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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 01-13-1894

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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen.

VOLUME 4.

ALBUQUERQUE, NEW MEXICO, SATURDAY, JANUARY 13, 1894.

NUMBER 10.

A KILLING!

Deadly Shots from Sheriff Cunningham and Posse.

Hipolito Vigil Resists Arrest and is Shot to Pieces.

The Capital of the Territory Again Stained by a Murder.

OR AT EXCITEMENT

Special to Citizen.

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 10.—About 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon, Sheriff Cunningham, with his deputies, Tom Tucker, Page B. Otero and Juan Pacheco, had a warrant for the arrest of several men accused of the murder of Francisco Chavez, ex-sheriff. They met Hipolito Vigil, and upon his resisting arrest, he was shot dead. Some say that the warrant was never read to Vigil, but that he knew what was coming, and the officers got the drop on him. Later, Frank Gonzales y Borrego and Chino Alarid were arrested on the same charge and confined in jail.

Last night the most intense excitement prevailed, and the soldiers, with the militia, were called out in expectation of an attack, and to prevent further bloodshed.

The preliminary hearing of Frank Borrego and Chino Alarid, also Antonio Borrego, Juan Valencia and Frank Rivera, all being implicated in the Chavez murder, is now on before Judge Seels.

It is understood that Rivera has turned state's evidence.

The prosecution claims to have affidavits of three witnesses against defendants.

The coroner's inquest on the body of Hipolito Vigil is in progress.

A shot from a breech-loading shot gun, fired either by Sheriff Cunningham or Deputy Page Otero killed Vigil.

EX-GOV. PRINCE'S INTERVIEW.

Ex-Gov. Prince, who came down from Santa Fe last night on business connected with the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Rio Grande Irrigation and Colonization company (the meeting being postponed) was met this morning, and from him the following interview, in regard to the killing at the capital late yesterday afternoon, was obtained:

"The occurrence is most deplorable," said the governor. "It is another in the series of killings growing out of the atrocious murder of Faustino Ortiz about three years ago. That was one of the most heinous crimes of which there is any record; in fact the annals of criminal trials scarcely furnish a parallel. I shall never forget how his mother used to come to the governor's office, after his disappearance, almost frantic and insisting that he had been killed, when we all assured her that it was impossible, as the time of such secret assassinations has long passed. But the discovery of his mangled body showed that she had too correctly divined the truth. He was a young man and his murder was purely political. The evidence obtained showed that he was lured to the county jail and there brutally assassinated and that seven or eight persons were concerned in the crime, but enough of direct evidence has never yet been secured to bring even the best known of them to punishment, and some of them most nearly connected with the crime have recently been appointed to office.

"Next came the murder of Francisco Chavez, a most atrocious crime. While many still think that this was committed by some one wronged by Chavez in his domestic relations, yet the majority have always believed that his murder was committed as a retribution for the assassination of Faustino Ortiz. Whatever the reason, the murder was a most brutal and despicable one, he being shot in the dark as he crossed a bridge. Other killings have succeeded these, apparently growing out of the same troubles. Of course all good citizens have been anxious that the perpetrators, whoever they are, should be brought to justice, and have thought that time would develop both the assassins of Ortiz and Chavez.

"I do not know much of the circumstances of the killing of Vigil yesterday afternoon. A warrant had been sworn out against him in connection with the murder of Chavez, but the fact that officers with revolvers in hand had endeavored to obtain forced statements from unarmed and helpless men placed in the jail, had caused the public to place little confidence in the accusation. However, as a warrant was issued, the officers of course had a right to arrest, and the question will be whether they attempted to do so in good faith or shot their victim without cause. An eye witness said on the

THE CRIME!

Particulars of the Tragedy at Santa Fe.

What the Citizen Writer Found from Eye-witnesses.

Was Vigil Killed Before the Warrant was Read to Him?

HAD STATE'S AFFAIRS.

Special Correspondence of The Citizen.

Santa Fe, N. M., Jan. 10.—The tragedy of Sheriff Frank Chavez's death had a terrible sequel yesterday afternoon. At about 3 p. m. Hipolito Vigil was shot to death on Bridge street in this city. Since that hour your correspondent is made diligent efforts to sift all the facts and give the true story of the event.

WORKING ON CLUES.

Sheriff Cunningham for some time past has been working on alleged new clues as to the identity of Frank Chavez's murderer, and mysterious hints and threats have been mooted about. Yesterday afternoon, accompanied by Page Otero, Thomas Tucker, Juan Delgado and Juan Pacheco, his deputies, all heavily armed with shot-guns, Winchester and revolver, Cunningham proceeded to make a round-up of six men, whom, in a warrant sworn out before Judge Seels, he accused of participating or having guilty knowledge of the lamentable murder, which happened May 29, 1892.

THE MEN.

The accused were Frank Gonzales y Borrego, his brother Antonio, Chino Alarid, Francisco Rivera, Marcos Valencia and Hipolito Vigil.

Proceeding in a carriage on Bridge street, and just in front of the capital ground Frank Gonzales y Borrego was arrested without difficulty.

A few moments later Hipolito Vigil came in sight, walking from town towards the spot at which Borrego was arrested. The story had best be told by the witnesses and participants.

THE SHERIFF'S STORY.

Sheriff Cunningham claims about as follows: "We had gone out with a warrant for these men. We met Frank Borrego between the bridge and Antonio Ortiz y Salazar's house, told him we had a warrant for him and on our order he threw up his hands and submitted very peacefully. Just as the arrest was completed Hipolito Vigil came up. We ordered him also to throw up his hands, saying we wanted him on a warrant. Instead of doing so, he jumped behind a post of the portal, pulled his gun and fired twice. He was protected by the post and we were in the open. Tom Tucker and myself opened fire on him, and after several shots from us he fell."

Mr. Cunningham repeated that Vigil fired first.

ANOTHER STORY.

