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## Justification for Class III Permit Modification March 2005, SWMU 229, Operable Unit 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall at Technical Area II

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This work supported by the United States Department of Energy under contract DE-AC04-94AL85000

## SWMU 229 Storm Drain System Outfall





Environmental Restoration Project

#### Site History

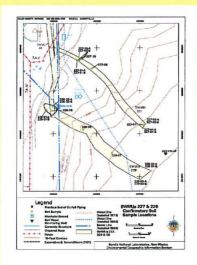
- SWMU 229, the Storm Drain System Outfall, is located just outside the southern apex of TA II, and is approximately 0.16 acres on the northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo. The site was improperly named during the CEARP process. SWMU 229 should be known as a waste-water outfall.
- From 1947 to 1992, SWMU 229 Outfall was one of two discharge points for the Building 904 Drain System, SWMU 48. Floor drains in TA-II Buildings 904, 913, and 914 were connected to drain system piping that discharged at the SWMU 227 and SWMU 229 Outfalls. The buildings were used for weapons assembly and research, and explosives testing. Waste water containing organic solvents, HE compounds, metals, and radionuclides was discharged into the earthen ditch. The ditch was approximately 20-ft wide, and had a depth varying from 3 to 10 ft.
- The waste-water discharge at SWMU 229 was discontinued after the SWMU 48 HE drain system was connected to the COA sanitary sewer system in 1993.
- Buildings 904, 913, and 914 were demolished in 2001 and 2002.

#### Depth to Groundwater

 The regional aquifer is approximately 470 ft bgs, and a perched aquifer (not a source of drinking water) is approximately 270 ft bgs.

#### Constituents of Concern

- VOCsSVOCs
- SVOCS
- HE compounds
- Metals
- Radionuclides







#### **Investigations**

- In June 1994, the ground surface at SWMU 229 was surveyed for UXO/HE and radioactive materials; none was found.
- In September 1994, soil samples were collected from along the outfall ditch to a maximum depth of 3 ft bgs. Several metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, lead and silver) had concentrations above background.
   One radionuclide, Cs-137, had an activity above the background value; U-235 had several MDAs above the background value and U-238 had one MDA above the background value. Two VOCs and eight SVOCs were detected.
- Historical aerial photographs were reviewed several times. In February 2001, a comprehensive review of historical aerial photographs was conducted. The photographs showed that the ditch dimensions were relatively consistent during the period of 1951 to 1999. Neither construction nor erosion had significantly altered the outfall ditch. The photographs also showed that sewer and water lines were installed between the TA-II fence and the SWMU 229 ditch in 1963, 1979, and 1993. The westernmost 50 ft of the SWMU 229 ditch was excavated during the installation of a sewer line in 1993.
- In February 2001, a backhoe was used to dig an exploratory trench to a depth of 9 ft across the western
  end of the outfall ditch. The exploratory work confirmed that previous construction activities in 1993 had
  removed the outfall pipe. The discharge end of the SWMU 229 outfall pipe had probably been buried at a
  depth of approximately 3 ft bos.
- Also in February 2001, confirmatory soil samples were collected from the exploratory trench and from along the outfall ditch. Samples were collected with a hand auger and consisted of native (undisturbed) soil. The maximum sampling depth was 19 ft bgs. Slightly elevated levels of six metals (barium, cadmium, and chromium) and one radionuclide (Cs-137) was present. Low concentrations of three VOCs, seven SVOCs, cyanide, TPH, and chloride were reported. No HE was detected.
- In March 2001, soil-vapor monitoring well (227-VW-01) was installed approximately 50 ft northeast of SWMU 229. Soil samples were collected at depths of 20, 100, 150, 200, 250, and 275 ft bgs. There were detections of thee VOCs, one SVOC, chloride, and cyanide. No HE was detected. One metal, chromium, had a concentration above background. No radionuclide activities were above background; however, one sample had a U-235 MDL that exceeded the background activity.
- For five quarters in 2001 and 2002, soil-vapor samples were collected from sampling ports set at 25, 75, 125, 175, 225, and 275 ft bgs in monitoring well 227-VW-01. The samples were analyzed for VOCs. TCE consistently had the greatest concentration in soil vapor. The maximum TCE concentration was 14 ppmv at 225 ft bgs. The low concentrations of VOCs present in soil vapor were determined to not threaten groundwater quality.
- TCE and nitrate have been detected in groundwater monitoring wells in the vicinity of SWMU 229. The source has not yet been determined and is being investigated as part of the TAG investigation, separate from that related to SWMU 229.

#### Summary of Data Used for NFA Justification

- The soil samples collected and analyzed in September 1994, February 2001, and March 2001 were used in the final risk assessment presented in the July 2003 NOD Response. A total of 89 soil analyses were used.
- The soil samples were collected along the outfall ditch, from the exploratory trench, and from the deep borehole associated with the soil-vapor monitor well.

#### Recommended Future Land Use

Industrial land use was established for this site

#### Results of Risk Analysis

- The risk assessment results were calculated per NMED risk assessment guidance as presented in "Supplemental Risk Document Supporting Class 3 Permit Modification Process" (SNL October 2003).
- Because COCs were present in concentrations greater than background screening levels or because
  constituents were present that did not have background screening numbers, it was necessary to perform
  a risk assessment for the site. The risk assessment analysis evaluated the potential for adverse health
  effects for the residential land-use scenarios.
- The maximum concentration for lead was 32 mg/kg. The NMED guidance for lead screening concentrations for construction and industrial land-use scenarios are 750 and 1500 mg/kg, respectively. The EPA screening guidance value for a residential land-use scenario is 400 mg/kg. The maximum concentration for lead at this site is less than all the screening values; therefore, lead was eliminated from further consideration in the human health risk assessment.
- The residential HI (0.6) is below the NMED guidance. The total estimated excess cancer risk for the residential land-use scenario, 2E-5, is above the NMED guideline. However, using the UCL of the average concentration for the main contributor to cancer risk, arsenic, the total estimated excess cancer risk was reduced to 1E-5 and the incremental excess cancer risk was reduced to 1.42E-6. Thus, using more realistic concentrations in the risk calculations that more accurately depict actual site conditions, the incremental estimated excess cancer risk is below NMED guidelines.
- The residential land-use scenario incremental TEDE was 3.4E-1 mrem/yr, which is below the EPA numerical guideline of 75 mrem/yr. Therefore, SWMU 229 is eligible for unrestricted radiological release.
- Using the SNL predictive ecological risk assessment methodology, the ecological risk for SWMU 229 is predicted to be low.
- In conclusion, human health and ecological risks are acceptable per NMED guidance. Thus, SWMU 229 is proposed for CAC without institutional controls.

	Maximum	Residential Land Use Scenario						
COC Name	Concentration / UCL (mg/kg)	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk					
Inorganic								
Arsenic	6.7 / 4.7	0.31 / 0.22	2E-5 / 1E-5					
Barium	280	0.05						
Cadmium	2.8	0.07	2E-9					
Chromium, total	25.2	0.00						
Chronium VI	0.092 J	0.00	4E-10					
Cyanide	0.0159 J	0.00	**					
Mercury	0.00492 J	0.00	-					
Selenium	0.480 J	0.00						
Silver	1.4	0.00						
Organic								
2-Butanone	0.0191	0.00	160					
Acenaphthene	0.00555 J	0.00						
Acctonc	0.009 J	0.00	189					
Anthracene	0.00917 J	0.00	100					
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.071 J	0.00	1E-7					
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.160 J	0.00	3E-7					
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.092 J	0.00	1E-5					
Bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	0.170 J	0.00	4E-9					
Chrysene	0.120 J	0.00	2E-9					
Fluoranthene	0.230 J	0.00						
Fluorene	0.00371 J	0.00	1++					
Methylene chloride	0.00105 J	0.00	1E-8					
Phenanathrene	0.180 J	0.21	-					
Pyrene	0.280 J	0.00						
Total		0.6 / 0.51	2E-5/1E-5					

#### For More Information Contact

U.S. Department of Energy Sandia Site Office Environmental Restoration Mr. John Gould Telephone (505) 845-6089 Sandia National Laboratories Environmental Restoration Project Task Leader: Brenda Langkopf Telephone (505) 284-3272



### Sandia National Laboratories

## Justification for Class III Permit Modification March 2005

SWMU 229 Operable Unit 1309 Storm Drain System Outfall at Technical Area II

> NFA Originally Submitted August 1995 NOD Response October 1996 NOD Response January 2000 NOD Response September 2003

Environmental Restoration Project



United States Department of Energy Sandia Site Office

NFA

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#### Department of Energy

Albuquerque Operations Office Kirtland Area Office P. O. Box 5400 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185-5400

AUG 28 1995

#### CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. David Neleigh, Chief
New Mexico and Federal Facilities Section
RCRA Permits Branch
U. S. Environmental Protection Agency, Region VI
1445 Ross Avenue, Suite 1200
Dallas, TX 75202-2733

Dear Mr. Neleigh:

Enclosed are copies of the second set of No Further Action (NFA) proposals for 23 solid waste management units (SWMUs) from the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) Final Permit for Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM), ID No. NM5890110518.

Copies of these proposals are also being submitted for comment to the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED), Hazardous and Radioactive Materials Bureau. The Class 3 permit modification process will be initiated after regulatory comments are addressed.

If you have any questions, please contact John Gould at (505) 845-6089 or Mark Jackson at (505) 845-6288.

Sincerely,

lo Michael J. Zamorski Acting Area Manager

Enclosures

cc w/enclosures: T. Trujillo, AL, ERD L. Aker, AIP (2 copies) W. Cox, SNL, MS 1147 cc w/o enclosures:

M. Jackson, KAO

J. Johnsen, KAO-AIP

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N. Morlock, EPA, Region VI

T. Roybal, SNL, MS 1147

M. Davis, SNL, MS 1147

T. Vandenberg, SNL, MS 0141

E. Krauss, SNL, MS 0141

## PROPOSAL FOR NO FURTHER ACTION

Site 229, Storm Drain System Outfall Site Operable Unit 1309

SANDIA NATIONAL LABORATORIES/NEW MEXICO

#### 1. Introduction

#### 1.1 ER Site Identification Number and Name

Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM) is proposing a risk-based no further action (NFA) decision for Environmental Restoration (ER) Site 229, Storm Drain System Outfall Site, Operable Unit (OU) 1309. ER Site 229 is listed in the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendment (HSWA) Module IV (EPA August 1993) of the SNL/NM Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Hazardous Waste Management Facility Permit (NM5890110518) (EPA August 1992).

#### 1.2 SNL/NM Risk-Based NFA Process

This proposal for a determination of an NFA decision has been prepared using the criteria presented in Section 4.5.3 of the SNL/NM Program Implementation Plan (PIP) (SNL/NM February 1994). Specifically, this proposal will "contain information demonstrating that this SWMU has never contained constituents of concern that may pose a threat to human health or the environment" [as proposed in the Code of Federal Regulations (CFR), Section 40 Part 264.51(a) (2)] (EPA July 1990). The HSWA Module IV contains the same requirements for an NFA demonstration:

Based on the results of the RFI [RCRA Facility Investigation] and other relevant information, the Permittee may submit an application to the Administrative Authority for a Class III permit modification under 40 CFR 270.42(c) to terminate the RFI/CMS [corrective measures study] process for a specific unit. This permit modification application must contain information demonstrating that there are no releases of hazardous waste including hazardous constituents from a particular SWMU at the facility that pose threats to human health and/or the environment, as well as additional information required in 40 CFR 270.42(c) (EPA August 1993).

For a risk-based proposal, an SWMU is eligible for an NFA determination if the NFA criterion established by the SNL/NM permit is met. This criterion, found in Section M.1 of the permit, is as follows: "[T]here are no releases of hazardous waste including hazardous constituents...that pose threats to human health and/or the environment..." This risk-base proposal contains information needed to make the NFA determination.

This proposal is using the technical approach which is the foundation for the SNL/NM corrective action process. The details of the SNL/NM technical approach are provided in Appendix C of the PIP. The first step in the technical approach is the data qualitative review step (the same step used to determine whether the SWMU is eligible for administrative NFA). Should significant uncertainties remain, the assessment of the SWMU continues within the SNL/NM technical approach.

At this site, sufficient data were not available to compare to established action levels or to develop site-specific action levels. Background soil samples were collected and analyzed to

develop upper tolerance limits (UTLs) for metals. Site-specific data were collected to compare to existing soil action levels (proposed Subpart S action levels) (EPA July 1990) and background UTLs. If site-specific concentrations exceeded the proposed Subpart S action levels or UTLs, then a risk assessment was performed. The site-specific concentrations were compared to the derived risk assessment action levels. Concentrations less than these action levels, either proposed Subpart S action levels, background UTLs, or derived risk-based values, triggered this NFA proposal for Site 229.

#### 1.3 Local Setting

SNL/NM occupies 2,829 acres of land owned by the Department of Energy (DOE), with an additional 14,920 acres of land provided by land-use permits with Kirtland Air Force Base (KAFB), the United States Forest Service, the State of New Mexico, and the Isleta Indian Reservation. SNL/NM has been involved in nuclear weapons research, component development, assembly, testing, and other nuclear activities since 1945.

ER Site 229 (Figure 1) is located on land owned by DOE. The site is located almost due south of the footings of the old guard tower and the south "corner" of the Technical Area (TA) II fence. The actual outfall is located in Site 45 (Liquid Discharge, behind TA-IV).

Surficial deposits in the SNL/KAFB area lie within four geomorphic provinces, which in turn contain nine geomorphic subprovinces. Site 229 lies within the Tijeras Arroyo subprovince. The Tijeras Arroyo subprovince is characterized by broad, west-sloping alluvial surfaces and the 50-meter-deep Tijeras Arroyo. The Tijeras Arroyo subprovince contains deposits derived from many sources, including granitic and sedimentary rocks of the Sandia Mountains, sedimentary and metamorphic rocks of the Manzanita Mountains, and sediments of the Upper Santa Fe Group.

#### 2. History of the SWMU

#### 2.1 Sources of Supporting Information

In support of this request for a risk-based NFA decision for ER Site 229, a background study was conducted to collect available and relevant site information. Interviews were conducted with SNL/NM staff and contractors familiar with site operational history.

The following information sources were available for the use in the evaluation of ER Site 229:

- Confirmatory-sampling program conducted in September 1994
- Risk analysis for four metals and five radionuclides
- One surface radiation survey
- One unexploded ordnance/high explosives (UXO/HE) survey
- Interviews and personnel correspondence
- Historical aerial photographs spanning 40 years

#### 2.2 Previous Audits, Inspections, and Findings

In November 1993, the Sandia ER staff recognized Site 229 as an SWMU. ER Site 229 was not listed as a potential release site based on the Comprehensive Environmental Assessment and Response Program (CEARP) interviews in 1985 (DOE September 1987). In addition, Site 229 was not included in the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) RCRA Facility Assessment (RFA) in 1987 (EPA April 1987) and Site 229 was not included in the Hazard Ranking System (DOE September 1987).

#### 2.3 Historical Operations

Site 229 is an inactive outfall from the septic system for Building 904 (ER Site 48) in TA-II (Figure 1). The site starts where the discharge exits the septic tank piping system, approximately 100 feet northeast of the southernmost point of TA-II. The extent of the area influenced by the discharge may include the bank of Tijeras Arroyo below the outfall and some area between the outfall and the main channel of Tijeras Arroyo.

Building 904, built in 1948, was used for weapons assembly, HE testing, photo processing, and various other testing. Sanitary wastes were discharged to a septic tank, and other wastes were discharged to the outfall.

Possible soil contaminants are explosives, radioactive materials from weapons processing, solvents (acetone, methylene chloride, methyl ethyl ketone, carbon tetrachloride, toluene, xylene, hexane, alcohols), and inorganic chemicals (ammonium hydroxide, barium, cadmium, silver, chromium, titanium, cyanide). Mineral oil is also being considered as a potential soil contaminant at all outfalls along the Tijeras Arroyo due to a recent release (June 1994) of mineral oil at a similar outfall, Site 232.

#### 3. Evaluation of Relevant Evidence

#### 3.1 Unit Characteristics

The Storm Drain System Outfall is confined to the downstream natural drainage. All releases would be contained in this limited area.

#### 3.2 Operating Practices

Based on interviews and personnel correspondence, the outfall discharged industrial effluent and storm water from approximately 1948 to 1991. Examination of aerial photographs confirms this time frame but provides no additional information.

#### 3.3 Presence or Absence of Visual Evidence

The approximately 300-foot long outfall and the cement culvert are the only physical evidence of the outfall system. No discoloration of soils was observed during site reconnaissance and soil sampling activities.

#### 3.4 Results of Previous Sampling/Surveys

In 1994, the site was visually surveyed for surface indications of UXO/HE. No UXO/HE were found (SNL/NM 1994a). Also in 1994, a surface radiation survey was conducted on the entire site using an Eberline ESP-2 portable scaler, with an Eberline SPA-8 (2 inch X 2 inch sodium iodide) detector. A 30-second integrated count was performed at each proposed sample location, while scanning the detector over an area approximately 2 feet in radius around the sample location. The alarm was set at 1.3 times the background count rate. No alarms occurred during the survey. No surface anomalies were detected (SNL/NM 1994b).

#### 3.5 Assessment of Gaps in Information

No environmental sampling data existed for Site 229. If contamination was present, potential constituents of concern (metals, radioactive constituents, and organic constituents) would be expected at shallow depths. Metals and radioactive constituents generally adsorb on soil and precipitate rather than remaining soluble. If organic constituents were introduced in the drainage, they should be detectable in surface or shallow subsurface soils. A surface (0-6 inches deep) and shallow subsurface (6-36 inches deep) soil sampling program was developed and implemented in September 1994.

#### 3.6 Confirmatory Sampling

A soil sampling program was developed and implemented at Site 229 in September 1994. The Confirmatory Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) can be found in Appendix A. Those soil sample results exceeding an action level are summarized in Table 1. A complete list of "hits" or detections and quality assurance (QA) results can be found in Appendix B.

For health and safety purposes, a photoionization detector, OVM, was used throughout the field program. The OVM measured no anomalous vapor concentrations.

Surface and shallow subsurface soil samples were collected at the most likely locations of contamination. Four samples were collected at the outfall and four samples were collected at the furthest extent of visible erosion and scour (Figure 1). Every sample was analyzed for target analyte list (TAL) metals<sup>1</sup>, chromium<sup>+6</sup>, and total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH). The four subsurface samples also were analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs). Four samples were analyzed for semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs). As a general check for radioactive constituents, all the samples were analyzed for tritium, four samples were analyzed for isotopic uranium, five samples were analyzed for isotopic plutonium using in-house gamma spectroscopy, and two samples were screened with off-site gamma spectroscopy.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Although the TAL metal analytes include calcium, magnesium, potassium, and sodium, these nontoxic, major cations are not included in the evaluation. They do not pose a significant environmental or human health risk regardless of concentration.

#### 3.6.1 Background Samples for Metals and Radioactive Constituents

UTLs for background metals were calculated from analyses of 24 samples collected in the vicinity of the 11 sites discussed in the SAP (Appendix A). UTLs or background 95<sup>th</sup> percentiles for background radionuclides were calculated from samples collected throughout KAFB (IT 1994). A discussion of background calculations and supporting data and analyses are included in Appendices C and D.

#### 3.6.2 Organic Compounds

Organic compounds were not detected positively (i.e., acetone, 2-butanone, benzo(a)anthracene, benzo(b)fluoranthene, benzo(a)pyrene, bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate, chrysene, fluoranthene, phenanthrene, and pyrene were detected in one to four samples but all were below the quantification limit (qualified with a "J" in Table 1). None of these qualified detections indicate significant contamination. TPH was not detected.

#### 3.6.3 Metals

Mercury, selenium, and chromium<sup>+6</sup> were not detected. The maximum background value for beryllium was 0.53 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg). Beryllium was detected above the maximum value in Sample 229-02-B at a concentration of 0.63 mg/kg. The proposed Subpart S action level for beryllium is 0.2 mg/kg. Silver was detected in only 1 of 24 background samples. Silver was detected in Sample 229-03-B at a concentration of 1.4 mg/kg. Silver does not have a proposed Subpart S action level. All other metal concentrations, except one analysis for barium, copper, and lead, were below UTLs. Sample 229-02-B had a barium concentration of 280 mg/kg, compared to a UTL of 271.3 mg/kg and a proposed Subpart S Action Level of 6,000 mg/kg. Sample 229-02-B had a copper concentration of 17 mg/kg, compared to a UTL of 13.6 mg/kg; copper does not have a proposed Subpart S action level. Sample 229-02-B had a lead concentration of 32 mg/kg, compared to a UTL of 23.1 mg/kg. A Subpart S action level was not proposed for lead. However, a memorandum from an EPA assistant administrator to EPA regional division directors does supply a risk-based action level for lead in soils, 400 ppm (mg/kg) (EPA 1994)<sup>2</sup>. This action level of 400 mg/kg far exceeds the site concentration of 32 mg/kg.

#### 3.6.4 Radionuclides

Thallium was not detected at Site 229. Potassium-40, lead-212, and lead-214 were all detected in Samples 229-01-A and 229-03-A at activities below the base-wide background UTLs of 25.34, 1.0795 and 0.90 picocuries per gram (pCi/g), respectively. Plutonium-238 was not detected above the minimum detectable activity (MDA). Uranium-238 was detected at activities ranging from 0.45 to 1.01 pCi/g; none of these exceed the base-wide background 95<sup>th</sup> percentile of 1.1 pCi/g.

This risk-based action level presumes that lead will be evaluated individually, rather than in conjunction with other toxic or carcinogenic constituents.

Tritium was detected in one sample at 0.018 pCi/g. Plutonium-239/240 was detected in Samples 229-01-A and 229-01-B at 0.007 and 0.006 pCi/g, respectively. No local or background data are available for tritium and plutonium. Uranium-235/236 was detected in Samples 229-01-A and 229-03-A at 0.17 and 1.05 pCi/g, compared to the base-wide background 95<sup>th</sup> percentile of 0.168 pCi/g and the maximum local background activity of 0.33 pCi/g (based on six analyses). Uranium-234 was detected in Sample 229-03-A at 1.56 pCi/g, compared with the base-wide background 95<sup>th</sup> percentile of 1.0 pCi/g and local background maximum activity of 0.97 pCi/g.

#### 3.6.5 Quality Assurance Results

As discussed in the Confirmatory Sampling and Analysis Plan (Appendix A), quality assurance samples, including field duplicates, trip blanks and rinsates, were collected as part of the 11-site sampling program. Analyses indicate that the field soil duplicates were comparable to the original soil sample results. The trip blanks and rinsates indicated no significant sampling contamination. QA results can be found in Appendix B. Level I and Level II data verification was conducted on all data, as described in the PIP (SNL/NM 1994).

#### 3.7 Risk Analysis

To further evaluate the metals data for metals with concentrations greater than background UTLs, a risk assessment was performed for a combination of barium, copper, beryllium, and silver, assuming the maximum detected concentrations. To further evaluate the site data for radionuclides with activities above background UTLs, 95<sup>th</sup> percentiles, or those without background UTLs, a risk assessment was performed for the combination of tritium, plutonium-239/240, uranium-235/236, and uranium-234, assuming the maximum detected activities.

The risk calculations were designed to produce conservatively large estimates of hazard index and radioactive dose to counter uncertainties in the soil data. This approach facilitates the following decision regarding future activities at Site 229:

- If the conservative estimates based on the soil data result in an unacceptable hazard index (greater than 1) or dose (greater than 10 mrem/year), further investigation and/or remediation will be needed; or
- If the hazard index and dose estimates are acceptable, the potential for health hazards at the site is extremely low, and further actions will not be needed.

Hazard indices and radionuclide doses were computed using methods and equations promulgated in proposed RCRA Subpart S documentation (EPA 1990). Accordingly, all calculations were based on the assumption that receptor doses from both toxic metals and radionuclides result from ingestion of contaminated soil.

Calculation of hazard indices required values of oral reference doses (oral RfDs) for each of the metals. The RfD values for barium, beryllium, and silver were taken from EPA's IRIS database (IRIS 1994). An estimated RfD for copper was computed using a maximum

contaminant level (MCL) of 1.3 mg/l and assuming that a 70-kg person consumes 2 liters of water a day.

Similarly, calculation of radionuclide doses required values of dose conversion factors, which are used to convert radionuclide intakes (in units of pCi/year) into effective dose equivalents (in units of mrem/year). Published values of dose conversion factors (Eckerman et al., 1988 and Gilbert et al., 1989) exist for tritium, plutonium-239/240, uranium-235/236, and uranium-234.

To assure that the computed hazard indices and doses were conservatively large, only the maximum observed concentration of each constituent at a site was employed. To consider combined effects, a hazard index was calculated as the sum of the individual metal hazard quotients and a radiological dose was calculated as the sum of the individual doses.

Following proposed Subpart S methodology, the equation and parameter values used to calculate the summed hazard index for toxic metals were:

$$HI = \sum_{i} [HSR(i) \times S(i)]$$
 (1)

where:

RfD(I)

oral reference dose for the ith metal (mg/kg-day).

Risk assessment guidance, prepared by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA, 1989), recommends that the total hazard index be less than 1 in order for a site to be considered a non-threat to human health.

Following proposed Subpart S methodology, the equation and parameter values used to calculate the summed radioactive dose was:

DOSE = 
$$\sum_{i} [DSR(i) \times S(i)]$$
 (2)

