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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 05-05-1894

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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen.

VOLUME 4.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, MAY 5, 1894.

NUMBER 26.

A MASSACRE!

Yaqui Indians Kill Two Hundred Mexican Troops.

Another Lively Riot at Cleveland, Ohio.

Colorado Miners are Going out on a Big Strike.

KELLY'S ARMY PLAYING HALL.

San Diego, Cal., May 2.—News is just received here that at least two hundred of the five hundred Mexican troops sent to quell an uprising of the Yaqui Indians in Lower California were either killed or wounded in an ambush by the Yaquis. A surgeon and escort sent to attend the wounded were captured by the Indians and tortured.

Not Alarmed.

Des Moines, May 2.—Rock Island officials express no alarm at General Master Workman Sovereign's threats to tie up the road in case of refusal of transportation to the Kelly army. Excitement was created this morning by a telegram from Burt, Goodrock of the Keokuk & Western road, saying that the special rate to the commonwealth was withdrawn. Labor leaders declare that the Knights of Labor and the Railway Union are strong enough to stop business not only on the Rock Island but on every road in the state.

Methodist Conference.

Memphis, Tenn., May 2.—For the next two weeks the general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church South will be in session in this city to legislate on matters affecting the future growth and prosperity of that great denomination. Delegates have been arriving on every train for several days, both the clergy and laity being represented by their shining lights. The conference will last at least two weeks.

Serious Riot.

Cleveland, O., May 2.—Rioting broke out this morning and several hundred men drove the workers from the Standard paint works and smashed the windows of the surrounding manufacturing buildings with rocks. A number of police were surrounded by a mob of several thousand and a large party of other police rescued them. Great damage was done to property.

Fighting Name Ball.

Des Moines, May 2.—This afternoon Kelly led nine picked men to contest with the "Stars," a local base ball team. Sovereign received a telegram today from Debs, president of the Railway Union, which he declares has an important bearing on the Rock Island situation but declines to make it public.

Talking Tariff.

Washington, May 2.—The tariff bill was taken up in the senate this morning, and Lodge, of Mass., addressed that body in opposition. He was followed by Squire, also in opposition.

Trains Running.

Minneapolis, May 2.—Everything is running smoothly on the Great Northern today, and freight trains are being made up to be despatched immediately.

Striking Miners.

Denver, May 2.—Dispatches state that the miners of Eagle, Colorado, struck today. Others are expected to follow. The Colorado Fuel Company, of this city, has received no advice regarding the strike.

Struck by a Spontaneous.

New York, May 2.—An explosion has just occurred in the dyeing establishment of P. Jolly, and the building is in flames. Four are reported killed.

Military Called Out.

Cleveland, May 2.—The Cleveland Boys are assembled at the armory in readiness to quell the riot and assist in maintaining peace.

On the March.

Chicago, May 2.—At 10 o'clock this morning General Randall's army started on a march to Hammond, Ind.

Press Clubs Convention.

Atlanta, Ga., May 2.—The convention of the International League of Press Clubs held a brief business session this morning at which a number of matters relating to the promotion of the interests of newspaper writers throughout the country were informally considered. Addresses were made urging the desirability of a bond of fraternal union between the writers of this country and of the various provinces of Canada, of Winnipeg and British Columbia. The incoming

administration will take this matter into consideration. At noon the delegates went to Stone Mountain, where they were tendered an old-time southern barbecue. On their return this evening two receptions will be tendered to the ladies of the party. The convention will adjourn sine die to-night, and to-morrow the delegates will leave for home by way of Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Savannah, Charleston and Richmond.

Election Indictments.

Kansas City, May 2.—The grand jury this afternoon returned indictments against thirteen participants in the election riots. The indictments are divided equally between the Catholics and the A. P. A's. Three are for murder in the first degree.

Christian Temperance Union.

Chicago, May 2.—There is considerable rejoicing among the members of the Women's Christian Temperance Union, which according to letters received is extending its branches throughout the country, over the announcement that Miss Frances Willard, whose precarious condition of health compelled her to go abroad several months ago and who has since been the guest of Lady Somerset, has so far recovered that she will be able to leave for this country in three or four weeks. It is an open secret that at the time she took her departure few of her intimate friends ever expected to see her again, there having been grounds at the time for the belief that her days were numbered. Action will be taken in a few days toward giving her a rousing welcome upon her return, which will be international in character.

Brotherhood of Book Binders.

Albany, N. Y., May 2.—The third annual convention of the International Brotherhood of Book Binders opened here to-day, all the local unions having delegates in attendance. The annual report shows that, through conservative management the organization has largely increased its membership during the year, and that by adopting a spirit of conciliation it has maintained wages on a satisfactory scale. The convention will be in session for several days.

Convention of Miners.

Albia, Ia., May 2.—Representatives of the miners of this state identified with the Iowa Miners' Association are gathering here to-day for their annual convention. The Iowa miners have so far taken no part in the national strike, and their position in this matter is one of the subjects to be considered. President Clarkson, who with secretary Williams has always been inclined to conservative methods, has already expressed the opinion that while the miners of Iowa cannot afford to be used as tools to aid in the defeat of their fellows elsewhere, yet that any radical action should be taken only after careful consideration. All the miners were advised last week to explicitly instruct their delegates on the question and in the meantime to refrain from work over time.

Bi-Metallic Congress.

London, May 2.—The International Bi-metallic conference opened in the Mansion house to-day. The opening address was by ex-Lord Mayor Sir David Evans. A large number of delegates are present, including some of the best known British and foreign financiers. Letters were read from Archbishop Walsh, of Dublin, and from the president of the bank of France, regretting their inability to be present. A paper was read by Prof. Nicholson on "The fall in prices in relation to appreciation of gold and divergence in relative values of gold and silver." A general discussion of the subject followed. The conference is presided over by Lord Mayor or Tyler.

Winging on Style.

New York, May 2.—Despite the hard times there are some people that have money to spend, and to spend in a kind of recreation that might be more appropriate in a period of abundance of money. This was made manifest this morning by the formal inauguration of the four-in-hand coaches from this city to Philadelphia and vice versa. The business traveler can go by rail to Philadelphia in luxury for a fraction over a couple of dollars, but the fare on the four-in-hand is \$15, \$25 for the round trip, and ten dollars extra if a passenger desires to pose as a howling swell on the box. Starts were made simultaneously this morning from the Hotel Waldorf in Philadelphia and the Hotel Bellevue in Philadelphia, and the service will be continued daily. The trip of 90 miles will occupy about ten hours, and there will be eight changes of horses. The passengers from either end to-day were representative members of swelldom.

When the blood is impure or impoverished, boils, pimples, headaches, neuralgia, rheumatism and various diseases are developed. Take Ayer's Sarsaparilla. It purifies, invigorates and vitalizes the blood, and restores vigorous health.

SILVER MESSAGE!

Senators Send a Telegram to Bi-Metallic Congress.

Gov. Jackson Confers with a Delegation of Laborers.

Second Day's Session of the International Bi-Metallic Congress.

MILITARY IN CHARGE AT CLEVELAND.

Washington, May 3.—The following cablegram was sent to the English bi-metallic meeting to discuss the financial question: "We desire to express sympathy with the movement to promote the restoration of silver by national agreement, and believe the free coinage of both gold and silver would secure mankind the blessing of a sufficient volume of money, and what is hardly less, it would secure to trade immunity from violent exchange fluctuations." Signed by Sherman, Allison, Voorhees, Hoar, David B. Hill, Murphy, Gorman, Platt, Lodge, and a number of others. The message is signed by representative men of both parties, but by none of the western silver republicans.

Prohibition Convention.

Bloomington, Ill., May 3.—Nearly five hundred delegates were present when the state convention of the prohibition party was called to order this morning. Local conventions have already been held all over the state and full tickets have been nominated in nearly every county. The convention will continue for two days, and besides placing a state ticket in nomination an elaborate plan of campaign will be formulated with a view to polling a large vote for the cold water cause next fall than has ever been recorded before.

Kelly's Army.

Des Moines, May 3.—Governor Jackson received a delegation of Des Moines laborers this morning, and after listening to the spokesman, reviewed his efforts at Council Bluffs to secure transportation of Kelly's army across the state. While not holding out any hopes, he said he would immediately open negotiations with the railway, and declared that the commonwealth would not stand while remaining in Iowa. Thos. Meredith, a populist, attempted to speak, but was suppressed, and the delegation then withdrew.

Senate Proceedings.

Washington, May 3.—The tariff bill was taken up and the first amendment to change the date when the bill will take effect was passed over by unanimous consent. The second amendment was taken up, being an insertion in the first paragraph of the words, "Or withdrawn for consumption." Chandler made a speech, setting forth the inconsistencies of democracy on the tariff question.

Where Whole Brigades Fell.

Washington, D. C., May 3.—A large number of veterans from neighboring states left here to-day for Fredericksburg in response to the invitation of Mayor A. P. Rowe, of that city. Impressive exercises will be held by those who participated in the terrible battle which occurred at that place.

Bi-Metallic Conference.

London, May 3.—H. Gibbs, president of the British Bi-metallic league, presided over the second day's session of the international bi-metallic congress to-day. Sir William Houldsworth, M. P., read a paper on the effects on agriculture, merchants, wage earners, effect of general level of prices, and said this fall was caused by contracted currency and must lead to depression and consequent injury of all classes and advocated the cause of silver.

Protecting Miners.

Duluth, Minn., May 3.—The militia was ordered to the Mesaba range this morning to protect miners who wish to go to work there.

Polish Americans.

Chicago, May 3.—A number of Poles from different parts of the country are holding a conference here to-day with a view to forming an organization to be known as the Polish National League of the United States. The object of the association is to create a fraternal feeling among the Polish-Americans and to exercise an Americanizing influence over them.

British Labor Party.

London, May 3.—The executive committee of the London district of the Independent Labor party to-day voted unanimously to support the candidature of the liberal party, and to abstain from voting in constituencies where liberal candidates were not put in nomination. It is thought that similar action will be taken by the labor element in all of the large manufacturing centers.

Methodist Aid Society.

Chicago, May 3.—Grace Methodist Episcopal Church was this morning the scene of a unique gathering. It was the national convention of the Deaconesses' Aid Society of the Methodist church, a Protestant sisterhood formed to conduct charitable work among the sick and needy. Bishop Joyce, of Chattanooga, Tennessee, called the gathering to

order. There were about seventy delegates and in the neighborhood of four hundred members of the order present. The secretary's report shows that the membership is increasing steadily, and that many whose original term of two years had expired, have enlisted for another term. The gathering will continue in session through to-morrow and will be addressed by Bishops Bowman and Thoburn.

Coxey in Court.

Washington, May 2.—At 10 o'clock this morning Coxey, who was in court, was put under arrest. Coxey, Browne and Jones were arraigned for unlawfully entering the capitol grounds and breaking down shrubbery. Browne demanded a jury trial, and the request was granted. The cases went over till Friday and bail of \$1,500 each was demanded of the three leaders, who were locked up till it is obtained.

Making a Demand.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 3.—A hundred laboring men started this morning on a march from the Citizens' headquarters to the capitol to demand of Gov. Jackson that he secure a train for the Kelly army. Several hundred, followed in the wake of the marchers. The army is without provisions, but abundance is promised by noon.

Liquor Dealers' Association.

Cincinnati, O., May 3.—The annual meeting of the American Distillers' and Wholesale Liquor Dealers' association convened here this morning. This is largely a western organization and has been endeavoring to induce congress to increase the tax on spirits and extend the bonded period.

Military in Charge.

Cleveland, May 3.—The city is under military surveillance to-day in anticipation of further trouble and the city hall is filled with troops. Policemen are busy this morning, keeping the crowds moving. The county will be asked to aid in the protection of new employees.

Want to Travel.

Des Moines, May 3.—After a conference with the citizens' committee, Kelly will accept transportation to any point on the Mississippi river, and leave that point immediately by boat to proceed up the Ohio river en route to Washington.

In Committee.

Washington, May 3.—The house went into committee of the whole on the river and harbor appropriation bill, with Hatch in the chair.

Boiler Explosion.

Hamburg, May 3.—A boiler explosion occurred in a rendering factory this morning, killing five men and fatally injuring ten.

Said of Inter-Ocean.

Chicago, May 3.—H. H. Kohlstatt to-day transferred his interest in the Inter-Ocean to William Penn Nixon.

Steamer Ashore.

New York, May 3.—The steamer Persian Monarch, from London, is ashore off Long Island this morning.

Public Printer.

Washington, May 3.—The senate confirmed Thomas E. Benedict as public printer.

What Time Ferry.

June Hunt, who is constructing a ferry across the Rio Grande at the Indian village of Oshiti, is in the city, and gives an account of a "shot gun policy" played upon him and his partner, Ed Westwood, by Col. T. F. Moore yesterday. Mr. Hunt states that Col. Moore, F. J. Thompson, C. J. Clark and Cyrus Dixon, all heavily armed, and with cocked guns, drove up on the opposite side from where he and Mr. Westwood were at work, and threatened to perforate their bodies with lead if they did not desert work. Messrs. Hunt and Westwood crossed over the river to where the angry party were, to see if they had any legal papers to prompt them to violate the law in such a manner, but were informed by Col. Moore that they did not need any papers. Mr. Hunt told the colonel and his party that when they called again they would receive a very warm reception, whereupon, after angry demonstrations, the colonel and party withdrew without committing bloodshed. Mr. Hunt came on to Albuquerque, and is laying in a supply of ammunition to accommodate all belligerents who desire to become bad men in the future. Mr. Hunt states that he will get out papers for the arrest of the colonel and party, and enter against them a suit for damages, and obtain an injunction restraining them from interfering with the ferry of Hunt & Westwood. This is the first real bad break reported from Cochiti.

The autograph letters testifying to cures made by Ayer's Sarsaparilla and preparations are kept on file at the J. C. Ayer & Co's office, Lowell, Mass. They are from all over the world and are cheerfully shown to anyone desirous of seeing them.

The Wish Granted.

You have often wished for something to take the place of pills. Now try a 25-cent package Simmons Liver Regulator powder. Take it dry on the tongue or make it into a tea. It is pleasant to take and gives quick relief—two good recommendations.

University Commencement.