Benigno Ortega, an aged and respected citizen, was an eye witness to the tragedy. His story is:

"I came out of the door here (the middle door of the last house on the street in front of the capital grounds). I saw Cunningham, Page Otero, Juan Pacheco and Tom Tucker holding up Frank Borrego here (indicating a spot near the first telephone pole counting from the capital gate). Frank was standing with his hands up. Juan Pacheco brought the handcuffs from the carriage, put them on Frank and took him to the carriage. Just then Hipolito was seen walking under the portal on the left hand side of the street looking toward town. He was coming from town. They ordered him to halt and he stopped; before he could do anything they fired at him."

"Where were they standing?"

"Tom Tucker stood near this telephone pole, Cunningham stood in the middle of the road, Page Otero went over by the wall on the other side. Tucker fired first, Cunningham next, and Otero last. They kept it up that way until he fell."

"Are you absolutely positive that Vigil did not fire first, Mr. Cunningham says he did?"

"I saw it all and Hipolito had no chance to fire. They did not show him any warrant; they were not near enough. They fired on him at the same time they called, 'Halt!'"

LOCATIONS EXAMINED.

The distance of Vigil and the deputies is almost exactly the distance between the two telephone poles. The posts and wood work of the portal show the marks of three rifle balls—possibly four, and over a dozen buckshot. At the post where Vigil was standing there is a powder burn about the height of Vigil's thigh, and a few feet beyond at the angle that a man would hold a gun just after getting it out, is a bullet mark on the floor, glancing along as if the weapon exploded before it could be raised.

THE DEATH WOUND.

When Vigil's body was examined by Dr. Harrow yesterday there was no apparent wound to cause death. In the big muscles of the left arm near the shoulder were two buck shot wounds. A big lump of flesh had been gouged out of the right arm by a rifle ball. But when the chest was opened it was found that both buck shot had penetrated the chest, severed the aorta or main artery, tore the right lung apart and lodged in the cavity between it

and the ribs. Death was almost instantaneous. Vigil, when killed, was standing behind the portal post with his left side turned towards it so that his body was almost protected. Tucker's bullet fired directly down the portal grazed the posts every time.

Such are the facts alleged concerning this killing. The balance of the accused were arrested without violence.

THE ARREST.

There is only one thing more to be said. It is known that there is a very strict law on the statute books against sheriffs or their deputies going armed except when engaged in the service of process. It is a well-known fact that Mr. Cunningham and his deputies are always armed, yet the governor and the district attorney and the court take no cognizance of this. It should be stopped.

RECORDS THIS COURT.

Today at 2 p. m. Marcos Valencia was called before Judge Seels for examination. It was intended to use Frank Rivera as a witness against him. Mr. Cunningham stated that he had been requested by the relatives of both the accused to appear for them. The court, however, refused to permit Mr. Catron to talk to the prisoners except in the presence of another. Judge Seels asked Valencia if he had counsel, and he replied that his father had told him Mr. Catron would appear for him. Thereupon, Mr. Catron was allowed to interrogate his client. Rivera said he did not know that counsel had been retained for him, and the court again refused Mr. Catron's request to be allowed to advise with him except in the presence of another. The proceeding is considered very extraordinary by the bar here. The prisoners were remanded until tomorrow (Thursday) at the same hour.

STILL IN PROGRESS.

The preliminary hearing of the White Apples Continue Before Justice Lockhart.

Yesterday afternoon the preliminary investigation of Lujan and del Valle, charged with assaulting with intent to kill a citizen, Jerry Hickey, in the employ of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe railroad, was resumed. The witness Mares, who was jointly indicted and who participated in the affair as a member of the Order and law league, continued his narration of the commission of the crime, exposing in detail the whole matter. His testimony, in substance was that the posse selected by the order rode to the place where the section hand Hickey, was at work, and demanded that he quit, which he refused to do; that they then pulled him over the head with their revolvers, and that while Hickey was endeavoring to wrest a rifle from the hands of one of the marauders, he was shot by Lujan from the rear; that they then retreated to their horses, which were ambushed near by and rode away.

J. Edward Priest testified about the arrest of the men on trial, and others.

The injured man, Hickey, was then examined and told about the assault, and his testimony corroborated that of the witness Mares. After he was shot he testified that they followed him up the track for about half a mile when they retreated.

This morning the first witness examined was Samuel Rockley, who testified that he was employed as section foreman at Bernalillo and was at work with Hickey at the time of the assault; that they did not attempt to molest him, but confined their blows and threats to the laborer or Hickey. He testified to the posting of a number of notices on his bed house door, which warned any one from working on the section for less than \$125 or \$150 a day, and stating that any one violating this requirement would be treated as the enemy of the people. He testified that a notice had been posted on the morning of the offense, but they paid no attention to it. Rockley testified that he was paid \$20 a month, and that Hickey received \$1 a day for his services.

W. M. Matthews also testified to taking down notices posted on the tool house door, warning any person from working railroad at that place for less than a certain sum per day.

E. W. Doid, deputy sheriff, was called and testified about the arrest and the finding of a revolver by the aid of a search warrant.

The prosecution closed its case, and the defense made a motion to dismiss on the ground that they had not been confronted by their accuser, one Taylor, who swore to the information, which motion was refused by the court. The case is being continued this afternoon.

Stally Again.

The Las Cruces Republican "regrets to learn that Capt. Whiteman, of the University foot ball team, refuses to play a return game with his team. They should not show a white feather after one victory."

Capt. Whiteman is hereby called upon to line up. Let these college chaps, those great big men, your small-sized team defeated on New Year's understand that you can again turn confidence into defeat and dismay.

Death of Mrs. Spear.

Yesterday morning Mrs. E. J. Spear received the sad news of the death of her mother, Mrs. E. Spear, at Fullerton, Cal., early Monday morning. Her death was from the effects of blood poisoning brought on from a tumor, with which she had been suffering for years. Mrs. Spear was 76 years of age, and enjoyed a few days with her daughter here last fall on her way to California.

Death from Fire.