#### where:

```
DOSE = total effective dose equivalent (mrem/yr);

DSR(I) = dose-to-soil concentration ratio for the i<sup>th</sup> radionuclide (mrem/yr)/(pCi/g), = I X DCF(I);

S(I) = soil concentration of the i<sup>th</sup> radionuclide (pCi/g);

I = soil ingestion rate = 0.2 g/day = 73 g/yr; and

DCF(I) = dose conversion factor for the i<sup>th</sup> radionuclide (mrem/pCi).
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The PIP stipulates that, for the purpose of computing media action levels, the total radioactive dose at a site should not be greater than 10 mrem/year (SNL/NM 1994), which corresponds to a cancer risk of less that 10<sup>-6</sup> excess deaths.

The input and results of the risk calculations are presented in Tables 2 and 3. The summed hazard index for metals is less than one and the summed radioactive dose is less than 10 mrem/year. Therefore, the site is considered to be risk-free in terms of metals and radionuclide contamination.

#### 3.8 Rationale for Pursuing a Risk-based NFA Decision

Surface soil and shallow subsurface soil samples were collected at the "head" of the outfall (where the flow leaves the concrete flume and spills into the natural drainage) and at the furthest extent of visible erosion/scour where the discharged effluent would have most likely settled. SNL/NM is proposing a risk-based NFA because representative soil samples from ER Site 229 have concentrations less than action levels; either proposed Subpart S action levels, background UTLs, background 95<sup>th</sup> percentiles, or derived risk-based values.

#### In addition

- A site visit in 1993 by ER personnel confirmed the presence of a confined natural drainage with no discoloration in the soils.
- In June 1994, a UXO/HE visual survey was conducted by KAFB Explosive Ordnance Division (EOD) and found no UXO/HE ordnance debris at Site 229 (SNL/NM 1994a).
- In September 1994, as part of the surface soil sampling effort at Site 229, a surface radiation survey was conducted (SNL/NM 1994b). No surface anomalies were detected at Site 229.

#### 4. Conclusion

Based upon the evidence cited above, ER Site 229 has no releases of hazardous waste or hazardous constituents that pose a threat to human health and/or the environment. Therefore, ER Site 229 is recommended for an NFA determination.

#### 5. References

#### 5.1 ER Site References

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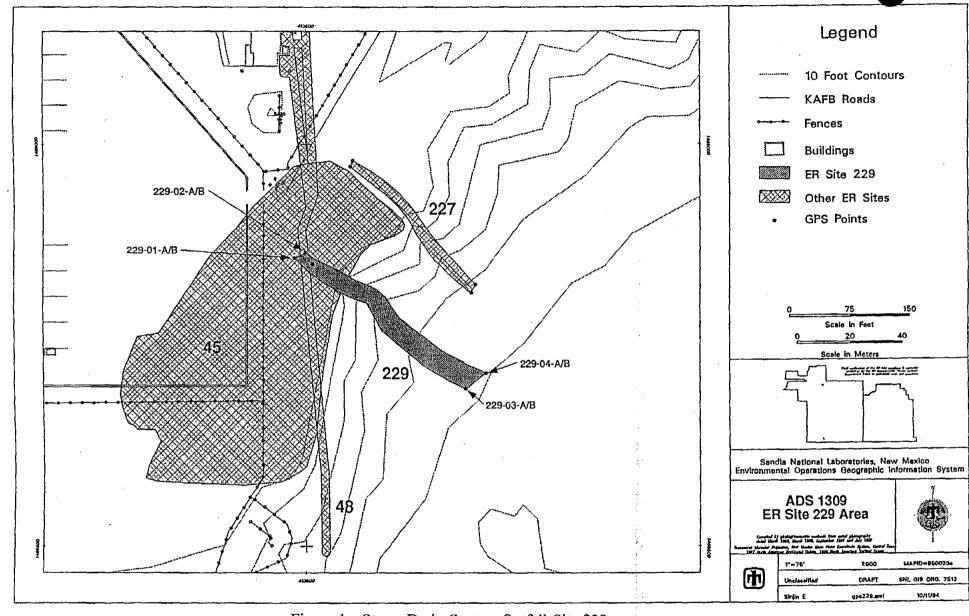


Figure 1. Storm Drain System Outfall Site 229.

Table 1. Site 229 - Results of Shallow Soil Sampling and Analysis

Sample Identifier	Analytical Method	Constituent	Concentration (mg/kg)	Qualifier(s)	Background (mg/kg)	Action Level (mg/kg)
229-01-B	VOCs (8240)	Acetone	0.009	J	1	
229-04-B	VOCs (8240)	Acetone	0.006	J		
229-01-B	VOCs (8240)	2-butanone	0.006	J		
229-02-В	VOCs (8240)	2-butanone	0.006	1		
229-03-B	VOCs (8240)	2-butanone	0.006	J		
229-04-B	VOCs (8240)	2-butanone	0.007	JB		<del></del>
229-01-A	SVOCs (8270)	Benzo(a) anthracene	0.071	. J		
229-01-A	SVOCs (8270)	Benzo(b) fluoranthene	0.16	J		
229-01-A	SVOCs (8270)	Benzo(a) pyrene	0.050	1		
229-01-B	SVOCs (8270)	Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	0.17	J		
229-01-A	SVOCs (8270)	Chrysene	0.11	J		
229-01-A	SVOCs (8270)	Fluoranthene	0.23	J		
229-01-B	SVOCs (8270)	Fluoranthene	0.053	J		
229 <b>-</b> 03-A	SVOCs (8270)	Fluoranthene	0.070	J		· — — — · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
229-01-A	SVOCs (8270)	Phenanthrene	0.17	J		
229-01-B	SVOCs (8270)	Phenanthrene	0.049	J		<del></del>
229-03-A	SVOCs (8270)	Phenanthrene	0.044	J		<del></del>
229-01-A	SVOCs (8270)	Pyrene	0.19	J		
229-01-B	SVOCs (8270)	Pyrene	0.044	J		<del></del>
229-03-A	SVOCs (8270)	Pyrene	0.050	J		
229-02-B	TAL Metals (6010)	Barium	280		271.3	6,000/3,330*
229-02-B	TAL Metals (6010)	Copper	17	<del>                                     </del>	13.6	202*
229-02-B	TAL Metals (6010)	Beryllium	0.63		0.53	0.2/7.5*
229-02-B	TAL Metals (6010)	Lead	32		23.1	400**
229-03-В	TAL Metals (6010)	Silver	1.4			400/16.7*
229-02-B	Tritium (600 906.0)	Tritium	0.018 pCi/g			3.4 pCi/g*
229-01-A	Isotopic Plutonium (600 7-79-081)	Plutonium-239/240	0.007 pCi/g		0.035 pCi/g	1.3 pCi/g*
229-01-B	Isotopic Plutonium (600 7-79-081)	Plutonium-239/240	0.006 pCi/g		0.035 pCi/g	1.3 pCi/g*
229-01-A	Isotopic Uranium (HASL-300 4.5)	Uranium-235/236	0.17 pCi/g		0.33/0.168 pCi/g	200 pCi/g*
229-03-A	Isotopic Uranium (HASL-300 4.5)	Uranium-235/236	1.05 pCi/g		0.33/0.168 pCi/g	200 pCi/g*
229-03-A	Isotopic Uranium (HASL-300 4.5)	Uranium-234	1.56 pCi/g		0.97/1.0 pCi/g	296 pCi/g*

#### Table 1. Site 229 - Results of Shallow Soil Sampling and Analysis (Concluded)

#### **Notes**

A "J" qualifier means detected at a concentration below the laboratory reporting limit.

A "B" qualifier means detected in the associated blank sample.

For beryllium, background is the maximum of 18 (of 24) detected local background values.

For the other metals, background is the 95 percent upper tolerance level for the local background data.

For uranium-235/236, the first background value is the maximum of six local background values; the second value is the base-wide background 95<sup>th</sup> percentile.

For plutonium-239/240, the background value is the maximum of six local background values.

Action levels without an asterisk are proposed Subpart S action levels.

Action levels followed by one asterisk are calculated risk-based levels.

The lead action level (followed by two asterisks) is from EPA (1994).

Table 2. Metal Risk Calculations for Site 229

Constituent	Concentration (mg/kg)	RfD(I) (mg/kg-day)	Individual HI	Source of RfD
Copper	1.70E+01	3.70E-02	5.74E-03	Estimated from drinking water standard of 1.3 mg/l, 2 L/day ingestion rate, and 70 kg body weight.
Beryllium	6.30E-01	5.00E-03	1.58E-03	IRIS
Barium	2.80E+02	7.00E-02	5.00E-02	IRIS
Silver	1.40E+00	5.00E-03	3.50E-03	IRIS
Summed HI			6.08E-02	

Table 3. Radionuclide Risk Calculations for Site 229

Constituent	Activity (pCi/g)	DCF(I) (mrem/pCi)	Individual Dose (mrem/year)	Source of DCF
Beryllium-10*	6.30E-01	3.60E-05	1.66E-03	Eckerman et al., 1988, assuming Beryllium-10
Plutonium-239	7.00E-03	4.30E-03	2.20E-03	Eckerman et al., 1988
Tritium	1.80E-02	6.30E-08	8.28E-08	Gilbert et al., 1989
Uranium-234	1.56E+00	2.60E-04	2.96E-02	Gilbert et al., 1989
Uranium- 235/236	1.05E+00	2.50E-04	1.92E-02	Gilbert et al., 1989
Summed Dose	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5.26E-02	

<sup>\*</sup> Beryllium-10 is included in the radionuclide risk calculation because beryllium exceeded the metal UTL.

#### APPENDIX A

Confirmatory Sampling and Analysis Plan

#### APPENDIX B

**Analytical Results** 

#### APPENDIX C

Background Calculations for Metals and Radionuclides

#### APPENDIX D

Probability Plots, Local Background UTL Calculations, and Base-wide Background UTLs for Radionuclides

## Appendix A Confirmatory Sampling and Analysis Plan

#### SAMPLING AND ANALYSIS PLAN FOR ELEVEN SITES IN TIJERAS ARROYO OPERABLE UNIT SANDIA NATIONAL LABORATORIES/ NEW MEXICO

#### Introduction

The purpose of the sampling and analysis described in this plan is to determine the appropriate way to proceed toward closure of 11 (of the 17) sites in the Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit. Based on the surface and shallow subsurface soil samples and analyses for the constituents of concern (COCs), one of three approaches will be pursued for each site:

- A petition for "No Further Action" (NFA) will be produced for regulatory consideration;
- 2. A voluntary corrective measure (VCM) will be designed and implemented, hopefully followed by an NFA petition; or
- 3. The site assessment and eventual closure will follow the standard RFI/CMS path

Most of the sites covered by this Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) are outfalls from the storm water and sanitary sewer systems emanating from Sandia Technical Areas (TAs) I, II, and IV. The general sampling program for the outfalls will be to collect four samples at the head of the outfall, two samples of surface soil (0 to 6 inches deep) and two samples of shallow subsurface soil (18 to 36 inches deep) and four samples (two surface soil and two shallow subsurface soil) at the furthest extent of channel erosion and scour. The analytes for most of the samples are volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds (BNAs), metals, chromium<sup>+6</sup>, for samples where chromium is found in a metals analysis, total petroleum hydrocarbon (TPH), explosives, Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen (TKN), nitrate/nitrite, and Gamma Spectroscopy for radionuclides, isotopic uranium, isotopic plutonium, tritium, and chlorodiphenyls (PCBs).

#### Sampling Procedures and Volumes

Surface soil samples will be collected with a stainless steel scoopula or trowel and placed in a stainless steel bowl. After at least 1000 ml<sup>1</sup> of soil has been collected, the soil will be thoroughly mixed in the bowl and transferred to two or three 500-ml sample bottles with a stainless steel scoopula. Sample bottles will be labeled accordingly and the appropriate sample information (sample depth, collection date and time, etc.) will be documented on the chain-of custody (COC) after each sample is collected. Samples will then be packaged and cooled to 4 degrees Celsius.

Shallow subsurface soil samples (18-36 inches) will be collected with a 2-inch (minimum) hand auger. A soil sample is collected by turning the auger clockwise and advancing it into the ground until the bucket at the end of the auger (last 6-8 inches) is full of soil or refusal occurs. Several runs with the auger is anticipated in order to obtain the appropriate volume. A hand shovel may also be used to bypass large rocks in order to continue with the auger. The auger is then extruded counter-clockwise from the ground and the soil is removed from the auger and placed in a stainless steel bowl. After 1,125² ml of soil has been collected, the soil will be mixed in the bowl and transferred to two or three 500-ml sample bottles and one 125-ml sample bottle with a stainless steel scoopula. Sample bottles will be labeled accordingly and the appropriate sample information will be documented on the COC after each sample is collected. Samples will then be packaged and cooled to 4 degrees Celsius.

#### Waste Generation and Equipment Decontamination

Decontamination of sampling equipment will be done between each sample.

Decontamination will include thoroughly washing the inside and outside of the sampling equipment with a spray of ALCONOX™ or LIQUINOX™ and water; rinsing with distilled,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The sample volume varies between 1,000 and 1,500 ml depending on the analyses for the sample.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>The sample volume varies between 1,125 and 1,625 ml depending on the analyses for the sample.

deionized water; and drying before reusing. No soil waste will be generated. The soil removed from the hand-auger holes, while collecting samples at a depth of 18 to 36 inches, will be return to the hole. The sampling tools, which are scoopulas/trowels, hand-augers, and shovels, will be decontaminated with water and ALCONOX™ after each use. The decon leachate will be stored in capped 1-gallon containers. One or two containers will be used for each site and two to four containers will be used for the background samples. The containers will be labeled as "IDW" and the site number identified on each container. All the containers will be stored at Site 232, a central location. The leachate waste will be disposed according to the analytical results of the soil samples collected at the site.

#### Site Descriptions

The sites that will be sampled are

- Site 46, Old Acid Waste Line Outfall;
- Site 50, Old Centrifuge Site;
- Site 77, Oil Surface Impoundment;
- Site 227, Bldg. 904 outfall;
- Site 229, Storm Drain System Outfall;
- Site 230, Storm Drain System Outfall;
- Site 231, Storm Drain System Outfall;
- · Site 232, Storm Drain System Outfall;
- Site 233, Storm Drain System Outfall;
- · Site 234, Storm Drain System Outfall; and
- Site 235, Storm Drain System Outfall.

The site locations are shown in Figure 1. A description of the site history, conditions, previous investigations, and sampling plans are described in the following sections.

#### Site 46: Acid Waste Line Outfall

The Old Acid Waste Line carried wastes from several buildings in TA I. The waste line begins as a north-south trending, 750-feet long open trench in a grassy field northwest of Building 981-1 in TA IV. No pipe opening is visible at the "head" of the trench. As the trench crosses the field, it turns to the southeast and continues to a non-engineered spillway at the edge of Tijeras Arroyo. The spillway lies on a bank (40 to 50 feet of relief) composed of compacted alluvial sediment. Historical aerial photographs show vegetation, presumably supported by the discharge, growing southeast of the spillway to the active arroyo channel (about 200 feet distance from the spillway). The site is not restricted and is easily accessible.

During use, discharged effluent averaged an estimated 130,000 gallons per day. Use of the line has been discontinued. The line received wastes from plating, etching, and photo processing operations, and cooling tower "blow down". Acids and metals are target contaminants. Chromic acid and ferric chloride are mentioned specifically in the site history, and ferric chloride was found in the soils during a limited sampling event. Various radionuclides, possibly including tritium, uranium, and plutonium were used in TA I.

Building 863 was a source of discharge to the Acid Line. The information sheet for ER Site 98 (Building 863, TCA Photochemical Release: Silver Catch Boxes) indicates the presence of trichloromethane, silver, and photo-processing chemicals with an ammonia-like odor. The waste solution from the silver recovery unit reportedly was discharged to the Old Acid Waste Line, which is the only specific information about chemical discharges.

The site has been visually surveyed for surface indications of unexploded ordnance and high explosives (UXO/HE). No UXO/HE were found. Also, a surface radiation survey was

conducted on the entire site. No surface radiation anomalies were detected.

The sampling program includes four samples collected at the "head" of the site outfall (by the fire extinguisher training area west of TA IV) and four samples collected by the spillway into the Tijeras Arroyo drainage (Figure 1). Every sample will be analyzed for tritium, metals, chromium \*6 (if chromium is detected), TKN, and nitrate/nitrite. Half the samples will also be analyzed for semi-volatiles and cyanide. Additionally, all the subsurface samples will be analyzed for volatiles. The analytes are listed in Table 1. A "4" on the table indicates that ALL the samples will be analyzed

for that specific analyte whereas a "2" on the table indicates half the samples will have additional analyses for the analyte listed.

#### Site 50: Old Centrifuge

Site 50, Old Centrifuge, was an outdoor, rocket propelled centrifuge that was used in the early 1950s to test units under G forces. The facility is located east of the TA II fence in a slight depression on top the escarpment northwest of Tijeras Arroyo. The concrete centrifuge pad has a diameter of 80 to 90 feet. The site has a 7-foot high wooden retaining wall on the north, east, and south sides. The west side is open. The centrifuge arm assembly, which has a 20-foot radius, is sitting outside the wall to the north and appears to be intact. Control wiring to the center axis of the centrifuge was suspended from a cable between two telephone poles on the north and south side of the pad. The control wiring went to a bunker located to the southwest over the escarpment. The bunker had a electrical transformer containing PCB. The electrical transformer has been removed. The pad was not stained and no spills or leaks were reported.

The centrifuge was rocket driven by two T40 6-KS-3000 or two Deacon 3.5DS-5700 solid rocket motors. The combustion byproducts produced by these rocket motors were carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide, water, hydrochloric acid, aluminum oxide, and possibly barium oxide. No other HE is known or suspected at the site. The rocket orientation would expel combustion byproducts towards the retaining wall and the opening to the west. The rocket propellant would be consumed in the rocket motor case. Under normal operating conditions, no unburned propellant would be released.

In 1987, a reconnaissance investigation at five potential contaminated sites, including the Old Centrifuge Site, was conducted by the ER Project. Samples were analyzed for uranium, TNT, HSL inorganics, TCLP constituents, and EP Toxicity constituents. Metals, including barium, were detected at concentrations well below regulatory action levels. Total uranium concentrations were typical of area background levels. TNT, pesticides, PCBs, herbicides, and semi-volatiles TCLP compounds were not detected.

Prior to sampling, the surface will be surveyed for radiation. If contamination exists, it is expected to be around the edge of the centrifuge pad at the surface, probably along the open west side. The constituents of concern are metals (specifically lead, beryllium, and barium), depleted uranium, and high explosives. Four surface samples and four subsurface samples will be collected. The sampling locations will be biased toward the west side of the site because that is the open side (Figure 1). All surface samples will be analyzed for all the COCs. One-half of the subsurface samples will be analyzed for uranium and high explosives. All four subsurface samples will be analyzed for metals.

#### Site 77: Oil Surface Impoundment

The Oil Surface Impoundment Site is outside the TA IV fence, southeast of Building 981-1. The surface impoundment, which was constructed in the 1970's, is used to catch waste water from accelerators. At the time of the RCRA facilities environmental survey, the impoundment was unlined. Since then the impoundment was drained. Soil samples were analyzed for PCBs and

solvents. Based on the analytical results, the impoundment was determined to be clean. Subsequently, the impoundment was lined with geotextile and is now regulated under Sandia's Surface Water Discharge Program.

This site will not require UXO/HE or radiation surface surveys. Minimal confirmation sampling and analysis is proposed to verify that the site is clean. Three surface and three shallow subsurface samples are proposed. The samples will be collected along the perimeter of the existing lined pond (Figure 1). All the samples will be analyzed for PCBs. The subsurface soil samples also will be analyzed for volatile organic compounds (Table 1).

#### Site 227: Bunker 904 Outfall

Site 227 is an inactive outfall from the septic system for Building 904 (ER Site 48) in TA II. The site starts where the discharge exits the septic tank piping system, approximately 100 feet northeast of the southernmost point of TA II. The extent of the area influenced by the discharge may include the bank of Tijeras Arroyo below the outfall and some area between the outfall and the main channel of Tijeras Arroyo. The site is along the eastern edge of ER Site 45.

Building 904, built in 1948, was used for weapons assembly, HE testing, photo processing, and various other testing. Sanitary wastes were discharged to a septic tank, and other wastes were discharged to the outfall.

Mineral oil is also being considered a potential soil contaminant at all outfalls along the Tijeras Arroyo due to a recent release (June 1994) of mineral oil at Outfall 232 and vague historical records.

Possible soil contaminants are explosives, radioactive materials from weapons processing, including tritium, uranium, and plutonium, solvents (acetone, methylene chloride, methyl ethyl ketone, carbon tetrachloride, toluene, xylene, hexane, alcohols), and inorganics (ammonium hydroxide, barium, cadmium, silver, chromium, titanium, cyanide).

Access to this site is along the TA II perimeter road. This site is within the TA II testing exclusion zone. The best days to sample are generally Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, when testing ceases. Bruce Berry (telephone 845-8018) must be contacted to gain permission and access to this site. Prior to sampling

- tumbleweeds will be cleared from locations to be sampled and placed adjacent to the drainage;
- 2. these locations will be visually scanned for UXO/HE; and
- 3. these locations will be screened for surface radiation anomalies.

The proposed sampling program is to collect four surface soil samples and four shallow subsurface samples. Two surface and two subsurface samples will be collected at the outfall. The other two surface and two subsurface samples will be collected at the furthest visible channel erosion and scour (Figure 1). The analytes are listed in Table 1.

#### Sites 229 - 235: Storm Drain Systems Outfalls

These sites consist of the discharge areas at seven outfalls along the northern embankment of Tijeras Arroyo. The outfalls discharged industrial effluent and storm water from TAs I, II, and IV. Presently they only discharge storm water. The outfalls receive runoff from Site 96 (Storm Drain System) and other engineered drain systems within the three TAs. The sites are along approximately 3/4 miles of the embankment.

The specific constituents in the industrial effluent at these sites are not known. The possible discharged contaminants include chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, diesel, and other petroleum products. To cover this array of possible contaminants, soil samples will be analyzed for volatiles (subsurface samples only), semi-volatiles, metals and chromium<sup>16</sup>, if chromium is found in the metals analysis.

Mineral oil is also being considered a potential soil contaminant at all outfalls along the Tijeras Arroyo due to a recent release (June '94) of mineral oil at Outfall 232 and vague historical records. Therefore, soil samples will also be analyzed for TPH.

At Sites 229 through 234, prior to sampling

- tumbleweeds will be cleared from locations to be sampled and placed adjacent to the drainage;
- 2. these locations will be visually scanned for UXO/HE; and
- 3. these locations will be screened for surface radiation anomalies.

Site 229 is due east of the footings of the old guard tower and the south "corner" of the TA II fence. It discharges near the top of the embankment through the center of ER Site 45. Access to this site is along the TA II perimeter road. This site is within the TA II testing exclusion zone. The best days to sample are generally Friday, Saturday, and Sunday, when testing ceases. Bruce Berry (telephone 845-8018) must be contacted to gain permission and access to this site. Because this site discharges from TA II, various radionuclides, possibly including tritium, uranium, and plutonium are of concern. Four surface soil and four subsurface soil samples will be collected at this site (Figure 1). The analytes are listed in Table 1.

Site 230 is west of Building 970 in TA IV. A drain pipe discharges into a bowl-shaped concrete structure adjacent to Building 970A. Flow from this structure is directed to a drain and flume located approximately 120 feet further west. The flume carries the flow to a discharge point slightly above the base of the arroyo embankment. Doug Bloomquist (845-7455) must be contacted to ensure that no laser testing is being performed in the area. Four surface soil and four subsurface soil samples will be collected at this site (Figure 1). The analytes are listed in Table 1.

Site 231 is west of Building 970 in TA IV. A drain pipe discharges to a concrete flume near the top of the embankment. The flume carries the flow to a discharge point near the base of the slope. Doug Bloomquist (845-7455) must be contacted to ensure that no laser testing is being performed in the area..Four surface soil and four subsurface soil samples will be collected at this site (Figure 1). The analytes are listed in Table 1.

Site 232 consists of two outfalls. One outfall is south of Building 970A, east of the lined lagoon. A drain pipe discharges to a concrete flume near the top of the embankment. The flume carries the flow to at discharge point near the bottom of hillside. On June 1, 1994, about 150 to 350 gallons of mineral oil was spilled into this outfall through the storm water drain by building 986. The day after the spill the site was screened for radiation and UXO/HE. No surface radiation anomalies or UXO/HE were found. Also, four surface soil and four subsurface soil samples were collected. The samples were sent to Quintera Laboratory in Denver for analysis for organics, metals, chromium<sup>16</sup>, and gamma spec. Other than TPH from the mineral, no contaminants were detected. A Voluntary Corrective Measure was conducted in July and August to remove soil contaminated with mineral oil above 100 mg/kg of TPH.

The second outfall in Site 232 also is south of Building 970A, west of lined lagoon, and approximately 120 feet east of the other Site 232 outfall. Discharge occurs from a concrete structure opening near base of embankment. Access to the site is along the road outside the south side of TA IV. Four surface soil and four subsurface soil samples will be collected at this drainage Figure 1). The analytes are listed in Table 1.

Site 233 is south-southwest of Building 986. Near the top of an escarpment, a small metal drain pipe discharges to an open drain which directs flow within another pipe before discharging near the base of the hillslope. Access to the site is along the road outside the south side of TA IV. Four surface soil and four subsurface soil samples will be collected at this site (Figure 1). The analytes are listed in Table 1.

Site 234 is southeast of Building 981I (Inflatable Building) and a lagoon impoundment (Site 77).

The site discharges into a steep-sided, deeply incised channel cut into the hillside. The drainage channel splits directly uphill of a tree. Access to the site is along the road outside the south side of TA IV. Both channels will be sampled. Six surface soil and six subsurface soil samples will be collected at this site (Figure 1). The analytes are listed in Table 1.

Site 235 is immediately downstream of a large concrete spillway on the northeast side of Pennsylvania and south of the Skeet Range, at the point where the road comes off the north bank of the arroyo and descends into the channel. The flow moves in a confined channel after dropping down the spillway. The site has been cleared for visible surface UXO/HE and screened for surface radiation with no anomalies detected. This channel is considerably larger than the other outfall sites. Six surface soil and six subsurface soil samples will be collected at this site (Figure 1). The analytes are listed in Table 1.

#### Background

Background soil concentrations for organic contaminants should be negligible. Background concentrations for total metals and radionuclides must be determined for comparison to concentrations found at the sites. Twelve locations have been identified to collect samples for background determination (Figure 1). At each of these sites, one sample will be collected at a depth of 0-6 inches and a second sample collected at 18-36 inches (Table 1). In addition, the background study report prepared by International Technology Corporation (May 1994) will also be used to evaluate the data.

#### **Quality Assurance**

As shown in Table 1, quality assurance samples will include the following:

- Field "duplicates" on more than 10 percent of the samples. These samples will be collected adjacent to the original surface soil sample and in the same hole as the original subsurface soil sample;
- Field soil blanks for more than 10 percent of the VOC analyses. These sample will be obtained from Sample Management Office (SMO) and will contain no VOCs; and
- One rinsate blank. All rinsate will be composited in one container. A sample of the
  rinsate will be analyzed for all constituents. The disposal method for the rinsate will be
  determined by the analytical results on this sample.

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	- (			Т-	<u> </u>	Ţ.		• 🔻		Ä		<del>-</del> 1			٦.	$\top$	+	T	1	<del></del>	Т	T	JSUII	ace	3011		<b>-</b>			$\neg$	Т
Site	Site Name	Potential Contaminants	Number of Samples	BNAs (8270)	TAL Metals (6010/7000)	Cr*6* (aqueous leaching)	Cyanide (acid digestion)	TPH (8015)	Explosives Res (8330)	TKN (acid digestion)	NO <sub>2</sub> /NO <sub>2</sub> (353.2)	Gamma Spec (In-House) 600 901.1	Gamma Spec (Off-site) 600 901.1	PCBs (8080)	sotopic Plutonium (600 7-79-081)	sotopic Uranium (HASL-300 4.5)	Number of Samples	VOCs (8240)	BNAs (8270)	TAL Metais (6010/7000)	Cr*6* (aqueous leaching)	Cyanide (acid digestion)	TPH (8015)	Explosives Res (8330)	TKN (acid digestion)	NO <sub>3</sub> /NO <sub>2</sub> (353.2)	Gamma Spec (In-House) 600 901.1	Gamma Spec (Off-site) 600 901.1	PCBs (8080) Tritium (600 906.0)	Isotopic Plutonium (600 7-79-081)	Isotopic Uranium (HASL-300 4.5)
-		Ferric chloride, chromic acid and other acids,			-	_	<u>~</u>		-			<u> </u>	$\vdash$		1	- -	╁═	1	<u> </u>	1-	ľ	Ĭ		_		_			-1		
46	Old Acid Waste Line	ammonia, photo processing chemicals and	4	2	4	4	2		Į	4	4	4	2		4 2	2 2	4	4	2	4	4	2			4	4	4		4	1 2	2
- 1	Outfall (Tijeras Arroyo)	other unknown chemicals		-	1	İ		İ			j		1						1	1	1				_		L				
50	Old Centrifuge Site (TA-2)	Rocket propellant and residues	4		4				4			2			2 '	1 2	4			4				2							1
77	Oil Surface Impoundment	Solvents and PCBs	4											4			4							Ŀ				$\Box$	4	$\perp$	$\Box$
227	Bldg. 904 outfall (TA-2)	High explosives, radioactive materials, nitrate, toluene, methanol, other solvents, carbon tetrachloride, ammonium hydroxide, barium, cadmium, silver, chromium, titanium, cyanide	4	2	4	4	2	2	2	4	4	4	2		4	2 2	4	4	2	4	4	2	4	2	4	4	4		,	4 2	2
229	Storm Drain System Outfall	Chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, diesel, other petroleum products	4	2	4	4		4				4	2		4 :	2 2	4	4	2	4	4		4				4			4 2	2
230	Storm Drain System Outfall	Chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, diesel, other petroleum products	4	2	4	4		4				2			2	1	4	4	2	4	4		4				2				
231	Storm Drain System Outfall	Chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, diesel, other petroleum products	4	2	4	4		4				2			2	1 1	4	4	2	4	4		4			,	2				
232	Storm Drain System Outfail	Chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, diesel, other petroleum products	4	2	4	4		4				2			2	1 1	4	4	2	4	4		4				2				
233	Storm Drain System Outfall	Chromates, antifoulants, chromlum, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, diesel, other petroleum products	4	2	4	4		4				2			2	1 1	4	4	2	4	4		4				2				
234	Storm Drain System Outfall	Chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, diesel, other petroleum products	6	3	6	6		6				2			2	1 1	6	6	3	6	6		6				2				
235	Storm Drain System Outfall	Chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, chromosulfuric acid, diesel, other petroleum products	4	2	4	4		4				2			<b>-</b>   '	1 1	4	4	2	4			4				2				
Na	Background		12		12						_	12			3 3	3 3				12	_	<u> </u>	_			اب	12	-		3 3	13
QA	Duplicates	Na		2	5	4	1	4	1	1	1	[	1	1	_ _	2	1_	5	2	5	14	1 1	4	1	1	_1		<b>├</b>	1	4	<del>  1</del>
QA	Field Soil Blank	Na			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	_			_	_	_	_ -	_ _	- -	1_	5	<del> </del>	Ļ	<u> </u>	<del> </del>							-		+-
QA	Rinsate	Na	58		1											1		1	<del> </del>	1		<del> </del>						<b></b>		_	+-
	Totals					43	6	37	8	10	10	39	8	6	1 0	7 20	58	53	21	60	42	5	38	5	9	9	36		5 1	5 9	11
	Totals -	Surface Plus Subsurface	116	43	120	85	11	75	13	19	19	75	8	11	6 2	6 31	1	53	1												
j	I Utals -	* Analyze for Cr <sup>+6</sup> only if Cr is detected in mo				133	لننا		.:-1		<u></u> 1	<u>·~</u> 1		••••	تلت	-101	1		J												

## Appendix B Analytical Results

		·	<b>,,,,</b> ,,,,,,,			,				Site	229 So	il Results						
	Sample Identifier	Aluminum	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Beryllium	Cadmium	Calcium	Chromium	Cobalt	Copper	Iron	Lead	Magnesium	Manganese	Mercury	Nickel	Potassium
	229-01-A		10	5.1	100	0.4	1	34000	5.2	4.3	10	9300	11	3200	210	ND	5.9	2100
	229-01-B		7	1.6	73	0.3	1	20000	4	3.9	6.4	7900	10	2500	180	ND	4.6	1500
-	229-02-A		6	1:.7	120	ND	1	58000	2.7	3.3	7.2	5300	9.3	2600	190	ND	3.9	730
	229-02-B		17	6.7	280	0.6	2	1E+05	8.6	6.8	17	11000	32	6400	320	ND	10	2300
	229-03-A		8	1,8	75	0,3	1	23000	4.7	4.4	6.6	9200	9	3000	220	ND	4.8	2100
	229-03-B		9	5.7	94	0.3	2	29000	6.1	4.7	9.3	9600	17	3600	250	ND	5.7	1900
	229-04-A	8100	13	5.7	150	0.3	2	22000	8	4.2	7.9	13000	12	3600	210	ND	6.3	2600
ĺ	229-04-B	8400	14	6.7	160	0.3	3	32000	8.6	5	9.2	15000	12	4100	260	ND	7.1	2700
	Sample Identifier	Selenium	Silver	Sodium	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc	Cr+6*	Potassium 40	Lead 212	Lead 214	Tritium	Plutonium 239/240	Plutonium 238	Uranium-238	Uranium-235/236	Uranium-234	
	229-01-A	ND	ND	ИD	ND	15	36	ND	16	0.9	0.75	<0.030	0.007	< 0.006	0.5	0.17	0.7	
L	229-01-B	ND	ND	ИD	ND	13	25	ND				< 0.016	0.006	< 0.006	0.6	0.04	0.6	
	229-02-A	ND	ND	ND	ND	13	20	ND				<0.016						
	229-02-B	ND	ND	ND	ND	19	60	ND				0.018		ŧ.				
	229-03 <b>-</b> A	ND	ND	ND	ND	16	30	ND	18	0.8	0.6	<0.018	<0.005	< 0.005	1	1.05	1.6	
	229 <b>-</b> 03-B	ND	1	ND	ND	15	43	ND				<0.017	<0.004	<0.006	0.5	0.06	0.5	
	229-04-A	ND	ND	270	ND	24	55	ND				< 0.015		:				
	229-04-B	ND	ND	270	ND	29	57	ND				< 0.017						

Concentrations in mg/kg

Activities in pCi/g

Sample Identifier XX-XX-A - surface soil samples

Sample Identifier XX-XX-B - subsurface soil samples

#### <u>ACRONYMS FOR ANALYTICAL DATA</u>

Organic/metals data for soil = mg/kg Radionuclides data for soil = pCi/g

ND = Not detected

NS = Not significant

MDA = Maximum Detectable Activity

J = Detected at a concentration below the laboratory reporting limit

B = Detected in the associated blank sample

# Appendix C Background Calculations for Metals and Radionuclides

#### Appendix C. Background Calculations for Metals and Radionuclides

To evaluate metals data, 24 background samples were collected for metals analyses.<sup>4</sup> Distribution analyses was performed first by constructing histograms. The histograms indicated a parametric distribution. Outliers were screened in a two-step process as described in the base wide background report (IT 1994). The first step is to perform an "a priori" screening for very high values relative to the rest of the data set. This is qualitatively performed by visually examining a column of sorted values. Maximum values that are a factor of 3 or 4 times higher than their nearest neighbor are removed from the data set during this step. None of the anomalous values were deleted by the "a priori" process.

The second step, from EPA, 1989, determines whether an observation that appears extreme fits the data distribution. A statistical parameter, T<sub>o</sub> is calculated:

$$T_n = (X_n - X_n)/S$$

where:

 $X_n$  = questionable observation;

X<sub>a</sub> = sample arithmetic mean; and

S = sample standard deviation

 $T_n$  is compared to a table of one-sided critical values for the appropriate significance level (upper 5 percent) and sample size from a table provided in EPA 1989. Extreme concentrations for barium, calcium, chromium, copper and nickel were identified as outliers and were excluded from the data set. These anomalous values may have resulted from laboratory or sampling error.

Probability plots were then replotted to determine whether the data fit normal or lognormal populations. These plots are shown in Appendix D. The UTL<sup>5</sup> was calculated for data sets that fit a normal or lognormal distribution. Data sets are provided in Appendix D. As recommended by EPA, a tolerance coefficient value of 95 percent was used (EPA 1989). Most metals background data fit lognormal distributions. Iron and zinc data fit normal distributions. UTLs were not calculated for mercury, selenium, and silver because mercury and selenium were not detected and silver was detected only once in the 24 background samples. The beryllium background data did not fit a normal or lognormal distribution. The maximum value in a data set is commonly taken as the UTL in a non-parametric setting (Guttman, 1970). The maximum background beryllium concentration was 0.53 mg/kg.

Base-wide background UTLs for radionuclides were established by International Technology (IT) Corporation to compare and evaluate radionuclide data (IT, 1994). A table is provided in Appendix

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>These data are referred to as local background data. The data collected throughout Kirtland Air Force Base (KAFB), with most of the data collected within SNL/NM technical areas, are called base-wide background data (IT 1994).

 $<sup>^{3}</sup>$ UTL = x + K•S, where:

UTL = Upper tolerance limit;

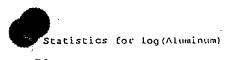
x = Sample arithmetic mean (for normal distribution), sample geometric mean (for lognormal distribution);

S = Sample standard deviation; and

K = One-sided normal tolerance factor (95 percent for these evaluations).

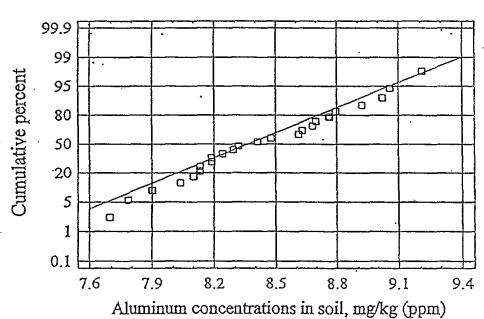
D with radionuclide background data and the corresponding UTLs. The maximum activity from the six local background samples for isotopic plutonium and isotopic uranium was used as an additional method to evaluate the data. Also, in-house gamma spectroscopy was performed on all 24 background samples and indicated low levels of radioactivity but no significant contamination.

# Appendix D Probability Plots, Local Background UTL Calculations, and BaseWide Background UTLs for Radionuclides



cage = 8.42942- 0.36529 metric mean = 0.41976 iance = 0.170246 ndard deviation = 0.412609 ndard error - 0.0842235 imum = 7.69621. imum = 9.21034ge = 1.51413er quartile = 8.13153 er quartile = 8.73178 erquartile range = 0.600253 wness - 0.132255 d. skewness = 0.26451tosis = -0.792361d. kurtosis = -0.792361ff. of variation = 4.89487= 202.306

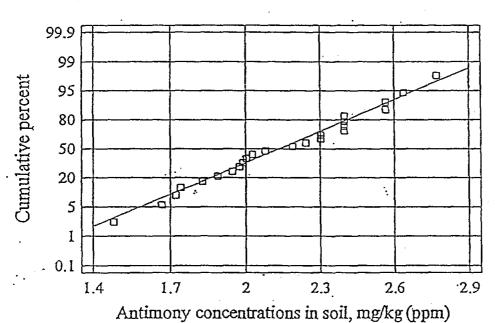
## Lognormal Probability Plot for Aluminum



immacy Statistics for log(Antimony)

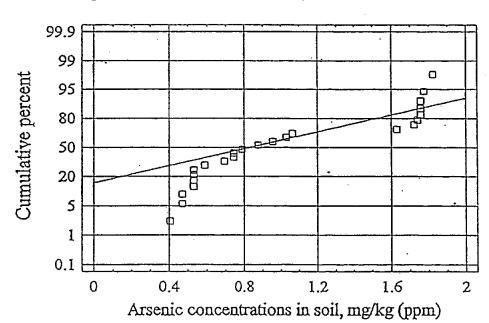
ecage = 2.14609 idian = 2.13275 de = 2.3979 ometric mean = 2.12004 riance - 0.113831 andard deviation - 0.337389 andard error = 0.0600692 nimum = 1.4816ximum = 2.77259 nge = 1.29098 wer quartile = 1.91649 per quartile = 2.3979 terquartile range = 0.481405 ewness = -0.040772 nd. skewness = -0.0815441 ctosis = -0.744171nd. kurtosis = -0.744171 of variation = 15.7211 1 = 51.5062

# Lognormal Probability Plot for Antimony



Statistics for log(Arsenic) = 24 ecage = 1.038 dian = 0.831963 ometric mean = 0.908119 Fiance = 0.291153 andard deviation = 0.539586 andard error = 0.110143 nimum = 0.405465ximum = 1.82455nge = 1.41908 wer quartile - 0.530628 per quartile = 1.73162 terquartile range = 1.20099 ewness = 0.463036 nd. skewness = 0.926071rtosis = -1.58507nd. kurtosis = -1.58507 eff. of variation = 51.983 n = 24.9121

#### Lognormal Probability Plot for Arsenic

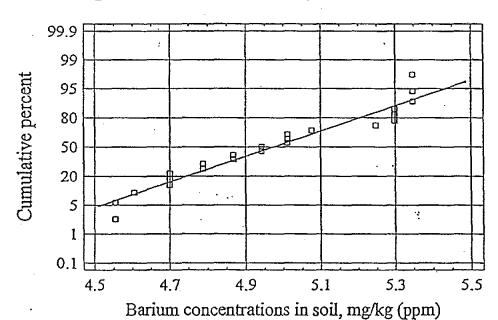


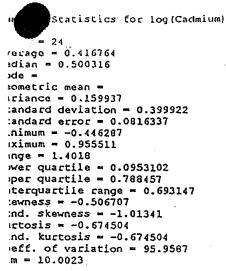
nmary Statistics for Log(Barium)

int = 23

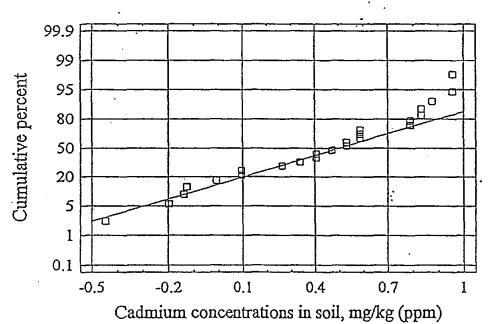
:cage = 4.96948 lian = 4.94164 le = 5.34711 metric mean = 4.96236 iance = 0.0740602 ndard deviation = 0.27214 ndard error - 0.0567451 imum = 4.55388 imum - 5.34711 ge = 0.793231er quartile = 4.70048 er quartile = 5.29832 erquartile range = 0.597837 mess = 0.0653415 i. skewness = 0.127931tosis = -1.30542 i. kurtosis = -1.27794 If. of variation = 5.47622= 114.298

### Lognormal Probability Plot for Barium





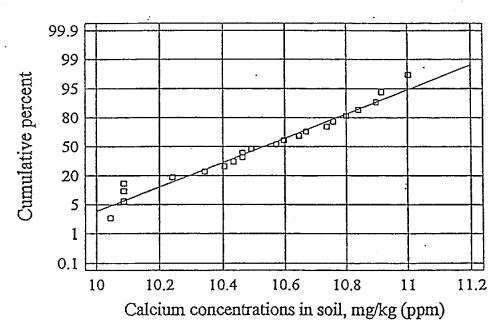
### Lognormal Probability Plot for Cadmium



#### mmary Statistics for log(Calcium)

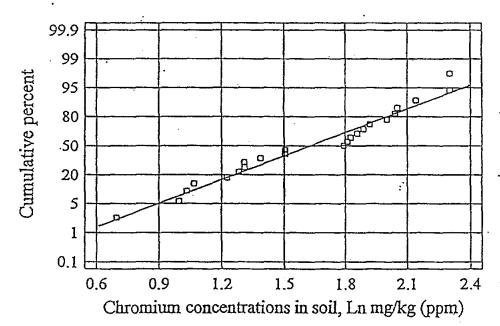
erage = 10.5579 dian = 10.5713 de = 10.0058 ometric mean = 10.5532 riance = 0.10513 andard deviation = 0.324237 andard error = 0.0676081 nimum = 10.0432nge = 1.22121 ver quartile = 10.3417 per quartile = 10.7996 rerquartile range = 0.457833 awness = 0.109797 id. skewness = 0.214971:tosis = -0.415646 nd. kurtosis = -0.406895of variation = 3.07103 1 = 242.832

#### Lognormal Probability Plot for Calcium



Statistics for log(Chromium) 'ecage = 1.61841 dian = 1.79176 ometric mean = 1.55042 riance = 0.204195 andard deviation = 0.451879 andard error = 0.0942233nimum = 0.693147ximum = 2.30259nge = 1.60944wer quartile = 1.28093 per quartile = 2.00148 terquartile range = 0.720546 ewness = -0.274151nd. skewness = -0.536757rtosis = -0.905395nd. kurtosis = -0.886332 eff. of variation = 27.9211 m = 37.2235

## Lognormal Probability Plot for Chromium



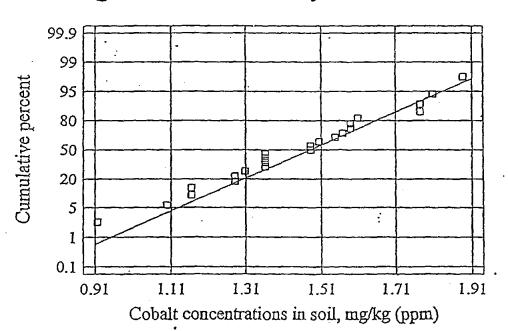
verage = 1.29969 edian = 1.42129 ometric mean = riance = 0.574775 andard deviation = 0.758139 andard error = 0.154754 nimum = -2.07944iximum = 1.88707 inge = 3.96651 wer quartile = 1.28093 per quartile = 1.58924 terquartile range = 0.308301 ewness = -4.13299nd. skewness = -8.26598rtosis = 18.9091 nd. kurtosis = 18.9091

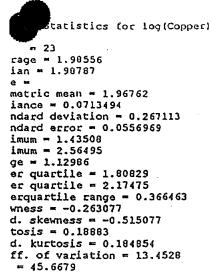
eff. of variation = 58.3324

m = 31.1925

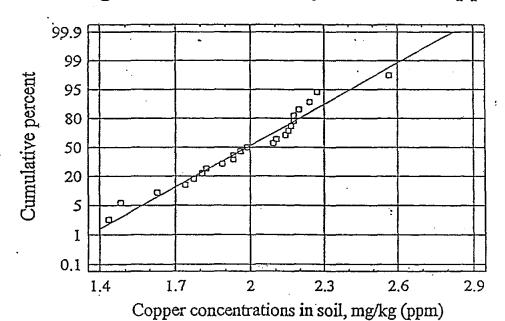
immary Statistics for log(Cobalt)

## Lognormal Probability Plot for Cobalt





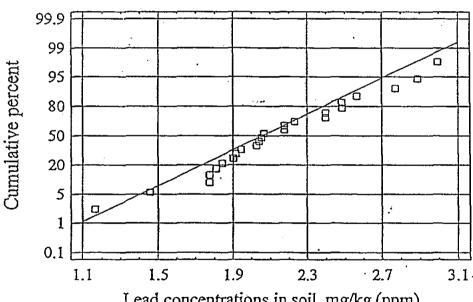
### Lognormal Probability Plot for Copper



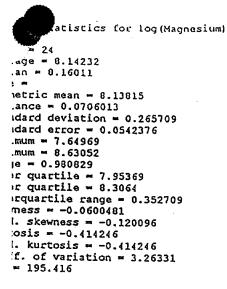
mmary Statistics for log(Lead)

unt = 24 ecage = 2.13936 dian = 2.06049 ometric mean = 2.09509 riance = 0.187882 andard deviation = 0.433454 andard error = 0.0884784 nimum = 1.16315 ximum = 2.99573 age = 1.83258 der quartile = 1.87133
per quartile = 2.4414 terquartile range = 0.570072 wness = 0.0350174 id. skewness = 0.0700348 :tosis = 0.200156id. kurtosis = 0.200156 ff. of variation = 20.261 1 = 51.3446

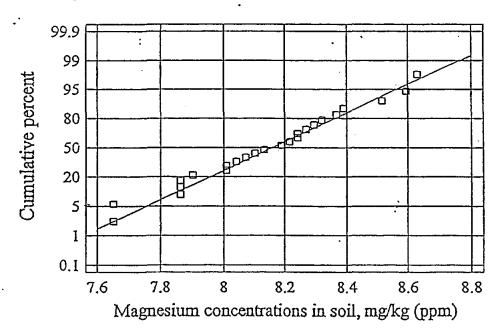
### Lognormal Probability Plot for Lead



Lead concentrations in soil, mg/kg (ppm)



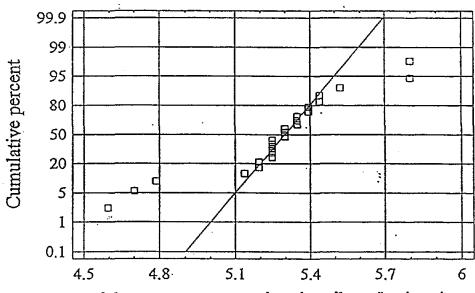
#### Lognormal Probability Plot for Magnesium



mmary Statistics for log(Manganese)

erage = 5.2733 dian = 5.29832 ie = ometric mean = 5.2661 flance = 0.0771874 indard deviation = 0.277826 indard error - 0.056711 1imum - 4.59512 cimum = 5.79909 ige = 1.20397 rer quartile = 5.21999 ser quartile = 5.39363 erquartile range = 0.173637 wness = -0.660387d. skewness = -1.32077tosis = 1.62566 d. kurtosis = 1.62566 ff. of variation = 5.26854 = 126.559

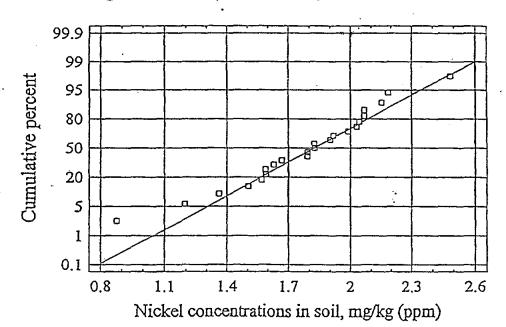
## Lognormal Probability Plot for Manganese



Manganese concentrations in soil, mg/kg (ppm)

Statistics for log(Nickel) erage = 1.78451 dian = 1.82455 de = ometric mean = 1.74596 riance = 0.1246 andard deviation = 0.352987 andard error = 0.0736029 nimum - 0.875469 ximum = 2.48491nge = 1.60944wer quartile = 1.58924 per quartile = 2.04122 terquartile range = 0.451985 ewness = -0.609856nd. skewness = -1.19403rtosis = 0.992502 nd. kurtosis = 0.971605 eff. of variation = 19.7806 m = 41.0438

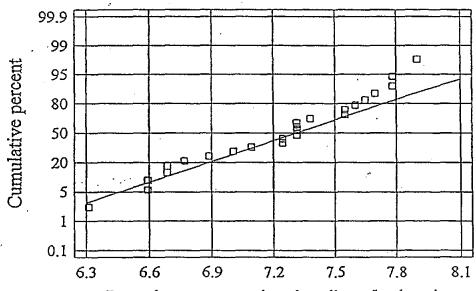
## Lognormal Probability Plot for Nickel



#### numary Statistics for log(Potassium)

Int = 24 rage = 7.21062 (ian = 7.31322 ie = 7.31322 metric mean = 7.20542 iance = 0.195599 Indard deviation = 0.442265 Indard error = 0.0902771 Imum = 6.30992 Imum = 7.90101 ge = 1.59109 er quartile = 6.82802 er quartile = 7.57526 erquartile range = 0.747233 Interval when the second of the secon

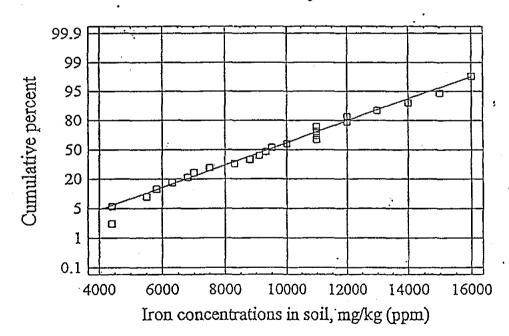
#### Lognormal Probability Plot for Potassium



Potassium concentrations in soil, mg/kg (ppm)

tatistics for Iron cage = 9529.17 dian = 9400.0 ie = 11000.0ometric mean = 8977.5 riance = 1.0363E7 andard deviation = 3219.17 indard error = 657.109 nimum = 4400.0cimum = 16000.0nge = 11600.0 ver quartile = 6900.0 ber quartile = 11500.0 rerquartile range = 4600.0 ewness = 0.20025 nd. skewness = 0.400499 ctosis = -0.620589nd. kurtosis = -0.620589⇒ff. of variation = 33.7822 = 228700.0

### Normal Probability Plot for Iron



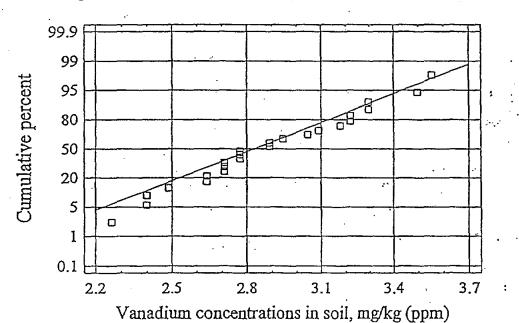
unt = 24
erage = 2.89094
dian = 2.83148
de =
ometric mean = 2.87064
riance = 0.122444
andard deviation = 0.34992
andard error = 0.0714271
nimum = 2.26176
ximum = 3.55535
nge = 1.29358
wer quartile = 2.67355
per quartile = 3.19846
terquartile range = 0.524911
ewness = 0.158415
nd. skewness = 0.316831
rtosis = -0.688491
nd. kurtosis = -0.688491

aff. of variation = 12.104

n = 69.3826

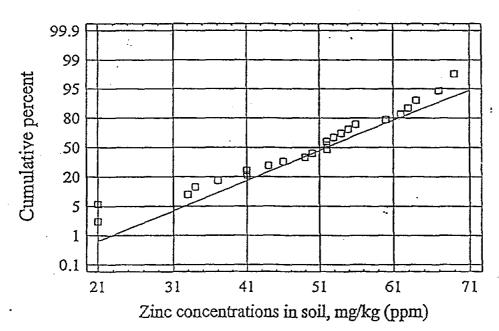
mmary Statistics for log (Vanadium)

# Lognormal Probability Plot for Vanadium



Statistics for Zinc = 52.0 52.0 eometric mean = 46.9434 ariance = 171.478 tandard deviation = 13.095 tandard error = 2.673 inimum = 21.0aximum = 69.0 ange = 48.0 ower quartile = 41.0 pper quartile = 58.0 nterquartile range = 17.0 kewness = -0.633044tnd. skewness = -1.26609urtosis = -0.0224531 tnd. kurtosis = -0.0224531 peff. of variation = 26.7244 am = 1176.0

## Normal Probability Plot for Zinc



					Local	Back	ground Soil	Res	ults						
Sample Identifier	Aluminum	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium .	Beryllium	Cadmium	Calcium	Chromium	Cobalt	Copper	Iron	Lead	Magnesium	Manganese	Mercury
Bkg-01-A	2700	6	2	110	ND	0.9	23000	3	3	6	5800	6	2100	190	ND
Bkg-01-B	4100	8	2	130	0.3	1.5	24000	5	4	7	8800	7	3100	230	ND
Bkg-02-A	2400	4	2	110	ND	0.8	35000	2	3	4	4400	3	2100	99	ND
Bkg-02-B	3400	7	2	130	ND	1	31000	3	3	6	6300	8	2700	210	ND
Bkg-03-A	4800	9	5	110	0.4	1.8	36000	6	5	9	11000	9	3700	210	ND
Bkg-03-B	6000	10	2	95	0.4	1.8	28000	7	5	9	11000	9	4400	250	ИD
Bkg-04-A	4000	7	2	120	0.3	2.3	24000	9	4	13	9300	8	3000	190	ИD
Bkg-04-B	3300	6	2	120	ND	1.4	24000	4	4	7	8300	6	2600	210	ND
Bkg-05-A	6400	13	6	210	0.5	1.8	78000	6	7	14	10000	16	5600	330	ND
Bkg-05-8	5500	10	6	140	0.5	1.7	33000	6_	6	9	11000	11	3900	330	ND
Bkg-06-A	4500	9	6	150	0.3	1.5	46000	19	4	8	9100	8	3800	190	ND
Bkg-06-B	3800	8	2	150	0.3	1.1	51000	4	4	7	6800	7	3400	200	ND
Bkg-07-A	3100	6	2	95	0.3	1.1	34000-	4	4	6	7000	12	2600	170	ND
Bkg-07-B	3600	7	3	100	0,3	1.3	39000	4	4	6	7500	7	3000	180	ND
Bkg-08-A	2200	5	6	160	ND	0.6	54000	3	ND	4	4400	4	2600	110	ND
Bkg-08-B	3600	7	3	190	ND	1.6	60000	5	4	7	9500	6	4100	180	ND
Bkg-09-A	5900	11	6	210	0.4	1.7	49000	6	5	7	11000	8	5400	230	ND
Bkg-09-B	3400	7	3	210	0.3	0.9	82000	3	3	5	5500	6_	3800	120	ND
Bkg-10-A	7500	11	2	140	0.3	2.3	42000	8	5	8	13000	12	3200	190	ND
Bkg-10-B	6600·	11	6	150	0.3	2.6	35000	7	4	10	14000	11	3300	200	ND
Bkg-11-A	8300	13	2	200	0.4	2.2	43000	8	5	9	12000	18	3600	190	ND
Bkg-11-B	10000	16	2	200	0.5	2.4	40000	10	6	9	16000	20	4000	220	ND
Bkg-12-A	5600	11	2	200	0.3	2.2	55000	7	5	9	12000	9	4300	200	ND
												1		1	

15000 13 5000 220 ND

Concentrations in mg/kg Activities in pCi/g Sample Identifier XX-XX-A - surface soil samples Sample Identifier XX-XX-B - subsurface soil samples

290 0.4

2.6

47000

10

6 . 9

14

Bkg-12-B

8600

Local	Васк	i Soil	Results
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						ui Du	CKG		Soil Hesui	10				
Sample Identifier	Nickel	Potassium	Selenium	Silver	Sodium	Thallium	Vanadium	Zinc	Tritium	Plutonium 239/24	Plutonium 238	Uranium-238	Uranium-235/236	Uranium-234
Bkg-01-A	4	1500	ND	ND	ND	ND	. 11	50					ĺ	
Bkg-01-B	6	2000	ND	ND	ND	ИD	16	63						
Bkg-02-A	2	730	ND	ND	ND	ΝD	9.6	41						
Bkg-02-B	5	1600	ИD	ND	ND	ND	11	53						
Bkg-03-A	7	1500	ND	ND	ND	ND	19	56						
Bkg-03-B	9	1200	ND	ND	480	ND	15	62						
Bkg-04-A	12	1900	ИD	1	ND	ND	18	55	<0.010	<0.009	<0.011	0.8	0.28	. 1
Bkg-04-B	5	1400	ND	ND	ND	ND	16	52	<0.022	<0.008	<0.009	0.3	0.02	0.3
Bkg-05-A	9	2700	ND	ND	ND	ND	22	37						
Bkg-05-B	8	1400	ND	ND	ND	ND	18	34						
Bkg-06-A	13	1500	ND	ND	ND	ND	16	52						
Bkg-06-B	6	800	ND	ND	420	ND	14	54			:			
Bkg-07-A	5	870	ND	ND	ND	ND	15	21					!	
Bkg-07-B	5	800	ND	ND	380	ND	15	21						
Bkg-08-A	3	730	ND	ND	ND	ND	12	33				·		
Bkg-08-B	5	980	ND	ND	430	ZD	21	67						
Bkg-09-A	8	1100	ND	ND	280	ND	24	41						
Bkg-09-B	5	550	ND	ND	640	ZD	14	44						
Bkg-10-A	6	2400	ND	ND	ND	ND	27	52			·			
Bkg-10-B	7	2200	ND	ND	ND	ND	27	49						
Bkg-11-A	7	2100	ND	ND	280	ND	25	60	< 0.023	<0.007	< 0.017		0.03	0.5
Bkg-11-B	8	2400	ND	ND	290	ND	35	64	<0.024	<0.012	<0.018		0.03	0.6
Bkg-12-A	6.	1500	ND	ND	ND	ND	25	46	<0.084	<0.030	<0.017	<u> </u>	0.17	0.8
Bkg-12-B	8	1900	ND	ND	620	ND	33	69	<0.023	0.035	0.038	0.6	0.33	0.9

Concentrations in mg/kg
Activities in pCi/g
Sample Identifier XX-XX-A - surface soil şamples
Sample Identifier XX-XX-B - subsurface soil samples

Normal Parameters for Tijeras Arroyo Local Metal Background Data

Statistical Parameter	Aluminum	Antimony	Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Cobalt	Copper	Iron	Lead	Manganese	Nickel	Vanadium	Zinc
median	4300	8.5	2	140	2	6	4.2	7.3	9400	7.9	200	6.2	17	52
geometric mean	4579.9	8.6	3	144	2	5	3.7	7.3	8977.5	8.5	195	6	18	47
maximum	10000	16	6	210	3	10	6.6	13	16000	20	330	12	35	69
minimum	2200	4.4	2	95	1	2	0.1	4.2	4400	3.2	99	2.4	9.6	21
arithmetic average	4970.8	9	3	149	2	5.5	4.2	7.5	9529.2	9.3	202	6.3	19	49
standard deviation	2095.4	3	2	40.5	1	2.3	1.3	2	3219.2	4.2	53.6	2.1	6.9	13
normal tolerance	2.309	2.3	2	2.33	2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.309	2.3	2.31	2.3	2.3	2.3
UTL	4927.4	16	7	244	3	11	7.3	12	16962	19	326	11	35	79

Lognormal Parameters for Tijeras Arroyo Local Metal Background Data

Statistical Parameter	Aluminum	Antimony	Arsenic	Barlum	Cadmium	Chromium	Cobalt	Copper	Iron	Lead	Manganese	Nickel	Vanadłum	Zinc	
arithmetic average	8.4294	2.2	1	4.97	0	1.6	1.3	2	9.1025	2.1	5.27	1.8	2.9	3.8	
standard deviation	0.4126	0.3	1	0.27	0.	0.5	0.8	0.3	0.3631	0.4	0.28	0.4	0.3	0.3	
normal tolerance	2.309	2.3	2	2.33	2	2.3	2.3	2.3	2.309	2.3	2.31	2.3	2.3	2.3	]
UTL	9:3821	2.9	2	5.6	1	2.7	3.1	2.6	9.941	3.1	5.91	2.6	3.7	4.6	]
e <sup>UTL</sup>	11874	19	10	271	4	14	21	14	20764	23	370	14	40	98	

Insufficient data for mercury, selenium, silver, and thallium to calculate statistics All concentrations in mg/kg

#### Summary of Background Concentrations for Radionuclides in Soil

Analyte	Original Number of Samples	Number of Detects	Number of Rejected Samples	Distribution Type	Range (pCl/g)	n"	Geometric Mean (pCVg)	Median (pCVg)	95" Upper Tolerance Limit (pCVg)	95° Percentile (pCl/g)
Bismuth-212	324	17	307	Nonparametric	0.414-2.7	17	1.1055	1.0	-	: 2.7
Bismuth-214	340	321	19	Nonparametric	0,27-1.4	321	0.648	0.6	_	0.8
Cesium-137 (Surface) (Subsurface)	802 . – . –	561 - -	26 - -	Nonparametric Unknown <sup>4</sup>	0.004-10.1 <detection limit<br="">(&lt;0.0686)</detection>	604 172	0,200 <detection limit<br="">(&lt;0,0686)</detection>	· 0.2495 <dataction limit<br="">(&lt;0.0685)</dataction>	- -	0.92 <detection limit<br="">(&lt;0.0586)</detection>
Coball-60	321	11	74	Unknown	- <detection limit<br="">(&lt;0.0418)</detection>	247	<detection limit<br="">(&lt;0.0418)</detection>	<detection limit<br="">(&lt;0.0418)</detection>		<detection limit<br="">(&lt;0.0418)</detection>
Lead-210°	338	40	292 .	Nonparametric	0.3-12.0	46	2,26838	2,835	-	6.8
Lead-212°	323	233	90 ,	Lognormal	• 0.1–1.4	233	0,49689	0.5	1.0795	· -
Lead-214"	249	241	9	Lognormal	0.29-1.13	240	0,549	0.56	0.90	-
Polassium-40	722	720	4	Normal	0.192-31,0	718	15,889	16,4	25.34	_
Radium-224	24	24	0	Nonparametric	0,43-0,97	24	0.6747	0,655	-	· 0.968
Radium-226	368	53	314	Lognormal	0.5-2.09	54	0,713	0,590	1,94	~
Radium-228	24	24	0	Nonparametric	0.45-1.05	24	0,695	0.630	-	1.05
Radon	0	0	0	Unknown	-	0	-		-	
Strontlum-90	54	45	· 9	Nonparametric	0.0321.85	45	0,2528	0.2883	-	0.766
Thorium-232	136	136	. 0	Lognormal	0.23-1.20	136	0.7971	0,810	1.258	_
Thorium-234	365	52	330	Lognormal	0.324~3.0	35.	0,7796	0,71	2.89	· <b>-</b>
Tritium	0	0	0	Unknown		٥	-	_		
Uranium-234	4	4	0	Nonparametric	0,8-1,0	4	0.897	0.9	-	1,0
Uranium-235	95	21	75	Nonparametric	0,05-0,18	20	0.1198	0.1235	-	0.168
Uranium-238	223	206	17	Nonparametric	0.0033-2.055	206	0,506	0.763		. 1,1

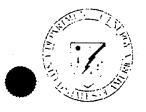
<sup>&#</sup>x27;Sample size,

(IT, 1994)

<sup>\*</sup>These constituents are not listed as COC in Table 2-2 for this media.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Constituents of concern are of unknown distribution type because data are either below the limit of detection, unusable, or nonexistent.

NOD



#### Department of Energy

Field Office, Albuquerque Kirtland Area Office P.O. Box 5400 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87115

OCT 17 1996

#### CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. Benito Garcia, Bureau Chief New Mexico Environment Department Hazardous and Radioactive Materials Bureau 2044 Galisteo Street P.O. Box 26110 Santa Fe, NM 87505-2100

Dear Mr. Garcia:

Enclosed are two copies of the Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico/Department of Energy (SNL/NM/DOE) response to the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) technical comments on the 23 No Further Action (NFA) proposals submitted to NMED in June of 1995.

If you have any questions, please contact John Gould at (505) 845-6089, or Mark Jackson at (505) 845-6288.

Sincerely,

Michaeld Zamorski Acting Area Manager

#### Enclosure

cc w/enclosure:

T. Trujillo, AL, ERD

W. Cox, SNL, MS 1147

N. Weber, NMED-AIP

R. Kern, NMED-AIP

D. Neleigh, EPA, Region 6 (2 copies)

cc w/o enclosure:

B. Oms, KAO-AIP

E. Krauss, SNL, MS 0141

B. Hoditschek, NMED

S. Dinwiddie, NMED

# Sandia National Laboratories Albuquerque, New Mexico October 1996

Environmental Restoration Project
Responses to NMED Technical Comments
on No Further Action Proposals
Dated June 1995

#### INTRODUCTION

This document responds to comments received in a letter from the State of New Mexico Environment Department to the U.S. Department of Energy (Zamorski, July 29, 1996) documenting the review of 23 No Further Action (NFA) Proposals submitted in June 1995.

This response document is organized in numerical order by operable unit (OU) and subdivided in numerical order by site number. Each OU section provides NMED comments repeated in **bold** by comment number and by site number in the same order as provided in the call for response to comments. The DOE/SNL response is written in normal font style on a separate line under "Response". Responses to general technical comments begin on page 3 and responses to site-specific technical comments begin on page 4. Responses to general risk assessment comments begin on page 143 and responses to specific risk assessment comments begin on page 144. Additional supporting information for the site-specific comments is included as figures and tables within each comment response and as attachments to each section of this document.

SNL/NM ER Project October 1996 June 1995 NEA Proposels
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NOO | 1997

ENVIRONMENTAL OPERATIONS
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#### RESPONSES TO NMED TECHNICAL COMMENTS ON NO FURTHER ACTION PROPOSALS DATED JUNE 1995

#### GENERAL TECHNICAL COMMENTS

1. Please provide a Table of Contents so that the individual sites and their order of discussion can be more readily tracked.

<u>Response</u>: A Table of Contents is provided with each No Further Action Proposal submission sent to the regulators.

2. Information sources are listed for individual proposals within the section Sources of Supporting Information. Although the information sources might be useful for evaluation of the proposals, it is generally difficult to match the information source the referenced document. Information sources should be referenced.

<u>Response</u>: Citations in text to the references cited will be provided in future NFA proposals submissions and resubmissions.

The background soil sampling results should be submitted for NMED review.

Response: A Site-Wide statistical study for determining the background concentrations of metals and radionuclides in soil and water at Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico and Kirtland Air Force Base has been recently completed and submitted to NMED in March 1996 (IT, 1996). These new background values were used to replace values provided for specific NFA proposals in this response.

4. Concerns exist over the sampling of the "septic system" solid waste management units (SWMUs). NMED believes the soil borings for drywells, seepage pits, or drain fields are inadequate. The proposal states that soil borings/samples were taken near the units (within 10 feet), but not underneath them. A sampling plan must be established to investigate underneath the seepage pits, drywells, or drain fields. Also, samples taken underneath the septic pipes/drain pipes need to be taken deeper than 3 feet.

Response: See Response to Site-Specific Technical Comment #1 below.

#### 13. Site 229, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site

a. How was industrial effluent introduced into the drainage system that was connected to the outfall? Are there pipes connected to the drainage system and/or outfall? Please provide construction plans (preferably "as built") of the entire drainage system.

SNL/NM ER Project October 1996 June 1995 NFA Proposals Comment Responses

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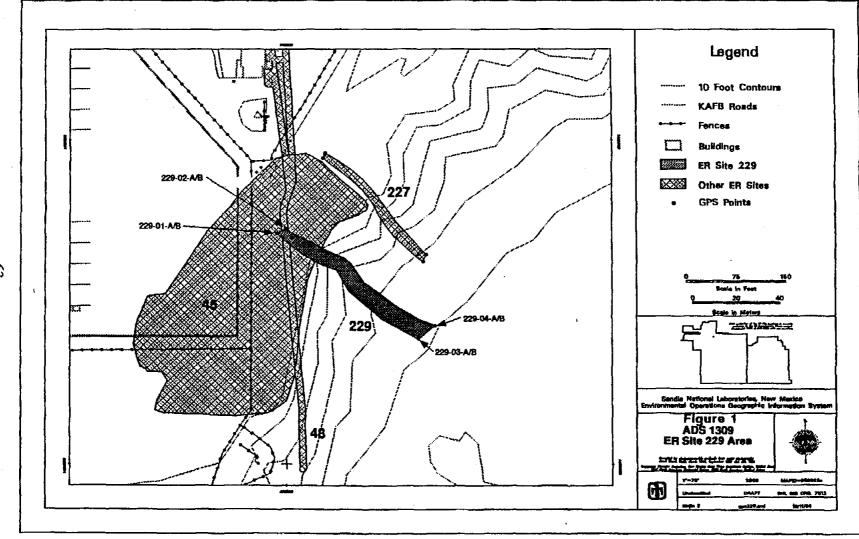
Response: A recent review of the most current sanitary-sewer plan (Figure 2) has shown that the ER Site 229 outfall was previously connected to the Building 913 drain system instead of being connected to Building 904 as mentioned in the June 1995 Proposal for NFA - Site 229. The site begins at the outfall end of septic-tank system piping and extends for about 280 ft along the unpaved ditch (Figure 1). During the late 1940s to the early 1990s, the site received waste water (effluent) from TA-II Building 913. The outfall did not receive sewage waste. Potential COCs in soil at the outfall include chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, diesel fuel, and mineral oil. The outfall no longer receives any waste water; the Building 913 septic tank was removed in the mid-1980s during the construction of the TA-IV parking lot. No stained soil or stressed vegetation has been documented at the site. A thorough review of SNL/NM Facilities Engineering drawings has revealed that no "as built" plans are available for ER Site 229.

b. NMED understands that Site 229 received industrial effluent and storm water from Technical Area 2 (TA-2) from 1948 to 1991. Currently, the outfall discharges only storm water. The average rate and volume of discharge have not been reported by SNL/NM. Potential contaminants of concern at Site 229 include metals, radionuclides, VOCs, SVOCs, explosives, and nitrate. NMED is concerned that effluents at Site 229 may have contained contaminants at concentrations that are a threat to groundwater, even if such contaminants are not readily detectable in soils.

Response: Specific discharge rates were not recorded and are not available. However, the potential COCs are known from personnel interviews. The above section SNL/NM Response to NMED Comment a provides additional clarifications about the COCs. NMED's concerns about groundwater characterization are addressed below in SNL/NM Response to NMED Comment f.

c. Considerable disturbance of the ground surface has occurred in the vicinity of ER Site 229. A maximum sampling depth of 6 to 36 inches may be inadequate to detect any contaminants of concern. Additionally, please explain why samples were potentially composited over as much as 30 inches? Why are actual sample depths not reported?

Response: SNL/NM believes that the sampling interval was appropriate. Soil samples were collected at the ER Site 229 outfall and the associated drainage ditch where the potential for contamination was greatest. Soil samples were composited for sampling simplicity due to the homogeneous nature of the soil.



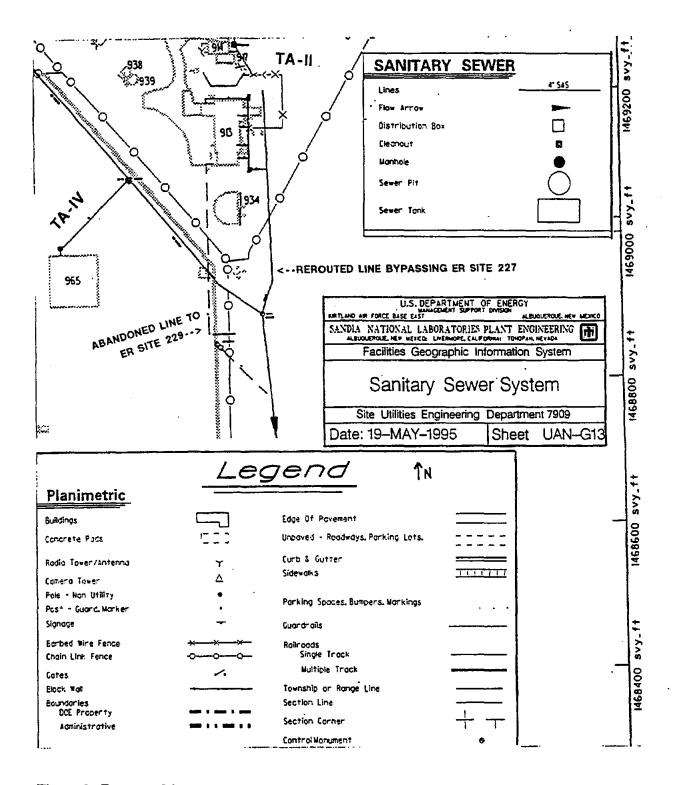


Figure 2. Excerpt of the current Storm-Sewer engineering sheet for ER Site 229 and the southern part of TA-II. [The 'abandoned line to ER Site 229' and 'rerouted line bypassing ER Site 227' labels were added by the SNL/NM ER Project.]

Each shallow sample was composited using soil from a depth interval of 0 - 6 inches. The samples shown in Table 4 with identification numbers that end in an "A" represent "shallow" soil (0 - 6 inches) samples. The mention of the subsurface-soil sampling interval being 6 - 36 inches is misleading. The subsurface-soil sampling interval was either 6 - 30 inches or 6 - 36 inches, depending of the analytes of interest. For convenience sake, the sampling interval for all subsurface-soil samples was standardized on the sample collection logs as 6 - 36 inches. The samples shown in Table 4 with identification numbers that end in an end in a "B" represent these "subsurface" samples. The sampling procedures are discussed in greater detail in Appendix A of the June 1995 *Proposal for NFA* - Site 229.

