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The News Printing Co.

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County Clerk

THE BELEN NEWS

VOLUME II

BELEN, NEW MEXICO, DECEMBER 3, 1914

NUMBER 51

Czar and Kaiser Face Each Other

Russian Cordon is Broken by Germans

Fighting in Western War Zone is Not Severe, Though Invaders Show Signs of Important Movement.

London, Dec. 1, (10 p. m.)—The battle in northern Poland, concerning the progress of which there has been so much mystery, is now being fought out under the eyes of the German emperor, on the one side and the Russian emperor on the other. These two monarchs left for the front today so that virtually the heads of all the nations at war are with their troops.

The king of England is in France; the king of Belgium, as usual, is spending all of his time with the soldiers, while President Poincare, of France, started today for another visit to the northern battlefield.

Official news from Poland continues to be scanty, and with both headquarters claiming success, it is impossible to say how the battle is going. Of its intensity, however, there can be no doubt.

The Germans when they started for Warsaw, dashed full tilt into a mass of Russian troops and forced their way so far in that the Russians closed on them. This was taken in Petrograd to mean that some of the German division had been cut off and that their surrender or annihilation was inevitable.

It appears, however, that fighting for their very lives and in the knowledge that a great defeat would end the German offensive and compel them to fall back on their own frontiers, the German troops succeeded in breaking through the Russian lines in one place and at another in holding their entrenchments against all the Russian attacks. Their flanks are still being harassed by the Cossacks, but seemingly the Russians are not now in a position to gain the sweeping victory they had anticipated.

The losses with the desperate fighting that has been going on for a fortnight, must necessarily be very heavy on both sides.

Against the Austro-German forces in the south, the Russians continue to gain more decisive results. They are now in possession of all the Austrians' positions protecting the Carpathian passes and are said to have arrived abreast of Cracow, while their captures for three weeks number 50,000 men.

In the west, although the German official report says there is nothing to report, the French official statements note a somewhat lively canonade in Belgian and

German activity in the north of Arras.

This may mean that the Germans have commenced or are about to commence another attempt to get through to the French ports. Certainly there are some important changes in the dispositions of the German troops, but what they foreshadow is known only to the German general staff.

Military men here take opposing camps, one side believing that the Germans will rest content with holding their present positions until the close of the battle in Poland, where they need all the men they can get, while the other looks for an immediate resumption of the battle in northern France and Flanders.

The Germans, too, according to Dutch reports, are strongly fortifying Zeebrugge and other Belgian ports against a renewal of the attack by the allied fleet. The fighting which has occurred around Ypres is due to the allies pushing their lines forward.

24 Contagious Diseases, But Not One Death

Twenty-four cases of contagious diseases were reported to the board of health of Albuquerque in November. This is just twenty-four more than the board usually receives reports of.

With this extraordinary amount of contagion, Albuquerque was fortunate in one respect—that not a single death resulted during the entire month from any of the contagious diseases. What deaths there were, came from other causes. Another fortunate fact is that the health authorities believe they have checked the spread of scarlet fever, which amounted to the proportions of a small epidemic and which was more prevalent than any of the other contagions.

The contagious diseases reported follow: Scarlet fever, thirteen; chickenpox, four; smallpox, three; mumps, three; typhoid fever, one. One of these cases of scarlet fever was contracted in Texas. Three other cases developed in homes where there was already scarlet fever.

Arbitration of Wage Question

Chicago, Ill., Nov. 30.—Arbitration of the differences over wages and hours of employment of 98 western railroads and their fifty-five thousand enginemen began here today before a board of arbitrators under the provisions of the Newlands act. It is regarded as the most important case thus far to come under the law.

In a general way it is stated that the wage increases sought by the men is about 10 per cent.

The board of arbitration today selected Judge Peter C. Prichard as chairman, and H. S. Milshead, of Washington, secretary. In an open statement W. S. Stone, grand chief engineer of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers, presented the case of the employees. He reviewed the conferences which preceded the present arbitration of the wage and service differences between the railroads and their employees.

He laid great stress on the hardships suffered by the men by the long hours of service, their hazards and their responsibility.

He said that they were entitled to better service conditions and higher wages than the railroad managers were inclined to accord them. He said the wage movement of the employees was begun two years ago and that later it was decided the Brotherhood of Locomotive Firemen and Enginemen should work with the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers in the presentation of the request to the railroad. He told of counter propositions submitted by the railroad managers, and of the joint conferences last winter which culminated in the agreement to arbitrate. Mr. Stone insisted that any award of the board of arbitration should not decrease the present wage rate, or increase the hours of service.

After describing the hardships of the men in the cab, and noting the traffic each year is becoming more congested, that each year the public demands faster time and better service, that each year larger locomotives are built and heavier tonnage is hauled, the chief engineer said: "And it must not be overlooked that all of these increased burdens fall on the same men, their number not having been increased for the purpose of dividing the work and responsibility.

Crad of Thanks.

We wish to express our thanks and appreciation for the kindly help and sympathy shown by our friends and neighbors in our recent sad bereavement.

Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Spreen.

Resolutions by High School

Whereas it hath seemed befitting in the judgement of the all wise God to call into his presence our esteemed friend and class-mate Fred Spreen; and whereas it hath removed from our midst one whose departure has left a vacancy and a void.

Be it resolved that we the pupils and teachers of the Belen High School cause his place of abode here to be draped in mourning for a period of thirty days.

Be it also resolved that a copy of these resolutions be published in the Belen News.

And be it further resolved that a copy of these resolutions together with a remembrance of our loss be presented to the Bereft Parents and family of the departed.

Signed:

Jessie Mallow
William Davidson
Helene Hoffmann
Florence Nelson
Nora Brumback
W. Melvin Fox

37, Death Toll by Hunting Accidents

Milwaukee, Wis., Nov. 30.—Thirty-seven deaths from hunting accidents in northern Wisconsin and Michigan is the toll in those districts so far as known during the fall season, ending at midnight tonight.