Milwaukee, Jan. 12.—A fire at a hotel early this morning burned to death Mrs. Schrum, the aged mother of a prominent resident of this city. The origin of the fire is unknown.

Lynched.

Cincinnati, Jan. 12.—At 10 o'clock this morning Rescue Parker was lynched at West Nile, a suburb of this city, for the murder of an aged couple a month ago.

O'Neill's Loan Scheme.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The bill of Representative O'Neill of Massachusetts, au-

GOLD!

Production of the Precious Metal During the Past Year.

Storm at Baltimore and Drowning of Several Sailors.

The Hanging and Lynching Record of the Day.

WALTER CHANSE SCHEME.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The production of gold throughout the world the past year is estimated by treasury officials to amount to one hundred and fifty million dollars. The greatest increase is in South Africa, where in three years the gold output increased from fifteen to thirty-one millions. The United States shows an increase of two millions. Colorado alone had an increase of one million eight hundred thousand. Arizona shows a gain of sixty thousand and New Mexico fifty thousand dollars.

SEVERE STORM.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 12.—A gale this morning cost six lives in Baltimore harbor. Besides these three men were rescued who it is thought will live unless pneumonia sets in. With one exception the men belonged to the British steamer Marren. Early this morning the sailors employed a ferryman to row them to land from the vessel when the boat was swamped almost immediately. All the seamen belonged to England.

HAWAIIAN REPORT.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The Hawaiian correspondence which came by the Corwin has been prepared at the state department and was carried to the White House this morning, preparatory to being transmitted to congress, possibly this afternoon. It contains about ten thousand words, half consisting of Dele's reply to Willis, which is simply an elaboration of the news which was summarized in the United Press despatches a few days ago.

STATE BANK TAX.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The house committee on banking and currency decided at this morning's session to postpone the consideration of the state bank tax bill till the tariff discussion was closed. The house went into committee of the whole this morning to consider the tariff bill. Brewster, Penn., continued his speech of yesterday afternoon; after him Everett, Mass., addressed the house in favor of the bill.

CARLISLE CONSIDERING.

New York, Jan. 12.—A Washington special says Secretary Carlisle is deciding whether he will continue to earn \$8,000 as secretary or \$25,000 per annum as president of a big financial institution in Ohio. Some of his friends think he should accept the latter; others that he should remain till the financial difficulties are settled.

CHANCE SCHEME.

Denver, Jan. 12.—Gov. Waite's legal tender scheme to coin silver dollars in Mexico was killed in the assembly to-day by a vote of forty-four to eighteen, and sent to the senate where it will be almost unanimously defeated. This means practically the end of the session.

A PROTECTORATE FOR MAUI.

Washington, Jan. 12.—Representative Holman has prepared a resolution which he will submit to the house declaring it to be the policy of the United States to conclude a treaty with Hawaii, by which this country will exercise a protectorate over the islands.

PERCECUTURE TEST.

Denver, Jan. 12.—Judge Allen, in the district court this morning, delivered an opinion and granted a decree for the foreclosure of the Holden Smelting company, of Aspen, for \$143,000. The suit was brought by W. D. Todd in favor of three banks.

FAVORING NEW STATES.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The executive committee of the republican national committee this morning adopted resolutions favoring the admission into the Union of Utah, Arizona, New Mexico and Oklahoma.

SILVER BILL.

Washington, Jan. 12.—The Bland silver bill was favorably reported from the coinage committee to-day. The vote was 9 to 8. The bill provides for the coinage of the silver dollar now in the treasury.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.

Cumberland, Md., Jan. 12.—A fire this morning swept the city of Davis, West Virginia, and seven large stores, two dwellings, the opera house and a lumber yard were destroyed.

Death from Fire.

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TERRITORIAL NOTES.

There are no vacant houses in Raton.

Louis I. Marshall has been appointed justice of the peace at Deming.

Byron Dean and Mrs. L. J. Montgomery were married at San Marcial.

Edward Hogan and Miss Mary Hallas, of Blossburg, were married the other day.

The Silver City Sentinel is after School Superintendent Thelma with a red-hot poker.

The Deming sampler has started up again under the Corbett & Wyman company.

Leon Constant, of Eddy, accompanied by Mr. Betrand, will leave in a few days for Brazil.

Louis Zellhoefer, of James hot springs, is in charge of the Miner's Home at Cerrillos.

Henry Gosling, associate editor of the Pecos Valley Independent, has gone east on a visit.

A whist club has been formed in Socorro to which none but champion players are admitted.

The little son of Mr. and Mrs. C. M. Ross, of San Marcial, died of diphtheria the other night.

Roy, son of Dan Sullivan, of Bloomfield, was badly burned on the left arm and side the other day.

Mr. June A. Hunt is now marshal of Raton and is looking after the police department of that town.

The Sheriff says Theo. Mansard, of this city, visited Rincon a few days ago to look for a site for a flouring mill.

Robert Townsend and Miss Emma Benning, of Farmington, were married the other day. Rev. W. H. Howard officiating.

There is a balance of \$5,000 due ex-United States Marshal Trinidad Romero from the government that he would willingly accept for any day.

The other evening some unprincipled scoundrel set on fire and destroyed R. P. Alexander's residence at Roswell. Loss, several thousand dollars.

B. A. Nymeyer and D. B. Merry of Eddy, have engaged to do some extensive surveying on the "staked plains" of which they may demand some of their time.

J. A. Mahoney, the Deming hardware man, will shortly open a furniture store in the building recently occupied by the North Mexican Pacific railroad officials.

George Becker and family, of Eddy, left for the Hot Springs, Arkansas, where they intend to remain for a short time and thence wend their way to Ohio, their future home.

A. H. Hilton says that times are prosperous in San Antonio by reason of the closing up of the Carlsbad branch which sends business to San Antonio which used to go to Carlsbad.

Miss Dora Snyder who has spent the last three months with Mrs. H. O. Willis, of Farmington, has returned to Amargosa, where she will take charge of a school the balance of the winter.

