judge Freeman of Greeley, Colo., is
in the city visiting friends and ex-
pects to stay here over Friday to see
the performance of "Rube and His
Ma" at the Elks' theater.

W. B. Walton, editor of the Silver
City Independent, former probate
clerk, and prospective nominee of the
Democratic party for Congress, is in
Santa Fe to attend the Masonic re-
union.

Mounted Policeman Page B. Otero
returned this noon from Albuquerque
with J. N. Broyles, the San Marcial
banker, who was returned to the peni-
tentiary after testifying in a case at
Albuquerque.

Mr. and Mrs. David Hersch and
their children who have been the
guests of Mrs. Joseph Hersch at her
residence on San Francisco street,
have gone to California to spend the
winter. Mrs. Hersch will join them
later at San Diego.

"John Joerns, assistant territorial
traveling auditor, who has been as-
sisting Jose R. Lucero to install a
new set of records, such as is to be
used in every office in the Territory
has gone to Silver City on a similar
mission."—Las Cruces Citizen.

Mrs. G. Carroll Hatch of the survey-
or general's office has resigned her
position and will remain in Washing-
ton. Miss Cara Wood, who has
been in the forestry service depart-
ment has been appointed to succeed
Mrs. Hatch. Mrs. Augusta Porterfield
has also been given a position in the
surveyor general's office.

MARKET REPORT

MONEY AND METALS.

New York, Jan. 26.—Call money
21-2@31-2; prime mercantile paper
41-2@5; Mexican dollars 44; Amal-
gamated 83 3-8; Atchison 117 1-4;
New York Central 119 3-8; Southern
Pacific 129 3-8; Union Pacific 187 7-8;
Steel 84 1-2; pfd, 123.

New York, Jan. 26.—Lead easy 460
@47; copper easy, standard spot and
March 13@14; silver 52 1-4.

GRAIN, PORK, LARD AND RIBS.
Chicago, Ill., Jan. 26.—Wheat—Jan.
112 1-8; May 111 1-8.

Corn—Jan. 63 1-4; May 67.
Oats—Jan. 47 1-2; May 47 1-8.

Pork—Jan. \$20.30; May \$20.75.
Lard—Jan. \$11.85; May \$11.62 1-2@
65.

Ribs—Jan. \$11.47 1-2; May \$11.27
1-2.

WOOL MARKET.

St. Louis, Jan. 26.—Wool unchanged;
territory and western mediums 25
@28; fine mediums 20@24; fine 12@
21.

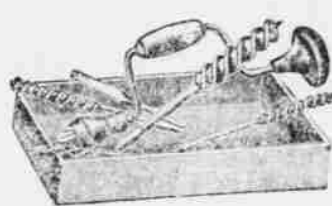
LIVESTOCK.

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Cattle—Receipts
19,000. Market steady to ten lower.
Beefers \$4@7.40; Texas steers \$3.75
@4.80; western steers \$4@5.90; stock-
ers and feeders \$3@5.30; cows and
heifers \$2@5.45; calves \$7@9.25.

Hogs — Receipts 28,000. Market
5 to 10 lower. Light \$7.85@8.15;
mixed \$7.90@8.30; heavy \$8@8.30;

SANTA FE HARDWARE & SUPPLY CO.

You Furnish the Girl! We Furnish the House.



A MOST COMPLETE
STOCK IN EACH



FURNITURE
STOVES and RANGES
KNIVES and CUTLERY
PIPE and FITTINGS
SANITARY PLUMBING

FURNITURE, Mattresses
HARNESS and SADDLERY
WAGONS and BUGGIES
FARMING IMPLEMENTS
MINERS' SUPPLIES

Everything in Hardware

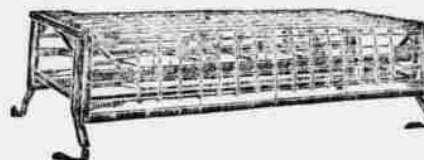


PUMPS and WIND MILLS
CAMP EQUIPMENT
PAINTS, ALL COLORS
ALABASTINE, Kalsomine
WALL PAPER, GLASS

BEDS and SPRINGS
Glassware and Queensware
ROOFING, SPOUTING
SPORTING GOODS
GUNS, AMMUNITION

CALL FOR PRICES

LET US SERVE YOU



LADIES

I have received a fine
assortment of violets
and other spring goods

MISS A. MUGLER
Southeast Corner Plaza.

rough \$8@8.10; good to choice heavy
\$8.10@8.30; pigs \$6.80@7.80; bulk
sales \$8.10@8.25.

Sheep — Receipts 18,000. Market
5 to 10 lower. Native \$3.90@5.85;
western \$3.90@5.90; yearlings \$6.60@
7.75; lambs, native \$6@8.40; western
\$6@8.40.

Kansas City, Jan. 26.—Cattle—Re-
ceipts 6,000, including 200 southern.
Market steady to 10 lower. Native
steers \$4.60@7; southern steers \$4.20
@5.75; southern cows \$2.75@4.50; na-
tive cows and heifers \$2.60@5; stock-
ers and feeders \$3.25@5.25; bulls
\$3.25@5; calves \$3.50@8; western
steers \$4.50@6.50; western cows \$2.75
@4.75.

Hogs — Receipts 14,000. Market 10
to 15 lower. Bulk \$7.90@8.15; heavy
\$8.10@8.20; packers and butchers
\$8@8.15; light \$7.65@8.05; pigs \$6.50
@7.50.



Night Gowns - 45c up
Drawers - 25c "
Corset Covers - 20c "
Petticoats - 40c "

Banks Pay 4 per cent
Real Estate 6 to 8 per cent

When you can save 30 or 40 per cent why not do it?
It is not a question of profit, but of policy with us
not to carry over any out season of merchandise.
This week, bargains in muslin underwear com-
prise night gowns, drawers, corset covers, petti-
coats, etc. some plain others handsomely trimmed
at bargains simply astounding.

W. N. TOWNSEND & CO.

(THE LIVE WIRES)

CLEARANCE SALE.

All our winter stock of millinery will be
closed out at cost, and much of it below
cost, to dispose of it before the spring goods
arrive.

A 25 per cent reduction is also made on all
staple goods in stock. A dollar saved is a
dollar made. Our stock is all new and noth-
ing shopworn or out of date.

La Moda Millinery

Phone Black 78

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Does a general ABSTRACT, REAL ESTATE and INSURANCE business.

\$20,000.00

to loan on Santa Fe Real Estate
at low rate of interestH. S. KAUNE
& Co.
GROCERS

"Where prices are lowest
for safe quality"

One Resolution to Make

What other 1910 Resolu-
tion you may make—

Resolve now that you will
trade at KAUNE & CO. the
coming year. It is a resolu-
tion in your own interest, for
it means the best possible
table supplies at lowest pos-
sible prices.

Think it over—Isn't KAUNE
& Co. the logical store for you
to patronize through 1910.

H. S. KAUNE
& COMPANY
PHONE 26

FIRST CLASS HACK SERVICE
For Hire at
Popular Prices

SATISFACTION ASSURED
THEODORE
CORRIK, Prop.
Buggies and Saddle Horses

St. Louis Rocky Mt. & Pacific Railway Company.



PASSENGER SCHEDULE In Effect July 14, 1908.