Of this number 24 hunters were slain in Wisconsin, three more than were killed in 1913. In Michigan, there were 13 fatalities.

It is estimated that about 15,000 hunters were in the woods of the upper peninsula of Michigan alone.

The Mona Bell Trial

Mona Bell, of Santa Fe, was placed on trial in the United States district court at Albuquerque Monday morning on the charge of violating the Mann law. She is accused of paying the fare of three girls from Denver to Santa Fe for immoral purposes. Two of the girls, Hazel Klock and Clara Joyce, made statements upon which the government founded the charges against Madame Bell.

June Kennedy was the first witness called and she was on the stand for the greater part of the day. The Klock girl followed her. The defendant is said to have given them checks in Denver with which they procured their transportation to Santa Fe.

Assistant United States District Attorney H. G. Coors, Jr., represents the government in the case, while Renehan & Wright are counsel for the Bell woman.

Goob Order is Kept by Villa and Zapata

Americans Find no Grounds For Complaint

Special Care is Taken for Protection of Spaniards Who are Shown Every Possible Consideration.

Vera Cruz, Dec. 1.—That General Francisco Villa has entered Mexico City under a working agreement with Emiliano Zapata, seemingly has not lowered the spirits of the followers of Venustiano Carranza here. They say that the campaign against the partnership will be pushed vigorously from the west, south and north.

General Carranza is visiting Tezuitlan, the terminus of the branch of the Inter-oceanic railroad extending towards Tuxpam, and was delayed on his return to Vera Cruz. General Obregon has left General Carranza's party and gone farther into the interior, to Puebla, it is said.

Being unable to operate the road on account of the conditions brought about by the followers of Emiliano Zapata, W. Moreon, manager of the Mexican railways, has turned over the property temporarily to the military authorities, according to reports received here.

The constitutionalists are operating the road from Vera Cruz to a point near where it is cut and beyond that point the Zapata men presumably are working it.

Washington, Dec. 1.—Optimistic reports showing that the Villa-Zapata coalition supporting the provisional government of Eulalio Gutierrez, established by the recent national convention at Aguas Calientes, was maintaining order in Mexico City and restoring normal conditions there, were made public today at the state department.

Two dispatches from American Consul Stillman, and the Brazilian minister at Mexico City, which were read to President Wilson and his cabinet by Secretary Bryan, were given out tonight. They show that while General Emiliano Zapata has been in Mexico City, he has declined to go to the national palace, keeping his headquarters in the suburbs. Unofficial information from the Mexican capital is to the effect that General Villa similarly has arrived in the outskirts of the city and that both chiefs await the arrival of Provisional President Gutierrez.

The official dispatches gave a much more hopeful and optimistic view of conditions than the American government has received in many weeks. Following is the summary issued by the

state department of a telegram from the Brazilian minister dated 2 p. m., Sunday, and just received:

"A few cases of robbery and violence by irresponsible bands were reported in the suburbs during the first two days of occupation by Zapatistas. They were against Mexicans and foreigners indiscriminately. Americans included, but such have been punished—even with the execution of the culprits in some instances.

Nearly \$17,000 from Automobile Licenses

Automobile licenses gave the state of New Mexico a net revenue of \$16,967.26 in the fiscal year ended Monday.

A total of 3,084 licenses for automobiles was issued in the twelve months, and the fees collected paid the salary of an automobile department clerk, bought the number tags and the stationery used, and covered the other incidental expenses of the department in addition to giving the state the revenue mentioned.

The automobile licenses issued in the preceding fiscal year amounted to only 1,898. The increase during the fiscal year just ended was 1,186.

Secretary of State Lucero made his last remittance to the state treasurer for the fiscal year Tuesday morning, and this remittance brought the total of the office to \$18,291.76. Besides the net revenue of \$16,967.26 from automobile licenses, this amount included \$783.20 from notary fees, \$152.10 from the sale of statutes, and \$429.20 from miscellaneous items. The November remittance totaled \$2,752.57, and included \$2,353.26 from automobile licenses, \$271.10 from notary fees, \$112.10 from sales of statutes, and \$113 from miscellaneous collections.

The entire net revenue from the sale of automobile licenses goes into the road improvement fund.

The rain of last Tuesday while good to the country has turned the weather quite chilly.

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PHONE No. 34

Improving the Breed by Law

That the enforcement through legal agencies of the principles of eugenics, admirable as they are, belongs to a future ideal state of society, and not to the imperfect present, is the opinion of such authorities as Dr. William Mabon, superintendent of the Manhattan state hospital and chairman of the Medico-Psychological association's committee which has studied the subject with scientific care, and certainly without prejudice against any practicable scheme for race improvement. The conclusions of the committee were supported by the society at its meeting, when resolutions advocating "clean bills of health" and "evidence of normal mind" in candidates for marriage licenses were emphatically rejected by it.

Like most reformers, the eugenicists move too fast. They would remake a world over night, and change the habits of a whole race by writing a law on the statute books. Not only would the course which they advocate fail to accomplish the purpose they desire, but it would inevitably bring in its train unnecessary suffering and lawlessness. But this is not to say that their crusade will accomplish no good. On the contrary, as Dr. Mabon says:

"I do think that, as education of the people continues, and the lay public becomes more and more familiar with the consequences of the marriage of unfit persons, the health of a prospective husband or wife will exert a more and more powerful influence and that love will move within a narrower range and reason in a wider."

It will be observed that Mr Mabon does not exclude love from his highly educated, sensitive and responsibility-acknowledging society. He restricts its field somewhat by extending the province of reason. Nor is this a mere dream. Most persons have knowledge of cases in which strong passions have been curbed and the natural desires of those possessed by them restrained through the operation of a realization of physical or mental unfitness for their fulfill-

ment. One of Dr. Doyle's stories is based on an incident of this nature, and we presume that scarcely a medical man on the roster is unacquainted with cases of the kind.