A. H. Harlow, Esq., one of the leading attorneys of Silver City, is dangerously ill with typhoid fever at that place. For a time his life was despaired of, but he is now slowly recovering.

Miss Walker has resigned her position as teacher of the public school of Folsom and the board is unable to fill the vacancy, and the prospect is that the holiday vacation will be prolonged several weeks yet.

Arthur Tipton fell, while skating, and his father, the physician, took five stitches in his head; the son of William Frank, at Los Alamos, also fell, and got a good-sized bump on his cranium.—Ojita.

Next month the Carpenter nursery company will plant 10,000 fruit trees, including 6,000 pines, on the Hawkins-Budget-Brown place near Eddy, and will probably put in 80 acres more for the same purpose.

B. A. Knowles, of Deming, was before the board of Grant county commissioners relative to the incorporation question which is being so vigorously agitated, pro and con, by the citizens of that energetic little burg.

Mrs. W. H. Manderfeld and daughters have returned from an extended visit with friends in Philadelphia. The two young daughters of the household remained there to attend a seminary, says the New Mexican.

James Lynch and his co-owners in the famous Aster mine, in the Baldy mining district of Colfax county, have finally closed the deal by which that property passes to C. A. Ross, of London, and other English capitalists.

Dr. Martin, having resigned as first lieutenant of F company, First New Mexico militia, the governor has commissioned Innocencio Valdes, Jr., of Taos, as his successor. Ambrosio Valdes was made second lieutenant of the Tasc company.

Awarded Highest Honors World's Fair.

DR. PRICE'S
Cream Baking Powder.

The only Pure Cream of Tartar Powder—No Ammonia; No Alum.
Used in Millions of Homes—40 Years the Standard.

LEVI STRAUSS & CO.
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OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

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PUBLISHED DAILY AND WEEKLY.

ALBUQUERQUE, JAN. 18, 1904.

PRACTICAL POINTERS.

Col. Mills Shows a Well-known Mine Operator the Cochiti District.

Hon. J. T. Dougline, of Chicago, and Col. T. H. Mills, of Las Vegas, made a pleasant call at the CITIZEN office this afternoon. The gentlemen were in the city a few days ago, as mentioned in this paper at the time, but have just returned from a mining inspection of the Cochiti district, twenty-two miles a little north-west of Walla, and what is known as "Cunningham hill," about eight miles east of Cerrillos. Speaking of the "hill," Mr. Dougline, who is an old pioneer miner of Nevada, representing that state in the department of mines and mining at the World's fair, said:

"We found an immense deposit of free gold ore, low grade, and a number of people making a living from dry machines. Here are placer fields, and they are very extensive; the camp is very promising and big money is there for the industrious. The town of Cerrillos appears to be lively, although just as we got on the train to come to Albuquerque, last evening, it was learned that the hard coal mine had closed down, throwing out of employment about 150 workmen."

Speaking about the Cochiti district, the gentleman said:

"The country is very favorably located and there is an abundance of timber of good character, but the great drawback will be for lack of water. There is a series of well defined ridges or ledges running through the mountain, crossing several ridges, and there is no doubt but they are what is usually termed 'in place,' or in other words, in their usual form of formation. The ore does not appear to be free milling. It is possible that there is a little tellurium with the gold. The silver appears to be in both sulphide and chloride condition, and looks like the ore the old Spaniards call 'patata.' Although the district is an old one, no special work has been done on the ledges, except on one claim, called the Washington, which shows a ledge of nine feet wide. The croppings on this, as on the other ledges, are traceable for a long distance. The future of the camp depends upon the pick and shovel, and the chemical analysis of the ore."

Mr. Dougline was one of the national judges in the department of mines and mining at the World's fair, and has followed mining industry for a number of years; his opinion, therefore, about mines and districts is not to be scoffed at, and his words about the Cochiti district, adjacent to the city, are indeed flattering. There are several well-known Albuquerqueans interested in the district, and they should thoroughly develop their properties.

Another Installation.

Last night Mineral Lodge No. 4, Knights of Pythias, by far the largest and strongest, met at their lodge in the southwest, met at their lodge, and the following new officers, recently elected, were installed:

M. H. Sabin, P. C.
W. H. Cobb, C. C.
N. E. Irish, V. C.
L. D. Phillips, P.
L. D. Mandell, M. of W.
J. E. Kider, K. of R. & S.
Ed. D. Pluke, M. of E.
Joseph Goldstein, M. of F.
Gus. Thelin, M. of A.
G. D. Pearce, I. G.
M. W. Teal, O. G.

The first degree was taken by W. K. Rodgers, C. E. Newcomer and J. W. Switzer.

A shanty, 300 ft. long, as stated in THE CITIZEN, the Mineral and Montezuma lodges were consolidated into one grand Knights of Pythias lodge, and when the election of new officers came on the officers were about evenly divided between members of both lodges. Everything is now harmonious, everybody working as a united body, and Mineral lodge is indeed the banner order of the southwest.

After the installation all members present, local and visiting, had a splendid time together for several hours.

Bank Officers.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bank of Commerce occurred yesterday afternoon after banking hours, and all the old officers were re-elected. A change, however, was made in the board of directors, the name of W. C. Leonard being substituted for that of Son R. Rose, deceased. The recent statement of this bank, published in THE CITIZEN, was a clear indication that its affairs were in good hands, and here is a list of the principal officers: G. W. Harris, president; Albert Riemann, vice president; W. S. Strickler, cashier; J. J. Emerson, assistant cashier. Success to the Bank of Commerce.

Townner's Inspection Work.

P. J. Townner, one of the inspectors of the Territorial Cattle Sanitary board, has completed his report and submitted it to the board, through Secretary Brooks, for approval. A few pointers, published below and showing the extent of his work in his district north of the city, are taken from the report, and by his figures it is clearly seen that this territory still has cattle for the northern buyers.

Since April 1, 1893, Mr. Townner inspected and released 1,231 head of cattle, on which was collected inspection fees of three cents per head, amounting to \$3,693.92, which was paid over to the sanitary board.