The commencement of the Normal department of the University of New Mexico will be held May 29. The annual address to the students will be on Monday evening, May 28. Summer school for teachers and those preparing to teach will open June 4, and continue six weeks.

SERIOUS RIOT.

The Pennsylvania Coke Regions a Scene of Blood.

Kentucky Objects to Doing Honor to Freckenridge.

Trial of the Coxey Case in Progress This Afternoon.

KELLY'S ARMY ON SHORT RATIONS.

Scottsdale, Pa., May 4.—A riot occurred at McClure's coke works, two miles from here this morning. Five men were shot. A mob of women marched to the works, determined to drive the workers out. Sanford White, a deputy sheriff, fired at them. When the strikers heard the report they swooped down on the works. White shot and three fell. The maddened men reached White and Kwing Roddy, another deputy, before assistance came. Both were horribly beaten and left by the Huns for dead. Both are thought to be fatally injured. Three doctors were sent to the works to care for the wounded. A deputy sheriff engaged in the fight and fifteen fell in front of the Winchester and every time White fired a Hungarian went down. At the time of the riot ten men were working in the mine and twenty in the yards and express a determination to remain at their posts. White's premature shooting is responsible for the trouble. Deputies were sent for and all the men and women engaged in the riot will be arrested. Everything at the works is now quiet and no further trouble is feared to-day.

Reception to Breckenridge.

Lexington, Ky., May 4.—Feeling is running high in this city to-day as a result of the intention of the friends of Congressman Breckenridge to give him a grand reception upon the occasion of his arrival here to-morrow for the purpose of inaugurating his campaign. Every issue of the local papers contain cards from friends and former friends of the silver tongued orator, supporting or condemning his candidacy. The congressional race has now narrowed down to Breckenridge, Owens and Settle, and the chances seem now to be about even. Breckenridge has engaged the Opera House for to-morrow night, and his friends propose to give him an ovation.

Coxey Case.

Washington, May 4.—A motion to quash the information against the Coxey leaders on the ground of unconstitutionality of the law was overruled by the court. At noon a recess was taken to allow a jury to be empaneled. When accomplished the trial of Coxey, Browne and Jones will proceed. The court rose assembled at 1:30 o'clock and the work of securing a jury commenced. When a jury was at last found Attorney Maloney addressed the jury explaining the charges and the laws applicable to them.

Talking Tariff.

Washington, May 4.—The senate resumed consideration of the tariff bill to-day. Vest, a member of the finance committee, presented the amendments agreed on in the democratic conference yesterday. All relate to the income tax to be collected from corporations. The amendments were laid on the table and ordered printed. Quay then went on with another installment of his speech in opposition to the tariff. At 2 o'clock the senate went into executive session.

Jenkins Overruled.

Washington, May 4.—The report of the Jenkins investigation committee to the full committee was made to-day and no action was taken. The sub-committee found the injunction a gross abuse of judicial authority and void and without warrant of law. He declares the men had a perfect right to withdraw from the service of the company and any order depriving them of this right was a violation of personal liberty.

Woman Suffrage Meetings.

Topeka, Kan., May 4.—As a result of the efforts of Mrs. Laura H. Johns and her associates in the management of the equal suffrage campaign mass meetings are being held to-day in each of the one hundred and five counties of this state. Among the speakers are Susan B. Anthony, Mrs. Johns and Carrie Lane Chapman.

Had to Buy Provisions.

Des Moines, Iowa, May 4.—General Kelly was obliged to go into his pockets for money this morning before his men could breakfast. Governor Jackson is making an effort again to-day to secure transportation for the army, but no one expects favorable results.

Notified in Chinese.

Chicago, May 4.—The first official document ever issued by an officer of the United States in the Chinese language was the notice sent by Collector Mice of this district to the Chinese residents of Chicago requesting them to appear before him not later than to-day and apply for a certificate of residence as required by the amended treaty law. In response to these notices several hundred Chinese appeared at the collector's office this morning. By the terms of the act all Chinese residents failing to secure certificates to-day shall, upon conviction, be

imprisoned for a period not exceeding one year and thereafter removed from the United States. These notices were issued several weeks ago, but until the past few days the registration has been very light.

Army Reunion.

Washington, May 4.—Veterans have been arriving on every train for the past twenty-four hours in anticipation of the annual reunion of the Third Corps of the Army of the Potomac. The reunion was formally opened this morning and will continue for two days.

Colorado Pardon Board.

Denver, May 4.—The state board of pardons today after a warm discussion committed the sentence of four prisoners. Now, now under sentence of death. It is likely Torres, Jordan and two others will be hanged for murder, will be hanged this afternoon.

Quadrant's Army.

Robert, Ind., May 4.—General Randall, the Commonwealth leader, arrived here this morning to make arrangements for his army's stay here. The army is expected this afternoon.

Considering Appropriation Bill.

Washington, May 4.—Without preliminary business the house proceeded to the consideration of the river and harbor appropriation bill, under the five minute rule.

Fry's Fighters.

Indianapolis, May 4.—Fry's army leaves here Sunday for Washington. It is expected that the army will number five hundred men.

Meeting at Homestead.

Pittsburg, May 4.—The division of the Commonwealth is now at Homestead, and the prospects are they will stay till Monday.

Cattle Market.

Chicago, May 4.—Cattle receipts 6,000; market steady; sheep same and steady.

G. A. M. ORDER.

Official Call for the Observance of Memorial Day.

HEADQUARTERS DEPT. OF NEW MEXICO, Grand Army of the Republic, Santa Fe, N. M., May 2, 1894. General Orders, No. 2.

I. The attention of posts and comrades of this department is called to general orders, No. 6, of the commander-in-chief of the Grand Army of the Republic, directing that Wednesday, May 30, next, be observed as Memorial Day.

The rules and regulations of our order make it obligatory upon every post and comrade to observe Memorial day, and it is earnestly hoped that all within this department will thus be true to their obligations and to the memory of their departed comrades.

II. According to custom and pursuant to the endorsement in said order contained, the several posts in this department are recommended and urged to attend some form of divine worship the Sabbath next preceding Memorial day.

It is well said that this is a beautiful custom, and the clergy generally of this department are respectfully requested during the services at their various churches on Sunday, May 27, to make special mention in reference to Memorial day, and invitation be given to all to unite in decorating the graves of our dead.

III. Chaplains of posts are directed to report to the department chaplain on special blanks which will be furnished for this purpose the number of graves decorated, and all matters of interest connected with the observance of the day.

IV. As the years roll by and we are becoming fewer and fewer let us give special attention to this beautiful and solemn duty of decorating the graves of our heroic dead.

By command of G. W. KENNEDY, Department Commander.

HENRY M. DAVIS, Assistant Adj. General.

Cochiti via Wallace.

WALLACE, N. M., May 3.—Crown Point mine has the fourth car of ore on the track ready for shipment from Wallace (not from Santa Fe).

The Lone Star mine people are hauling ore to-day and will be ready to ship their first car in a few days.

People are again entering the Cochiti district in good numbers. Two coach loads of enthusiastic gold hunters left here this morning, and never lose sight of the fact that Wallace is the shortest route to the mines.

The Victor mine.

The Victor mine will ship a car load of ore in a few days.

Persons who sympathize with the afflicted will rejoice with D. E. Carr, of 1235 Harrison street, Kansas City. He is an old sufferer from inflammatory rheumatism, but has not heretofore been troubled in this climate. Last winter he went up into Wisconsin, and in consequence has had another attack. "It came upon me again very acute and severe," he said. "My joints swelled and became inflamed; sore to touch or almost to look at. Upon the urgent request of my mother-in-law I tried Chamberlain's Pain Balm to reduce the swelling and ease the pain, and to my agreeable surprise, it did both. I have used three fifty-cent bottles and believe it to be the finest thing for rheumatism, pains and swellings extant. For sale by T. H. Burgess & Son, druggists.



PRAISE, ONLY, FROM ALL WHO USE AYER'S Hair Vigor

"Ayer's preparations are two of the best known to me, and I have used them from time to time for the benefit of others, that six years ago, I lost nearly all of my hair, and what was left turned gray. After using Ayer's Hair Vigor several months, my hair began to grow again, and with the natural color restored. I recommend it to all my friends."—MRS. E. T. HARRIS, Box 205, Station C, Los Angeles, Cal.

AYER'S HAIR VIGOR

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS.

He Visited White Oaks.

Rev. Christy, pastor of the Congregational church, this city, visited White Oaks recently. The Eagle has this to say about the reverend gentleman:

Rev. A. B. Christy, of Albuquerque, came over Saturday in place of Rev. Aspinwall, who had intended to come, but was prevented. He preached at Plymouth Sunday morning and evening, the evening sermon, on "Unbelief," being particularly strong. On Wednesday evening he lectured at the same church on his travels in Egypt and Sinai. He will remain over the coming Sunday. Rev. Christy is an able and eloquent speaker, and it is a pleasure to have the privilege of hearing him.

It is a Fact.

One of the public school buildings at Albuquerque has such a stench about it that it is a nuisance to the neighborhood, and frequently teachers and pupils have to leave the school house at a time, and teach school outside.

The above is from the topic, and the public school building is located in the Third ward and the stench comes from the rotten snow-bank system for ventilation. The teachers, time and again, have called attention to the death-inhaling stench, and finally the health board made an investigation, which resulted in the school board being notified to abate the nuisance at once.

He is Getting There.

Colonel Ben Stafford, the well-known horseman, who resided in this city several years ago, is getting on top over in the White Oaks neighborhood. Here is what the Eagle says:

One of the prettiest teams seen in this town in a long time, that was driven by B. F. Stafford, the well-known western horseman, who has recently moved his stock from Roswell to the ranch of S. T. Gray, in the Salado, twenty-five miles south of here. The pair were Patchen 2, a fine young stallion and the equally fine filly, Clovis, round 230, without training. The animals weigh about 1,100 pounds each and are beautiful brown. They attracted much attention on the streets.

The Era of Menstrual.

This is an athletic age. Everybody wants to be strong. The craze—for it has well nigh reached that stage—affects both sexes and even childhood. The pugilistic phase of it in young America is by no means morally promising. But it is one thing to be endowed with vigor and another to be endowed with muscle. Super muscularity is often induced by physical effort per se to health and calculated to shorten life. The vigor which means a regular and efficient discharge of the physical functions, is the medium at which all may safely aim without causing rupture or breaking blood vessels. Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is largely conducive to a gain in vigor of this sort, since it regularizes and assists digestion, promotes bile secretion and keeps the bowels in order. Sleep, that grand recuperator of nervous vigor, is encouraged by it, and it remedies malarial, rheumatic and kidney trouble.

A lady at Troy, La., was very sick with bilious colic when M. C. Taylor, a prominent merchant of the town gave her a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. He says she was well in forty minutes after taking the first dose. For sale by T. H. Burgess & Son, druggists.

LEVI STRAUSS & CO'S
COPPER RIVETED OVERALLS
AND
SPRING BOTTOM PANTS
EVERY PAIR GUARANTEED.
ADDRESS SAN FRANCISCO CAL.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.
DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.
The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder.—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

Weekly Citizen

ALBUQUERQUE, MAY 5, 1904.

Why should the Ute Indians be forcibly dumped into New Mexico?

In spite of the adverse action of a democratic congress silver is appreciating in value.

The Mexican government will reopen the custom house at Las Palmas, south of Deming, July 1st.

The danger line in this country will be passed in 1906, when the people elect a republican president and congress.

Tim Myers compromise silver bill has died in committee. This probably closes the silver fight for this session of congress.

Gen. Coker says (unnecessarily) the stench from the bodies of the army will force congress to action. He probably meant feet instead of bodies.

There are about 200 men in Hell Canyon mining district, about 20 miles southeast of this city, all busily engaged in placer mining.

The returns of gold production from Cripple Creek, Colorado, show a substantial increase from \$285,000 in 1902 to \$2,135,100 in 1903.

This market price of a Chicago silver man having been said to be \$750, the Chicago Herald goes into figures to show that it is at least \$2500.

Persons who are able should "grit" stacks of prospectors and send them out. Every new mine brought into market adds to the prosperity of the entire community.

In consistency is a jewel, the men who in 1902, voted for lower wages, and in 1904 struck against lower wages, are certainly not very judiciously ornamented with that kind of jewelry.

This business of the Union Pacific for last year, compared with the year before, shows a loss of over \$5,000,000. Evidently receivers were not appointed any too soon.

The Cochiti Call will be published at Eagle City, the first number of the new paper appearing about May 19. James Lightfoot will be the publisher, and he is no tenderfoot at the business.

As Omaha editor requested a judge and the judge had the editor arrested for contempt and sent to jail. It's a poor way for a judge to get revenge and a good way for the editor to get circulation.

This school superintendent of Grant county has united with the superintendent of some of the other counties and requested the territorial auditor to raise the school tax to the three mill limit.

Gov. Thornton's own official organ, the New Mexican, insists that the governor is all right every way. The governor writes the articles himself and knows that they are deserved and appreciated.

One of the strongest evidences of the stringency of the times is the fact that the bottom has fallen out of the alligator market in Florida. Alligator farming, like all other varieties, is no longer profitable.

This is the period of democratic reform with a vengeance. The "new" democratic government at Washington has piled up expenses in excess of receipts to the extent of \$63,000,000 during the present fiscal year to date.

STAGNATION IN BUSINESS, numerous strikes and the doing of the Coxey army do not tend to create hopes of much better times in the near future. The outlook at present is gloomier than at any time since our financial troubles began.

The people of San Miguel county are making it possible for a man to vote the republican ticket next fall and have the vote counted, and not be killed by White Cap outlaws for exercising the right of an American citizen.

The problem of what to do with the industrial army is becoming every day a more serious one for the incompetents at Washington. That they will be compelled to abandon their position of dignified indifference is more than likely.

The calendar offers curiosities which are little known. The following are a few of them: No century can commence on Wednesday, Friday or Saturday. The month of October always commences on the same day of the week as the month of January. February, March and November commence on the same day of the week, whereas May, June and August commence on different days. These rules do not apply to leap years. The ordinary year always finishes on the same day of the week when it commenced.

FRANK HATTON, the well-known journalist, is the last to fall a victim to what is coming to be considered an American disease—paralysis—caused generally by an excess of mental application. So frequent have become these cases of the prostration of men engaged in business or other enterprises requiring the active use of the brain through long hours and continuously, that extinction by paralysis sometimes accompanied by softening of the brain, is beginning to be considered a "natural death" for certain classes of working Americans.