What the Medico-Psychological association has done is to acknowledge the impotency of law to bring about a condition that can be attained only through education. If other societies would recognize, as it does, that all progress is not measured by statutory enactments, a good many mischievous laws would soon cease to encumber the books; and were the money expended in ineffectual efforts to enforce them devoted to the cause of education the advent of ideal conditions might be brought appreciably closer.

Listen, Daughter

Listen, daughter, don't go moping around the house and sighing like a freight train cutting loose the air brakes; and don't be walking around with your eyes all puffed up and red from tears, simply because you can't have clothes that wouldn't look good anywhere except on one of those freak magazine-cover girls. I know it's a pretty tough old world, from your range of vision, because your ma and I have forbidden you to wear skirts that are too high and waists that are too low. I know, child, that some of the other girls are chasing around the streets in costumes that would shame a burlesque troupe and attracting lots of attention; but did you ever notice just what kind of attention they attract? Of course you haven't. You don't happen to be within earshot when some of the boys say what they really think about the "other girls". Thank God you don't. You're too young to know those things yet awhile.

You say the other girls laugh at your simple, pretty little frocks and at your freckles. Let 'em laugh! That shows they are the other kind of girls. Your mother and I met each other long, long ago. I loved her enough to ask her to marry me and she cared enough for me to answer "Yes." We've been happy ever since, haven't we, Ma? Our marriage took. It didn't take no split skirt or silhouette gown to make me fall in love with your mother. She never had such contraptions on in her life. And I didn't go prancing up and down Main street with a monkey hat on the back of my head and a cigarette poked out in front of my face.

Let the other girls smile if they want to, but just wait for the finish. You won't find the decent chaps, the kind I would like to give my little girl to, marrying any of the "other girls."

That's right, have a good cry if you want to, it'll do you good. But remember, Dad knows best. So put on that pretty little dress,

the one we all like—and we'll all go to the moving picture show and have some ice cream afterwards. Hurry up! It's getting late, and we don't want to miss Warren Kerrington. That's right—smile!

Ring Around

Mary had a little ring, 'twas given her by Joe,
And everywhere that Mary went that ring was sure to go.

She took the ring with her one day when she went out to tea

Where she might show it to the girls who numbered 23.

And when the girls all saw the ring they made a great ado.

And all exclaimed in chorus: "Has it at last got 'round to YOU?"

Method in Madness

Buy a bale o' cotton, Bill
Buy a heavy ham
Buy a bar'l of apple sass
Buy a jar o' Jam.

Buy a box of oranges
Buy a car of oats
Buy yourself a suit of clothes
Buy some overcoats.

Buy yourself a ton of hay
Buy a load of bricks
Buy a pair of rubber boots
Buy a flock of chicks.

Buy yourself some chewing gum
Buy it by the box
Buy yourself an auto
Buy a dozen sox.

Buy a year's subscription
Pay it in advance
Than your friend, ye editor
Can buy a pair o' pants.

E. F. McIntyre

Get License If You Want to
Shoot Rabbits and
Coyotes.

Hereafter those who hunt rabbits, coyotes, and other animals not included in the protected game list without first obtaining a license will do so at the risk of being taken into court charged with violation of the game laws.

This is in accordance with instructions sent out to several deputy game wardens by the state game and fish warden's office.

The fact that some hunters who go out supposedly for rabbits and wolves are killing protected game has been recently reported by deputy game wardens in several sections of the state. While the state law does not specifically provide for licenses for hunting animals not in the list of protected game, it does not except them from the requirement, and it is held that this fact gives the game warden a right to demand a license in every instance. The complaints made by the deputy game wardens that hunters without licenses have been killing protected game resulted in the instructions.

Lumber, Coal, Wood and Kindling,
Sash, Doors and Glass, Paints and all Papers
BUILDING MATERIAL OF ALL KINDS
PEOPLES LUMBER COMAPNY
BELEN, NEW MEXICO

MARKETING WORLD'S GREATEST PROBLEM

WE ARE LONG ON PRODUCTION,
SHORT ON DISTRIBUTION.

By Peter Radford
Lecturer National Farmers' Union.

The economic distribution of farm products is today the world's greatest problem and the war, while it has brought its hardships, has clearly emphasized the importance of distribution as a factor in American agriculture and promises to give the farmers the co-operation of the government and the business men the solution of their marketing problem. This result will, in a measure, compensate us for our war losses, for the business interests and government have been in the main assisting almost exclusively on the production side of agriculture. While the department of agriculture has been dumping tons of literature on the farmer telling him how to produce, the farmer has been dumping tons of products in the nation's garbage can for want of a market.

The World Will Never Starve.
At no time since Adam and Eve were driven from the Garden of Eden have the inhabitants of this world suffered from lack of production, but some people have gone hungry from the day of creation to this good hour for the lack of proper distribution. Slight variations in production have forced a change in diet and one locality has felt the pinch of want, while another surfeited, but the world as a whole has ever been a land of plenty.

We now have less than one-tenth of the tillable land of the earth's surface under cultivation, and we not only have this surplus area to draw on but it is safe to estimate that in case of dire necessity one-half the earth's population could at the present time knock their living out of the trees of the forest, gather it from wild vines and draw it from streams. No one should become alarmed; the world will never starve.

The consumer has always feared that the producer would not supply him and his fright has found expression on the statute books of our states and nations and the farmer has been urged to produce recklessly and without reference to a market, and regardless of the demands of the consumer.

Back to the Soil.
The city people have been urging each other to move back to the farm, but very few of them have moved. We welcome our city cousins back to the soil and this earth's surface contains 16,092,160,000 idle acres of tillable land where they can make a living by tilling the earth with a forked stick, but we do not need them so far as increasing production is concerned; we now have all the producers we can use. The city man has very erroneous ideas of agricultural conditions. The commonly accepted theory that we are short on production is all wrong. Our annual increase in production far exceeds that of our increase in population.