During the same period, excepting four months when idle inspection was

done by Mr. Stinson, Mr. Townner inspected 1,340 butcher's lots for which the sanitary board received \$134.00. This is an average of 268 per month for the five months reported by Mr. Townner, or 2,412 for the same period covered by the cattle report, making an average for the nine months of about \$292.01 per month received by the sanitary board from the northern district.

In the foreign work, Mr. Townner and his deputies, acting as inspectors for Colorado and Montana, in three months inspected and passed over 111,000 head, and while he has not as accurate a record of that work, he says that during the months from April to October inclusive, it is safe to estimate his work at 200,000 head, on which was collected a fee of 1 cent each.

THE WHITE CAPS.

Preliminary Trials closed and Defendants Placed Under Bonds.

Yesterday afternoon in the case of the Territory vs. Lujan and del Valle, the prosecution in rebuttal introduced Filomeno Mares, who testified positively that there was such a secret society as the Law and Order League, to which he referred in direct examination; that he and the defendants were members, and detailed places and objects of meetings.

The prosecution also called Romaldo Mares, who testified that he is the father of Filomeno, who last testified, and that he was a member of the organization known as Los Laborers. Protective association and spurned the institution of the society being what could be called a "White Cap band." He corroborated his son, in stating that the defendants were members of this organization, of which they had positively denied any knowledge, and that he with Antonio Gutierrez, a co-defendant, were officers. The defense attempted to show that he, too, was not worthy of belief, for the reason that it was natural he should tell a story, which would tend to liberate his son.

In rebuttal the defendants called as witnesses Jim Garcia y Romero, Tomas Lavatano and others, who were mentioned by the prosecuting witness as members of the secret organization, which they strenuously denied.

Albino Montoya was called as a witness by the prosecution and testified that as a deputy sheriff he communicated to defendant, del Valle, the direction of the sheriff to apprehend the guilty parties, to which del Valle answered that he would do so only on condition that the sheriff come up and pick them out.

After the defense closed their side, the attorneys made their arguments, and at noon Justice Lockhart bound Tiburcio Lujan, the man who did the shooting, over to the action of the grand jury in the sum of \$1,000; Anastasio del Valle, the deputy sheriff, and Filomeno Mares, \$500 each.

This afternoon the counsel agreed to not proceed further in the preliminary hearing, whereupon the judge placed Filomeno Gutierrez under \$250 bail.

At the hour of going to press, the defendants had not secured bondsmen.

Muscle and Vigor a Difference.

Many muscular men succumb to fatigue borne with ease by persons far their inferiors in physical strength. Muscle does not imply vigor. In fact, it is not difficult of proof that athletes do not live as long nor enjoy as good health as the average individual who is vigorous—that is to say, whose digestion and sleep are unimpaired, whose nerves are tranquil, and who has no organic tendency to disease. These requisites of vigor are conferred upon those inherently weak, not less than upon those debilitated through wasting diseases, by a thorough, persistent course of Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, the leading national tonic, indorsed and recommended by physicians of eminence. It will not endow you with the muscles of a Cheetah, but it will infuse energy into your system, and renew the active and healthful performance of its functions. It cures and cures malarial, rheumatic and kidney complaints, and overcomes dyspepsia, constipation, liver trouble and nervousness.

Militia Notice.

ALBUQUERQUE, N. M., Jan. 8. First Lieut. E. W. Spencer, Adjutant 1st Reg. Inf. N. M., Albuquerque, N. M., Sir:—On the receipt of this you will please issue an order for all local officers of the regimental staff, also the regimental band, and Capt. S. N. Saltmarsh and his company to report at the Armory of Co. G, on Friday evening, Jan. 12, 1894, at 8 o'clock, for inspection and drill.

I remain, Yours respectfully,

J. B. BORDEN, Lt. Col. 1st Reg. Inf. N. M., in command.

The above is published through the columns of THE CITIZEN so that all interested can judge themselves accordingly.

About a year ago I took a violent attack of la grippe. I coughed day and night for about six weeks; my wife then suggested that I try Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. At first I could see no difference, but still kept taking it, and soon found that it was what I needed. I got no relief from what I took another, and it was only a few days until I was free from the cough. I think people in general ought to know the value of this remedy, and I take pleasure in acknowledging the benefit I have received from it. MADISON METZGER, Otway, Ohio. 50 cent bottles for sale by T. H. Burgess & Son, Druggists.

Coming Ball.

On St. Valentine's evening, February 14th, the International Association of Machinists will give their third annual ball at the Armory, and like the previous balls it will be a grand affair. The committees have been appointed, and are now arranging all the necessary details. One of the machinists informs THE CITIZEN that they intend, if possible, to make this ball eclipse anything given this season here, and will go down in their pockets, forgetting all about the hard times, to accomplish their ends.

"During the epidemic of la grippe Chamberlain's Cough Remedy took the lead here and was much better liked than any other cough medicine."—H. M. BARNES, Druggist, Clatsworth, Ill. The grip is much the same as a very severe cold and requires prompt and the same treatment. This Remedy is prompt and effective, and will prevent any tendency of the disease toward pneumonia. For sale by T. H. Burgess & Son, Druggists.

ARIZONA.

News from All Portions of the Neighboring Territory.

Pinal county has over \$25,000 in her treasury and no warrants out.

Not one Tucson Chinaman has yet registered as required by the McCarty law.

Yuma produces the finest lemons and lines of any section in the United States.

Six hundred mines in Pima county have been protected by the new exemption law.

The narrow gauge bonds case, hanging over Pima county for years, will be before the supreme court now in session at Phoenix, shortly.

Co. G of Nogales has been formally mustered into service as one of the national guard of Arizona. It starts off with fifty-two members.

About \$5,000 have so far been paid in taxes to the collector in Mohave county.

The railroad company has agreed to pay taxes on or before the 15th.

One hundred and fifty men are placed at Greaterville. The total output hitherto for the month is \$4,000.