d. Method detection limits are not provided in Table 1 and Appendix B.

Response: Method detection limits are listed in Attachment A of this response.

- e. Comment e for Site 227 is pertinent for Site 229. [NMED has some concerns regarding the sampling performed at these SWMUs. Since these SWMUs have been releasing waste water for at least 15 years, NMED is concerned that no evidence of contamination was found in the soil or other media. NMED believes that the following additional work should be performed:]
- e-1. A soil gas survey should be performed near the outfall areas/drainage channel.

Response: Recent soil-vapor data are now available for ER Site 229. A passive soil-vapor survey was collected as part of a reconnaissance of ER Site 45 but the soil-vapor results were not reported in the June 1995 Proposal for NFA - Site 229. As shown on Figure 3, six soil-vapor collectors (45-A-001, 45-B10-003, 45-B13-004, 45-D4-007, 45-D5-009, 45-B8-002) were located within 100 ft of ER Site 229. The Petrex collectors were buried for 2 - 3 weeks in dry soil. Because of a greater residence time, Petrex collectors offer an advantage of being able to collect soil vapors from a larger soil area than is possible with active-induced (pumping) sampling techniques. Because no SVOCs or VOCs such as TCE, PCE, and BTEX were detected in any of the soil-vapor collectors (NERI, 1994; NERI, 1995), SNL/NM believes that collecting additional soil-vapor samples will not be beneficial. Therefore, SNL/NM proposes that deeper sampling is not necessary for this site.

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e-2. Deeper soil samples (minimum 20 ft.) should be collected in the outfall areas/drainage channel. Locations may be based upon the soil gas survey results.

Response: SNL/NM asserts that the previous soil sampling is adequate. SNL/NM asserts that the eight soil samples were appropriately located at the most likely release site at the ER Site 229 outfall (Figure 3). Four soil samples (229-01-A, 229-01-B, 229-02-A, and 229-02-B) were collected at the head of the drainage ditch. An additional four samples (229-03-A, 229-03-B, 229-04-A, and 229-04-B) were collected at the furthest extent of visible erosion and scour. The tail of the ditch is approximate 45 ft lower in elevation than the outfall. All soil samples were collected at depths ranging from of 0 to 36 inches.

e-3. Additional samples should be collected at the outfall areas/drainage areas that received the waste. NMED questions whether the soil sampling locations originally chosen actually received wastes.

<u>Response</u>: SNL/NM asserts that the soil samples were appropriately located at the most likely release site at the ER Site 229 outfall (Figure 3). Four soil samples were collected at the head of the drainage ditch. An additional four samples were collected at the furthest extent of visible erosion and scour at the tail of the drainage ditch.

A recent review of engineering drawings has shown that the ER Site 229 outfall was previously connected to the Building 913 drain system instead of being connected to Building 904 as mentioned in the June 1995 Proposal for NFA - Site 229. The site begins at the outfall end of septic-tank system piping and extends for about 280 ft along the unpaved ditch. During the late 1940s to the early 1990s, the site received waste water (effluent) from TA-II Building 913. The outfall did not receive sewage waste. Potential COCs in soil at the outfall include chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, diesel fuel, and mineral oil. The outfall no longer receives any waste water; the Building 913 septic tank was removed in the mid-1980s during the construction of the TA-IV parking lot. No stained soil or stressed vegetation has been documented at the site.

The analytical results that were previously presented in the June 1995 *Proposal* for NFA - Site 229 as Table 1 and Appendix B have been reorganized in this NOD response. The following section discusses the concentrations and potential risks of contaminants in soil at ER Site 229.

f. RECOMMENDATION: Based upon site concerns, including the potential contaminants of concern and the uncertainty about the volumes of industrial effluents discharged for a long period of time, as well the hazardous constituent detections in the perched groundwater (approximately 320 feet of depth) beneath TA-II in the vicinity of the Site 229 Storm Drain System Outfall, NMED considers that NFA is not appropriate for Site 229. NMED recommends additional investigation at Site 48 and may require a RFI Workplan for this site.

Response: The section SNL/NM Analytical Data Summary for ER Site 229 discusses the soil-sampling results.

Previously unreported soil-vapor investigations have yielded soil-vapor data that are applicable to ER Site 229. These soil-vapor results were not reported in the June 1995 Proposal for NFA - Site 229. As shown on Figure 3, six Petrex soil-vapor collectors were placed near ER Site 229 ft as part of TA-II OU and Tijeras Arroyo OU soil-vapor investigations. The Petrex collectors were buried for 2 - 3 weeks in dry soil. Because of a greater residence time, Petrex collectors offer an advantage of being able to collect soil vapors from a larger soil area than is possible with active-induced (pumping) sampling techniques. No SVOCs or VOCs such as TCE, PCE, and BTEX were detected in any of the soil-vapor collectors (NERI, 1994; NERI, 1995).

Previously unreported soil sampling has been conducted between ER Sites 227 and 229. Trench 7 was excavated in November 1993 as part of a SNL/NM Facilities Engineering Department project to connect the TA-II buildings to the city sanitary-sewer system. Soil samples were collected at depths of 0.5, 6.8, and 7.5 ft below ground surface (BGS). The three samples (ER92002060, ER92002061, ER92002062) were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, HE compounds, metals, and radionuclides using the methods listed in Attachment A. No VOCs, SVOCs, or HE compounds were reported in excess of the detection limits. All metals and radionuclides were less than the background values listed in Table 5 and 6.

NMED's concerns about groundwater characterization will be addressed by the additional sampling that has been proposed in the Sandia North Groundwater Investigation Plan (GIP). As a separate initiative from the Tijeras Arroyo OU, SNL/NM has prepared the GIP (dated March 29, 1996), which discusses the sampling program for characterizing the distribution of chlorinated solvents in groundwater near TA-II (SNL/NM, 1996b). Soil, soil-vapor, and groundwater samples will be collected at various locations around TA-I, TA-II, and TA-IV. GIP sampling locations will be near ER Site 229. Resolution of the Proposal for

NFA - Site 229 is not anticipated until additional groundwater data is collected during the Sandia North GIP field investigation.

The issue of Site 48 (the Building 904 Septic System) is not applicable to ER Site 229. As discussed in the <u>SNL/NM Response to NMED Comment a</u> section, the outfall at ER Site 229 has recently been determined to have been connected to Building 913, not to Building 904.

#### SNL/NM Analytical Data Summary for ER Site 229

#### Introduction

Since the submission of the June 1995 Proposal for NFA - Site 229, three significant approaches have been employed by the SNL/NM ER Project for evaluating the potential impact of contaminants upon human health. First, a sitewide (the KAFB and SNL/NM area) statistical study has been recently completed for determining the background concentrations of metals and radionuclides in soil and water (IT, 1996). These new background values are listed in Attachment G and have been through a more rigorous statistical analysis and therefore replace the values that were used in the June 1995 NFA proposals. Second, the Tijeras Arroyo background values in Attachment G have been recalculated using U.S. EPA guidance (EPA, 1989; EPA, 1992a; EPA, 1992b). Third, a standardized risk-assessment approach has been implemented by SNL/NM with U.S. EPA Region VI acceptance. These three approaches and the screening of regulatory standards have been incorporated in the ER Site 229 risk assessment that is presented in Attachment G. Elevated metals and other non-radioactive constituents were evaluated using U.S. EPA guidance (EPA, 1989; EPA, 1991). Radionuclides that exceeded background were evaluated using DOE guidance and the RESRAD computer code for residual radioactive material (ORNL, 1994).

### **Background Concentrations**

As part of the site-wide study, background concentrations were calculated for both the surface and subsurface soils of the North Super Group, which is defined as soils present in TA-I, TA-II, TA-IV, the northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo, and the northeastern portion of KAFB (IT, 1996). The depth of six inches was used for defining surface soil from subsurface soil. Two background concentrations are therefore listed for most of the metals and radionuclides in Tables 5 and 6. The background concentrations consist of either Upper Tolerance Limits (UTLs) or 95th Percentiles. An UTL was calculated for those COCs with normal or lognormal distributions; the 95th percentile was calculated for those COCs with nonparametric distributions.

#### Quality Assurance / Quality Control

The analytical results that were previously presented in the June 1995 *Proposal* for NFA - Site 229 as Table 1 and Appendix B have been reorganized in this NOD response to incorporate the three new approaches. To prevent confusion, the reorganized analytical data are presented herein as Tables 4, 5, and 6. The tables present the maximum concentrations for each detected analyte as reported by the two, CLP-certified, offsite analytical laboratories (the Quanterra Environmental Services - St. Louis Laboratory and the ENCOTEC - Ann Arbor laboratory). The actual laboratory reports are available for review at the ER Project Records Center in Building 6584.

Attachment A lists the analytical methods and detection limits that were used in the Tijeras Arroyo OU sampling program. Quality Assurance (QA) samples, including field duplicates, trip blanks and rinsate samples, also were collected as part of the Tijeras Arroyo OU site-sampling program. The QA results demonstrated the effectiveness of the decontamination procedures (Appendix B -June 1995 Proposal for NFA - Site 229). Eleven QA-field duplicates were collected for the soil samples (Attachment B). Relative percent difference (RPD) values were calculated for the metals, nitrate/nitrite, and radionuclides. The lack of detectable VOCs, SVOCs, and HE compounds did not allow RPDs to be calculated for those compounds. Of the 111 detectable metal and nitrate/nitrite concentrations, 85% of the RPDs were below the EPA-recommended target of 35%. Fifteen percent of the remaining RPDs were above the 35% target and probably are a function of the soil heterogeneity rather than a systematic error in sampling or analytical procedures. Of the nine detectable radionuclide activities, six were above the EPA-recommended target of 35%. However, the use of RPDs to evaluate the radionuclides values does not appear to be realistic because the activities were less than one pCi/g. Such low activities are well below background and are reported with relatively large 2-sigma errors. For example, U-235/236 was reported at 0.023 pCi/g with a 2-sigma error of 0.018 pCi/g. With a 95% confidence interval, the U-235/236 activity is in the range of 0.005 to 0.041 pCi/g and could therefore actually be below the minimum detectable activity (MDA) of 0.009 pCi/g. Soil heterogeneity could also account for the range of RPD values for the radionuclides. To conclude, the RPD values indicate that both the metal, nitrate/nitrite, and radionuclide analyses are of sufficient precision for preparing this NOD response. Table 4 is the most detailed table and contains the maximum concentrations as well as all reported concentrations, including 'J' and 'B' values, for VOCs and SVOCs. Table 5 compares the maximum concentrations of metals, cyanide, and nitrate/nitrite (NO2+NO3) in ER Site 229 soil versus the Proposed Subpart S action levels (EPA, 1990) and the

Table 4. All reported concentrations of VOCs and SVOCs in ER Site 229 soil samples.

Sample Identifier	Analyte	Туре	Detection Limit (mg/kg, ppm)	Reported Concentration (mg/kg, ppm)	Qualifier
229-01-B	Acetone	VOC;	0.010	0.009	J <sup>,</sup>
229-04-B	Acetone	VOC	0.010	0.006	J
229-01-B	2-butanone	VOC	0.010	0.006	J
229-02-B	2-butanone	VOC	0.010	0.006	J
229-03-B	2-butanone	VOC	0.010	0.006	J
229-04-B	2-butanone	VOC	0.010	0.007	B <sub>1</sub> J
229-01-A	Benzo (a) anthracene	SVOC <sup>3</sup>	0.330	0.071	J
229-01-A	Benzo (b) fluoranthene	SVOC	0.330	0.16	J
229-01-A	Benzo (a) pyrene	SVOC	0.330	0.050	J
229-01-B	Bis (2-ethylhexyl) phthalate	SVOC	0.330	0.17	J
229-01-A	Chrysene	SVOC	0.330	0.11	J
229-01-A	Fluoranthene	SVOC	0.330	0.23	J
229-01-B	Fluoranthene	SVOC	0.330	0.053	] J
229-03-A	Fluoranthene	SVOC	0.330	0.070	] _
229-01-A	Phenanthrene	SVOC	0.330	0.17	J
229-01-B	Phenanthrene	SVOC	0.330	0.049	J
229-03-A	Phenanthrene	SVOC	0.330	0.044	J
229-01-A	Рутепе	SVOC	0.330	0.19	J
229-01-B	Pyrene	SVOC	0.330	0.044	J
229-03-A	Pyrene	SVOC	0.330	0.050	J

<sup>&#</sup>x27;Sample identifier: First set of numbers denotes ER Site, second set of numbers denotes sample location, letter designator denotes sample depth (A denotes sample depth of 0 - 6 inches; B denotes sample depth of 6 - 30 or 6 - 36 inches).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>VOC = Volatile organic compound (EPA Method 8240).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup>J = Qualifier denotes that the analyte was reported at below the laboratory detection limit.

<sup>\*</sup>B = Qualifier denotes that the analyte was measured in the associated blank sample.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>SVOC = Semi-volatile organic compound (EPA Method 8270).

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Table 5. Comparison of maximum concentrations in ER Site 229 soil versus Proposed Subpart S action levels and background UTLs and 95th Percentiles for North Super Group surface and subsurface soils.

		and subsurface soils.	I 6 6 11 1 100	16' 6' '105'	G 1 6	10.1
Analyte	Maximum concentration in	Proposed Subpart S and Lead action levels	Surface soil UTL (mg/kg, ppm) (IT,	Surface soil 95th Percentile	Subsurface soil UTL	Subsurface soil 95th Percentile (mg/kg.
	ER Site 229 soil	(mg/kg, ppm) (EPA,	[ (mg/kg, ppm) (11, 1996)	(mg/kg, ppm) (IT,	(mg/kg, ppm)	(ppm)
	(mg/kg, ppm)	1990;EPA, 1994)	12201	1996)	(IT, 1996)	(IT, 1996)
Metals						
Aluminum (Al)	8,700.0	n.s.¹	n.c.²	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Antinomy (Sb)	17.0	30.0	n.a.3	3.9	n.a.	3.9
Arsenic (As)	6.7	80.0	n.a.	5.6	n.a.	4.4
Barium (Ba)	280.0	4,000.0	n.a.	200.0	n,a.	336.0
Beryllium (Be)	0.6	0.2	n.a.	0.8	n.a.	0.8
Cadmium (Cd)	3.0	40.0	n.a.	1.6	n.a.	0.9
Calcium (Ca)	100,000.0	n.s.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Chromium (Cr)-total	8.6	n.s.	n.a.	17.3	n.a.	12.8
Chromium-VI (Cr+6)	<0.1	400.0	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Cobalt (Co)	6.8	n.s.	n.a.	7.1	n.a.	8.8
Copper (Cu)	17.0	n.s	n,a.	25.5	n.a.	88.2
Iron (Fe)	15,000.0	n.s.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Lead (Pb)	32.0	400,0.	68.0	n.a.	n.a.	11.2
Magnesium (Mg)	6,400.0	n.s.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Manganese (Mn)	320.0	п.s.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Mercury (Hg)	<0.04	20.0	n.a.	0.31	n.a.	<0.1
Nickel (Ni)	10.0	2,000.0	n.a.	25.4	n.a.	25.4
Potassium (K)	2,700.0	n.s.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Selenium (Se)	<0.25	n.s.	n.a.	<1.0	n.a.	<1.0
Silver (Ag)	1.0	200.0	п.а.	2.0	n.a.	<1.0
Sodium (Na)	270.0	n,s.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Thallium (Tl)	<0.5	n.s.	n.a.	<1.1	n.a.	<1.1
Vanadium (V)	29.0	n.s.	47.2	n.a.	n.a.	42.8
Zinc (Zn)	60.0	n.s.	n.a.	82.4	n.a.	82.4
Miscellaneous						
TPH	<40.0	n.s.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>n.s. = not specified.

<sup>2</sup>n.c. = not calculated. The analyte is not a COC for SNL or KAFB (IT, 1996).

<sup>3</sup>n.a. = not applicable. The UTL is provided for those COCs with normal or lognormal distributions; the 95th percentile is provided for those COCs with nonparametric distributions.

Table 6. Comparison of all reported maximum radionuclide activities in ER Site 229 soil versus background UTLs and 95th Percentiles for SNL North Area Group surface and subsurface soils.

Radionuclide	Maximum activity in ER Site 229 soil (pCi/g)	Surface soil UTL (pCi/g) (IT, 1996)	Surface soil 95th Percentile (pCi/g) (IT, 1996)	Subsurface soil UTL (pCl/g) (IT, 1996)	Subsurface soil 95th Percentile (pCi/g) (IT, 1996)
Plutonium-238	<0.005	n.c.¹	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Plutonium-239/240	0.007	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Tritium	0.018	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.	n.c.
Uranium-234	1.56	1.6	n.a.	1.6	n.a.
Uranium-235/236	1.05	n.a.	0.18	n.a.	0.18
Uranium-238	1.01	n.a.	1.3	n.a.	1.3

<sup>&#</sup>x27;n.c. = not calculated. The analyte is not a COC at SNL or KAFB (IT, 1996).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>n.a. = not applicable. The UTL is provided for those COCs with normal or lognormal distributions; the 95th percentile is provided for those COCs with nonparametric distributions.

newly available background values (IT, 1996). Table 6 compares the maximum radionuclide activities in ER Site 229 soil versus the background UTLs and 95th Percentiles.

No VOC or SVOC contamination was detected in the ER Site 229 soil samples. Ten organic compounds were reported with either 'J' and 'B' qualifiers as being below the laboratory reporting limit, or being detected in the associated blank sample, respectively. TPH was not reported above the 40.0 mg/kg (ppm) detection limit (Table 5).

Four radionuclides (lead-212, lead-214, thallium-208, potassium-40) that were discussed in the June 1995 *Proposal for NFA - Site 229* were discounted from these NOD responses. Lead-212 and lead-214 were discounted on the basis of their respective short half-lives of 10.64 hours and 27 minutes. Potassium-40 was discounted because it is a naturally occurring radionuclide (Turner, 1992) that is not produced by SNL/NM reactors or accelerators. Beryllium-10 was mistakenly discussed in the risk section of the June 1995 *Proposal for NFA - Site 229* but has been discounted for this NOD response because it was not detected in any soil samples.

#### Sampling Locations

Eight soil samples were located at the most likely release site at the ER Site 229 outfall (Figure 3). Four soil samples (229-01-A, 229-01-B, 229-02-A, and 229-02-B) were collected at the head of the drainage ditch. An additional four samples (229-03-A, 229-03-B, 229-04-A, and 229-04-B) were collected at the furthest extent of visible erosion and scour. The tail of the ditch is approximate 45 ft lower in elevation than the outfall. All soil samples were collected at depths ranging from of 0 to 36 inches.

#### **Risk Assessment Conclusion**

Using conservative assumptions and employing a Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME) approach from RAGS (EPA, 1989), the risk assessment calculations show that for the industrial land-use scenario the Hazard Index (0.02) is significantly less than the U.S. EPA standard of 1. The estimated cancer risk (4 x 10<sup>-6</sup>) is in the low-end of the suggested acceptable risk range (10<sup>-4</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup>). The calculations show that for the residential land-use scenario the Hazard Index (0.08) is also significantly less than the U.S. EPA standard of 1. The estimated cancer risk (2 x 10<sup>-5</sup>) is in the middle of the suggested acceptable risk range (10<sup>-4</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup>). The dose and corresponding cancer risk from the radioactive components are much less than EPA guidance values; the estimated dose is 2 mrem/yr for both

the industrial and residential land-use scenarios. These values are much less than the Total Effective Dose Equivalent (TEDE) goal of 15 mrem/yr (40 CFR Part 196, 1994). The corresponding estimated cancer risk value is 4 x 10<sup>-3</sup> for both land-use scenarios. This value is also much less than risk values calculated due to naturally occurring radiation. In conclusion, ER Site 229 does not have significant potential from either non-radioactive or radioactive contaminants to affect human health under either an industrial or a residential land-use scenario (Attachment G).

Based on the results of the field investigation and risk assessment, SNL/NM reiterates the request that ER Site 229 be approved for NFA status. However, as a separate initiative from the Tijeras Arroyo OU, additional sampling has been proposed in the Sandia North Groundwater Investigation Plan (GIP). The GIP discusses the proposed sampling program that will be used for characterizing the distribution of chlorinated solvents in groundwater near TA-II (SNL/NM, 1996b). Soil, soil-vapor, and groundwater samples will be collected at various locations around TA-I, TA-II, and TA-IV. One of the GIP sampling locations will be near ER Site 229.

# ATTACHMENT A ANALYTICAL METHODS FOR SOIL SAMPLES

# Attachment A - Analytical Methods for Soil Samples

Table A-1. Analytical Methods and Detection Limits for Cyanide, Nitrate/Nitrite, SVOCs, TKN, TPH, and VOCs in soil.

Analyte	Method	Detection Limit, mg/kg (ppm)	Analytical Lab
Cvanide	U.S. EPA Method 9010	0.10	ENCOTEC
Nitrate/Nitrite	U.S. EPA Method 353.2	100.0	ENCOTEC
SVOCs	U.S. EPA Method 8270	0.30 - 2.6	ENCOTEC
TPH	U.S. EPA Method 418.1	40.0	ENCOTEC
VOCs	U.S. EPA Method 8240	0.005 - 0.010	ENCOTEC

ENCOTEC = Environmental Control Technology Corporation, Ann Arbor, Michigan

SVOCs = Semi-volatile organic compounds

TKN = Total Kjedahl Nitrogen

TPH = Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons

VOCs = Volatile Organic Compounds

Table A-2. Analytical Methods and Detection Limits for Metals in soil.

Metal	U.S. EPA Method	Detection Limit (mg/kg, ppm)	Analytical Lab
Aluminum(Al)	6010	10	ENCOTEC
Antinomy (Sb)	6010	3.0	ENCOTEC
Arsenic (As)	6010	0.50	ENCOTEC
Barium (Ba)	6010	10	ENCOTEC
Beryllium (Be)	6010	0.25	ENCOTEC
Cadmium (Cd)	6010	0.27	ENCOTEC
Calcium (Ca)	6010	250	ENCOTEC
Chromium (Cr)-total	6010	1.0	ENCOTEC
Chromium-VI (Cr+6)	7196	0.1	ENCOTEC
Cobalt (Co)	6010	2.5	ENCOTEC
Copper (Cu)	6010	1.2	ENCOTEC
Iron (Fe)	6010	5.0	ENCOTEC
Lead (Pb)	6010	2.0	ENCOTEC
Magnesium (Mg)	6010	256	ENCOTEC
Manganese (Mn)	6010	0.75	ENCOTEC
Mercury (Hg)	7471	0.04	ENCOTEC
Nickel (Ni)	6010	2.0	ENCOTEC
Potassium (K)	6010	250	ENCOTEC
Selenium (Se)	7741	0.25	ENCOTEC
Silver (Ag)	6010	0.5	ENCOTEC
Sodium (Na)	6010	250	ENCOTEC
Thallium (Tl)	6020	0.5	ENCOTEC
Vanadium (V)	6010	2.5	ENCOTEC
Zinc (Zn)	6010	1.0	ENCOTEC

Table A-3. Analytical Methods and Detection Limits for High Explosive Compounds in soil.

High Explosive Compound	U.S. EPA Method	Detection Limit (mg/kg, ppm)	Analytical Lab
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
HMX	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
Nitrobenzene	_8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
o-nitrotoluene	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
m-nitrotoluene	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
p-nitrotoluene	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
RDX	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
Tetryl	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
1.3.5-Trinitrobenzene	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC
2.4.6-Trinitrotoluene	8330	1.25	ENCOTEC

Table A-4. Analytical Methods for Radionuclides in soil.

Radionuclide	Method	Analytical Lab
Americium-241	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Cadmium-109	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Cerium-139	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Cesium-137	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Cobalt-57	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Cobalt-60	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Iodine-129	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Lead-212/214	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Mercury-203	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Plutonium-238	NAS-NS-3058 /SL13028/SL13033	Quanterra
Plutonium-239/240	NAS-NS-3058 /SL13028/SL13033	Quanterra
Potassium-40	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Strontium-85	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Thorium-232	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Thorium-234	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Tin-113	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra
Tritium	EERF-H.01	Quanterra
Uranium-234	NAS-NS-3050	Quanterra
Uranium-235/236	NAS-NS-3050	Quanterra
Uranium-238	NAS-NS-3050	Quanterra
Yttrium-88	HASL 300 - Gamma Spectroscopy	Quanterra

Quanterra = Quanterra Environmental Services - St. Louis Laboratory

# ATTACHMENT B RPD VALUES FOR SOIL SAMPLES

Table B-10. RPD values for soil sample 229-01-A.

Analyte	Sample 229-01-A, concentration (mg/kg) or activity (pCi/g)	Sample 229-01-A-duplicate, concentration (mg/kg) or activity (pCi/g)	RPD (%)
Al	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Sb	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
As	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Ba	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Be	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Cd	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Cr	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Со	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Cu	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Fe	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Pb	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Mn	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Hg	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Ni	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
V	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Zn	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Nitrate/Nitrite	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Pu-239/240	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
U-238	0.73	0.45	47
U-235/236	0.17	0.034	133
U-234	0.67	0.6	11
Tritium	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A

Table B-9. RPD values for soil sample 229-03-B.

Analyte	Sample 229-03-B, concentration (mg/kg) or activity (pCi/g)	Sample 229-03-B-duplicate, concentration (mg/kg) or activity (pCi/g)	RPD (%)
Al	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Sb	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
As	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Ba	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Be	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Cd	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Сг	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Co	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Cu	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Fe	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Рb	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Mn	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Hg	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Ni	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
V	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Zn	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Nitrate/Nitrite	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Pu-239/240	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
U-238	0.99	0.45	75
U-235/236	0.060	0.058	3
U-234	1.00	0.45	76
Tritium	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A

Table B-2. RPD values for soil sample 229-04-A.

Analyte	Sample 229-04-A, concentration (mg/kg) or activity (pCi/g)	Sample 229-04-A-duplicate, concentration (mg/kg) or activity (pCi/g)	RPD (%)
Al	8100	7700	5
Sb	13 -	12	8
As	5.7	1.5	117
Ba	150	140	7
Be	0.32	0.30	6
Cd	2.3	2.2	4
Cr	8.0	8.0	0
Со	4.2	4.2	0
Cu	7.9	7.7	3
Fe	13000	12000	8
Pb	12	11	9
Mn	210	190	10
Hg	<0.04	<0.04	N/A
Ni	6.3	6.2	2
V	24	24	0
Zn	55	52	6
Nitrate/Nitrite	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Pu-239/240	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
U-238	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
U-235/236	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
U-234	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A
Tritium	n.d.a.	n.d.a.	N/A

# ATTACHMENT C RELEVANT ENVIRONMENTAL ASPECTS OF TA-IV

## Attachment C - Relevant Environmental Aspects of TA-IV

Since submittal of the Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit NFA Proposals in June 1995, SNL has collected additional historical, regulatory compliance, and process information for Technical Area IV (TA-IV). In April 1996, the Environmental Assessment for Operation, Upgrades, and Modifications in SNL/NM Technical Area IV was submitted to various agencies (SNL/NM, 1996). SNL Organization 9300, the Applied Physics, Engineering, and Testing Center, operates TA-IV. With research operation beginning in 1980, TA-IV is the newest SNL technical area and has always operated using modern environmental, safety, and health procedures and considerations. Approximately 750 people work at the 83 acre facility. The principal mission for TA-IV is the research, development, and testing of pulsed power technology. Other activities include computer science, flight dynamics, satellite processing, and robotics. Major facilities include the SATURN x-ray facility, the High Energy Radiation Megavolt Electron Source-III (HERMES-III) gammaray facility, and the Particle Beam Fusion Accelerator-II (PBFA-II). Other smaller facilities include the Rocket Systems and Flight Dynamic Laboratory, the Payload and Satellite Processing Facility, the parallel Computing Science Laboratory, the Robotics Laboratory, and seven small accelerators.

Biological resources were evaluated before the construction of various TA-IV buildings was begun. An Environmental Assessment for Operation, Upgrades, and Modifications in SNL/NM Technical Area IV be was submitted to various agencies in 1996 (SNL/NM, 1996). This evaluation of biological resources at TA-IV is relevant for ten of the ER Sites (sites 46, 50, 77, 227, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, and 235). These ten sites are located along the northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo in the vicinity of TA-I, TA-II, TA-IV, Pennsylvania Avenue, a Skeet Range, KAFB Landfill 8, and the Albuquerque International Airport. No undisturbed natural habitat remains in the vicinity of TA-IV. Vegetation is limited to scattered ruderal plants and a row of ornamental ash trees. Sufficient food, water, and cover are not available to support wildlife. No federally-listed endangered or threatened species (plants or animals) or state-listed endangered wildlife species (Group 1 or Group 2) are known to occur within the vicinity of TA-IV, based on two biological surveys performed by IT Corporation in 1995 for the SNL/NM Environmental Restoration Project (IT, 1995). No natural lakes or wetlands are present and all drainage flows are intermittent, occurring during periods of precipitation. The Environmental Assessment report concluded that additional building construction would have no impact on biological resources.

Air monitoring is routinely conducted at TA-IV when the various accelerators are operating. The HERMES-III, PBFA-II, and SABRE accelerators generate short-lived nitrogen-13 and oxygen-15 radioactive air emissions but are in amounts million of times smaller than Clear Air Act standards (SNL/NM, 1995c). The half-lives for nitrogen-13 and oxygen-15 are 10 minutes and 2 minutes, respectively. The SATURN accelerator has historically released tritium, but the dose was at such a low level that the source was exempted from the National Emission Standards for Hazardous Air Pollutants (NESHAP) permit requirement.

No ER sites are located within TA-IV. Likewise, no septic tanks have been used at TA-IV. However, 21 aboveground and underground storage tanks (USTs) have been used, primarily for storing dielectric oil. Only above storage tanks (ASTs) are still in use at TA-IV. These 20 tanks store dielectric oil, acid, caustic, and deionized water. No USTs are currently registered with the NMED. A fuel-oil UST (970-1) was removed in 1994; no soil contamination was present.

The Storm Water Program in the SNL/NM Compliance and Generator Interface Department is responsible for measuring and reporting storm-water quality associated with storm-water outfalls located across SNL/NM. The storm-water results are reported annually in the Site Environmental Report (SNL/NM, 1995c). In accordance with National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) requirements, SNL/NM submitted an Application For Permit to Discharge Stormwater - Discharges Associated with Industrial Activity to U.S. EPA Region VI in 1992 (SNL/NM, 1992). Due to workload constraints, the U.S. EPA has not acted on the permit. In 1996, SNL/NM will submit a multi-sector permit to the U.S. EPA for their approval with State of New Mexico review and concurrence.

The Storm Drain System Outfall known as ER Site 235 is located about 500 ft southwest of TA-IV on the northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo near the Pennsylvania Avenue bridge. The site consists of a flood-control channel that extends for about 1,500 ft below a concrete baffle chute (energy dissipator). A storm-water monitoring station is located at the upper end of the baffle chute and is designated as Outfall 5 in the NPDES application (SNL, 1992). Sporadic storm water from the northeastern part of Kirtland Air Force Base (KAFB), including SNL Technical Areas I and IV, flows through the baffle chute and the channel before reaching Tijeras Arroyo. The outfall drains approximately 475 acres of which 65% is an impervious surface (SNL, 1996). Figures in the NOD response for ER Site 235 show the watershed. The SNL/NM Storm Water Program collected water samples from Outfall 5 on July 23, 1992, August 6, 1992, and May 25, 1994. Composite and grab samples were analyzed for total metals, general inorganics, and various other parameters. Since the NPDES application has not been reviewed by the U.S. EPA, the water samples have been compared to the most stringent standards available (Federal drinking water standards). Except for manganese and coliform, the quality of the storm water was better than the Federal standards (Tables C-1 and C-2). Manganese was reported at 0.13 mg/L (ppm) which is slightly above the Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL) of 0.05 mg/L (ppm). However, the metal analyses were total values, not the dissolved values which are typically compared to drinking water standards. The presence of coliform at 2,000 colonies per 100 mL of water most likely reflects transient wildlife. Water samples were not collected in 1993 or 1995 because of insufficient precipitation.

In the June 1995 NFA Proposal, the SNL/NM ER project considered the potential COCs in soil at ER Site 235 to be: chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, diesel fuel, and mineral oil. Both radiation and unexploded ordnance (UXO) field surveys have been conducted at ER Site 235; no anomalies were detected.

No stained soil or stressed vegetation has been documented at the site. The SNL/NM ER project collected soil samples along the drainage ditch in the Fall of 1994; the results are discussed in the NOD Response.

Five other outfalls (ER Sites 230, 231, 232, 233, and 234) are located along the steep. Tijeras Arroyo northern rim at the eastern and southern edges of TA-IV. The purpose of the TA-IV outfalls is to reduce the amount of soil erosion caused by storm water. Discharge of storm water only occurs several days per year. During the period of April 7 to December 31, 1995, an automatic flow meter recorded storm-water flows on ten different days. Engineering drawings for the TA-IV storm-water and sanitary-sewer systems are presented in the NOD responses for ER Sites 230, 231, 233, and 234. No process or waste waters flow into the outfalls. Such fluids are directed to the sanitary sewer system or two evaporative lagoons.

The five TA-IV outfalls were added to the ER site list in 1993. However, only one of the sites has been involved in the spill or release of a Reportable Quantity (SNL, 1995b). The sole incident occurred in 1994 when mineral oil was spilled at ER Site 232. The contaminated soil was subsequently removed for off-site disposal. A NFA proposal for ER Site 232 will be submitted to NMED in late 1996.

In the June 1995 NFA Proposals, the SNL/NM ER project considered the potential COCs in soil at ER Sites 230, 231, 233, and 234 to be: chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, diesel fuel, petroleum products, and mineral oil. Both radiation and unexploded ordnance (UXO) field surveys have been conducted at each site; no anomalies were detected. No stained soil or stressed vegetation has been documented at any of the sites. The SNL/NM ER project collected soil samples at each site in the Fall of 1994; the results are discussed in the respective NOD Responses.

Outfall 6 is a catch basin that is located about 50 ft upslope of ER Site 233. According to NPDES guidance, only one of the TA-IV outfalls requires monitoring because all the TA-IV outfalls receive storm water from similar sources (Fink, 1996). Due to infrequent precipitation and the lack of an automatic sampler, only two water samples (July 31 and September 15, 1992) have been collected at Outfall 6. Except for manganese and coliform, the quality of storm water was better than the Federal standards for drinking water (Table C-3). Manganese was reported at 0.24 mg/L (ppm) which is slightly above the Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level (SMCL) of 0.05 mg/L (ppm). However, the metal analyses were total values, not the dissolved values which are typically compared to drinking water standards. The presence of coliform at 4,000 colonies per 100 mL of water most likely reflects transient wildlife.

Two evaporative lagoons (impoundments) are located at TA-IV and both serve similar functions. The primary purpose of the two lagoons is to store surface-water runoff from precipitation that collects in the sumps of the outdoor transformer-oil tank farm spill-containment areas (SNL/NM, 1995b). Both lagoons are lined with synthetic geotextile membranes. Surface-water runoff is pumped to the lagoons by manually operated sump

pumps. If visible oil is present in the sumps, a manually operated skimmer is used to transfer the skimmed oil to an oil storage tank. Lagoon #1 (ER Site 77) is located to the south of TA-IV and also receives non-routine water and transformer oil spills from floor trenches in Buildings 981 and 983. The capacity of Lagoon #1 is 137,000 gallons. Lagoon #2 is located in the eastern section of TA-IV and also receives non-routine water and transformer oil spills from floor trenches in Building 970. The capacity of Lagoon #2 is 127,000 gallons.

Operation of the two lagoons is the responsibility of SNL/NM Organization 9300 with oversight by the Water Quality Program in SNL/NM Organization 7500. The lagoons are regulated by NMED under 'Surface Water Discharge Plan 530' (DP-530). The Water Quality Program conducts semiannual inspections that include the measurement of the water levels and the collection of water samples. To date, water has not overflowed onto the ground surface. The water is analyzed for major ions, total dissolved solids (TDS), volatile organics, and extractable organics. Water quality results have not necessitated the pumping of the water for off-site disposal. NMED inspected the surface impoundments twice during 1995; no deficiencies were noted. The SNL/NM Water Quality Program submits a lagoon-monitoring report to NMED on a semiannual basis. The report includes water level measurements and analytical data.

#### References

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Table C-1. Comparison of Federal drinking water standards to maximum concentrations present in storm-water samples collected at NPDES Outfall 5 (ER Site 235) on July 23 and August 6, 1992 (SNL/NM, 1992).

Analyte	Maximum concentration of flow-weighted composite samples, mg/L (ppm)	Lowest MCL, MCLG, or SMCL, mg/L (ppm)	EPA method
Arsenic, total	0.0059	0.050	206.2
Barium, total	0.22	2.0	200.7
Cadmium, total	<0.0050	0.005	213.2
Chromium, total	<0.010	0.1	218.2
Copper, total	0.034	1.0	200.7
Lead, total	0.014	0.015	239.2
Manganese, total	0.13	0.05	200.7
Mercury, total	<0.00020	0.002	245.1
Nickel, total	<0.040	0.1	200.7
Selenium, total	<0.0050	0.05	270.2
Silver, total	<0.010	0.1	200.7
Zinc, total	0.18	5.0	200.7
BOD	11.0	n.s.	405.1
COD	87.9	n.s.	410.0
Cyanide	<0.010	n.s.	335.2
Fluoride	0.21	2.0	340.2
Gross Alpha	0±20 pCi/L	0 pCi/L	900.0/7110B
Gross Beta	10±20 pCi/L	0 mrem	900.0/7110B
HPLC Explosives	<0.032	0.0032	8330
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.76	10.0	353.2
Oil and Grease	<1.0	n,s.	413
Orthophosphate	0.18	n.s	614
PCBs	<0.005	0.005	8080
Phenolics	0.016	n.s.	8040
Phosphorous as P	0.24	n.s.	365.3
Residual Chlorine	<0.20	n.s.	330
SVOCs	<0.085	0.085	8270
TDS	146.0	250.0	160.1
TKN	1.4	n.s.	351
Total Coliform	2,000 cl/100mL	0 cl/100mL	9230
TSS	221.0	n.s.	160.2
Volatile Organics	< 0.005	n.s.	8240

Table C-2. Comparison of Federal drinking water standards to concentrations of total metals and general inorganics in storm-water samples collected at NPDES Outfall 5 (ER Site 235) on May 25, 1994.

1994.				_
Analyte	Composite sample concentration, mg/L (ppm)	Grab sample concentration, mg/L (ppm)	Lowest MCL, MCLG, or SMCL, mg/L (ppm)	EPA method
Antinomy, total	<0.060	<0.060	0.006	200.7
Arsenic, total	0.0033	<0.010	0.050	206.2
Beryllium, total	<0.0020	<0.0020	0.004	200.7
Cadmium, total	0.00076	0.0010	0.005	213.2
Chromium, total	0.0031	0.0044	0.1	218.2
Copper, total	0.0078	0.014	1.0	200.7
Lead, total	0.014	0.026	0.015	239.2
Mercury, total	<0.00020	<0.00020	0.002	245.1
Nickel, total	<0.040	<0.040	0.1	200.7
Selenium, total	<0.0050	<0.0050	0.05	270.2
Silver, total	<0.010	< 0.010	0.1	200.7
Zinc, total	0.066	0.17	5.0	200.7
Alkalinity, total	57.2	46.2	n.s.	310.1
Ammonia as N	0.14	0.18	n.s.	350.1
Chloride	1.9	2.5	250.0	300.0
Fluoride	0.20	0.17	2.0	340.2
Nitrate + Nitrite	0.33	0.33	10.0	353.2
Phosphorous as P	0.25	0.36	n.s.	365.3
Sulfate	4.9	4.2	250.0	300.0
TDS	202.0	106.0	500.0	160.1
TSS	255.0	310.0	n.s.	160.2

All water analyses performed by the Quanterra Environmental Services, Inc. laboratory.

BOD = Biochemical Oxygen Demand

cl/mL = colonies per 100 milliliter of water

COD = Chemical Oxygen Demand

Drinking Water Standards: MCL = Maximum Contaminant Level; MCLG = Maximum Contaminant Level Goal; SMCL = Secondary Maximum Contaminant Level, (EPA, 1996). The lead value is an action level

HPLC = High Performance Liquid Chromatography

mg/L = milligrams per liter = parts per million (ppm)

mrem = millirem

n.s. = not specified (U.S. EPA, 1996)

pCi/L = picocuries per liter

PCBs = Polychlorinated Biphenyls

TDS = Total Dissolved Solids

TKN = Total Kjedahl Nitrogen

TSS = Total Suspended Solids

VOCs = Volatile Organic Compounds. The reported concentrations of VOCs (2-hexanone at 0.011 mg/L (ppm), 2-butanone at 0.046 mg/L (ppm), and acetone at 0.0723 and 0.110 mg/L (ppm) are considered suspect because all three VOCs are common laboratory contaminants (Bleyler, 1988).

Table C-3. Comparison of Federal drinking water standards to maximum concentrations present in storm-water samples collected at NPDES Outfall 6 (catch basin above ER Site 233) on July 31 and September 15, 1992 (SNL/NM, 1992).

Analyte	Maximum concentration of flow-weighted composite samples, mg/L (ppm)	Lowest MCL, MCLG, or SMCL, mg/L (ppm)	EPA method
Arsenic, total	<0.0050	0.050	206,2
Barium, total	0.099	2.0	200.7
Cadmium, total	< 0.0050	0.005	213.2
Chromium, total	<0.010	0.1	218.2
Copper, total	0.025	1.0	200.7
Lead, total	0.0067	0.015	239.2
Manganese, total	0.24	0.05	200.7
Mercury, total	<0.00080	0.002	245.1
Nickel, total	<0.040	0.1	200.7
Selenium, total	<0.010	0.05	270.2
Silver, total	<0.010	0.1	200.7
Zinc, total	0.20	5.0	200.7
BOD	62.8	n.s.	405.1
COD	422.0	n.s.	410.0
Cyanide	<0.010	n.s.	335.2
Fluoride	0.17	2.0	340.2
Gross Alpha	1±6 pCi/L	0 pCi/L	900.0/7110B
Gross Beta	10±3 pCi/L	0 mrem	900.0/7110B
HPLC Explosives	<0.0032	0.0032	8330
Nitrate + Nitrite	2.7	10.0	353.2
Oil and Grease	3.2	n.s.	413
Orthophosphate	<0.050	n.s.	614
PCBs	<0.005	0.005	8080
Phenolics	0.048	n.s.	8040
Phosphorous as P	0.060	n.s.	365.3
Residual Chlorine	1.9	n.s.	330
SVOCs	<0.085	0.085	8270
TDS	440.0	250.0	160.1
TKN	5.8	n.s.	351
Total Coliform	4,000 cl/100mL	0 cl/100mL	9230
TSS	56.0	n.s.	160.2
Volatile Organics	<0.005	n.s.	8240

# ATTACHMENT G ER SITE 229 RISK ASSESSMENT ANALYSIS

## ATTACHMENT G - ER SITE 229: RISK ASSESSMENT ANALYSIS

### I. Site Description and History

The Storm Drain System Outfall known as ER Site 229 is located about 100 ft south of TA-II on the northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo. The site begins at the outfall of septic-tank system piping and extends for about 300 ft along an unpaved ditch. During the late 1940s to the early 1990s, the site received waste water from TA-II Building 913. The outfall did not receive sewage waste. Potential constituents of concern (COCs) in soil at the outfall include chromates, antifoulants, chromium, sodium hydroxide, hydrochloric acid, diesel fuel, and mineral oil. The list of COCs was conservatively based upon chemicals used at TA-II. The outfall no longer receives any waste water; the Building 913 septic tank was removed in the mid-1980s during the construction of the TA-IV parking lot. Both radiation and unexploded ordnance (UXO) field surveys have been conducted; no anomalies were detected. No stained soil or stressed vegetation has been documented at the site.

#### II. Risk Assessment Analysis

Risk assessment of a site includes a number of steps which culminate in a quantitative evaluation of the potential adverse human health effects caused by constituents located at the site. The steps to be discussed in this section include:

Step 1.	Site data are described which provide information on the potential COCs, as well as the relevant physical characteristics and properties of the site.
Step 2.	Potential pathways by which a representative population might be exposed to the COCs are identified.
Step 3.	The potential intake of these COCs by the representative population is calculated using a tiered approach. The tiered approach includes screening steps, followed by potential intake calculations and a discussion or evaluation of the uncertainty in those calculations.
Step 4.	Data are described on the potential toxicity and cancer effects from exposure to the COCs and subsequent intake.
Step 5.	Potential toxicity effects (specified as a Hazard Index), cancer risks and radiation doses are calculated.
Step 6.	These values are compared with standards established by the USEPA and USDOE to determine if further evaluation, and potential site clean-up, is required.
Step 7.	Discussion of uncertainties in the previous steps.

#### II.1 Step 1. Site Data

Site history and site field characterization activities are used to identify potential COCs. The identification of COCs and the sampling to determine the concentration values of those COCs across the site are described in section SNL/NM Analytical Data Summary of the ER Site 229 NOD response. In order to provide conservatism in this risk assessment, the calculation uses only the maximum concentration value of each COC determined for the entire site. Chemicals that are essential nutrients such as iron, magnesium, calcium, potassium, and sodium were not included in this risk assessment per USEPA 1989a. Both radioactive and nonradioactive COCs are evaluated. The nonradioactive chemicals are metals and organics.

### II.2 Step 2. Pathway Identification

This site has been designated with a future land-use scenario of industrial (Attachment M). Because of the location and the characteristics of the potential contaminants, the primary pathway for human exposure is considered to be soil ingestion. The inhalation pathway for both chemicals and radionuclides is included because of the potential to inhale dust. Direct gamma exposure is also included in the radioactive contamination risk assessment. A groundwater pathway was not considered because no soil contamination was present in the sampling interval of 0 to 3 ft and the depth to groundwater is approximately 300 ft. Because of the lack of perennial surface water or other significant mechanisms for dermal contact, the dermal exposure pathway is considered to not be significant. No intake routes through plant, meat, or milk ingestion are considered appropriate.

#### PATHWAY IDENTIFICATION

Chemical Constituents	Radionuclide Constituents	
Soil Ingestion	Soil Ingestion	
Inhalation (Dust)	Inhalation (Dust and volatiles)	
	Direct Gamma	

#### II.3 Steps 3-5. Calculation of Hazard Indices and Cancer Risks

Steps 3 through 5 are discussed in this section. These steps include the discussion of the tiered approach in eliminating potential COCs from further consideration in the risk assessment process and the calculation of intakes from all identified exposure pathways, the discussion of the toxicity information, and the calculation of the hazard indices and cancer risks.

The risks from the COCs at ER Site 229 were evaluated using a tiered approach. First, the maximum concentrations of COCs for chemical constituents, were compared to Tijeras Arroyo background screening levels

using 95th UTLs or percentile values. If a maximum concentration of a particular COC exceeded the Tijeras Arroyo specific background screening level or if the COC was a radioactive constituent, then the COC was compared to the SNL/NM Site-Wide background screening level (IT, 1996). The Site-Wide UTL chosen for comparison was the minimum value when comparing surface and subsurface UTL values. This procedure was implemented to ensure use of the most conservative value during the comparison process and due to uncertainties associated with some sample depths. The maximum concentration of each COCs was used in order to also provide a conservative estimate of the associated risk. Those COCs that were below the background screening level were not considered in further risk assessment analyses.

Second, the remaining maximum concentrations were compared with action levels calculated using methods and equations promulgated in the proposed RCRA Subpart S (40 CFR Part 264, 1990) and Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (RAGS) (USEPA, 1989a) documentation. Accordingly, all calculations were based on the assumption that receptor doses from both toxic and potentially carcinogenic compounds result most significantly from ingestion of contaminated soil. Because the samples were all taken from the surface or near-surface, this assumption is considered valid. If there are 10 or fewer COCs and each has a maximum concentration less than one-tenth of the action level, then the site would be judged to pose no significant health hazard to humans. If there are more than 10 COCs, the proposed Subpart S screening procedure was skipped.

Third, hazard indices and risk due to carcinogenic effects were calculated using Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME) methods and equations promulgated in RAGS (USEPA, 1989a). The combined effects of all COCs in the soils that were above background concentration values were calculated. For toxic compounds, this was accomplished by summing the individual hazard quotients for each metal into a total Hazard Index. This Hazard Index is compared to the recommended standard of 1. For potentially carcinogenic compounds, the individual risks were summed. The total risk was compared to the recommended risk range of 10<sup>-4</sup> to 10<sup>-6</sup>. For the radioactive COCs, the cumulative dose was calculated and the corresponding excess cancer risk estimated.

## II.3.1 Comparison to Background and Action Levels

Nonradioactive ER Site 229 COCs are listed in Table 1; radioactive COCs are listed in Table 2. Both tables show the 95th percentile or UTL background levels (IT, 1996). A background level for chromium VI are not available. Background levels for plutonium and tritium are not applicable because these radionuclides do not occur naturally, or due to fallout, at levels greater than typical detection limits of common laboratory instrumentation. Background concentrations have been recalculated for the Tijeras Arroyo background locations that were used in

the June 1995 NFA proposals. The recalculated Tijeras Arroyo values were prepared using a more rigorous statistical approach according to USEPA quidance (USEPA, 1989b, 1992a, and 1992b). The Tijeras Arroyo background locations were not differentiated on the basis of depth because of the homogenous nature of the soil and the limited sampling depth of 0 to 36 inches. As part of the IT (1996) site-wide study, background concentrations were calculated for both the surface (0-6 inch depth) and subsurface (>6 inch depth) soils of the North Super Group, which is defined as soils present in TA-I, TA-II, TA-IV, the northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo, and the northeastern portion of KAFB. The Site-Wide background levels have not yet been approved by the USEPA or the NMED but are the result of a comprehensive study of joint Sandia and U.S. Air Force data from the Kirtland Air Force Base (KAFB). The report was submitted for regulatory review in early 1996. The values shown in Table 1 and Table 2 supersede the background values described in an interim background study report (IT, 1994). Several compounds have maximum measured values greater than background screening levels. Those compounds are retained for further analysis. Because organic compounds do not have calculated background values, this screening step was skipped, and all organics are carried into the risk assessment analyses.

Table 1. Nonradioactive Analytes at ER Site 229 and Comparison to the Background Screening Values.

Analyte	Maximum concentration (mg/kg)	Recalculated 95th % or UTL Level (mg/kg) for Tijeras Arroyo OU Background Locations	Is maximum COC concentration equal to or less than the applicable Tijeras Arroyo OU background screening level?	Site- Wide 95th % or UTL Level (mg/kg) for North Super Group Soils (IT, 1996)	Is maximum COC concentration equal to or less than background screening value?
Aluminum	8,700	11,874	Yes		
Antimony	17.0	18.6	Yes		
Arsenic	6.7	5.9	No	4.4	No
Barium	280.0	298	Yes		
Beryllium	0.6	0.58	No	0.8	Yes
Cadmium	3.0	3.0	Yes		
Chromium-total	8.6	17.6	Yes		
Chromium (VI)	<0.1	NC	No	NC	No
Cobalt	6.8	7.3	Yes		
Соррег	17.0	14.7	No	25.5	Yes
Lead	32.0	23.1	No	11.2	No
Manganese	320.0	330	Yes		
Mercury	<0.04	NC	No	<0.1	No
Nickel	10.0	14.8	Yes		
Selenium	<0.25	NC	No	<1.0	No
Silver	1.0	NC	No	<1.0	No
Thallium	<0.5	NC	No	<1.1	No
Vanadiu <b>m</b>	29.0	40.4	Yes		
Zinc	60.0	79.2	Yes		

NC - not calculated

Table 2. Radioactive Analytes at ER Site 229 and Comparison to the Background Screening Values.

Analyte	Maximum concentration (pCi/g)	Site-Wide 95th % or UTL Level (pCi/g)	Is maximum COC concentration non-detect or less than background screening value?
Pu-238	ND	NC	Yes
Pu-239/240	0.007	NC	No
Tritium	0.018	NC	No
U-234	1.56	1.6	Yes
U-235/236	1.05	0.18	No
U-238	1.01	1.3	Yes

ND - radionuclide not detected above minimum detectable activity

The maximum concentration value for lead is 32.0 mg/kg. The EPA guidance for the screening value for lead for an industrial land-use scenario is 2000 mg/kg (EPA, 1996a); for a residential land-use scenario, the EPA screening guidance value is 400 mg/kg (EPA, 1994a). The maximum concentration value for lead at this site is less than both of those screening values and therefore lead is eliminated from further consideration in this risk assessment.

As part of the tiered approach to risk assessment, only those COCs that have values above the background screening level values are included in the next tier of risk assessment analyses. Also included in the next tier of analyses are COCs that do not have background screening values. If less than ten COCs are above the background screening level, those COCs are screened using the proposed Subpart S action level procedure. Because there were more than 10 combined non-radioactive COCs above the background screening level or without a background screening level, this step was skipped.

Radioactive contaminants do not have pre-determined action levels analogous to Subpart S and therefore this step in the screening process is not performed for radionuclides.

#### II.3.2 Identification of Toxicological Parameters

Tables 3 and 4 show the COCs that have been retained in the risk assessment and the values for the toxicological information available for those COCs.

Table 3. Toxicological Parameter Values for Nonradioactive COCs

COC name	RfD <sub>o</sub> (mg/kg- d)	RfD <sub>inh</sub> (mg/kg- d)	Confidence	SF <sub>O</sub> (kg- d/mg)	SF <sub>inh</sub> (kg- d/mg)	Cancer Class^
Arsenic	0.0003		M	1.5	15	Α
Chromium (VI)	0.005		L	***	42	Α
Mercury	0.0003	0.000086				D
Selenium	0.005					D
Silver	0.005		L		***	D
Thallium						D
Acetone	0.1		L			D
2-Butanone	0.6	0.29				D
Benzo(a) anthracene			-	0.73	0.61	
Benzo(b) fluoranthene				0.73	0.61	B2
Benzo(a) pyrene				7.3	6.1	B2
bis (2- Ethylhexyl) phthalate	0.02			0.014	<b></b>	B2
Chrysene				0.0073	0.0061	B2
Fluoranthene	0.04	••	Ĺ		<b>-</b> -	D
Phenanthrene		**				D
Pyrene	0.03		L			D

RfD<sub>o</sub> - oral chronic reference dose in mg/kg-day

RfD<sub>inh</sub> - inhalation chronic reference dose in mg/kg-day

SF<sub>a</sub> - oral slope factor in (mg/kg-day)<sup>-1</sup>

SF<sub>inh</sub> - inhalation slope factor in (mg/kg-day)<sup>-1</sup>

^ EPA weight-of-evidence classification system for carcinogenicity

A - human carcinogen

B1 - probable human carcinogen. Limited human data are available

B2 - probable human carcinogen. Indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans.

C - possible human carcinogen

D - not classifiable as to human carcinogencity

E - evidence of noncarcinogenicity for humans

L - low

M - medium

- information not available

Table 4. Toxicological Parameter Values for Radioactive COCs

COC name	SF <sub>e</sub> (m <sup>2</sup> /pCi- yr)	SF <sub>o</sub> (1/pCi)	SF <sub>inh</sub> (1/pCi)	Cancer Class ^
Pu-239/240	1.95E -14	3.2E-10	2.8E-08	А
Tritium	0	7.2E-14	9.6E-14	Α
U-235/236	1.16E-11	4.7E-11	1.3E-8	Α

SF<sub>e</sub> - external exposure factor (risk/yr per pCi/m²)

SF<sub>o</sub> - oral (ingestion) slope factor (risk/pCi)

SF<sub>inh</sub> - inhalation slope factor (risk/pCi)

^ EPA weight-of-evidence classification system for carcinogenicity

A - human carcinogen

B1 - probable human carcinogen. Limited human data are available

B2 - probable human carcinogen. Indicates sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans.

C - possible human carcinogen

D - not classifiable as to human carcinogencity

E - evidence of noncarcinogenicity for humans

#### II.3,3 Exposure Assessment and Risk Characterization

Section II.3.3.1 describes the exposure assessment for this risk assessment. Section II.3.3.2 provides the risk characterization including the Hazard Index value and the excess cancer risk for both industrial and residential land-uses.

#### II.3.3.1 Exposure Assessment

Attachment M shows the equations and parameter values used in the calculation of intake values and the subsequent Hazard Index and Excess Cancer Risk values for the individual exposure pathways. The appendix shows that parameters for both industrial and residential land-use scenarios. The equations are based on RAGS (USEPA, 1989a). The parameters are based on information from RAGS (USEPA, 1989a) as well as other EPA guidance documents and reflect the RME approach advocated by RAGS.