The World as a Farm.
Taking the world as one big farm, we find two billion acres of land in cultivation. Of this amount there is approximately 750,000,000 acres on the western and 1,260,000,000 acres on the eastern hemisphere, in cultivation. This estimate, of course, does not include grazing lands, forests, etc., where large quantities of meat are produced.

The world's annual crop approximates fifteen billion bushels of cereals, thirteen billion pounds of fibre and sixty-five million tons of meat.

The average annual world crop for the past five years, compared with the previous five years, is as follows:

Crops—	Past Half Decade.	Previous Half Decade.
Corn (Bu.)	3,934,174,000	3,403,655,000
Wheat (Bu.)	3,522,769,000	3,257,526,000
Oats (Bu.)	4,120,017,000	3,598,315,000
Cotton (Bales)	19,863,800	17,541,200

The world shows an average increase in cereal production of 12 per cent during the past decade, compared with the previous five years, while the world's population shows an increase of only three per cent.

The gain in production far exceeds that of our increase in population, and it is safe to estimate that the farmer can easily increase production 25 per cent if a remunerative market can be found for the products. In textile fibres the world shows an increase during the past half decade in production of 15 per cent against a population increase of three per cent.

The people of this nation should address themselves to the subject of improved facilities for distribution.

Over-production and crop mortgage force the farmers into ruinous competition with each other. The remedy lies in organization and in co-operation in marketing.

M. C. SPICER
Attorney at law
Practice in All the Courts of the State
Belen, New Mexico

Market Quotations.

From Kansas City Stock Yards:
October 14, 1914.

The following quotations of today's market are furnished by C. J. Mustion Wool Commission Co., 1739-1743 Genesee St., Kansas City, Mo.:

Country hides and pelts steady.
Green salt natives, No. 1 country hides, 16c per pound.

Green salt side branded, over 40 lb. flat, 14c per pound.

Green salt calfskins, No. 1, 17c per pound.

Deacons, 65c to \$1.00 each.
Slunks, 25c to 50c each.

Dry salt hides, 20c per pound.
Dry flint hides, 25c per pound.

Green horse hides, large \$5.00 each.

Dry full wool sheep pelts, 15c per pound.

Green salt sheep pelts, 50c to \$1.25 each.

Green salt shearings, 20c to 50c each.

For Sale or Trade For Real Estate.

One first class two seat carriage and a No 1 team of black horses. No better team in town. Apply at this office.

WHY send away for your Letter Heads and Envelopes when you can have them for the same price at home. Give Us a Trial.

EVERYTHING A MAN NEEDS

\$1 Complete Shaving Outfit \$1
10 Articles 10

To advertise our Universal Shaving Outfit and Universal Products we will for a limited time only, send this well worth \$3.00 Shaving Outfit for \$1.00. We sell our products to the consumer direct and therefore you save all agents' profits which as you know are very large.

1 Hollow Ground Razor.
1 5-inch Lather Brush.
1 Razor Strip, Canvas Back.
1 Nickel Easel Back Mirror.
1 33-inch Barber Towel.
1 Bar Shaving Soap.
1 Box Talcum Powder.
1 Decorated China Mug.
1 Aluminum Barber Comb.
1 Bristle Hair Brush.
Agents need not write.
Each outfit packed in neat box \$1.00. Coin or Money Order, postage, 10c extra.

UNIVERSAL PRODUCTS CO.
Dayton, Ohio.

5 FOR YOUR DEN 5

Beautiful College Pennants
Yale and Harvard, each 9x12 in.
Princeton, Cornell, Michigan
Each 7 in. x 21 in.

All best quality felt with felt heading, streamers, letters and mascot executed in proper colors. This splendid assortment sent postpaid for 50 cents and 5 stamps to pay postage. Send now. HOWARD SPECIALTY COMPANY, Dayton, Ohio.

SPECIAL HOSIERY OFFER

Warranted Wear-Ever Hosiery For Men and Women

Ladies' Special Offer

For Limited Time Only—

Six pair of our finest 35c value ladies' guaranteed hose in black or tan colors with written guarantee, for \$1.00 and 5 stamps for postage.

SPECIAL OFFER FOR MEN

For a limited time only, six pairs of our finest 35c value Guaranteed Hose, with written guarantee and a pair of our well known Men's Paradise Garters for One Dollar, and 5 stamps for postage.

You know these hose; they stood the test when all others failed. They give real foot comfort. They have no seams to rip. They never become loose and baggy as the shape is knit in, not pressed in. They are Guaranteed for fineness, for style, for superiority of material and workmanship, absolutely stainless and to wear six months without holes, or a new pair free.

Don't delay; send in your order before offer expires. Give correct size.

WEAR-EVER HOSIERY COMPANY, Dayton, Ohio.

AUTOMOBILE TIRES AT FACTORY PRICES

SAVE FROM 30 to 60 PER CENT

	Tire	Tube	Reliner
28x3	\$ 7.20	\$1.65	\$1.35
30x3	7.80	1.95	1.40
30x3 1-2	10.80	2.80	1.00
32x2 1-2	11.90	2.95	2.00
34x3 1-2	12.40	3.00	2.05
32x4	13.70	3.35	2.40
33x4	14.80	3.50	2.45
34x4	16.80	3.60	2.60
36x4	17.85	3.90	2.80
35x4 1-2	19.75	4.85	3.45
36x4 1-2	19.85	4.90	3.60
37x4 1-2	21.50	5.10	3.70
37x5	24.90	5.90	4.20

All other sizes in stock. Non-Skid tires 15 per cent additional, red tubes ten per cent above gray. All new, clean, fresh, guaranteed tires. Best standard and independent makes. Buy direct from us and save money. 5 per cent discount if payment in full accompanies each order. C. O. D. on 10 per cent deposit. Allowing examination.

TIRE FACTORIES SALES CO
Dept. A Dayton, Ohio.

SANTA FE TIME CARD.

Effective December 7, 1913.
Belen, New Mexico.

Northbound.