A CORRESPONDENT of the Irrigation Age, in writing of the effect of irrigation upon climate, says: "I am further convinced that if ten acres out of each quarter section of the plains country were irrigated, the resultant evaporation from the necessary reservoirs and from the irrigated land would so disturb the existing climatic conditions that the long droughts which are now liable to be experienced would be permanently broken up, and that the average annual rainfall would be largely increased and would come in the shape of gentle rains which would do the greatest amount of good."

THERE were two general officers named Granger who served in the Union army during the civil war. The younger, General Gordon Granger, died in Santa Fe in 1878, while in command of the district of

New Mexico. The older man, General Robert S. Granger, has just passed away. He graduated from West Point in 1838, remained in the regular army, was captured at the outbreak of the civil war in Texas and was exchanged in 1862. He was during the war, for a considerable time, in command of the districts of Nashville and Mobile Tennessee, and was serving in Alabama when the war closed. He was retired in 1873 and lived to the great age of 83 years.

The wool production of the United States increased from 1860 to 1870 168 per cent; from 1870 to 1880, 43.2 per cent; from 1880 to 1890, 18.7 per cent; from 1890 to 1900, 9.52 per cent. The total increase, from 1860 to 1900 was 287.44 per cent. Consumption increased in the same time 411.38 per cent. The London Board of Trade estimates the world's production between 1860 and 1890 increased 100 per cent. The value of 219,132 tons of American woolen industries amounted to nearly \$77,000,000 annually. Their work produced the value of about \$30,000,000 worth of wool used. These facts give a luminous idea of the magnitude of the interests which are to be dealt with by the Wilson bill.

The National Educational Association of the United States will hold its annual convention this year at Asbury Park, New Jersey, July 6 to 13. All members of the association who attend the convention will be given half rates at the hotel and the railroads will also grant special rates. Hon. Amado Chavez, territorial superintendent of public instruction, is desirous of having as many teachers as possible can attend from New Mexico.

This firm stand taken by the people of Colton, California, has resulted in breaking up the branch of the Industrial Army which gathered at that place. The men are reported to be drifting back from the desert in scattered groups. If other communities had shown as much tenacity in dealing with these people as the Colton people have, it is probable that the entire movement would have fallen through and the country would have been spared much anxiety and possible trouble.

The San Marcial boys say: "W. T. McCright, city editor of the Albuquerque Citizen, was in town yesterday hunting business for one of the best and most interesting duties in the southwest, and of course, met with good success. The Citizen gives the latest dispatches and territorial news, and is a model of typographical neatness and journalistic enterprise."

Owing to the pressure of private business, C. B. Edly has found it absolutely necessary to resign the vice-presidency and general management of the Pecos irrigation and improvement company, the Pecos Valley town company, and of vice president of the Pecos company. He will continue to act as director in the Pecos Valley railway company, and director in the Pecos company.

A RAILROAD WENT FROM WHITE OAKS: The new map of the Pecos valley shows the Pecos Valley road forming a Y at Roswell, one extension going to Albuquerque, passing White Oaks some ten or twelve miles to the northeast, and the other following up the valley and terminating at Las Vegas.

THE PEOPLE of this territory should be kept in mind of the fact that the present democratic administration at Santa Fe is using the prison machinery and the prison labor in a manner directly contrary to law, and using the resources of the territory in the prosecution of an enterprise for which the legislature refused to make an appropriation. The legislature positively refused to appropriate any portion of the public funds for the purpose of rebuilding the burned capital, and to prevent the penitentiary board from setting itself above the legislature and appropriating the labor of the convicts to this purpose, the bill making an appropriation for the support of the prison should explicitly what the prison labor should be used for. And yet, notwithstanding the plain terms of the law, the work which the legislature said should be done, is not done, and all the available force of the prison is to be used for the purpose of doing a work which the legislature refused to appropriate for. The prison board, when backed by the Santa Fe board of trade, considers itself much more competent than the legislature to determine what the public funds should or should not be used for. And while the laws are being trampled under foot and the treasury looted by the governor's board at the capital, his excellency's organ keeps up a nerve-racking cackle about the wonderful things he is doing in other parts of the territory to bring law breakers to justice. It's a big thing to be a governor and own an organ.

THE COXEY army of tramps is a purely democratic phenomenon, and an ugly one. When the workmen of the United States get one more chance, they will relegate that party whose principles are the legitimate manufacture of tramps, so far to the rear that it will cease to be a factor in American politics, until the present generation passes away and a new one shall have sprung up that will have to be educated, even as this one has been.

THE WEEKLY CITIZEN is issued every Saturday morning. It is a splendid paper to send to an eastern friend. The price is only \$2.00 per year.

ON THE COCHITI. The D. & R. G. road has been making a series of movements during the last few weeks which point very plainly to an extension of the narrow gauge line from Escondido down the river to Cochiti, and those who are familiar with the situation—who have visited the new camp and have seen the vast bodies of ore that have been discovered there and which will begin to move to market by train loads as soon as the means of transportation shall be furnished—have never believed for a moment that the Santa Fe system, under the control of the sagacious railroad men who are now managing its affairs, would neglect such an opportunity as this to add an important item to its profit-yielding traffic of the company by the outlay of so small a sum as would be necessary to build a spur from the main line up to the mines of Cochiti.

This has always been considered a matter of course, and the only question has been one of time—whether the work would be done at once, or not till after the Denver line should have been built down to the camp. But circumstances now transpiring serve to give a satisfactory answer to this question, and the preliminary work of building up to the mines has already commenced. Mr. D. B. Robinson, the general manager of the system, will go over the ground between Albuquerque and Cochiti and make a reconnaissance for the purpose of satisfying himself of the feasibility of the route and the probable volume of freight to be secured. That both these points will be satisfactorily determined cannot be doubted by any one who has been over the ground. The branch can be built at little expense, and the loads are of such size and character that with a very moderate degree of development, the output of ore will be of a volume not second to that produced by any camp in the territory. It is a very moderate statement of the case to say that within one year from the time a track shall be laid into the camp the ore that will be hauled out of the Cochiti district will be recognized by the company as one of the most important single items of traffic gathered by its road between Chicago and San Diego.

There is a general disposition on the part of the public, and even among railroad men, to regard the ore traffic from this section of the country, as a very insignificant matter. But that is a mistaken notion, as the figures will show. Mr. Robinson says that without stopping to reckon it up he has always taken it for granted that the grain business of Kansas was worth vastly more to his road than the ore business of New Mexico and Arizona—and in the absence of statistics any one would naturally take that view of it as a matter of course, because the Santa Fe has always been considered pre-eminently a grain road; but having occasion, not long ago, to determine the point accurately he went through the books of the road, taking the figures for the year 1893, and the result showed that the company's receipts during the year had actually been more from the traffic furnished by the mines of these two territories than from that furnished by the farms of Kansas. This fact will be a matter of surprise to the public, as it no doubt is to the railroad people themselves, and it makes a revelation that will promote the development of this country.

The railroads as well as the public have been too much in the habit of regarding this southwestern country as a part of Nazareth, from which no good could be expected, and the presentation of figures of this character will tend to cause a general awakening to the fact that the great mineral riches of this region need only proper facilities for encouraging their development to cause them to put forth a traffic that will lift the railroads out of bankruptcy and bring prosperity to our people.

MAKE A NOTE OF IT. The people of this territory should be kept in mind of the fact that the present democratic administration at Santa Fe is using the prison machinery and the prison labor in a manner directly contrary to law, and using the resources of the territory in the prosecution of an enterprise for which the legislature refused to make an appropriation. The legislature positively refused to appropriate any portion of the public funds for the purpose of rebuilding the burned capital, and to prevent the penitentiary board from setting itself above the legislature and appropriating the labor of the convicts to this purpose, the bill making an appropriation for the support of the prison should explicitly what the prison labor should be used for. And yet, notwithstanding the plain terms of the law, the work which the legislature said should be done, is not done, and all the available force of the prison is to be used for the purpose of doing a work which the legislature refused to appropriate for. The prison board, when backed by the Santa Fe board of trade, considers itself much more competent than the legislature to determine what the public funds should or should not be used for. And while the laws are being trampled under foot and the treasury looted by the governor's board at the capital, his excellency's organ keeps up a nerve-racking cackle about the wonderful things he is doing in other parts of the territory to bring law breakers to justice. It's a big thing to be a governor and own an organ.

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ARIZONA.

News from All Portions of the Neighboring Territory.

The total cost of the road to Nogales from Oro Blanco is estimated at \$7000.

Prescott is now honored by the presence of three ex-governors—Murphy, Powers and Tittle.

The Arizona Lumber and Timber company will put in new machinery and two additional boilers so as to increase their capacity for work.

Large numbers of the fleecy tribe are being sheared at Canon Diablo by various sheep-owners. The average per day is about two thousand.

The Hiram Lumber company has contracted with the Copper Queen company to deliver 1,000,000 feet of lumber at Bisbee for use in the mine.

A visit to the box factory, says the Williams News, disclosed a busy scene. Some fifty old men are now employed in that institution and the machinery is kept running day and night.

The orange orchards in the Salt River valley present a beautiful appearance in their white-rose-like blossoms. The orange crop the present year will be exceedingly large in the valley.

The past winter has been marked by the fall of more than the average amount of rain and snow in Arizona. The amount of snow which fell in the mountains has probably not been equaled in several years.

Additional track is being laid at Ash Fork for the accommodation of the Santa Fe, Prescott & Phoenix road. The present facilities of the yard are insufficient for the rapidly increasing business of the company.

Flagstaff is the gateway to the Grand Canyon of the Colorado, and a tri-weekly stage runs regularly between Flagstaff and the Grand canyon. The distance is sixty-five miles and it is traveled in less than twelve hours.

Many placer locations have been made in the Hurro creek country and it is said some of them are very valuable. The gold is coarse and easily saved. Men who are out of employment can make good wages working these claimous wood and water are handy, says the Mohave Miner.

A small war is reported brewing in Phoenix W. C. T. U. circles. They have \$5,000 cash on hand; some of the members desire to give it to the Young Men's Christian Association and some wish to make other disposition of the money, and a lawsuit is threatened. The money comes from the sale of a lot purchased with money donated to the W. C. T. U. years ago.

Gen. Strickler, cashier of the Bank of Commerce, who was called to Arizona, Cal., to see his father, Gen. S. M. Strickler, who was stricken with paralysis a short time ago, returned home yesterday, and gave his sad intelligence of the death of his father last Saturday evening, April 21. The body was placed in a vault at Pasadena, Cal., and this fall will be re-interred to the family burial plot in Highland cemetery at Junction City, Mo.

Younger daughter, Laura, was buried some years ago. Her parents left Kentucky when he was quite young for Indiana and thence to Kansas, settling at Junction City in 1859. He engaged in the general merchandising business, wholesale and retail, being the junior member of the firm of Strickler & Strickler, which for many years did the largest business of any house in Kansas, west of Leavenworth. He afterwards removed to Colorado and thence to New Mexico in 1882. He was business manager of the Daily Journal, this city, 1883-'84, and from here went to Magdalena, where he again engaged in the mercantile business.

Going back to his Kansas life, Gen. Strickler was elected to the Kansas state senate in 1862 from the Tenth district, was president of the Neosho valley railroad convention at Emporia in 1864, at which time the corporation, now known as the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad company, was organized, and was an active promoter of that enterprise until its completion. He was elected a member of the Kansas house of representatives in 1870 and again in 1871.

He leaves a wife, Mrs. Mary S. Strickler, and daughter, Mrs. C. A. Mariner, and sons, Letus S. and Willard S. Strickler, to mourn his death. The general had many warm friends in Albuquerque who will read his obituary with genuine sorrow, and join with the Citizens in offering sincere condolence to the bereaved wife and children, who survive him.

Dead Navajo. Dr. Pearce, county physician, informs THE CITIZEN that one of the Indians, who attempted suicide at the county jail early yesterday morning, died from his injuries this morning at 10 o'clock. His skull was cracked and he was hurt internally. The other Indian, whose neck was reported broken in his mad leap from the top of the cage to the hard floor, is getting along as nicely as could be expected under the circumstances, but the doctor cannot say, as he is the extent of his injuries. The dead Indian was buried this afternoon at the expense of the county.

What the Colonel Says. Col. T. B. Mills is in the city again from his mines up in the Cochiti mining district. He states that by a recent survey all the principal mines are off the alleged Canada de Cochiti land grant, and in consequence all the miners and prospectors are happy. J. T. Douglas, interested with Col. Mills, still lingers in the city.

Reports Good Mines. Alex. Ellis, who is developing the claims of Silver Springs, Lang and Thelin, up in the Cochiti mining district, came down to the city, and this morning had his first shave and hair cut since the inception of the boom. He believes that the above three gentlemen have as good claims as any one in the district, and gives his opinion that the extent of the claims of the three gentlemen is as high as \$210 to the ton. Mr. Ellis will rest up in the city for a few days, after which he will return to his mining duties.

Buckskin's Armer Navajo. The last mail in the world for sars, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures them or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. Theo. B. Burgess & Son, druggists.

SOCORRO!

The Coplen Mill in Water Canon a Success.

A Batch of Important Cases Before the Court.

Shortage in the Accounts of Ex-Sheriff Robinson Denied.

THE MILL SMELTER.

A CITIZEN representative spent last Thursday in Socorro and in his rounds picked up the following batch of interesting notes:

The Park house was opened the other day by H. K. Elwell.

F. Katzenstein is the Socorro soda water manufacturer. He is a brother-in-law of G. K. Neher, of Albuquerque.

Mrs. Simon Stern, wife of the Albuquerque clothier and gent's furnisher, is visiting Socorro relatives and friends.

E. K. Noll, cashier of the New Mexico bank, was at Magdalena Thursday, J. D. Smiley acting as cashier during his absence.

Albe Coon, formerly of Albuquerque, has a magnificent orchard on the bottom of Socorro. He will have plenty of fruit this season.

Thos. Jacques is the Socorro station agent, and K. B. Clark relief night operator, being absent in the east.