Although the designated land-use scenario is industrial for this site, the risk values for a residential land-use scenario are also presented. These residential risk values are presented to show the potential to risk to human health even under the more restrictive land-use scenario.

#### 11.3.3.2 Risk Characterization

Table 5 shows the that for the nonradioactive COCs, the Hazard Index value is 0.02 and the excess cancer risk is 4 X 10<sup>-6</sup> for the assumed industrial land-use scenario. The numbers presented included exposure from soil ingestion and dust inhalation for the nonradioactive COCs.

Table 5. Risk Assessment Values for ER Site 229 Nonradioactive COCs.

COC Name	Maximum concentration (mg/kg)	Industrial Land- use Scenario		Residential Land-use Scenario	
		Hazard Index	Cancer Risk	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk
Arsenic	6.7	0.02	4E-6	0.08	2E-5
Chromium (VI)	<0.1	0.00	3E-10	0.00	4E-10
Mercury	<0.04	0.00		0.00	
Selenium	<0.25	0.00		0.00	
Silver	1.0	0.00		0.00	-
Thallium	<0.5				
Acetone	0.009 J	0.00		0.00	
2-Butanone	0.006 J	0.00		0.00	
Benzo(a) anthracene	0.071 J	0.00	2E-8	0.00	8E-8
Benzo(b) fluoranthene	0.16 J	0.00	5E-8	0.00	2E-7
Benzo(a) pyrene	0.050 J	0.00	2E-7	0.00	6E-7
bis (2- Ethylhexyl) phthalate	0.17 J	0.00	1E-9	0.00	4E-9
Chrysene	0.11 J	0.00	4E-10	0.00	1E-9
Fluoranthene	0.23 J	0.00		0.00	
Phenanthrene	0.17 J				
Pyrene	0.19 J	0.00		0.00	
TOTAL		0.02	4E-6	0.08	2E-5

NC - not calculated

NA - not applicable

- information not available

For the residential land-use scenario, the Hazard Index value increases to 0.08 and the excess cancer risk is 2 X 10<sup>-5</sup>. The numbers presented included exposure from soil ingestion and dust inhalation. Although USEPA (1991) generally recommends that inhalation not be included in a residential land-use scenario, this pathway is included because of the potential for soil in Albuquerque, NM to be eroded and, subsequently, for dust to be present even in predominantly residential areas. Because of the nature of the local soil, other exposure pathways are not considered (see Attachment M).

For the radioactive COCs, contribution from the direct gamma exposure pathway is included. Table 6 shows the total effective dose equivalent (TEDE) for both an industrial (2 mrem/yr) and residential (2 mrem/yr) land-use. In accordance with proposed EPA guidance, the standard being utilized is an excess TEDE of 15 mrem/yr (40 CFR Part 196, 1994), corresponding to an excess cancer risk of approximately 3 x 10<sup>-4</sup>; the calculated dose values for ER Site 229 for both industrial and residential land-uses are well below that standard. The average radiation exposure due to natural sources (radon, internal radiation, cosmic radiation, and terrestrial radiation) in the U.S. is approximately 295 mrem/yr total effective dose (NCRP, 1987), with approximately 198 mrem/yr due to radon, 40 mrem/yr due to internal radiation (mainly K-40), 29 mrem/yr due to cosmic radiation and 28 mrem/yr due to terrestrial caused radiation. The value of 295 mrem/yr corresponds to an estimated cancer risk of 6 x 10<sup>-3</sup>.

For a perspective on the estimated risk associated with background levels of radionuclides and to emphasize the conservativeness associated with RAGS RME risk and dose calculations, the excess cancer risk from background concentrations of radionuclides for relevant exposure pathways has also been estimated using RAGS methodologies. For an industrial or residential land-use scenario, using the 95th percentile or UTL values of radionuclides present in the background soil, the excess cancer risk from soil ingestion is calculated as 4 x 10<sup>-4</sup>. The excess cancer risk for the inhalation pathway (i.e., inhalation of radon gas) is calculated as 0.1.

Table 7 shows not only the dose but also the estimated excess cancer risk as 4 x 10<sup>-5</sup> for an industrial land-use and a value of 4 x 10<sup>-5</sup> for a residential land-use. The excess cancer risk from the nonradioactive COCs and the radioactive COCs is not additive, as noted in RAGS (USEPA, 1989a).

Table 6. Risk Assessment Values for ER Site 229 Radioactive COCs.

COC Name	Max. Conc. (pCi/g)	Total Effective Dose Equivalent for Industrial Land-use (mrem/yr)	Total Effective Dose Equivalent for Residential Land-use (mrem/yr)	Excess Cancer Risk for Industrial Land-use	Excess Cancer Risk for Residential Land-use
Pu- 239/240	0.007	1E-4	2E-4	2E-9	3E-9
Tritium	0.018	3E-6	3E-6	6E-11	8E-11
U-235/236	1.05	2	2	4E-5	4E-5
TOTAL		2	2	4E-5	4E-5

#### II.4 Step 6. Comparison of Risk Values to Numerical Standards.

The risk assessment analyses considered the evaluation of the potential for adverse health effects for both an industrial land-use scenario, which is the designated land-use scenario for this site, and also a residential land-use scenario.

For the industrial land-use scenario, the Hazard Index calculated is 0.02; this is much less than the numerical standard of 1 suggested in RAGS (1989a). The excess cancer risk is estimated at  $4 \times 10^{-6}$ . In RAGS, the USEPA suggests that a range of values ( $10^{-6}$  to  $10^{-4}$ ) be used as the numerical standard; the value calculated for this site is in the low-end of the suggested acceptable risk range. Therefore, for an industrial land-use scenario, the Hazard Index risk assessment values are significantly less than the established numerical standard and the excess cancer risk is in the low-end of the suggested acceptable risk range.

For the radioactive components of the industrial land-use scenario, the calculated dose is 2 mrem/yr, which is significantly less than the numerical standard of 15 mrem/yr suggested in the draft EPA guidance. The excess cancer risk estimate is 4 x 10<sup>-5</sup>, which is significantly less than the excess cancer risk from naturally occurring radioactive sources.

For the residential land-use scenario, the calculated Hazard Index is 0.08, which is again significantly less than the numerical guidance. The excess cancer risk is estimated at  $2 \times 10^{-5}$ ; this value is in the middle of the suggested acceptable risk range. The dose from the radioactive components is 2 mrem/yr, which is

significantly less than the numerical guidance. The associated cancer risk is 4 x 10-5, significantly below background calculated risk values.

#### II.5 Uncertainty Discussion

The conclusion from the risk assessment analysis is that the potential effects on human health are small compared to established numerical standards when considering an industrial land-use scenario. Although the maximum arsenic concentration (6.7 mg/kg) exceeds the calculated UTL, it is within the range of arsenic concentration values measured in the Site-Wide background study and may be part of background. Therefore, this risk assessment is conservative as arsenic is a significant contributor to both the Hazard Index and the excess cancer risk. The uncertainty in this conclusion is considered to be small. Because of the location and history of the site, there is low uncertainty in the land-use scenario and the potentially affected populations that were considered in making the risk assessment analysis. An RME approach was used to calculate the risk assessment values, which means that the parameter values used in the calculations were conservative and that the calculated intakes are likely overestimates. Maximum measured values of the concentrations of the COCs were used to provide conservative results. Because the COCs are found in the surface soils and because of the location and physical characteristics of the site, there is little uncertainty in the exposure pathways relevant to the analysis. Table 3 shows the confidence in the toxicological parameter values. There is a mixture of estimated values and values from the Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables (HEAST) (EPA, 1996b) and Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) (EPA, 1988, 1994b) data bases. The constituents without toxicological parameters have low concentrations and are judged to be insignificant contributors to the overall risk. Because of the conservative nature of the RME approach, the uncertainties in the toxicological values are not expected to be of high enough concern to change the conclusion from the risk assessment analysis. The overall uncertainty in all of the steps in the risk assessment process is considered to be not significant with respect to the conclusion reached.

#### III. Summary

The Storm Drain System Outfall, ER Site 229, had relatively minor contamination consisting of some inorganic, organic, and radioactive compounds. Although the maximum arsenic concentration (6.7 mg/kg) exceeds the calculated UTL, it is within the range of arsenic concentration values measured in the Site-Wide background study and may be part of background. In addition, based on historical records, arsenic is not considered to be a potential COC. Therefore, this risk assessment is conservative as arsenic is a significant contributor to both the Hazard Index and the excess cancer risk. Because of the location of the site on Kirtland AFB, the designated land-use scenario and the nature of the

contamination, the potential exposure pathways identified for this site included soil ingestion and dust inhalation for chemical constituents and soil ingestion, dust inhalation, and direct gamma exposure for radionuclides. Using conservative assumptions and employing a RME approach to the risk assessment, the calculations show that for the industrial land-use scenario the Hazard Index (0.02) is significantly less than the USEPA standard of 1. The estimated cancer risk (4 x 10<sup>-6</sup>) is in the low-end of the suggested acceptable risk range. The calculations show that for the residential land-use scenario the Hazard Index (0.08) is also significantly less than the USEPA standard of 1. The estimated cancer risk (2 x 10<sup>-5</sup>) is in the middle of the suggested acceptable risk range. The dose and corresponding cancer risk from the radioactive components are much less than EPA guidance values; the estimated dose is 2 mrem/yr for both the industrial and residential land-use scenarios. This value is much less than the numerical guidance of 15 mrem/yr in draft EPA guidance. The corresponding estimated cancer risk value is 4 x 10<sup>-5</sup> for both land-use scenarios. This value is also much less than risk values calculated due to naturally occurring radiation.

The uncertainties associated with the calculations are considered small relative to the conservativeness of the risk assessment analysis. We therefore conclude that this site does not have significant potential to affect human health under either an industrial or a residential land-use scenario.

The ecological risk for this site has not been estimated at this time. Site-Wide ecological risk analyses are being conducted and the relevant analyses for this site will be presented when available.

#### IV. References

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<u>Proposed Corrective Action Rule For Solid Waste Management Units</u> (55 FR 30798; July 27, 1990.

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### ATTACHMENT M

# SNL ER PROJECT EXPOSURE PATHWAY DISCUSSION FOR CHEMICAL AND RADIONUCLIDE CONTAMINATION

#### Sandia National Laboratories Environmental Restoration Program

# EXPOSURE PATHWAY DISCUSSION FOR CHEMICAL AND RADIONUCLIDE CONTAMINATION

#### BACKGROUND

Sandia National Laboratories (SNL) proposes that a default set of exposure routes and associated default parameter values be developed for each future land-use designation being considered for SNL/NM Environmental Restoration project site. This default set of exposure scenarios and parameter values would be invoked for risk assessments unless site-specific information suggested other parameter values. Because many SNL/NM ER sites have similar types of contamination and physical settings, SNL believes that the risk assessment analyses at these sites will be similar. A default set of exposure scenarios and parameter values will facilitate the risk assessments and subsequent review.

The default exposure routes and parameter values suggested are those that SNL views as resulting in a Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME) value. Subject to comments and recommendations by the USEPA Region VI and NMED, SNL proposes that these default exposure routes and parameter values be used in future risk assessments.

At SNL/NM, all Environmental Restoration (ER) sites exist within the boundaries of the Kirtland AFB. Approximately 157 potential waste and release sites have been identified where hazardous, radiological, or mixed materials may have been released to the environment. Evaluation and characterization activities have occurred at all of these sites to varying degrees. Among other documents, the SNL/ER draft Environmental Assessment (DOE, 1996) presents a summary of the hydrogeology of the sites, the biological resources present and proposed land use scenarios for the SNL/NM ER sites. At this time, all SNL/NM ER sites have been tentatively designated for either industrial or recreational future land use.

Based on this and other related information, the SNL/NM ER project has screened the potential exposure routes and identified default parameter values to be used for calculating potential intake and subsequent hazard index and risk values. EPA (EPA, 1989a) provides a summary of exposure routes that could potentially be of significance at a specific waste site. These potential exposure routes consist of:

- Ingestion of contaminated drinking water;
- Ingestion of contaminated soil;
- Ingestion of contaminated fish and shell fish;
- Ingestion of contaminated fruits and vegetables;
- Ingestion of contaminated meat, eggs, and dairy products;
- Ingestion of contaminated surface water while swimming;
- Dermal contact with chemicals in water;
- Dermal contact with chemicals in soil;

- Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate), and;
- External exposure to penetrating radiation (immersion in contaminated air; immersion
  in contaminated water and exposure from ground surfaces with photon-emitting
  radionuclides).

Based on the location of the sites and the characteristics of the surface of the sites, we have evaluated these potential exposure routes to determine which should be considered in risk assessment analyses (the last exposure route is pertinent to radionuclides only). At SNL/NM ER sites, there does not presently occur any consumption of fish, shell fish, fruits, vegetables, meat, eggs, or dairy products that originate on-site. Additionally, no potential for swimming in surface water is present due to the high-desert environmental conditions. As documented in the computer code RESRAD manual (ANL, 1993), risks resulting from immersion in contaminated air or water are not significant compared to risks from other radiation exposure routes; these are therefore not included. SNL/NM ER has therefore excluded the following four potential exposure routes from further risk assessment evaluations at any SNL/NM ER site:

- Ingestion of contaminated fish and shell fish;
- Ingestion of contaminated fruits and vegetables;
- Ingestion of contaminated meat, eggs, and dairy products; and
- Ingestion of contaminated surface water while swimming.

That part of the exposure pathway for radionuclides related to immersion in contaminated air or water is also eliminated.

For future risk assessments, the exposure routes that will be considered are:

- Ingestion of contaminated drinking water;
- Ingestion of contaminated soil;
- Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate).
- Dermal contact with chemicals in water;
- Dermal contact with chemicals in soils: and
- External exposure to penetrating radiation from ground surfaces with photon-emitting radionuclides.

# EQUATIONS AND DEFAULT PARAMETER VALUES FOR IDENTIFIED EXPOSURE ROUTES

In general, SNL/NM expects that ingestion of compounds in drinking water and soil will be the more significant exposure routes for chemicals; external exposure to radiation may also be significant for radionuclides. All six of the above routes will, however, be considered. The general equations for calculating potential intakes via these routes are shown below. The equations are from the Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund: Volume 1 (EPA, 1989a and 1991). Also shown are the default values SNL/NM ER

suggests for use in Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME) risk assessment calculations for an industrial scenario, based on EPA and other governmental agency guidance. The pathways and values for chemical contaminants are discussed first, followed by those for radionuclide contaminants.

#### Chemicals

#### Ingestion of Chemicals in Drinking Water:

Scenario: A person ingests tap water and beverages made from tap water. All tap water consumed is assumed to come from an on-site drinking well. In accordance with EPA guidance, the default parameter values used reflect a residential exposure.

Intake (mg/kg-day) = 
$$\underline{CW \times IR \times EF \times ED}$$
  
BW x AT

CW = chemical concentration in water (mg/L)

IR = ingestion rate (L water/d);

EF = exposure frequency (d/yr);

ED = exposure duration (yr);

BW = body weight (kg);

AT = averaging time (d)

Parameter	Units	Point Value	Justification
CW	mg/L	site-specific	
IR	L/d	2	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b); reasonable worst-case value
EF	d/ут	350	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b) and RAGS, Vol 1, Part B (EPA, 1991), reasonable worst-case value
ED	yr	30	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b) and RAGS, Vol 1, Part B (EPA, 1991), reasonable worst-case value
BW	kg	70	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b); conservative estimate
AT	d	10950 25500	RAGS (EPA, 1989a); ED x 365 d/y for noncarcinogenic effects; 70 yr x 365 d/y for carcinogenic effects.

#### Ingestion of Chemicals in Soil:

Scenario: A worker engages in a combination of indoor and outdoor activities for 8 hours per day with inadvertent ingestion of soil from a layer of soil on the inside surfaces of the fingers and thumb from outdoor activities or inadvertent ingestion of soil from handling of food or cigarettes. An EPA suggested average value of 100 mg/d is used for the ingestion rate.

# Intake (mg/kg-day) = $\frac{\text{CS x IR x (10^6 kg/mg) x EF x FI x ED}}{\text{BW x AT}}$

CS = chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg);

IR = ingestion rate (mg soil/d);

FI = fraction ingested (default to 1);

EF = exposure frequency (d/yr);

ED = exposure duration (yr);

BW = body weight (kg);

AT = averaging time (d).

Parameter	Units	Point Value	Justification
CS	mg/kg	site-specific	
IR	mg/d	100	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b), RAGS (EPA, 1989a); conservative estimate
EF	d/yr	250	Reasonable worst-case value for worker; RAGS (EPA, 1989a)
FI	-	1	Worst-case value
ED	yr	30	Reasonable worst-case value for worker
BW	kg	70	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b); conservative estimate
AT	d		RAGS (EPA, 1989a);
<b>[</b>	1	10950	ED x 365 d/y for noncarcinogenic effects;
		25500	70 yr x 365 d/y for carcinogenic effects.

#### Inhalation of Airborne (vapor phase or particulate) Chemicals:

Scenario: A worker is engaged in activities (indoors or outdoors) and inhales contaminant vapors present in the air or is exposed to contaminant particulates present in the air.

Intake (mg/kg-day) = 
$$\underline{CA \times IR \times ET \times EF \times ED}$$
  
BW x AT

CA = chemical concentration in air (mg/m<sup>3</sup>);

IR = inhalation rate  $(m^3/h)$ ;

ET = exposure time (h/d);

EF = exposure frequency (d/yr);

ED = exposure duration (yr);

BW = body weight (kg);

AT = averaging time (d).

Parameter	Units	Point Value	Justification
CA	mg/m³	site-specific	
IR .	m³/h	2.5	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b); reasonable worst-case value
EF	d/yr	250	Reasonable worst-case value for worker
ET	h/d	8	Reasonable worst-case value
ED	VI	30	Reasonable worst-case value for worker
BW	kg	70	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b); conservative estimate
ΑT	d		RAGS (EPA, 1989a);
		10950	ED x 365 d/y for noncarcinogenic effects;
		25500	70 yr x 365 d/y for carcinogenic effects.

The chemical concentration in air can be either measured or calculated based on the concentration of contaminants in the soil. If field measurements are not available, vaporphase concentrations can be determined using a volatilization factor (VF) to define the relationship between the concentration of contaminant in soil and the volatilized contaminants in air. Likewise, chemical concentrations based on particulates can be determined using a particulate emission factor (PEF) to define the relationship between the contaminant concentration in soil with the concentration of respirable particles in air due to fugitive dust emissions. The volatilization factor was established as part of the Hwang and Falco (1986) model developed by EPA's Exposure Assessment group. particulate emission factor is derived by Cowherd (1985), applicable to a typical hazardous waste site where the surface contamination provides a relatively continuous and constant potential for emission over an extended period of time. The equations for calculating VFs and PEFs can be found in EPA (EPA, 1991). Alternative methods for calculating these factors are also available. These alternative methods can be discussed with EPA/NMED staff for use in risk assessments if they can be shown to be technically consistent or superior to current published guidance.

#### Dermal Contact with Chemicals in Water:

Scenario: A worker is in contact with contaminants in water, primarily through hygienic activities as hand washing or showering.

Absorbed Dose (mg/kg-day) =  $\underline{CW \times SA \times 10^4 \text{ cm}^2/\text{m}^2 \times PC \times ET \times EF \times ED \times 1 \text{ L/}10^3 \text{ cm}^3}$  $BW \times AT$ 

CW = chemical concentration in water (mg/L);

SA = skin surface area for contact (m<sup>2</sup>);

PC = chemical specific dermal permeability constant (cm/h);

ET = exposure time (h/d);

EF = exposure frequency (d/yr);

ED = exposure duration (yr);

BW = body weight (kg);

AT = averaging time (d)

Parameter	Units	Point Value	Justification
CW	mg/L	site-specific	
SA	m <sup>2</sup>	2	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b); {represents total body exposure); reasonable worst-case value
PC	cm/h	chemical specific	see e.g., Dermal Exposure Assessment (EPA, 1992)
EF	d/yr	250	Reasonable worst-case value for worker
ET	h/d	0.25	Dermal Exposure Assessment (EPA, 1992); reasonable worst case value
ED	yr	30	Reasonable worst-case value for worker
BW	kg	70	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b); conservative estimate
AT	d		RAGS (EPA, 1989a);
	]	10950	ED x 365 d/y for noncarcinogenic effects;
ł		25500	70 yr x 365 d/y for carcinogenic effects.

#### Dermal Contact with Soil:

Scenario: A worker is in contact with contaminants in soil for an exposure duration determined through discussions with EPA/NMED staff. A worker gets exposure to the head, hands, forearms and lower legs.

## Absorbed Dose (mg/kg-day) = $CS \times (10^{-6} \text{ kg/mg}) \times SA \times AF \times ABS \times EF \times ED$ BW x AT

CS = chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg);

SA = skin surface area for contact (m<sup>2</sup>);

AF = soil to skin adherence factor (mg/cm<sup>2</sup>);

ABS = absorption factor (unitless);

EF = exposure frequency (d/yr);

ED = exposure duration (yr);

BW = body weight (kg);

AT = averaging time (d).

Parameter	Units	Point Value	Justification
CS	mg/kg	site-specific	
SA	m <sup>2</sup>	0.53	Dermal Exposure Assessment (EPA, 1992); {accounts for adult exposure to head, hands, forearms, and lower legs); reasonable worst-case value
AF	mg/cm <sup>2</sup>	1.0	Dermal Exposure Assessment (EPA, 1992); reasonable worst-case value
ABS			
EF	d/yr	250	Reasonable worst-case value for worker
ET	h/d	TBD	To be determined based on discussions with NMED staff.
ED	yr	30	Reasonable worst-case value for worker
BW	kg	70	Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA, 1989b); conservative estimate
AT	d	10950 25500	RAGS (EPA, 1989a); ED x 365 d/y for noncarcinogenic effects; 70 yr x 365 d/y for carcinogenic effects.

EPA (EPA, 1992) recognizes that dermal contact exposure remains the least well understood of the major exposure routes. Chemical-specific data are often not available and dose-response relationships specific to dermal contact are not available. EPA (EPA, 1992) provides guidance on assessment of dermal exposure, including determination of permeability coefficients and other related parameters.

In addition to the equations presented above for absorbed dose via steady-state dermal exposure, EPA (EPA, 1992) presents methods for calculation of absorbed doses for unsteady-state exposure; these methods generally produce lower estimates of absorbed dose. The document also presents a screening process for determining if site-specific calculations of dermal exposure are necessary, assuming that dermal exposure is deemed a potentially valid route of contaminant exposure. In general, SNL/NM ER will use the latest guidance available from EPA on dermal exposure. This is an area where discussions with EPA/NMED staff on appropriate assumptions and parameter values is essential. Discussions with EPA/NMED staff are also necessary to determine when this exposure route should be invoked.

#### Radionuclides

#### Radionuclide Carcinogenic Effects from Water: Residential

Scenario: A worker drinks radioactively-contaminated water and inhales vapor from the water.

Total risk =  $(C_{rw} \times SF_0 \times IR_w \times EF \times ED) + (C_{rw} \times SF_i \times IR_{sir} \times K \times EF \times ED)$ 

 $C_{rw}$  = radionuclide concentration in water (pCi/L)

SF<sub>i</sub> = inhalation slope factor (risk/pCi)

SF<sub>o</sub> = oral (ingestion) slope factor (risk/pCi)

EF = exposure frequency (d/y) ED = exposure duration (y)

 $IR_{air}$  = indoor inhalation rate (m<sup>3</sup>/d)

 $IR_w$  = water ingestion rate (L/d)

K = volatilization factor (unitless)

Parameter	Units	Point Value	Justification
C <sub>rw</sub>	pCi/L	site-specific	
SFi	risk/pCi	radionuclide- specific	
SF <sub>o</sub>	risk/pСi	radionuclide- specific	
EF	d/y	350	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)
ED	y	30	Reasonable worst-case estimate.
IR <sub>air</sub>	m <sup>3</sup> /d	15	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)
IR.,	L/d	2	Reasonable worst-case estimate.
K	unitless	0.5	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)

#### Radionuclide Carcinogenic Effects from Soil: Industrial

Scenario: A worker inadvertently ingests soil, inhales vapor and particulates from soil and is externally exposed to penetrating radiation ground surfaces contaminated with photon-emitting radionuclides.

Total risk =  $C_n \times ED \times [(SF_0 \times 10^{-3} g/mg \times EF \times IR_{soil}) + (SF_i \times 10^3 g/kg \times EF \times IR_{air} /VF) + (SF_i \times 10^3 g/kg \times EF \times IR_{air} /PEF) + (SF_o \times 10^3 g/kg \times D \times SD \times (1-S_o) \times T_o)]$ 

C<sub>rs</sub> = radionuclide concentration (pCi/g)

SF<sub>i</sub> = inhalation slope factor (risk/pCi)

SF<sub>o</sub> = oral (ingestion) slope factor (risk/pCi)

SF<sub>e</sub> = external exposure slope factor (risk/y per pCi/m<sup>2</sup>)

EF = exposure frequency (d/y) ED = exposure duration (y)

 $IR_{air}$  = inhalation rate  $(m^3/d)$ 

IR<sub>soil</sub> = soil ingestion rate (mg/d)

VF = soil-to-air volatilization factor (m³/kg)
PEF = particulate emission factor (m³/kg)
D = depth of radionuclides in soil (m)

SD = soil density (kg/m<sup>3</sup>)

S<sub>e</sub> = gamma shielding factor (unitless) T<sub>e</sub> = gamma exposure factor (unitless)

Parameter	Units	Point Value	Justification
C <sub>r</sub>	pCi/g	site-specific	
SFi	risk/pCi	radionuclide- specific	
SF <sub>o</sub>	risk/pCi	radionuclide- specific	
SF <sub>e</sub>	risk/y per pCi/m²	radionuclide- specific	
EF	d/y	250	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)
ED	y	30	Reasonable worst-case estimate.
IRair	m³/d	20	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)
IR <sub>soil</sub>	mg/d	100	Reasonable worst-case estimate.
VF	m³/kg	nuclide-specific	
PEF	m³/kg	1.32 x 10 <sup>9</sup>	Region VI guidance.
D	m	0.1	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)
SD	kg/m³	1430	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)
S <sub>e</sub>	unitless	0.2	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)
Te	unitless	1	RAGS (EPA, 1989a)

#### Summary for an Industrial Land-Use Scenario

SNL proposes the described default exposure routes and parameter values for use in risk assessments at sites that have an industrial future land-use scenario. The parameter values are based on EPA guidance and supplemented by information from other government sources. The values are generally consistent with those proposed by Los Alamos National Laboratory, with a few minor variations. If these exposure routes and parameters are acceptable, SNL will use them in risk assessments for all sites where the assumptions are consistent with site-specific conditions. All deviations will be documented.

#### Summary for an Residential Land-Use Scenario

Sandia may choose to evaluate some sites using a residential land-use scenario in order to provide an indication of the effects of data uncertainty on risk value calculations or in order to potentially mitigate the need for institutional controls or restrictions on Sandia ER sites. For a risk assessment evaluating a residential land-use scenario, Sandia will use parameter values as documented in the Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (RAGS, 1989a). That EPA guidance document provides detailed discussion on the appropriate values to use for all of the potential exposure pathways.

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#### GENERAL RISK ASSESSMENT COMMENTS

1. Conclusions throughout the report are based largely on comparisons with previously established upper tolerance limits (UTLs). These UTLs have not been approved by NMED or limits (UTLs). These UTLs have not been approved by NMED or EPA and are therefore considered draft. The presented values have been compared with protective screening values for human health. Both residential and industrial scenario screening values have been considered since Sandía does not have a final future land use plan at this time.

Response: DOE/SNL understands that UTLs are considered draft until approved by NMED and EPA. As of April 1996, DOE/SNL has a final future land use plan and risk assessments will use future land use scenarios based upon that plan.

2. The sites with reported radionuclides above background levels were evaluated based on a DOE established acceptable dose. EPA Region 6 policy requires that the evaluation of risk to radionuclides include an estimation of potential carcinogenic risk. A revision to the risk evaluation is requested.

<u>Response</u>: DOE/SNL will provide potential carcinogenic risk and dose due to radionuclide contamination in future NFA proposal submissions and resubmissions.

3. For all sites, the following issues must be addressed: 1) potential ecological risk posed at the site, 2) the site as a potential source for ecological risk in transport of constituents through the septic system into Tijeras Arroyo, and 3) detection limits relative to human health-based screening levels.

Response: DOE/SNL is currently working on ecological risk assessments for all ER Sites which will be submitted as a supplemental document to NMED upon completion. DOE/SNL considers detection limits in preparing human health-based risk assessments.

#### 10. Site 50, OU 1309, Old Centrifuge Site

The radioactive portion of the risk assessment was compared to a radioactive dose. It is EPA Region 6 policy to require the calculation of not only the radioactive dose present at a site, but also to require an evaluation of radioactive risk. SNL/NM should revise the risk evaluation accordingly.

Response: SNL/NM has recently completed a quantitative risk assessment for all contaminants, including cancer-causing radionuclides, in soil. The section Site 50, OU 1309, Old Centrifuge Site in NMED Site-Specific Technical Comments discusses the risk assessment.

#### 11. Site 77, OU 1309, Oil Surface Impoundment Site

The data provided appear to support an NFA proposal from a human health standpoint. However, the proposal should provide information on the potential for ecological impact.

Response: The issue of ecological impact is not applicable to ER Site 77 at this time. ER Site 77 is an active, evaporative lagoon (impoundment) that is used by TA-IV for storing tank-farm surface water. The lagoon is regulated under NMED 'Surface Water Discharge Plan 530' (DP-530). Since the lagoon is already regulated, monitored, and inspected according to NMED regulations, ER Site 77 should be granted NFA status. SNL/NM Organization 9300 manages the lagoon with oversight by the Water Quality Program in SNL/NM Organization 7500. The section Site 77, OU 1309, Oil Surface Impoundment Site in NMED Site-Specific Technical Comments presents more details.

#### 12. Site 227, OU 1309, Bunker 904 Outfall Site

The radioactive risk analysis was based on comparative doses. The evaluation of the risk due to the radioactive dose should be part of the risk analysis. Please revise accordingly. The NFA proposal should address the potential for ecological risk.

Response: SNL/NM has recently completed a quantitative risk assessment for all contaminants, including cancer-causing radionuclides, in soil. The section Site 227, OU 1309, Bunker 904 Outfall Site in NMED Site-Specific Technical Comments discusses the risk assessment. The issue of ecological risk is discussed in Item 3 of the NMED General Risk Assessment Comments section.

#### 13. Site 229, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site

The radioactive risk should be calculated also based on the potential carcinogenic risk presented by the radioactive dose.

Response: SNL/NM has recently completed a quantitative risk assessment for all contaminants, including cancer-causing radionuclides, in soil. The section Site 229, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site in NMED Site-Specific Technical Comments discusses the risk assessment.

#### 14. Site 230, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site

The analysis of radioactive risk should include an estimation of carcinogenic risk due to radioactive constituents.

Response: SNL/NM has recently completed a quantitative risk assessment for all contaminants, including cancer-causing radionuclides, in soil. The section Site 230, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site in NMED Site-Specific Technical Comments discusses the risk assessment.

#### 15. Site 231, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site

See comment to site 230 above. [The analysis of radioactive risk should include an estimation of carcinogenic risk due to radioactive constituents.]

Response: SNL/NM has recently completed a quantitative risk assessment for all contaminants, including cancer-causing radionuclides, in soil. The section Site 231, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site in NMED Site-Specific Technical Comments discusses the risk assessment.

#### 16. Site 233, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site

See comment above. [The analysis of radioactive risk should include an estimation of carcinogenic risk due to radioactive constituents.]

Response: SNL/NM has recently completed a quantitative risk assessment for all contaminants, including cancer-causing radionuclides, in soil. The section Site 233, OU 1309, Storm Drain System Outfall Site in NMED Site-Specific Technical Comments discusses the risk assessment.

NOD



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#### CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. James Bearzi, Chief
Hazardous and Radioactive Materials Bureau
New Mexico Environment Department
2044 Galisteo Street
P.O. Box 26110
Santa Fe, NM 87502-2100

Dear Mr. Bearzi:

Enclosed is one of two NMED copies of the Department of Energy and Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico response to the NMED Notice of Deficiency (NOD), dated October 13, 1999, for Environmental Restoration sites 7, 46, 48, 50, 136, 159, 166, 227, 229, 230, 231, 233, 234, and 235. These sites were all included in the 2<sup>nd</sup> batch of No Further Action (NFA) proposals.

If you have any questions, please contact John Gould at (505) 845-6089.

Sincerely,

Michael J. Zamorski

Area Manager

**Enclosure** 

# Sandia National Laboratories Albuquerque, New Mexico December 1999

Environmental Restoration Project Responses to NMED Notice of Deficiency No Further Action Proposals (2nd Round) Dated June 1995

#### INTRODUCTION

Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM) is submitting this Notice of Deficiency (NOD) response for sites managed by the Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit (OU) 1309 and the Technical Area (TA) II OU 1303. This response addresses Enclosures A and B comments in the October 13, 1999 NOD (NMED, 1999).

This is the second NOD response for Environmental Restoration (ER) Sites 50 and 235. Most of the following information addresses omissions in the ER Sites 50 and 235 No Further Action (NFA) Proposals (SNL/NM, 1995) and the first ER Sites 50 and 235 NOD responses (SNL/NM, 1996). This response addresses the need for reorganizing the confirmatory sampling analytical data and conducting human health and ecological risk assessments. For ER Site 50, this response also contains additional analytical data obtained during the Voluntary Corrective Measure activities recently conducted at nearby ER Site 228A (the Centrifuge Dump Site) in 1999 (SNL/NM, 1999). For ER Site 235, this response addresses the need for reorganizing the confirmatory sampling analytical data and conducting human and ecological risk assessments.

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#### **OU 1309**

ER Site 7, Gas Cylinder Disposal Pit

Additional site characterization work proposed includes:

- 1. Collect subsurface soil samples from within the waste layer and immediately below the bottom of the landfill.
- 2 Subsurface samples will be collected from at least four (4) borings or trenches. At least one sample per boring/trench will be collected within 5 ft beneath the landfill. At least two samples per boring/trench will be collected at locations within the waste layer (more samples will be collected if the waste layer exceeds 15 ft thick).
- 3. The soil samples will be analyzed for radiological constituents, metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, and high explosives.

<u>Response</u>: Unfortunately the name for ER Site 7 is misleading and refers to ER Site 6A, a gas cylinder disposal pit that was remediated in 1995. ER Site 7 contains construction and demolition debris from the Veteran's Administration (VA) Hospital. Prior to disposal of the construction and demolition debris, SNL/NM used the location as a sand and gravel quarry from 1980 to 1986.

DOE, SNL/NM, and KAFB's Environmental Management agreed on November 15, 1999 that responsibility for this site should be transferred to the KAFB Installation Restoration Program (IRP). The IRP intends to accept ownership for this site. DOE and KAFB are currently working on the transfer process. Therefore, SNL/NM will not be performing the additional proposed site characterization. After the IRP assumes responsibility for this site, SNL/NM will submit an administrative NFA proposal for ER Site 7.

ER Sites 46, 232, 233, 234, 227, 229, 230, and 231 (OU 1309 Outfalls)

The outfalls at ER Sites 46 and 227 are of the most concern to the HRMB; the others, which are storm drain outfalls, are clustered near ER sites 46 and 227. More specifically, ER Sites 229, 230, and 231 are grouped near ER Site 227; whereas, ER Sites 232, 233, and 234 are located near ER Site 46. Additional site characterization work proposed includes:

1. Locate each outfall accurately.

Response: SNL/NM will locate each outfall accurately for ER Sites 46, 227, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, and 234. The recent discussions have revealed that the type of water released to each site needs to be clarified. ER Site 46 received rinse waters from TA-I buildings. ER Sites 227 and 229 received rinse waters from TA-II buildings. ER Sites 230, 231, 232, and 233 currently receive storm water from TA-IV. ER Site 234 previously received storm water from TA-IV, but is now inactive. Except for ER Site 232, all of these OU 1309 sites were documented in the 2<sup>nd</sup> Round of the NFA proposals.

The NFA proposal for ER Site 232 was submitted in the 8<sup>th</sup> Round in July 1997; additional work for ER Site 232 is addressed in SNL/NM (1999).

2. Collect and analyze soil samples at the points of surface discharge and along the drainage channels. Analytical results of previous sampling will be used, to the extent possible, to meet this requirement.

Response: SNL/NM will collect and analyze soil samples at the points of surface discharge and along the drainage channels that are unlined. More details are presented in item #4 below. Analytical results of previous sampling will be used, to the extent possible, to meet the NMED requirement. The soil samples will be collected according to the following Fiscal Year (FY) schedule: ER Site 46 (FY01), ER Site 227 (FY01), ER Site 229 (FY01), ER Site 230 (FY02), ER Site 231 (FY02), ER Site 232 (FY01), ER Site 233 (FY02), and ER Site 234 (FY02).

3. Collect deep soil samples and vapor samples at ER Sites 46 and 227. Two 150-ft deep boreholes should be drilled at ER Site 46; one similar borehole should be drilled at ER Site 227. The soil-vapor monitor wells will be permanent installations. Soil samples will be analyzed for radiological constituents, metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, high explosives, hexavalent chromium, iron, and chloride.

Response: SNL/NM will install two permanent 150-foot deep soil-vapor monitor wells at ER Site 46 and one similar monitor well at ER Site 227. At ER Site 46, the first well will be located at the end of the acid waste line, while the second well will be located at the southern end of the site. [The end (former outfall) of the acid waste line is estimated to be about 50 ft south-southwest of monitor well TJA-3.] The ER Site 227 well will be located at the eastern end of the site near the slope break. Soil samples will be analyzed for radiological constituents (gamma spectroscopy and gross alpha/beta), RCRA metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, high explosives, hexavalent chromium, iron, and chloride. According to the FY00 baseline, performance of this fieldwork is scheduled for FY01.

4. Collect shallow subsurface soil samples at each storm drain outfall (two boreholes at each location at maximum depths of 5 ft). The soil samples will be analyzed for radiological constituents, metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, and high explosives.

Response: SNL/NM will collect shallow subsurface samples at two locations each at the storm-drain outfalls (ER Sites 230, 231, 232, 233, and 234). The samples will be collected at a depth of five ft, bgs from hand-augered boreholes. Except for ER Site 234, the boreholes for the TA-IV storm-drain outfalls will be located 5 ft and 30 ft downslope from the lowermost concrete structures at ER Sites 230, 231, 232, and 233. Not to be forgotten, ER Site 232 is unique because two storm drains are located there. At the remaining TA-IV storm-drain outfall (ER Site 234), the boreholes will be located at a similar lateral spacing with the northernmost borehole being located at the lowermost tip

of the site. The soil samples from each site will be analyzed for radiological constituents (gamma spectroscopy and gross alpha/beta), RCRA metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, and high explosives.

5. Collect a surface soil sample upstream of the drop inlet at ER Site 230. The soil sample will be analyzed for radiological constituents, metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, and high explosives.

<u>Response</u>: SNL/NM also will collect a surface (0-0.5 ft, bgs) soil sample for ER Site 230. The sample will be collected upstream of the drop inlet and next to the chain-link fence. The soil sample will be analyzed for radiological constituents (gamma spectroscopy and gross alpha/beta), RCRA metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, and high explosives.

6. A new ground-water monitor well will be installed at the bottom of the slope at ER Site 46. The well will be completed in the regional aquifer, if perched water is not encountered.

<u>Response</u>: SNL/NM will install a groundwater monitor well at the bottom of the slope at ER Site 46. The well will be completed in the regional aquifer, if perched water is not encountered.

7. Summarize in written form, as applicable, all geologic, hydrologic, and ground-water quality data for all boreholes and ground-water monitor wells in the vicinity of ER Sites 46 and 227. The information requested above for the TA-2 septic systems will meet this requirement for ER Site 227, which is located adjacent to TA-2.

Response: SNL/NM will summarize in written form, as applicable, all geologic, hydrologic, and groundwater quality data for all boreholes and groundwater monitor wells in the vicinity of ER Sites 46 and 227. This information will be presented in the Sandia North Groundwater Investigation Annual Report for FY01 or FY02.

8. Revise and resubmit the data tables in the NFA proposals for each site, meeting the standards achieved in the 12th Round NFA proposals.

Response: After all the requested soil samples have been collected and the analytical results received, SNL/NM will revise and resubmit the soil-sample data tables for ER Sites 46, 227, 229, 230, 231, 232, 233, and 234 in a format meeting the standards set in the 12th Round NFA proposals. Risk assessments (human-health and ecological) will be prepared. The data tables and risk assessments will be incorporated into the 'statement of basis' format.

#### Reference (ER Site 7)

Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico. Letter to Kirtland Area Office (KAO). "Transmittal of Responses to NMED for Request for Supplemental Information (RSI)," September 8, 1999.

NOD



#### **National Nuclear Security Administration**

Sandia Site Office P.O. Box 5400 Albuquerque, New Mexico 87185-5400



SEP 1.7 2003

#### CERTIFIED MAIL - RETURN RECEIPT REQUESTED

Mr. John E. Kieling, Manager Permits Management Program Hazardous Waste Bureau New Mexico Environment Department 2905 Rodeo Park Road, Building E Santa Fe, NM 87505

Dear Mr. Kieling:

Enclosed is one of two NMED copies of the Department of Energy (DOE) and Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico response to the NMED Notice of Deficiency (NOD) for Solid Waste Management Units 227 and 229 Proposals for No Further Action, Dated June 1995 (2nd Round). Per our verbal agreement, the second NMED copy is being sent directly to the Sandia Staff Manager.

If you have any questions regarding this response, please contact John Gould at (505) 845-6089.

Sincerely,

Karen L. Boardman

Kaun Boardman

Manager

#### **Enclosures**

cc w/enclosures:

W. Moats, NMED-HWB (via Certified Mail)

L. King, EPA, Region 6 (2 copies via Certified Mail)

M. Gardipe, ERD

C. Voorhees, NMED-OB

R. Kennett, NMED-OB

# Sandia National Laboratories Albuquerque, New Mexico June 2003

Environmental Restoration Project
Response to NMED Notice of Deficiency for
SWMUs 227 and 229
Proposals for No Further Action (2nd Round)
Dated June 1995

#### INTRODUCTION

Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM) is submitting this Notice of Deficiency (NOD) response for Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) 227 and 229, which are managed by the Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit (TJAOU). This NOD response addresses the most current correspondence from the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) by providing the requested information for the site-specific comments in Enclosure B of the October 13, 1999, NOD (NMED October 1999). The NMED site-specific comments are presented in **bold** as numbered statements, followed by the SNL/NM response in normal font style ("Response"). Supporting information is included as attachments.

The proposals for no further action (NFA) for SWMUs 227 and 229 were previously submitted in 1995 (SNL/NM June 1995a and b). This is the third NOD response for SWMUs 227 and 229. Two NOD responses were previously submitted in 1996 and 1999 (SNL/NM October 1996 and SNL/NM December 1999). This NOD response includes the results of soil and soil-vapor sampling conducted in 1994, 2001, and 2002 and addresses the NMED request for reorganizing the previously submitted 1994 analytical data. The attached human health and ecological risk screening assessments incorporate both the analytical results from all three rounds of confirmatory soil sampling at each site and relevant information from the Tijeras Arroyo Groundwater (TAG) Investigation (SNL/NM November 2002).

SWMU 227 is known as the "Bunker 904 Outfall." SWMU 229 should have a similar name because both sites served as the waste-water outfalls for the Technical Area (TA)-II high explosive (HE) drain system. However, SWMU 229 was assigned the name "Storm Drain System Outfall" in the early 1990s before the design of the TA-II utilities was well understood. Engineering drawings and recent excavation work have confirmed that SWMU 229 was never connected to a storm-water system. Historically, the area surrounding SWMUs 227 and 229 has been graded to direct storm water away from the outfall ditches.

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Environmental Restoration Project
Response to NMED Notice of Deficiency for
SWMUs 227 and 229 (October 1999)
Proposals for No Further Action (2nd Round)
Dated June 1995

#### **ENCLOSURE B—OPERABLE UNIT 1309**

#### 1. Locate each outfall accurately.

Response: SNL/NM has located each outfall accurately on Figure 1. SWMUs 227 and 229 encompass 0.08 and 0.16 acre, respectively, at the southern apex of TA-II. Both sites are shown in more detail on Figure 2. As discussed below, the outfall locations have been verified with historical aerial photographs, field inspections, and engineering drawings.

SWMUs 227 and 229 are the two outfall ditches into which waste water from the SWMU 48 HE drain system previously drained. The waste water discharged to the ground surface at the western upstream ends of the two outfall ditches (Figure 3). The TJAOU manages the outfall ditches, while the TA-II Operable Unit (OU) manages the SWMU 48 HE drain system. The HE drain system was the only SWMU 48 effluent systems that impacted SWMUs 227 and 229. A separate sanitary waste septic system for SWMU 48 was located in the southwestern part of TA-II (Figure 3).

Waste water from the SWMU 48 HE drain system flowed southeast along the outfall ditches, which extend down the steep northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo (Figures 3 and 4). Neither outfall ditch was constructed with concrete or any other type of liner. The SWMU 227 outfall ditch ranges in depth from about 3 to 10 feet and is approximately 130 feet long by 20 feet wide. The SWMU 229 outfall ditch was originally about the same dimensions, but only a short 40-foot-long segment remains today. Construction activities associated with SWMU 229 are discussed below.

From 1947 through 1992, TA-II waste water flowed through the buried piping of the SWMU 48 HE drain system and discharged at the SWMU 227 and 229 outfall ditches (Figure 3). The engineering drawings listed in Table 1 show that floor drains in three TA-II buildings (904, 913, and 914) were connected to the SWMU 48 HE drain system. Building 904, the largest of the three buildings consisting of approximately 10,000 square feet, was initially used during the late 1940s and 1950s for the assembly of nuclear weapons (IT December 1996). During the assembly process, HE shavings fell onto the floor, which was cleaned with water and possibly kerosene. The water flowed into floor drains connected to the SWMU 48 HE drain system. Mechanical filtration took place at an HE catch box (solids retention tank) located in the drain system piping that removed the HE particulates. Starting in the 1960s, Building 904 was used as an HE research laboratory and also may have contained laboratories for photographic processing and chemistry research.

Table 1
SNL/NM Facilities Engineering Drawings for Buildings 904, 913, and 914

Drawing Title	Drawing Number	Initial Date	Final Revision Date
Assembly Building No. 1 (Building 904) Plumbing—Floor Plan	30-05-01	2/10/48	5/16/71
Building 904 Evaporative Cooler	96376M001	11/20/59	11/20/59
Building 904 HVAC Modifications	98622/M-4	1/2/77	6/15/84
Building 904 HVAC Modifications	98622/M-2	6/15/89	6/15/89
Modifications to Buildings 913/914	93141/M-8	11/16/73	7/9/84
Modifications to Buildings 913/914	93141/M-1	12/17/74	4/20/82
CAD Compilation (TA-I, TA-II, TA-IV Utilities)	Not applicable	1980s	Continuously updated

CAD = Computer assisted design.

HVAC = Heating, ventilation, air conditioning.

SNL/NM = Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico.

TA = Technical Area.

Process knowledge indicates that the Building 904 waste water possibly contained acetone, methylene chloride, trichloroethylene (TCE), methyl ethyl ketone, nitromethane, carbon tetrachloride, toluene, xylenes, Freon™ compounds, hexane, various alcohols (methanol and isopropyl), metals (barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, silver, and titanium), HE compounds (Baratol, Compound B, black powder, HMX [octogen], RDX [cyclonite]), ammonium hydroxide, cyanide, kerosene, and possibly traces of radionuclides such as cesium-137, uranium-235/238, plutonium-239, and tritium (SNL/NM June 1995a and b, October 1996, and December 1999).

Building 913 encompassed approximately 3,400 square feet and was primarily used for explosives testing; other uses included component assembly, high pressure testing, and security training. Chemicals used at Building 913 include acetone, boron, chromium, diborane, inert gases, isopropanol, mercury, nickel carbonyl, phosphine, phosphorous, titanium, and trichloroethane (IT December 1996). These chemicals are not known to have been discharged to the Building 913 floor drain. Building 914 (500 square feet) was used for the storage of maintenance equipment and supplies. Hazardous or radioactive materials are not suspected to have been stored in or used at Building 914.

Therefore, the contaminants of concern (COCs) for SWMUs 227 and 229 include volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), HE compounds, cyanide, metals, and radionuclides. The COCs consist of, or are indicative of, the materials used in Buildings 904 and 913.

To verify that SWMUs 227 and 229 were the actual locations where the TA-II waste water had discharged, a historical set of aerial photographs spanning the years from 1951 to 1999 was reviewed. Examples from 1995 and 1959 are presented as Figures 3 and 5, respectively. The aerial photographs were compared to historic and recent engineering drawings, such as Figure 6, and to utilities currently visible in the field. This comparison verified that SWMUs 227 and 229 were accurately depicted in figures previously presented in the NFA proposals (SNL/NM June 1995a and b) and the NOD responses

(SNL/NM October 1996 and December 1999). Interestingly, the 1951 photograph shows that not much soil erosion had occurred even though the discharge of waste water began in 1947. In fact, the depth and width of the outfall ditches varies little between the 1951 and 1999 photographs. The ditch walls have been remarkably stable with only minor sloughing because of the heavily cemented (caliche) soil and the arid desert climate. The waste water supported the growth of minor vegetation, such as weeds, shrubs, and grasses; however, no trees are visible in the photographs. The similar appearance of the outfall ditches to natural ditches along the arroyo rim suggests that the waste-water rate was not appreciable. The volumes of waste water discharged at the two sites cannot be quantified using the aerial photographs, but decreasing vegetative cover suggests that the waste-water discharge rate declined substantially after the early 1960s.

Septic water was not discharged at either SWMUs 227 or 229. Engineering drawings (Table 1) show that underground septic systems were connected to Buildings 904 and 913 before both buildings were connected to the City of Albuquerque (COA) sanitary sewer system in 1993. Toilet facilities were not installed in Building 914. The Building 904 septic system was located in the southwestern part of TA-II (Figure 3) and the Building 913 septic system at the southern part of TA-II (Figure 6). TA-IV construction activities removed the Building 913 septic system in the 1990s. The SNL/NM Drain and Septic Systems Project has identified the Building 913 septic system as SWMU 1069 and determined that the site does not require sampling or excavation (SNL/NM November 2001); NMED concurred with this determination (Moats February 2002).

The SWMU 48 HE drain system piping was constructed of 8-inch-diameter cement pipe. However, no documents are available that present the volumes of waste water that were discharged to the outfall ditches. The waste-water discharge at SWMUs 227 and 229 was discontinued after the SWMU 48 HE drain system was connected to the COA sanitary sewer system in 1993. Buildings 904, 913, and 914 were demolished in 2002.

The historical aerial photographs also document the various construction activities that have occurred at the southern apex of TA-II and the eastern side of TA-IV. As shown on Figure 2, water lines were installed in 1963 and 1979. The aerial photographs also show that the 1993 replacement of the SWMU 48 HE drain system piping disturbed the western upstream ends of the two outfall ditches. SWMU 229 was disturbed to a greater degree because a sewer-line junction box and manhole were installed on the north side of the site. SWMU 227 was disturbed to a lesser degree because the HE drain system piping was removed but not replaced there. In February 2001, exploratory trenching was conducted at SWMUs 227 and 229 to verify this interpretation of the aerial photographs.

On February 23, 2001, an exploratory trench was excavated at the western end of SWMU 227 (Figure 2). Approximately 10 cubic yards of sand and gravel were excavated with a backhoe. Figure 7 is a photograph of the exploratory trench, which was oriented perpendicular to the outfall ditch. The trench measured 30 feet long by 2 feet wide with a maximum depth of 6 feet. As suspected, the outfall piping was not present; however, a layer of undisturbed (native) sand and gravel were present at a depth of approximately 3 feet below ground surface (bgs) indicating that the piping had been buried at a

depth of less than 3 feet bgs. No debris, odors, or stains were discovered during the excavation work. A soil sample was collected from the west wall of the exploratory trench at 5 feet bgs (Table 2, sample number TJAOU-227-GR-05-5). On February 28, 2001, the trench was backfilled with the excavated soil. Analytical results for the soil sample and other SWMU 227 soil samples are discussed in the SNL/NM response to NMED Site-Specific Comment 2.