810 For Albuquerque and East 5:40 a. m.
816 For Albuquerque and East 5:15 p. m.

Southbound

809 El Paso & Mex. Ex., 1:20 a. m.
815 El Paso Passenger, 9:33 a. m.

Cut-off Trains

Ar. Dep. p. m. p. m.

812 From Pecos Valley, 7:15... 7:40
811 Pecos Valley Ex., 8:55... 9:00

C. F. Jones, Agent.

GRATIS GRATIS
A Quién lo Pida.
Un Catálogo Joyería con Nuestras Ofertas de Gargantas Especiales. Pídale para cuando necesite algo a su familia. Al recibirlo mencionen este periódico.
ZINCK & CO.
2404 Campbell Ave., CHICAGO, U.S.A.

Luke McLuke Says

A man can lie out of a lot of things. But he can't deny it when he eats onions.

A man will pay a dollar for a 50c article that he wants. A woman will pay 49 cents for a 39 cent article she doesn't want.

A girl is real proud when she graduates from college with a B. A. But she is even prouder when she enters the school of matrimony and ads B Y to her degree.

A girl can wear a long skirt

THE PATRIOTIC DOLLAR

CONGRESS DECREES DOLLARS INDULGING IN LUXURIES MUST FIRST SALUTE THE FLAG.

War Revenue Tax of \$105,000,000 Levied—Beer Bears Brunt of Burden.

Congress has levied a war tax of \$105,000,000 to offset a similar amount of loss on import revenue due to the European disturbances and of this amount beer is the heaviest contributor, having been assessed approximately \$50,000,000; a stamp tax on negotiable instruments, it is estimated, will yield \$31,000,000; a tax on the capital stock of banks of \$4,200,000 and a tax on tobacco, perfumes, theater tickets, etc., makes the remainder.

Congress has decreed that the brewer, the banker and the investor must shoulder the musket and march to the front; that millady who would add to her beauty must first tip Uncle Sam, and a dollar that seeks pleasure must first salute the flag; that Pleasure and Profit—the twin heroes of many wars—shall fight the nation's battles and by an ingeniously arranged schedule of taxation congress has shifted the war budget from the shoulders of Necessity to those of Choice and Gain, touching in its various ramifications almost every line of business.

All hail the dollar that bleeds for its country; that bares its breast to the fortunes of war and risks its life to preserve the stability and integrity of the nation's credit.

The market place has always been a favorite stand for war revenue collectors. The trader is a great financial patriot. His dollar is the first to rally around the star-spangled banner and the last to hear the coo of the dove of peace. He is called upon to buy cannon; to feed and clothe the boys in blue and each month cheer their hearts with the coin of the realm. Men can neither be free nor brave without food and ammunition, and money is as important a factor in war as blood. Many monuments have been erected in honor of heroes slain in battles, poems have been written eulogizing their noble deeds and the nation honors its soldiers while they live and places a monument upon their graves when they die, but very little has been said of the dollar that bears the burdens of war.

Honor to the Dollar that Bears the Burdens of War.

All honor to the dollar that answers the call to arms and, when the battle is over, bandages the wounds of stricken soldiers, lays a wreath upon the graves of fallen heroes and cares for the widows and orphans.

All honor to the industries that bend their backs under the burdens of war; lift the weight from the shoulders of the poor and build a bulwark around the nation's credit.

All honor to those who contribute to the necessities and administer to the comforts of the boys who are marching; cool the fever of afflicted soldiers and kneel with the cross beside dying heroes.

A dollar may fight its competitor in business, industries may struggle for supremacy in trade and occupations may view each other with envy or suspicion, but when the bugle calls they bury strife and rally around the flag, companions and friends, mess mates and chums, all fighting for one flag, one cause and one country.

The luxuries in life have always been the great burden-bearers in government. We will mention a few of them giving the annual contributions to the nation's treasury: Liquor, \$250,000,000; tobacco, \$103,000,000; sugar, \$54,000,000; silks, \$15,500,000; diamonds, \$3,837,000; millinery, \$2,479,000; furs, \$2,024,000 and automobiles, \$870,000. We collect \$665,000,000 of internal and custom revenue annually and \$450,000,000 of this amount classifies as luxuries, and to this amount we should add the \$100,000,000 war tax now levied.

The war tax is immediately effective. Tramp! Tramp! Tramp! the industries are marching \$100,000,000 strong and beneath the starry flag they will fill the treasury again while they shout, "Hurrah for Uncle Sam!"

and make it display more boyish-ery than if she wore a short skirt. It is all in the management.

A mother never changes. When her son is 40 years old and wears long whiskers she won't call him anything else but

EUROPEAN WAR SHATTERS KING COTTON'S THRONE

FLEECY STAPLE MUST PAY RANSOM INTO THE COFFERS OF WAR.

Nation Rings With Cries of Stricken Industry.

By Peter Radford
Lecturer National Farmers' Union.

King Cotton has suffered more from the European war than any other agricultural product on the American continent. The shells of the belligerents have burst over his throne, frightening his subjects and shattering his markets, and, panic-stricken, the nation cries out "God save the king!"

People from every walk of life have contributed their mite toward rescue work. Society has danced before the king; millady has decreed that the family wardrobe shall contain only cotton goods; the press has pleaded with the public to "buy a bale"; bankers have been formulating holding plans; congress and legislative bodies have deliberated over relief measures; statesmen and writers have grown eloquent expounding the inalienable rights of "His Majesty" and presenting schemes for preserving the financial integrity of the stricken staple, but the sword of Europe has proved mightier than the pen of America in fixing value upon this product of the sunny south. Prices have been bayoneted, values, riddled and markets decimated by the battling hosts of the eastern hemisphere until the American farmer has suffered a war loss of \$400,000,000, and a bale of cotton brave enough to enter a European port must pay a ransom of half its value or go to prison until the war is over.

Hope of the Future Lies in Co-operation.

The Farmers' Union, through the columns of the press, wants to thank the American people for the friendship, sympathy and assistance given the cotton farmers in the hour of distress and to direct attention to co-operative methods necessary to permanently assist the marketing of all farm products.