No. 1. DAILY	Miles From Des Moines	STATIONS.	Miles From Raton	No. 2. DAILY
10 00 a. m.	0	Lv. Des Moines, N. M.	48	5 30 p. m.
10 12 a. m.	11	" " " " " "	45	5 15 p. m.
10 30 a. m.	16	" " " " " "	42	5 00 p. m.
10 45 a. m.	21	" " " " " "	39	4 45 p. m.
11 00 a. m.	26	" " " " " "	36	4 30 p. m.
11 15 a. m.	31	" " " " " "	33	4 15 p. m.
11 30 a. m.	36	" " " " " "	30	4 00 p. m.
11 45 a. m.	41	" " " " " "	27	3 45 p. m.
12 00 p. m.	46	" " " " " "	24	3 30 p. m.
12 15 p. m.	51	" " " " " "	21	3 15 p. m.
12 30 p. m.	56	" " " " " "	18	3 00 p. m.
12 45 p. m.	61	" " " " " "	15	2 45 p. m.
1 00 p. m.	66	" " " " " "	12	2 30 p. m.
1 15 p. m.	71	" " " " " "	9	2 15 p. m.
1 30 p. m.	76	" " " " " "	6	2 00 p. m.
1 45 p. m.	81	" " " " " "	3	1 45 p. m.
2 00 p. m.	86	" " " " " "	0	1 30 p. m.
2 15 p. m.	91	" " " " " "	0	1 15 p. m.
2 30 p. m.	96	" " " " " "	0	1 00 p. m.
2 45 p. m.	101	" " " " " "	0	12 45 p. m.
3 00 p. m.	106	" " " " " "	0	12 30 p. m.
3 15 p. m.	111	" " " " " "	0	12 15 p. m.
3 30 p. m.	116	" " " " " "	0	12 00 p. m.
3 45 p. m.	121	" " " " " "	0	11 45 a. m.
4 00 p. m.	126	" " " " " "	0	11 30 a. m.
4 15 p. m.	131	" " " " " "	0	11 15 a. m.
4 30 p. m.	136	" " " " " "	0	11 00 a. m.
4 45 p. m.	141	" " " " " "	0	10 45 a. m.
5 00 p. m.	146	" " " " " "	0	10 30 a. m.
5 15 p. m.	151	" " " " " "	0	10 15 a. m.
5 30 p. m.	156	" " " " " "	0	10 00 a. m.
5 45 p. m.	161	" " " " " "	0	9 45 a. m.
6 00 p. m.	166	" " " " " "	0	9 30 a. m.
6 15 p. m.	171	" " " " " "	0	9 15 a. m.
6 30 p. m.	176	" " " " " "	0	9 00 a. m.
6 45 p. m.	181	" " " " " "	0	8 45 a. m.
7 00 p. m.	186	" " " " " "	0	8 30 a. m.
7 15 p. m.	191	" " " " " "	0	8 15 a. m.
7 30 p. m.	196	" " " " " "	0	8 00 a. m.
7 45 p. m.	201	" " " " " "	0	7 45 a. m.

Connects with E. P. & S. W. Ry. train No. 124 arriving in Dawson, N. M., 6:15 p. m.

Connects with E. P. & S. W. Ry. train No. 123 leaving Dawson, N. M., 8:55 a. m.

Stage for Van Houten, N. M., meets trains at Preston, N. M.

C. & S. Passenger trains arrive and depart from Des Moines as follows:

NORTH BOUND: SOUTH BOUND:

No. 1, 6:03 a. m. No. 8, 9:27 a. m.

No. 7, 8:12 p. m. No. 2, 7:05 p. m.

Track connection with A. T. & S. F. Ry. at Raton and Preston, with C.

S., at Des Moines, E. P. & S. W. at Colfax, N. M., and Cimarron &

Northwestern Ry. at Cimarron, N. M.

Cimarron, N. M., is depot for the following points in New Mexico: Ocate,

Hayado, Aurora and Red Lakes.

Ute Park, N. M., is depot for following points in New Mexico: Arroyo

Seco, Arroyo Hondo, Baldy, Black Lakes, Cerro, Elizabethtown, Lobo,

Questa, Ranchos de Taos, Red River City, Taos and Twinning.

E. J. DEDMAN, J. van HOUTEN, W. A. GORMAN,

Superintendent V. Pres. and Gen. Mgr. Gen. Pass. Agent

RATON, N. M. RATON, N. M. RATON, N. M.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE R. R.

OFFERS RATE OF One Fare For the Round Trip

ALL STATIONS IN NEW
MEXICO also ALAMOSA,
ANTONIO and DURAN-
GO, COLO. to

Santa Fe, N. M.

ACCOUNT

Penion Scottish Rite Bodies of Free Masonry

SELLING DATES January 21, 22, 23 & 24th

FINAL LIMIT JANUARY 29th.

For further information call on or write

J. H. McBRIDE, Agent, or W. D. SHEA, T. F. & P. A.
SANTA FE, N. M.

ASK FOR TICKETS SHIP YOUR FREIGHT

From Santa Fe to El Paso, Bisbee,
Douglas, and all points in New
Mexico, Arizona, Mexico and at the
Pacific Coast, via NEW MEXICO
CENTRAL to Torrance, Thence

El Paso & Southwestern System
The Best Route - East or West

For Rates and full information address
EUGENE A. FOX,
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El Paso Texas.

SPANISH LESSONS

Individual or Class Lessons
IN GRAMMAR:
RAYMOND HAACKE
Care New Mexican
NOTARY PUBLIC

D. M. HOOVER & SON

Builders and Contractors
PLANS & ESTIMATES
Furnished on short notice
CEMENTWORK A SPECIALTY

If you want anything on earth—try
a New Mexican Want Ad.



Troutman
Oil Heaters
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ADDRESS **C. L. POLLARD**
Espanola, N. M.

Ask Her This Question

"Do you know of any woman who ever received any benefit from taking Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound?"

If any woman who is suffering with any ailment peculiar to her sex will ask her neighbors this question, she will be surprised at the result. There is hardly a community in this country where women cannot be found who have been restored to health by this famous old remedy, made exclusively from a simple formula of roots and herbs.

During the past 30 years we have published thousands of letters from these grateful women who have been cured by **Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound**, and never in all that time have we published a testimonial without the writer's special permission. Never have we knowingly published a testimonial that was not truthful and genuine. Here is one just received a few days ago. If anyone doubts that this is a true and honest statement of a woman's experience with Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound write and ask her.



New Orleans, La.—"I suffered with inflammation and ulceration for a long time, and had dreadful backache and a weakness. I had been under the doctors' treatment for six months and they claimed I must be operated upon. I was in bed three weeks and could not turn over on either side the pains were so bad and I was so nervous. Then Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound was recommended to me by a neighbor, and I had taken it only a short time when I felt relieved and now I am a well woman. I am in fine health and feel like a young girl. I have recommended the Compound to my next door neighbor, and hope that all suffering women will try it."—
Mrs. J. Wilson, 4016 Ulloa St., New Orleans, La.

Any woman who is sick and suffering is foolish surely not to give such a medicine as this a trial. Why should it not do her as much good as it did Mrs. Wilson.

If the slightest trouble appears which you do not understand, write to Mrs. Pinkham at Lynn, Mass., for her advice—it is free and always helpful.

HOTEL ARRIVALS

Palace.
F. L. Schnabel, W. H. Pratt, Albuquerque; W. P. Walton, C. Neblett, C. P. Laughlin, Herbert J. McGrath, Silver City; William G. Huck, J. P. Jones, Denver; William A. Lamb, Denver; J. H. Banks, Salt Lake; Hugh Lowdon, Las Vegas; W. R. Kaffer, Kansas City; Mrs. M. J. McCarthy, J. C. McCarthy, Fort Garland, Colo.; J. M. Freeman, Greeley, Colo.; Mrs. F. D. True, Espanola; W. E. Smith, La Veta; Mr. and Mrs. C. S. Tepper, El Paso; H. G. Decker, St. Joseph; F. Butler, Denver.