Also on February 23, 2001, a backhoe was used to deepen the western end of the SWMU 229 outfall ditch (Figures 2 and 8). Approximately 30 cubic yards of fill (non-native soil) and a few pieces of wood and concrete rubble were excavated. The length of the exploratory excavation was 33 feet and the maximum width was approximately 23 feet. The maximum depth of the excavation was 9 feet bgs, approximately 6 feet deeper than the pre-existing ditch that had been left by construction crews in 1993. The 9-foot depth represented the safety limit for not destabilizing the adjacent sewer and water lines. The northern wall of the outfall ditch was extended northward as far as possible. However, as suspected, the outfall piping was not present in the excavation wall (Figure 9). The piping most likely would have been buried at a depth of approximately 3 feet bgs as it was at SWMU 227. No odors or stains were encountered during the excavation work.

The SWMU 229 excavation served as a useful location (Figure 10) for collecting samples of undisturbed (native) soil from beneath the location where the waste water had discharged from the outfall piping. The sides of the excavation were benched to allow personnel egress so that a hand auger could be used at the floor of the excavation. Native soil consisting of a damp, whitish-brown clayey sand was encountered at 13 feet bgs, which was 4 feet below the excavation floor. On March 1, 2001, soil samples TJAOU-229-GR-05-14 and TJAOU-229-GR-05-19 were collected from 14 and 19 feet bgs, respectively (Table 2). The analytical results for these and 12 other soil samples for SWMU 229 are discussed in the SNL/NM response to NMED Site-Specific Comment 2. In mid-March 2001, SNL/NM Facilities Engineering backfilled both the excavation and the westernmost portion of the outfall ditch with the 30 cubic yards of excavated soil and approximately 40 cubic yards of soil brought in from an off-site road construction project. The additional soil fill increases the stabilization of the sewer lines.

2. Collect and analyze soil samples at the points of surface discharge and along the drainage channels. Analytical results of previous sampling will be used, to the extent possible, to meet this requirement.

Response: In 2001, SNL/NM collected soil samples at the point of, and downstream from, where the Building 904 HE drain system outfall piping discharged at SWMUs 227 and 229. This soil sampling also satisfied the NMED request made during a meeting held on November 17, 1999, that samples be collected along the center line of each outfall ditch (Copland November 1999). The 2001 soil samples supplement the sampling that was conducted in 1994. Sampling locations, analytes, analytical laboratories, and results for the 1994 and 2001 sampling efforts are discussed in more detail below.

Table 2
Confirmatory Soil Samples Collected for SWMU 227 and SWMU 229

		Depth		Sampling	Sampling	Applicable
SWMU	Sample Number	(ft bgs)	Location	Device	Date	to Risk
227	227-01-A	0.0-0.5	West end of outfall ditch	HT	9/29/94	yes
	227-01-B	0.5-3.0	West end of outfall ditch	HA	9/29/94	yes
	227-02-A	0.0-0.5	West end of outfall ditch	HT	9/29/94	yes
	227-02-B	0.5-3.0	West end of outfall ditch	HA	9/29/94	yes
	227-03-A	0.0-0.5	East end of site	HT	9/29/94	yes
	227-03-B	0.5-3.0	East end of site	HA	9/29/94	ves
	227-04-A	0.0-0.5	East end of site	HT	9/29/94	yes
	227-04-B	0.5-3.0	East end of site	HA	9/29/94	yes
	TJAOU-227-GR-05-5	5.0-5.5	Exploratory trench at waste-water discharge point	HT	2/27/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0	0.0-0.5	Center line of outfall ditch	HT_	2/27/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5	5.0-6.5	Center line of outfall ditch	HA	2/27/01	yes
-	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5-DU	5.0-6.5	Center line of outfall ditch	HA	2/27/01	γes
	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5	5.0-6.5	Center line of outfall ditch	HA	2/27/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20	20-22	80 ft southeast of SWMU 227	SS	3/26/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-100	100-102	80 ft southeast of SWMU 227	SS	_3/27/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150	150-152	80 ft southeast of SWMU 227	SS	3/27/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-200	200-202	80 ft southeast of SWMU 227	ss	3/27/01	γes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-250 250		80 ft southeast of SWMU 227	ss	3/28/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-275	275-277	80 ft southeast of SWMU 227	SS	3/28/01	yes
229	229-01-A	0.0-0.5	West end of ditch	HT	9/29/94	noa
	229-01-B	0.5-3.0	West end of ditch	HA	9/29/94	noa
	229-02-A	0.0-0.5	West end of ditch	нт	9/29/94	no <sup>a</sup>
	229-02-B	0.5–3.0	. West end of ditch	HA	9/29/94	noa
	229-03-A	0.0-0.5	East end of site	HT	9/29/94	yes
	229-03-B	0.5-3.0	East end of site	НА	9/29/94	yes
	229-04-A	0.0-0.5	East end of site	HT	9/29/94	yes
	229-04-B	0.5-3.0	East end of site	HA	9/29/94	yes
	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14	14-15	Exploratory excavation at waste- water discharge point	НА	3/1/01	yes
	TJAOU-229-GR-05-19	19–20	Exploratory excavation at waste- water discharge point	HA	3/1/01	yes
	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0	0.0-0.5	Center line of outfall ditch	HT	3/1/01	yes
	TJAOU-229-GR-06-5	5.0-6.5	Center line of outfall ditch	HA	3/1/01	yes
	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5	5.0-6.5	Center line of outfall ditch	HA	3/1/01	yes
	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5-DU	5.0-6.5	Center line of outfall ditch	HA	3/1/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20	20-22	50 ft northeast of SWMU 229	SS	3/26/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-100	100-102	50 ft northeast of SWMU 229	SS	3/27/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150	150-152	50 ft northeast of SWMU 229	SS	3/27/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-200	200-202	50 ft northeast of SWMU 229	_ss_	3/27/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-250	250-252	50 ft northeast of SWMU 229	SS	3/28/01	yes
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-275	275-277	50 ft northeast of SWMU 229	SS	3/28/01	ves

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Sample is not applicable to the risk assessment process because the sample was collected in 1994 at the western end of the SWMU 229 outfall ditch, which was excavated in 2001. Therefore, the sample does not represent current *in situ* conditions.

bgs = Below ground surface.

DU = Duplicate.
ft = Foot/feet.
GR = Grab sample.
HA = Hand auger.
HT = Hand trowel.

SS = Split spoon (advanced by drill rig).
SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.
TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

VW = Vapor well.

#### Sampling Locations

On September 29, 1994, soil samples were collected at SWMUs 227 and 229. Hand trowels and hand augers were used to collect soil samples from four locations at both sites (Figure 2) from two depth intervals at each location (Table 2). Surface-soil samples were collected from a depth of 0 to 0.5 foot bgs using a hand trowel. Subsurface soil samples were collected at 0.5 to 3 feet bgs using a hand auger. The eight soil samples collected at SWMU 227 were identified as 227-01-A through 227-04-B, and the eight soil samples collected at SWMU 229 were identified as 229-01-A through 229-04-B (Table 2).

The second round of soil sampling at SWMUs 227 and 229 was conducted in late February and early March 2001. The February and early March 2001 soil samples were collected using a hand trowel or hand auger. Three locations were sampled at each outfall ditch (Table 2). The first sampling location at each site was the approximate location where the SWMU 48 HE drain system piping discharged (Figure 2). The second and third sampling locations at each site were farther down the center-line of each outfall ditch. The proximity of potentially unstable ditch walls presented a safety concern that was considered when selecting the second and third sampling locations. The five soil samples collected at SWMU 227 were identified as TJAOU-227-GR-05-5 through TJAOU-227-GR-07-5 and the six soil samples collected at SWMU 229 were identified as TJAOU-229-GR-05-14 through TJAOU-229-GR-07-5-DU (Table 2).

In late March 2001, soil samples were collected with a split spoon during the drilling of a 275-foot deep borehole, which was subsequently converted into a soil-vapor monitoring well (227-VW-01). Monitoring well 227-VW-01 is located approximately 80 feet southeast of SWMU 227 and approximately 50 feet northeast of SWMU 229 (Figure 2). Layne-Western Inc. drilled the borehole as close as possible to the steep slope of the arroyo rim and used air-rotary casing hammer techniques. Because SWMUs 227 and 229 are in such close proximity and simultaneously received the same type of waste water, the soil samples are applicable to both sites. The soil samples were collected at 20, 100, 150, 200, 250, and 275 feet bgs (Table 2).

#### Analytes and Analytical Laboratories

The COCs for SWMUs 227 and 229 are similar and consist of Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) metals, hexavalent chromium, VOCs, SVOCs, HE compounds, cyanide, tritium, and gamma-emitting radionuclides.

The 1994 soil samples were analyzed for RCRA metals, hexavalent chromium, VOCs, SVOCs, HE compounds, tritium, and gamma-emitting radionuclides. Additional analytes were cyanide, total petroleum hydrocarbons (TPH), nitrite plus nitrate, and total Kjeldahl nitrogen (TKN). The samples were analyzed by two off-site analytical laboratories (Quanterra Environmental Services, Inc. and Environmental Control Technology Corporation), and the on-site laboratory (SNL/NM Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics [RPSD] Laboratory).

The 2001 soil samples were analyzed for RCRA metals, hexavalent chromium, VOCs, SVOCs, HE compounds, cyanide, gamma-emitting radionuclides, and gross alpha/beta. The samples were analyzed by an off-site analytical laboratory (General Engineering Laboratories, Inc. [GEL]) and the on-site RPSD Laboratory.

#### Analytical Results

Analytical results for the three rounds of soil sampling at SWMU 227 are provided in Attachment A and summarized in Table A-1, which lists the maximum concentrations, averages, and background values for each of the analytes. All detections, qualified results, and detection limits are listed in the accompanying Tables A-2 through A-12. Highlights of the analytical results include:

- Four metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, and chromium) were reported at levels slightly above background values (Table A-2).
- Two radionuclides (cesium-137 and uranium-238) were reported at levels slightly above background values (Table A-3).
- Low concentrations of four VOCs (2-butanone, acetone, methylene chloride, and 4-methyl-2-pentanone) were reported (Table A-4). The VOC detection limits are listed in Tables A-5 and A-6.
- Low concentrations of six SVOCs (benzo[b]fluoranthene, chrysene, fluoranthene, phenanthrene, pyrene, and bis[2-ethylhexyl] phthalate) were reported (Table A-7). The detections limits for all SVOCs are listed in Tables A-8 and A-9.
- No HE compounds were detected above the detection limits listed in Tables A-10 and A-11.
- Cyanide at 0.159 J milligrams (mg)/kilogram (kg) was reported for the 150-foot-bgs sample, but cyanide was not reported for the five other sampling depths (20, 100, 200, 250, and 275 feet bgs) (Table A-12).
- TKN concentrations ranged from 180 to 670 mg/kg (Table A-12).
- The nitrate plus nitrite concentrations ranged from nondetections (<1.0 mg/kg) to 9.3 mg/kg (Table A-12).
- No TPH were detected (Table A-12).

The data validation reports for SWMU 227 are presented in Attachment B; no significant quality assurance (QA)/quality control (QC) issues were identified. Attachment C presents the gamma-spectroscopy results from the on-site RPSD Laboratory.

Analytical results for the three rounds of soil sampling at SWMU 229 are provided in Attachment D and summarized in Table D-1, which lists the maximum concentrations, averages, and background values for each of the analytes. All detections, qualified results, and detection limits are listed in the accompanying Tables D-2 through D-12. Highlights of the analytical results include:

- Six metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, and silver) were reported at levels slightly above background values (Table D-2, Attachment D).
- Two radionuclides (cesium-137 and uranium-238) were reported at levels slightly above background values (Table D-3, Attachment D).
- Low concentrations of three VOCs (2-butanone, acetone, and methylene chloride) were reported (Table D-4, Attachment D). The VOC detection limits are listed in Tables D-5 and D-6 (Attachment D).
- Low concentrations of eleven SVOCs (acenaphthene, anthracene, benzo[a]anthracene, benzo[b]fluoranthene, benzo[a]pyrene, chrysene, fluoranthene, fluorene, phenanthrene, pyrene, and bis[2-ethylhexyl] phthalate) were reported (Table D-7, Attachment D). The detection limits for all SVOCs are listed in Tables D-8 and D-9 (Attachment D).
- No HE compounds were reported above the detection limits listed in Tables D-10 and D-11 (Attachment D).
- Cyanide at 0.159 J mg/kg was reported for the 150-foot-bgs sample, but cyanide was not reported for the five other sampling depths (20, 100, 200, 250, and 275 feet bgs) (Table D-12, Attachment D).
- The maximum TPH concentration was 81 mg/kg (Table D-12, Attachment D).

The data validation reports for SWMU 229 are presented in Attachment E; no significant-QA/QC issues were identified. Attachment F presents the gamma-spectroscopy results from the on-site RPSD Laboratory.

#### Summary

The analytical results for the three rounds of soil sampling at SWMUs 227 and 229 have identified only minor amounts of soil contamination at the two outfall ditches. Table 2 lists the confirmatory soil samples that are applicable for the risk assessment process. All 19 soil samples collected at SWMU 227 were applicable to the risk assessment process. Of the 20 soil samples collected at SWMU 229, 16 were applicable to the risk assessment process. Four samples (229-01-A, 229-01-B, 229-02-A, 229-02-B) were not applicable because the samples did not represent current *in situ* conditions. The four samples were collected in 1994 at the western end of the SWMU 229 outfall ditch, which was

excavated in 2001. The four nonapplicable soil samples did not contain any of the maximum concentrations or activities.

The maximum analyte values for each respective site were used in the risk assessments. The risk screening assessment for SWMU 227 is presented in Attachment G. The accompanying site conceptual model for SWMU 227 is presented in Attachment H. The risk screening assessment and the site conceptual model for SWMU 229 are presented in Attachments I and J, respectively.

3. Collect deep soil samples and vapor samples at ER Sites 46 and 227. Two 150-ft deep boreholes should be drilled at ER Site 46; one similar borehole should be drilled at ER Site 227. The soil-vapor monitor wells will be permanent installations. Soil samples will be analyzed for radiological constituents, metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, high explosives, hexavalent chromium, iron, and chloride.

Response: SNL/NM has collected deep soil and soil-vapor samples at both SWMU 46 and SWMU 227. Sampling results for SWMU 46 are not applicable to SWMUs 227 and 229 and will be presented in a later document. At SWMU 227, soil samples were collected during the drilling of a 275-foot-deep borehole that was converted into a permanent soil-vapor monitoring well (Table 3). During February and March 2001, Layne-Western Inc. drilled the borehole using air-rotary casing hammer techniques. Figure 11 shows the location of soil-vapor monitoring well 227-VW-01, which is located approximately 80 feet southeast of SWMU 227 and approximately 50 feet northeast of SWMU 229. This location was as close as practical to the steep northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo (Figure 12). The maximum soil-sampling depth was 275 feet bgs. The depth to perched groundwater is approximately 280 feet beneath the Tijeras Arroyo floodplain near SWMU 227 (SNL/NM November 2002).

Monitoring well 227-VW-01 was installed in response to this NMED comment. The soil samples from the 227-VW-01 borehole were collected at 20, 100, 150, 200, 250, and 270 feet bgs with a split-spoon sampler. The soil samples were analyzed for radiological constituents (gamma spectroscopy and gross alpha/beta), RCRA metals, VOCs, SVOCs, HE compounds, hexavalent chromium, and chloride. Analyses were conducted by GEL. The samples were not analyzed for iron because SWMU 227 did not discharge waste water containing ferric chloride as SWMU 46 had. The analytical results for the 227-VW-01 soil samples are incorporated into Tables A-1 through A-12 (Attachment A) and were used as applicable in the SWMU 227 risk screening assessment (Attachment G).

Soil-vapor monitoring well 227-VW-01 was constructed on March 29, 2001, with a Flexible Liner Underground Technologies, Ltd. (FLUTe) sampling system. The system was assembled in Pojoaque, New Mexico, according to Environmental Restoration Project specifications and was constructed of a flexible, 8-inch-diameter, nylon liner with soil-vapor sampling ports set at 50-foot intervals. After the FLUTe system was installed

Table 3
TCE and Total VOC Concentrations in Soil-Vapor Samples Collected from Monitoring Well 227-VW-01

		Sample	TCE	<u> </u>	Percentage of
Quarterly		Depth	Concentration	Total VOCs	Total VOCs
Event	Sample ID	(ft bgs)	(ppbv)	(ppbv)	Comprised of TCE
April 2001	227-VW-01-SV-025	25	40	50	80.0
	227-VW-01-SV-075	75	2,500	2,507	99.7
	227-VW-01-SV-125	125	730	772	94.6
	227-VW-01-SV-175	175	3,700	3,725	99.3
	227-VW-01-SV-225	225	4,900	4,933	99.3
June 2001	227-VW-01-SV-025	25	55	61	90.2 .
	227-VW-01-SV-075	75	850	863	98.5
	227-VW-01-SV-125	125	2,700	2,709	99.7
	227-VW-01-SV-175	175	4,300	4,300	100.0
	227-VW-01-SV-225	225	8,800	8,800	100.0
	227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	225	9,500	9,500	100.0
September 2001	227-VW-01-SV-025	25	58	87	66.7
	227-VW-01-SV-075	75	900	961	93.7
	227-VW-01-SV-125	125	3,000	3,011	99.6
	227-VW-01-SV-175	175	5,300	5,300	100.0
	227-VW-01-SV-225	225	8,000	8,000	100.0
	227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	225	8,100	8,100	100.0
December 2001	227-VW-01-SV-025	25	600	600	100.0
	227-VW-01-SV-075	75	980	1,061	92.4
	227-VW-01-SV-125	125	3,600	3,617	99.5
	227-VW-01-SV-175	175	3,600	3,606	99.8
	227-VW-01-SV-225	225	5,000	5,011	99.8
- 	227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	225	7,000	7,000	100.0
March 2002	227-VW-01-SV-025	25	. 36	48	75.0
	227-VW-01-SV-125	125	4,500	4,688	96.0
	227-VW-01-SV-175	175	7,300	7,446	98.0
	227-VW-01-SV-175-SD	175	6,900	7,066	97.7
	227-VW-01-SV-225	225	14,000	14,044	100.0

Note: Sampling dates were April 23, 2001 (AR/COC 604434), June 26, 2001 (AR/COC 604643), September 25, 2001 (AR/COC 604921), December 11, 2001 (AR/COC 605162), and March 19, 2002 (AR/COC 605407). Analytical laboratory was Quanterra/Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc., California. Analytical method was EPA Method TO-14....

AR/COC = Analysis Request/Chain of Custody.

bgs = Below ground surface.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ft = Foot (feet).

ID = Identification number.

ppbv = Parts per billion on a volume/volume ratio.

SD = Soil vapor duplicate sample.

SV = Soil vapor.

TCE = Trichloroethylene.

VOC = Volatile organic compound. VW = Vapor well (monitoring).

to total depth in the borehole, a tremie pipe was used to place silica sand into the interior of the liner in order to push the liner against the sides of the borehole. The sampling ports were set at 25, 75, 125, 175, 225, and 275 feet bgs and are linked to the ground surface with 0.25-inch-diameter, nylon tubing. The well construction diagram for 227-VW-01 is shown in Attachment K. The uppermost five sampling ports have yielded useful soil-vapor samples. Vacuum testing has shown that soil vapor cannot be collected from the 275-foot-bgs sampling port because hydrostatic forces associated with the capillary fringe exceed the sampling pump capabilities.

Soil-vapor samples were collected from monitoring well 227-VW-01 with Summa<sup>TM</sup> canisters for five quarterly events from April 2001 through March 2002 (Table 3). Samples were submitted to the Quanterra/Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc., California, and analyzed for VOCs using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method TO-14. Table 3 summarizes the analytical results for the soil-vapor samples. Table L-1 (Attachment L) presents all the analytical results for the soil-vapor samples. Table L-2 (Attachment L) lists all the detection limits.

The maximum TCE concentration for the five quarters was 14,000 parts per billion on a volume/volume ratio (ppbv), which was collected from a depth of 225 feet bgs. As shown on Figure 13, TCE concentrations at monitoring well 227-VW-01 increased with depth, suggesting that VOC vapors are emanating from the perched system.

The maximum total VOC concentration at monitoring well 227-VW-01 was 14,044 ppbv (Table 3). For perspective, the soil-vapor investigation at the SNL/NM Chemical Waste Landfill (CWL) used a NMED-approved 100,000 ppbv threshold for defining the total VOC plume edge (SNL/NM December 1992, Sisneros February 1993). NMED has not specified a threshold value for SWMU 227. The CWL threshold value is nearly an order of magnitude greater than the maximum total VOC concentration from monitoring well 227-VW-01. Therefore, additional soil-vapor characterization at SWMU 227 does not appear to be necessary.

Values for total VOCs in soil vapor also are listed in Table 3 and reflect TCE and other VOCs, such as 1,1-dichloroethene (DCE), cis-1,2-DCE, and tetrachloroethene. Seventeen VOCs have been detected for monitoring well 227-VW-01, but most are single-digit values that were qualified with a "J" (estimated value less that the laboratory reporting limit). Table L-1 (Attachment L) lists all the detected VOCs (Skelly August 2002). Table L-2 (Attachment L) lists the TO-14 detection limits for all VOCs, including those which were not detected in the soil-vapor samples. The predominant VOC in soil vapor was TCE. The percentages of total VOCs that are attributable to TCE has ranged from 66.7 to 100 percent (Table 3). For the sampling ports at 75, 125, 175, and 225 feet bgs, TCE comprised 92.4 to 100 percent of the total VOC values. The sampling port at 25 feet bgs had consistently exhibited a more varied set of VOCs, but the associated VOC concentrations have been significantly less than deeper sampling results (Table L-1, Attachment L).

The installation of soil-vapor monitoring well 227-VW-01 by the TJAOU was in response to this NMED comment. The TA-II OU installed two soil-vapor monitoring wells (TA2-VW-20 and TA2-VW-21) in November 1996 for evaluating the vicinity of Buildings 904 and 913. The ground surface elevations at both TA-II monitoring wells are approximately 62 feet higher than soil-vapor monitoring well 227-VW-01, which is located on the Tijeras Arroyo floodplain. The TA-II soil-vapor monitoring wells are constructed with polyvinyl chloride (PVC) casing; stainless steel tubing extends from the screened intervals to the ground surface (Attachment K). Soil-vapor monitoring well TA2-VW-21 was installed approximately 110 feet northwest of SWMU 227 and is screened at depths of 47 to 53 and 90 to 94.5 feet bgs. Soil-vapor monitoring well TA2-VW-20 is located approximately 970 feet northwest of SWMU 227 and is screened at a single interval of 68 to 72 feet bgs.

Quarterly sampling for soil-vapor monitoring wells TA2-VW-20 and TA2-VW-21 began in July 1997. Summa<sup>TM</sup> canisters were used to submit soil-vapor samples to both on-site and off-site laboratories. The analytical results are presented in Table L-1 (Attachment L). Thirty different VOCs have been detected in the soil-vapor samples, but most are single-digit "J" values. The September 1998 and later quarterly results using EPA Method TO-14 from Quanterra/Severn Trent Laboratories, Inc., California, are considered to be the most reliable with fewer QA/QC problems (Skelly August 2002).

Lower TCE and total VOCs concentrations in soil vapor are present at the southern apex of TA-II. From September 1998 through March 2002, the maximum TCE concentration from soil-vapor monitoring well TA2-VW-21 at 50 feet bgs was 520 ppbv; the corresponding total VOCs value was 598 ppbv. The maximum TCE concentration at 92 feet bgs was 1,500 ppbv; the corresponding maximum total VOCs value was 1,890 ppbv. As shown on Figure 14, TCE concentrations in soil vapor from monitoring well TA2-VW-21 increased with depth, but decreased over time.

Much lower TCE and total VOCs concentrations in soil vapor are present in the central part of TA-II. From September 1998 through March 2002, the maximum TCE concentration from soil-vapor monitoring well TA2-VW-20 at 72 feet bgs was 47 ppbv; the corresponding maximum total VOCs value was 333 ppbv (Table L-1, Attachment L). Figure 15 shows that the low TCE concentrations are nearly stable with respect to time at soil-vapor monitoring well TA2-VW-20. The TCE concentrations have ranged from only 21 to 47 ppbv.

Groundwater information for SWMUs 227 and 229 was obtained from the TAG investigation (SNL/NM November 2002). Monitoring well TA2-W-19 is located directly downgradient of the two sites and is completed in the perched system at 263 to 283 feet bgs. The well is located approximately 500 feet southeast of SWMUs 227 and 229 (Figure 11). The last eight quarters (November 1999 through March 2002) of groundwater analyses for monitoring well TA2-W-19 are presented in Tables M-1 through M-5 (Attachment M). Analyses were performed by the Environmental Restoration Chemistry Laboratory. Sampling of TAG monitoring wells was suspended in April 2002 with NMED approval (Copland April 2002).

No significant groundwater contamination was evident for samples collected from monitoring well TA2-W-19. Four VOCs were reported (Table M-1, Attachment M). TCE concentrations in groundwater ranged from 0.96 to 2.3 micrograms (µg)/liter (L) and were below the EPA maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 5.0 µg/L (EPA July 2002). The other three VOCs (1,1-dichloroethane, bromomethane, and cis-1,2-dichloroethene) were reported with "J" values (Table M-1, Attachment M) and were below the respective MCLs. Table M-2 (Attachment M) lists the detection limits for VOCs that were not detected. None of the metal concentrations exceeded MCLs (Table M-3, Attachment M). Nitrate concentrations in groundwater ranged from 3.8 to 24 mg/L, with an average concentration of 10.3 mg/L, which is slightly above the nitrate MCL of 10 mg/L (Table M-4, Attachment M). However, nitrate results from the last four quarters of sampling were below the MCL and ranged from 3.8 to 8.8 mg/L. General chemistry parameters (alkalinity, bromide, chloride, fluoride, sulfate, and total dissolved solids) are listed in Table M-5 (Attachment M). Fluoride is the only parameter with a corresponding MCL, and none of the fluoride concentrations exceeded the MCL.

4. Collect shallow subsurface soil samples at each storm drain outfall (two boreholes at each location at maximum depths of 5 ft). The soil samples will be analyzed for radiological constituents, metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, and high explosives.

Response: Although this NMED comment mentions only the storm-drain outfalls, soil samples were collected from the outfall ditches because NMED requested that a similar sampling approach be used at SWMUs 227 and 229 during a November 1999 meeting (Copland November 1999). The sampling was conducted in February and March 2001. The samples were analyzed for radiological constituents, metals, VOCs, SVOCs, and HE compounds. The analytical results are discussed in the SNL/NM response to Site-Specific Comment 2.

5. Collect a surface soil sample upstream of the drop inlet at ER Site 230. The soil sample will be analyzed for radiological constituents, metals, volatile organic compounds, semi-volatile organic compounds, and high explosives.

Response: This NMED comment is not applicable to either SWMU 227 or SWMU 229.

6. A new ground-water monitor well will be installed at the bottom of the slope at ER Site 46. The will be completed in the regional aquifer, if perched water is not encountered.

Response: This NMED comment is not applicable to either SWMU 227 or SWMU 229.

7. Summarize in written form, as applicable, all geologic, hydrologic, and ground-water quality data for all boreholes and ground-water monitor wells in the vicinity of ER Sites 46 and 227. The information requested above for the TA-2 septic systems will meet this requirement for ER Site 227, which is located adjacent to TA-2.

Response: The Tijeras Arroyo Groundwater (TAG) Continuing Investigation Report (SNL/NM November 2002) summarizes the geologic, hydrologic, and groundwater quality data for all boreholes and groundwater monitoring wells in the vicinity of SWMUs 46 and 227. The report also discusses the TA-II septic systems.

8. Revise and resubmit the data tables in the NFA proposals for each site, meeting the standards achieved in the 12th Round NFA proposals.

Response: The analytical data tables in Attachments A and D conform to the format and standards set in the 12th Round NFA proposals. The 1994 and 2001 soil sampling analytical results for SWMU 227 are presented in Tables A-1 through A-12 (Attachment A). The 1994 and 2001 soil sampling analytical results for SWMU 229 are presented in Tables D-1 through D-12 (Attachment D). Evaluation of the analytical data for SWMUs 227 and 229 supports the recommendation for NFA and closure of the two sites.

Attachments G and H present the risk screening assessment and the accompanying site conceptual model, respectively, for SWMU 227. Based upon field investigation data and the human health and ecological risk screening assessments, the request for granting SWMU 227 NFA status is reiterated for the following reasons:

- The soil has been sampled for all relevant COCs.
- No nonradiological or radiological COCs are present in soil at levels that pose significant risk to human health for either an industrial or residential land use scenario.
- None of the nonradiological or radiological constituents warrant ecological concern.

Attachments I and J present the risk screening assessment and the accompanying site conceptual model, respectively, for SWMU 229. Based upon field investigation data and the human health and ecological risk screening assessments, the request for granting SWMU 229 NFA status is reiterated for the following reasons:

- The soil has been sampled for all relevant COCs.
- No nonradiological or radiological COCs are present in soil at levels that pose significant risk to human health for either an industrial or residential land use scenario.
- None of the nonradiological or radiological constituents warrant ecological concern.

Based upon the evidence provided in this NOD response, SWMUs 227 and 229 are proposed for an NFA decision in conformance with Criterion 5, which states that "[t]he SWMU/AOC has been characterized or remediated in accordance with current applicable state or Federal regulations and that available data indicate that contaminants pose an

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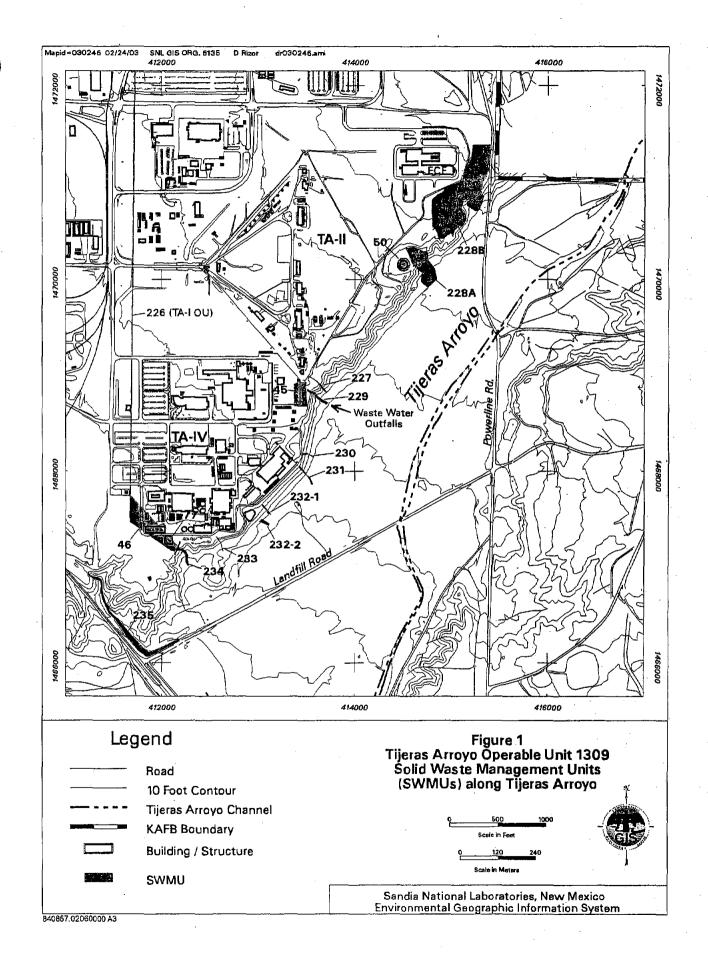
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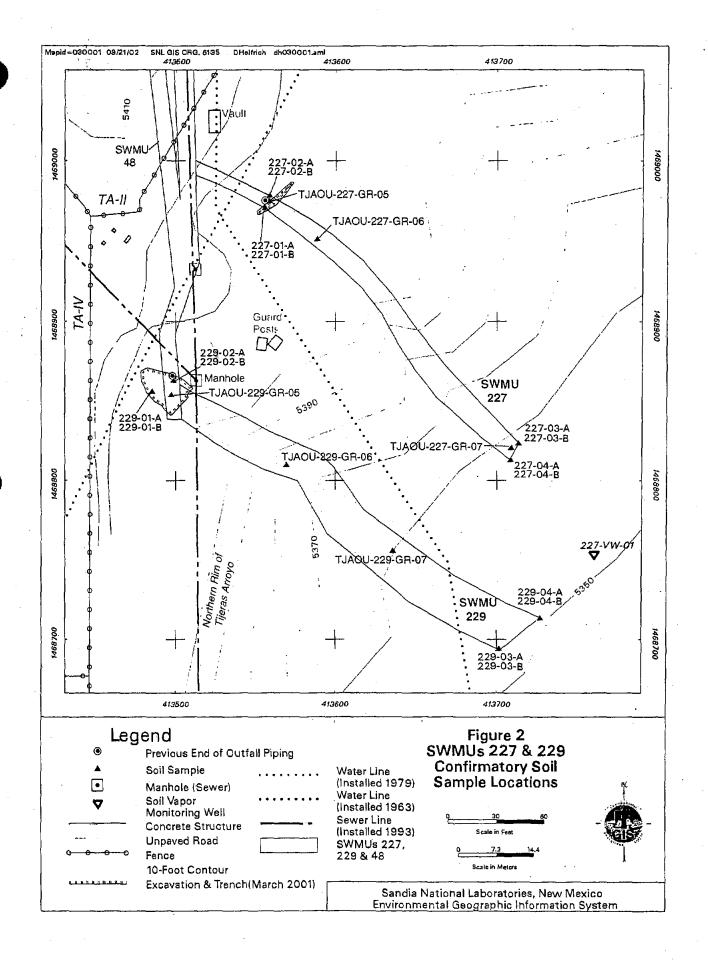
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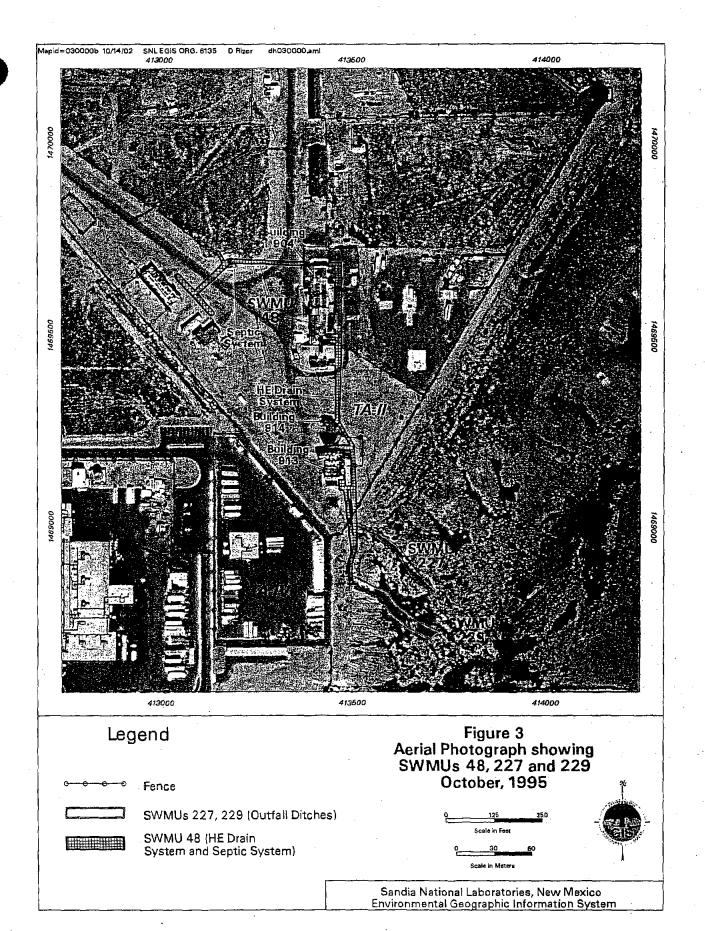
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FIGURES







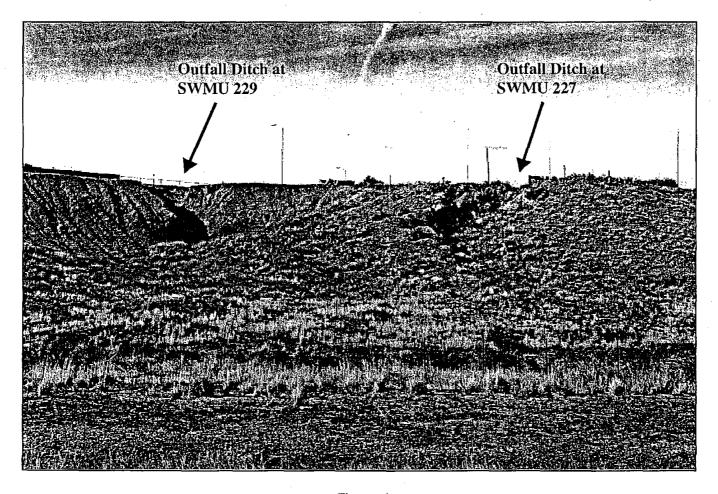


Figure 4
SWMU 227 and SWMU 229 outfall ditches along the northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo.
(Light poles in background are located at TA-II and TA-IV. Floodplain visible in the foreground. View to the northwest, February 2001.)

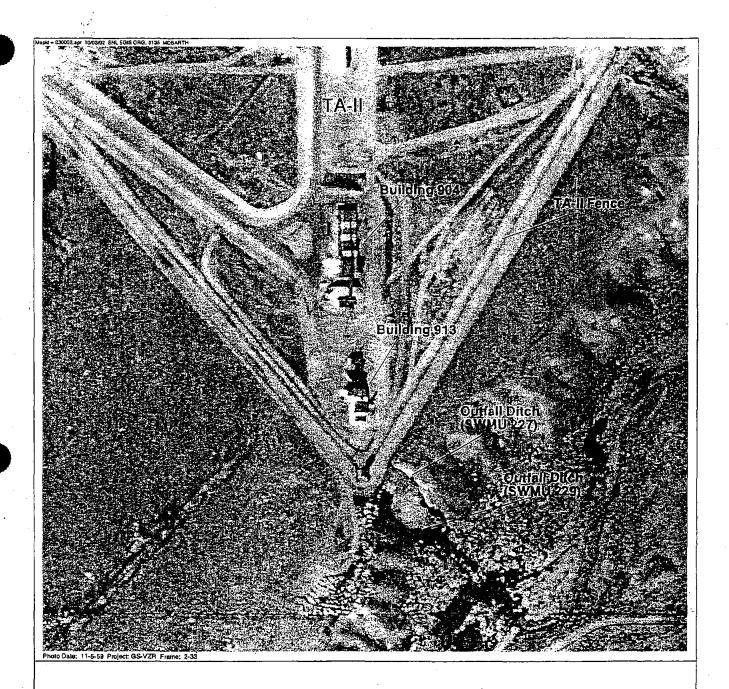


Figure 5 Aerial Photograph showing TA-II and SWMUs 227 & 229 November, 1959





Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico Environmental Geographic Information System

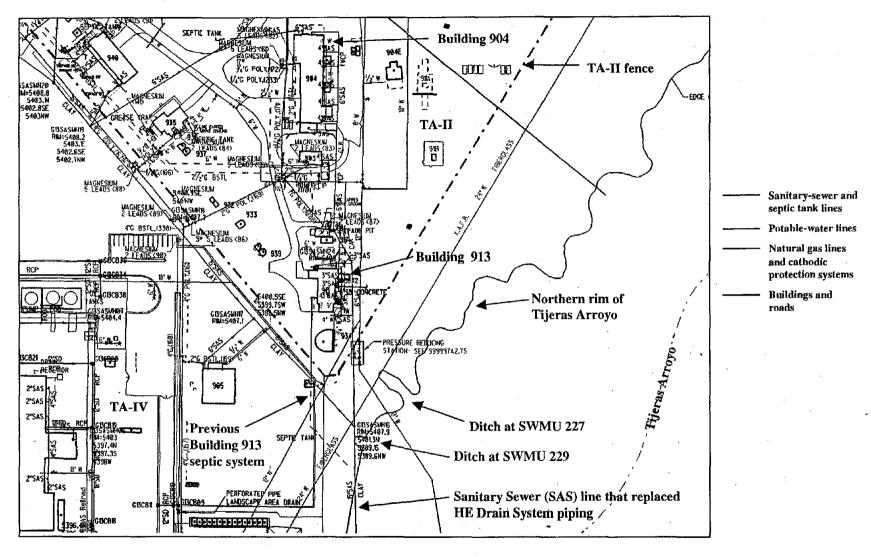


Figure 6
Engineering drawing showing underground utilities near SWMUs 227 and 229. (Facilities Engineering Department, 2001. Bold-black text with arrows was added by the ER Project.)

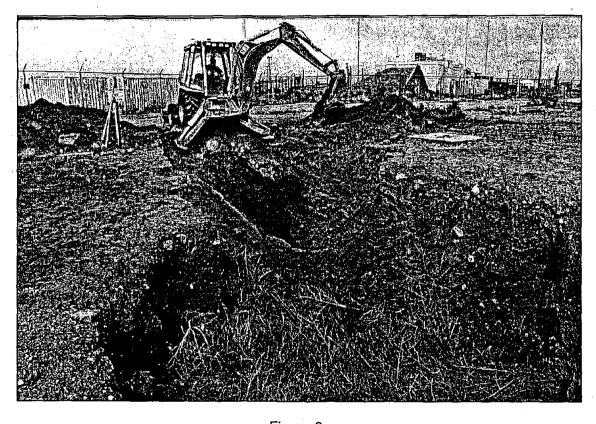


Figure 8

Backhoe digging exploratory excavation at western end of SWMU 229 outfall ditch.
(TA-II visible in right background, TA-IV visible in left background. View to northwest, February 2001.)



Figure 9
Backhoe digging exploratory excavation at western end of SWMU 229 outfall ditch.
(Black circle shows estimated location for end of HE drain system piping. TA-II is background. View to north, February 2001.)



Figure 10
Collection of soil samples at western end of SWMU 229 outfall ditch. (Geologist and technician are standing on excavation floor at nine ft bgs adjacent to the estimated location where waste water discharged. March 2001.)

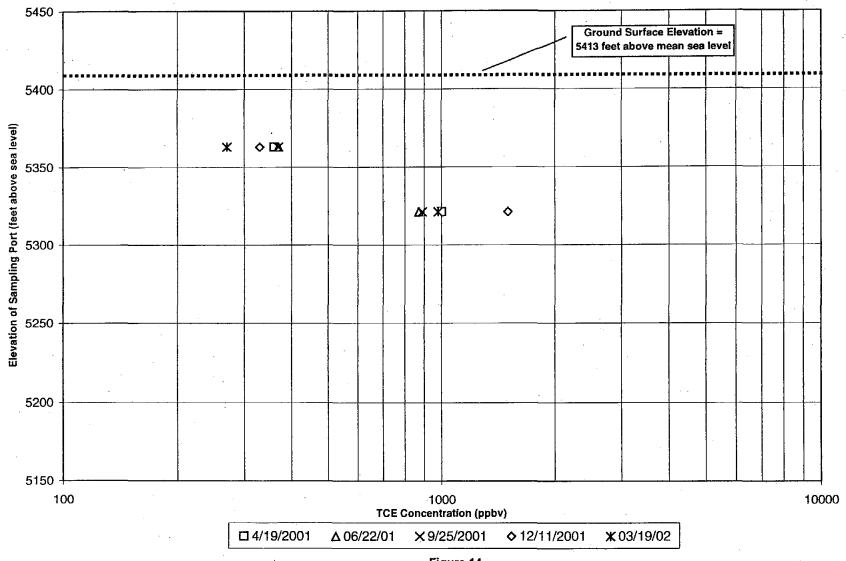


Figure 14

TCE Concentrations in Soil Vapor versus Depth, April 2001 - March 2002,
Soil Vapor Monitoring Well TA2-VW-21.

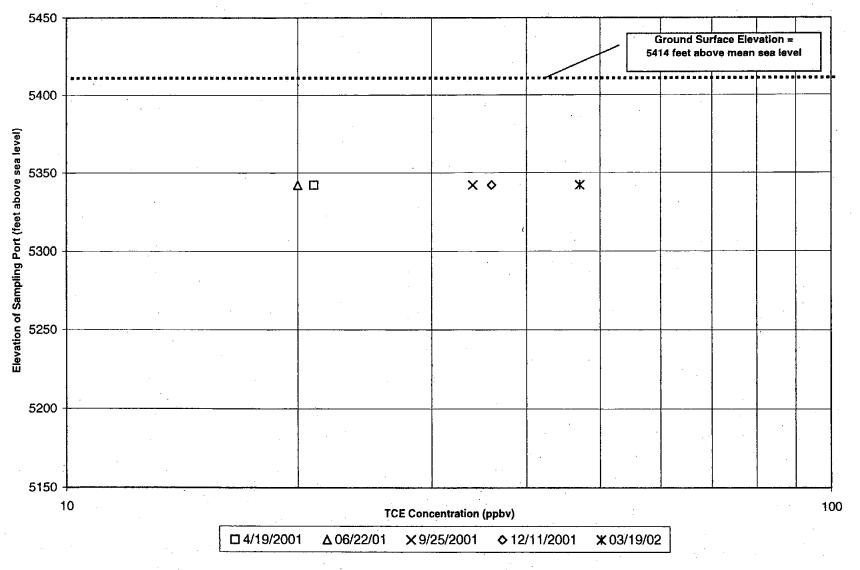


Figure 15
TCE Concentrations in Soil Vapor versus Depth, April 2001 - March 2002,
Soil Vapor Monitoring Well TA2-VW-20.

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ATTACHMENT A
SWMU 227—Soil Samples Analytical Data Summary
Tables A-1 through A-12

Table A-1 Summary of COCs for SWMU 227 Confirmatory Sampling

			Maximum			
•	1	}	Background Limit		Average	
		COCs Greater Than	North Supergroup <sup>a</sup>	Maximum	Concentration <sup>b</sup>	Sampling Locations Where
	1	Background and	(mg/kg except where	Concentration (mg/kg	(mg/kg except where	Background Concentration
COC Type	Number of Samples	Associated COCs	noted)	except where noted)	noted)	was Exceeded <sup>c</sup>
Metals	14 environmental;	Arsenic	4.4	5.9	3.04	227-02-A
	3 duplicates			ļ		227-02-B
	]		<u> </u>			227-03-B (Duplicate)
	1	Barium	200	210	147	227-02-B
•		Cadmium	0.9	2.9	1,41	227-01-A
	1					227-01-B
				·		227-02-A
	i	1	'	i		227-02-A (Duplicate)
				}		227-02-B 227-03-A
				İ	ļ	227-03-A 227-03-B
·	1			į		227-03-B (Duplicate)
					ŀ	227-04-A
	İ		,	-	·	227-04-B
		Chromium	12.8	25.2	8.69	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S
		Hexavalent	1	0.092 J	0.09	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S
	}	Chromium	·			
		Lead	11.2	11	8.07	(All samples below
	Í					background value)
	J	Mercury	<0.1	0.0106 J	0.026	(All samples below
	1 .					nonquantified background
	}					value)
		Selenium	<1	0.864	0.381	(All samples below
	1					nonquantified background
		Silver	<1	ND (0.50)	0.318	value) (All samples below
		Silver	<1	ND (0.50)	0.318	nonquantified background
	· ·	j ,		·	}	value)
Radionuclides	23 environmental;	Cesium-137	0.084 pCi/g	0.296 pCl/g	0.0689 pCi/g	227-01-B
	2 duplicates	0000000	oloo- pong	o.zoo porg	5.0000 polig	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S
		Thorium-232	1.54 pCi/g	1.19 pCl/g	0.841 pCi/g	(All samples below
		[ · . [				background value)
•		Tritium	0.021 pCl/gd	ND (0.014) pCl/g	0.012 pCl/g	(All samples below
			3.00 . PO18			background value)

Refer to footnotes at end of table.

### Table A-1 (Continued) Summary of COCs for SWMU 227 Confirmatory Sampling

			Maximum Registrating Limit		Avorago	
	,	000 0 The	Background Limit		Average Concentration <sup>b</sup>	Samulian Landian Milana
		COCs Greater Than	North Supergroup <sup>a</sup>	Maximum		Sampling Locations Where
		Background and	(mg/kg except where	Concentration (mg/kg	(mg/kg except where	Background Concentration
COC Type	Number of Samples	Associated COCs	noted)	except where noted)	noted)	was Exceeded <sup>c</sup>
Radionuclides		Uranium-235	0.18 pCi/g	ND (0,4411 pCi/g)	0.188 pCi/g	None
(continued)						Plus an additional 15 samples
						with nondetect results where
		Uranium-238	1.3 pCi/g	ND (2.54 pCi/g)	1.18 pCi/g	the MDA exceeds background 227-02-B
		Oranium-238	1.3 pol/g	ND (2.54 pc/g)	. 1,16 pc//g	227-02-B 227-04-B
•						TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S
						TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S
						Plus an additional three
						samples with nondetect results
				ľ		where the MDA exceeds
					<u> </u>	background
Volatile Organic	14 environmental;	2-Butanone	NA	19.1 μg/kg	4.49 μg/kg	227-01-B
Compounds	4 duplicates	•			•	227-01-B (Duplicate)
	1	}				227-02-B 227-03-B
			,	-		227-03-B
						227-04-B (Duplicate)
	1	1				TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S
			· '	<u> </u>	•	TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-DU
						TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S
	1			·		TJAOU-227-VW-01-250-S
	1					TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-S
		Acetone	NA	7.30 μg/kg	4.42 μg/kg	227-01-B (Duplicate)
	-	[		<b>\</b>	•	TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S
		· .	•			TJAOU-227-VW-01-250-S
						TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-S
		Methylene chloride	NA	1.05 J μg/kg	2.00 μg/kg	TJAOU-227-VW-01-250-S
		4 Nathul O	N1A			TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-S
		4-Methyl-2- pentanone	NA .	1 J µg/kg	3.73 µg/kg	227-01-B
Semivolatile Organic	10 environmental;	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NA NA	68 J μg/kg	136 μg/kg	227-01-B
Compounds	3 duplicates				,	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S
		Chrysene	NA	49 J μg/kg	135 μg/kg	227-01-B
<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>				TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S

Refer to footnotes at end of table.

### Table A-1 (Concluded) Summary of COCs for SWMU 227 Confirmatory Sampling

			Maximum Background Limit		Average	
		COCs Greater Than	North Supergroup <sup>a</sup>	Maximum	Concentration <sup>b</sup>	Sampling Locations Where
	]	Background and	(mg/kg except where	Concentration (mg/kg	(mg/kg except where	Background Concentration
COC Type	Number of Samples	Associated COCs	noted)	except where noted)	noted)	was Exceeded <sup>c</sup>
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (continued)	Namber et eamplee	Fluoranthene	NA NA	94 J μg/kg	95.0 μg/kg	227-01-A 227-01-A (Duplicate) 227-01-B TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S
		Phenanthrene	NA	84 J μg/kg	93.2 μg/kg	227-01-A 227-01-A (Duplicate) 227-01-B TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S
		Pyrene	NA	62 J μg/kg	115 μg/kg	227-01-A 227-01-B TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S
		bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	NA	88.5 μg/kg	167 μg/kg	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S
HE compounds	10 environmental; 2 duplicates	none	NA	NA	NA	All samples nondetect
Inorganics and General Chemistry	2 environmental 0 duplicate	Chloride	NA	87.0	86.0	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S
	10 environmental; 1 duplicate	Cyanide	NA	0.159 J	0.11	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S
	8 environmental; 1 duplicate	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	NA	670	349	227-04-A
	8 environmental; 1 duplicate	Nitrate plus Nitrite	NA	9.3	4.12	227-02-A (Duplicate)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997).

= Vapor well.

using ti	ie assumption of 5 percent soil moisture and a soil density of 1 g/cubic ce	intimeter.	
COC	= Constituent of concern.	MDA	= Minimum detectable activity.
DU	= Duplicate sample.	MDL	= Method detection limit.
g ·	= Gram(s).	NA	= Not applicable.
GR	= Grab sample.	ND	= Nondetect at the laboratory detection limit, show in parentheses (see Data
HE	= High explosive(s).	•	Validation Report [Attachment B]).
J	= Estimated value (see Data Validation Report (Attachment B)).	pCi	= Picocurie(s).
Ĺ	= Liter(s).	·s	= Soil sample.
μg/kg	= Microgram(s) per kilogram.	SWMU	= Solid Waste Management Unit.
mg/kg	= Milligram(s) per kilogram.	TJAOU	= Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit,

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Average concentration includes all samples. For nondetection results, the method detection limit is used to calculate the average.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Includes samples with nondetection results where the MDL or MDA exceeds the approved background limit.

dThe tritium background value of 0.021 pCi/g was calculated from the Tharp (February 1999) tritium background value of 420 pCi/L. The pCi/L value was converted to the pCi/g value using the assumption of 5 percent soil moisture and a soil density of 1 o/cubic centimeter.

# Table A-2 Summary of SWMU 227 Confirmatory Soil Sampling Metals Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes			Metals (EPA Method SW846 6010, 6020, 7470, 7471, 7741 <sup>b</sup> ) (mg/kg)						
Record	·	Date	Sample					Hexavalent		
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Chromium		
00802	227-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	5.1	160	2.6	7.4	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	1.4	200	2.0	5.4	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	5.9	180	2.1	6.6	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-02-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	00.5	1.4	150	2.5	6.4	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	5.3	. 21	0 2.2	6.2	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	0.67	140	2.3	5.5	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	0.92	140	2.1	5.9	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-03-B (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0.5–3.0	5.6	140	2.9	7.4	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	0.57	150	2.3	7.2	ND (1.0)		
00802	227-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	7.7	180	2,9	8.5	ND (1.0)		
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	7.0	2.16	121	ND (0.013)	9.20	NA		
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0.0	2.93	127	ND (0.013)	7.88	NA		
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	2.94	89.5	ND (0.013)	9.66	NA		
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	2.93	114	ND (0.013)	10.3	NA		
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	1.39	164	ND (0.013)	6.25	NA .		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20,0-S	3-26-01	20.0	2.72	138	ND (0.013)	12.8	0.092 J (0.200)		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	2.06	87.9	0.074 J (0.500)	25.2	ND (0.007)		
Background	Concentration (North Supergrou	p, surface so	il) <sup>e</sup>	5.6	200	<1	17.3	NC		
Background	Concentration (North Supergrou	p, subsurface	soil) <sup>e</sup>	4.4	200	0.9	12.8	NC		
Quality Assu	urance/Quality Control Samples (i	ng/L)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<del>,</del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (0.010)	ND (0.20)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.010)	ND (0.005)		
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA	ND (0.00457)	0.00118 J (0.005)	ND (0.000251)	ND (0.000781)	<u> </u>		
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.00457)	0.000247 J (0.005)	ND (0.000251)	ND (0.000781)	ND (0.005)		

Refer to footnotes at end of table.

### Table A-2 (Continued) Summary of SWMU 227 Confirmatory Soil Sampling Metals Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes	•		Metals (EPA Method SW846 6010, 6020, 7470, 7471, 7741 <sup>b</sup> ) (mg/kg)				
Record		Date	Sample		·			
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Lead	Mercury	Selenium	Silver	
00802	227-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	11	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-01-B	9-29-94	0.5–3.0	. 11	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	7.5	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-02-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	9.1	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	7.9	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	9.6	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	7.5	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-03-B (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	8.9	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	11	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
00802	227-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	10	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	7.0	5.62	0.0106 J	0.864	ND (0.0578)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0.0	7,30	0,0061 J	0.650	ND (0.0578)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	7.39	ND (0.00455 J) <sup>d</sup>	0.815	ND (0.0578)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	6.01	0.00439 J	0.295 J (0.500)	ND (0.0578)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	5.13	ND (0.00455 J) <sup>d</sup>	0.677	ND (0.0578)	
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01)	20.0	6.81	ND (0.00455)	0.318 J (0.500)	ND (0.0578)	
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	5.48	ND (0,00455)	0.352 J (0.500)	ND (0.0578)	
Background	l Concentration (North Supergro	up, surface so	i)e	39	<0.25	<1	<1	
Background	Concentration (North Supergro	up, subsurface	soil)e	11.2	<0.1	<1	<1	
Quality Ass	urance/Quality Control Samples	(mg/L)	,					
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (0.003)	ND (0.0002)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.01)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA.	ND (0.00344)	ND (0.000073)	ND (0.00309)	ND (0.000197)	
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.00344)	ND (0.000073)	ND (0.00309)	ND (0.000197)	

Note: Values in bold exceed background soil concentrations.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>1994 samples analyzed by Environmental Control Technology Corporation; 2001 samples analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>EPA (November 1986).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

dNondetection; uncertainty in the detection limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment B]).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997).

## Table A-2 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 227 Confirmatory Soil Sampling Metals Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

DU = Duplicate sample.

EB = Equipment rinsate blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).
GR = Grab sample.
ID = Identification.

= Estimated value less than the reporting limit, shown in parentheses

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram. mg/L = Milligram(s) per liter.

NA = Not analyzed.

NC = Not calculated by Dinwiddie (September 1997)

ND () = Not detected above the detection limit, shown in parentheses.

S = Soil sample.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit. TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

VW = Vapor well.

## Table A-3 Summary of SWMU 227 Gamma Spectroscopy and Tritium Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attribute	es		Radionuclides (gamma spe	ectroscopy by EPA Metho	od 901.1; tritium by EPA Me	thod EERF H.01 <sup>b</sup> ) (pCi/g)
Record	ord Date Sample De		Sample Depth	Çesium		Thoriu	m-232
Number <sup>C</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	(ft)	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>
00806	227-01-A	9-29-94	0–0.5	0.0752	0.00986	0.671	0.0871
00806	227-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	0.296	0.0253	0.692	0.0921
00806	227-02-A	9-29-94	00.5	0.0243	0.00676	0.705	0.0913
00806	227-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.0433)		0.706	0.0916
00806	227-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	0.139	0.0133	0.789	0.0965
00806	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.0394)		0.773	0.0951
00806	227-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	0.261	0.0227	0.752	0.0960
00806	227-04-B	9-29-94	0,5-3.0	0.0424	0.00866	0.798	0.105
00055	227-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.2121)		NA .	
00055	227-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.09308)		NA	••
00055	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5–3.0	ND (-0.04808)		NA	<b></b>
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	7.0	ND (0.0327)		1.06	0.481
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0.0	0.107	0.0253	0.673	0.324
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (0.0327)	-	0.786	0.386
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	ND (0.0336)		0.784	0.398
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (0.0322)	<u></u>	1.01	0.464
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	7.0	ND (-0.00301)		1.19	0.135
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0.0	0.129	0.027	0.851	0.102
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (-0.00352)		0.968	0.136
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	ND (-0.0063)	••	0.916	0.111
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	0.138	0.0457	0.865	0.126
604199	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	ND (0.0312)		0.910	0.432
604199	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (0,0267).	-	0.646	0.324
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	ND (0.000336)	••	1.11	0.124
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (-0.00697)	u-	0.852	0.0968
Background	Activity (North Supergroup, sur	ace soil) <sup>e</sup>		0.836	NA	1.54	NA
Background	Activity (North Supergroup, sub	surface soil)e		0.084	NA	1.54	NA

Refer to footnotes at end of table.

# Table A-3 (Continued) Summary of SWMU 227 Gamma Spectroscopy and Tritium Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratoriesa)

	Sample Attrib	utes		Radionuclides (gamma spe	ectroscopy by EPA Meth	od 901.1; tritium by EPA Meth	nod EERF H.01 <sup>b</sup> ) (p
Record		Date	Sample Depth	Cesium	-137	Thoriun	n-232
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	(ft)	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>
Quality Ass	surance/Quality Control Sampl	es (pCi/mL)					
00934	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (0.0110)		ND (0.0539)	
00933	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA NA	ND (7.079)		NA NA	
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA	ND (0.0212)	·- ·	ND (0.148)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA	ND (-1.17)		ND (5.38)	
604205	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.0239)		ND (0.156)	
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA ·	8.80	4.27	ND (4.71)	

# Table A-3 (Continued) Summary of SWMU 227 Gamma Spectroscopy and Tritium Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attribut	es		Radionuclides (gam	ma spectroscopy	by EPA Method 901.1	tritium by EPA	A Method EERF H.01 <sup>b</sup> (pCl/g)	
Record		Date	Sample Depth	Tritiu		Uranium-		Uranium-	
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID .	Sampled	(ft)	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>	Result	Errord
00806	227-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.013)	<u></u>	ND (0.260)		1.26	0.354
00806	227-01-B	9-29-94	0.5–3.0	ND (0.012)		ND (0.286)		ND (2.54)	
00806	227-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.010)		ND (0.276)		ND (2.46)	
00806	227-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.013)		ND (0.268)		1.45	0.392
00806	227-03-A	9-29-94	00.5	ND (0.012)		ND (0.248)		0.817	0.315
00806	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.011)		ND (0.253)		ND (2.21)	
00806	227-04-A	9-29-94	0–0.5	ND (0.012)		ND (0.277)		1.15	0.353
00806	227-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.014)		ND (0.293)		1.40	0.403
00055	227-01-A	9-29-94	00.5	NA		ND (0.04275)		NA	
00055	227-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA		ND (0.4411)		NA NA	
00055	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA		ND (0.1407)		NA	
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	· 7.0	NA		ND (0.233)		ND (0.848)	
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0.0	NA		ND (0.224)		ND (0.769)	
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	NA		ND (0.237)		· ND (0.827)	<u>-</u>
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	NA		ND (0.239)		ND (0.848)	
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	NA		ND (0.226)		ND (0.805)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	7.0	NA		ND (0,0344)		1.39	0.660
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0.0	NA		ND (0.074)		ND (0.584)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	NA		ND (0.0787)		1.09	0.646
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	NA		ND (0.0585)		ND (0.946)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	NA ·		ND (0.0744)		1.74	0.745
604199	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	. NA		0.104	0.177	ND (0.779)	
604199	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	NA		ND (0.189)		ND (0.648)	
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	NA	<u> </u>	ND (0.0727)		0.809	0.646
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	NA '		ND (0.0743)		ND (0.567)	
Background	activity (North Supergroup, sur	face soil) <sup>e</sup>	·	0.021	NA	0.18	NA .	1.3	NA
Background	activity (North Supergroup, sub	osurface soil) <sup>e</sup>		0.021 <sup>f</sup>	NA	0.18	NA	1.3	NA

#### Table A-3 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 227 Gamma Spectroscopy and Tritium Analytical Results September 1994 and February-March 2001 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratoriesa)

	Sample Attributes			Radionuclides (gam	ıma spectroscopy	by EPA Method 901.1	tritium by EPA	Method EERF H	.01 <sup>b</sup> ) (pCi/g
Record		Date	Sample Depth	Tritit	um	Uranium-	-235	Uraniun	n-238
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	(ft)	Result	Errord	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>
Quality As	surance/Quality Control Sampl	es (pCi/mL)							
00934	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	.NA		ND (0.0202)		ND (0.191)	
00933	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	NA ·		-13.45	70.07	NA	
604299	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA	NA		ND (0.161)		ND (0.410)	
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA	NA		ND (9.79)		ND (66.2)	
604205	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	NA		ND (0.0998)		ND (0.24)	
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	NA		ND (10.2)		ND (110)	

Note: Values in bold exceed background soil activities.

<sup>a</sup>Quanterra Environmental Services, Inc. performed analyses for Record Numbers 00055, 00933.

General Engineering Laboratories performed analyses for Record Numbers 604200, 604204, 604298.

SNL/NM on-site Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Laboratory performed analyses for Record Numbers 00806, 00934, 604199, 604205, 604299,

bEPA (November 1986).

The tritium background value of 0.021 pCi/g was calculated from the Tharp (February 1999) tritium background value of 420 pCi/L. The pCi/L value was converted to the pCi/g value using the assumption of 5 percent soil moisture and a soil density of 1 g/cubic centimeter.

= Duplicate sample. = Equipment blank. E8

= U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. **EPA** 

ER = Environmental Restoration.

= Foot (feet). = Gram(s). = Grab sample. GR

ID = Identification.

= Not applicable or not analyzed.

= Not detected above minimum detectable activity, shown in parentheses. ND()

= Picocurie(s). pCi mL = Milliliter. = Soil sample.

SNL/NM = Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

= Vapor well. VW.

= Error not calculated for nondetectable results.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Two standard deviations about the mean detected activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997).

# Table A-4 Summary of SWMU 227 Confirmatory Soil Sampling VOC Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes				VOCs (EPA Method SW	/846 8240/8260 <sup>b</sup> ) (µg/kg)	
Record Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (ft)	2-Butanone	Acetone	Methylene chloride	4-Methyl-2-pentanone
00802	227-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	7 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)	1 J (10)
00802	227-01-B (Duplicate)	.9-29-94	0.5-3.0	6 J (10)	6 J (10)	ND (5)	ND (10)
00802	227-02-B -	9-29-94	0.53.0	4 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)	ND (10)
00802	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	5 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)	ND (10)
00802	227-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	4 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)	ND (10)
00802	227-04-B (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	5 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)	ND (10)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	7.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1,34)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1,00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	19.1	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-S	3-27-01	100.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-DU	3-27-01	100.0	1.23 J (5.00)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (0,76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S	3-27-01	200.0	1.68 J (5.00)	1.96 J (5.00)	ND (0.44)	ND (1.34)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-250-S	3-28-01	250.0	17.3	7.30	0.569 J (5)	ND (1.34)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-S	3-28-01	275.0	5.19	5.25	1.05 J (5)	ND (1.34)
Quality Assur	rance/Quality Control Samples (µg/L,	except Soil Tri	p Blank in mg/	'L)			
00802	Soil Trip Blank	9-29-94	NA	10	19	ND (5)	2 J (10)
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (10)	10	ND (5)	ND (10)
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	5 J	23	ND (5)	ND (10)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-TB-001	2-27-01	NA	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (5)	ND (0.7)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA	ND (0.81)	3.15 J (5)	ND (5)	ND (0.7)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-TB	3-26-01	NÀ	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (0.63)	ND (0.7)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-TB	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (0.63)	ND (0.7)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (0.63)	ND (0.7)

### Table A-4 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 227 Confirmatory Soil Sampling VOC Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

<sup>2</sup>1994 samples analyzed by Environmental Control Technology Corporation; 2001 samples analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories.

<sup>b</sup>EPA (November 1986).

<sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

DU = Duplicate sample.

EB = Equipment blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).
GR = Grab sample.
ID = Identification.

= Estimated value less than the reporting limit, shown in parentheses.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.
μg/L = Microgram(s) per liter.
mg/L = Milligram(s) per liter.

NA = Not analyzed.

ND () = Not detected above the detection limit, shown in parentheses.

S = Soil sample.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

TB = Trip blank.

TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit. VOC = Volatile organic compound.

VW = Vapor well.

# Table A-5 Summary of SWMU 227 VOC Analytical Detection Limits September 1994 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5
2-Butanone	10
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	10
2-Hexanone	10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	- 10
Acetone	10
Benzene	5
Bromodichloromethane	5
Bromoform	5
Bromomethane	10
Carbon disulfide	5
Carbon tetrachloride	5
Chlorobenzene	5
Chloroethane	. 10
Chloroform	5
Chloromethane	10
Dibromochloromethane	5
Ethyl benzene	. 5
Methylene chloride	. 5
Styrene	5
Tetrachloroethene	5
Toluene	5
Trichloroethene	5
Vinyl acetate	10
Vinyl chloride	10
Xylene	5
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5

<sup>a</sup>Environmental Control Technology Corporation.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.
SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.
VOC = Volatile organic compound.

#### Table A-6 Summary of SWMU 227 VOC Analytical Detection Limits February-March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit		
Analyte	(μg/kg)		
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.29		