W. B. Slaughter, the American Valley cattle raiser, was in Socorro Thursday, leaving on the Magdalena train for his ranching home in the east.

Mrs. C. A. Walker, who conducts a small restaurant and lunch counter near the Socorro depot, is expected home from a visit to California. Mrs. M. J. Miller is in charge during her absence.

A Mexican boy, Vicente Vigil by name, left at 12 o'clock Wednesday night at his home in Socorro from leaving home. He was a brother of Mrs. De Baun, wife of Judge De Baun, deceased.

Leon Wattleit, son of D. Wattleit, left the Socorro Philharmonic band, and he is one of the best, although a young chap, in the band. He is the mascot of the Socorro hose company, and he is a capital little fellow all around.

Out of \$72,200, the tax roll assessment for 1903, Sheriff Contreras has collected up to date nearly \$50,000, turning the correct proportions of the amount over to the treasury of the territory, county and town.

As a result, Sheriff Contreras is a right.

The following are the active officers of the Socorro territorial club: James S. Fitch, president; Melquiades Arango, first vice president; J. P. Chase, second vice president; Morris Lowenstein, treasurer; J. E. Smith, secretary. The club is a flourishing condition.

Wm. P. Abbott is the new superintendent of the Socorro water service, vice Robert Auer resigned. Mr. Abbott is a railroad man, and formerly resided in Albuquerque.

He will prove a capital water toward the mill, and will do good work in developing the Socorro plans.

The doctors of Socorro are in it when it comes to mining. Drs. Driscoll, Duncan and Blackington are interested in several mines out in Water canon and reports brought in to Socorro last Thursday were to the effect that their properties are showing up splendidly in gold paying.

C. T. Brown, the Socorro livery man, states that the success of the Water canon mining district is assured beyond contradiction. He reports the Oro Fino, Wall Street, Queen of the Valley, Maganiti, Columbus, Georgia Bell, Gold Dust, Silver Dust, Alvaras, Iron and other mines producing good ore.

Mrs. Florence Miller, who arrived in Socorro from Greeley, Col., about a year ago and stopped at the Grand Central hotel, was married to Wm. F. De Groot, at the hotel, Wednesday night, the ceremony being witnessed by Mr. and Mrs. T. N. Austin, of Albuquerque; Dr. and Mrs. George Davis, of Socorro, and Miss Agnes Davis, of the hotel, and several more intimate friends. Rev. Matthews, the Presbyterian minister, tied the knot. Mr. De Groot is the well-known assayer and chemist at the Rio Grande Smelting company.

M. W. Browne, manager; E. L. Browne, cashier, and R. C. Stewart, traveler and wool buyer, are the principal manipulators at the big wholesale grocery house of Browne, Manzanar & Co. It is hinted that M. W. Browne would soon leave Socorro for Las Vegas, where he will reside permanently in the future.

J. H. McCutchen, of the Industrial Advertiser, was out in the Water canon mining district last Thursday. His previous opponent, Col. W. S. Williams, of the Chief, followed him Friday morning. During the absence of the colonel from the Chief's office, Mr. and Mrs. Mayer got a good paper. Mrs. Mayer being a first-class printer and a good writer.

Under the proprietorship of Mrs. Blackington and the management of Col. Jennings, the Grand Central continues to be the leading hotel of Socorro. The rooms are kept in the best of condition, while the meals are of a very substantial character. Miss Agnes Davis, whose mother resides in San Marcial, is in the employment of the Grand Central.

Miss Jewell Henson, of Merced, Cal., who visited the Misses Lockhart, is now on a visit to the family of Judge H. B. Hamilton. She will spend a week with the judge's family, then a week with Mrs. J. F. Cook, and after a short visit with the family of Tom Dorsey will return to California. Miss Henson was formerly a Socorroite.

C. C. Tappen has a first-class lead mine on the east side of the mountains in the vicinity of Kelly. He encountered at a depth of thirty feet a six-foot vein of good ore, but it is valuable owing to the low price of lead. The mine is known as the Mountain Key, and Mr. Tappen will continue developing it in the hope that the price of lead will advance.

Chas. Bahney, who has been prospecting in the vicinity of the Rosedale mine, in the San Mateo mountains, about thirty miles west of San Marcial, returned to Socorro Wednesday night. Mr. Bahney reports good gold mining in the San Mateo mountains, and located several promising claims near the Rosedale. Mr. Bahney is also interested out in the Water canon neighborhood.

The statement of the New Mexican, recently published, that ex-Sheriff A. Robinson was short in his accounts has stirred up the ire of the many friends of that gentleman at Socorro, and they pronounce the assertion a malicious falsehood. The County Commissioners, who are a democratic (Robinson being a republican), emphatically state that he does not owe the territory, county or town

a cent, but that the territory owes him more than a thousand dollars. County Clerk Baca and his assistant, J. F. Towle, with Ollie Williams, are at work on the books of the ex-sheriff, and they have found nothing to the discredit of Mr. Robinson but have discovered where former clerks failed to give him credits for money turned in and services rendered. Mr. Robinson is at present in the fruit raising business at Eden, Florida, and THE CITIZEN here states that New Mexico never had a better, more faithful and honest sheriff than A. Robinson.

A Cortesey, who has been in business in Socorro for years, will go out of business on the 1st of May, and devote his time almost exclusively to mining, being interested in the development of mines in the Water Canon and Cochiti mining districts. There will be only two saloons in Socorro when Mr. Cortesey fails to take out license on May 1st.

Out in the vicinity of the Rio Grande Smelting company's works and just beyond Park City, about three miles from Socorro, is the ranch home of J. F. Cook, one of the best fellows of Socorro county. He and his estimable wife, with their son, George Cook, and their daughter, a two-story white house, and all the comforts of a happy home life surround them. On the place there is a magnificent, never-failing spring of pure water, plenty for household purposes and for irrigation. It is a first class country home, with Jersey cows, plenty of home grown vegetables and everything to make life worth the living. There is 146 acres in the place, purchased from C. T. Russell several years ago and before Mr. Russell left for the state of Washington. Mr. Cook is constantly improving his property, and will soon have the most desirable home to be found anywhere south of Albuquerque.

N. P. Eaton, son of Col. E. W. Eaton, the county assessor, and his chief deputy, J. R. Torres, with several assistants, are busily engaged preparing the tax rolls. He returned the other day from a six weeks' trip to the county precincts, and estimates that the assessments will foot up about three million dollars, or about the same as last year. Mr. Eaton is an obliging official, and is a competent assessor.

The Coplen mill out in Water canon is constantly running, day and night, and is crushing every twenty-four hours from fifteen to eighteen tons of ore from the Wall Street mine, more familiarly known as the John Doolittle property. The product of the mill is gold, silver, copper and iron concentrates, and it is said, the mill saves as cheaply that there is not over fifty cents a ton left in the tailings. The mill is a big success, and the gentlemen in charge are making a nice profit every day.

At the Socorro assay office, THE CITIZEN representative found Chas. N. Anthony busily engaged in assaying, and he had some rock from the Cochiti mines of Frank M. Rowley, assayed. Mr. Anthony is a competent assayer, one of the very best in the country, and he is kept busy these days handling ores from all sections of New Mexico. He guarantees correct work and prompt returns by mail. He is now a resident of Socorro for about three years, arriving there from Denver, Col.

There is some talk in political circles over the delegate candidate. It seems to be the idea of a few "bosses" to elect a delegate who will not have to run. Anthony Joseph again for delegate, they considering him the strongest man to put up against Catron or any other man the republicans may nominate. The name of Silas W. Alexander, of Socorro, ex-territorial secretary, was mentioned last Thursday as an available candidate for the republicans to nominate for delegate, but when that gentleman was seen on the subject he stated that he had heard his name mentioned in connection therewith, but declined to say whether he would be a candidate or not. He thought the republicans would elect their delegate with case this fall.

H. M. McChesney, manager of the Rio Grande Smelting company, informed your representative that he has 150 men on the payroll, working day and night, and operating two furnaces and two roasters. The smelter has a capacity of 500 tons of ore per month, when all the furnaces, five per number, are in use. The smelter was started up in 1893, and the fire has never been out, but the company felt very much like closing down a few months ago on account of the unsettled condition of the tariff and the low price for metals. Mr. McChesney took charge about five years ago, arriving from West Virginia. He is a democrat, but he thinks the Wilson bill dangerous and outrageous. He is competent for the position and a pleasant gentleman to engage in conversation.

The Socorro county district court opens on the 7th of May. The most important cases to be tried at the following: Ben Mitchell, who attempted to kill C. C. Cooper out on the Frisco about the middle of last February, will be tried Mitchell shot Cooper through the cheek, the ball coming out in the back part of the head just below the base of the brain. Cooper is still alive, being treated by Socorro physicians, and it is thought that he will survive his frightful injury. The Territory vs. W. J. Parks, for killing Elmer Young, at Magdalena, the latter part of last December; Territory vs. Brit. Wilson for adultery and incest; a nice case will also be tried, Felipe Padilla and Leopoldo Madrid, who were arrested for killing Jose Romero, the mail carrier, last December, are on the criminal docket to be tried this term. Sheriff Contreras Meek, will be kept busy during the term.

Santa Fe Grant Confirmed. The court of private land claims, which has been in session at Santa Fe for the past few weeks, adjourned last Saturday, after confirming the Santa Fe city grant for four square leagues of land. All the small grants, within the four leagues of the Villa de Santa Fe grant, are knocked out. Chief Justice Reed rendered opinion of the court. Thirty cases were called and set for trial at the next term of the court, adjournment being taken until August 19.

The Needles Smelter. John W. NeSmith, president of the Colorado Iron works of Denver, passed through from the west the other day stopping over at the Highland. He had been out to the Needles in company with General Superintendent Gabel, and to our reporter spoke highly of certain of the mines in that section of the country. The gentleman did not say so in words but it was inferred that an important plant for the reduction of ore will soon be erected in that vicinity. In speaking of business at his works he said the company were employing less than one-half the force for over a year past than during the years preceding 1893. About two-thirds of the machinery his company were now making and selling was for Old Mexico. Were it not for this fact the works would be almost at a standstill.

SHOOTING AFFAIR.

Judge W. C. Heacock Takes Two Shots at A. R. Railway.

Two pistol shots, fired in rapid succession last night at about 9:30 o'clock, attracted a large crowd to the corner of Second street and Railroad avenue, and when the crowd arrived Judge W. C. Heacock was noticed limping, on the arms of several men, out of the Second street door of the Montezuma saloon. He was placed in a hack and taken to the city jail by Policeman Harris.

An investigation of the excitement was then made by the reporter, and here is what was gleaned from several witnesses: Judge Heacock, A. R. Railway and others had been playing cards, and the two entered into a quarrel over the game, which resulted in some very ugly words being passed between the two. The judge remarked that he could not stand such abuse, while Railway vehemently declared that he had been insulted and would not submit to such words being applied to him.

Quiet was restored, however, after which the judge left the saloon, Railway and several others taking seats along the east wall of the saloon. In about fifteen minutes Judge Heacock returned to the saloon, and once inside he raised a Colt's revolver, 45 caliber, and making some kind of remark to Railway, pulled the trigger and fired. The ball flew wide of its intended mark, the pistol evidently being fired through nervousness, as the ball missed Railway several feet and passed through the framework of the Railroad avenue door, crossed the street and struck the N. T. Arnijo building, within eight inches of one of the plate glasses of the Bank of Commerce. He raised the pistol once more and fired again at Railway, the indentation of the bullet being found in the wall, from where it glanced and struck the corner door of the saloon, falling to the floor, where it was picked up by a certain young gentleman.

After the second shot, Railway closed in on the judge, when a close night took place. Jas. McCortison, one of the proprietors, then took a hand, and seeing an opportunity to secure the smoking revolver, snatched it from the hand of the judge. He then landed, with his fist, heavily upon the judge, and administered several vicious kicks. By this time a crowd had formed at the saloon, when the judge was taken off to the city jail, where a doctor was summoned, who found the gentleman suffering from a badly sprained ankle received in the scuffle after firing the two shots.

Railway was bleeding from a slight scalp wound on the left side of the head. He is confident that the wound was made by the second bullet fired at him, while several bystanders are of the opinion that the wound was caused by a lick from the barrel of the revolver. In any event, Railway had a narrow escape from being killed, and he is congratulating himself upon his close call.

Last night, at 11 o'clock, Judge Heacock was taken to his home, being released from jail by Justice Lockhart upon a \$1,000 bond, George K. Neher and Joseph Barnett becoming his bondsmen. This morning, Dr. Aubright, his attending physician, sent a certificate to Justice Lockhart that Judge Heacock was confined to his bed from his injury and could not attend court. The justice thereupon postponed the preliminary hearing until Monday morning at 10 o'clock.

The U. S. Land Court. The New Mexican of yesterday says: In the United States court of private land claims this morning the court rendered a decision confirming a portion of the Ojo Caliente grant, in Tazoo and Rio Arriba counties. The original claim was for a strip of land eight miles wide and containing 35,950.20 acres. The court cut this down to a strip of land three-fourths of a mile wide, and fixed as the eastern boundary of the grant a small range of hills immediately west of the Ojo Caliente river, instead of, as claimed by the petitioners, a range of hills lying seven and one-fourth miles farther east. Attorney Laughlin will argue for a rehearing of the case at the next term of court.

The docket was then called and cases set for trial at the next term. Attorney Catron opened the argument on behalf of the city in the Santa Fe grant case and he was followed by attorney Purdy in opposition. Arguments were in progress yesterday afternoon.

Numerous Arrests for Crimes in San Miguel County.

Las Vegas, April 29.

The numerous arrests do not seem so far to have diminished the carnival of crime that has disgraced this county of late years. In addition to one murder this week in the east end of the county, an old man by the name of James Beebe was arrested at Lamy yesterday and brought back here to-day charged with outraging the twelve year old daughter of a neighbor. It is hoped he and the numerous others who have been arrested may receive the justice they deserve before this term of court adjourns.

So far over forty arrests have been made since court met, nearly all of them members of the gang that has done all the devilry here. The jail is full and the arrests have only stopped, we judge, till room can be had to put the balance, who are all known and many under indictment. A week ago ten of them were brought into court at one time, in a body, to plead to the charge of murder. The evidence is said to be such that they are bound to be convicted. The first party to turn state's evidence was an actor in every murder and case of theft that took place the past three years.