Claire.
Stevenson J. Kelso, Rocky Ford, Colo.; Mrs. John A. Smith, Manassa, Colo.; Bert Frederick, San Felipe; H. Alexander Hibbard, Chicago; A. S. Lampton, Lamy; M. Brady, Chicago; Alexander Erickson, Denver; C. M. Stubblefield, Las Vegas; H. B. Duncan, Denver; Charles A. Stevenson and Mrs. Stevenson, Lincoln; Ruby S. Purnham, Peterboro, Canada; Mrs. I. J. Bradford, Alamosa; Josephine Crawford, Brockport, N. Y.; P. M. Dolan, Taos; B. C. Spier, Hodges; John A. Smith, Manassa, Colo.

Modern.
A. L. Kendall, Cerrillos; J. P. McNulty, Cerrillos; B. S. Phillips, Buckman; John Caldwell, James Bird, Hodges; W. S. Garvin, Albuquerque. Coronado.
H. P. Peak, H. A. Matthews, El Paso; I. McKenna, Boise, Idaho; William C. Hoar, Estancia; C. C. Cronkhille, Chicago; Crescencio Salazar, Coyote; Feliciano Salazar, Chamita.

FATHER JUILLARD BIDS FAREWELL TO GALLUP.

Informal Reception Tendered Him—Touching Scenes as Parishioners and Others Bid Farewell.

Special Correspondence of the New Mexican.

Gallup, N. M., Jan. 26.—The Rev. George Juillard, for eighteen years pastor of the Catholic parish of Gallup, recently appointed Associate Director of the Society for the Propagation of the Faith in the United States, left this week for his new field of labor in distant New York City.

Upon his departure, the depot platform was thronged with 400 to 500 people of all creeds and nationalities, who had come to bid their beloved pastor and friend a reluctant farewell, postponed to the last moment of his

sojourn among them, to wish him God-speed on his journey and all success and all things good in his new field of labor. The grim handclasp of some, the tear-strained eyes of others, the heartfelt farewell of all, their lingering presence and yearning look as the train passed out of sight bearing him away, the Reverend Father standing on the rear platform of the train, spoke volumes of his popularity—nay, of his endearment to all the people of Gallup.

On Friday evening, previous to his departure the English-speaking Catholics of Gallup gave their reverend pastor a very pleasant surprise by repairing in a body to his beautiful residence, there to spend, for the last time, a pleasant evening with their "father." It was certainly an informal family affair in the best sense of the word. Free and unrestrained they gave themselves in talk and song and pleasantries, showing forth their most pleasant relations of loving esteem to one who had endeared himself so much to all during his 18 years of kind and loving ministrations.

On the following evening his non-Catholic friends, the elite of Gallup's business world, gave him a similar surprise by paying him a visit to spend the last evening of his sojourn in Gallup with him. In token of their esteem and loving friendship they presented him with a beautiful gold watch, bearing the following inscription: "Presented to Rev. Geo. J. Juillard, Gallup, N. M., Jan. 23, 1910, by his non-Catholic friends."

Solemn High Mass.

At the solemn high mass, Sunday morning, the church was crowded with both Catholics and non-Catholics. The Rev. George J. Juillard was celebrant of the mass; Rev. Cyprian Vabre, of Flagstaff, Ariz., was deacon; Rev. Robert Kalt, O. F. M., subdeacon, and Rev. Fintan Bunbahlen, O. F. M., master of ceremonies. The Rev. Anselm Weber, O. F. M., of St. Michael's and the Rev. Leopold Ostermann, O. F. M., of Chin Lee, and the Rev. Florentine Meyers, O. F. M., the new pastor of Gallup, were present in the sanctuary.

The choir acquitted itself nobly, and both music and singing, added greatly to the solemnity of the occasion.

Toward the end of the Credo, three little girls, dressed in white, wheeled their way up the middle aisle, bearing a white satin cushion, upon which was a most beautiful gold chalice, a present of the parishioners to their departing pastor. Entering the sanc-

tuary, the girls knelt down and presented the chalice to Father Juillard, who was taken by surprise and visibly touched at receiving this token of love and gratitude.

After mass he addressed his people in words of tender affection. He remarked how hard it was to say goodbye; he thanked them for all their kindness and good feeling towards him and assured them that he would and could never forget them. Divine Providence brought him here and the same Providence of God was taking him away. Eighteen years ago he had come among them a young and inexperienced man, and here he had grown to maturity. Quite a number of those present he had baptized, many of them he had joined in the holy bonds of matrimony. For them he had lived and labored. The best years of his life he had sacrificed to them—how could he but love them. They were his family; he was their father and he loved them with a father's love.

A newly ordained levite he had come to Gallup full of enthusiasm and zeal for the love of God and the salvation of souls—and yet a man with a heart full of love for his fellowmen. As priest and man he ever tried to see only the good in man, and difference of race or creed could never influence him in his relations and intercourse with his fellowmen. Some of his best friends were non-Catholics, he said, and he thanked those present for their kindness and good will towards him. He wished they were of the same fold and he their pastor. Still, their God was his God, and he had ever strived to be as broad as Christ, and included them all in his love and affection. The beautiful token of friendship—the handsome gold chalice and fine engraved gold watch, presented by his Catholic and non-Catholic friends—would remind him daily and many times a day of the happy days he spent here and the many dear friends he left behind. A few hours more and the train would carry him on his way to New York. But, as Mary Stuart, queen of Scots, remarked when she left sunny France, so, too, must he say that only half of him would leave, his better half, his heart, would ever be in Gallup.

After mass the sacristy presented an extremely touching scene when a number of his parishioners, young and old, more especially those of the Spanish tongue, filed through the vestry, some kneeling to ask his blessing, others, especially boys and girls, bidding him farewell whilst the tears were streaming down their tiny faces. The good wishes of all Gallup follow him, and his memory will ever be blessed.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL MASTER'S SALE.

No. 634.
Territory of New Mexico,
County of Santa Fe,
In the District Court.

Thomas K. D. Maddison, Plaintiff,

vs.
The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, et al., Defendants.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, heretofore appointed Special Master, under and by virtue of the decree of foreclosure rendered in the District Court of the First Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, within and for the County of Santa Fe, entered on the 7th day of January, A. D. 1909, in that cause wherein Thomas K. D. Maddison is plaintiff and The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, et al., are defendants, will, on Saturday, the 12th day of March, 1910, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m., at the front door of the court house, in the City of Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, New Mexico, sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash, in accordance with the said decree, the following described property, to-wit:

All that mining and smelting property located at Los Cerrillos, Santa Fe County, New Mexico, constituting a smelter, and also the following mines or mining claims located in said Cerrillos Mining District, in said County and Territory: The Tom Payne Mining Claim, The Golden Eagle Mining Claim, The Sukie Mining Claim, The Albany Mining Claim, and The Santiago Mining Claim, together with all improvements thereon; also thirty-five acres of land, more or less, in the southeast quarter of Section 18, Township 14 North, Range 8 East.