The Tucson Star asserts that there is not a gulch in the Tucson mountains which does not carry gold enough to pay at least average wages for the working men.

The mercury dropped to 22 degrees above zero at Tucson last Monday, and the people of the old pueblo thought they never before experienced such cold weather.

Chaplin, the mail agent charged with relieving the mails between Benson and Nogales, for which he was awaiting the action of the grand jury, died in the hospital at Tucson Saturday night of consumption.

A number of settlers are reported to be taking up holdings below Maricopa on the desert, in the mesquite country, under which runs an underground branch of the Santa Cruz, and are relying upon pumps to draw their irrigating and stock water.

Says the Phoenix Gazette: A petition is being circulated among the settlers under the Orange Belt canal for the establishment of a postoffice and the appointment of Mr. Staples as postmaster. The name Meridian is proposed for the postoffice, as it will be located on the meridian line.

Prescott was visited the past week by one of the heaviest snow storms for years. Snow covered the ground from four to six inches, and its depth on the mountains varies from two to four feet. The snow fell as far south as fifty miles from that place, and the good that will result will be incalculable.

A lone highwayman held up the Globe and Bowie stage Monday and got away with nearly \$1,000. The robbery occurred at a point midway between Globe and Bowie station, while the stage was en route to the latter place. There were only two people aboard, the driver and a passenger. The booty was secured from Wells Fargo's cash box and the mail sack which was handed over by the driver.

Collector Webb, of Nogales, tells a Phoenix paper that importations are being made at about the usual rate. There has been little holding off on account of the expectations of the Wilson bill. He says the cattle clause if carried will make a big change. As the matter now stands only calves are shipped over, valued at \$2 per head. No matter, he says, how long their horns are, they are under twelve months old, according to affidavits.

The new law will change the duty from the prohibitory one of \$10 per head to 20 per cent ad valorem. Mr. Webb says there are not enough line-men. This is particularly so between Yuma and Nogales. There is a stretch of 40 miles, under the care of nine men. This is fifty miles apiece for the men.

A Fair Way.

The Rio Grande Republican, published at the home of the agricultural college treats the first ball match played in this city on New Year's afternoon between the College and University teams in a fair way, and after giving the game the benefit of three-quarters of an article locally, speaks the following editorially:

The College boys should not be discouraged by their defeat at Albuquerque this week, as it was their first match game, and their inexperience and want of practice told against them in a match game with a team that had played several matched games. A fumble or two gives the game to the other side very quickly, and these may occur with any club, as the best of clubs are beaten frequently. After all, the defeat was not a bad one—18 to 6 looks large, but when we remember that what is called a touchdown and kick counts 6 points in a game, we can readily see how a score of 18 points could be run up with a very little good playing. We have no doubt the University team played the best game of ball, and won fairly, but our team is their equals and with practice and experience, will give them a good game yet if the University team returns the game. Our points could be run up with a very little trouble, and we have no doubt the team were all college boys, and we are proud of their conduct if they were beaten. They speak very highly of their treatment in Albuquerque, and we have no doubt that the citizens of that place were pleased with them.

The persistent cough which usually follows an attack of the grip can be permanently cured by taking Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. W. A. McFarlane, of McKay, Ohio, says: "La grippe left me with a severe cough. After using several different medicines without relief, I tried Chamberlain's Cough Remedy, which effected a permanent cure. I have also found it to be without an equal for children, when troubled with colds or cough. 50 cent bottles for sale by T. H. Burgess & Son, Druggists."

Will Married.

The San Juan flouring mill, at Farmington, owned by F. M. Pierce, was burned to the ground last Monday. The origin of the fire will, no doubt, forever remain a mystery. No fire had been used about the premises for nearly a year, and as the mill was shut down for the winter and no one had been about the premises

for a day or two, there can be but one conclusion and that is that some one had fired the building. What the motive could be for so cowardly and outrageous a deed no one can surmise, as it is believed that Mr. Pierce had not an enemy in the world. The total loss is about \$10,000, building and machinery, upon which there is an insurance of about \$4,000.

About the skies.

In the year 1894 there will occur four eclipses, two of the sun and two of the moon, and a transit of Mercury over the sun's disk. The first will be a partial eclipse of the moon, March 21st, visible only in the extreme western portion of North America. An annular eclipse of the sun, April 6th, visible in eastern Europe and Asia. A partial eclipse of the moon, September 14th-15th, visible more or less in North and South America, and the western portions of Europe, Africa, Australia and the Indian Ocean. A transit of Mercury, November 10th, visible generally to North and South America, the western portions of Europe and Africa, eastern Australia, and the Atlantic and Pacific oceans.

No Football.

The following order appeared upon the official board at the Goss Military Institute:

Special order number 6—No organization of a first ball team is allowed in this institution. Cadets engaging in such organization subject themselves to immediate expulsion. By order.

Col. R. H. S. Hedges, Superintendent.

When asked by a citizen reporter the reason for such an order the colonel replied: "I am a strong advocate of all indoor and field sports. The present regulations governing the football game is a most dangerous one for boys. Then again, the immoral association is strongly against a challenged game. I have found that my boys come in contact with profanity and gambling soon enough without purposely throwing them into it."

At El Paso.

W. A. Wilson, that enthusiastic house hold administrator, who travels for the Armory Packing company and makes his headquarters at El Paso, was in the city, at the San Felipe, and last evening informed THE CITIZEN that the Pass city will have another looking base ball club next season. It is a little too early to organize this national summer sport, but those El Paso fellows, ever since the notorious defeat of the Maroons, have looked for it as throughout the winter and summer for three years. This city will likely accommodate them the coming season, and don't you forget it.

The Nuptials.

The superintendent of the schools is instructed by the rules of the board to carry out strictly the following regulations:

Sec. 47. No pupil affected with any contagious disease, or coming from any family where such disease is known to prevail, shall remain in, or return to school, except on presentation of a certificate from the health officer, or a practicing physician, stating in effect that the school room is not infected by the presence of the pupil, and then only by permission of the board.