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.3		
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.36		
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.41		
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.262		
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.27		
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.32		
2-Butanone	0.76		
2-Hexanone	0.94		
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.34		
Acetone	1.00		
Benzene	0.39		
Bromodichloromethane	0.35		
Bromoform	0.36		
Bromomethane	0.31		
Carbon disulfide	0.62		
Carbon tetrachloride	0.26		
Chlorobenzene	0.4		
Chloroethane	0.28		
Chloroform	0.47		
Chloromethane	0.35		
Dibromochloromethane	0.41		
Ethyl benzene	0.35		
Methylene chloride	0.44		
Styrene	0.32		
Tetrachloroethene	0.4		
Toluene	0.5		
Trichloroethene	0.72		
Vinyl acetate	0.77		
Vinyl chloride	0.3		
Xylene	1.05		
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.41		
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.28		
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.37		
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.24		

<sup>a</sup>General Engineering Laboratories.

µg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

# Table A-7 Summary of SWMU 227 Confirmatory Soil Sampling SVOC Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attribute	S		SVO	Cs (EPA Method SW846 8270b)	(μ <b>g</b> /kg)
Record		Date	Sample	•		
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	Chrysene	Fluoranthene
00802	227-01-A	9-29-94	00.5	ND (330)	ND (330)	66 J (330)
00802	227-01-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (330)	ND (330)	38 J (330)
00802	227-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	68 J (330)	49 J (330)	94 J (330)
00802	227-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
00802	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
00802	227-03-B (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	7.0	ND (2.33)	ND (6.33)	ND (3.33)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0	ND (33.3 J) <sup>d</sup>	ND (33.3 J) <sup>d</sup>	ND (33.3 J) <sup>d</sup>
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (2.33)	ND (6.33)	ND (3.33)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	ND (2.33)	ND (6.33)	· ND (3.33)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (2.33)	ND (6.33)	ND (3.33)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	ND (2.33)	ND (6.33)	ND (3.33)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (2.33)	ND (6.33)	ND (3.33)
Quality Assi	urance/Quality Control Samples (	μg/L)				
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	· NA	ND (10)	ND (10)	ND (10)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA	ND (0.13)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.13)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)

### Table A-7 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 227 Confirmatory Soil Sampling SVOC Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attribute	s		svo	OCs (EPA Method SW846 8270	<sup>(b)</sup> ) (μg/kg)
Record Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth(ft)	Phenanthrene	Pyrene	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate
00802	227-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	55 J (330)	40 J (330)	ND (330)
00802	227-01-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	37 J (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
00802	227-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	84 J (330)	62 J (330)	ND (330)
00802	227-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
00802	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5–3.0	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
00802	227-03-B (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0.5–3.0	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-05-7.0-S	2-27-01	7.0	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	20 J (33.3)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-0.0-S	2-27-01	0_	ND (33.3 J) <sup>d</sup>	ND (33.3 J) <sup>d</sup>	ND (33.3 J) <sup>d</sup>
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	26.0 J (33.3)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-06-5.0-DU	2-27-01	5.0	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	14.7 J (33.3)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-07-5.0-S	2-27-01	5.0	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	18.7 J (33.3)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	88.5
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	ND (6.99)
Quality Assi	urance/Quality Control Samples (	μg/L)				
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (10)	ND (10)	ND (10)
604298	TJAOU-227-GR-EB-001	2-27-01	NA	ND (0.12)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.04)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.12)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.04)

a 1994 samples analyzed by Environmental Control Technology Corporation; 2001 samples analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories.

dNondetection; uncertainty in the detection limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment B]).

DU = Duplicate sample.

EB = Equipment rinsate blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration,

ft = Foot (feet).

GR = Grab sample.

ID = Identification.

J = Estimated value less than the reporting limit, shown in parentheses.

µg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

μg/L = Microgram(s) per liter.

NA = Not analyzed.

ND () = Not detected above the detection limit, shown in parentheses.

S = Soil sample,

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

W = Vapor well.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>EPA (November 1986).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

# Table A-8 Summary of SWMU 227 SVOC Analytical Detection Limits September 1994 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	330
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	330
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,670
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330
2-Chloronaphthalene	330
2-Chlorophenol	330
2-Methylnaphthalene	330
2-Nitroaniline	1,670
2-Nitrophenol	330
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	670
3-Nitroaniline	1,670
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	330
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	330
4-Methylphenol	330
4-Nitroaniline	1,670
4-Nitrophenol	1,670
Acenaphthene	330
Acenaphthylene	330
Anthracene	330
Benzo(a)anthracene	330
Benzo(a)pyrene	330
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330
Benzo(ghi)perylene	330
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330
Butylbenzyl phthalate	330
Chrysene	330
Di-n-butyl phthalate	330
Di-n-octyl phthalate	330
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	330
Dibenzofuran	330
Diethylphthalate	330
Dimethylphthalate	330
Fluoranthene	330
Fluorene	330
Hexachlorobenzene	330
Hexachlorobutadiene	330
Liovaggiagionaggiagia	

# Table A-8 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 227 SVOC Analytical Detection Limits September 1994 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330
Hexachloroethane	330
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	330
Isophorone	330
Naphthalene	330
Nitrobenzene	330
Pentachlorophenol	1,670
Phenanthrene	330
Phenol	330
Pyrene	330
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	330
bis(2-Chloroethyi)ether	330
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	330
bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	330
n-Nitrosodipropylamine	330

<sup>a</sup>Environmental Control Technology Corporation.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

# Table A-9 Summary of SWMU 227 SVOC Analytical Detection Limits February-March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

Method Detection Limit (μg/kg)
4.66
4.33
3.33
5.99
42.3
24.6
7.99
71.9
15.0
5.00
3.00
34.0
5.00
16
4.00
46.3
143
4.66
36.6
58.9
3.33
21.0
4.00
3.66
4.66
5.99
2.00
2.33
5.00
5.00
12.7
5.00
6.33
2.66
2.66
19.6
11.7
20.6
8.99
15.7
3.33
5.66
86.6
80.9
83.9

### Table A-9 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 227 SVOC Analytical Detection Limits February-March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	·
	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
Fluorene	3.00
Hexachlorobenzene	4.66
Hexachlorobutadiene	6.66
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	33.0
Hexachloroethane	4.33
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	6.66
Isophorone	2.33
Naphthalene	3.33
Nitrobenzene	36.6
Pentachlorophenol	60.9
Phenanthrene	4.00
Phenol	3.66
Pyrene	8.66
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	5.99
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	6.66
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	6.99
bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	37.1
n-Nitrosodipropylamine	33.0
o-Cresol	47.6

<sup>a</sup>General Engineering Laboratories.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

#### Table A-10 Summary of SWMU 227 HE Analytical Detection Limits September 1994 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	· (μg/kg)
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	1,250
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	1,250
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	1,250
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	1,250
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1,250
HMX	1,250
m-Nitrotoluene	1,250
Nitrobenzene	1,250
o-Nitrotoluene	1,250
p-Nitrotoluene	1,250
RDX	1,250
Tetryl	2,500

<sup>a</sup>Environmental Control Technology Corporation.

HE = High explosive(s).

HMX = 1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazacyclooctane.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

RDX = 1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazacyclohexane. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

Tetryl = 2,4,6-trinitrophenylmethylnitramine.

### Table A-11 Summary of SWMU 227 HE Analytical Detection Limits February-March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	11.9
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	14.1
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	12.0
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	15.7
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	13.4
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	10.1
HMX	16.8
m-Dinitrobenzene	13.4
m-Nitrotoluene	11.6
Nitrobenzene	14.0
o-Nitrotoluene	15.2
p-Nitrotoluene	11.6_
RDX	12.5
Tetryl	15.5

<sup>a</sup>General Engineering Laboratories.

HE = High explosive(s).

HMX = 1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazacyclooctane.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

RDX = 1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazacyclohexane. Tetryl = 2,4,6-trinitrophenylmethylnitramine.





#### Table A-12

# Summary of SWMU 227 Confirmatory Soil Sampling Inorganic, General Chemistry, and Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes			Inorganic and General Chemistry (EPA Methods 300.0, 9010, 351.2, 353.2 <sup>b</sup> ) and Total Petro Hydrocarbons (EPA Method 418.1 <sup>b</sup> ) (mg/kg)						
Record Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (ft)	Chloride	Total Cyanide	Total Kjeldahl Nitrogen	Nitrate plus Nitrite	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons		
00802	227-01-A	9-29-94	0–0.5	NA	ND (0.10)	450	6.3	ND (40)		
00802	227-01-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA	NA	NA	ND (40)		
00802	227-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA	ND (0.10)	370	ND (1.0)	ND (40)		
00802	227-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA .	400	2.7	NA		
00802	227-02-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	ND (0.10)	320	9.3	NA		
00802	227-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA	NA	180	2.3	NA		
00802	227-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	ND (0.10)	300	ND (1.0)	ND (40)		
00802	227-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA	ND (0.10)	220.	ND (1.0)	ND (40)		
00802	227-03-B (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA	ND (0.10)	190	1.4	ND (40)		
00802	227-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA	670	14	NA		
00802	227-04-B	9-29-94	0.5–3.0	NA	NA	390	2.2	. NA		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	87.0	ND (0.142)	NA	NA	NA		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	84.9	0.159 J (0.250)	NA	NA	NA		
uality Assura	ance/Quality Control Samples (me	g/L)		<u> </u>		····				
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	NA	ND (0.01)	ND (0.10)	ND (0.05)	ND (1.0)		
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	0.340	ND (0.00276)	NA .	NA NA	NA		

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>1994 samples analyzed by Environmental Control Technology Corporation; 2001 samples analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories.

<sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

EB = Equipment rinsate blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).

ID = Identification.

J() = Estimated value less than the reporting limit, shown in parentheses.

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

mg/L = Milligram(s) per liter.

NA = Not analyzed.

ND () = Not detected above the detection limit, shown in parentheses.

S = Soil sample.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit. TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

W = Vapor well.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>EPA (November 1986).

ATTACHMENT D SWMU 229—Soil Samples Analytical Data Summary Tables D-1 through D-12

Table D-1 Summary of COCs for SWMU 229 Confirmatory Sampling

			Maximum			
			Background Limit		Average	
		COCs Greater Than	North Supergroup <sup>a</sup>	Maximum	Concentration <sup>b</sup>	Sampling Locations Where
	·	Background and	(mg/kg except where	Concentration (mg/kg	(mg/kg except where	Background Concentration
COC Type	Number of Samples	Associated COCs	noted)	except where noted)	noted)	was Exceeded <sup>c</sup>
Metals	14 environmental;	Arsenic	4.4	6.7	3.50	229-02-B
	2 duplicates			f	ļi.	229-0 <b>3-B</b>
	1	ļ				229-04-A
						229-04-B
	1	Barium	200	280	125	229-02-B
						TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S
		Cadmium	. 0.9	2.8	1.05	229-01-A
				, ,		229-01-B
		·		,		229-02-A
						229-02-B
	}	, ,				229-03-A 229-03-B
•	1	· .		<u> </u>		229-03-B 229-04-A
				· ·	•	229-04-A (Duplicate)
	<u>,</u>	**				229-04-A (Duplicate)
		Chromium	12.8	25.2	9.51	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S
		Caronada	12.0	20.2	5.51	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S
	·					TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S
		Hexavalent	1	0.092 J	0.09	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S
		Chromium	,	,		
		Lead	11.2	32	10.3	229-02-B
	1			1		229-03-B
					•	229-04-B
		Mercury	<0.1	0.00492 J	0.024	(All samples below
		-				nonquantified background
	••					value)
		Selenium	<1	0:480 J	0.272	(All samples below
		.		,		nonquantified background
						value)
		Silver	<1	1,4	0.373	229-03-B

#### Table D-1 (Continued) Summary of COCs for SWMU 229 Confirmatory Sampling

<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del>	Y	<del>,</del>		
		į	Maximum			1.5
			Background Limit		Average	
		COCs Greater Than	North Supergroup <sup>a</sup>	Maximum	Concentration <sup>b</sup>	Sampling Locations Where
		Background and	(mg/kg except where	Concentration (mg/kg	(mg/kg except where	Background Concentration
COC Type	Number of Samples	Associated COCs	noted)	except where noted)	noted)	was Exceeded <sup>c</sup>
Radionuclides	22 environmental; 3 duplicates	Cesium-137	0.084 pCi/g	ND (0.2269 pCi/g)	0.085 pCi/g	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S
		Thorium-232	1.54 pCi/g	1.14 pCi/g	0.800 pCi/g	(All samples below background value)
		Tritium	0.021 pCi/g <sup>d</sup>	ND (0.030 pCi/g)	0.011 pCi/g	229-01-A (MDA exceeded background once)
		Uranium-235	0.18 pCi/g	ND (0.4189 pCi/g)	0.182 pCi/g	- None
						Plus an additional 13 samples with nondetect results where the MDA exceeds background
		Uranium-238	1.3 pCi/g	ND (2.34 pCi/g)	0.965 pCi/g	229-02-B
						Plus an additional two samples with nondetect results where the MDA exceeds background
Volatile Organic Compounds	14 environmental; 4 duplicates	2-Butanone	, NA	19.1 μg/kg	4.82 μg/kg	229-01-B 229-02-B
•				•	•	229-02-B (Duplicate) 229-03-B
			·			229-03-B (Duplicate) 229-04-B TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S
						TJAOU-227-VW-01-20:0-0 DU
						TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S TJAOU-227-VW-01-250-S TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-S
		Acetone	NA	9 J μ <b>g</b> /kg	4.52 μg/kg	229-01-B 229-04-B
						TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S TJAOU-229-GR-07-5:0-DU TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S
						TJAOU-227-VW-01-250-S TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-S

#### Table D-1 (Continued) Summary of COCs for SWMU 229 Confirmatory Sampling

	· ·		Maximum	·		
•	}		Background Limit		Average	
		COCs Greater Than	North Supergroup <sup>a</sup>	Maximum	Concentration <sup>b</sup>	Sampling Locations When
		Background and	(mg/kg except where	Concentration (mg/kg	(mg/kg except where	Background Concentratio
COC Type	Number of Samples	Associated COCs	noted)	except where noted)	noted)	was Exceeded <sup>c</sup>
/olatile Organic Compounds continued)	14 environmental; 4 duplicates	Methylene chloride	NA	1.05 J μg/kg	2.51 μg/kg	TJAOU-227-VW-01-250- TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-
Semivolatile Organic Compounds	10 environmental; 2 duplicates	Acenaphthene	NA	5.55 J μg/kg	140 μg/kg	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-8
·		Anthracene	NA	9.17 J μg/kg	141 μg/kg	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-9
		Benzo(a)anthracene	NA NA	71 J μg/kg	92.4 μg/kg	229-01-A 229-01-A (Duplicate)
•	·	Benzo(b)fluoranthene	NA	160 J μg/kg	111 μg/kg	229-01-A 229-01-A (Duplicate)
		Benzo(a)pyrene	NA	92 J μg/kg	95.5 μg/kg	229-01-A 229-01-A (Duplicate)
:		Chrysene	NA	120 J μg/kg	105 μg/kg	229-01-A 229-01-A (Duplicate)
		Fluoranthene	NA .	230 J μg/kg	82.2 μg/kg	229-01-A 229-01-A (Duplicate) 229-01-B
						229-03-A TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-\$ TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-\$
		Fluorene	NA	3.71 J μg/kg	139 µg/kg	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-5
		Phenanthrene	NA	180 J μg/kg	71.7 μg/kg	229-01-A 229-01-A (Duplicate) 229-01-B
, !						229-03-A TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-\$ TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-\$
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		Pyrene	NA	280 J μg/kg	84.8 μg/kg	229-01-A 229-01-A (Duplicate) 229-01-B
						229-03-A TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-\$ TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-\$

#### Table D-1 (Concluded) Summary of COCs for SWMU 229 Confirmatory Sampling

		}	Maximum	j l		
•	}		Background Limit		Average	
		COCs Greater Than	North Supergroup <sup>a</sup>	Maximum	Concentration <sup>b</sup>	Sampling Locations Where
		Background and	(mg/kg except where	Concentration (mg/kg	(mg/kg except where	Background Concentration
COC Type	Number of Samples	Associated COCs	noted)	except where noted)	noted)	was Exceeded <sup>c</sup>
Semivolatile Organic Compounds (continued)	10 environmental; 2 duplicates	bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	NA NA	170 J μg/kg	139 μg/kg	229-01-B TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S
HE compounds	10 environmental; 2 duplicates	None	NA	NA .	NA	All samples nondetect
Inorganics and General Chemistry	2 environmental; 0 duplicate	Chloride	NA	87.0	86.0	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S
	10 environmental; 1 duplicate	Cyanide	NA	0.159 J	0.151	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997).

COC = Constituent of concern.

DU = Duplicate sample.

g = Gram(s). GR = Grab sample.

= Estimated value (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

L = Liter(s).

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

mDA = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

mDA = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

mDA = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

mDA = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

NA = Not applicable.

ND () = Not detected at the laboratory reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

pCl = Picocurie(s). S = Soil sample.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit. TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Average concentration includes all samples. For nondetection results, the method detection limit is used to calculate the average.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>C</sup>Includes samples with nondetection results where the MDL or MDA exceeds the approved background limit.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>The tritium background value of 0.021 pCi/g was calculated from the Tharp (February 1999) tritium background value of 420 pCi/L. The pCi/L value was converted to the pCi/g value using the assumption of 5 percent soil moisture and a soil density of 1 g/cubic centimeter.

# Table D-2 Summary of SWMU 229 Confirmatory Soil Sampling Metals Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes	, .		Metals (EF	A Method SW846 3005	/SW846 3050/SW846 7	7470/SW846 7471 <sup>b</sup> )	(mg/kg)
Record Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (ft)	Arsenic	Barium	Cadmium	Chromium	Hexavalent Chromium
00805-2	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	5.1	100	1.4	5.2	ND (0.10)
00805-2	229-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	1.6	73	1.3	4.0	ND (0.10)
00805-2	229-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	1.7	120	1.1	2.7	ND (0.10)
00805-2	229-02- <b>B</b>	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	6.7	280	2.4	8.6	ND (0.10)
00805-2	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	1.8	75	1.4	4.7	ND (0.10)
00805-2	229-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	5.7	94	1.7	6.1	ND (0.10)
00805-2	229-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	5.7	150	2.3	8.0	ND (0.10)
00805-2	229-04-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	1.5	140	2.2	8.0	ND (0.10)
00805-2	229-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	6.7	160	2.8	8.6	ND (0.10)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	4.06	239	ND (0.013)	6.81	NA
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	2.82	83.0	ND (0.013)	10.5	NA
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S	2-28-01	3.0	2.5	85.1	ND (0.013)	15.2	NA
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	2-28-01	5.0	2.69	83.0	ND (0.013)	15.7	NA
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	2.57	86.2	ND (0.013)	10.1	NA
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	2.72	138	ND (0.013)	12.8	0.092 J (0.200)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	2.06	87.9	0.074 J (0.500)	25.2	ND (0.007)
Background (	Concentration (North Supergroup	, surface soil	) <sup>d</sup>	5.6	200	<1	17.3	NC
Background C	Concentration (North Supergroup	, subsurface	soil) <sup>d</sup>	4.4	200	0.9	12.8	NC
Quality Assur	ance/Quality Control Samples (n	ng/L)	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (0.010)	ND (0.20)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.010)	ND (0.005)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	NA	ND (0.00457)	0.000441 J (0.005)	ND (0.000251)	ND (0.000781)	NA
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.00457)	0.000247 J (0.005)	ND (0.000251)	ND (0.000781)	ND (0.005)

#### Table D-2 (Continued) Summary of SWMU 229 Confirmatory Soil Sampling Metals Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratoriesa)

	Sample Attributes			Metals (EPA Met	hod SW846 3005/SW846	3050/SW846 7470/SW846	7471 <sup>b</sup> ) (mg/kg)
Record Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (ft)	Lead	Mercury	Selenium	Silver
00805-2	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	11	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)
00805-2	229-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	10	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)
00805-2	229-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	9.3	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)
00805-2	229-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	32	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)
00805-2	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	9.0	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)
00805-2	229-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	17	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	1.4
00805-2	229-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	12	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)
00805-2	229-04-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	11	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)
00805-2	229-04-8	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	12	ND (0.04)	ND (0.25)	ND (0.50)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	3.39	0.00492 J (0.00948)	0.360 J (0.500)	ND (0.0578)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	6.32	0.00428 J (0.00936)	ND (0.135)	ND (0.0578)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S	2-28-01	3.0	6.39	ND (0.00455)	0.321 J (0.490)	0.225 J (0.490)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	2-28-01	5.0	6.22	ND (0.00455)	0.480 J (0.481)	ND (0.0578)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	6.93	ND (0.00455)	ND (0.135)	ND (0.0578)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26 <b>-</b> 01	20.0	6.81	ND (0.00455)	0.318 J (0.500)	ND (0.0578)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	5.48	ND (0.00455)	0.352 J (0.500)	ND (0.0578)
Background (	Concentration (North Supergroup	, surface soil	)d	39	<0.25	<1	<1
Background (	Concentration (North Supergroup	, subsurface	soil) <sup>d</sup>	11.2	<0.1	· <1	<1
Quality Assur	ance/Quality Control Samples (n	ng/L)					
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (0.003)	ND (0.0002)	ND (0.005)	ND (0.01)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	NA	ND (0.00344)	ND (0.000073)	ND (0.00309)	ND (0.000197)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.00344)	ND (0.000073)	ND (0.00309)	ND (0.000197)

Note: Values in bold exceed background soil concentrations.

dFrom Dinwiddie (September 1997).

DU = Duplicate sample.

EB = Equipment rinsate blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>1994 samples analyzed by Environmental Control Technology Corporation; 2001 samples analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>EPA (November 1986).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

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#### Table D-2 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 229 Confirmatory Soil Sampling Metals Analytical Results September 1994 and February-March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

= Environmental Restoration.

= Foot (feet). = Grab sample. = Identification.

= Estirnated value less than the reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

mg/L = Milligram(s) per liter.

= Not applicable or not analyzed.

= Not calculated by Dinwiddie (September 1997)

ND () = Not detected at the laboratory reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

= Soil sample.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit. TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

= Vapor well.

# Table D-3 Summary of SWMU 229 Gamma Spectroscopy and Tritium Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes			Radionuclides (gamma spectro	Radionuclides (gamma spectroscopy by EPA Method 901.1 <sup>b</sup> ; tritium by EPA Metho			
Record		Date	Sample	Cesium-1	37	Thoriu	m-232	
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	0.134	0.0147	0.767	0.102	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	0.181	0.0185	0.763	0.0988	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	0.144	0.0143	0.765	0,0962	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	0.144	0.0159	0.758	0.102	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	0.196	0.0179	0.677	0.0885	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	0.117	0.0130	0.531	0.0738	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	0.222	0.0204	0.725	0.961	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	0.0253	0.0070	0.775	0.0997	
00805-A	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.1119)		NA		
00805-A	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.2269)	<del></del>	NA	<b></b>	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	ND (0.0366)	••	0.477	0.26	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-05-19.0-S	2-28-01	19.0	ND (0.0347)		0.541	0.287	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	0.111	0.0301	0.955	0,455	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-DU	2-28-01	3.0	0.0596	0.0327	0.792	0.404	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-07-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	ND (0.045)		0.877	0.437	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	ND (0.0446)	**	0.822	0.406	
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	ND (-0.00397)		0.546	0.0773	
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	0.142	0.0293	1.14	0.134	
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S	2-28-01	3.0	0.109	0.0414	1.09	0.139	
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	2-28-01	5.0	ND (-0.00752)		0.887	0.125	
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	ND (0.000862)		0.994	0.132	
604199 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	ND (0.0312)		0.910	0.432	
604199 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (0.0267)		0.646	0.324	
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	ND (0.000336)		1.11	0.124	
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150,0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (-0.00697)		0.852	0.0968	
Background	Concentration (North Supergroup	surface soil)		0.836	NA	1.54	NA	
Background	Concentration (North Supergroup	subsurface s	ioil) <sup>f</sup>	0.084	NA	1.54	NA	

# Table D-3 (Continued) Summary of SWMU 229 Gamma Spectroscopy and Tritium Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attribute	3		Radionuclides (gamma spectroscopy by EPA Method 901.1b; tritium by EPA Method EERF H.01b) (pCi/g					
Record		Date	Sample	Cesium-	-137	Thoriun	1-232		
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Result	Errord	Result	Errord		
Quality Assu	rance/Quality Control Samples	(pCi/mL)							
00934 <sup>e</sup>	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (0.0110)		ND (0.0539)			
00933	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (7.079)		NA NA			
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	NA	ND (0.0247)	••	ND (0.166)			
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	NA	ND (2.61)	<del></del>	ND (0.683)			
604205 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.0239)	<u></u>	ND (0.156)			
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	8.80	4.27	ND (4.71)	·-		

# Table D-3 (Continued) Summary of SWMU 229 Gamma Spectroscopy and Tritium Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes			Radionuclides (gan	nma spectrosco	py by EPA Method	901.1 <sup>b</sup> ; tritium by	y EPA Method EERF	H.01 <sup>b</sup> ) (pCi/g)
Record		Date	Sample	Tritiu	m	Uraniu	m-235	Uranium	-238
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>	Result	Errord	Result	Error <sup>d</sup>
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.030)		ND (0.308)		· 1.03	0.308
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.016)		ND (0.279)		1.05	0.363
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.016)		ND (0.274)		1.08	0.353
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.015)		ND (0.316)		1.43	0.420
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.018)	,	ND (0.263)		0.861	0.330
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.017)		ND (0.268)		ND (2.34)	
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (0.015)		ND (0.296)		1.02	0.386
00805 <sup>e</sup>	229-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (0.017)		ND (0.280)		1.12	0.512
00805-A	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA	ND (0.4189)	<b>-</b> ,	NA NA	
00805-A	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA	ND (-0.02367)	<u>:-</u>	NA	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	NA	NA	ND (0.198)		ND (0.558)	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-05-19.0-S	2-28-01	19.0	NA	NA	0.108	0.172	ND (0.543)	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	NA	NA	ND (0.224)		ND (0.628)	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-DU	2-28-01	3.0	NA ·	NA	0.155	0.226	ND (0.751)	
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-07-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	. NA	NA	0.119	0.212	1.29	1.10
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	NA	NA	ND (0.223)		ND (0.642)	
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	NA	NA	ND (0.0452)		ND (0.431)	-+
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	. NA	NA	ND (0.0973)	<del>.</del> -	ND (0.826)	
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S	2-28-01	3.0	NA	NA	ND (0.065)		ND (1.09)	
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	2-28-01	5.0	NA	NA	ND (0.128)		1.27	0.773
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	NA	NA	ND (0.0766)		ND (1.44)	
604199 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	NA	NA	0.104	0.177	ND (0.779)	
604199 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	NA ·	NA	ND (0.189)	••	ND (0.648)	
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20,0-S	3-26-01	20.0	NA	NA	ND (0.0727)	1	0.809	0.646
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	. NA	NA	ND (0.0743)	:	0.567	0.702
Background o	concentration (North Supergroup,	surface soil) <sup>f</sup>		0.0219	NA	0.18	NA .	1.3	NA
Background o	concentration (North Supergroup,	subsurface s	oil) <sup>f</sup>	0.021 <sup>g</sup>	NA	0.18	NA	1.3	NA

### Table D-3 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 229 Gamma Spectroscopy and Tritium Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

Sample Attributes				Radionuclides (gamma spectroscopy by EPA Method 901.1b; tritium by EPA Method EERF H.01b) (pCV						
Record		Date	Sample	Tritium		Uranium-235		Uranium-238		
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Result	Errord	Result	Errord	Result	Errord	
Quality Assu	rance/Quality Control Samples	(pCi/mL)								
00934 <sup>e</sup>	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	NA	NA	ND (0.0202)		ND (0.191)	_	
00933	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	NA	NA	-13.45	70.07	NA		
604301 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	NA	NA	NA	ND (0.142)		ND (0.313)		
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	NA	NA	NA	ND (3.28)	13.6	ND (64.3)	155	
604205 <sup>e</sup>	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	NA	NA .	ND (0.0998)		ND (0,24)		
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	NA	NA	ND (10.2)	25.1	ND (110)	265	

Note: Values in bold exceed background soil activities.

DU = Duplicate sample.

EB = Equipment blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).
g = Gram(s).
GR = Grab sample.
ID = Identification.
NA = Not applicable.

D() = Not detected at the laboratory reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

pCi = Picocurie(s).
mL = Milliliter.
S = Soil sample.

SNL/NM = Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

VW = Vapor well.

= Error not calculated for nondetectable results.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Quanterra Environmental Services, Inc. performed analyses for record numbers 00805-A, 00933.

General Engineering Laboratories performed analyses for record numbers 604200, 604204, 604300.

SNL/NM onsite Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program laboratory performed analyses for record numbers 00805, 00934, 604199, 604205, 604301.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>EPA (November 1986).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Two standard deviations about the mean detected activity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Analyses for gamma spectroscopy performed at SNL/NM's on-site Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Laboratory. Analyses for tritium performed by Quanterra Environmental Services, Inc.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>The tritium background value of 0.021 pCi/g was calculated from the Tharp (February 1999) tritium background value of 420 pCi/L. The pCi/L value was converted to the pCi/g value using the assumption of 5 percent soil moisture and a soil density of 1 g/cubic centimeter.

# Table D-4 Summary of SWMU 229 Confirmatory Soil Sampling VOC Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes		·	VOCs (EPA Method SW846 8240/8260 <sup>b</sup> ) (µg/kg)				
Record Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (ft)	2-Butanone	Acetone	Methylene chloride		
00805-2	229-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	6 J (10)	9 J (10)	ND (5)		
00805-2	229-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	6 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)		
00805-2	229-02-B (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	6 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)		
00805-2	229-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	6 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)		
00805-2	229-03-B (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	6 J (10)	ND (10)	ND (5)		
00805-2	229-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	7 J (10)	6 J (10)	ND (5)		
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (5.00)		
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	ND (0.76)	. ND (1.00)	ND (5.00)		
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S	2-28-01	3.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)		
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	2-28-01	5.0	ND (0.76)	3.32 J (5.00)	ND (0.44)		
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	ND (0.76)	1.51 J (4.90)	ND (0.44)		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-\$	3-26-01	20.0	19.1	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-S	3-27-01	100.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-DU	3-27-01	100.0	1.23 J (5.00)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (0.76)	ND (1.00)	ND (0.44)		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S	3-27-01.	200.0	1.68 J (5.00)	1.96 J (5.00)	ND (0.44)		
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-250-S	3-28-01	250.0	17.3	7.30	0.569 J (5.00)		
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-S	3-28-01	275.0	5.19	5.25	1.05 J (5.00)		
Quality Assura	nce/Quality Control Samples (μg/L e	xcept Soil Trip I	Blank in mg/L)					
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (10)	10	ND (5)		
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	5 J	23	ND (5)		
00805-2	Soil Trip Blank	9-29-94	NA NA	9 J (10)	15	ND (5)		
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	. NA	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (5.00)		
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-TB-001	2-28-01	NA	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (5.00)		
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (0.63)		
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-TB	3-26-01	NA NA	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (0.63)		
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-TB	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.81)	ND (0.82)	ND (0.63)		

### Table D-4 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 229 Confirmatory Soil Sampling VOC Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

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<sup>a</sup>1994 samples analyzed by Environmental Control Technology Corporation; 2001 samples analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories. <sup>b</sup>EPA (November 1986).
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<sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

DU = Duplicate sample.

EB = Equipment blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).
GR = Grab sample,
ID = Identification.

= Estimated value (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

J() = Estimated value less than the reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

= Liter(s)

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

μg = Microgram(s). mg = Milligram(s). NA = Not analyzed.

ND () = Not detected at the laboratory reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

S = Soil sample

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

TB = Trip blank.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

VW = Vapor well.

# Table D-5 Summary of SWMU 229 VOC Analytical Detection Limits September 1994 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	5
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	5
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	5
1,1-Dichloroethane	5
1,1-Dichloroethene	5
1,2-Dichloroethane	5
1,2-Dichloropropane	5
2-Butanone	10
2-Chloroethyl vinyl ether	10
2-Hexanone	10
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	10
Acetone	10
Benzene	5
Bromodichloromethane	5
Bromoform	5
Bromomethane	10
Carbon disulfide	5
Carbon tetrachloride	5
Chlorobenzene	5
Chloroethane	10
Chloroform	5
Chloromethane	10
Dibromochloromethane	5
Ethyl benzene	5
Methylene chloride	5
Styrene	5
Tetrachloroethene	5
Toluene	5
Trichloroethene	5
Vinyl acetate	10
Vinyl chloride	10
Xylene	5
total-1,2-Dichloroethene	5
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	5
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	5

<sup>a</sup>Environmental Control Technology Corporation.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

# Table D-6 Summary of SWMU 229 VOC Analytical Detection Limits February-March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit				
Analyte	(μg/kg)				
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.29				
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.3				
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.36				
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.41				
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.262				
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.27				
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.32				
2-Butanone	0.76				
2-Hexanone	0.94				
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	1.34				
Acetone	1.00				
Benzene	0.39				
Bromodichloromethane	0.35				
Bromoform	0.36				
Bromomethane	0.31				
Carbon disulfide	0.62				
Carbon tetrachloride	0.26				
Chlorobenzene	0.4				
Chloroethane	0,28				
Chloroform	0.47				
Chloromethane	0.35				
Dibromochloromethane	0.41				
Ethyl benzene	0.35				
Methylene chloride	0.44				
Styrene	0.32				
Tetrachloroethene	0.4				
Toluene	0.5				
Trichloroethene	0.72				
Vinyl acetate	0.77				
Vinyl chloride	0.3				
Xylene	1.05				
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.41				
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.28				
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.37				
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.24				

<sup>a</sup>General Engineering Laboratories.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.
SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.
VOC = Volatile organic compound.

# Table D-7 Summary of SWMU 229 Confirmatory Soil Sampling SVOC Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes	SVOCs (EPA Method SW846 8270 <sup>b</sup> ) (μg/kg)							
Record Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Date Sampled	Sample Depth (ft)	Acenaphthene	Anthracene	Benzo(a) anthracene	Benzo(b) fluoranthene	Benzo(a) pyrene	Chrysene
00805-2	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (330)	ND (330)	71 J (330)	160 J (330)	50 J (330)	110 J (330)
00805-2	229-01-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (330)	ND (330)	6 J (330)	160 J (330)	92 J (330)	120 J (330)
00805-2	229-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330).	ND (330)
00805-2	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
00805-2	229-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)	ND (330)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	ND (4.00)	ND (4.66)	ND (5.99)	ND (2.33)	ND (2.00)	ND (6.33)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	ND (4.00)	ND (4.66)	ND (5.99)	ND (2.33)	ND (2.00)	ND (6,33)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S	2-28-01	3.0	5.55 J (33.3)	9.17 J (33.3)	ND (5.99)	ND (2.33)	ND (2.00)	ND (6.33)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	2-28-01	5.0	ND (4.00)	ND (4.66)	ND (5.99)	ND (2.33)	ND (2.00)	ND (6.33)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	ND (4.00)	ND (4.66)	ND (5.99)	ND (2.33)	ND (2.00)	ND (6.33)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	ND (4.00)	ND (4.66)	ND (5.99)	ND (2.33)	ND (2.00)	ND (6.33)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (4.00)	ND (4.66)	ND (5.99)	ND (2.33)	ND (2.00)	ND (6.33)
uality Assura	ance/Quality Control Samples (μg/L)								
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (10)	ND (10)	ND (10)	ND (10)	ND (10)	ND (10)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	NA .	ND (0.07)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.12)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.07)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.1)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.13)	ND (0.12)

### Table D-7 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 229 Confirmatory Soil Sampling SVOC Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

	Sample Attributes	SVOCs (EPA Method SW846 8270 <sup>b</sup> ) (μg/kg)						
Record		Date	Sample					bis(2-Ethylhexyl)
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Fluoranthene	Fluorene	Phenanthrene	Pyrene	phthalate
00805-2	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	230 J (330)	ND (330)	170 J (330)	190 J (330)	ND (330)
00805-2	229-01-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	200 J (330)	ND (330)	180 J (330)	280 J (330)	ND (330)
00805-2	229-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	53 J (330)	ND (330)	49 J (330)	44 J (330)	170 J (330)
00805-2	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	70 J (330)	ND (330)	44 J (330)	50 J (330)	ND (330)
00805-2	229-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	ND (330)				
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S	2-28-01	14.0	ND (3.33)	ND (3.00)	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	ND (6.99)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S	2-28-01	0.0	23.5 J (33.3)	ND (3.00)	17.1 J (33.3)	20.6 J (33.3)	32.5 J (33.3)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S	2-28-01	3.0	63.5	3.71 J (33.3)	50.3	59.9	ND (6.99)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	2-28-01	5.0	ND (3.33)	ND (3.00)	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	23.3 J (33.3)
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	2-28-01	5.0	ND (3.33)	ND (3.00)	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	15.6 J (33.3)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	ND (3,33)	ND (3.00)	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	88.5 J
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	ND (3.33)	ND (3.00)	ND (4.00)	ND (8.66)	ND (6.99)
Quality Assur	ance/Quality Control Samples (μg/L)						<del> </del>	
00932	Rinsate Blank	9-30-94	NA	ND (10)				
604300	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	2-28-01	NA	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.04)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.12)	ND (0.14)	ND (0.04)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>1994 samples analyzed by Environmental Control Technology Corporation; 2001 samples analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories.

<sup>c</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

DU = Duplicate sample.

EB = Equipment rinsate blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).
GR = Grab sample.
ID = Identification.

= Estimated value (see Data Validation Report (Attachment E)).

J() = Estimated value less that the reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see

Data Validation Report (Attachment E)).

ug/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

 $\mu$ g/L = Microgram(s) per liter.

NA = Not analyzed.

ND () = Not detected at the laboratory reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

= Soil sample.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit. TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

W = Vapor well.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>EPA (November 1986).

### Table D-8 Summary of SWMU 229 SVOC Analytical Detection Limits September 1994 (Off-Site laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Anglista	
Analyte	(μg/kg)
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	330
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	330
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	330
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	330
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	330
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	330
2,4-Dichlorophenol	330
2,4-Dimethylphenol	330
2,4-Dinitrophenol	1,670
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	330
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	330
2-Chloronaphthalene	. 330
2-Chlorophenol	330
2-Methylnaphthalene	330
2-Nitroaniline	1,670
2-Nitrophenol	330
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	670
3-Nitroaniline	1,670
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	330
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	330
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	330
4-Methylphenol	330
4-Nitroaniline	1,670
4-Nitrophenol	1,670
Acenaphthene	330
Acenaphthylene	330
Anthracene	330
Benzo(a)anthracene	330
Benzo(a)pyrene	330
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	330
Benzo(ghi)perylene	330
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	330
Butylbenzyl phthalate	330
Chrysene	330
Di-n-butyl phthalate	330
Di-n-octyl phthalate	330
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	330
Dibenzofuran	330
Diethylphthalate	330
Dimethylphthalate	330
Fluoranthene	330
Fluorene	330
Hexachlorobenzene	330
Hexachlorobutadiene	330
I IEVANI IINI ODUITANIELIE	000

# Table D-8 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 229 SVOC Analytical Detection Limits September 1994 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	330
Hexachloroethane	330
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	330
Isophorone	330
Naphthalene	330
Nitrobenzene	330
Pentachlorophenol	1,670
Phenanthrene	330
Phenol	330
Pyrene	330
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	330
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	330
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	330
bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	330
n-Nitrosodipropylamine	330

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Environmental Control Technology Corporation.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram. SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

# Table D-9 Summary of SWMU 229 SVOC Analytical Detection Limits February–March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

<u> </u>	Mathed Detection Limit
A b-4	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	4.66
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	4.33
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	3.33
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	5.99
2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	42.3
2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	24.6
2,4-Dichlorophenol	7.99
2,4-Dimethylphenol	71.9
2,4-Dinitrophenol	15.0
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	5.00
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	3.00
2-Chloronaphthalene	34.0
2-Chlorophenol	5.00
2-Methyl-4,6-dinitrophenol	16
2-Methylnaphthalene	4.00
2-Nitrophenol	46.3
3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	143
4-Bromophenyl phenyl ether	4.66
4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	36.6
4-Chlorobenzenamine	58.9
4-Chlorophenyl phenyl ether	3.33
4-Nitrophenol	21.0
Acenaphthene	4.00
Acenaphthylene	3.66
Anthracene	4.66
Benzo(a)anthracene	5.99
Benzo(a)pyrene	2.00
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	2.33
Benzo(ghi)perylene	5.00
Benzo(k)fluoranthene	5.00
Butylbenzyl phthalate	12.7
Carbazole	5.00
Chrysene	6.33
Dibenz[a,h]anthracene	2.66
Dibenzofuran	2.66
Diethylphthalate	19.6
Dimethylphthalate	11.7
Di-n-butyl phthalate	20.6
Di-n-octyl phthalate	8.99
	15.7
Diphenyl amine	
Fluoranthene	3.33
m,p-Cresols	5.66
m-Nitroaniline	86.6
o-Nitroaniline	80.9
p-Nitroaniline	83.9

Refer to footnotes at end of table.

# Table D-9 (Concluded) Summary of SWMU 229 SVOC Analytical Detection Limits February-March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
Fluorene	3.00
Hexachlorobenzene	4.66
Hexachlorobutadiene	6.66
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	33.0
Hexachloroethane	4.33
Indeno(1,2,3-c,d)pyrene	6.66
Isophorone	. 2.33
Naphthalene	3.33
Nitrobenzene	36.6
Pentachlorophenol	60.9
Phenanthrene	4.00
Phenol	3.66
Pyrene	8.66
bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	5.99.
bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	6.66
bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	6.99
bis-Chloroisopropyl ether	37.1
n-Nitrosodipropylamine	33.0
o-Cresol	47.6

<sup>a</sup>General Engineering Laboratories.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram. SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

# Table D-10 Summary of SWMU 229 HE Analytical Detection Limits September 1994 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	1,250
1,3-Dinitrobenzene	1,250
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	1,250
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	1,250
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	1,250
HMX	1,250
m-Nitrotoluene	1,250
Nitrobenzene	1,250
o-Nitrotoluene	1,250
p-Nitrotoluene	1,250
RDX	1,250
Tetryl	2,500

<sup>a</sup>Environmental Control Technology Corporation.

HE = High explosive(s).

HMX = 1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazacyclooctane.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

RDX = 1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazacyclohexane. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit. Tetryl = 2,4,6-trinitrophenylmethylnitramine.

#### Table D-11 Summary of SWMU 229 HE Analytical Detection Limits February-March 2001 (Off-Site Laboratorya)

	Method Detection Limit
Analyte	(μg/kg)
1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	11.9
2,4,6-Trinitrotoluene	14.1
2,4-Dinitrotoluene	12.0
2,6-Dinitrotoluene	15.7
2-Amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	13.4
4-Amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	10.1
HMX	16.8
m-Dinitrobenzene	13.4
m-Nitrotoluene	11.6
Nitrobenzene	14.0
o-Nitrotoluene	15.2
p-Nitrotoluene	11.6
RDX	. 12.5
Tetryl	15.5

<sup>a</sup>General Engineering Laboratories.

ΗE = High explosive(s).

**HMX** = 1,3,5,7-tetranitro-1,3,5,7-tetrazacyclooctane.

μg/kg = Microgram(s) per kilogram.

RDX = 1,3,5-trinitro-1,3,5-triazacyclohexane. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit. Tetryl

# Table D-12 Summary of SWMU 229 Confirmatory Soil Sampling Inorganic, General Chemistry, and Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons Analytical Results September 1994 and February–March 2001

(Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

Sample Attributes					ieneral Chemistry (EPA Methods bleum Hydrocarbons (EPA Metho	
Record		Date	Sample			
Number <sup>c</sup>	ER Sample ID	Sampled	Depth (ft)	Chloride	Total Cyanide	Total Petroleum Hydrocarbons
00805-2	229-01-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA	ND (40)
00805-2	229-01-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA ·	NA NA	81
00805-2	229-01-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA	. NA	ND (40)
00805-2	229-02-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA	ND (40)
00805-2	229-02-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA	NA	ND (40)
00805-2	229-03-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA NA	ND (40)
00805-2	229-03-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA	· NA	ND (40)
00805-2	229-04-A	9-29-94	0-0.5	, NA	NA .	ND (40)
00805-2	229-04-A (Duplicate)	9-29-94	0-0.5	NA	NA NA	NA
00805-2	229-04-B	9-29-94	0.5-3.0	NA.	NA ·	ND (40)
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S	3-26-01	20.0	87.0	ND (0.142)	. NA
604200	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	3-27-01	150.0	84.9	0.159 J (0.250)	NA NA
Quality Assu	urance/Quality Control Samples (	mg/L)				
00932	Rinsate Blank	09-30-94	NA	NA NA	ND (0.01)	ND (1.0)
604204	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	3-29-01	NA	0.340	ND (0.00276)	NA NA

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>1994 samples analyzed by Environmental Control Technology Corporation; 2001 samples analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories.

<sup>C</sup>Analysis request/chain-of-custody record.

EB = Equipment rinsate blank.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ER = Environmental Restoration.

ft = Foot (feet).

ID = Identification.

J() = Estimated value less than the reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see

Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

mg/L = Milligram(s) per liter.

IA = Not analyzed.

ND () = Not detected at the laboratory reporting limit, shown in parentheses (see Data Validation Report [Attachment E]).

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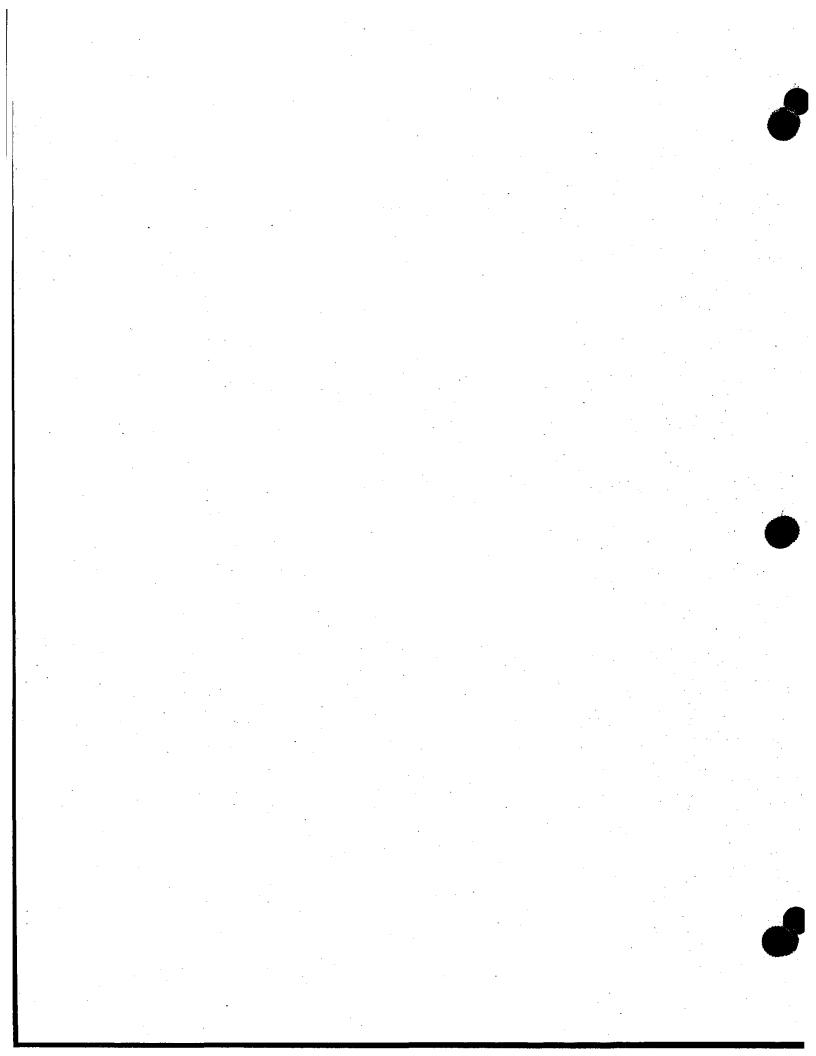
= Soil sample.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit, TJAOU = Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit.

VW = Vapor well.

bEPA (November 1986).

.  ATTACHMENT E SWMU 229—Data Validation Reports



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# DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1—DV1)

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Reviewed by:

Date:

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Page 2 of 4

2.0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record - Copy, Drightal not market

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Describe any uncorrected deliciencies in Section 5.0 "Completeness Assessment" below.

#### 3.0 Document Comparison

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The sample location on the Sample Collection Log agrees with the AR/COC and project-specific plan requirements or authorized changes to the plan(s).	NA			Car Design
The number of investigative and QC samples collected was that specified in the project-specific plan(s) or authorized changes to the plan(s).	NA			
The analyses requested on the ARVEOC were those specified in the project-specific plan(s) or authorized changes to the plan(s).	NA			

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup> Describe any uncorrected deliciencies in Section 5.0, "Completeness Assessment," below.

Reviewed by: 4- Scales Date: 12-9-94

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#### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1—DV1)

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Reviewed.by: Date: 12-9-94 IOP 94-03 Rey: 0 Attachment A Page 16 of 15 July 1994

# DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION VALIDATION LEVEL 1 DV1)

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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

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Reviewed by: H. Syckin			

TOP 94-03 Rev. 0 Attachment 8 Page 14 of 17 July 1994

## DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

Page 2 of 5

Item	Yes	No	If no, Sample ID No /Fraction(s) and Analysis
c) Matrix spike recovery data reported and met for all samples for which it was requested?	Y AHAW		Reported; acceptance to be
Precision     a) Laboratory control sample     precision reported and met for     alf samples?			See sounds
b) Matrix spike duplicate RPD data reported and met for all samples for which it was requested?	1/4		Reported acceptance to be
7) Blank data a) Method or reagent blank data reported and met for all samples?	/		