Also two dwelling houses, one of office and assay building, safe, desks, chairs, stoves, scales and assayer's implements; one bin house with crusher, 14-26; one elevator, one motor, 15 horse-power; one roller, 14-24, one crusher, 10-12; one screen, 3 feet by 10; two sampling machines; one chain elevator; one engine, 30 horse-power; two boilers, 60 horse-power; one feed pump; one heater with engine, 75 horse-power; one blower; one dynamo; one force pump; shovels, picks, steel bars, tools, electric supplies; one 100-ton lead furnace; one 30-ton copper-furnace; slag pots, settling pots, bullion moulds, wheelbarrows; steam, water and air pipe; slag elevator building; one motor, 15 horse-power; blacksmith's shop and

matte house, blacksmith tools, anvil, bellows, crusher; motor, 15 horse-power; reverberatory furnace building; reverberatory furnace, 72 by 20; lime kiln; dust flame with 90-foot iron stock; one railroad scales, one wagon scale, and three platform scales; one stone water tank and cooler; two iron water tanks; water pipe connecting with town water works; also pipe line connecting with spring on Willson property—about one-half mile in length; one frame barn; also various mining machinery and improvements located on above named mining claims and the property of said The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company.

It being intended to sell all of the property belonging to the defendant, The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, of whatever kind or character, save and except such property as was by the decree of foreclosure rendered in the above cause found by the Court and decreed to belong to the Bank of Commerce of Albuquerque, New Mexico, and reference to said decree is hereby made for a description of said property belonging to said Bank.

Said property will be sold at the time and place aforesaid, for the purpose of satisfying the said plaintiff and the owners or holders of the bonds and coupons of said defendant, The Consolidated Mining & Smelting Company, outstanding, amounting to the sum of two hundred and sixty-six thousand dollars (\$266,000), and which said sum, together with interest thereon at the rate of six per cent per annum from the date of said decree until paid, was decreed to be a first lien upon the property hereinbefore described, together with the costs herein to be taxed, and other allowances, expenses and disbursements as may hereafter be fixed by the Court; and the undersigned Special Master, for the purpose of satisfying said decree, and by virtue of the authority vested in him, will, at the time and place in this Notice specified, offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest bidder for cash, in accordance with the terms of said decree, the said real and personal property.

F. J. OTERO,
Special Master.

TIME TABLE ALL LOCAL TRAINS

Leave Santa Fe at 9 a. m. to connect with No. 10 from the south and west, also No. 3 from the east, returning arrive at Santa Fe 12:10 p. m.

Leave Santa Fe at 4 p. m. to connect with No. 1 west-bound, also takes passengers for No. 2 east-bound passing Lamy at 6:30 p. m. Returning arrive at Santa Fe 6:30 p. m. with No. 1's connection only.

Leave Santa Fe at 7:20 p. m. to connect with Nos. 7 and 9 west-bound, and Nos. 4 and 8 east-bound. Returning arrive at Santa Fe 11:10 p. m.

Denver and Rio Grande Railroad.
Train leaves for the north at 10:15 a. m.

Train arrives from the north at 4 p. m.

New Mexico Central.

Train leaves Santa Fe at 1:45.

Train arrives at Santa Fe at 5:25.

If you want anything on earth—try a New Mexican Want Ad

FRATERNAL SOCIETIES.

MASONIC.

Montezuma Lodge No. 1, A. F. & A. M. Regular communications first Monday of each month at Masonic hall at 7:30 p. m.

H. H. DORMAN,
Acting Master.

ALAN R. McCORD, Secretary.

Santa Fe Chapter No. 1, R. A. M. Regular convocation second Monday of each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

S. G. CARTWRIGHT, H. P.

ARTHUR SELIGMAN, Secretary.

Santa Fe Commandery No. 1, K. T. Regular convocation fourth Monday in each month at Masonic Hall at 7:30 p. m.

J. A. MASSIE, E. C.

W. E. GRIFFIN, Recorder.

Santa Fe Lodge of Perfection No. 1 14th degree, Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rite of Free Masonry meets on the third Monday of each month at 7:30 o'clock in the evening in Masonic Hall, south side of Plaza. Visiting Scottish Rite Masons are cordially invited to attend.

JOHN W. MAYES, 32.

Venerable Master.

HENRY F. STEPHENS, 32.

Secretary.

B. P. O. E.

Santa Fe Lodge No. 460, B. P. O. E., holds its regular session on the second and fourth Wednesday of each month. Visiting brothers are invited and welcome.

DAVID KNAPP,

J. D. SENA, Exalted Ruler.

Secretary.

Knights of Pythias.

Santa Fe Lodge No. 2, Knights of Pythias. Regular meeting 1st and 3d Tuesdays in month at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. hall, San Francisco St. Visiting Knights invited to attend.

AUGUST REINGARDT, C. C.

JOHN K. STAUFFER, K. R. S.

FOLEY'S KIDNEY REMEDY

For Backache, Rheumatism, Kidney and Bladder Disorders. Do not risk having Bright's Disease and Diabetes. Commence today and be well.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

HOSTS ARE COM- ING WESTWARD

**Trials Caused in Big Cities of
East by Lack of Com-
petent Help**

LIVING IS CHEAPER IN CANADA

**Plea for Industrial Education in
the Public Schools of the
Land.**

Chicago, Jan. 26.—Women's share in the rural prosperity of Illinois has partial explanation in the strides made by the Department of Household Science, the auxiliary to the Farmers' Institute which at its annual convention in February will represent 41 county organizations. The president, Mrs. McKeene, of Springfield, in her review says: "Just as the boy needs the study of mathematics and other higher branches if he is to become a merchant, he needs to study the use of his hands if he is to be a tradesman; so if he is to become a successful farmer he must study the chemistry of the soils, the crops best suited to them, the care and feeding of stock. And so, our girls should be taught the chemistry of foods, the best methods of preparing them, and to plan and make the garments she must wear. A girl's natural destiny is home-making. So widespread has become the recognized need of such knowledge that our city schools are meeting the demands by introducing the various branches of domestic training, and the boys and girls are being taught the best methods of handling their respective tools from the primary grades up through the manual training and high school." The more highly educated girls are these days the less they know about home making, according to an investigation reported by a student. "A young married man in Chicago, told me that he had no married friends among all the young men whom he knew, who were not head over heels in debt," says the report. "It was a startling statement from a man with a large acquaintance. Some will say that the cause of this is simply social conditions, such as the price of rent and food materials. Of course this does make it hard, but you cannot look into these homes individually without seeing that there is a better explanation back of it all. The girls have not been properly educated for their business. French, music and Latin fail to help a young housekeeper, when she is hopelessly at the mercy of an impudent, ignorant, extravagant cook. Nothing in her past experience has taught her how to keep accounts. Her hardwood floors are washed with water because she knows no better—and it costs to have the finish restored. Good food materials are ruined by poor cooking."

Cheaper Living in Canada.

The cheaper cost of living in Canada than the United States, revealed by the investigations into relative prices of meat, vegetables and other necessities now and one and two years ago, proves to be a homely but impelling reason for the exodus to the new lands of western Canada. It suddenly bobs up as a factor in the migrations of Uncle Sam's uneasy millions which probably was not considered by officials of the Canadian Northern and the Grand Trunk Pacific in estimates that the total number of emigrants from the United States would grow from the 100,000 of 1909, to 125,000 in 1910. The cheapness of beef were found to be 10 cents per pound in Detroit as compared with 6 1/2 cents in a Canadian city of about the same size. Cabbages were 8 to 15 cents in Detroit as against 5 to 7 cents in Canada, turkeys 25 cents as compared to 20 cents, chickens 15 as against 11 cents, salt pork 20 as against 13 cents. While the consumer in Detroit pays 35 cents a pound for butter, the consumer in Alberta pays only 28 cents, and in other words, the farmer of Alberta is getting more for the butter he sells than the farmer near Detroit, a beneficial condition which has been made possible by the establishment of government dairies along the new lines of the Canadian Northern and Grand Trunk Pacific by the Alberta government. Moreover plug tobacco, always more or less essential in farm work, cost two and three times as much in the states as in the Dominion.