The present emergency presents as grave a situation as ever confronted the American farmer and from the viewpoint of the producer, would seem to justify extraordinary relief measures, even to the point of bending the constitution and straining business rules in order to lift a portion of the burden off the backs of the farmer, for unless something is done to check the invasion of the war forces upon the cotton fields, the pathway of the European pestilence on this continent will be strewn with mortgaged homes and famine and poverty will stalk over the southland, filling the highways of industry with refugees and the bankruptcy court with prisoners.

All calamities teach us lessons and the present crisis serves to illuminate the frailties of our marketing methods and the weakness of our credit system, and out of the financial anguish and travail of the cotton farmer will come a volume of discussion and a mass of suggestions and finally a solution of this, the biggest problem in the economic life of America. If, indeed, we have not already laid the foundation for at least temporary relief.

More Pharaohs Needed in Agriculture.

Farm products have no credit and perhaps can never have on a permanent and satisfactory basis unless we build warehouses, cold storage plants, elevators, etc., for without storage and credit facilities, the south is compelled to dump its crop on the market at harvest time. The Farmers' Union in the cotton producing states have for the past ten years persistently advocated the construction of storage facilities. We have built during this period 2,000 warehouses with a capacity of approximately 4,000,000 bales and looking backward the results would seem encouraging, but looking forward, we are able to house less than one-third of the crop and warehouses without a credit system lose 90 per cent of their usefulness. The problem is a gigantic one—too great for the farmer to solve unaided. He must have the assistance of the banker, the merchant and the government.

In production we have reached the high water mark of perfection in the world's history, but our marketing methods are most primitive. In the dawn of history we find agriculture plowing with a forked stick but with a system of warehouses under governmental supervision that made the Egyptians the marvel of civilization, for who has not admired the vision of Joseph and applauded the wisdom of Pharaoh for storing the surplus until demanded by the consumer, but in this age we have too many Josephs who dream and not enough Pharaohs who build.

"Willie".

The Scientists must be losing their grip on the Peepul. In December of last year the Harvard savants announced the Great Discovery that nearly all women are Knock-kneed. But you may have noticed that the fool men keep on getting married and taking a chance.

THE RURAL CHURCH

THE FARMERS THE CUSTODIANS OF THE NATION'S MORALITY.

Co-operation of Church, School and Press Essential to Community Building.

By Peter Radford
Lecturer National Farmers' Union.

The church, the press and the school form a triple alliance of progress that guides the destiny of every community, state and nation. Without them civilization would wither and die and through them life may attain its greatest blessing, power and knowledge. The farmers of this nation are greatly indebted to this social triumvirate for their uplifting influence, and on behalf of the American plowmen I want to thank those engaged in these high callings for their able and efficient service, and I shall offer to the press a series of articles on co-operation between these important influences and the farmers in the hope of increasing the efficiency of all by mutual understanding and organized effort. We will take up, first, the rural church.

The Farmers Are Great Church Builders.

The American farmer is the greatest church builder the world has ever known. He is the custodian of the nation's morality; upon his shoulders rests the "ark of the covenant" and he is more responsive to religious influences than any other class of citizenship.

The farmers of this nation have built 120,000 churches at a cost of \$750,000,000, and the annual contribution of the nation toward all church institutions approximates \$200,000,000 per annum. The farmers of the United States build 22 churches per day. There are 20,000,000 rural church communicants on the farm, and 54 per cent of the total membership of all churches reside in the country.

The farm is the power-house of all progress and the birthplace of all that is noble. The Garden of Eden was in the country and the man who would get close to God must first get close to nature.

The Functions of a Rural Church.

If the rural churches today are going to render a service which this age demands, there must be co-operation between the religious, social and economic life of the community.

The church to attain its fullest measure of success must enrich the lives of the people in the community it serves; it must build character; develop thought and increase the efficiency of human life. It must serve the social, business and intellectual, as well as the spiritual and moral side of life. If religion does not make a man more capable, more useful and more just, what good is it? We want a practical religion, one we can live by and farm by, as well as die by.

Fewer and Better Churches.

Blessed is that rural community which has but one place of worship. While competition is the life of trade, it is death to the rural church and moral starvation to the community. Petty sectarianism is a scourge that blights the life, and the church prejudice saps the vitality of many communities. An over-churched community is a crime against religion, a serious handicap to society and a useless tax upon agriculture.

While denominations are essential and church pride commendable, the high teaching of universal Christianity must prevail if the rural church is to fulfill its mission to agriculture.

We frequently have three or four churches in a community which is not able to adequately support one. Small congregations attend services once a month and all fail to perform the religious functions of the community. The division of religious forces and the breaking into fragments of moral efforts is oftentimes little less than a calamity and defeats the very purpose they seek to promote.

The evils of too many churches can be minimized by co-operation. The social and economic life of a rural community are respective units and cannot be successfully divided by denominational lines, and the churches can only occupy this important field by co-operation and co-ordination.

The efficient country church will definitely serve its community by leading in all worthy efforts at community building, in uniting the people in all co-operative endeavors for the general welfare of the community and in arousing a real love for country life and loyalty to the country home and these results can only be successfully accomplished by the united effort of the press, the school, the church and organized farmers.

ried and taking a chance.

A Massachusetts girl cut off her hair in her sleep. Most girls yank it off before they go to sleep.

The Hibrows claim that the use of a medicated tissue screen will make kissing "safe and sanitary." It may make it sanitary, but there isn't any way to make kissing safe.

It must be a terrible jar to the Reformers to realize that the fellows who Smoke Cigaretts manage to cop out so many good jobs.

PREMIER Non-Puncture Auto Tire

Guaranteed 7,500 Miles Service

These tires bear the greatest known mileage guarantee, yet are sold at a price even less than tires of ordinary guarantee. This guarantee covers punctures, blow-outs and general wear. Guarantee covers 7,500 miles service against everything except abuse. These tires are intended for most severe service.

Orders have been received for these tires for use in United States Government Service.