b) Sampling blank (e.g., field, trip, and equipment) data reported and met?	NA		
8) Narrative included, correct, and complete?			
O COMMENTS: All items marked 'NL/NM ID No. and the analysis, if and Sample volumes appeared	propria	te, of a	A STATE OF THE STA

Date: .

Reviewed by: .

Rev. 0 Attachment B Page 15 of 17 July 1994

# DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

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2.0 COMMENTS CONTINUATION SHEET TO BE ASSESSED TO THE SECOND OF THE SECO	1976 1976
2.0 COMMENTS CONTINUATION SHEET	
2) Camma MOA not met for K-40 due to high background	<b>—</b>
However, results were passitive well above MOA attained	
	- 22
3) LCS results reported; acceptance witeria not provided.	
Lab contacted 12-9-94. Cannot determine compliance	<u> </u>
at this time for 1-26-10 to, 70-17070. OK.	
4) Ms neighbore or ferra not available. To be defermined	_
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Reviewed by:

Date:

AL/2-94/SNL:SOP3044B.R1

TOP 94-03 Rev. 0 Attachment B Page 16:01 17 July 1994

#### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2-DV2)

3.0 SUMMARY: Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted. Use the qualifiers given at the end of the table if possible. Explain any other qualifiers in the comments column.

Sample/	Analysis		
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		,	and the second s

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- J = Estimated quantity (provide reason)
- B = Contamination in blank (indicate which blank). A = Laboratory accuracy does not meet criteria
- P = Laboratory precision does not meet criteria
- R = Reporting units inappropriate
- N = There is presumptive evidence of the presence of the material
- UJ = The material was analyzed for but was not detected. The associated value is an estimate and may be inaccurate or imprecise:
- Q = Quantitation limit does not meet criteria
- U = Analyte is undetected (indicate which analyte and reason for qualification)
- NJ = There is presumptive evidence of the presence of the material at an estimated quantity.

Reviewed by:

AL/2-94/SNL:SOP3044B.R1

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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

Page 5 of 5

#### SAMPLE FINDINGS SUMMARY CONTINUATION SHEET

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Reviewed by:	H. Seeley	Approved by:	
Date:	12-9-94	Date:	

<sup>\*</sup>Task/Project Leader must approve data package.

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### ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

SCL- 01761

AR/COC No.: AR/COC 00805-

OF PAGE SF 2001-SCL (12-98) ON-SITE CONTACT PHONE 505-263-3390 0AG. 7582 DATE: 9/2 9/94 WEATHER: Sunnul. SAMPLING **GENERAL** INFORMATION SAMPLING PROCEDURE REFERENCE: INFORMATION PURPOSE OF SAMPLING: nvestication Immmani ANALYSES GAS LIQUID SLUDGE SOLID WATER OIL SOIL HAZ WASTE OTHER SAMPLE COLLECTED DESCRIPTION DRUM TANK SURFACE WATER SOIL WASTE WATER GROUND WATER **MOTHER** FROM: Sample - Fraction Number COMMENTS Time LOCATION Stirfte co. 0-611 SUFFACE 6-3611 1008 <u>(0-36"</u> 11.09 229-03 PROJECT CONTACT
TIM Brinkman CASE NUMBER 3632,300 505-848-0455 **PROJECT** 112-195 \*ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: (Log Book Ref. #) NAME **SIGNATURE** INIT COMPANY/ORGANIZATION SAMPLE 1900 **TEAM MEMBERS** Sample distribution (\U0107422A= 47286 St. Lans SAMPLE TRACKING DATE SHIPPED (MM-DO-Y \*NOTE: Any additional sampling information must be recorded in an SNL-Issued Log Book or SCL Continuation Form with a Reference No. entered in this space.

<b>6</b>	Sandia
	National
<u></u>	Laboratories

Quanterra - St. Louis

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS** SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

(Continuation)

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17925			Site 229-04-A	Surface 0-6" CN X	
17925			Site 229-04-B	Subsurface 1-36" CN X	
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### ANALYSIS REQUEST AND OF THE MOO

CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

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## ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

AR/COC- 00805-1

PAGE 2 OF 2

(continuation)

Amous - Site 229 Project Task Manager. Jim Brinkman Case No.: 3632,300 714145 Project Name: Sample Sample Date/Time Container Sample Required Analytical Testing - Fraction Preservative Volume Number Matrix Collected Type: नाव्यायप्। ७४५ OTER MANAGEMENT CONTRACT Tritium 017925-11 Sort 250 none



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### ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

AR/COC- 00805-A

PAGE 2 OF 3

(continuation)

229 project/Task Manager Jim Buinkman Case No.: 3632,300 Project Name: Condition on Sample Date/Time Container Sample Sample Preservative Required Analytical Testing - Fraction Receipt Volume Matrix Collected Type Number (**33**) (3) (4) 017925-11 6145 250 hone Burth the Salan its of makes "Free Indicate the rilles les is a V PLESS, P ...b Ban the Number Int le , andition on Rameipt: The

TOP 94-03 Rev. 0 Attachment A Page 13 of 15 July 1994

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#### 229-ENCOTEC DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1-DV1)

Project Name Tilows Ark	our Site	22 2 P	age 1 of 4
Case Number U 3631		<del>la la la la la la la la la la la la la l</del>	, Park Company and Company and Company and Company and Company and Company and Company and Company and Company
Sample Numbers 217971	923/924/9	25/926/6	2/8091-1
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AR/COC No Analytical	laboratory	SDG No	i Redell
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AR/COC No Analytical	laboratory	SDG No.	· Andrews in the same
In the tables below, mark any infon	mation that is missing or	incorrect.	and the specific of the specif
1.0 Sample Collection Log			
		Complete?	Corrected?

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tem. Not the second of the sec	Yes	No	···Yes···	- No <sup>a</sup>	on Alexand
Date	1/	4			
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General information	1/			3.5 T. J.D	SATURATION OF
Sample description	V				A SERVERY
Sample ID number(s) and fraction number(s)	<u> </u>	1		a and and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second and a second a	with a selection of the
Location	2			a see	
Time of sample collection	1				
Sample type	1/		erania in ing		
Depth below surface	1/				200
QC sample? <sup>0</sup>	<i>''</i>		\ \ \	Aligha an Sil	Age ages - Comment
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Special QC requirements		1. 1860 TH	វាមភា ខាន	AGE STRONG	an annual partition
Sample team member(s), their signature(s), and initials	シングラ	7-2 1917 4	ESS APPEA		Many Van Amerik
Sample tracking information (the "Data Entered" and "By" spaces may be empty)	3 - 3 YW	200 000	ndike	1.00200	a eral fiz sed

<sup>\*</sup> Describe any uncorrected deficiencies in Section 5:0, \*Completeness Assessment,\* below: b Comments are only required for Of samples; log other samples, this item can be blank

Reviewed by

### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1—DV1)

Page 2 of 4

2.0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record

The second secon	Com	plete?	Corre	cted?
!tem	Yes	No	Yes	No.
Page number and total number of pages	· V			25435.0
Project Information	1/			
Sample shipping Information	1/	. (1 		
Contract and case number	V		• ,	
SMO authorization signature		18 N - 2	i kryv	1.37478
Location Information	V		·	
Sample number(s)/traction number(s)	1/			<b>11</b>
Sample ID information				,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
Date/time sample(s) collected	1			
Sample matrix	1/2	78, 44.		
Container type(s)	1	ilesa i 🛶		e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Sample volumé	1	ulki rezeri	s (0.36.75)	(1850)
Preservative (chemical and/or thermat)	1/			
Sample collection method				
Sample type			ត ត (ប្រជុំ <b>រ</b> ុ	7337.
Required analytical testing				
Sample information	1/			ggariffen .
Special instruction/QC requirements	1			
Custody records				
Lab sample number				
Condition upon receipt				1. 15 10 1

Describe any uncorrected deliciencies in Section 5.0 "Completeness Assessment" below.

#### 3.0 Document Comparison

Southern Companies	- Соп	nplete?			
ltem	Yes	No	Yes	No	000000000
Dates on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree.	1/			· 高· 高· (基) (基)	1013 (0.04)
Sample team members on the Sample Collection Log and the AR/COC agree.	V		2,17,5	450	
Sample ID numbers on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree.	سمرد	(10),(10,23)	Skilling Color		255 15 plan
Date and time on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree.	1	Trought 1270	AN TOTAL	Add come &	to a series of the series of t
Analyses requested on AR/COC agree with those shown on Sample Collection Log.	1		a et a de de de	L	الإنجابة أياني
Project information on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree		च ःस्रुधः	a mag of	(yold)s#\	his the exponen
The sample location on the Sample Collection Log agrees with the AR/COC and project-specific plan requirements or authorized changes to the plan(s).					2 yes believed
The number of investigative and QC samples collected was that specified in the project-specific plan(s) or authorized changes to the plan(s).	2		****		ture .
The analyses requested on the AR/COC were those specified in the project-specific plan(s) or authorized changes to the plan(s).	1				

Describe any uncorrected deliciencies in Section 5.0, "Completeness Assessment," below.

Reviewed by: 1 / Alma

Date:

11-11-94

#### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1-DV1)

Page 3 of 4

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Method reference number(s)		20 42 7 10 1			1
Quality control data					1
Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate data	N/A				]
Narrative complete					<b>建</b> 拉斯斯 - 4
Describe any uncorrected deficiencies in Section 5.0 *Completeness Asses  O Completeness Assessment For each section below, r		•			
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#### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1-DV1)

Page 4 of 4

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5.3 Document Comparison	<u>Yes</u> <u>No</u>
All boxes on the Document Comparison are complete:	
Some boxes have been checked no; all problems are resolved.	
If any boxes have been checked no, describe problem and resolution:	
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HERMONIE WORKER

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#### DATA QUÂLITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2 DV2)

Sample Numbers <u>217922/9</u>	23/	192	4/125/92	6/0186	297-1
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			1COTE	SDG No.	122
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3) Reporting units appropriate for the	,	400 cm., .	V		Part Dalas
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4) Quantitation limit met for all				· ·	
samples?	v	utrae, traet			The Ballions on the
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5) Accuracy					
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lography technique?				•	

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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLISTA (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2+DV2)

Page 2 of 5

ltem.	Yes	Ņo	If no Sample ID No /Fraction(s) and Analysis
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requested?			
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b) Matrix spike duplicate RPD		E / Water	
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Reviewed by

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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

PRINCIPLE PROCESSOR VITANO

Page 3 of 5

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#### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2-DV2)

Page 4 of 5

3.0 SUMMARY: Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted. Use the qualifiers given at the end of the table if possible. Explain any other qualifiers in the comments column.

Sample/ Fraction No.	Analysis	Qualifiers	Comments
017925-7	VOL	TB	2-Byfanene
018197-1	10	10	"
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N			and the second s

#### QUALIFIERS:

- J = Estimated quantity (provide reason)
- B = Contamination in blank (indicate which blank)
- P = Laboratory precision does not meet criteria
- R = Reporting units inappropriate
- of the material
- UJ = The material was analyzed for but was not detected. The associated value is an estimate. and may be inaccurate or imprecise. .
- Q = Quantitation limit does not meet criteria
- A = Laboratory accuracy does not meet criteria
- U = Analyte is undetected (indicate which analyte and reason for qualification)
- N = There is presumptive evidence of the presence NJ = There is presumptive evidence of the presence of the material at an estimated quantity.

Reviewed by

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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

Page 5 of 5

#### SAMPLE FINDINGS SUMMARY CONTINUATION SHEET

Sample/ Fraction No.	Analysis	Qualifiers	- Comments
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Car.			
- क्षेत्र - क्षेत्र		•	
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Date: 1/-/4/-	Date:	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	·

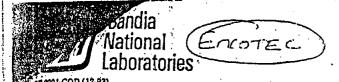
\*Task/Project Leader must approve data package.



### ANALYSIS REQUEST AND ECORD

AR/COC- 00805-

de to to the land of the or フダをみ Bill to: Sandia National Laboratories Date Samples Shipped Department No.: Supplier Services Department Carrier/Waybill No. Project/Task Manager: Encode Co. Amous - Ste 22 ### P(0) Box 5800 MS 0154 Park 13 Re Fourse Lab Contact definition Albuquerque: NM 87185-0154 and CURTI Sample Team Members \ \ \( \sqrt{q} \cap \) SMO Contact/Phone: Send Report to SMO: SMO Reference No. SCL or Logbook Ref. No.: SMO Authorization: Sample Sample Date/Time Container. Sample Preservative - Fraction Required Analytical Testing Number Matrix Volume Collected Type 9/29/94 7°C TAL metals/C1 10 10/7000 0/7922-2 500 GlASS . 1521 TPH (8015 BNA (8270) 017922 -1525 0017922 -7 1515 017922 - 9 1515 017922 - 12 1515 5.5. 150 017922-8 VOC (8248 500 Glass TAL metals 1 co +6\* 017923-1605 1017923 adfra ondiridti angrasi, sa 1606 1604 017923-1604 150 017923-10 5.5 OC Possible Hazard Identification \*Reference attached radiological screening for Radiological Non-hazard Flammable Skin Irritant Poison B specific contact readings. Special Instructions/QC Requirements Turnaround Time Normal | Rush Required Report Date \* Analyze for (it orialusis Sample Disposal Disposal by Lab Return to Client Archive Until 1. Relinquished by Date<sup>\*</sup> 4. Relinguished by Organizacji Arafinicacja Date, sasysti Time ... 1. Received by Org. July - 7576 Date 19 4 Time 10 00 4. Received by the leaves Date Time. Org. Saw - 7576 Date 2. Relinquished by 5. Relinquished by 4-1 Date Time Ora. 2. Received by Date. Time Org. 5. Received by Org. Date Time 3. Relinguished by Org. Date Time 6. Relinquished by Date Time Org. 3. Received by Org. Date Time 6. Received by Date Time Org.



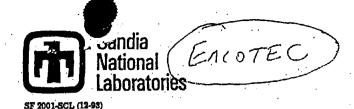
#### ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

AR/COC- 00805-B

PAGE 2 OF 2

(continuation)

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!	Sample Number	- Fraction		ample latrix	Ċ	ate/Time ollected	Container Type	Sample Volume	Prese	rvative	Required Analytical Testing		Lab Sample A. Condition on Receipt
	017983	-5	50/	1	9/3	29174 160H	Stainless	150	40	'c	Voc		43940 THE COK
•	017924					<i>1</i> 700	G/1955	500 <u></u>			TALINITALS/Cr+6X		<b>以及自己的</b>
,	017924					1701					BNAI TPHI		43942 400 19
	017924	<u>- ४</u>				ikso					TAL mitals/C1+6*		439938
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•	01792			<u> </u>		1740	GLASS	<u>500</u>			TAI. metals 101 +64	1	343 <i>947</i> 36 38 38 3
•	01792	5-3		<u> </u>		1740					TAL Metal S/Crt6x	,	37458 V P A 1850
•	017925	5 1				1740				-	TPH		199949n 12
•	017925	5-9				1745				· 	TPH		+43950M
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	01792	5-7				1745	5.5.	150		•	YOC V		:43952
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# ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

**SCL-** 01759

AR/COC No.: AR/COC 00805-

GENERAL		29/9		WEATHE	ابار	ากเ	85	io F		SAMPLING INFORMATION	ON-S	FE CONTAC	URTIS		58	<del>)</del> .	PHON	5-	- 20	03-	33	70
INFORMATION				$\sim$	. <i>P</i>	<u> </u>	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		ı	· ·	7	309 <u> </u>	LOCATION	214	2	20	<u> </u>					
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DESCRIPTION	FROM:	CIED 🗆	DRUM [	TANK [	SURFAC	E WATER	WATER SOIL WASTE WATER GROUND WATER OTHER							1.51		•						
Sample - Fr Number	action	Time			CATION			Sample Type Grab/Comp.					OC Sample	TALMET	BNALTA	VOC	TPH					
Time LOCATION 0/7922-2 /S2/ Site 229-01-A					COMMENTS											+						
						-							· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		N a/	1	V				<u>-  </u>	+-
0/7922			<u>5/1</u> e			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		<u>Surfaci</u>	,	_	6/1		/ /	<del></del>	14	-						
017922			<u>5,te</u>						507/	0-61		<u>) (19</u>		C	Z_	<del> </del>			_			
017922		1515	5,te					Subside		507/	<u> </u>	<u> 36"</u>		<u> </u>	N		X					
017922	-12	1515				11-13	·	Subsur	Face	507/		36/		<u> </u>	N	X				-		
0/7922	<u>~8</u>	1515	5/4	<u>22.</u>	7-01	1-B		Subsur	Face S	07/	<u>ر</u>	-36/	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	-C	M	ļ		X		_	<u> </u>	
017923	-/		Site	229	7-0	<u>2-A</u>		Surface soil 0-6" CNX									_			1.		
017923-	- 4	1606	.51 Le	229	-00	2 - A	<u>.</u>	Suffect 507 1 0-6" CN X														
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*ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:	~ 		· · · · ·											·	• •		٠.					·
(Log Book Ref. #)							<u> </u>					•• .	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		•							
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*NOTE:	Any ad	ditional s	sampling	informa	tion m		******	n an SNL-Iss			. Conti	nuation						ered	in thi	is spa	ce.	<u> </u>



### ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

SCL- 01759

AR/COC No.: AR/COC 00805.

ANALYSES :

PAGE 2 OF 2

ENCOTEC	1.	• •	(Contir	nuation
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Sample - Fraction				ple Type	OC Sample	meto	#4	100	11 M		
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17923-6	1604	Sile 229-02-B	Subsystace 6-36"	C	N	X	<u> </u>				· 
	1604	Site 229-02-B	Substiface 6-36"	C	N		X				
017923-10	1404	Sila 229-02-B	Subsifface 6-36" (Oudicale)	C	Y		3	<u> </u>			
017923-5	1604	Site 229 - 02-B	Substituce 6-36"	C	N		)				
017924-2	1700	Sil 229-03-A	Surface 0-611	C	~	X					
017924-1	1701	Sik 229-03-A	Surface 0-6"	C	N			X			
017924-8	1650	Site 229-03-B	Subscrface 6-36/	C	N	X					
017924-7	1650	Site 229-03-B	Subsurface 6-36"	C	N			X			
	1650	Sife 229-03-B	Subscriface 6-36" (Duplicate)	C	W	1		7		·	Ī
017924-6	1650	Site 229-03-13	Subsurface 6-36".	C	N/			X	·		
	1740	Sit = 229-04-A	Surface 0-6"	C	N	X					
7	1740		Surface 0-6" (Duplicak)	C	Y	X					
0/7925-1	1740	Site 229-04-A	Surface 0-6"	C	~		X				Γ
017925-9	1745	5,te 229-04-B	Substituce 6-36"	C	N		X				
017925-8	1745	Site 229-04-B	Subscriber 6-3611	0	V	X					
017925-7	1745		Subserface 6-36"	Č	۸/		)	7/	7		一·
017926-1	1	BKG - 10 - A	Surface 0-6"	6	N		1	· K	X		Ť
017926-3		BKG-10-B	Subsurface 6-3611	7	W		十	<u> </u>	X		Γ
018092-1	1650		TRIP BLANK				1	X	$\top$		<u> </u>
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Equipment Slanks for Sits 227

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DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1—DV1)

7-15	$\mathcal{D}$	4 1 3 5	11 1	
Project Name	12 Horosom	2140772	Backgrl.	Page 1 of 4
Case Number 363	1-3001	-	•	·
Sample Numbers 2/8	080 1081 108	3100210	34 109	35/036
		1 1	Radio	
AR/COC No. 972	Analytical laboratory	DIDTEC	SDG No. 7	1-107
AR/COC No.	Analytical laboratory		SDG No	i ingraja ing kalu
AR/COC No.	Analytical laboratory		SDG No	an escapação de tr
AR/COC No.	Analytical laboratory		SDG No	er e de la compania

In the tables below, mark any information that is missing or incorrect.

#### 1.0 Sample Collection Log

	Con	plete?	Corre	cted?
tièm	Yes	No	Yes	No <sup>a</sup>
Date	V		Len Hill	a. ··· sila
Sheet number and total number of sheets below	سريا ا		778 8798	750,000
General information		1		97.03
Sample description	6		tak talah	in and the second
Sample ID number(s) and fraction number(s)				diament of the second
Location			2.50	
Time of sample collection	مير ا			7
Sample type	· V		وديا دورود	Kelleria.
Depth below surface:	1	1	9010-01B-0	Pater RE
QC sample? <sup>0</sup>	- 0	1 21/2	gar, rai	incitor of
Comments Approved to the property of the prope	The second	A S A SAME	ala sekses	5 . h: 1/2 8
Analyses requested	مني ا			
Project information	$ \nu $			
Project name.	,	T	<del>-</del> -	
Case number/service order number		7	·	
Contact information.		7	T TOTAL TOTAL	nical and a second
Turnaround time	and the same	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	Control of the Second	1
- Regulatory program	इन्छेड १९ व्हेंबिल्झ्स उ.स. १९ सम्बद्ध	نبسغ.	a see with	मुख्याम्य स्टब्स
Special QC requirements		多三维	ಕಾಶಕ್ಕೆ ಕೆಡುತ್ತಿ ಕಾಶಕ್ಕೆ ಕಡೆಗಿತ್ತಿ	Park State Control
Sample team member(s), their signature(s), and initials	100	in with	এ সংকর	200 C 10F
Sample tracking information (the "Data Entered" and "By" spaces may be empty) as a second space of the sec	- white the same and the same a			niae day G

Describe any uncorrected deficiencies in Section 5.0, Completeness Assessment, below.

Comments are only required for OC samples; for other samples, this item can be blank

Reviewed by:

Date: 11-10-94

SHEARS # 49305

#### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1-DV1)

Page 2 of 4

Lakerny

2.0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record

-0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record				·
	Com	plete?	Cone	cted?
Nem	Yes	- No	Yes	No.
Page number and total number of pages		V1.5 m / 5	4 3 00 5	
Project Information		į, ti	j.	
Sample shipping information		igó,		-
Contract and case number		it; i.		
SMO authorization signature	17	ម	•	
Location information	11			
Sample number(s)/fraction number(s)	(11. <b>12.</b> 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 1	)	1924 T. 144	(N)
Sample ID Information	مسمن	141		i
Datertime sample(s) collected	مرزو	***		
Sample marrix		and	( ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) (	
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Special instruction/QC requirements	V		ក ភ្នំពេល	มโร เมื
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Lab sample number	V.			81.874
Condition upon receipt	1/			

Describe any uncorrected deliciencies in Section 5.0 "Completeness Assessment" below.

#### 3.0 Document Comparison

	Соп	plete?	Corre	cted?
lem	Yes	No	Yes	No.
Dates on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree.		A	- 1 	State of the state
Sample team members on the Sample Collection Log and the AR/COC agree.		7.,	79167	14.4
Sample ID numbers on Sample Collection Log and APICOC agree.			क्रमा स्थे	7 K
Date and strine on Sample Collection Log and ARICOC agree.		(comment)	1. Ja.	adaya .
Analyses requested on AR/COC agree with those shown on Sample Collection Log			र्माच च्याचित्र	140
Project information on Sample Collection Log and AP/COC agree.			1 ta 2	
The sample location on the Sample Collection Log agrees with the ARCOC and project specific plan requirements or authorized changes to the plan(s).	xi 1	(100 JA)	Section of	
The number of investigative and OC samples collected was that specified in the project-specific plan(s) or authorized changes to the plan(s).	2	Same was		
The analyses requested on the AR/COC were those specified in the project-specific plan(s) or authorized changes to the plan(s).	1		- 1. A . A	

Describe any uncorrected deliciencies	in Section 5.U.	"Completeness Assessment," below.	
	<i>I.</i> /	• .	

Date:

TOP 94-03 Rev. 0 Attachment A Page 15 of 15 July 1994

# DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1—DV1)

Page 3 of 4

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Reviewed by: \\ \\ \Data \\ \D

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TOP 94-03 Rev. 0 Attachment A Page 16 of 15 July 1994

# DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1—DV1)

Page 4 of 4

5.3 Document Comparison  Yes No	
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#### CONTROL OF ACIDAMENTA SERVICE AND DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

Page 3 of 5

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#### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST

Page 4 of 5

3.0 SUMMARY: Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted. Use the qualifiers given at the end of the table if possible. Explain any other qualifiers in the comments column.

Sample/		0	0
Fraction No.	Analysis	- Qualifiers	Comments
218081-6	VOC	70	2 Butanon
718083-8			
7/8082-3		.42 :	and the state of t
018082-4	11	* /	and the same of th
180845	and the same of the		the second of th
18086-1	, ·	e produce and the	Mary and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second
18086-7	//	l'e	The second of th
			the second secon

TERS:

- Estimated quantity (provide reason)
- B = Contamination in blank (indicate which blank) ....
- Laboratory precision does not meet criteria
- R = Reporting units inappropriate
- N = There is presumptive evidence of the presence of the material
- UJ = The material was analyzed for but was not detected. The associated value is an estimate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.

Q = Quantitation limit does not meet criteria

.A = Laboratory accuracy does not meet criteria ---

U = Analyte is undetected (indicate which analyte and

reason for qualification)

NJ = There is presumptive evidence of the presence of the material at an estimated quantity.

Reviewed b

Date

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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

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Project Name Case Number 3633	300	1957.	Page 1 of 5
Sample Numbers 0180		100	83/082/084/085/085
ARVCOC No. <u>232</u>	Analytical laborati	ory Z	WOTEC SDG No. 7/10
R/COC No	Analytical laborate	ory. <u></u>	SDG No.
RVÇOC No /	Analytical laborate	ory	3DG No
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îtêm	Yes	No	If no, Sample ID No Fraction (s) and Analysis
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2) Holding times met for all samples?		0	018083 -2 received at te
- Souprest			hold time
3) Reporting units appropria	te for the		Takey to be provided the control of
matrix and meet project-s		7	232 77 77
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b) Surrogate data report		3	1944 The R. Charles of the Other Other Control of the Other Control of t
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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

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Page 2 of 5

6) Precision a) Laboratory control sample precision reported and met for all samples? b) Matrix spike duplicate RPD data reported and met for all samples for which it was requested?  7) Blank data a) Method or reagent blank data reported and met for all samples? b) Sampling blank (e.g., fletd, trip, and equipment) data reported and met?  8) Narrative included, correct, and complete?	TOTAL SERVICES SERVIC
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#### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

Page 5 of 5

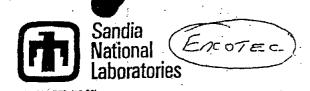
#### SAMPLE FINDINGS SUMMARY CONTINUATION SHEET

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Task/Project Leader must approve data package.

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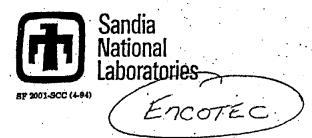


# ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

**SCL-** 01762

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#### **ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS** SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

(Continuation)

SCL- 01762

AR/COC No.: AR/COC- OO 80

ANALYSES

PAGE 2 0F 3

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Sample Number	- Fraction		LOCATION	COMMENTS	Sample Type Grab/Comp.	OC Sample (Y/N)	VOC	TPH	yanida	TKN/NO3	140	TACMENT NAC	dya / Lung	1000 164/62
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01808	3-8	1300	SiLa 235	RINSALO	6	X.	X						\	W(
01808	2-21	1435	Site 235-02-A	Surface 50,1 0-6"	C	N		X						•
01808	2-11	1435	Site 235-02-A	Surface Soil 0-6"	C	N					X	X		
.01808	2-7:	1435	Site 235-02-B	Subsurface 6-36" (Duplinate)	C	N)	<u> </u>	X						
01808	2 - 51	1435	Site 235-02-R	Subsufface 6-36"	<u>C</u>	N	· ·				X	$ \mathbf{X} $		
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0180	82-3	14:35	Site 235-02-B	Subsurface 6-36"	0	N.	X						<u>.</u>   .	
0180	82-4	1435	Site 235-02-B	Subsurface 6-36" Duplicate	C	X	X							
0180	84-11	1515	Site 235-03-A	Surface 0-6'	<u>C.</u>	N								X.
0180	84-2	1/520	Site 235-03-A	Surface 0-6	C	N.					X	X.		·
0/80	84-7	1520	Site 235-03-B	Subsurface 6-36	C	N								$\times$
0180	84-6	1/520	Sil 235-03-B	Subsurface (0-36"	C	N.		$\  \cdot \ $			X	$\mathcal{X}$		•

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	National
ك	Laboratories
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# ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

SCL- 01762

AR/COC No.: AR/COC 0 0805 5
PAGE 3 OF 3 00 932 08

ANALYSES

(Continuation)

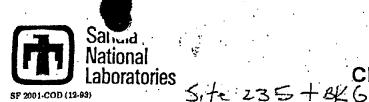
		<u> </u>	
Sample - Fraction			Sample Type Grab/Comp.  OC Sample Type  A L M.C.
	Time	LOCATION	COMMENTS "
018084-5	1520	Sih 235-03-B	Subsurface Sor/ 6-36" CNX
018084 (12)			
018085 -1 '	1600	Site 235-BKG-11-A	Surface soil 0-6" CNX
018085-41			Subsurface Soil 6-36" CNX
018086-11			GNX
018086-21		D. I. Rinsc water	<u> </u>
010000 2	74.75	O'L AMELINA	
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# ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

AR/COC-01932

F 2001-COC (12-98)		•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ſ	PAGEOF
Department No.:	75	82.	1	Date Samples	Shipped:	WAYAD BY	Bill to:	
Project/Task Manager:	JIH1	RULLEN	14/1	`Carrier/Wa	ybill No.:	等行"4H2包包"。		Supplier Services Department
Project Name:	Jijei	195 AV	440	Lab De	stination:			P.O. Box 5800 MS 0154
Sample Team Members	<u>,                                    </u>	<u>-</u>		Lab	Contact:	Mosely 1/6, Silking	· ·	Albuquerque, NM 87185-0154
	<del> </del>			SMO Contac			Contract No.:	67-9736A
_	<u> </u>	<del>,</del>		Send Report	THE STATE OF		Case No.:	
SCL or Logbook Ref. No.;	01.70	22		SMO Refere	nce No.:		SMO Authorization:	1) Mday (X
Sample - Fraction	Sample Matrix	Date/Time Collected	Container Type	Sample Volume	Preservative	Required Analytical	Testing.	Lab Sample Condition on Number 15 MReceipt
018080-2	Zail	9/30/14/10/5	6/165	5000	ا) ه	TAL MYTALS (COULD	(7000)	
014080-5		1/10/2				TAY METALS (6010)	2000	
01408)-5		1102				Tal Motals, C+1	<u> </u>	
018081-1		. 1105				TAI Metals C, To	<u> </u>	
118-081-2	'   '	1106				TPH (8015), RN	A(8270)	· A Parameter Commence of the
118081-7		104				TPH/RNA	<u> </u>	
018081-8		1104				TAL Metals Crite	<b>*</b>	
01808)-10		1104				TPH	<u> </u>	
0191181-6	1.4	1704	: 1/.	1.4	1.1	110c (8240)	<u> </u>	
118083-5	Water	13:00	6/055	1 life	Hel	TPH	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
018083-6	mater	N 1300	Poly	Miler	Nach	General		
Possible Hazard Identifica ⊠ Non-hazard ☐ Flamma		πitant Pois	7.	adiological	· · .	Reference attached radiological scre specific contact readings.	eening for	1
Turnaround Time	Requi	red Report Date				Special Instructions/QC Requirements		
Sample Disposal  Return to Client	Disposal by Lab	Archive Unt	il	13/-/-				
1. Relinquished by M	bello	org. 75 8	Z Dete	73/11/ Tim	01/20.	4. Relinquished by	Org.	Date Time
1. Received by	y / Som	Org. 5/10	<del></del>	19/3/94 Tim		4. Received by	Org.	Date Time
2. Relinquished by	/Com	Org JM-7	<del>-</del>	10/3/94 Tim		5. Relinquished by	Org.	Date Time
2. Received by		Org.	Date	// Tim		5. Received by	Org.	'Date Time
3. Relinquished by		Org.	Date	<del></del>		6. Relinquished by	Org.	Date Time
3. Received by 🚐 .		Org.	Date	Tim	ie j	6. Received by	Org.	Dateime



### ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

(continuation)

AR/COC- 00805-5

PAGE OF OF

Brinkman Project/Task Manager: Project Name: 1 Date/Time Container Sample Sämple Sample Preservative Required Analytical Testing ,-.Fraction Number Volume Matrix Collected Type 9130/94/1300 POLY Sulfue C TKN/NO3/NO2 500 Walu 018083-4 CALL 400 Waler. 250. 018083-2 1300 Row TAL Motok nteis Police liter 0/8083-3 1300 40 C BNA explosives. 018083 GLASS 2 liter 1380 40ml HC 10C 018083-7 Glass 1300 40 ml VOC 6/055 HC1 018083-8 1300 500 61a55 TPH 018082-2 1435 TAL metals / Crto\* 1435 018082-1 018082-7 1435 TAL metals 1435 018082-5 018082-6 1435 TPH. 1435 50 10C 018082-3 150 10C 018082-4 1435 TPH IBNA 018084-1515 Glass 500 CC+6x 018084-2 TAL netals/ 1520 TP4/BNA 018084-7 1520 018084-6 1520 W. . TAL metals 018084-5 5.5. VOC ISDO 150 TAL Mitals 08085-500 Glass 600 TAL Metals 018085-4 600 018086-VOC 5,5. 150 150 5.5. 018086-2



WHITE - To Accompany Samples,

### ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

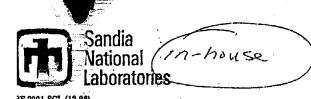
940518

PINK- Field Copy

AR/COC-00934

SF 2001-COC (12-95)								P	AGE/_ OF	<u></u>	
Department No.:	7582			Date Samples	Shipped:	# 10/349g	/a: 200 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00 00	Bill to:	Sandia Nation	al Laboratories	
Project/Task Manager:	Jim B	rinkma	w	Carrier/Way	The latest the	STALL				ces Department	
Project Name: 1	eras di	(1040) Si	215	Lab Des	stination:	//x//2017/7	7/57	•	P.O. Box 5800		··
Sample Team Members	Jan	Citatie		Lab	Contact:	ferwardis		• •	Albuquerque,	NM 87185-0154	
· <u>-</u>	<u> </u>	<del> </del>		SMO Contac	:VPhone:	050X0-1-31		Contract No.:	N/1	<u> </u>	
٠				Send Report	to SMO:	WK5KN I		Case No.:	3432	300	
SCL or Logbook Ref. No.: _	0.170	6 <u>3                                    </u>	)	SMO Refere	nce No.:			SMO Authorization:	O M	Jan La	
Sample - Fraction Number	Sample Matrix	Date/Time Collected	Container Type	Sample Volume	Preservative	Red	quired Analytical	Testing	Lab Sam Numbe		
018680-3	Soil	9/10/5	macinelli	500	None	Gamma	Spec		7111		
018080-6		18/2	1	11:			1				
0/8/18/-3		1/00					·				
018081-9		1104			<b>.</b> .					Y e	
0/8084-3	1	1515							Harry L	/ 10	in the second
018084-8		1520							etter i i g	der ere	
01.8095-2		/600									
118085-5	W.	11000		(, .							
0/8083-9	Water	1300		1	V				A sylvenia		
	1										
					· .		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				湖岸
Possible Hazard Identificat		mitant Poise	on B F	Radiological		Reference attaches specific contact rea	adings.	ening for		,	
Turnaround Time	• • •					Special Instructions/Q0					
Normal Rush	Requi	red Report Date				•	137	IFORMA	MON (	ONLY	•
Sample Disposal  Return to Client Di	sposal by Lab	Archive Unti	II					· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	·	·	
1. Relinquished by W	Land	Org. 75	Date	10/3/8/time	0//25	I. Relinquished by		Org.	Date	Time	
1. Received by firty	ICAL	Org. Sing,	757£ Date	10/3 /14 Tim	1/25	. Received by		Org.	Date	Time	
2. Relinquished by	Kne	نه کر Org.	75.74 Date	10/3/94 Tim		5. Relinquished by		Org.	Date	Time	
2. Received by	2	Org:SNL7		<del>- / -/</del>		5. Received by		Org.	Date	Time	<u> </u>
3, Relinquished by	3-10			10/6/54,Tim	(	3. Relinquished by		Org.	Date	Time	
3. Received by	4 1///	016272086	757/ Date	1/ h.Tim	0.11/2	3. Received by		Om.	Date	Time	

BLUE- To Accompany Samples, YELLOW- SMO Suspense Copy



### ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

**SCL-** 01763

AR/COC No.: AR/COC 170805-1/

th 5001-200 (15-82)			, .		*										r AG	<u> </u>			<u>= : </u>		<del>- /</del>
GENERAL	DATE: 9	30 /	94 WEA	THER: SL.	nny /c	len	₹ 80°	F.	SAMPLI	IG N. A	HISTE CONT	UR	T15	OFIG.	58.	PHS	O 5	2	C 3-	335	70
INFORMATION									INFORMA		<u>7307</u>		ل، ک <sup>۳</sup>	78	<u>23:</u>	<u> </u>	+ B	KG	12	<u></u>	
	PURPOSE	OF SAM	IPLING: /	relim.	mary	<u>, T</u>	nvistig	Salid	<u> </u>			·				···-				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
SAMPLE	MATRIX:					WATER		L HA	Z WASTE C	THER				·	_	i.	A	NALY	'SES		
DESCRIPTION	COLLECT FROM:	TED D	RUM TAN	K SURFA	CE WATER J	ZF€OIF .	☐ WASTE WAT	TER 🔲	GROUND WAT	ER.	OTHER_					20					
Sample - Fi Number - Fi	raction	Time		LOCATIO	N				COMM	ENTS			·	Sample Type Grab/Comp.	OC Sample (Y/N)	Батмс					
0/8080	-3/	015	BKG-	12-1	1		Surfre	u 5	oit		7-60	<u> </u>		C	<u> </u>	$\times$					
018080	5-61	10/2	BKG	-12-	B	1	50 bsur			/	6-3	36/		C	N	× .					
018081	t t	1	Site 2	35 - (	) I-A		Surface				0-61	•		C	N	X					
018081	-9,	1104	Site 2	35-0	11-B		Subsurt				6-30				N	X					
018083	-9 1	300	Site 2				Rinsat				•		(î)	6	<u>y</u> ;	ΧĪ					
018084	1	515	Site 2		3-A	- 1	Surface		· / · · (	)-(	0//		<u> </u>	8	N :	X					
018084		520	Site	235-0	3B	-	Subsufa	in Ze	,	نسری	3611		,-	C	N	Y.				<u>'</u>	
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PROJECT	PROJECT NAM	4E	rocks	CASE NU	MBER 32.30		PRO	JECT CON						ORG	ל <u>י</u>	80		SOL	5-8	48-	04
*ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:																		,	· 		
(Log Book Ref. #)			•																	<u></u>	
		,	NAME			^	SIGNATUR	E		INIT			COM	PAN	Y/OR	GANIZ	ZATIO	N		•	
SAMPLE	1. Jan	Cuc	tis		1)m	Tur	F			77	Mesz	5N					<u></u>	•			
TEAM MEMBERS	2.				1	<u> </u>			······································												
	3.	_								·	•	<del>,</del>			. •						
SAMPLE TRACKING	SAMPLE DIST S/V DATE SHIPPE	L- "	T. 200 C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C. C.	/4/5	TRANSPORT DATA ENTER		14C	al L	iQ.			SPE 8y:	OIAL HANG	DUNG:	L.						
*NOTE	: Any addi	itional a	ampling inf	ormation m	ust be reco	rded in	an SNL-Iss	ued Log	Book or S	CL Co	ntinuation	Form v	with a R	lefere	ence l	Vo. en	tered	in th	ів врас	e.	200.00

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* SNL Radiation Sample Diagnostic Program (7715)/881 04-0CT-94 10:02:07 \* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* J.BRINKMAN/E.RANKIN (7582/SMO) 018083-9 Reviewed by : 94051805.DAT Sample Quantity: 500.000 Data File Acquire Date: 04-OCT-94 08:17:02 \* Efficiency File: WMAR1.EFF \* Library Sample Date: 30-SEP-94 13:00:00 File: RSDP.LIB Sample Type: LIQUID \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* Preset Live Time: 6000.0 FWHM at 1332 KeV sec \* Peak Search Sensitivity: 4.0 Elapsed Live Time: 6000.0 sec Elapsed Real Time: 6000.0 \* Gaussian Assymetry : 10.0 % sec \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \* Fit Iterations Detector : DET1 Calib Date: 30-AUG-94 09:23:06 \* Energy Tolerance: 1.5 KeV. \* Half Life Ratio : 8.0 KeV/Channel: .36608 Offset -.14939\* Abundance Limit : 50.00 % \*\*\*\*\*\* version 1.2] [Summary Report -- SNL (7715) --Activity MDA 2-sigma (PCI /ML Nuclide (PCI /ML Error 1.91E-01 U-238 Not Detected 1.92E-01 TH-234. Not Detected U-234 Not Detected 3.66E+00 RA-226 Not Detected 3.27E-01 2.74E-02 PB-214 Not Detected Not Detected 2.36E-02 BI-214 Not Detected 0.00E+00 PB-210 TH-232 Not Detected 5,39E-02 5.39E-02 RA-228 Not Detected AC-228 Not Detected 4.86E-02 TH-228 Not Detected 2.46E-02 2.54E-01 RA-224 Not Detected PB-212 Not Detected 2.47E-02 Not Detected BI-212 9.05E-02 Not Detected . TL-208 3.29E-02 U-235 Not Detected 2.02E-02 TH-231 Not Detected 1.31E-01 Not Detected PA-231 3.84E-01 AC-227 Not Detected 7.00E-01 TH-227 Not Detected 7.75E-02 4.80E-02 AM-241 Not Detected NP-237 Not Detected 7.59E-02

2.50E+02

4.36E-02

Not Detected

Not Detected

PA-233

TH-229

ID: J.BRINKMAN/E.RANKIN (7582/SMO) 018083-9.

				~		
	• • •	Activity	2-sigma	MDA		
	Nuclide	(PCI /ML )	Error	(PCI /ML	<b>)</b>	•
	PU-239	Not Detected		1.27E+02		
	AG-110	Not Detected		9.83E-03		
	·BE-7	Not Detected		7.75E-02		
	AR-41	Short Half-Life				•
	BA-133	Not Detected		1.34E-02		
	BA-140	Not Detected		4.09E-02		•
	BI-207	Not Detected		1.35E-02		
	CD-109	Not Detected		2.70E-01	•	
	CE-139	Not Detected		1.11E-02		
	CE-144	Not Detected		8.44E-02	Δ.	14 to 1 (A)
	CO-56	-4.35E-02	1.62E-02	<del></del>	- YT48M	1016/44 (N.
	CO-57	Not Detected		1.04E-02	~ <b>γ</b>	
	CO-58	Not Detected		1.21E-02		
	CO-60	Not Detected		1.31E-02		•
	CR-51	Not Detected		1.01E-01		
	CS-134	Not Detected		9.65E-03	•	
	CS-137	Not Detected		1.10E-02		
	CU-64	Not Detected		6.24E+02		
	EU-152	Not Detected		3.10E-02	•	,
	EU-154	Not Detected		4.79E-02		
	EU-155	Not Detected		4.44E-02		
	FE-59	Not Detected		1.60E-02		
	GD-153	Not Detected		3.11E-02		
	HG-203	Not Detected		1.30E-02		
	I-125	Not Detected		0.00E+00		
	I-129	Not Detected		0.00E+00		
	I-131	Not Detected		1.59E-02		
	IN-115M	Short Half-Life				
	IR-192	Not Detected		1.02E-02		•
	K-40	4.72E-01	1.76E-01			
	LA-140	Not Detected		4.64E-02		
	MN-54	Not Detected		1.36E-02	, .	
	MN-56	Short Half-Life				•
٠	NA-22	Not Detected		1.14E-02		
	NA-24	Not Detected		6.99E-01		•
	NB-95	Not Detected		7.54E-02	•	
	RU-103	Not Detected		1.02E-02		• • •
	RU-106	Not Detected		7.75E-02		1
	SB-124	Not Detected		9.56E-03		
	SB-125	Not Detected		2.48E-02		
	SB-126	Not Detected		8.30E-03	• • • •	
	SC-46	Not Detected		1.10E-02	• •	
	SN-113	Not Detected		1.32E-02		
	SR-85	Not Detected		8.57E-03		
	TA-182	Not Detected		7.588-02		•
	TE-123M	Not Detected		1.17E-02	: •	
	TL-201	Not Detected		2.14E-01		•
	XE-133	Not Detected		4.94B-02	•	
	Y-88	Not Detected	*,	1.31E-02		
	ZN-65	Not Detected		2.25E-02	•	
	ZR-95	Not Detected		2.02E-02		
	•	* * *	•			



Page 1 of 4

#### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1-DV1)

VCOC No. 0 0 933	Analytical laboratory Quant	SDG N	ő	635	्राकृतक स्थापको	i rani
VCOC No.	Analytical taboratory	SDG N		Name of the last		
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Sample Collection L	<u>.00</u>	The second secon		the second		`
	and the state of t					il ak
	The same of the sa	Con	plete?	Cone	cted?	
	len	Yes	No	Yes .	No	
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Seneral information		1/		1	1	
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Sample ID number(s) and frac	tion number(s)				# 30 To 10	
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ime of sample collection	Company of the second s	V	217		April 10 M	
Sample type	and the second process of the second process				1 J 🔾	
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Comments 3		/	nene.	igs abrom was with or 3 mile	CARNED &	
nalyses requested	and the second s		1			<b>I</b> .
roject information	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1			
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				<b></b>	from the second	91 ·
Regulatory program Special QC requirement		NA NA	1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2			1

<ul><li>Descric</li></ul>	e any	nücotte	ted del	liciencies in	Section 5.0.	*Completeness	Assessment,	-bei	low.

Comments are only required for QC samples; for other samples, this item can be blank.

Reviewed by:	MB Garcia	
		:

Project Name Tijckas / Case Number 3632 300

#### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION/LEVEL 1—DV1) Page 2 of 4

		Com	olete?	Corre	cted?	
/Item	, i	Yes	No	Yes	No	1
Page number and lotal number of pages	2013		N. Branch	PART.		
Project Information	, (j. 1.5)		.€. ·		1	
Sample shipping information	1111		No grande de	CLE WAS PERSONAL		
Contract and case number				N. 444. 4		
SMO authorization signature		/			$_{2}\Delta \hat{\chi}_{1}^{0}$	22. 33.3
Location Information guerrance de la la la la la la la la la la la la la	A 300		15 071			]
Sample number(s)/iraction number(s)		~		gers (199	4.49.00	
Sample ID information						
Detertime sample(s) collected	ي سادند.	V				
Sample matrix (Approximately September 1997)	·	V				]]
Containe type(s)		1/2	is regard of	in arm in	September 1997	Market Street
Sample volume		V		7.7.		100
Preservative (chemical and/or thermal)					1905 (10	
Sample collection method	: -	NA				<b>1</b>
Sample type	. <u></u>	1	<u> </u>		19 5 3 4	
Required analytical testing		1				1007
Sample information	'	· /				
Special instruction/OC requirements	٠٠.	<b>✓</b>				
Custody records	·	$\leftarrow$		15.0	->	<b>J</b>
Láb sample number	•		-			<u> </u>
Condition upon receipt	**					]

<sup>\*</sup> Describe any uncorrected deliciencies in Section 5:0 "Completeness Assessment" below.

#### 3.0 Document Comparison

	Com	pleie?	Corre	cred?
Цет	Yes	No	Yes	No
Dates on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree.	レン			1000
Sample !earn members on the Sample Collection Log and the AP/COC agree.				
Sample ID numbers on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree.				
Date and time on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree.	/	181		
Analyses requested on AR/COC agree with those shown on Sample Collection Log.			11.4	
Project information on Sample Collection Log and AR/COC agree.	<b>V</b>		1.0	. "Le
The sample location on the Sample Collection Log agrees with the AR/COC and project-specific plan requirements or authorized changes to the plan(s).			\. 	
The number of investigative and OC samples collected was that specified in the project-specific plan(s) or authorized changes to the plan(s).				
The analyses requested on the ARVCOC were those specified in the project-specific plan(s) or authorized changes to the plan(s).				

Describe any uncorrected deliclencies in Section 5.0, "Completeness Assessment," below.

Date: Reviewed by:



### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1—DV1)

Page 3 of 4.

#### 4.0 Analytical Laboratory Report

Reviewed by: 186 aucia

		Con	plete?	Corre	cted?
	Item	Yes	. No	Yes	Noa
Data reviewed, signature	The state of the s	1000	Palasign 4	·特别 (30%)	চুক্তি হৈছিল
Date samples received		1			
Method reference number(s)	Control of the Contro	1			
Quality control data	And the second s	1			
Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate o	ata	1			
Varrative complete	water the second of the second	1			
escribe any uncorrected deliciencies	in Section 5.0 *Completeness Assessment* b	elow,	क्षास्त्रहरूषः । इतिहासन् सङ्ग्रह	ar y kalang	

5.1 Sample Collection Log	
All boxes on the Sample Collection Log are com Some boxes have been checked no; all problem	s are resolved.
If any boxes have been checked no, describe pr	oblem and resolution:
	स्तुतकेतः स्त्रापुष्टक विश्ववस्थानिक विश्ववस्थानिक ।
5.2 Analysis Request And Chain Of Gustody Re	The second of th
All boxes on the AR/COC review are complete:	
Some boxes have been checked no; all problem	s are resolved.
	oblem and resolution:

### DOCUMENTATION COMPLETENESS CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 1—DV1)

Page 4 of 4

Some boxes have been checked	An order		
If any boxes have been checked	no, describe problem and re	solution:	
	<u> </u>	Land to the second of the second	S. A. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.
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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

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ltem	Yes	No	If no, Sample	ID No./Fraction(s) and Analysis
1) Sample volume, container, and preservation correct?				A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH
Holding times met for all samples?	/			Andrew Agents (1997) (1
3) Reporting units appropriate for the matrix and meet project-specific requirements?  [Additional contents of the content of				tion of a consideration of the consideration of the consideration of the constant of the const
4) Quantitation limit met for all samples?		/	018080,018 018080,018	1081, 018084, 018085 083
5) Accuracy a) Laboratory control sample accuracy reported and met for all samples?			o compression of the control of the	ew belt of about 16 CIMENT
b) Surrogate data reported and met for all organic samples analyzed by a gas chromatography technique?	ψA	\$ 150 \$ 150	Break to the Sisters	ange to elevision out the first of a constant of the constant

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## DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

Page 2 of 5

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ltem	Yes	No	If no, Sample ID No./Fraction(s) and Analysis
c) Matrix spike recovery data			
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samples for which it was	:		A STATE OF THE STA
requested?	,		
6) Precision			
a) Laboratory control sample			
precision reported and met for			<u> </u>
all samples?			
b) Matrix spike duplicate:RPD	·		Security of the property of the security of th
data reported and met for all			
samples for which it was	.,		A CONTRACTOR OF THE STATE OF TH
requested?			
7) Blank data			angan kanada kalanda Maraja kanada Marana kanada kanada kanada kanada kanada kanada kanada kanada kanada kanad
a) Method or reagent blank data			
reported and met for all			
samples?		National Control (Co	the state of the s
b) Sampling blank (e.g., field,	,		
trip, and equipment) data			
reported and met?			
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3) Narrative included, correct, and	77		
complete?	in There is		
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			st be explained in this section. For each item, give
IL/NM ID No. and the analysis, if a	opropria	te, of a	Ill samples affected by the finding:
4. Troufficient sample		ul.	was received to achief the
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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

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#### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2-DV2)

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3.0 SUMMARY: Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted. Use the qualifiers given at the end of the table if possible. Explain any other qualifiers in the comments column...

Sample/ Fraction No.	Analysis	Qualifiers	Comments
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- J = Estimated quantity (provide reason)
- B = Contamination in blank (indicate which blank)
- R = Reporting units inappropriate
- of the material
- UJ = The material was analyzed for but was not detected. The associated value is an estimate and may be inaccurate or imprecise.
- Q = Quantitation limit does not meet criteria.
- A = Laboratory accuracy does not meet criteria
- P = Laboratory precision does not meet criteria U = Analyte is undetected (indicate which analyte and reason for qualification)
- N = There is presumptive evidence of the presence NJ = There is presumptive evidence of the presence of the material at an estimated quantity.

Reviewed by:

Date:

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### DATA QUALITY INDICATOR CHECKLIST (DATA VERIFICATION/VALIDATION LEVEL 2—DV2)

Page 5 of 5.

#### SAMPLE FINDINGS SUMMARY CONTINUATION SHEET

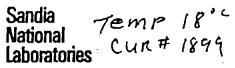
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Task/Project Leader must approve data package.

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# ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD



AR/COC- 00933

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De	partment No.:	758	2		Date Samples S	Shipped:	10/3/94	Bill to:	Sandia Nationa	al Laboratories
Project/Tr	ask Manager:	Jim	Briskin	An_	Camer/Waybill No.:			_		es Department
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	Sandia National Laboratories St. Louis
SF 2001-SCL (12	-93)

### ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

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SF 2001-SCC (4-94)	$\sim$

ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS
SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

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(Continuation)

AR/COC No.: AR/COC OO

ANALYSES

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WHITE - To Sample Management Office

PINK - Originator



#### **ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD**

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SF 2001-COC (12-93)		•		·.			•.	Р.	AGEOF	·				
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Project Name: 1	ieras di	1040 5	215	Lab De	stination:	4/15/52/19757	45.		P.O. Box 5800					
Sample Team Members	Jan	Cultie		Lab	Contact:	neva de		·	Albuquerque,	uquerque, NM 87185-0154				
_				SMO Contac	://Phone:	<i>508678</i>		Contract No.:	N/B					
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VHITE - To Accompany Samples,

# ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

710.518

PINK. Field Conv

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BLUE- To Accompany Samples. YELLOW- SMO Suspense Conv

1	Sandia National Laboratories
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### ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

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\*NOTE: Any additional sampling information must be recorded in an SNL-Issued Log Book or SCL Continuation Form with a Reference No. entered in this space.

<b>H</b>	Sandia National Laboratories
F 2001-SCC (4-94)	

WHITE - To Sample Management Office

PINK - Originator

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# **ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS** SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

(Continuation)

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AR/COC: 604200 Data Type: Organic, Inorganic, Rad, and G. Chem. Site: Site 227 Method/CAS Number (Analysis/Analyte) Sample ID W 054629-002 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-\$ 054638-001 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-S w 054639-001 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-DU w 054837-002 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S w 054640-001 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-TB w 054641-001 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S w 054629-003 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S 054637-003 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S EPA8270: Quality nondetects "UJ, A" and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthelets "J, A." III, B3 EPA8270: Qualify nondetects "UJ, A." W, 83 J, A2 054629-005 / TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S

Date: 05/31/01

Validated By: Kin A Zanbut

# Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



Albuquerque, NM 87123 Phone: 505-299-5201 Fax: 505-299-6744

Email: minteer@aol.com

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

May 31, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kevin Lambert

SUBJECT:

Radiochemical Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227 Drilling, AR/COC No. 604200, SDG No. 39900/39905 (GEL), and

Project/Task No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### Summary

The samples were prepared and analyzed with accepted procedures and specified method (Tritium – EPA906.0, Gamma Spec. – HASL300, Isotopic Plutonium – HASL300, and Isotopic Uranium – HASL300. All analytes were successfully analyzed. A problem was identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

 Isotopic Plutonium: For sample 39900-010, the tracer recovery (47%) was less than (<) the lower QC acceptance limit (50%). Plutonium-239/240 was non-detect and is not qualified as a result. Plutonium-238 was detect and is qualified "J."

Data is acceptable and QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### **Holding Times**

<u>Tritium, Gamma Spec., Isotopic Plutonium, and Isotopic Uranium</u>: The samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times.

#### Calibration

<u>Tritium, Gamma Spec., Isotopic Plutonium, and Isotopic Uranium</u>: Case narratives state all initial and continuing calibration requirements were met.

#### **Blanks**

<u>Tritium, Gamma Spec., Isotopic Plutonium, and Isotopic Uranium</u>: No target analytes were detected in the method blank (MB) except for U-233/234. Sample results were greater than (>) 5x the MB value; no data are qualified as a result.

# Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) Analyses

<u>Tritium, Gamma Spec., Isotopic Plutonium, and Isotopic Uranium</u>: The LCS met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Matrix Spike (MS) Analyses

<u>Tritium</u>: No MS was run on this sample delivery group (SDG). An MS was run on another SDG in the batch and met QC acceptance criteria.

Gamma Spec., Isotopic Plutonium and Isotopic Uranium: Not Applicable

## Replicate Analyses

<u>Tritium</u>: No replicate analysis was run on this SDG. A replicate analysis was run on another SDG in the batch and met QC acceptance criteria.

Gamma Spec., Isotopic Plutonium, and Isotopic Uranium: Replicate analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Tracer Recovery

<u>Isotopic Plutonium and Isotopic Uranium</u>: The tracer recoveries met QC acceptance criteria except for plutonium in sample 39900-010. Plutonium in sample 39900-010 is qualified as noted above in summary section.

#### Other QC

Tritium, Gamma Spec., Isotopic Plutonium, and Isotopic Uranium: Not Applicable

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

# Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



Albuquerque, NM 87123 Phone: 505-299-5201 Fax: 505-299-6744

Fax: 505-299-0/44 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### MEMORANDUM

DATE:

May 31, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kevin Lambert

SUBJECT:

General Chemistry Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227 Drilling, ARCOC No. 604200, SDG No. 3990/39905 (GEL), and

Project/Task No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

### Summary

The samples were prepared and analyzed with accepted procedures and specified methods (Total Cyanide – EPA9012A, Chloride – EPA300.0, and Chromium VI – EPA7196A). All parameters were successfully analyzed. A problem was identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

 Total Cyanide: The matrix spike percent recovery (MS %R) for total cyanide (135%) was greater than (>) the upper QC acceptance limit (130%). Sample 39900-006 was nondetect and is not qualified as a result. Sample 39900-007 was detect and is qualified "J, A2."

Data is acceptable and QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### **Holding Times**

<u>Total Cyanide, Chloride, and Chromium VI</u>: The samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times.

## **Calibration**

<u>Total Cyanide, Chloride, and Chromium VI</u>: The initial and continuing calibration met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Blanks

Total Cyanide, Chloride, and Chromium VI: No target analytes were detected in the initial calibration blank (ICB), the continuing calibration blank (CCB), or method blank (MB).

Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (LCS/LCSD) Analyses

Total Cyanide, Chloride, and Chromium VI: The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria.

### Matrix Spike (MS) Analyses

Chloride and Chromium VI: The MS met QC acceptance criteria.

<u>Total Cyanide</u>: The MS did not meet QC acceptance criteria. Total cyanide is qualified as noted above in the summary section.

#### Replicate Analyses

Total Cyanide, Chloride, and Chromium VI: The replicate analysis met QC acceptance criteria.

## Other QC

Total Cyanide, Chloride, and Chromium VI: Not applicable.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

# Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123 Phone: 505-299-5201

Fax: 505-299-6744 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

May 31, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kevin Lambert

SUBJECT:

Inorganic Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227 Drilling, ARCOC No. 604200, SDG No. 39900/39905 (GEL), and

Project/Task No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### Summary

The samples were prepared and analyzed with accepted procedures and specified methods (ICP – EPA6010B and CVAA – EPA7471A). All parameters were successfully analyzed. Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

CVAA Analysis: The continuing calibration blank (CCB) absolute value for mercury was >
the detection limit (DL) but < the reporting limit (RL). The mercury results were non-detect
and are qualified "UJ, B3."</li>

Data is acceptable and QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### Holding Times

ICP and CVAA Analysis: The samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times.