The Movement Westward.

Trains to California leave Chicago loaded to the platforms of the last extra Pullmans, not only with tourists but with mechanics and farmers who are looking up the region of small farms for intensive farming and elimination of the "help" problem. The trials caused by the lack of competent help in the middle west, even more than the severe winter, has started radical changes, dairying being on the wane throughout the Elgin butter district and the zone of milk supply for Chicago. The joint efforts of the Union Pacific, Southern Pacific and the Santa Fe railways seem focused upon the San Joaquin valley, now watered by the irrigation ditches

supplied from the Kings river that has its head in the snows of the Sierras. The clerk and merchant of the cities have joined the homeseeker movement, headed, however, toward small tracts of irrigated lands rather than the hard work of big farms. The big movement westward this year will be literally toward the districts where man may become independent producers under their "vine and fig tree." The United States is rapidly overtaking France in grape production. Already the Fresno district is credited with the production of 100,000,000 pounds of raisins a year, five-sixths of the United States total, yet only a few of the owners of the big tracts have cut their land up into ten and twenty acre units as ultimately will be done. The annual income of the University of California from the great Kearney ranch, near Fresno, of 5,400 acres is said to be \$50,000 to \$80,000, which explains the valuation put upon land in that district of \$250 an acre.

Plea for Postal Savings Banks.

The pardon of Paul O. Stensland has elicited a plea from the Polish National Alliance, which opposed the pardon, for postal savings bank. This plea, filed with the Postal Savings Bank League, urges postal banks, both to prevent loss and woe and tragedy to the small depositor who is the greatest menace to banks in their days of stress, and as a protection to banks and bank depositors against the hysteria of fear of the timid foreign depositors particularly. The guaranty of the United States government would prevent any alarm among the small depositors and they, it has been found, are the menacing as well as unprofitable element among depositors of savings banks. The pending Carter-Foss bills, urged by President Taft, provides against withdrawals of large sums during panics from commercial banks for redeposit in the postal savings banks, deposits receivable in any one month by Uncle Sam being limited to \$100. In the plea of the Polish National Alliance sent to the Postal Savings Bank League the statement is made: "We consider the postal savings banks as necessary for the people of the United States, as they have been found to be in other civilized countries. Life is the same everywhere and what proved to be beneficial to the people of Great Britain, France and Germany cannot be detrimental to the people of this country. * * * Banks as they are now * * * are a necessity of modern life and nobody can do without them. But the small man with his few hundred dollars, which represent often the savings of a whole life, cannot afford to lose a cent. He wants absolute security for his money and is entitled to it. The absolute security, which the toilers want and which they are entitled to, can be obtained only by the means of postal savings banks, which are adopted by almost every civilized country and which have to come in this country, unless the wishes, and the interests of the people are entirely disregarded."

Protest Against Pardon Unavailing.

The unavailing protest made against the pardon of Paul O. Stensland and his cashier from their penitentiary sentences for wrecking the Milwaukee Avenue State bank was presented by President M. B. Stoczynski, of the Polish National Alliance; Joseph Niemiec, president of the United Polish Republican Clubs of Cook county; Philip Ksycki, vice-president of the Polish National Alliance, and K. Zlotinski, a director of the Polish National Alliance. The hearing of the pardon board was short and the decision reached with surprising celerity. The objections to the pardons disclose reasons which will probably keep the pardoned bankers out of the district where the loss was felt, out of regard for their personal safety. The objectors called attention to the fact that the failure of the bank had brought about three suicides, two attempts at murder and driven two men insane. They did not oppose the paroling of the men with any vociferous heat, but asked the board to consider whether men who either intentionally or through culpable negligence were responsible for such appalling array of tragedies were sufficiently punished by the time they had served in the penitentiary. Attorneys for the convict-bankers declared that the bank was not insolvent at any time and laid the blame for the tragedies upon the panic of fear which seized Stensland and to his lack of business acumen and ability to keep his self-control at a critical time.

Good Jobs for Chicagoans.
That more members of President

Taft's official family, including Secretaries Dickinson and MacVeagh, hail from one precinct of one ward of the Ninth Congressional district of Illinois on Chicago's aristocratic North Side is a distinction which Congressman Henry Sherman Boutell from that district and ward and precinct claims no credit for. Congressman Boutell, it must be remembered, was the silver-tongued orator who placed in nomination at the last Republican national convention "the name, gentleman, of a sterling patriot, a sturdy citizen" who hails from Danville and has the warlike name of Cannon in spite of Quaker parentage. That Congressman Boutell is a neighbor of the cabinet members, Dickinson and MacVeagh, Solicitor General Lloyd Bowers and Assistant Secretary Norton of the treasury department and Cable of the department of commerce and labor is a fact which has been seized upon to beat him for re-election. Originally he was a candidate for the progressive element, his most stalwart champion being now one of the most persistent enemies of Cannonism and the "stand pat" faction in Congress. His is a "silk stocking" precinct, else distinction would not have reached so many men in it. During the solemn consideration by the ways and means committee of the tariff schedules for the reduction thereof, Congressman Boutell was a devout student of tariff tangles and helped accomplish the "reductions" arrived at, those on the wool and sugar schedules having had his "earnest consideration," as he has said himself. As to the reason for so many jobs for Chicagoans in the Taft administration it must be remembered that most of the campaign funds were collected by the Chicago end of the Republican committee.

PLAYS AND PLAYERS

Laugh and the world laughs with you; cry and you cry alone. If you don't want to be among the lonely ones then you will want to attend the performance at the Elks theater. While it should be sufficient to announce that the show is being given under the auspices of Mrs. R. L. Baca it will not be at all amiss to state some of the features that the audience may expect to enjoy. The play selected is a rural comedy known as "Rube and His Ma." It is a scream from start to finish and allows no time for anything but almost uncontrollable laughter and merriment. Those taking part in the play are well known to the theater goers in Santa Fe. Their talent as amateurs is so favorably known that comment is not necessary. Gus Koch who scored such a decided hit in Princess Bonnie as Pomposo, is billed in the play of next Friday night as Hiram. The part is a rip-roaring funny one and Gus's song in the first act is one that will appeal to every one.

The entrance of Zeke, (Ramona Baca) in the first act is alone worth the price of admission. He will make his appearance in a conveyance drawn by one of the prizes of horse-drawn. As a singer Zeke is a miserable failure (in this particular play of course) and when it comes to fiddling it is not a case of course of a Virginia Bean—but, oh you Zeke. Be wise, and don't miss this feature.

As Aunt Mandy, Mrs. Clarence Abbott promises to please the audience far better than she did in the "Scenes From a Union Depot." Excruciatingly comical is putting it mildly so remember that her stunt is another that you can not afford to miss. Mrs. Cartwright as Lucinda Parkins also is cast in a role that will give her every possible opportunity to display her histrionic ability to the limit. Those who have seen her perform before know what to expect. Julius Loomis, Anita Baca, Manuel Otero, Amelia McFie, are also cast in well, and will give good account of themselves. Each and every one will add to the pleasure of the entertainment.

Pajama Girls.