As a SPECIAL INTRODUCTION offer, we will allow the following prices for the next ten days:

TIRES—TUBES		
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30x3 1-2	13.50	2.80
32x3 1-2	14.05	3.00
33x3 1-2	15.25	3.20
31x4	17.00	3.25
32x4	18.00	3.30
33x4	19.50	3.40
34x4	20.40	3.60
35x4	21.00	3.80
36x4	22.00	3.90
35x4 1-2	26.00	5.00
36x4 1-2	27.00	5.10
37x4 1-2	27.50	5.20
37x5	36.60	5.90

All other sizes. Non-skids 20 per cent extra. 5 per cent discount if payment in full. Companies order and if two are so ordered, shipping charges will be paid by us. C. O. D. on 15 per cent of amount of order. Our output is limited, so we suggest early ordering. We sell direct only, giving purchaser the advantage of all middlemen's profits.

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No doubt you are, if you suffer from any of the numerous ailments to which all women are subject. Headache, backache, weakness, nervousness, weak, tired feeling, are some of the symptoms, and you must rid yourself of them in order to feel well. Thousands of women, who have been benefited by this remedy, urge you to

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Our Free Offer: We are adver-

ising Spearmint Chewing Gum and desire to place a big box of this fine, healthful gum into every home. It sweetens the breath—whitens the teeth and aids digestion. It is refreshing and pleasing to all. To everyone sending us but 50c and 5 stamps to cover shipping costs we will ship a big box of 20 regular 5c packages of the Spearmint Gum and include the elegant "Tango" necklace and "Evelyn Thaw" bracelet absolutely free.

This offer is for a short time only. Not more than 2 orders to one party. Dealers not allowed to accept this.

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LOCAL

Subscribe to The News and you will get a lively paper, full of good reading.

Mrs. Stauffer arrived in Belen Monday from Mountainair on a visit to her sister, Mrs. Dills.

Mrs. Ed. M. Otero and Miss Cirila Manderfield were visitors in town yesterday, coming overland from Los Lunas.

A bakery and a new stable have been opened in town in the last few days, which goes to show that times aren't really so bad in Belen, after all.

Dr. S. L. Wilkinson and D. Garcia are the latest to become possessors of autos in town, each having got himself a Ford car in the last few days.

The W. C. T. U. had its last meeting at the home of Mrs. Cassel on Friday, and will hold its next meeting on the 11th at the residence of Mrs. Radcliff.

The election for justices of the peace and constables in the several precincts in the county will take place next month, and already several candidates for these important positions are looming up and the campaign is waxing warm.

There will be an election for mayordomos and directors of acequias in the several acequia districts in the county, and the several persons interested have been busy these days having the ballots printed, electioneering, etc.

Mr. J. D. Alarid, of Santa Fe, left for home yesterday after a stay of several days in Belen. Mr. Alarid came to Belen to await the arrival of a grandchild, which came in due time, a fine baby girl being born to his daughter, Mrs. Henry Sanchez, on the 24th of last month.

Municipal Dance Halls

Chicago, Dec. 1.—To guard against the evils of privately conducted dance halls, Chicago this week will open its own halls. The first municipal hall will probably open tomorrow night, with an address by the mayor.

Tradition Exploded.

Clayton, N. M., Dec. 1.—Another of the time-worn theories—that of the immunity of a hog from the poison of a rattlesnake—has been shattered. In a fight between a boar and a rattlesnake on the J. M. Mize farm in Romero Valley, the hog was bitten repeatedly and died later. The rat-ler got away.

Sir Knights Condemn Mexican Atrocities.

Las Vegas, N. M., Dec. 1.—At a meeting of the Las Vegas council of the Knights of Columbus resolutions condemning the state of affairs in Mexico, which

has resulted in the despoilation of church property and the abuse and mistreatment of many priests and nuns, were passed. According to a protest filed with President Wilson some time ago by a committee of prominent Catholics of the United States, the Catholics of Mexico have been singled out lately for abuse by those in authority. The resolutions passed by the local council correspond to similar resolutions passed by several other councils of the order throughout the country.

Another Didn't-Know-It-Was Loaded Accident

Socorro, N. M., Nov. 30.—The weekly New Mexican rifle accident occurred at Socorro this time.

When J. M. Thomas, a Santa Fe employe, returned from a turkey-shoot to his car on the track near the station, he set his rifle in the corner without extracting the cartridge. His ten year old boy, Dewey, picked up the weapon and, thinking it was not loaded, handled it so carelessly that it was discharged and the bullet passed from side to side through the back of his little seven year old sister, Nellie, inflicting a dangerous wound. Luckily, the bullet did not hit the spinal column, so that no serious results are likely to follow. The wounded girl was hurried to the Socorro hospital. She is doing well and there are hopes for her recovery.

Gates Closed to The Public at San Diego Exposition

San Diego, Calif., Nov. 30.—With the closing of the gates to the public today, in order that the last month of 1914 may be devoted entirely to the rapid installation of foreign and domestic exhibits, the San Diego Exposition enters on the last lap of the pre-opening period. On Dec. 31, at sunset, gates will once more be thrown open and at midnight, with the arrival of 1915, a telegraph flash from the White House and the boom of the guns on the battleships in the bay of San Diego will open officially the first all-year Exposition in history.

President Wilson will not be in San Diego on New Year's day and the telegraphed signal must serve as a substitute for his presence. Two months later, according to information from Washington, the president will pass through the Panama canal with the fleet of American battleships and proceed up the coast to San Diego, the first port of call, for a two-days stay at the Exposition. He then will move on to the north for the sister exposition at San Francisco, which will open on

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Feb. 20. His stay in southern California will be marked by special celebrations, notably the most impressive of the Aztec ceremonies and a tremendous showing of the midwinter flowers of southern California where frost never comes.