Yesterday was the most disagreeable windy and dusty day we have had this year. Four telephone poles were blown down between old and new town, and other small damage done. About 6 p. m. the wind went down and it turned cold this morning there was a half inch of ice. Probably all the fruit has been ruined, as it is just in blossom here.

The hose tournament will be a big success. Plenty of money has been subscribed and live men are at the head of it. When she takes hold in earnest Las Vegas makes a success of her undertakings if it can possibly be done.

The East Las Vegas band, which has just commenced its open air playing this spring, has surprised everyone by its remarkably fine performance, the best ever given by a band here, and hardly excelled by any one of Uncle Sam's professional ones. Ward Thomas, a No. 1 printer, is the leader.

Politics have hardly commenced to boil here, though there is quite a little going on below the surface. It would be well for the Citizens to take in San Miguel county when looking through its political telescope this summer. The old adage that "Politics makes strange bed-fellows," has been verified several times here, but this year will probably disprove any we have had heretofore. However, at the present rate of going to jail it looks as if the people's party would not have enough members left on the outside of that popular place to help the democrats this fall.

PROMOTIONS.

Members Dunley, McCanna and Shannon Receive Deserved Promotions.

H. U. Mudge, a railroad worker who knows a good man when he sees him and always acknowledges worth by promotions, was in the city last Saturday and before leaving for his headquarters at Colorado Springs, Col., yesterday morning, announced the following promotions, to take effect on to-morrow, May 1st:

J. L. Dunley, chief clerk at the depot, under Agent Healy, to be agent at Colorado Springs, Col.

P. F. McCanna, cashier at the depot, to be chief clerk, vice Dunley promoted.

R. K. Shannon, revising clerk at the depot, to be cashier, vice McCanna promoted.

A gentleman from Colorado Springs will probably fill the position made vacant by the promotion of Mr. Shannon.

The Citizens congratulate the above gentlemen upon their deserved promotions.

Mr. Dunley has made a most excellent, obliging chief clerk, and being familiar with all the little details in and around a depot he will prove a competent agent. The people of Colorado Springs are to be congratulated upon securing Mr. Dunley, and society there will find a favorite and valuable acquisition in both Mr. and Mrs. Dunley.

The new chief clerk, P. F. McCanna, has been the local cashier for the railroad company for a number of years and was square in accounting for every cent. He is scrupulously honest and his promotion is indeed well earned. The Citizens cannot refrain from mentioning the fact that he is an active member of the New Mexico Association of Volunteer Firemen, of the Albuquerque Volunteer Fire department, and of the Ferguson Hook and Ladder company, and it is hard to keep a good fireman from going to the top rounds of the ladder of success.

R. K. Shannon, who assumes the position of local cashier, was in the line of promotion and when Mac steps out, going up a peg, Bobbie steps in. The new cashier has filled his vacant position with great credit to himself and with entire satisfaction to the company. He is accurate in figures, and will make a competent cashier. Like McCanna, Robert never fails to answer the tap of the fire bell, except when he is out sparking his best girl.

Guaranteed Cure.

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds, upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a cough, cold or any lung, throat or chest trouble, and will use this remedy as directed, giving it a fair trial, and experience to benefit, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this offer did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints. Trial bottles free at T. H. Burgess & Son's drug store. Large size 50c, and \$1.00.

C. F. Lummie, who took a party of Pueblo Indians from Isleta to the Santa Fe Canyon, Cal., returned to Isleta the other day with the Indians. Mr. Lummie passed through the city Sunday for Bernillo, and after a short stay there he will return to Isleta.

A Visit to the Pretty Railroad Division Town.

Regrets Over the Departure of Wm. Nott for Colorado.

The Odd Fellows Anniversary at Grand, Glorious Success.

LOT OF CHOICE ITEMS.

The loss of the furniture and clothing of San Marcial is a heavy blow.

W. A. Jenkins, well known in Albuquerque, is located at T. A. Southgate's.

John E. Nichols, who conducts a barber shop, is a brother-in-law of Oakley Clifford, of Albuquerque.

Harry Gray, the territorial cattle inspector for the southern district, has his headquarters at San Marcial.

T. L. Lucero, formerly of Albuquerque, now the boss painter of San Marcial, is contemplating a trip to Roswell.

G. A. S. Winter and several other gentlemen, representing the Southern Iron and Steel Works of Dallas, Texas, have been doing San Marcial the past week. They took a great many orders.

The railroad company have forty-two tenant houses and they are all occupied. They are surrounded by large cotton-wood trees, making the town very pleasant and breezy in the summer.

A. T. Hunt, proprietor and editor of the San Marcial Bee, is busy getting out the first issue of the southwestern Farm and Orchard. The new publication will prove valuable to farmers and orchardists.

Engine No. 315, a male of switch engine 217 at Albuquerque, is undergoing repairs at the San Marcial shops, when ready to be turned out. No. 315 will go to the Denning yards to do switching.

George Cox, formerly a young druggist of Albuquerque, is employed at the drug store of L. M. Broyles. He is a pleasant gentleman, and will keep posted on the events of the territory through the Citizens.

Engine No. 286 will leave the San Marcial shops Monday morning in a day's time, and will be assigned work on the Magdalena branch. No. 286 was formerly a switch engine in the Albuquerque yards.

It was learned at San Marcial yesterday that Louis Haining, who owns the lot which was occupied by Dawson's saloon before the fire, will sometime this year erect on the site a handsome two-story brick business building.

A short time ago Fred. Horn sold out his saloon, and will from now on devote his time to his best and show business. Mr. Horn is an old timer of San Marcial, and is a brother-in-law of Tom and Henry Johnson of Albuquerque.

Col. A. L. Kane will soon be the sole proprietor of the Arcade saloon and restaurant. His partner was Joe Freudenstein, but the affairs of the concern are in the hands of A. B. Ely, receiver, who is busy unraveling the complications.

Perry Giall, the raiser of fine poultry stock, is located about half a mile from the business street of San Marcial. He has authorized Secretary Lowe, of the New Mexico Poultry association, to call a meeting of the association in Albuquerque, in the near future, for the purpose of making some arrangements to pay the few outstanding debts of the association.

The wife of Dr. C. C. Cruikshank is at present visiting California for her health, and from there she will go to Charlevoix, Mich., where her son is at college. The doctor is the Santa Fe railroad surgeon, headquarters at San Marcial, and he stands high in the estimation of the company and employees. He is a big San Marcial property owner. The doctor will probably visit Michigan the coming July.

Around the San Marcial depot are the following well known officials: F. J. Easley, division superintendent, and his clerks are James Farnsworth, chief, and Fred. Keith and Sam Edwards; Fred C. Fox, trainmaster, and C. Jones, clerk; William Oliver, agent, and Joseph Vencelle, day clerk, and John Virgin, night clerk; Messrs. Leichman, Kohn and Newcomer, dispatchers; A. J. Richards, librarian, and Ed. La. Breton, freight depot clerk.

Dr. B. W. Rice is one of San Marcial's popular physicians. The doctor was surgeon for the 15th anniversary of Old Fellowship in America. He was surgeon for the Mexican Central, stationed at Jimulco, Mexico. He built the first telegraph line into New Mexico, was married in Santa Fe in 1869, and is a brother-in-law of Hon. C. H. Gildersleeve, the well known democratic politician of the territorial capital. He is an elegant gentleman and has a big practice.

Wm. Nott, who for years was the manager of San Marcial eating house, left the other day for Colorado Springs, where he will assume the management of the Harvey eating houses on the Colorado Midland. He was popular with all classes of people, especially the railroad men, and they regret his departure. It is stated that when he called the dining room waitresses to the office and bid them good-bye, all showed their regrets by crying. An effort will be made to get him to return to San Marcial. Traveling Auditor Adams is in charge until a new manager arrives.

There is about fifty men at work at the San Marcial railroad shops, and they keep the motive power of the division south of Albuquerque in fine running condition. C. M. Taylor, a most excellent gentleman, is the competent division master mechanic; D. W. Hitchcock is the obliging and worthy general foreman; and F. O. Blod, the general stockkeeper. Mr. J. J. Ponton being clerk to Mr. Blod; W. D. and Charles Hitchcock are two brothers holding responsible situations at the shops. Mr. Hitchcock has a son, John Hitchcock, and a daughter, Mrs. Parrish, residing in Albuquerque.

Last Thursday night San Marcial lodge No. 14, I. O. O. F., celebrated its royal manner the 15th anniversary of Old Fellowship in America. There were present from the Socorro lodge about twenty members with their families, besides other Odd Fellows from various sections of the territory. The exercises opened with a brief talk from the noble grand, W. G. Lane, followed by a prayer from Rev. Hunt. The proclamation was then read by the secretary of the lodge, Ed. La. Breton, after which the choir sang the anniversary hymn. Dr. C. G. Cruikshank then delighted the happy crowd with an address on Odd Fellowship, which was followed by a song, "Our Flag," from the choir. Judge W. A. Keiser, of Socorro, then delivered an appropriate address; the mandolin club rendered delightful music, followed by a recitation from Miss Dora Hunt, and Misses Mamie and Mena Shaw, two pretty sisters. Miss Bonnie Hitchcock recited a pleasing piece, after which the choir sang the Thanksgiving

hymn. Five minute speeches were next in order, all being appropriate and highly enjoyed. Supper was then served and the report was a grand one, sumptuous and substantial in the extreme. Lodge No. 14 was organized on September 24, 1891, and has sixty-six members. The present principal officers are W. G. Lane, N. G.; J. D. Mitten, V. G.; Ed. La. Breton, secretary, and H. Bonen, treasurer. It is one of the most flourishing and prosperous Odd Fellow lodges in the territory of New Mexico. By the way, the San Marcial minstrel club took part in the celebration, and delighted all with their humorous and funny performances. W. D. Hitchcock was stage manager, being ably assisted by Messrs. Bonen, Nelson and La. Breton.

On the afternoon of May 25, 1893, San Marcial was visited by a disastrous fire, the following businesses being destroyed: Dawson's saloon; Armstrong Bros. saloon; John Longworth's saloon; J. B. Allen, general merchandise; Mrs. Montgomery, restaurant and lodging; J. M. Broyles, grocery; J. Nichols' barber shop; W. J. Hanna's lodging quarters and livery stable; A. Schley's vacant store and dwelling house, and San Marcial opera house. The buildings were mostly frame; loss estimated at \$40,000, and insurance only about \$18,500. The fire completely destroyed and gutted a whole block, and now the burned sites are occupied by a row of two story substantial business houses of adobe, with brick floors and corrugated iron ceilings. The new houses are occupied by those burned out and named above, except Mr. Dawson, who left the territory, and Armstrong Bros., who are in business in a square below. The opera house was new, owned by E. Hockett, deceased, and several other gentlemen, and had no insurance.

HOME THIEVES ARRESTED.

Deputy Sheriff Langston Captures Two in Arizona.

On Monday morning, April 8, Slick Miller, Aquila Evans and a negro rounded up a bunch of thirty-five horses, belonging to various parties, on the plains in the immediate vicinity of White Oaks, and started off with them. The next morning the news was reported to Deputy Sheriff J. P. C. Langston, at White Oaks, and he, summoning R. B. Brooking as assistant, started across in Tuesday. The officer trailed them across the country to a point where they fed the Rio Grande a few miles south of San Marcial, and there ascertained that they were traveling in the direction of Clifton, Arizona.

The officer and Brooking continued on, and on Wednesday morning, bright and early, the deputy sheriff quitted camp, came upon Miller and Evans in camp between Clifton and Duncan, A. T. about 150 yards from the road and the bunch of horses grazing near by. At the command, "Hold up your hands," Miller and Evans readily complied, and when Evans was searched, besides several Winchester rifles and pistols lying on the ground, a 45-caliber revolver was found concealed in the lining of his vest. Deputy Sheriff Langston and Brooking were fourteen days on the road, but the deputy sheriff is a determined, courageous officer and he followed the thieves across in two days, capturing them, dead or alive. He brought them as far as San Antonio last night in iron, and this morning left via stage, for White Oaks. Brooking is driving the stolen horses across the country back to White Oaks. Evans is regarded as a desperate fellow, and is reported to have killed two men in Texas a few years ago. When the train reached San Marcial yesterday afternoon, several cow boys engaged the two capt red horse thieves in conversation, and the deputy sheriff, fearing that an attempt would be made to rescue them, laid his Winchester rifle across his lap in case of quick emergency. The negro was not with Miller and Evans when they were arrested; he left them after crossing the Rio Grande.

Organized for the Season.

After several ineffectual attempts to get together, the playing members of the Albuquerque Browns baseball club met yesterday afternoon and effected a permanent organization for the present season. They selected a manager, and the following players were assigned positions: Roy McDonald, catcher; Chas. McDonald and Chas. Butler, pitchers; H. Mandell, first base; Bert Vorhees, second base; J. McCue, third base; Fred Raymer, short stop; Chas. Quier, left field; Wm. Woodmansee, center field; John Hitchcock, right field, and several substitutes. The list comprises a crop of athletic young gentlemen, and they will prove coming professionals before the season closes. They have all agreed to represent Albuquerque this season in the same able manner that the metropolis was represented by the old Browns some eight years ago and the Maroons of three years ago. If they do as well, or half as well, the people, who admire the national sport, will be proud of them. Discipline, with as little talk as possible, but a great deal of playing, won many games for the old club and such a procedure will capture a majority of the games this season for the new organization.

A challenge was mailed to the Los Cerrillos Browns last night, asking them to open the season here with the local Browns, at the fair grounds on Sunday, May 13, and a favorable answer to the challenge is expected. In the meantime, a committee will arrange to get the diamond field in fair shape for playing.

This game will probably be followed by the Browns playing a team selected from the fire department on Decoration day, May 30th, provided the proposed game with the Indian school club cannot be arranged satisfactory.

After these two games, the Browns will go to it "hammer and tongs," and matches with the strong aggregation of base ball players at Fort Wingate, the lively toasters at East Las Vegas, the hard workers at Santa Fe and other points, will be in order.

Mining Company.