Between the acts the Pajama Girls will do a stunt that is a real thriller. This feature should cause every young man in town to get busy and procure tickets at once. It's going to be a surprise and an unusual one. Miss Virginia Bean who will render a violin solo between the second and third act will play pieces never before heard in Santa Fe. The fact that she has consented to perform will enable the people of Santa Fe to hear a real artist without paying fancy prices of admission. In the last act of the play a number of new songs never before sung in Santa Fe will be featured and a genuine country dance will close the play. In short the play will afford a wholesome evening of genuine entertainment by a galaxy of local talent with unquestioned ability.

Tickets are now selling fast at Fischer's drug store.

Teddy, and his companions will perform again tonight at the Elks theater. He is a smart dog, but from all evidence A. Mutt was the laugh provoker at last night's performance. The boxing contest was very good, and if it portrayed the coming fight between Jim Jeffries and Jack Johnson, Jeffries will be victorious.

The pictures are the same as last night, and are very good, although some of them are tragic. Doors open at 7:15. Show starts promptly at 8. Special matinee for the children at 3:30 p. m. Thursday.

The appearance of Mary J. Holmes' delightful novel "Tempest and Sunshine," dramatization by Ben B.

Parker, is an event that should be looked forward to with interest by our theater goers. The scenery is beautiful, everything used in the representation being carried by the company. The costumes are of the latest and the play is of the period of 1899 which is the period of the play. Beautiful southern melodies are introduced throughout the play with great effect.

The story is both strong and interesting, and is relieved with much comedy which is contributed by the dark servants as a special entertainment for their masters and mistresses who are of the southern aristocracy. "Tempest and Sunshine" is one of the big successes of recent years and no one who enjoys a first class play presented in a first class manner should fail to see "Tempest and Sunshine" to be played at the Elks' theater on February 2.

THE FOURTH ESTATE

Novelized by
FREDERICK R. TOOMBS

From the Great Play
of the Same Name by
Joseph Medill Patterson
and Harriet Ford.

Copyright, 1909, by Joseph Medill
Patterson and Harriet Ford.

CHAPTER III.

THE managing editor again began to weigh just what significance the demand of Dupuy had. He directed his glance at him fixedly, and a long pause ensued after the lawyer lobbyist's abrupt demand that Wheeler Brand be discharged from the Advance.

Dupuy returned McHenry's stare, and his discerning eye and brain enabled him to read the workings of McHenry's mind. He felt instinctively as he glared at McHenry that he had the managing editor "on the run." During the period of the insurance company's ownership there had been no doubt that the decision of the managing editor of the Advance would have been in favor of Dupuy and his demand for the discharge of Wheeler Brand. And the lawyer, like McHenry, knew nothing of the new owner that would change the attitude of the paper.

Dupuy was right in his estimate of McHenry's weakness. The lawyer lobbyist was playing in rare fortune, indeed, to discover in his opponent a man who dared not stand for the right. He well knew that he would not find the same sort of man in a position of importance in many other newspapers of the land. Well, too, did he know "the power of the press" throughout all America, for he had learned at bitter cost that it was the foe of all the Ed Dupuys and all those that employed them to serve their ends.

Finally McHenry spoke in answer to Dupuy's demand.

"Let us give Brand one more chance," protested McHenry. "I'll put him on baseball or water front. Come, now."

"I will be candid with you. I was instructed to make an example of somebody for this morning's story. Perhaps, though, a good hauling over might do for this time. Call him in now. It's his last chance."

A boy entered.

"Ask Mr. Brand to step in."

"I'd rather take a licking than do this," protested McHenry.

Dupuy was unsympathetic.

"Well, he's only got himself to thank," he snorted.

Wheeler Brand came in.

"Mr. Brand," began the managing editor, "there is a kick being made on the Bartelmy story of this morning."

"Yes, sir; I suppose so," Brand looked up and saw Dupuy, and the reporter's face showed that he understood.

"I forward the kick to you, indorsing it O. K.," said McHenry. "In other words, the kick goes."

"Why, what?"

"This is a practical world," interposed Dupuy.

Brand grew bitter, for well he knew the practices of Dupuy.

"Oh, yes; I know the patter—a world of life and let live. We must be very careful before imputing motives, eh, Mr. Dupuy? Does not the good book say, 'Let him that is without sin among you cast the first stone—at United States judges?'"

"Wheeler, Wheeler," cried McHenry. "We only ask you in to talk it over calmly."

"That man has hit me in the dark before," exclaimed Brand. "This is the first time that he has come into the light."

"I desire to say that my clients," put in Dupuy, "like a great many other of the—ah—subscribers—to this paper, were disappointed at what they conceived to be an unwarrantable attack full of insinuations about one of the most distinguished members of the United States bench, and they wish merely as readers of the paper to express the hope that nothing of the sort will occur again, in which case they are willing to overlook this morning's article entirely—to, in fact, regard it merely as a mistake, a mistake made without malice."

"You mean I am to have another chance to hold my job if I'll be good from now on?" asked Brand.

Dupuy once more became complacent.

"Such, I believe, is Mr. McHenry's

decision," he announced calmly.

"You certainly have your gall, Dupuy," cried Brand in menacing tones, "to think you can muzzle me for \$40 a week. I've paid more than that for the privilege of fighting you."

The lawyer turned quickly to the managing editor.

"You better let him go, McHenry," he suggested. "He's a crank."

Wheeler Brand was amazed at the way in which McHenry allowed Dupuy to influence him.

"Does he give you orders?" he asked meaningfully of the managing editor.

"Yes, my boy; he does, and I accept your resignation."

The reporter was by no means daunted by his discharge.

"I'm sorry for you," he cried, inclining toward McHenry.

Dupuy laughed significantly.

"Reserve your sympathy for yourself, young man," he advised the young newspaper writer.

"Deserve your sympathy for Bartelmy; he'll need it before long," was his cutting retort.

"Oh! Is that so?" sneered Dupuy.

"Go west and grow up with the country, for if you hang around here to hurt Bartelmy don't forget that criminal libel is punishable with arrest."

"Sorry, old man," spoke McHenry kindly. "If I didn't have a family I'd go west with you."

"If it wasn't for men having families," put in Dupuy philosophically, "there'd be a revolution."

Brand straightened up and, with a contemptuous expression on his face, started toward the door.

"You've got more heart than sense, McHenry," was the parting shot which he hurled at the managing editor.

"Oh, pshaw," grunted Dupuy.

A boy entered with a card. Dupuy crossed to a chair and picked up his overcoat.

"Mr. Nolan, sir," the lad announced, with an amusing grimace. "He's the new boss, and he's got a couple of mitts on 'Im like Jim Jeffries. Gee, but I'll bet Nolan is there with the wallop, all right!"

Dupuy put his overcoat back on the chair. His luck was still holding good, he congratulated himself. Here was a chance to make the acquaintance of the new owner of the influential Advance, an opportunity to pave the way possibly to secure future favors from him for his clients when emergencies arose. Needless to say, emergencies frequently arose to disturb the peace of mind of the varieties of people who sought the versatile aid of Mr. Ed Dupuy. He turned to face McHenry and said:

"Oh, the new owner? I'd like to meet him. If you don't object I'll wait." Dupuy seated himself at the extreme left hand corner of the office close to the rack containing files of the daily papers. He took down a file and began to read. McHenry, laughing at the patent anxiousness of the lawyer to meet Nolan, put on his coat.

A heavy step was heard, and the bulky form of the new owner of the Advance stood before the managing editor.

"I am Mr. McHenry," explained the latter.

"I am Mike Nolan," the newcomer remarked bluntly.