A Correction.

Your issue of Dec. 24th contains an article on cattle stealing at Laguna del Gallo, which is not correct. The thieves are not harbored at Pinos Wello and Mr. Hill, the owner of the lake, is in no wise responsible for the burning that has been done. The owners of these ranches referred to are in no wise responsible for the stealing charged to their section, and any one visiting those ranches will be convinced.

Yours respectfully,

R. R. Eklund.

Ferguson Recommended.

Yesterday E. L. Foster, receiver of the suspended Silver City and Denning National banks, was in the city on business, and left this morning for the east. Neil B. Field has been officiating as attorney for Receiver Foster, but yesterday the gentleman recommended as his attorney, H. B. Ferguson, subject to the approval of the secretary of the treasury, and his recommendation was mailed at once to Washington. While Mr. Foster was in the city he was the guest of Receiver Scheldt, of the Albuquerque National bank.

The City Buried Him.

George Schreiner, the itinerate watchmaker, who succumbed by the mephitic route, was buried in Fairview cemetery yesterday afternoon by Undertaker Strong at the expense of the city. It was thought by some of his German associates that he was a member of the Old Fellow order at New Orleans, and T. A. Finkel telegraphed there for information in regard to the report and received a dispatch that no such name appeared upon the rolls of the Old Fellow lodges of that city. Hence his burial at the expense of the city.

A Dining Deal.

THE CITIZEN learned this afternoon that there is a deal going on between certain capitalists, represented here by a certain lawyer, and a well-known gentleman for some excellent mining property located adjacent to Albuquerque. The matter is not ripe enough yet to give all the facts, and as this paper respects the wishes of all interested parties, the public will be given full publication.

Louis Hunning, instead of returning his two sons to the academy in St. Louis, has placed them in the Goss Military Institute. The constant energy—grit—shown by Col. Goss under the trying time through which his institution has passed, assures the people of Albuquerque of an institution that knows no defeat.

Miss Anna Walton, who was the faithful stenographer for Browne, Manzanares & Co., Socorro, for over a year, and who is now a resident of this city, was tendered a grand ball in her honor before leaving that town. The Industrial Advertiser gave the lady a fine compliment, "send-off."

SAN MARCIAL.

Rio Grande Division Headquarters of the Santa Fe.

SAN MARCIAL, Jan. 10.

In May last the destruction of this town by fire was imminent, yet but one block facing the Harvey house was destroyed by the fire which raged for hours and swept away about \$40,000 worth of property, including stocks, the pretty opera house going under before the fierce flames. The latter was managed by E. Hockett, a retired master mechanic, who still resides here, in one of the finest dwellings forming a part of the pretty burg. The insurance paid out by the companies aggregated about \$18,000. Brick buildings now occupy about one-half of the devastated block, the sidewalks in front of which are laid with brick produced at the works in Socorro, as well as those used in the structures reared during the past year. These are all tenanted by business men, and are a decided improvement over the destroyed, many of which were adobe. There is no immediate prospect of a new opera house being constructed.

A. T. Hunt publishes the most presentable and newsy weekly, The Bee, south of Albuquerque. His sister, Dora, a young lady just out of her teens, who is assistant manager, sets the type, and makes up the paper. Mr. Hunt dividing time on the Las Cruces Republic.

The ladies' guild, of the Episcopal church, have raised by entertainments and balls upwards of \$700, which has been expended on the new church. It is now ready for the roof and will remain so until the ladies can secure further means. The windows have been donated, but cannot, of course, be made available until the building is closed in. Bishop Kendrick has made numerous visits and held services in the brick school house.

Rev. J. D. Bush preaches in the Methodist church. Mr. Bush, it will be remembered, sank two holes in the Fourth ward, and is still satisfied he can establish artesian wells in and about Albuquerque. He is interested in mines in this section.

November pay day is anxiously looked forward to during the present week. Last month \$30,000 was paid out in this division.

Joe Richards, a retired railroadman, incapacitated by reason of losing a limb, has charge of the railroad reading room, a well appointed convenience with card tables attached to afford hours of amusement for the city. Mrs. Richards is a friend of THE CITIZEN.

The Rio Grande division of the Santa Fe includes the branches to Magdalena, Cathego, Lake Valley and Silver City and the main line from Albuquerque to El Paso, a total mileage of 413 miles. Headquarters are located here, with all the accessories found at divisional points. Shipping from here is nearly non-stop. Engines, not far south, being a most important point for loading live stock, which are unloaded here for feeding, as at Wallace, thirty-seven miles above Albuquerque. F. J. Bailey succeeded T. H. Sears as superintendent several months ago, the latter going to Pueblo, Colo. Mr. Taylor is master mechanic; D. W. Hitchcock foreman; F. O. Blood division stockkeeper; F. C. Fox trainmaster; J. P. Colgan chief train dispatcher; and Wm. Oliver local agent.

The estimated population is 800. Old town, a mile south, has about 150. A town border to watch out for the needs of the town seems to be lacking, and this should be remedied at an early date.

Semi-monthly hops at the Harvey house, W. P. Nott, manager, will be in order commencing on the 15th inst.

The schools have been closed owing to many children being troubled with colds, indicating a tendency to diphtheria or other throat trouble.

Publisher Hunt went to Las Cruces a few days ago to install Al Peppin in the office of The Republican, the former being absent frequently. Albuquerque merchants patronize Mr. Hunt's paper liberally.

The Mexicans are doing more in farming and dairies of their products here. Joe Montgomery will be in Albuquerque soon to place a springy colt in training.

Water is found in abundance and game is plentiful. The Rio Grande supplies all needs for irrigating.

Several Mexican villages within a radius of ten miles are tributary to San Marcial, the latter place being well stocked to meet the trade of these pueblos.

Superintendent Easley is making a southern trip today. His home here is certainly the most attractive and commodious in town.

Since Friday last the mercury has fallen to the close vicinity of zero every night.

A BUSINESS DIRECTORY.