The Good Hope mining company held a meeting at Los Lunas Thursday night and elected the following officers: Leon Hertzog, president; Col. J. F. Chavez, vice president; Richard Pohl, secretary, and Jacobo Chavez, treasurer. The other members of the company are Mrs. Louis Haining, Simon Neustadt, Jesus Garcia and A. M. Berger. The Good Hope mine is located in Hall canon, and the company have five more claims besides the Good Hope. A contract has been let to R. Blanche, a California miner, to go down 100 feet in the Good Hope, and he expects to have a car load of ore ready for shipment by the 5th of May. The mine shows a good percent in gold and silver.

Rev. John Mensal, of the Spanish Tract company of the Presbyterian church, left this morning for New York. He will be absent several weeks.

STRIKERS!

A Half Dozen Big Ones Now in Progress.

Kelly's Army to be Starved Out of Iowa.

A Mob in Cleveland Held a Lively Meeting.

WOMAN SUFRAGE ATTERING.

Chicago, May 1.—The employees of the Wabash road are submitting with ill grace to the wholesale reductions in the wage schedule which went into effect to-day. The reductions are more sweeping than those recently made by the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, and affect the conductors and trainmen. The amount allowed for overtime is greatly reduced, and it is more than that the reduction in the regular schedule that is complained of. Nothing but the hard times could have prevented a strike, and even as it is the situation is extremely critical.

Street Railway Strike.

Milwaukee, May 1.—The difficulty between the street railway company of this city and its employees to-day culminated in what is likely to prove one of the most obstinate strikes on record. Some weeks ago the company announced its intention of reducing the wages of conductors and motor men to 174 cents per hour, to take effect on May 1st, and the men promptly said that they would strike if the new schedule was insisted upon, and they have kept their word. Vice President Payne to-day said that the company would not recede from its position under any circumstances.

Field Columbian Museum.

Chicago, May 1.—The Field Columbian Museum, made possible by the liberality of one of Chicago's merchant princes and by the liberality of the World's Fair exhibitors, was formally opened to-day with appropriate exercises. As a result of these favorable conditions many of the collections in the museum are already as complete and in many cases more so than those of similar institutions that have been in existence for years. The museum is located in Jackson Park in the Fine Arts building of the World's Columbian Exposition.

Military Surgeons.

Washington, May 1.—The annual convention of the Association of Military Surgeons opened to-day with an attendance of over four hundred delegates, representing the army, the navy, the state militia and the Hospital Marine Service. Among the features of the program are a trip to Mount Vernon, a reception at the White House, and an exhibition of the work of the Hospital Marine Corps. Many interesting papers will be read during the convention.

They Were Bold.

Washington, May 1.—The house this morning agreed to a conference report on the bill for the protection of game in the Yellowstone Park. At the request of Speaker Crier, a resolution announcing Senator Stockbridge's death was withheld on purpose to keep the house in session until the Coxeyites arrived, thus removing the possible impression that congress had adjourned through fear of the Commonwealths.

The Pullman Strike.

Chicago, May 1.—The immense strike which it was rumored would take place at the Pullman Car Works to-day has not as yet materialized to any great extent. This is not so much on account of a lack of provocation, as because of the poor organization of the men. According to their statements their grievances are manifold. Last year they suffered a big cut in wages, and this, in addition to the many petty tyrannies to which the employees of the palace car magnate, has been ranking in the minds of the men ever since.

Woman Suffrage Association.

Cincinnati, O., May 1.—The tenth annual gathering of the Ohio State Women Suffrage Association convened here to-day. The gathering was called to order by Mrs. C. McCullough Everhard, president of the association. The reports of the secretary and treasurer showed that the association was in a most prosperous condition, as regards both membership and finances.

May Day Meeting.

Cleveland, May 1.—A May day meeting of the unemployed was held on the public square, which drew a crowd of 10,000. A motor car was forced through the procession and when asked to stop the motorman refused and the crowd demolished the car and wrecked the wires. Similar demonstrations were made on the west side, but not serious.

Another Army.

Chicago, May 1.—At ten this morning General Randall and his industrial army of five hundred, with commission wagons and abundance of supplies left their barracks for Washington. Six thousand people assembled to see the army start. Twenty policemen in uniform headed the army, which was cheered. The first stop this evening will be Grand Crossing.

Iowa Grand Army.

Council Bluffs, Iowa, May 1.—The largest gathering of Grand Army men ever held in this state is quartered in this city to-day to participate in the Iowa department encampment, which was formally inaugurated this morning and will continue for three days. Veterans are present from all parts of Iowa, eastern Nebraska, northern Missouri and North-eastern Kansas.

Trying on Business.

Minneapolis, April 1.—All the baggage-

men, gate tenders and other employees at the Union depot were called out this morning. The Superintendent is trying to induce the American Railway Union to reinstate them. If it fails all the roads will be unable to use the depot and traffic will be paralyzed.

Senate Adjourned.

Washington, May 1.—The senate met and immediately adjourned this morning upon the announcement of the death of Senator Stockbridge, of Michigan.

Stock Market.

Chicago, May 1.—Sheep and cattle market steady; receipts thirteen thousand; prices unchanged.

Will Starve Them Out.

Des Moines, May 1.—The authorities propose starving Kelly's army. There was little food for breakfast this morning. None is allowed to enter the camp from the authorities. The mayor notified Kelly this morning that he must move his army out of town. Kelly insisted that he would remain until transportation was provided. Mayor Hill will proceed to starve them out.

Peruvian Elections.

New York, May 1.—According to the latest cable advices the presidential election which is taking place in Peru to-day will not be marked by any scenes of disorder, as previously reported. Gen. Andres Bello Caceres, who was president from 1880 to 1890, is a candidate for reelection, and will undoubtedly be the almost unanimous choice of the people.

St. Louis Still in Progress.

Minneapolis, May 1.—There is no settlement of the Great Northern strike. If a settlement is not reached to night it is reported the railroad men will all be called out, stopping traffic on the North-western, Wisconsin Central, Northern Pacific, Sioux, St. Paul & Milwaukee, and Duluth railroads.

New Bridge Opened.

Alton, Ill., May 1.—The new bridge across the Mississippi river at this point was formally opened to-day. Many prominent officials of the Burlington and other roads were present. The new bridge is the keystone to the proposed short line east and west, and besides the saving of arbitraries in St. Louis, from three to five days are gained in time of freight.

Debating Silver.

London, May 1.—The motion of Samuel Smith in favor of international bimetalism is being debated to day in the House of Commons. A large crowd was attracted by the rumor that Mr. Gladstone would speak against the motion. The Grand Old Man, however, did not appear upon the scene of his former triumph.

Chicago Stock Exchange.

Chicago, May 1.—The Chicago Stock Exchange was to-day formally installed in its new and palatial quarters in the new Stock Exchange building, which has been erected at a cost of over three million dollars. The construction of the building has been impeded by numerous strikes, but by dint of hard work the structure was completed on time.

Voting for a Congressman.

Middletown, O., May 1.—The voters of the third congressional district are to-day balloting for a successor to the late Congressman Hook. The campaign has been a hot one, and charges of sharp practice have been indulged in by both sides.

To be Received at Denver.

Denver, May 1.—The Coxey contingent here this afternoon is preparing a reception for the Coxey army on its way from Salt Lake. The army left Utah last night and hopes to get a train over the Rio Grande Western. Officials here say, "No fare, no ride."

Strike Threatened.

Florence, Colo., May 1.—A thousand Fremont coal miners agreed to strike until ordered back by the United Mine Workers of America. This morning it is thought the men with families will break from last night's decision.

Yesterday & Tomorrow.

Dr. J. N. Easterday, of Nokomis, Ill., is expected to arrive from the north this evening, and will remain permanently in Albuquerque, becoming a partner of his brother, Dr. G. S. Easterday, in the practice of medicine. The latter, who is one of the first physicians from the east to locate in this city, is too well known for THE CITIZEN to say a word in addition to the praise accorded to him by our people, but the paper will state that by the addition of Dr. J. N. Easterday, the medical fraternity of Albuquerque will be strengthened, the big and increasing practice of the brother demanding a partner. Success to the firm of Easterday & Easterday.

Off the Coast.

L. M. Brown, deputy United States surveyor, came down from Eagle City, Cochiti mining district, last night, and is at the Hotel Columbus. He was seen this morning by the reporter, and stated that the boundary line of the Canada de Cochiti grant was about a mile southeast of Eagle City, which townsite is off the alleged land grant, and also the Crown Point, Iron King, Lone Star and several other important mines. Mr. Brown is here on business, and will endeavor to return to Wallace, the nearest railroad station to the district, on this afternoon's late freight train.

A Leader.

Since its first introduction, Electric Bitters has gained rapidly in popular favor, until now it is clearly in the lead among pure medicinal tonics and alteratives—containing nothing which permits its use as a beverage or intoxicant, it is recognized as the best and purest medicine for all ailments of stomach, liver or kidneys. It will cure sick headache, indigestion, constipation, and drive malaria from the system. Satisfaction guaranteed with each bottle. The money will be refunded. Price only 25c per bottle. Sold by T. H. Burgess & Son, druggists.

Mrs. Simon Balling, wife of the first street baker, and her brother, Fred Broome, have returned from a visit to the Milwaukee fair.

AT THE CAPITAL!

Coxey and His Army Parade the Streets of Washington.

Another Army on the Way from Chicago.

Coxey and Brown Arrested by Mounted Officers.

HOUSE AND SENATE ADJOURN.

Washington, May 1.—Considerable excitement prevails throughout the city this morning over the entrance toward the capital of Coxey's army. Nearly a thousand extra policemen are guarding the public buildings and thoroughfares. Great gates have been placed at the entrance of the capital grounds, preventing the incoming of extensive bodies of men. Early this morning crowds of curiosity seekers and working people assembled in the streets among the capital, a majority of whom expressed themselves in sympathy with the Commonwealths. The army passed a most cheerless night, the weather being cold and damp, and the men slept with slight covering, suffering greatly. At ten o'clock Marshal Brown, called "Attention!" and immediately the whole army, headed by Coxey, a band and mounted police started for the Washington capital.

The army marched steadily amidst the throngs and reached the east front of the capital at noon where an enormous crowd gathered. Coxey, ascending the platform attempted to make a speech and was at once arrested.

Marshal Brown was also arrested. He rode a mettlesome horse into the forbidden grounds of the capital. Armed officers pursued him and he resisted arrest. Persons clashed him, cutting Brown badly. The incident started rumors of general fighting, which was not true. Excitement, however, is considerable.

Christopher Columbus Jones, commanding the Philadelphia contingent also tried to break into the capital grounds and was promptly arrested and locked up. Coxey was not formally arrested but was hustled away from the grounds by officers. After the arrival of the entire army near the capital, the house of representatives adopted resolutions on the death of Stockbridge and immediately adjourned until to-morrow. Great crowds are still at two o'clock lingering around the capital.

Coxey's unofficial arrest was dramatic. He mounted to the fifth step of the capital bareheaded and turned to address the multitude.

"You cannot speak here," said Captain Kelly, keeping close to him.

"Then I will read the program," "Nor that either," said Kelly, positively.

Coxey showing anger, was unceremoniously hustled through the crowd to a carriage and driven to the army's new resting place in east Washington. Later the Commonwealths, weary and disappointed, followed him.

League of Peace Union.

Atlanta, Ga., May 1.—The annual convention of the International League of Peace Clubs convened this morning with a full attendance of delegates. The proceedings are being conducted in the hall of the Chamber of Commerce. Before the gathering was called to order the delegates were presented to Gov. Northern as the executive mansion. At one o'clock an adjournment was taken for lunch.

Killed by a Cyclone.

Texarkana, May 1.—A cyclone killed William Blocken and son, and a Methodist minister, and residences, churches and public buildings were demolished. It is feared great damage is done north of the city in a section not reached by telegraph.

Trials of a Murderer.

St. Louis, May 1.—The trial of Arthur Duestrow, son of Millionaire Louis Duestrow for the murder of his wife and child, was commenced before Judge Hitzel this morning. The murders were of an unusually brutal character, and the high standing and wealth of the criminal has made the case a veritable cause celebre. The prisoner has retained able counsel, and no pains will be spared to evade justice if a legal technicality can be found which will secure his release. It will probably be several days before a jury is secured.

Cattle and Dog Show.

New York, May 1.—The Model Farm and Dairy Show, a mixed rural and sporting exhibition, opened in Madison Square Garden to-day under the auspices of the Hempstead Farm Company and the Specialty Dog Clubs of America. The bench show is one of the largest ever held, and a valuable list of prizes will be awarded. The Hempstead Farm exhibit includes cattle and heavy horses, and a dairy show. There is also an extensive exhibit of all kinds of machinery used in agricultural work.

Indiana Populists.

Indiana, Pa., May 1.—Representatives of the People's party

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ALBUQUERQUE, MAY 25, 1904.

(From Friday's Daily.)

Miss Cogswell, stenographer for Judge Stacey, will leave tonight for Emporia, Kansas.

Rev. Board, with children left this morning for Springfield and Baton. They will be absent about two weeks.

J. M. Deane, the saw miller at Cochiti, who has been in the city for the past week, went west yesterday.

O. N. Marston, district clerk, is arranging to visit his old home at Port Henry, N. Y. in a few days. He will be absent thirty days.

Dr. Smith, the dentist, is still holding ground on crutches. His injured leg is getting along finely, and he expects to discard the sticks in a short time.

Chas. Zeiger, who has been out to his Arizona cattle ranch for the past week, returned here last night. C. W. Kennedy, of coal fame, also came in from the west.

Mrs. J. E. Todd, wife of a prominent Chicago physician, mother of Mrs. C. M. Allen, arrived last night from the north, and will remain here during the illness of Mr. Allen.

C. H. Young, division superintendent of Wells-Fargo Express company, after making a trip over the Atlantic & Pacific as far west as Needles, Cal., returned to his office here last night.

J. H. Fenner, brother-in-law of J. M. Hagg, and wife have gone to San Marcial, where Mr. Fenner will open a first-class restaurant in a few days. This Citizen wishes him success.

Hon. W. B. Ritch, territorial secretary, came up from San Antonio Park, southern New Mexico, last night and registered at the Emporia. He went north this morning, presumably to Santa Fe.

M. E. Gier, of Washington, D. C., was introduced at the Commercial club last night by E. S. Stover; W. H. Person, of Denver, by G. S. Ramsey; J. Spencer Eastersley, of Nokomis, Illinois, by A. W. Cleland, Jr.