At the sound of the big man's big voice Dupuy, whom Nolan had not noticed in the corner, stirred and turned his head to gain a better view of him. There was something familiar in the ring of that voice. There was something familiar in the features and the pose of Mr. Mike Nolan. Surely he had met him somewhere. He pondered and pondered and finally gave up the problem in disgust.

"This is a nice looking place you've got here," he remarked to McHenry.

"That you've got, sir."

A feminine voice from the outer hallway was heard to exclaim breathlessly, "I refuse to climb another step."

McHenry turned inquiringly, whereupon Nolan explained: "My family's just outside. I wanted them to see me take possession."

His voice was tinged with pride. He stepped to the door, "Come in, mother," he called gaily. Mrs. Nolan, a tall, well proportioned brunette, attired in the costliest of imported garments, entered the managing editor's office with a pronounced flourish, followed by the two Nolan children, Sylvester and Phyllis—the son about twenty-two years old and the daughter probably a year or two younger. "Oh, mercy, them stairs!" exclaimed the mother, endeavoring to catch her breath. Nolan presented his wife and son to McHenry. Mrs. Nolan called to Phyllis to draw near. "This is my daughter, Phyllis," she said. "She went to Bryn Mawr." Phyllis and the managing editor exchanged greetings. "My son, Sylvester," went on the mother proudly, "went to Harvard."

"Oh, you're a Harvard man?" spoke McHenry to Sylvester. "What class?"

The son, togged in the latest freshman effects in the line of sporty clothes and drawing on an unlighted cigarette, replied, "1909, 1910, 1911."

Mrs. Nolan pointed at a pile of papers lying on a small desk. "I don't see how you ever get time to read 'em all," she addressed McHenry.

"Oh, I read fifty or sixty a day. We've got to know what the other fellows are doing."

"That's just like me," she responded smoothly. "I always like to know what everybody else is doing, too." She went on, "I think what journalism needs is a soft feminine, refining influence. It seems you don't publish anything now but crime, divorces and people's troubles." She laughed.

"Oh, you wouldn't want to read every day that Mr. and Mrs. James Jones were living happily together. You're only interested when they're

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unhappy."

"Still I'd like to read once in a while that somebody else was happy, at least for a little while."

It was McHenry's turn to laugh.

"Would you like to look over the plant, Mrs. Nolan?" he asked.

"Oh, yes! What I want to see is the reporters' room."

When Mrs. Nolan, Phyllis and Sylvester had departed in the wake of the boy who had answered McHenry's ring, Dupuy rose and made a signal to McHenry behind Nolan's back that he wanted to meet the owner. The managing editor beckoned him over.

"Mr. Nolan," he said, inclining toward the proprietor of the Advance, "this is Mr. Dupuy."

Dupuy bowed, again trying to fix in his mind the occasion on which, somehow, somewhere in his busy past he had met Michael Nolan. He extended his hand, saying, "I am glad to meet you, Mr. Nolan."

The newspaper publisher pierced Dupuy with a glance which, to say the least, was searching. He crouched toward him and compressed his brows as though to render his sight more certain, more penetrating. He had half extended his own hand to grasp Dupuy's. Suddenly, with a half smothered oath, he drew it violently back.

"My God," he exclaimed, "it is Ed Dupuy!"

He continued to stare at the lawyer. After a moment a faint smile appeared.

"Ed Dupuy, that's funny," he continued—"that's awful funny. Well, don't it beat all? Don't you remember me, Ed?"

Dupuy couldn't place him as yet.

"Why—ah, Mr. Nolan! Yes, it must have been. Let's see. Wasn't it Monte Carlo two winters ago?" he ventured.

"No, Ed, no; it wasn't Monte Carlo two winters ago. It was here in this town twelve summers ago. Remember now?"

"Twelve summers ago—twelve summers ago?" Dupuy reflected.

"The street car strike," reminded Nolan.

"Oh, yes, the street car strike!" added Dupuy. Now he began to remember. He began to remember the part he, as the Consolidated Traction company's counsel, played in that war between capital and labor, and somewhere in it all he realized that a face something like the one before him had come to his knowledge; also the name "Nolan" had a familiar ring. "Nolan, Nolan," he repeated to himself. No, it was "Dolan," he reassured himself; that had been the name of the man he had crushed and driven from the kin of men. Yes, that was it, "Dolan," and that man was a broken down and out when

Dupuy last heard of him.

Nolan saw that Dupuy was non-plused, and he laughed as he said:

"Yes, it was the street car strike, and you and Judge Bartelmy between you sent Jerry Nolan to jail for contempt, and that broke the strike after it'd been won."

"He was a dangerous agitator," pronounced Dupuy, directing an interested glance at the new owner.

Nolan drew a deep breath and, clenching his fists at his sides, replied to his arch foe of twelve years before: "He'll be a more dangerous agitator from now on. I'm Jerry Nolan!"

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Minor City Topics.

(Continued From Page Two.)

Chicago Weather Kills Many—Pneumonia caused 168 deaths in Chicago last week.

Trains Late Again—Santa Fe train No. 10 from the south and west was two hours late this afternoon.

Mr. Andrew's Ad—Attention is called to the change of advertisement of the F. Andrews Grocery in today's issue.

Taken to Insane Asylum—Sheriff Charles A. Stevens has taken Henry Grindstaff of Lincoln county, to the territorial asylum for the insane at Las Vegas.

Dominion Company Enjoined—In district court at Albuquerque, Judge Abbott issued a temporary injunction to restrain the Dominion Construction Company from disposing of its property.

Musgrave Held in \$10,000 Bail—George Musgrave, accused of the murder of a man named Parker thirteen years ago, was held in \$10,000 bond at Roswell. He furnished the bond and has gone to Denver to bring his family to Roswell.

Much Complaint of Branch Service—There is considerable complaint about the branch train to Lamy missing connections with main line trains. For the past few weeks, the service on the branch has been more unsatisfactory than it has been for years.

Gadski Gets \$100 Week Job for New Mexico Girl—Madame Johanna Gadski who sang in Santa Fe several years ago, has secured a position for Miss Mabel Riegelman of Clayton, Union county, with the Metropolitan Opera Company at a salary of \$100 a week.

Train Reports—The Santa Fe trains are reported as follows: Stub No. 1, on time; regular No. 1, 10 p. m.; Nos. 4, 7, and 8, on time; No. 9, one and a half hours late; No. 2, on time; No. 10, arrived at 2 p. m.; and No. 3 due at 4 p. m. The Denver & Rio Grande trains 6 hours late and the New Mexico Central on time.

Beautifying Fairview Cemetery—Fairview cemetery, since the Fairview Cemetery Association has placed its care in the hands of the Woman's Board of Trade, is developing into a beautiful park. The board is using for the purpose of taking care of the campo santo, the funds derived from the sale of burial lots, while cemetery lots are being sodded and kept green at a nominal price charged lot owners.

Five Men Held in \$5,000 Bail—Justice of the Peace Otero at Willard held J. S. Cravens, D. A. Tucker, Lazario Cordova, I. J. Shotzer and Doroteo Torres of Manzano under \$5,000 bond on the charge of robbing and torturing Epigiano Vigil, wife and daughter at Progreso, Torrance county. Mounted Policeman J. W. Collier

and peace officer pursued the gang through the Abo Pass country and finally captured them. In that same section, Sheriff Charles A. Stevens of Lincoln county, captured recently four cattle thieves.