As a good many abroad, especially in Albuquerque, want to know something of the business and social elements of San Marcial, the annexed list will suffice. Of the railroad and officials thereof, mention is made above:

Bankers—J. N. Broyles.
Bakery—H. Foreman.
Boats and shores—S. Leyser, J. B. Allen, L. Lewenstein.
Barber—J. E. Nichols.
Blacksmith—W. K. Notgrass.
Beer and ice—C. H. Featherston.
Contractor—W. G. Lane.
Drugs—A. A. Shaw, L. C. Broyles.
Dry goods—S. G. Hanna, S. Leyser, J. B. Allen, H. Bonem, L. Lewenstein.
Grain, produce, hay—C. H. Featherston.
Groceries—J. N. Broyles, S. G. Hanna, S. Leyser.
General merchandise—J. B. Allen, S. Leyser.

Hotel—Harvey house.
Insurance—J. E. Nichols.
Jewelry—L. C. Broyles.
Lodgings—The San Marcial.
Meat markets—Joe Montgomery, A. B. Kly.
Newspaper—Weekly Bee.
Physicians—B. W. Rice, A. A. Shaw, C. V. Cruikshank.
Photographer—Wm. Phelps.
Restaurants—Mrs. H. Foreman, Mrs. Joe Montgomery, A. L. Kane.
Saloons—Horn Bros., T. A. Southgate, John Longworth, A. L. Kane, Armstrong Bros.
Churches—Methodist, Catholic, Episcopal.
Postoffice—Mrs. Vincell.
Societies—A. F. & M. E. of P., I. O. O. F., A. O. U. W., B. L. E. of B., T. B. of L. F.

Will Try to Break It.
Yesterday afternoon THE CITIZEN was introduced to F. W. Byrd, a prominent

SOCORRO.

Noted Town for Smelters and School of Mines.

Notes from The Citizen Special Correspondent.

SOCORRO, Jan. 9.

If you will examine a Spanish dictionary you will find that the word Socorro means succor, or in other words aid, relief, assistance. When a party of Spaniards camped at the Pueblo (this was some years ago, "possibly before Santa Fe was founded," said Sam Meek, of the sheriff's office), they were at the "end of the rope," so to speak, and the site of the present city of 3,000 inhabitants was a haven of rest to the travelers. This, then, was a good reason for naming the place Socorro. I was seeking for business, and failed to dig deeper into history, hence the meagre historical facts obtained.

At this critical period, in the first year of the present national administration, Socorro is undergoing what is common to all towns, a season of hard times, though it is favored in many respects with much that its big sister, the metropolis, lacks. In all departments the cry goes out, "Full times," notwithstanding the big smelter just west of the city is being operated, likewise the brewery on the north, the flour mill, and there is now a "grind" in Judge Freeman's court. What else there is to "keep things moving" I am not aware of, but the above, with the Fire Clay company's plant again in operation, little more could be wished for to create activity in the burg.

Remembrances of Santa Fe fit across my mind, the characteristics of the capital being quite apparent in many things, adobe houses outnumbering the modern structures. Of the latter the brick court house and public school, several business blocks and residences are observed.

To-day was pay-day at the smelter, some 100 men being made happier on this occasion. There are no idle days or nights at the smelter. A majority of the men employed are Mexicans, and the wages range from \$1.50 to \$5 per day.

The Fire Clay company shut down on Friday last, a shortage of coal compelling this action. After many experiments, changes of superintendents, appointment of a receiver, etc., the works are prepared to turn out fire, pavement and building brick, all of a satisfactory class. The clay of the best quality is hauled from the east bank of the Rio Grande.

The plant, now some three years old, has cost \$75,000, this including 16 acres of land and a score of town lots. C. H. Curtis, the receiver, said they expected to run by Friday, when he would go to Albuquerque to push trade. About twenty-five men will be employed when the works are in full working trim.

Greenwald's grist mill is filling Albuquerque orders for bran by the car load. In flour the trade is largely local.

The brewery is not rushed, but is kept going pretty much all the time. The Chief of Police, District Attorney Williams' pet hobby, while the democratic organ, also a weekly, The Industrial Advertiser, is published by J. H. McCutchen.

The Socorro hose company No. 1, who are not unfamiliar to Albuquerque, take care that the city is not exposed to the fiery elements.

Three hotels exist, Mrs. Blackington's Grand Central being regarded as the best. Col. Jennings is in charge of the office and Mrs. Blackington is always in call. It is really a good house and gets the best trade.

Judge Freeman will adjourn court this week. The juries have been discharged and little is left to clean up. Investigation is being made into the case of Padilla and Madrid by the United States commissioner. They are held for the murder of Jose Romero, a mail carrier, and are generally thought to be the wrong men. Parks, who killed Young, in the Kingston district, was placed in jail lately and will be tried at the May term.

The School of Mines, under the charge of Prof. Floyd Davis, has seven students, who are making progress in their studies.

The water canon project is assuming greater proportions and promising results are anticipated by the projectors, who expect to locate stamp mills at that place, 20 miles out west on the Magdalena branch of the Santa Fe. "Water canon is the summer resort of Socorro people," said an old resident.

The water works gets its supplies from the hot springs, three miles west.

Peter Simpson, of Albuquerque, was sheriff of Socorro county in the early eighties. His brother Robert is justice of the peace in a precinct near town.

T. F. Swanwick, who taught school in the Commercial club building last spring, is teaching in Park City, just west of town.

W. E. Martin, who was official court interpreter during Judge Lee's closing term, mingled with the court house people to-day. He resides here and expects to visit the metropolis soon.

The election of a mayordomo created some excitement yesterday, but no trouble ensued.

The Park house closed its dining room last evening, and will run without that department.

In politics the democracy have a big pull and the Baca family come in for a large share of the office.

J. C. Baldridge's branch house is doing the bulk of the trade in the lines carried.

H. R. Harris, who is well known in Albuquerque and Cerrillos, is a justice of the peace and sells real estate, etc.