A. S. Hopewell, cattle raiser of Sierra county, owner of several good times at Hillside and a member of the Territorial Sanitary Board, is expected to arrive here from the south this evening. He will remain in the metropolis for a few days.

Judge H. L. Warren and Chas. Cray, who went up to the Cochiti mining district, returned to the city last night, accompanied by Chris. Yaeger, the well-known miner. Mr. Yaeger today took a party out to the Hill canon mining district.

B. B. Clark, the Red Oaks, Iowa, banker, one of the principal owners of the Iowa and New Mexico Ranch company, range near Magdalena, was in the city yesterday and was introduced to a number of our citizens by J. E. Saint. Mr. Clark left this morning for Magdalena.

Judge Long, of Las Vegas, ex-chief justice of the territory, is in the city, representing Messrs. Miller, Douglas and Chicago party in their Cochiti mining cases. The motion to dissolve the injunction against the Chicago party to prevent them from working the mines is being heard this afternoon.

Nick Carper, the barber who lived in this city a few years ago, but who has been bartering at the Coronado Beach, Cal., hotel for some time, has returned to Albuquerque and will probably remain here in the future. In his migrations, Nick states that he found no town like Albuquerque.

Jas. Meane, a prominent gentleman of Lawrence, Kansas, who has been taking in the Midwinter fair, arrived in the city yesterday and this morning was introduced at the C. J. J. office by Major W. A. Rankin. Mr. Meane will remain here for a few days and then continue on north.

A. M. Blackwell and H. W. Kelly, the big wholesale grocers of Albuquerque and Las Vegas, were in the city yesterday from the north. Mr. Kelly states that the people of Las Vegas subscribed \$1500 for the firemen's tournament, which will convene there on July 3 and continue for three days. Besides the races for firemen, there will be horse racing, base ball match and other amusements.

A. B. Cassella, the barber who is working several claims up in the Cochiti mining district, has returned to his shop here. Cassella states that he went over the canon, where he was lost for twenty-four hours recently, and cannot understand how he came to lose his wife that night. He is now so familiar with the district that it would be impossible for him to get lost in any of the canons.

Frank Lower, of Council Grove, Kansas, will arrive from the north this evening and will consult with G. L. Brooks about the purchase of between 2,000 and 3,000 acres from the Aztec Land and Cattle company's ranches. Mr. Brooks is the assistant manager of the Aztec company, D. B. Robinson being the general manager.

The government Indian school, located just beyond the old town, is now in charge of Col. Lane, one of the Indian school superintendents. The Colonel informed this Citizen yesterday afternoon that he expected the president to make an appointment of a superintendent in a short time. He is more than anxious to return to Oregon, where he is well known and has some Indian work to perform.

FORT WINGATE.

The Best Appointed Garrison in the Department of the Colorado.

Fort Wingate, April 30.
In company with Worth Keene and W. F. Kuehnbecker, a trip over the road was made recently and the ride was a highly enjoyable and profitable one. From Gallup to the fort the road is excellent, except in a few places and these bad spots are being eradicated through the efforts of the gentlemen mentioned, and others interested in keeping this avenue of approach to the garrison in good order, bridges being built and ditches filled where necessary. The drive is short of fifteen miles, and is made in two hours. From Wingate Station the choice of two roads is open, distance by this route from Gallup being the same, twelve by rail, three miles over the road, the new one being preferred.

Both the gentlemen mentioned recall remembrance of 1875-6 in the vicinity of the fort, which was established in 1868. Then the fort was in a primitive state, but at present it is almost perfect in its appointments, more money having been expended, some \$50,000, than on any other post in the department. The guard house, a stone building, cost something like \$10,000, while the hospital, a large brick structure, certainly must have cost an equal sum. Besides there are some ten dwellings occupied by the officers and their families, regimental headquarters and other quarters adapted to the use of the officers for offices, the post library, officers club room, chapel, the barracks, and annexes used for wash and bath rooms. There are the stables, buildings for storage, post exchange, the commissary and quartermaster's buildings, post trader's store, the hotel, where many of the officers prefer to live with their families, some of whom are not thus favored in this wise. Visitors to the fort and others find a good place to secure a palatable meal and a bed. This hotel is presided over by Lee Poing, a young Chinaman, who has been here some nine years and who takes this Citizen's. Outside, and still convenient are the ice plant, saw mill and laundry, the latter now idle. Besides the above are the cooey houses of a number of soldiers, who are privileged to locate their families at the fort; also families of civilians.

The roads from the station were opened at government expense, that one completed a year ago being considered the best and consequently the most expensive to construct. In the garrison the avenues are substantial and clean to a degree, as is every corner of the fort, the work of maintaining cleanliness being executed by men serving sentence in the guard house.

There are the officers' club library, post library and those connected with each troop or company, that of H. troop being the most extensive in point of number of periodicals filed.

The regimental band was formerly conducted by Prof. Myrles, a composer of ability, who is well known in Albuquerque. For over a year Prof. J. T. Freeman, formerly identified with the Chicago bands, has been the band master, that gentleman increasing the personnel of the band to twenty-five members and raising the grade of music to the highest standard. The band appears at games, musical twice a week, in open air concerts, and an indoor orchestral concert, at the conclusion of which dancing is indulged in by the officers and ladies. The soldiers have their dances in a new building located on the east side of the garrison.

Water is had in plentiful supply from the reservoir on the hill overlooking the garrison, a supply being carried to the garden conducted in the interest of each troop or company and the officers.

Col. A. R. Chaffee, of A. D. McCook's staff, was here for ten days, closing his labors about the 25th inst., inspecting the quarters, men and animals, and passed upon the whole in a complimentary manner. The regular monthly inspection will occur early in May, and pay day comes at about the same period.

Target practice has been going on some days and will continue several weeks. The winners will compete with the lucky ones of other posts, those carrying off the honors going east, as has been the custom for years.

Plans for the proposed new quarters to be occupied by the quartermaster and his force have been prepared and will be submitted for approval.

The department commander will appoint the site and place for holding the annual encampment, and it is hoped Albuquerque will be selected this year.

Post Surgeon Matthews and Wheelwright Taft are in possession of knowledge concerning the finding of prehistoric relics, northeast and southeast of the fort, which ante-date the Aztec. Wagons were sent out on Saturday to secure the peculiar pots and other curiosities discovered.

A patent double-action revolver was issued to the officers and men recently, and new carbines are expected soon, they being of modern pattern and are calculated to kill at three miles range. The targets will be changed, that possible injury to persons in range may be avoided.

A number of recruits from Springfield, Illinois, were among recent arrivals.

W. F. McLaughlin, a long identified with the store and postoffice, is still a resident of the garrison and is found at the store.

Dr. Matthews will leave soon for another post of duty.

Dr. Timberlake is now at Fort Bowie, in the southern country.

Major Jackson is on detached duty, inspecting Oregon militia.

Dr. Edmundson, of Gallup, is a frequent visitor to the fort.

Quartermaster's Sergeant Daily expects to go to Vancouver at an early date. Lieutenant Brainerd was with Greeley on his expedition some years ago.

Lieutenant Carleton, A. A. Q. M. and

A. C. S. is a frequent visitor to Albuquerque, as are other officers.

The officers of the regiment, troops and companies stationed at Fort Wingate are: Col. C. G. Hunt, commanding Second cavalry and post; Lieut. Col. H. E. Noyes; Major T. McGregor, commanding Fort Bowie; Major J. Jackson, on detached service; Major W. A. Rafferty; Lieut. L. M. Brett, post adjutant; E. O. and A. O. O.; Lieut. G. Carleton, A. A. Q. M. and C. S. Troop; Capt. C. Augur; Dr. Capt. R. J. McClelland; H—Capt. F. M. Robinson; L—Capt. E. L. Hodgins; M—Capt. F. W. Kingsbury.

GRAN QUIVERS.

The Fabled Riches of this Mining District Being Brought to Light.

Messrs. E. A. Dow, merchant and stockman of Tazewell, and Paul D. Stone, ex-county clerk of Valencia county, drove into the city this morning. These gentlemen are direct from the Gran Quivers country where they are interested in some very promising mining claims. Mr. Dow owns an interest in the Montezuma mine, which is located about five miles from the ancient ruins of Gran Quivers, and which undoubtedly will develop into one of the richest mines yet discovered in the southwest.

An assay of ore from this mine returned \$164.40 in gold and 187 ounces in silver.

Mr. Dow is also an equal partner with Antonio Campos in the "Sacramento," a recently located mine, which centuries ago was worked by the Indians. It was discovered by a boy sheepherder, who for a money consideration, directed Mr. Campos to the find. The latter removed a lot of dirt and sacks piled on to timber, which had evidently been cut with the primitive stone ax, and uncovered a shaft of about 15 feet in diameter and considerable depth and a vein of rich looking ore. How rich it is has not been ascertained, as no assay has yet been made on it, but old miners have no doubt about it running high in gold and silver. Mr. Campos is now at the mine and is prospecting the adjacent country for some hidden spring which he feels confident exists there.

The spring discovered near the Montezuma mine produces an abundance of water, and, without doubt, permanent. One other spring has been discovered near the ruins of the old church, and as a result of the prospecting which is now going on in the district, many other sources of water supply, as well as many old covered up mines, worked by the aborigines before the Spanish invaded their domain, will be again uncovered.

Another old mine has just been discovered by John Burgin of San Marcial, and others, near the ruins of the old church, and the work of uncovering it is now in progress.

An old gentleman, formerly of Albuquerque, has located Gran Quivers as a home-sick and painted a sign on the wall of the ancient pile warning trespassers to keep off. Regardless of this warning, however, a party of ten men from White Oaks will in a few days commence digging about the premises with the hope of finding some of the treasure which is supposed to be buried there.

Considerable prospecting is being done, and a mining boom of large proportions will not unlikely visit the district during the next summer.

Batch of Convicts Sentenced.

For complicity in the murder of Patricia Maes, the following persons were sentenced to the penitentiary by Judge Smith, Wednesday morning, on a plea of "guilty," they starting for Santa Fe on the afternoon train: Prospector Rael, ten years; Marcus Varela, seven years; Nestor Herrera, seven years; Nacario Rael, years; Pedro Baca, five years, and Sanon Maes four years. Guadalupe Cabellero and Jose L. Montoya pleaded guilty to murder in the second degree. They have turned state's evidence and will be used on the witness stand to convict the active participants in the awful murder, their trials being probably reached Thursday—Las Vegas Optic.

Plenty of Fruit.

Felipe Hubbell, who is regarded as one of the largest fruit raisers of the Rio Grande valley, drove up to the city this morning, and in conversation with this Citizen stated that the peach crop of this section of Bernalillo county, down in the Pajarito neighborhood, would be immense, and from what he could learn the crop all over the county would be the greatest for a number of years. He also stated that there would be an immense crop of apricots, early apples, pears, etc. They are so far advanced now that no frost could be heavy enough to kill them.

Up to the Crown Point.

Ben Johnson, one of the discoverers and owners of the Crown Point mine, Cochiti district, went up to the mine this morning. Ben is one of the quietest wool and hide buyers in the city—a man who says little, but whose head on his shoulders contains a big average of good common sense. He is getting there with both feet, and this Citizen wishes him the greatest of success in the working of the Crown Point mine. Messrs. Lockhart, May and Austin are interested with him, the latter going up to the mine with Mr. Johnson this morning.

Wants Her Watch.

About a year ago, one of the gay young gentlemen of Los Lunas visited Albuquerque and took his best girl, residing in the southern part of the city, out driving. They were greatly attached to each other at that time, and were in such a lovely state up to a short time ago, but it is now hinted that there is a breach between the two. It seems, from what was told to the reporter, that on the evening of that memorable drive mentioned above, the lady wore a pretty gold watch which captivated the fancy of the young man, and he persuaded her to let him use it. She complied with his request, upon the condition that at a certain time, before the return of an uncle to the city, the watch would be returned

to her. Our informant, who is a disinterested party, states that the girl has time and again endeavored to secure the watch or an amount equivalent to its value, provided it is lost, and, although promised that her wishes will be gratified, the watch or money has so far failed to turn up. She is very anxious about the matter, and if some satisfactory arrangement is not reached in a few days a lawsuit will probably be the outcome.

A BAD RECORD.

And Aquillo Evans, the Centred Horse Thief, Communist, Murderer.

In last Saturday's Citizen there was an article about the capture of Rick Miller and Aquillo Evans, two notorious horse thieves, near Clifton, Arizona, by J. P. C. Langston, deputy sheriff of White Oaks, after a hot pursuit of fourteen days, their capture being effected on Wednesday morning, April 25. The men had stolen thirty-five horses from the ranches in the immediate vicinity of White Oaks.

Last evening, this Citizen was told that Evans is a member of the gang of horse thieves that have infested Bernalillo county for some years, and that he formerly worked on a ranch near Pinos Wells. He is a desperate, ignorant fellow, like all his ilk, and, it is said, shot and killed two men in Texas a few years ago. Our informant also states that when this Citizen published the news of the capture of Aquillo Evans, his pals, who frequently circulate around these quarters, and who were in the city at that time, became very restless and anxious about their own welfare, and the next morning left for their rendezvous in the mountains.

It will be remembered that Jesse Evans was recently arrested near this city, by J. H. Walker on suspicion of being the murderer of the two women in Texas. He was discovered to be the wrong party, and is more than likely that Mr. Walker got the two Evans mixed in the bloody transaction.

THE PENITENTIARY.

Figures Showing Economy and Good Management.

The board of penitentiary commissioners held its regular monthly meeting yesterday afternoon. There were present Commissioners H. H. Betts, R. A. Baca, W. E. Dame, O. A. Hadley and N. B. Laughlin. Commissioners Lopez and McQuinn were absent. The session was a short one, only routine business being disposed of. Quite a number of bills for supplies and expenses, including the monthly pay roll of \$590, were approved and ordered paid.

Superintendent Bergman submitted his nominations and they were confirmed as follows: Assistant Superintendent, Oscar L. Merrill, of Rio Arriba county; matron, Mrs. O. L. Merrill; physician, Dr. J. H. Sloan; day-keeper, G. B. Chapin; night-keeper, Wm. Cole; captain day guards, Lucio Lopez; captain night guards, Jesus Tapia; assistant day-keeper, R. L. Baca; day guards, Matt Breiden and J. F. Steele; night guards, Carlos Dominguez and Clemente Ortiz.