Aged Resident Claimed By Death—Mrs. Francisca L. Donovan, nee Lujan, died this morning at her home on Canon Road, after long illness. She was aged 78 years and was a native of Santa Fe. She was married in 1846 and her husband preceded her to the grave. One daughter, Mrs. R. D. Catanach, survives her, whose sons are James, John and David A. Catanach. A large number of great grand children survive. Mrs. Donovan was well and favorably known in the community. The funeral will take place at 9 a. m. Friday from the Cathedral. Director J. D. Mulligan will have charge of the funeral arrangements.

MASONS KEPT BUSY
CONFERRING DEGREES.

Will Hold Smoker Tonight and Confer 21st Degree—Visited the Penitentiary.

The Masons now attending the third reunion of the Scottish Rite Masons of the Orient of New Mexico appear to be thoroughly enjoying themselves. What time that has not been taken up attending the conferring of degrees and business meetings has been spent in sightseeing. Many of the Masons today visited the penitentiary and public buildings.

They met at one o'clock this afternoon and attended the conferring of degrees. Tonight they will attend a smoker and witness the conferring of the 21st degree.

It is said that the ceremonies have been most impressive and now that many Masons, who were not here at the opening of the reunion, have arrived it is thought that the conferring of the higher degrees will prove all the more interesting.

SANTA FE WANTS
TO GET INTO ST. LOUIS.

May Purchase or Build Line From Kansas City—Vice President Storey in Charge.

St. Louis, Jan. 26.—The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe is planning to enter St. Louis either by the acquisition of an existing line or the construction of a new road. The arrangements relating to this enterprise are under the direction of W. B. Storey of Chicago, vice president in charge of construction.

"Details of the plans of the Santa Fe are not expected immediately," he said.

Among the conjectures advanced by officials of competing carriers are the following:

That the Santa Fe will acquire the


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Dr. PRICE'S CREAM BAKING POWDER

Made from Grapes

Makes the food of superior healthfulness and finest quality



St. Louis, Kansas City and Colorado which is the St. Louis-Kansas City line of the Rock Island, or that it will acquire all of the M. K. & T. outside the state of Texas while the Texas port of the M. K. & T. will go to the Frisco.

TOYED WITH A PISTOL
AND KILLED HIMSELF.

Denver, Colo., Jan. 26.—While toying with a pistol of small caliber in the lavatory of the grocery store of J. H. Farrow, 2653 Sixteenth street, Lee Sloan, 19 years old, an employe of the store, shot himself in the pit of the stomach the ball passing through the abdomen. He was taken to the county hospital, where he died a few hours later.

The New Mexican Printing Company has on hand a large supply of pads and tablets suitable for school work, the desk, and also for lawyers and merchants; good everywhere. We will sell them at 5 cents in book form.

GENERAL STRIKE
MAY BE CALLED.

(Continued From Page One.)

week to be present at a conference with operators in Ohio, Indiana and Western Pennsylvania as the result of that conference probably will be the basis of action in all of the districts.

A Labor Trust.
Indianapolis, Jan. 26.—A plan was adopted for a working agreement between the coal miners and the Western Federation of Miners. It provides that the Western Federation shall re-enter the American Federation of Labor and generally looks to a final amalgamation of the organized metal and coal miners of North America. The plan used will be approved by the convention of Western Federation of Miners.

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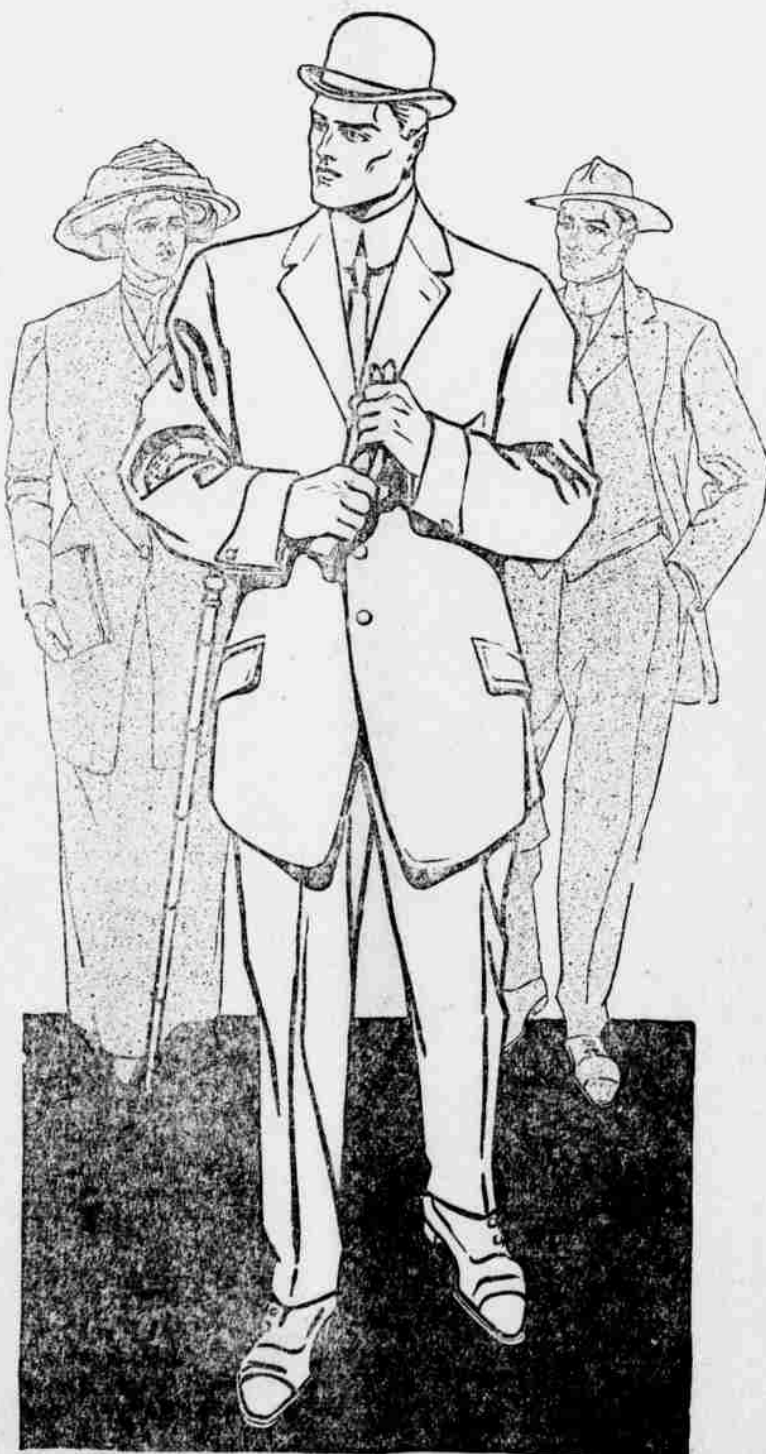
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We want to clean up this entire stock of winter goods; we'd a good deal rather give you the benefit of our extremely low prices now than to carry these goods through until next fall; we're willing to allow you something on the price—a good generous slice of it—to pay you for doing the carrying over.

We're selling Hart Schaffner & Marx fine suits and overcoats in this sale; if you're familiar with what that name stands for, we needn't say any more except to quote prices. If you're not familiar by experience, now's a good time for you to learn the value of good clothes.

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from \$22.50 to \$17.50

from \$30.00 to \$25.00

from \$25.00 to \$20.00

Lots of good bargains to be had in our other departments: we're clearing stock in shirts, in neckwear, in fancy waistcoats; hosiery, hats, whatever you need to wear is here, and just now is a good time to save money on it.

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