Many reservations are now being made at the local restaurants, more especially those on the Isthmus and elsewhere in the Exposition grounds, by large parties from different parts of the west intent on being in San Diego for the opening night, looked upon as the "big night" in southern California history. Uniforms for the Spanish bandmen, the Spanish dancing girls, the conquistadores who will act as attendants and the Balboa guards, the name of the Pinkerton operatives who have arrived and the display is striking. The whole atmosphere is Spanish.

Odd Bits of News

Sodaville, Nev.—W. E. Noble, desert teamster, shot at a rattler recently. The bullet passed through the snake's head and struck a rock, splitting it. The rock assayed \$150 a ton gold and 900 ounces of silver. At present there are 2500 tons of ore in sight.

San Bernardino, Calif.—Fishing for rattlesnakes is the latest sport around here. Fish hooks are fastened to bamboo poles and held near the snakes. The snake strikes at the end of the pole and become hooked.

New York.—Dr. Wright, the eminent sociologist, has created a sensation by showing the increasing quantities of opium that are being consumed in the United States. He declares that the annual requirement for legitimate medical and other purposes is 60,000 pounds, but that last year more than 480,000 pounds were brought into this country. "The use of cocaine, opium and other drugs is, I regret to say, largely on the increase in the United States," said Dr. Wright, "especially is this true of localities where the sale of liquor has been prohibited."

Crawfordville, Ga.—"Fritz," a trained rat and the mascot of the local paper, died recently. Fritz knew his name and was a terror to other rats and mice. He had been a pet in the newspaper office for three years.

UNCLAIMED MAIL MATTER.

The following is a list of letters and other unclaimed mail matter remaining in the post office at Belen, New Mexico, for the week ending

December 3, 1914.

Rigney, Floyd

These letters will be sent to the dead letter office if not delivered by December 17, 1914.

Persons calling for this unclaimed matter will please say "Advertised." A charge of one cent will be made for each piece of advertised matter delivered, as required by Section 668 Postal Laws and Regulation, 1902.

George Hoffmann, P. M.

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WITH THE CHURCHES

CATHOLIC CHURCH.
Nuestra Señora de Belen
Low Mass every day in the week at 7 o'clock a. m.

Sundays: Low Mass at 7, High Mass and sermon at 9 a. m.; Rosary and Benediction of the Blessed Sacrament at 2 p. m.

Rev. J. A. Picard, Parish Priest

ZION CHURCH.
Evangelical Lutheran
John A. M. Ziegler, D. D., Pastor. Sunday School and Bible class 10 a. m. Preaching services 11 a. m. Evening worship at 7:45; Luther League at 7:00.

This Sunday, the second in Advent, the morning theme is, "Abounding in Hope." In the evening, at 7:45, the service will be in charge of the Women's Home and Foreign Missionary Society. It is their annual Thank Offering meeting and is in charge of Mrs. C. N. Wilson. Everybody is invited.

At the morning service, the quarterly offering for the Sinking Fund will be made.

The Luther League at 7 o'clock will be led by Misses Elsa Becker and Opal Gooch. The subject is, "The Life Verse." It is also the Consecration meeting.

The monthly meeting of the Women's Missionary Society will be at the parsonage next Thursday afternoon, December 10.

METHODIST CHURCH NOTES.

Clyde Keegan, pastor; P. P. Simmons, Sunday school superintendent. Preaching services at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.; Sunday school at 10 a. m.; Epworth League at 7:00 p. m.

NOTICE OF PUBLICATION.

Department of the Interior.
U. S. Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., Oct. 24, 1914.

Notice is hereby given that Clemente G. Sarrazino, heir of Jesusita Jaramillo, dec'd., of Cubero, N. M., who, on Oct. 18, 1909, made Homestead entry, No. 011958, for E. 1-2 SE. 1-4, Section 30, Township 7 North, Range 10 West, N. M. P. Meridian, has filed notice of intention to make five year proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before Charles Neustadt, U. S. Commissioner, at San Rafael, N. M., on the 10th day of December, 1914.

Claimant names as witnesses: Francisco Pino, Teodoro H. Garcia, Antonio Armijo and Demetrio Jaramillo, all of Cubero, N. M.

FRANCISCO DELGADO,
10-29 11-26 Register.

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THE MERRIAM WEBSTER INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

WEBSTER'S NEW INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

\$500 in Beans Destroyed

Roy, N. M., Dec. 1.—The big Steinbaugh threshing machine was badly damaged by fire, and several stacks of beans were burned, at the Tinker ranch near Mosquero. Live coals from the engine set fire to the prairie grass while the thresher crew was at dinner, and before the fire could be extinguished the machine had been extensively damaged and \$500 worth of beans destroyed.

For Rent—House, new and clean, with pure soft water; only \$7.00. Thomas Hill

STATEMENT OF THE OWNERSHIP, MANAGEMENT, CIRCULATION, ETC. Of the Hispano-Americano, published weekly at Belen, New Mexico, required by the Act of August 24, 1902:

Name of P. O. address
Editor, Santiago D. Salazar, Belen, N. M.
Managing Editor, same, " "
Bus. mgr., E. H. Salazar, Belen, N. M.
Publ. Hispano Amer. Pub. Co., Belen, N. M.
Owners: Jesus Luna, Ruperto Jaramillo, Carlos Baca, Eduardo M. Otero, Diego Aragon, Los Lunas, N. M.

Adolfo Didier, E. H. Salazar, Saturnino Baca, Perfecto Gabaldon, Belen, N. M.
Silvestre Mirabal, Manuel Padilla y Chavez, Eliseo Varela, Zenarias Padilla, San Rafael, N. M.
Fermín Martinez, Narciso Francis, Seibolles.

Bernardino Sedillo, Perilla.
Abelardo Pena, San Mateo.
Miguel Baca, Jesus Sanchez, Adeline.
Adolfo Sanchez, Jarames.
Mortgages, etc., None.

[Signed] Santiago D. Salazar, Editor, sworn to and subscribed before me this 24th day of September, 1914.

[SEAL] M. C. Spicer, Notary Public. (my commission expires Aug. 28, 1918.)

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