The stocker reported his monthly report. There are 120 convicts in the penitentiary and the total number of days work for April amounted to 3,542. The average cost of feeding each convict is 12 cents per day or \$3.60 per month. The law allows \$506.05 per month for maintaining the penitentiary, but under the economical administration of Sup. Bergman it cost last month only \$421, thus making a clear saving of \$82.02.

The commissioners thoroughly examined the two new machines for making brick and sewer pipe and expressed themselves as being entirely satisfied—New Mexican.

The Chinese.

Chas. M. Shannon, the internal revenue collector, came down from Santa Fe last night, and this morning sent his deputy, Wm. Burns, out into Arizona to clean up the Chinese registration. Mr. Shannon states that there are about 1,800 Chinese in New Mexico and Arizona, and about 1,750 have registered. He expects to have the whole number registered and photographed before the time expires, which will be at midnight on Thursday, May 3. There are several Chinese in this city who have not registered.

Mr. Shannon informs this Citizen that they can go before a notary public, being acknowledged by two good citizens, and that will answer if they fail to "get in the fold" between now and midnight on Thursday. The collector returned to Santa Fe this morning.

A Cold Shot.

There is some little excitement among the ranchmen south of the city, and serious trouble is likely to occur. Last Thursday, so it is reported at this Citizen's office, A. E. Cantrell shot the big, black colt belonging to W. J. and Stuart Patterson, the dairymen. The right eye of the colt was put out by a shot, while his left hind leg was badly splattered with shot. It is understood that the Pattersons and Cantrell have entertained bad feelings against each other for sometime, but it is hoped that their differences will be arranged without further hostilities.

Reaching the Point Line.

F. E. Nelson, the gentleman who has the contract for constructing the Postal Telegraph company line between La Junta, Col., and Mojave, Cal., stated to this Citizen yesterday afternoon that the line had been strung for thirty miles side of La Junta and about forty miles west of Albuquerque. In order to push the work, so as to get the entire line in operation by the specified time in the contract, Mr. Nelson will put on several extra forces.

If King Solomon was alive he would now say: "Go to the traveling man, learn his ways, and be wise." C. W. Hattell, a Cincinnati traveling man representing the Queen City Printing Co., after suffering intensely for two or three days with lameness of the shoulder, resulting from rheumatism, completely cured it with two applications of Chamberlain's Pain Balm. This remedy is gaining a wide reputation for its prompt cures of rheumatism, lame back, sprains, swellings and lameness. 50 cent bottles are for sale by T. H. Burgess & Son, druggists.

ON A GRANT.

Action of the Surveyor General on the Lone Star Survey.

Surveyor General Bailey has rejected the survey of the Lone Star group of mines at Cochiti, owned by Mr. Thomas Lowthian and others. The survey was made by U. S. Deputy Mineral Surveyors H. T. and L. M. Brown and was submitted to the surveyor general preparatory to asking for patents.

The following letter explains why the survey was rejected:
Messrs. Thomas Lowthian et al., Care of Catron & Spies, Santa Fe, N. M.

Santa Fe, May 1, 1894.—Gentlemen: In the matter of the survey of the Lone Star group of mining claims, consisting of the Free Trade, Lone Star and Dry Monopole mining claims, situated in the Cochiti mining district, Bernalillo county, N. M., I have to state that the survey of said group of mining claims has been made and returned to this office by H. T. Brown, U. S. deputy mineral surveyor, and upon examination of the connection of said mining claims with a corner of the public surveys in T. 18 N., R. 4 E., I find that said claims are situated in the W. 1/2 of sec. 36 of said T. 18 N., R. 4 E., and are within the boundaries of the Canada de Cochiti grant (reported No. 135) as shown by the preliminary survey thereof on file in this office.

The land upon which said mining claims are located being within the established boundaries of a private land claim is segregated from the public domain and not subject to location and entry under the United States mining laws. I cannot therefore approve the survey of said claims.

At the time of the application for the survey of said claims, from information received, I was under the impression that they were north of the established boundary of said grant and upon public domain, in T. 18 N., R. 4 E., and I accordingly directed that the survey of said claims be made. The public survey in that vicinity were executed prior to the grant survey, and the connection of the north boundary of the grant with the public surveys in said township show that about one-third of a half of said township on the south boundary to be within the boundaries of said grant; and while there is no connection given from said mining claims to the grant boundary, it is evident from the records of this office, unless there is an error in the connections as given in the field notes of the survey of the north boundary of said grant, that said mining claims are within the established boundaries of the grant, and hence, as before stated, the land is not subject to location and entry under the United States mining laws.

Under the rules of this department, you are allowed thirty days within which to appeal from the action of this office, declining to approve the survey of said mining claims, for the reason stated.

Very respectfully, Chas. F. Kistlay, Surveyor General.

According to the above the Lone Star and all the valuable property lying south of it, including the town of Eagle, is on the alleged Canada de Cochiti grant. The grant survey was made in 1885 by Surveyor General Pullen and established as the north boundary the old Pueblo de Cochiti, the south boundary the Rio Grande, the east boundary the Rio Grande river and the west boundary the Jemez mountains.

The mine owners claim that the north boundary of the alleged grant is a mile south of where the connections with public surveys in the surveyor general's office show it to have been established and will fight it out on this contention.

The application of the Lone Star owners for a patent will be made a test case and in pursuance of this Messrs. Catron & Spies have been employed to appeal the case to the commissioner of the land office for the purpose of having a new survey made by the government. If a new survey is ordered it will, in all probability, establish the fact that the grant survey was made to stretch over a large area that was never granted to anyone. The survey made by the Messrs. Brown, which shows the north boundary of the grant to be a mile south of that claimed, is regarded as an accurate one and will undoubtedly prove to be correct.

The survey of the Crown Point was approved by the surveyor general and a patent will be issued to the owners. The south boundary of the Crown Point is about 400 feet north of the north boundary of the alleged grant as shown by Pullen's survey. This approval places not only the Crown Point but a large area of mineral land on public domain—New Mexican.

Stole Money.

J. G. Holbert, an old gentleman, was arrested this morning charged with going through the pockets of Frank Field, a stone cutter, and taking therefrom about \$6 in money. It seems that Policeman Harris, of the night force, put Field to bed in his room on First street, and after the policeman had gone, Holbert did the stealing while Field was asleep. When arrested Holbert was enjoying himself with the stolen money, and had \$3.35 of the \$6 left in his pocket. Justice Lockhart will attend to him this afternoon.

Alamosa News.

The Warnock race horses, a handsome three-year-old and a magnificent four-year-old racer, have arrived from Alamosa, Col., and are now comfortably stalled at the race course. They are beauties, and will make some of the very best thoroughbreds run to defeat them at the spring meeting, which commences here on Tuesday, May 17.

Secretary Crawford has received a number of letters recently, which convince him that Las Vegas, Santa Fe, Cerrillos, Gallup, Socorro, Deming and El Paso will have big delegations here at the races.

Fishing Good.

This paper was informed yesterday by R. H. Greenleaf, the well known trout fisherman, that the streams up in the Jemez mountains are literally alive with trout, and that fishing was never better. J. B. Block has a good hotel at the Jemez hot springs, and is ready to receive tourists.

Dr. S. F. Scott, Blue Ridge, Harrison Co., Mo., says: "For whooping cough, Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is excellent." By using it freely the disease is deprived of all dangerous consequences. There is no danger in giving the remedy to babies, as it contains nothing injurious. 50 cent bottles for sale by T. H. Burgess & Son, druggists.

COAL AND TRUDUTY.

Interesting Letter from Col. Morrison on the subject.

SANTA FE, May 2, 1894.

Editor Citizen: I desire to congratulate you on the splendid enterprise you are displaying during these Cleveland times, which are marked by ill-health, destitution and beggary on every side. Outside of politics, this Citizen is easily the leading paper of New Mexico, and under its able and liberal management must continue to be so. It must have been apparent to every visitor as well as resident, that too many of our papers were based on very narrow ideas having little or no interest outside of their respective towns or counties, indulging in extravagant praise of their immediate localities and belittling every other place which seemed to rival such localities. I am glad to see that this Citizen has stepped out of the narrow rut and is now aiming to represent the whole territory and extending its influence in Arizona. While doing this it is in no manner fails to serve with great efficiency the lively "I will" spirit of Albuquerque.

On the contrary the more enterprise it displays, the larger its subscription list becomes and the wider advertisement it gives to the plucky and energetic business men of the great "City of the Rio Abajo." The write-up of Gallup is a magnificent piece of work, but it is no better than Gallup deserves.

Gold, silver and jewels are all very well in their way, but if they should disappear from the face of the earth as they may do some time, the people could live without them. How different is the case with coal. It is the primary cause of the prosperity and domestic comfort of the world. Not a wheel can revolve, not a belt can move, not an electric motor can give light, not a steamship can plough its way through the great deep, not a railroad engine can drag its ponderous loads of humanity and merchandise, and on most parts of our planet not a meal can be cooked, without coal; and it might be truthfully added that the precious metals themselves are comparatively worthless until they are brought under the influence of the black diamonds. The Almighty, in his omniscient wisdom, foreseeing the great blessing this wonderful mineral would confer on His children, has placed it near their hands in such limitless quantities as to be inexhaustible. We might as well fancy our race living without light or water as without coal. But it requires a large number of brave, skillful men to make coal available for its multifarious uses. Not only is there labor severe and exhausting, but it is dangerous beyond almost any other business. How many a fond father kisses his dear ones in the morning and is brought back to them a mangled corpse. Does it not follow, then, that such men ought to be liberally paid so as to enable them to support their families and themselves in comfort and lay up something for days of illness or distress? With this object in view the republican party imposed a duty of 75 cents per ton on bituminous coal so as to compel foreign producers to pay that amount before their coal could be sold in our markets. This was done to protect our miners from unequal competition with the poorly paid miners of the world outside of America, and if our miners have been receiving fair living wages they can thank the republican party for it.

Gallup miners have told me that after paying the present duty, coal is being brought now from Australia and the British colonies on the Pacific and is being sold in California as cheap, or nearly as cheap, as our own product; but the Willamette mill when it passed the house put coal on the free list; in the senate at present the duty is placed at 40 cents per ton. What it will be when the tariff tinkers get through with it no living man can tell. The 40 cent duty is merely for revenue, there is no protection in it at all, and it will enable the foreigners on both oceans to sell their coal 35 cents per ton cheaper than they do at present, as our coal must bear a like reduction and that means a reduction of wages. Can our miners stand any, even the slightest, reduction? I am sure they neither could nor should submit to it. But can mine owners afford to pay the same wages under a 40 cent duty as under a 75 cent duty? It is thought not, and therefore the unanimous republican party in congress is opposed to reducing the duty. At present over 200,000 coal miners are out on strike against existing wages; how many more will be out when the coal syndicate (at the head of which is ex-Secretary Whitney, President Cleveland's next friend) begins operating the great Nova Scotia coal fields, whose output will be amply sufficient to supply the entire Atlantic seaboard at prices so low as to render competition at living rates impossible. In this connection the following will be interesting reading as showing what has been the history of coal under free trade and protection:

For thirteen years, from 1854 to 1867, the United States imposed no duty on coal. In those years the exports from Nova Scotia to the United States grew from 139,000 tons to 465,000 tons, the highest figure in 1865, and in 1866, 404,000. Then came the duty of \$1.25 a ton, and exports dropped, till in 1871 they were but 163,000 tons. In 1872 the duty was reduced to 75 cents a ton, where it has since remained, but the reduction only temporarily raised the export figure, it dropping again from 365,000 tons in 1872 to 138,000 in 1874 and 90,000 in 1875. In the next ten years there were curious fluctuations, but the general tendency was downward, and in 1885 the exports were but 34,463 tons.

It may be said that this is far away and can affect us very little, but these next figures bring the trouble to our very doors. In 1876 the output of the Vancouver mines was only 139,000 tons, but in 1891 it had increased to 1,029,097 tons, and of this California imported 641,011 tons. The London Colliery Guardian says that "the markets for British Columbian coal are very important, viz., the markets of the north Pacific coast of America." Now if the British coal operators were ready to pay the present duty and export to

California the above amount of coal it easily be seen that the amount exported greatly increased when the duty is reduced to 40 cents per ton. So much the east and west, now how is it to the south? The republican minority of Ways and Means committee report follows:

There are extensive Mexican coal mines just across the Rio Grande, also opened up, and coal mines extensively operated only 70 miles away, ready to furnish all the fuel Texas needs for its locomotives, steamers, factories and houses.

We all know that Mexican miners consider themselves well paid at 40 cents per day. Here then are our coal miners surrounded by foreign competitors on every side. What are they doing to do about it? They are the deeply interested. The republican is checked to a great extent the importation of foreign coal and enabled to keep over 250,000 American miners working producing 113,000,000 tons of coal from thirty-one states. The democratic propose either to put coal on the free list or reduce the McKinley duty of 75 cents per ton to the Wilson duty of 40 cents less, and thus invite our foreign competitors to crowd us out of our own market. Which policy will produce the best results to our miners? Mr. Joseph, favors free coal, low duty on anything else his party advocates without any regard to the consequences to his constituents, insists that the more foreign coal is imported the higher the price will be, and of course, according to this sagacious rule the more coal is imported the higher its price will be.

Any many man who believes such nonsense deserves to live on the wages while the democratic policy will bring, rather, has brought all over the country. Every state which has held an election since Cleveland was elected has seen a vote of thousands and with avalanches of ballots against the destructive American democratic Wilson bill. Will our miners do when they get the next opportunity in November? The coal miners of Ohio voted almost unanimously for McKinley, helping to swing his majority to over 80,000, and once our greatest coal states, Pennsylvania, filled up a republican majority of 180,000. These figures mean the burial of the free trade democracy for another generation.

A. L. MORRISON.

When the hair begins to fall out or turn gray, the scalp needs doctoring, and we know of no better specific than Hall's Vegetable B. Han Hair Renewer.

E. E. BURLINGAME'S ASSAY OFFICE & LABORATORY.
Established in Colorado, 1881. Samples by mail or express. Gold, silver,