#### Calibration

ICP and CVAA Analysis. Initial and continuing calibration verification data met QC acceptance criteria.

# **Blanks**

ICP Analysis: No target analytes were detected in the initial calibration blank (ICB) except for cadmium, arsenic, and titanium. The ICB values for these analytes were > the DL but the sample results were non-detect or > 5x the ICB values; no data are qualified as a result. No target analytes were detected in the CCB except for barium and titanium. Barium and titanium CCB values were > the DL and sample results were > 5x the CCB values; no data are qualified as a result. No target analytes were detected in the method blank (MB) except for barium. Barium results were > 5x the MB value; no data are qualified as a result.

CVAA Analysis: Mercury was not detected in the ICB and MB. Mercury was detected in the CCB and was qualified as noted above in the summary section.

# Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (LCS/LCSD) Analyses

ICP Analysis: The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria.

CVAA Analysis: The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Matrix Spike (MS) Analyses

ICP Analysis: The MS met QC acceptance criteria.

CVAA Analysis: No MS was run on this sample delivery group (SDG). An MS was run on another SDG in the batch and met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Replicate Analyses

ICP Analysis: The replicate analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

CVAA Analysis: No replicate analysis was run on this SDG. A replicate analysis was run on another SDG in the batch and met QC acceptance criteria.

#### ICP Interference Check Sample (ICS) Analysis

ICP Analysis: The ICS data met QC acceptance criteria.

#### ICP Serial Dilution

ICP Analysis: The serial dilution met QC acceptance criteria except for lead. The RPD for thallium (11%) was > 10% but the sample results were < 50x RL; no data are qualified as a result.

#### Other QC

ICP and CVAA Analysis: Not Applicable

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

# Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123

Phone: 505-299-5201 Fax: 505-299-6744 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### MEMORANDUM

DATE:

May 31, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kevin Lambert

SUBJECT:

Organic Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227 Drilling, ARCOC No. 604200, SDG No. 39900/39905 (GEL), and

Project/Task No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### Summary

The samples were prepared and analyzed with accepted procedures and specified methods (VOC – EPA8260B, SVOC – EPA8270C, and HE - EPA8330). All compounds were successfully analyzed. Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

- VOC Analysis Trip Blank (TB): The calibration response factor (RF) for trichloroethene (0.27) was less than (<) the specified minimum (0.30) but greater than (>) 0.01. Sample result was non-detect and data is qualified "UJ."
- VOC Analysis Soil Samples: The calibration RF for trichloroethene (0.24) was < the specified minimum (0.30) but > 0.01. Sample results were non-detect and data are qualified "UJ."
- SVOC Analysis: More than half the LCS/LCSD compounds were outside percent recovery (%R) QC acceptance criteria (see worksheet). The LCS/LCSD relative percent difference (RPD) and the MS/MSD met QC acceptance criteria. Sample results that were nondetect and are qualified "UJ, A." Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate in 39900-006 was detect and is qualified "J, A."

Data is acceptable except as noted above. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### **Holding Times**

<u>VOC, SVOC, and HE Analysis</u>: The samples were extracted and analyzed within the prescribed holding times.

## Calibration

<u>VOC Analysis – TB</u>: The initial calibration data met QC acceptance criteria except for trichloroethene. Trichloroethene is qualified as noted above in the summary section. The continuing calibration data met QC acceptance criteria except for acetone, 2-butanone, 2-hexanone, and xylenes. The continuing calibration verification percent difference (CCV %D) for these compounds (-27%, -32%, -23%, and -24% respectively) were > 20% and < 40%. All other QC met criteria and sample results were non-detect. As a result, based on professional judgment, no data are qualified.

VOC Analysis – Soil Samples: The initial calibration data met QC acceptance criteria except for trichloroethene. Trichloroethene is qualified as noted above in the summary section. The continuing calibration data met QC acceptance criteria except for 1,1,1-trichloroethane, carbon tetrachloride, and tetrachloroethane. The CCV %D for these compounds (24%, 30%, and 21% respectively) were > 20% but < 40%. All other QC met criteria and sample results were non-detect. As a result, based on professional judgment, no data are qualified.

SVOC Analysis: The initial calibration data met QC acceptance criteria except for acenaphthene. The calibration RF (0.88) was slightly < the specified minimum RF (0.90) and > 0.01. Sample results were non-detect and as a result, based on professional judgment, no data are qualified. The continuing calibration data met QC acceptance criteria except for 3-nitroaniline, 4-nitrophenol, 4-nitroaniline, and carbazole. The CCV %D for these compounds (26%, 28%, 38%, and 22% respectively) were > 20% but < 40%. Sample results were non-detect and as a result, based on professional judgment, no data are qualified.

HE Analysis: The initial and continuing calibration data met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Blanks

<u>VOC, SVOC, and HE Analysis</u>: No target analytes were detected in the method blank (MB).

Laboratory Control Sample/Laboratory Control Sample Duplicate (LCS/LCSD) Analyses

VOC and HE Analysis: The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria.

<u>SVOC Analysis</u>: The LCS/LCSD met QC acceptance criteria except for the %R for more than half of the LCS/LCSD compounds. Sample results are qualified as noted above in the summary section.

# Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Analyses

VOC Analysis – TB and Soil Samples: No MS/MSD was run on this sample delivery group (SDG). An MS/MSD was run on another SDG in the batch and met QC acceptance criteria.

SVOC Analysis: No MS/MSD was run on this SDG. An MS/MSD was run on another SNL SDG in the batch and met QC acceptance criteria.

HE Analysis: The MS/MSD met QC acceptance criteria.

# Surrogates

VOC Analysis - TB and Soil Samples: The surrogate recoveries met QC acceptance criteria.

SVOC Analysis: The surrogate recoveries met QC acceptance criteria.

HE Analysis: The surrogate recoveries met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Internal Standards

VOC Analysis - TB and Soil Samples: Internal standards data met QC acceptance criteria.

SVOC Analysis: Internal standards data met QC acceptance criteria.

## Confirmation

HE Analysis: Not required, sample results were non-detect.

## Other QC

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: No target analytes were detected in the TB except for toluene. Sample results were non-detect and no data are qualified as a result. No equipment blank (EB) was submitted on the ARCOC. A field duplicate pair was submitted, however there are no "required" review criteria for field duplicate analyses comparability.

**SVOC Analysis:** Not Applicable

**HE Analysis:** Not Applicable

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

**Data Validation Summary** 

Site/Project: 5,71, 227 Project/Task #: 7225,02,02.09	# of Samples: 14 Matrix: 13 Soil 1 Aqueous
AR/COC#: 604200	Laboratory Sample IDs:
Laboratory: GEC	39900-001 to -013 (Soil)
Laboratory Report #: 39900/39905	39905-001 (TB)

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74-87-3	Chloromethane	76	10	25-26-64-7	<del></del>	<del>- 37-</del>	۱.	_	JA . FEDER	7	74	TENER DESIGN	Service reserve	STANSON STANSON	3.0. 203.77	10-142 - 44 :	Jate - Re		A			Transfer Laboration	
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67-64-FW	pertone (Cabil)			域所著方		ETKE		建建	14	100		LA PA	140.E.		100		C. 2	13.1	Mag	44		东南山南	2.10
75-15-0	carbon disulfide	$\sqrt{0}$		A		1		200.00					over the co		प्रस्तिक स्टब्स	1	1.0		Ĺ			(Architecture)	de la constant
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75-27-4	Bromodichloromothene	710		e sou an order each			222	Z MATERIAL PROPERTY.	Married 1	March MD I	01-14/2.3	MET OF SE	MERCHANICA P	100000	۲.		( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( ) ( )	HARRIN		142.00	1	CON P 00 4 700	1
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124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	V. 0	2.10			<b>V</b>			·							Ī	Lž						
79-00-5		<b>V.</b> IO			1				Ĺ					[6/3		descript.	-			$oldsymbol{L}$			<u> </u>
				刘老李帝等	B. C. Carlo	7 V.			羅羅	17.12	. V.	* V **	2.5	1	原生	文的				40.5	(CUS)	A A RES	月中海河
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75-25-2		<b>1/1</b> 0		ļ	/	<b>-</b>	┞	L_		Ь—				<b></b>		<b>}</b>	1.6			-	<u> </u>		Ϊ—
108-10-1		<b>/</b> /		<del>                                     </del>	-	<u> </u>	١.,	/-		<b> </b>	<b>-</b>	<u> </u>		├	<u> </u>	<del>}</del> -	<del>  7</del> -	-	<u> </u>	ļ	<b>-</b>		<del></del>
591-78-6		7		Various Const.		1200-200	1 × 5	V Constant	Electric Service	Des alle	SELECTION BY	and Length	January Inc.	CONTRACTOR	-म्बर <b>सक</b> ्रिक	a no evera	100000	: Para Res	10122	20	Ebell	1885 m/s	THE PARTY NA
12年1 <b>3年</b> 79-34-5	1.1.2.2-tetrachioroethane	<b>V</b>		Control of the last	1	B 177-03-178	200	· 化中型:	9-73-70	10 THE R. P.	100 2700	9399899P	SHOWING SALES	ler manacos	PROPERTY.	1505	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	- 144	*******	775	98,911.3	200	2 K2 W 251
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110-75-8	2-chloroethyl vinyl ether																		L			L	T
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		J		L	1	1	1	~ _	י ו	7	1	i	1	1 -	i -	1	1	1	V	·V			1

Reviewed By: \_

Date: 05/29/01

latile Organics Site/Project: <u>5.1.2</u>	2.7- AR/	coc#: <i>60</i>	14200		Batch #s:		•		Page 2 of 2
Laboratory: 6EL	Labo	ratory Report #:_	39900/3	19905	of Samples:	5	_ Matrix:	oil	
	Surroga	te Recovery	and Interna	Standard	Outliers (SW	846 Method 82	60)		
Sample 1	ESMC 1	s West	S NC T	## 18 1# # 10 8 #		15.2°	21, 52 10, 51	3 5 5 T	
		Mot				M	g t		
		7+16-1							
		witer	A			Kni	TERIA		
SMC 1: 4-Bromofluorobenzen SMC 2: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d SMC 3: Toluene-d8	4 IS 2: 1,4-	nochloromethan Difluorobenzene probenzene-d5			Comments:	5/2 20\ M	+>00	, <	0
MC3: Toluenod8  wicklorothenl => were ND and a  1,1,1-Tricklorothe  440%; Sample data are qua	re qual	Lied "	UJ"	tetrack	lowether	(0.30) 20 4 => 7] c	CV %,D.	(24,30,	+21 negs > 20%
data are qua	lified	i were 1	VU and	aa a u	eouu s	vased on	profess	ional j	udgme
oluene => Was	detected	n TB.	Sample	neand	to were	NDom	D No date	a vie si	white

Semivolatile Organics	(SW 84	46 Method	8270
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Page 1 of 3 Site/Project: 5. カ 227 ARVCOC#: 604200 Laboratory Sample IDs; 39900-006 \$-007 GEL Laboratory Report #: 39900 / 39905 EPAB270C 72181 # of Samples: Matrix: Soi Batch #s: **V**0.20 54 60 A 101-95-2 Phenol ANA 0.70 BN 111-44-4 bis(2-Chlomothyl)ethe **√** 0.80 A 95-57-8 2-Chiorophonol BN 541-73-1 1,3-Dichlorobea J 0.60 BIG D. R. 7 (A-D all and a second V 0.50 H .D.E BN 95-50-1 1,2-Dicklorobercone √ 0.40 √ 0.70 A 95-48-7 2-Methylphenol 0.01 BN 101-60-1 bis(2-chloroisopropy1)other V 0.60 A 106-44-5 4-Methylphenol BN 621-64-7 N-Nitrose di a propylamina V 0.50 23 PV 2/27 Verberre 11 117 √ 0.40 √ 0.10 BN 78-59-1 leophorose A 88-75-5 2-Nitrophenol V 0.20 A 105-67-9 2,4-Directlylphonol V 030 BN 111-91-1 bis(2-Chlorosthoxy)s A 120-83-2 2,4-Dichlorophenol J 0.20 58 (b) V BN 120-82-1 1.2,4-Tricklorebonzene **√** 0.20 0.70 RC BN 91-20-3 Naphthalene teri. 10.0 BN 106-47-8 4-Chlorosolline V 0.01 BN 87-68-3 J 0.20 Ä 59-50-7 4-Chlore-3-methylphe √ 0.40 BN 91-57-6 0.01 BN 77-47-4 \$2-06-2 √0.20

Comments:

A 93-95-4 2,4,5-Trichlorophonol

V 0.20

Reviewed By: Kurin & Sambut

Date: 05/29/01

Si	te/Pro	jeα:S	#227	A	R/COC	:#:	604	200					Batch	#a:		7217	81			•••	•					_
٠,	borat		GEL	L	bonito	: ry Report	:	3990	0/3	22	05		# of S	-	_	2						رمک		·		
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3	BN	88-74-4	2-Nitroendine	7	0.01		7	\   					,		1			1						· ·		.]
3	BN	131-11-3	Dinothylphthalate	V	0.01		Z,									·										]
3	BN	208-96-8	Acenaphthylene	V	0.90		~	\																		]
3	BN	606-20-2	2,6-Dinitrotoluene	V,	0.20		<b>V</b>	<b>~</b>	VW	86	401					Ž										1
3	BN	99-09-2	3-Nitrouniline	<b>√</b>	10.0			\ \ 	3626																	
3	BN	¥3-32 <b>-</b> 9	Acmsphilions	Z	0.90		0.88		<b>/</b>			7	<b>\</b>	<b>V</b>		Q										]
3	A	51-28-5	2,4-Dizitrophonol	>	10.0	>	/	<b>\</b>	<b>V</b>							AS	2							-		
3	7	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol	V	0.01		>	<b>-</b>	28			<	\   	<b>V</b>				$\Gamma$								]
3	BN		Dibezzeluras		0.80	•										/3										<u>}</u>
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3	BN	34-66-Z	Diethylphthalate	V	0.01		>	/		Ĺ.,																]
3	BN	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyi-phenyiether	J	0.40		1	7																		].
3	BN	a6-73-7	Fluoreste	✓	0.90				V	Ι	$\Gamma$															
3	BN	100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline	<b>&gt;</b>	0.01		>		38	ŀ		· .												;		]
1	٨	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	₹	0.01		\	7	~	Ι																3
•	BN	86-30-6	N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1)	₹	10.0		<b>\</b>	<b>V</b>																		]
	BN	101-55-3	4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	V	0.10		<b>V</b>				$\prod$	•				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·										]
25	BM	14741	Parking Comment of the Parking	V	070	<b>新</b>	2 Viz	1	12	15	4		**	<b>*/</b>		開闢	調製	翻	1	R'S	12	- 12	出			盘.
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4	BN	85-01-8	Phonasthrone		0.70		<b>V</b>	/														$\Box 1$				1
1	BN	20-12-7	Anthracese	₹	0.70		1	1	V																	]
4	BN	86-74-8	Carbazole	V	10.0				22								T									1
4	BN	84-74-2	Di-a-butylphthalate	₹	0.01		<u> </u>	<b>V</b>	1								$\prod_{i=1}^{m}$									]
4	BN	206-44-0	Flooranthene	V	0,60		<b>V</b>	/			1															4
	BN	129-00-0	Ругове	<b>√</b>	0.60		<u> </u>	~				1	/	<b>V</b>												
	BN	85-68-7	Butylbenzylphihalato	V	0.01		1	1																		1
<u>'</u>	BN	91-94-1	3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	V	0.01		<b>V</b>																		L	_
5	BN	56-55-3	Beuzo(a)unthracene	V	0.80		<u> </u>		V		Y							<b>\</b>	ł_	V						].

Comments:

3S 3: Accemphthene-d10 (BN) 3S 6: Peryleme-d12 (BN)

were ND except m 39900-006; Detec

Bamples | Balare Balan B. Lave

15 1: 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d IS 4: Phenathrene-d10 (BN)

<del>2</del>

IS 2: Naphthalene-d8 (BN) IS 5: Chrysone-d12 (BN)

# High Explosives (SW 846 Method 8330)

Laborator	y. GEL		Laboratory	Report #:	39	1900/3	9905	·	•	_3	900	<u>2-0</u>	06	<del>4c</del>	07		
	<i>EPA</i> 8.	<u>S_S</u> Matrix		soi/				Batch	fs;	7/5	70						
CAS#	NAME	Ž	intercept	Curve R	CCV %D 20%	Method Blanks U	ics	LCSD	LCS RPD 20%	MS	MSD	M8. RPD 20%	Par Disp		Bland U		
91-41-0	HMX	Z	7		7	7	7	<b>V</b>	1	1	7		NA	NA	NA		-
1-82-4	RDX	17		7		<u> </u>	1	7	マ	7	7	1			1 "		$\neg$
-35-49	1.3.5-Trinitrobenzene	N	7		7			_		1	7	7					_
-65-0	1,3-dinitrobenzene	17	7		7		7	7	17	1	7		_				
-95-3	Nitrobenzene	17		7			171		7		7		$\neg$				
9-45-8	Tetryl	1	7	7	7	$\Box$		\	10	1	-	/		<del></del>			
8-96-7	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene	V			V.			Z.	~	7		/		<b>-</b> 1			
572-78-2	2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	V	7,		7		1	1	~	1					1		
406-51-0	4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	17	7					7	7	7	7						
1-14-2	2,4-dinitrotoluene	17	7				17	<b>V</b>	1								
6-20-2	2,6-dinitrotoluene	1	7	. 7			7	~	7	1							
-72-2	2-nitrotoluene	V	7		\ \			~	1	7	7						
-99-0	4-nitrotoluene	V	7	7	_ v			~	1	1	7						
-08-1	3-nitrotoluene	ान			V		<b>I</b>	•	1	7	<b>V</b>	/					
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ite/Project:	5. Z	دد	7	ξĄ	VCOC#	60	420	0		rgan				mple ID	6:	<b>X</b>								
boratory;	G	EL		Lai	boratory	Report #:_			9905	-	_		.* 	399	700-	006	S/	- 2	0	7				
ethods:	E	PA 60	010E			471A																		
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				m/R	478	Blanks in A Fa-			RPD	L			LPID	RPD	AB	tion	R	PÒ_		بطئ		مادد		L
7429-90-5 AI	110/20	Maria Zone	2122200	100 M 201	and the second	0.763 (1)	Barran.C		Selection of the	1-51/25	NA		/A		<i>ं क्र</i> ंस स्ट	Sagarasa.	<b></b> A	/A	539	A .	<b>A</b> √ 15000	4	- Control	) 47,00
7440-41-7 Be	- M. 19-19	47.57	* Exemple	200	W. K. 30	(115) US	35.04.4	ALC: N		rejec <u>i</u>		2	7	2.50	73.2.2.	<b>三五三</b>	A 200 III	-		100		题 图: 6	- BE-100	-
44-03/cr	TAKE N	8 VA.	V.	0.305	W.	14.	<b>3</b> × 40	SV.	A Vert		煙費	7 63		<i>3</i> // 4	122	WVA!			表意		<b>7</b>		NA PR	4
7440-70-2 Ca	der op zerke	Acres de Sec		1000000	A PARCE AND	<b>37.2</b>	केंद्रश्राप्त	le continu	TOTAL STREET	स्टब्स्		- B- 12 2 3	682	enn der	क्रमाकारक संस्थान	धारमा व्यक्तिक स्थानका स्थानका	5-1924	1337 mag			12000	3,9,7275		L
7444-47-3 Cm 7440-48-4 Co	and some		25.45		P MA	2-2-V-1-2-	PSV	A V		10.00	***	- A 190			7958090	<b>建筑人作政</b>	Mar.	1	\$45.E	五溪	<b>元数</b> 7	114.00美	操业经	۳
7440-50-8 Cu											Н													t
7439-89-6 Fe											Н	$\bot$	1				$\Box$		$\Box$	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Г
7439-95-4 Mg 7439-96-5 Ma	<del> </del>	<b> </b>	<del>}</del> -	<del>├─</del> ─	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<b> </b> -	<del>                                     </del>	┝┼╴	+	<del> </del>	<b> </b> -	<del> </del>	}	-	<u> </u>	<b>ļ</b> —	<b>!</b>	Н		<b> </b> -	╄
7440-02-0 Ni	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	┤──∸	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>		<del> </del>	H	┰	╁		<b></b>				┢	<del>  -</del>	Н		├─	⊢
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7439-9233 Pb// 7712-49-2-5654	-0.7	V		<b>表现</b>	NAC 2	40 /2 2				72	3€ 45 37 47 €		1 10 10	<b>新华</b>	Printer fres	2717	43.4		2.2			and a	<b>建</b>	
7449 31 7 W S			THE PERSON	7		TOTAL PARTY	W.	V - 4		W.	7 37	<b>•</b> 10 <b>•</b>	1 DESCRIPTION OF			-Va								
7440-36-0 <b>Sb</b>				2,471	65/29																	7.00		
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7439 97-6 Hz	B.C. St.	K\$7791	22/63	Kur	7769	100	E Ver			14/4			50.2	N/A	10 42 7	15.7	100 J.E.	200	224	1				i E
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Cyanide CN				05/21	'F'				L	$\vdash$	Η_	$\perp$	1		-		$\vdash$							匚
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> KAL 05/29/01

General Chemistry

Site/Project: 5. # 227 AR/COC 1: 604,200	Laboratory Sample IDs:
Laboratory: GEL Laboratory Report #: 39900/39905	39900-006 \$-007
Methods: <u>FPA 9012 A</u> <u>EPA 3000</u> <u>EPA 7196 A</u>	
of Sampler: 2 Matrix Soil	Botch # 71967 (TotalCN), 72517 (Chloride), 73538 (CR+6)

	Anitya.										STORY AND USE	Jemer	1				Pield			
196.64		Å	JCA	CCA	103	CCB	Method Blanks	LCS	LCMD	LCSD RPD	ма.	MSD	MSD RPD	Rep. RPD.	IC3	Sorial Diba- tion	Dup. RYD	Equip. Blanks	Pjeld Blanks	
5455 - 70-0	Total CN	1	<b>\</b>	<b>/</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	~	✓	<b>V</b>	<u> </u>	135 (	30) <sub>NA</sub>	NA	/	NA.	μA	NA	NA	NA	
16887- 00-6	Chloride		<b>y</b>	<b>V</b>	<b>&gt;</b>	. 🗸	<b>*</b>	>	<b>v</b>	<b>v</b>	/	NA	NA	/	ΝA	NA				
18540- 29-9	CR+6	\	> .	>	<b>\</b>		>	>	~	<b>V</b>	<b>V</b>	NA	NA	<b>\</b>	NA	µА	\ \ \	<b>\</b>	. \	
																		·		

Comments: NA-Not Applicable

(1) Total Cyanide - M5 Tok (135) was > the upper QC limit (130); Sample 39900-006 was ND and NO data is qualified as a result; Sample 39900-007 was detect and is qualified "J, A2"

Reviewed By: Kum & Lambert Date: 05/29/01

Radiochemistry

Site/Project: 5 to 227 AR/COC #: 604200	Laboratory Sample IDa:
Laboratory: GEL Laboratory Report #: 39900/39905	39900-008 to -013
Methods: 1151.300, EPA 906.0	
# of Samples: 6 Matrix: 50/	Batch #x 7/634 (Pu), 7/635(U), 72255 (H3), 7/839 (G. Spec

Analyte	Method Blanks	LCS	MS	Rep RER	Equip Blank	:	Field Dup. RER	Fi Bli	eld nks	1	ample ID		lsotope	(S/Trace	§ .	ample ID	Isotope	15/Trace
riteria	ט	20%	25%	<1.0	U		<1.0		U					50-105	1		l	50-105
13		<b>\</b>	NA	NA	NA		NA	/	À	3990	20-01	0	Pu	47	3990	0-010	и.	\
J-238	>	<b>'</b>	NA	<b>V</b>			L	Ĺ	1	4	-01	7	Pu		4	-0//	u	/
J <del>234</del> -233/234	0.0106		NA_			$\Box$						1						
U-235/-236	<b>/</b>		NA	\ \						]								
Ta-232					1	$\neg$												٠.
Di-228									I									
74-238 Pu-238	7		NA	<b>V</b>														
Pu-239/-240	~		NA	7														
Gross Alpha																		
Nonvolatile Beta																		
Ra-226							$\neg$											
Ra-28						_									1			
Ni-63															T			
Gamma Spec. Am-241	~	1	NA					П		<u> </u>		$\neg \neg$			1			
Garnma Spec. Cs-137	\ \	7	NA	7						T								·
Gamma Spec. Co-60	7	~	NA	1		_	7								Ì		-	\ \
					1	_	1		/	1							1	
			$\overline{}$			$\neg$									1			

eximae		Typical Tracers	
Iso-U	Alpha spec.	U-232	NA.
Iso-Pu	Alpha spec.	Pu-242	NA
Iso-Th	Alpha spec.	Th-229	NA
Am-241	Alpha spec.	Am-242	NA
Sr-90	Beta	Y ingrowth	NA
Ni-63	Beta	NA	Ni by ICP
Ra-226	Deamination	NA	NA
Ra-226	Alpha spec.	Ba-133 or Ra-225	NA
Ra-228	Gamma spec.	Ba-133	NA

Gamma spec. LCS contains: Am-241, Cs-137, and Co-60

OU-233/234 => Was detected in MB. sample results were >5x the MB value; No data are qualified as a result (2) P. > Traces 20 R(47) was shiftle of the law OC

(2) Pu => Tracer 70 R(47) was slightly L the lower QC limit (50): Pu-239/240 was NO and is Not qualified as a result: Pu-238 was detected and to qualified "J. A2" "J"

KH 05/29/01

Reviewed By: Kun A Lbest Date: 05/29/01

### Contract Verification Review (CVR)

Project LeaderCOLLINS	Project Name	SITE 227	Case No.	7225_02.02.09
AR/COC No. 604200	Analytical Lab	GEL	SDG No.	39900

In the tables below, mark any information that is missing or incorrect and give an explanation.

1.0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record and Log-In Information

Line		Com	plete?		Res	olved?
No.	ltem	Yes	No	If no, explain	Yes	No
1.1	All items on COC complete - data entry clerk initialed and dated	Х				
1.2	Container type(s) correct for analyses requested	Х				
1.3	Sample volume adequate for # and types of analyses requested	X.				
1.4	Preservative correct for analyses requested	Х				
1.5	Custody records continuous and complete	X	]			
1.6	Lab sample number(s) provided and SNL sample number(s) cross referenced and correct	X				
1.7	Date samples received	X				
1.8	Condition upon receipt information provided	Х				

2.0 Analytical Laboratory Report

Line		Comp	lete?		Res	olved?
No.	ltem	Yes	No	If no, explain	Yes	No
2.1	Data reviewed, signature	Х				
2.2	Method reference number(s) complete and correct	. X				,
2.3	QC analysis and acceptance limits provided (MB, LCS, Replicate)	X_				
2.4	Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate data provided(if requested)	X				
2.5	Detection limits provided; PQL and MDL(or IDL), MDA and L	X				
2.6	QC batch numbers provided	X				
2.7	Dilution factors provided and all dilution levels reported	Х				
2.8	Data reported in appropriate units and using correct significant figures	X				
2.9	Radiochemistry analysis uncertainty (2 sigma error) and tracer recovery (if applicable) reported	X				
2.10	Narrative provided	Х				
2.11	TAT met	X				
2.12	Hold times met	X				
2.13	Contractual qualifiers provided	X				
2.14	All requested result and TIC (if requested) data provided	T X _				

# Contract Verification Review (Continued)

3.0 Data Quality Evaluation

Item	Yes	No	If no, Sample ID No./Fraction(s) and Analysis
1 Are reporting units appropriate for the matrix and meet contract specified or project- specific requirements? Inorganics and metals reported as ppm (mg/liter or mg/kg)? Tritium reported in picocuries per liter with percent moisture for soil samples? Units consistent between QC samples and sample data.	X		
.2 Quantitation limit met for all samples	X		
Accuracy     a) Laboratory control samples accuracy reported and met for all samples		×	SEVERAL SVOC ANALYTES FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS
<ul> <li>Surrogate data reported and met for all organic samples analyzed by a gas chromatography technique</li> </ul>		×	SURROGATE FOR SVOC LCS FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS
c) Matrix spike recovery data reported and met		Х	CYANIDE MATRIX SPIKE FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS
Precision     a) Replicate sample precision reported and met for all inorganic and radiochemistry samples	<b>X</b>		
b) Matrix spike duplicate RPD data reported and met for all organic samples	х	-	
3.5 Blank data a) Method or reagent blank data reported and met for all samples	X		
b) Sampling blank (e.g., field, trip, and equipment) data reported and met		×	TOLUENE DETECTED IN VOC TRIP BLANK
3.6 Contractual qualifiers provided: "J"- estimated quantity; "B"-analyte found in method blank above the MDL for organic or above the PQL for inorganic; "U"-analyte undetected (results are below the MDL, IDL, or MDA (radiochemical)); "H"-analysis done beyond the holding time	X		
3.7 Narrative addresses planchet flaming for gross alpha/beta	NA		
े 8 Narrative included, correct, and complete	×		
3.9 Second column confirmation data provided for methods 8330 (high explosives) and pesticides/PCBs	X		

# Contract Verification Review (Continued)

4.0 Calibration and Validation Documentation

	4.0 Calibration and Validation Documentation			<del></del>
	ltem	Yes	No	Comments
.1 GC/I	AS (8260, 8270, etc.)		·	
a) 1	2-hour tune check provided	×	·	
b) 1	nitlal calibration provided	×		
c) (	Continuing calibration provided	X		
d) li	nternal standard performance data provided	×		7
e) l	nstrument run logs provided	x	· .	
.2 GC/I	HPLC (8330 and 8010 and 8082)			
a) li	nitial calibration provided	×		
b) (	Continuing calibration provided	×		
c) l	nstrument run logs provided	×		
.3 Inorg	anics (metals)		<u> </u>	
	nitial calibration provided	×		
b) (	Continuing calibration provided	X		
c) 1	CP interference check sample data provided	×		
d) i	CP serial dilution provided	X		
e) l	nstrument run logs provided	х		
4.4 Radi	ochemistry			
a) l	nstrument run logs provided	i x		

Contract Verification Review (Concluded)

#### 5.0 Problem Resolution

Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted.

Sample/Fraction No.	Analysis	Problems/Comments/Resolutions	
			-
			<u></u>
·			
			•
			<u> </u>
	N		
Were deficiencies unresolved?□ Yes	®∕No		
Based on the review, this data package	is complete.	©/Yes □ No	
If no, provide: nonconformance report of	r correction request number	er and date correction request was submitted:	
Reviewed by: W. Palan	cia_ Date:_	<u>5-8-2001</u> Closed by:Date:	_

SF 2001-COC (2400)

# CONTRACT LABORATORY ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

emai Lab	11.											Page	1013
No. /	V 124	SARAWR No.			3-28-0	į –						AR/COC	604200
No,/Mail Stop:	6133/1087		Date Sino			100	Contra	at No:		AJ2480A		Waste Characterization	
Project/Task Manager:	Sue Collins					7. FF	Project	/Task No.;		7225/02.0	209	RCRA Date=	
Project Name:	Site 227 drilling		Lab Contact		Edio Kont		SMO A	uthortzatjo		- 11	r/mil	Send:Preliminary/report to	
Record Center Code:	ER/1309/227/DAT		Lab Destino	Hon;	General Engineering Li	be	]		7	7	<del>سار</del>	Validation Required	
Logbook Ref. No.:	ER078		SMO Control	oVPhone:	P. Pulesant/644-3185	•	]		,	•		Released by COC No.:	
Service Order No.	CF0103-01		Send Repor	t to SMO;	Suzi Jensen		l					BII To: Sandia National Labe (Acco	unts Payable)
Location	Tech Area II				Reference	LOV(a	vailab	le at SN	10)			PO Box 5800, MS-0154, Albuq	uerque, NM 87185-0
	ER Sample	ID or	Beginning	ER Site	Date/Time(hr)	Sample	C	ontainer	Presente	Collection		Parameter & Method	Lab Sample
Sample NoFraction	Sample Locat	lon Detail	Depth (ff)	No.	Collected	Matrix	Туре	Volume	Alig4C	Method	Туре	Requested	ID.
054629-002	TJAOU-227-VW-I	01-20.0-8	20.0	227	3.26.01/15 <b>20</b>	S	G	125 ml	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	
054629-003	TJAOU-227-VW-	01-20.0-8	20.0	227	3.26,01/1520	s	AG	500 mi	4C_	G	SA	SVOCs (8270), RCRA metals + Titi (8010/7471), Cr-8 (7196), HE (8330 CNortde (300.0), Cyanide	
054629-004	TJAOU-227-VW-	01-20.0-S	20,0	227	3.26,01/1520	s	AG	2:1L	40	G	SA	Tritlum	
054629-005	TJAOU-227-VW-	01-20.0-8	20.0	227	3.26,01/1520	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	Iso U/PU	
054629-008	TJAOU-227-VW-	01-20.0-8	20.0	227	3.28.01/1520	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	08-137 Guna SPEC	
054638-001	TJAOU-227-VW-	01-100,0-S	100.0	227	3.27,01/0800	.8	G	125 ml	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	
054639-001	TJAOU-227-VW-	01-100.0-DU	100.0	227	3,27,01/0800	s	G	125 mi	4C	G	DU	VOCs (8260)	
RMMA	Yes Wo	Ref	, Na.		in production of		HAOI		Special in	structions	JQC Rec	quirements:	mulecialion
Sample Disposal	Return to Client	✓ Dispose	al by lab	-		<b>X</b>			EDD	•	<b></b> ✓ Yes	ı □No □	
<b>Turnsround Time</b>	7 Day	15 Day *	Md Da		ETEMPORAL PROPERTY	THE REAL PROPERTY.	<b>1000</b>	经次次	Raw Data	Package		. □ No	
Return Samples	Ву:			Negoti	ated TAT	oc He			*Send/e-n	nail report	to:	. 865	使用的语言。
Sample	Name	Signa		Init	Company/Orga		hone/C	iluler	]				
Team	Robin Ryan	ROPH R	nan	RR RL	GRAM/6133/845-88	21 .			J				3370101010
Members			V						"Please #	st as sepa	rate repe	ort.	
1.Relinquished by	lown Rigan		Org.1/32		3/28/0] Time 110			quietred b	у		Org.	Dale	Time
1. Received by	145 Here	gill	Org.6132		3/38/01 Time 11(			elved by			Org.	Date	Time
Relinquished by		500	00/14			30		iquished b	у		Org.	Date	Time
	mage	<del> </del>	On LEL			05		elved by			Org.	Date	Time -
quished by			Org.	Date	Time		<del></del>	d peutsino	<u>y</u>		Org.	Date	Time
_celved by		FDCI	Org.	Date	Time		[6, Rec	elved by			Org.	Date	Time) .

SF 2001-CDC (7/00)

# CONTRACT LABORATORY Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

AR/COC-

Page 2\_0

Pro	ect Name: Sike 227 Drilling	Project/Task I	denger, Su	Collins			Project/Tesk	No.: 7225/02	102.09			
Location	Пјогав Аггоуо											
Bullding	Room			Reference							<u> </u>	Lab use
Sample No-	ER Sample ID or	Beginning		Date/Time (hr)	Sample		italner	Preserv-			Parameter & Method	Lab Sample
Fraction	Sample Location detail	Depth (ft)	SRe No.	Collected	Matrix	Туре	Volume	ative	Method	Туре	Requested	ID ID
054637-002	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	150.0	227	3.27.01/1040	S	G	125 ml	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	
					1	l		1	]	}	SVOCs (8270), RCRA metals + Titanium	
	711 011 007 1511 04 450 0	4500	207	0.07.04.4040	1 _		500 mi	40	G	SA	(8010/7471), Cr-8 (7198), HE (8330), Chloride (300,0), Cyenide	
	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	150.0	227	3,27,01/1040	8	AG	<del> </del>	<del></del>	<del>                                     </del>		<u>-</u>	E1407.047
054637-004	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-8	150.0	227	3.27.01/1040	8	AG	2x1L	4G	G	SA	Tritlum	
054637-005	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	150.0	227	3.27.01/1040	S	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	Iso U/PU/Go-13T	
054637-006	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.D-S	150,0	227	3.27.01/1040	8	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	00-107 Gamma Soec	
054640-001	TJAOU-227-VW-01-TB	N/A	227	3,26,01/1515	PPm	в	3x40 ml	4C, HCL	G	1	VOCs (8260)	學語類
054841-001	TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S	200.0	227	3.27.01/1345	s	G	125 ml	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8280)	1241
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# CONTRACT LABORATORY ANALYSIS REQUEST AND HAIN OF CUSTODY

internal Lab	11.				•	•						Page <u>1</u>	a 🚣
No.	NIA	SARAVR No			3-28-0	7							4200
lo Mai Stop:	6133/1067		Date Savas	tes Shipp	t a second	C- BAO USE	Contra	ct No:		AJ2480A		Waste Characterization	
.cl/Tool Manager;	Sua Collins		CarrierWa	ybii No.	7-4204	ጽ 🦈		VTask No.	:	7225/02.0	2.09	RCRA Dates	
Project Name:	Site 227 drilling		Lab Conta		Edo Karil		SMO A	Authorizati	ON: 7	1	1/211	3 Send:Profiningry/report to	
Record Center Code:	ER/1309/227/DAT		Lub Descin	etion:	General Engineering L	.oba	1		<del></del>		er of	Validation Required	
Logbook Ref. No.:	ER078		SMO Conta	ct/Phone:	P. Puissant/844-3185		1		لو	•		Released by COC Ho.:	
Service Order No.	CF0103-01		Send Repo	rt to SMO	Suzi Jensen		1					Bill To: Sandia National Labe (Accounts	Payeble)
Location	Tech Area II				Reference	LOV	vailab	le at SM	MO)			PO Box 5800, MS-0154, Albuquero	ue, NM 87185-0
	ER Sample	ID or	Beginning	ER SA	Date/Time(hr)	Sample	C	ontainer	Preserve	Collection	Sample	Parameter & Method	Lab Sample
Sample NoFraction	Sample Location	on Detail	Depth (ft)	. No.	Collected	Matrix	Тура	Volume	VIIØ4C	Method	Туре	Requested	10
054629-002	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-20.0-5	20.0	227	3.28.01/1520	s	G	125 ml	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	9.11 (3.15) 4-44 (3.45)
054629-003	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-20.0-8	20.0	227	3.26.01/1520	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	SVOCa (8270), RCRA metals + Tranius (6010/7471), Cr-6 (7196), HE (8330), Chloride (300.0), Cyanide	78 2 10 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
054629-004	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-20,0-\$	20.0	227	3.26,01/1520	s	AG	2x1L	4C	G	SA	Tritium	
054629-005	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-20.0-8	20.0	227	3.26,01/1520	s	AG	500 ml	40_	G	SA	Iso U/PU	grijje.
054629-006	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-20.0-S	20.0	227	3.26,01/1520	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	Cs-137	3.74
054838-001	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-100.0-\$	100.0	227	3.27.01/0800	: s	G	125 ml	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	1447
054639-001	TJAOU-227-VW-0		100.0	227	3.27,01/0800	8_	G	125 m)	40	G		VOCs (8260)	
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alved by	<u> </u>		Org.	Date	Time		6. Recu	elved by			Org.	Date Tin	70

<sup>., &</sup>amp; 15 Day Turnaround Time: ERCL requires prior notification,

# CONTRACT LABORATORY Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

AR/COC-

Page\_2\_ of 604;

Pis Pis	iect Name: Sile 227 Drilling	Project/Tank I	langer, Su	Collins			Project/Test	Na.: 7225/0	20209			
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Sample No- Fraction	ER Sample ID or Sample Location detail	Beginning		Date/Time (hr) Collected	Sample Matrix		Volume	Presery-	Collection Method		Parameter & Method	Lab Sample
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54637-002	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	150.0	227	3.27,01/1040	S	G_	125 mi	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	THE REAL PROPERTY.
	•										SVOCs (8270), RCRA metals + Titanium	- Par (4)
54637-003	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	150.0	227	3.27.01/1040	s	AG	500 mi	40	Ġ	SA	(8010/7471), Cr-8 (7196), HE (8330), Chloride (300.0), Cyanide	100
		150.0	227	3.27.01/1040	1	AG		4C	G		Tritium	
34037-004	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S		221		S		2x1L	46_	G			
54637-005	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S	150.0	227	3.27.01/1040	. s	AG .	500 ml	4C	G	SA ·	ISO U/PU/CS-187 O'L	化物族
54637-006	TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-\$	150.0	227	3.27,01/1040	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	Cs-137	十分条板
54640-001	TJAOU-227-VW-01-TB	N/A	227	3.28.01/1515	S	G	3x40 mi	4C, HCL	G	ТВ	VOCs (8260)	. "别类
54641-001	TJAOU-227-VW-01-200,8-S	200.0	227	3.27.01/1345	. \$	G	125 mi	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	
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# Salmi, Douglas R

From:

Salmi, Douglas R

Sent:

March 29, 2001 10:11 AM

To:

Ryan, Robin; Collins, Sue S

Cc:

'Edie/GEL'; 'David Setzer'

Subject:

COC 604200; Analysis Clarifications; GEL

GEL received samples today on COC 604200 and has requested some clarification on some of the analysis request.

1) Samples 054629-003 and 054637-003 requested RCRA metals plus titanium. The titanium is written out as opposed to the chemical symbol (Ti) so the request for titanium appears explicit. Titanium is rarely asked for; could it be thailium or thorium?

(However thorium (Th) is often confused with thallium (Tl).)

- 2) Several samples request Cs 137 explicitly. Again Cs 137 is rarely asked for alone; it is usually included in the gamma spec library reported. GEL can report Cs 137 alone. Is that is what desired (it sure appears so) or is the whole gamma spec really wanted.
- 3) Sample number 054629-005 requested Iso U and Iso Pu; 054629-006 requested Cs 137. Sample number 054637-005 requested Iso U, Iso Pu, and Cs 137; sample number 054637-006 requested Cs 137. It is assumed that Cs 137 is really not requested from the two different fractions of sample number 054637 and that the Cs 137 request on 054637-005 be deleted.

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15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 1	VOC#:	79-01-6 (trichloroethene)		svocs:	83-32-9 (acenaphthere)		HEs:	88-72-2 (o-nitratoluene)								
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Validated By: Mr. Kenseth Salaz

Date: 6/01/01

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Validated By:

Wr. Yamanh Salar

Date: 6/01/01

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Validated By:

2

Date: 6/01/01

#### Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123 Phone: 505-299-5201

Fax: 505-299-6744 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

June 1, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Radiochemical Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227, ARCOC #604204,

GEL SDG #39990, Case No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with approved procedures using methods EPA906.0 Tritium, HASL300 Iso-Pu/U, and EPA901.1 Gamma Spec. A problem was identified with the data package that results in the qualification of data.

1. <u>Tritium Analysis</u>: The tritium result of sample 39990-005 was negative, and the absolute value was greater than (>) the MDA. Thus, this sample result will be qualified "R" (unusable).

Data are acceptable except as noted above. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### **Holding Times/Preservation**

<u>All Analyses</u>: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times and properly preserved.

#### **Calibration**

<u>All Analyses</u>: The case narratives stated the instruments used were properly calibrated.

#### **Blanks**

<u>All Analyses</u>: No target analytes were detected in the method blanks at concentrations > the associated MDAs.

#### Matrix Spike (MS) Analysis

Gamma Spec/Tritium Analyses: The MS analyses were performed on samples from other SDGs. The case narratives stated that all QC acceptance criteria were met. No sample data were qualified as a result.

<u>Iso-Pu/U Analyses</u>: No MS analysis was performed for this method. No sample data were qualified as a result.

#### Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) Analysis

All Analyses: The LCS analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Replicates

<u>All Analyses</u>: The replicate analyses were performed on samples from other SDGs. The case narratives stated that all QC acceptance criteria were met. No sample data were qualified as a result.

#### **Tracer/Carrier Recoveries**

Iso-Pu/U Analyses: All tracer recoveries met QC acceptance criteria.

<u>Gamma Spec/Tritium Analyses</u>: No tracers/carriers were required for these methods.

#### **Negative Bias**

<u>All Analyses</u>: All sample results met negative bias QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section.

#### Other QC

<u>All Analyses</u>: The samples were equipment blanks (EBs). No field duplicates or field blanks (FBs) were submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

#### Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123 Phone: 505-299-5201

Fax: 505-299-6744 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

June 1, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Organic Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227, ARCOC #604204,

GEL SDG #39990/39997, Project/Task No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### **Summary**

All samples were prepared and analyzed with approved procedures using methods EPA8260A/B VOCs, EPA8270C SVOCs, EPA8330 HEs, and EPA8082 PCBs. Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

 VOC Analysis: The initial calibration response factors (RFs) of trichloroethene for the soil samples, the equipment blank (EB), and the trip blank (TB), were less than (<) the required minimum but greater than (>) 0.01. All associated sample results were non-detect (ND) and will be qualified "UJ."

<u>SVOC Analysis</u>: The initial calibration RF of acenaphthene was < the required minimum but >0.01. The associated result of sample 39990-004 was ND and will be qualified "UJ."

2. <u>HE Analysis</u>: The LCS percent recovery (%R) of o-nitrotoluene was < QC acceptance limits but >10%, and the LCSD relative percent difference (RPD) was > the QC acceptance limit. The associated result of sample 39990-009 was ND and will be qualified "UJ,A,P."

Data are acceptable. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### **Holding Times/Preservation**

All Analyses: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times and properly preserved.

#### Calibration

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and the following. The continuing calibration verification (CCV) percent differences (%Ds) of acetone, 2-butanone, 2-hexanone, and xylenes for the EB and TB were >20% but <40%. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

SVOC Analysis: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and the following. The CCV %Ds of N-nitroso-di-n-propylamine, di-n-butylphthalate, butylbenzylphthalate, and bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate were >20% but <40%. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

HE/PCB Analyses: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria.

#### **Blanks**

All Analyses: No target analytes were detected in the method blanks.

#### **Surrogates**

All Analyses: The surrogate %Rs met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Internal Standards (ISs)

VOC/SVOC Analyses: The IS areas and retention times (RTs) met QC acceptance criteria.

HE/PCB Analyses: No ISs were required for these methods.

#### Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Analysis

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: The MS/MSD analyses for the soil samples met QC acceptance criteria. The MS/MSD analyses for the EB and TB were performed on a sample from another SDG. The case narrative stated that all QC acceptance criteria were met. No sample data were qualified as a result.

SVOC Analysis: The MS/MSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

<u>HE Analysis</u>: The MS/MSD analyses were performed on a sample from another SDG. The case narrative stated that all QC acceptance criteria were <u>not</u> met. However, no sample data were qualified as a result.

PCB Analysis: The MS/MSD analyses were performed on a sample from another SDG. The case narrative did not state whether or not QC acceptance criteria were met, and no data were provided. No sample data were qualified as a result.

#### Laboratory Control Samples (LCS/LCSD) Analysis

VOC Analysis: The LCS/LCSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

SVOC Analysis: The LCS/LCSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria except for the following. The LCS %R of phenol was slightly < the QC acceptance limit, and the LCSD RPD was > the QC limit. However, the LCSD and MS/MSD %Rs met QC acceptance criteria. Thus, no sample data were qualified. The LCSD RPD of 4-nitrophenol was > the QC acceptance limit. However, both %Rs met QC acceptance criteria. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

HE Analysis: The LCS/LCSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and the following. The LCSD RPDs of several compounds (see Data Validation Worksheets) were > QC acceptance limits. However, all %Rs met QC acceptance criteria. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

PCB Analysis: The LCS/LCSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria except for the following. The LCSD RPD of Aroclor-1260 was > the QC acceptance limit. However, both %Rs met QC acceptance criteria. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

#### Other QC

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: In the EB, dibromochloromethane and bromoform were detected. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified. No target analytes were detected in the TB. No field duplicate was submitted on the ARCOC.

<u>SVOC/HE/PCB Analyses</u>: The samples were EBs. No field duplicates or field blanks (FBs) were submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

### Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123 Phone: 505-299-5201

Fax: 505-299-6744 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

June 1, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Inorganic Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227, ARCOC #604204,

GEL SDG #39990, Project/Task No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with approved procedures using methods EPA6010B ICP-AES, EPA7470A CVAA, EPA7196A (Cr+6), EPA9012A (CN), and EPA300.0 (Cl). Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

- Cr+6 Analysis: Sample 39990-001 was received by the laboratory beyond the method specified holding time. The sample was analyzed for Cr+6 beyond the holding time but within 2X the holding time. The associated sample result was non-detect (ND) and will be qualified "UJ,HT."
- 2. CVAA Analysis: In the initial calibration blank (ICB), mercury (Hg) was detected at a negative concentration. The absolute value was greater than (>) the detection limit (DL) but less than (<) the reporting limit (RL). The associated result of sample 39990-010 was ND and will be qualified "UJ,B3."

Data are acceptable. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### Holding Times/Preservation

<u>All Analyses</u>: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times and properly preserved except as noted above in the summary section.

#### Calibration

<u>All Analyses</u>: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria except for the following. The ICV percent recovery (%R) of CN was slightly > QC acceptance limits. However, the associated sample result was ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

#### Blanks

<u>ICP Analysis</u>: No target analytes were detected in the blanks except for the following. In the ICB and continuing calibration blank (CCB), titanium (Ti) was detected. In the ICB and method blank, cadmium (Cd) was detected. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

<u>CVAA Analysis</u>: No target analytes were detected in the blanks except as noted above in the summary section.

Cr+6/CN/Cl Analyses: No target analytes were detected in the blanks.

#### Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Analyses

<u>ICP/CVAA/CN Analyses</u>: The MS analyses met QC acceptance criteria. No MSD analyses were performed. The replicate analyses were used as measures of laboratory precision.

<u>Cr+6/Cl Analyses</u>: The MS analyses were performed on samples from other SDGs. All QC acceptance criteria were met. No sample data were qualified as a result.

#### Laboratory Control Samples (LCS/LCSD) Analysis

All Analyses: The LCS/LCSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Replicate Analysis

ICP/CVAA/CN Analyses: The replicate analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

<u>Cr+6/Cl Analyses</u>: The replicate analyses were performed on samples from other SDGs. All QC acceptance criteria were met. No sample data were qualified as a result.

#### ICP Interference Check Sample (ICS)

ICP Analysis: The ICS met QC acceptance criteria.

All Other Analyses: No ICS was required for these methods.

#### ICP Serial Dilution

ICP Analysis: The serial dilution analysis met QC acceptance criteria.

All Other Analyses: No serial dilution was required for these methods.

#### Other QC

<u>All Analyses</u>: The samples were equipment blanks (EBs). No field duplicates or field blanks (FBs) were submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

#### **Data Validation Summary**

Site/Project: 5ite 227 Project/Task #: 7225.02.09	# of Samples: 14 Matrix: 25:1/12 4946200
AR/COC # 604 204	Laboratory Sample IDs: 39977-001 +-02
Laboratory: GCL	39970-001 to -012
Laboratory Report #: 39777/35750	

Other

UJ, HT

Organics

ИJ

Not Provided

いさ

1. Holding Times/Preservation

Not Detected, Estimated

Unusable

NP

Other:

Calibrations

Pesticide/ PCB

3. Method Blanks	V	V	V	V	<u>ا</u>		UJAJ		<u></u>
4. MS/MSD			NA.	M	<u></u>		سا	)	1
5. Laboratory Control Samples	/	V	V	9,A,EU	<b>نب</b>		~		<b></b>
i. Replicates					NA		NA	1	1
7. Surrogates	~	V	V	. 1				1 7 3	NA
8. Internal Standards	100	V			de II.				1
TCL Compound Identification	1								
0. ICP Interference Check Sample									
1. ICP Serial Dilution		li ing Kabu	A CONTRACTOR		NA				
12. Carrier/Chemical Tracer Recoveries									
13. Other QC		NA	NA	NA	NA		NΔ	NA	

Reviewed By:

B-12

#### Holding Time and Preservation

Project: <u>S(L 2) 7</u> ratory: <u>C + L</u> Samples: <u>/ Y</u>		. <u>Соч зоу</u> Report #: <u>3997</u> *		Laboratory Sample IDs: 35797-w1 + -002											
Sample ID	Analytical Method	Holding Time Criteria	Days Holding Time was Exceeded	Preservation Criteria	Preservation Deficiency	Gommerns									
3790-001	EPA7196A(OH)	24 Ls (1967)	1000	NA	NA	faceword by lab subside holding from									
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B-13

Date: 8/1/01

Volatile	Organics :	(SW	846	Method	8260
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Page 1 of 2

Site	Project: _S	127					04 20			·		;	# of S	unples:	2	<u></u>		_ Mate	ix: _	5	1:6					
Lab	ratory: 6	EL	_	SDG :	P:	<u> </u>	77/2"	3 997				1	Labora	tory Sa	mple II	)s: _3	97 17	-001	4-	د من	2	_ :				
	nods: <u>£0/</u>	<del>-</del>	_									_ :	Batch	ls: -7	1906											
18		Name	TOL	Min RF	line	ercept	-	Callb. RSD/ R1		CCV %D		ethod Bike	LCS	ıcsp	LCS RPD	MS	MSD	MS RPD	FIA Du	OFC	Eq.	Jip.				
	F						>.05	0.99		20%			1.3			100	100						4		64 × 44	
	74-87-3	Chloromethane	_	0,10	$\Box$	<u> </u>	1	1/		Z	L	_							M	P	1		ì	<u> </u>		
	74-83-9	Bromomethane		0.10	L	1	بيا		1	J.,	1	1	1 - 20 - 20 -	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	271.757.06	2 2 2 2 2 2 2						10.00			A	
1: -	75-01-43	vinyl chloride	11		162	17.4	12	1200	13	17.64	183	1.Xe%	- 21-6	Secret 1	- 12 A	27.27.54	<b>1</b> 200	- A- 40	11	30		100 T	30	- <del>- '</del> ' '	<b>EAST</b>	400
<u> </u>	75-00-3 75-09-2	Chloroethane methylene chloride (10xblk)	₩	0.01	╀╌	<u> </u>	15	₩-	╁	┼	╂	<del> </del>	┼	<del> </del>	<del> </del> -	┼	<del></del>	╂╌	Н	1				-	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
情	67-64-1	acelone (Tubik)						X	1.	B-9520		38.00	NAME OF	<u>क्र</u> ाहरू हु	W40an	725.45	0.05	15 3 7 S 7 S 7 S 7 S 7 S 7 S 7 S 7 S 7 S 7		tá	6 140 GA	656	355	F 1992	120.85	9222
H	75-15-0	carbon disulfide		0.10	٣4	<u> </u>			<del>1 ^</del>	3000	15-8	32332	10:37.5	1			13.5	1,94.74,74	H	-0.3		2-6	7, 3, 5	- A1,500	. (2) mark (300)	1537-186
1	75-35-4	Li-dicbloroctbene		0.20	123	1.21		- X		4	13	373.4		سراد	V	4	سنراء	1		18	1	35	14 e.g.* 5 (150)	200	1000	TO PAGE
1	75-34-3	1,1-dichlorocthane		0:10	13.5	12.3	1		4.3	1.5	7.	Action 1		Track.	10 -	79.4	1.1	-12 3.			.×.	1	1		40174	100.00
1/2	67-66-3:	Chloreform		0.20	130	13. 3	- 1	1	<u> </u>	20.77	tros	12:42	100	Y : 19.39	學 4000	457.25	1975	9.78		3.5	4.1 <u>2</u> (5	4.70			15.15.46	
1	107-06-2	1,2-dichlomethane				1 (3)	1				10.	3,000	3		700	A. 32. A	6 C - 36-	100 V C		3.0		<u> </u>	70			
1	78-93-35.	2-butanone(101blk)		0.10	10.6			1		SON N	100	25/01/	1,62	4,100	1	SWIA.	1000	(N. 190	8 8	16.65	3.2	22.63	2	3.35	<b>表现</b> 类型	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
<u>z</u> .	71-55-6 56-23-3	1,1,1-trichloroethane		0.10	10025	5979cg				15.00	1-2	ALD 19	1985.55	74947	2. W. S. S. S. S.	T 1500	1.000.2276	- a.204	<del>lak</del>	40	Walt.	N7669	3.15	27726	935.88g	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
200	75-27-4	Bromodichloromethane		0.20	12:00	2.60%	100000	100000000	427	C (CSe2	* 1.4 No.	7377.768	1000	N.E.A.	\$27.AT	1270	18/11/05	4 <u>20</u> 580	P.	22.5	G-1355	04.57	0.37	2.64.29%	<u> </u>	30 30 P. O.
5	78-87-5	1.2-dichlorspropane		0.01	100	60.70	1	1.00 m	17	1.75	1/35	14000	18 P. 18	900	304.20	11 (3.00)	20.5.3	200	Ы.	ÇŞ.	10 S	1626	2575	124	W 2 7 2	100000
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2	124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane		0.10.	$\Box$	$\Box$	1		Ц										П		0.4					
2	79-00-5	1,1,2-trichloroethane		0,10	1		<u> </u>		ļ.,	L.,	1	1000000	ļ.,,	115 100000		1		1	Ц.	_	<u> </u>					
2:	71-43-2	Benzene		0.50	122	144			1	1.54.52	10	dett.	ختا	1	1	مستعدة والأ	1	-			200		N. Sam	12.	1 × 2 × 2	4.14.40
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<u></u>	75-25-2 108-10-1	Bromoform  4-methyl-2-pentanone		0.10	┪-	├	-	15	+-		十		┼──			<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del>├</del> —	╂╾┼		0,44	.—	-	├─	<del></del>	<del> </del>
片	591-78-6	2-hexanone	╫	0.01	┰	<del>                                     </del>	15	1./	1		┼─	_	+	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del>  -</del>	┪		-	$\dashv$		├─	<del> </del>	<del> </del>
3	127:18-4	Tetrachlorocibene	H.	0.20	1	44.00			15	He Ci	35.88	437	1000	8 T. C.	23.55	S. 1. 2. 2.	32.34	23889	3	37	333	200	1542	و المالية	2000	12000
3	79-34-5	1,1,2,2-tetrachlomethane	П	0.30							T .		1					1					2.35(40		1.581.55	1532535.0
3	108-88-3	toluene(10xblk)		0.40			V		$\Box$		$\Box$		1		1	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>			$\Box$					•
3 (	1D8:90-7 :	Chlorobenzene			152	1.25	V	1	10	7. t.	Va.		1	Fair C	1	بسبنت	بنبث	سنرة	3	7		4,10		2 P	24.6	100
3_	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	H	0.10	<del>ا</del>	<b></b>	V.	<u> </u>	Н		╄-	↓	<b>!</b>	<b> </b>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<b>!</b>	$\vdash$	_	-				<u> </u>	<del>  </del>
₽_	100-42-5	Styrene	₩	0.30	╀		1	<del>  1</del>	╄╌		╄					<del> </del>		<u> </u>	┡┵	-	-	<b>⋰</b>	_		<del></del>	<b>├</b> ──
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Volatile Organics	,	Page 2 o
Site/Project: 51c 227 AR/COC #: 604204	Batch #s: 71906	
Laboratory: GL, SDG #: 39597	# of Samples: 2	Matrix: Stif

#### Surrogate Recovery and Internal Standard Outliers (SW 846 Method 8260)

Sample	S <b>WC-</b> 1	SMC 2	SMC 3	IS-1- Prea	IS 4 RT	IS 2	IS 2 RT	IS 3 area	isa PT
All									
Passed									
					<u>-</u>				
		1							
					-				
		,						<u>.</u>	

SMC 1: Bromofluorobenzene SMC 2: Dibromofluormethane SMC 3: Toluene-d8

Comments:

IS 1: Fluorobenzene IS 2: Chlorobenzene-d5 IS 3: 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4

Page 1 of 2

	Project: <u>Si</u> ک		_			-	0420	·						mples:			_					•	4	=/	_		_	
	ratory: 6	•	_	SDG	V:	37:	190					_			mple II		17	70	-00	1	*	-0	• .					
leti	ods: <u>&amp;M</u>	k160B	_								<u></u>	1	Batch i	s:	155	<u> </u>					_	_						
IS	CAS#	Name	104	Min. RF	×.5	rcept	Caub. RF	Cellb. RSD/ R <sup>2</sup> <20%/		CY IB		ethod Dike	LCS	LCSD	LC8 RPD	Ø M3		ISD	N RI	. <b>S</b> •D	F D R	ρ. I	Eqi Bla	uip. nka		rrip anka		
			1.7	4.3	-×		>.05	0.99	2	0%	À.		400A	A		×20	T			××				15,00	Ç,			179
Ī.,	74-87-3	Chloromethane	Į.	0.10	17	14	<b>レ</b>			<u> </u>	$\Box$	/				NA	$\mathbb{L}$	νÆ	W	Ą	N	Ā	M	Ą		14		
	74-83-9	Bromomethane	11	0.10	1	_	بر ا					1	200	C	22 - 2 - 2 - 2 - 2		Ţ		L						С.	1		Ι
	75-01-4	yinyi chloride	40	0.10	-			1200	3.0	1000	5.7	A Bic 2	S	100	100		13	4					ii di	100		. 1953 A	場が組む	* *)
_	75-00-3	Chlorocthane	₩	0.01	1-4	<u>va</u>		1	٠.,	ļ.—		<del>- </del> -	<del> </del>	-	<b>├</b> ──	₩.	4-	╄	Н	_	Н	-	<b></b>		<u> </u>	<del> </del>	<b> </b>	
	75-09-2	methylene chloride (10xblk)	4.4	0.01	2021	100 Marie 1	<u> </u>	1000055.773	200	5000	80%	i in the state of	1858	Contractal	G-20%	STARTS	/s 1/3	<del>2   133</del>		2.0		ار.		Section 1	2.55	THE COURT OF	द्युष्ट स्टब्स् इंटर्स्ट स्टब्स्	e Fasts
	67-64-1,	aretone(10xb/k)		0.01-	10	<u>(ets)</u>			77 13	7.4. /	1	1 - 44 E C	414124	256,27	# 7.5 Mi	10.75%	4	<u> </u>	H	313	H			287.45.	<u> </u>	1 35 1	Regress (A. B	( S
	75-35-4**	Ladellprorthene		0.10	1:-	A. Service	2	10.48	78.7	342	N. 3	S California	1000	75.63.6	100	23.5	1	Sea	5	72			ᆔ	4.17	20.	S. 1879 C	00.3568.50	1990
	75-34-3	[ ]-dichloroethane	Ħ	0.10		1,2741	100			2/2/17	-			7.00		8.95	1	1	H	19.5		#	10.30 10.50			22 - 12 Tel	No. 25 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12 12	30.2
	67-66-3	Chloroform	Ħ	0.20	55.		100		1,,2		1		3	-3-40	-35		1	13		<u>(4)</u>	<b>*</b>	7	30.0	5.121.3	H	100		350.7
	107-06-2	1.2-diebloroetbane	H.	0.10		dr.	1		SEA.	1	3.75		7.	7	100	7-1-		100				7		2.5	11.7		1000	13.0
÷	78-93-3	2 betanose(10xblk)	11		12	10.00	V.		-3	1.3.			1.60	F 2. F	2 1	7.5	Ť.	1	Ç.	1	HT.	52	8.50	206		7 . 3	P. 1645	200
_	71-55-6	1,1,1-trichloroethane		0.10	1		1	1	1	/		1					T	1	П			7	- 1					1
3	56-23-5	carbon tetrachloriden	H.	0.70	4		1	1.	5 13	1 75	12	5.75	n= (4.1)	以识别	まずる	3.5	y y	18.86	,;;	W.	t.			25	7.5	2.148.5	100	12.33
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		cis-1,3-dichloropropene	<b>II.</b>	0.20	<b>!</b>				<u></u>	جسب	L.,	<u> </u>	ļ				_	1	Ц									
÷	79-01-6	Trichloroethene	H°.	0.30	1.7	A 300			This			( ) ( ) E	1	100		√\$29 ¥		1-1	14	<u> </u>	<u>::[2</u>		<u>.::Y:</u>	*// <u>}</u>	*	Mr. Jako	\$ 1 m	3
_	124-48-1	Dibromochloromethane	#-	0.10	1-1		<u>/</u> _	4			<b>├</b>	<b> </b>				╌		₩.	Н		Ц.	-4	-		Н			<b></b> -
	79-00-5	1,1,2-trichloroethane	H,	0.10	les.	ag mar	×		لما	4 7 T Y	1 19	2 K 17 Jan	W. 7. 12	100000000	F. 136 T.		4.	1	4	232	Ц.,		Va 12	3223	Н	Company (1979)	4 18 18 C 1 11 C 1 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1	1 200
_	71-43-2	Benzent	₩	0.10	453.4			خيمت	1-1	3.00	1.00	5.00 S	33.00		100.	34	1/2	113	H		44	4	25 64	3.4	301	X.650.5	200	18600
-	75-25-2	trans-1,3-dichloropropene Bromoform	#-	0.10	١-١	<u> </u>		1	H		╌				<del> </del>		+	+-	Н		Н-				Н			Į∸
-		4-methyl-2-pentanone	₩-	0.10	_	/ <u>A</u>	<del>  Y                                   </del>	V	-1	,	1				<del> </del>	<del>- /</del> −	+	╅╾	╌	_	Η-	-	-+		Н	·		<del>                                     </del>
-		2-hexanone	╫╴	0.01	1-3	<u>. – –                                  </u>	1	-	-2	3.6	Н		<del>-</del>			<del>    -</del>	+	+	H	-	Н	-1	-		H			+
		Tetrachlornethene	H	0.20	िट	E 170		200			732	N. 1946 S.	27000	A4 47.7	ASSET	100	. 50	<i>2</i>	100	1-39	10	-	23.3	34.53	-	\$ 700.0	70.54C	C3.72
	79-34-5	1.1.2.2-tetrachloroethane	IT	0.30	1	1200		1/		1				34.49.41		H	7	313.5	٦	20 X-10	8.74	7	40.47	3. 13.	H	CT TABLE	5 2 May 17 Mart	100000
_		toluene(10xblk)	11	0.40	$\vdash$		V				П				1	$\vdash$	1		Н		1	7	一		H			1
	108-90-7	Chlorobenzene		030*	1	100		600	36	300		1000		1	1	10.00	1		7.5	100	3 3	7	4	1.0	31	200	4.00	100
_	100-41-4	Ethylbenzene	П	0.10							$\Box$						T				Т		$\neg$		Т			
	100-42-5	Styrene		0.30			V	1/		<u> </u>							$\mathbf{I}$	$T_{-}$				$\Box$			П			
		xylenes(total)		0.30			1.2		- 3	4.6							I	Ш		П		$\Box$			$\Box$			
		1.2-dichloree thylene (total)	Ш	0.01	1.3	2.0	1. 10		تا. 🔻	:09	33	45%	1.0	130	24	4. 5.	\$ 2	4.50	77	33	7	3		7	1.1	18.18	nauk Karin	
_	63-c5-1	Viryl Acetale	14	<b>-</b>	1	<u> </u>	V	ــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ	- 6		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>	ļ		ļ	.V	1	¥.	لأسا		<u> </u>	_[	V					
			1	<u> </u>			ļ	L	<b></b>		Ļ		<b>_</b>		ļ ——	<b>.</b>	4					_						<u> </u>
			L	<u> </u>	<u>L.</u>						L_		Ĺ_,				Ι,					$\perp$						Ι
o	mments:				1	Notes:	Shaded LCQC	rows are Re	TRA.	come	namd	le.														NA:	ANT ANY	1484

Volatile	Organics	

Page 2 of 2

Site/Project: Sike 317	AR/COC#: 604 204	Batch #s: _7/556	
Laboratory: GEL	SDG#: 357 10	# of Samples: -2	Matrix: @quee-s

#### Surrogate Recovery and Internal Standard Outliers (SW 846 Method 8260)

Sample	 SMC 2	 		 ·	IS 3	FIS 3
All						
Passed			1		·	
<u> </u>	 	 	·			

SMC 1: Bromofluorobenzene SMC 2: Dibromofluormethane SMC 3: Toluene-d8

IS 1: Fluorobenzene IS 2: Chlorobenzene-d5 IS 3: 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4

Comments;

								emivo	olatile	0	rga	nic														Pag	clof3
Site	Proje	a: <u>\$1</u>	72.7	AR	/COC	#:	<u>604,</u>	<i>2</i> 04					Lai	borator	Samp!	le IDs:	3999	<u>0-00</u>	<u> </u>								·
Labo	rator	y: <u>6</u> 6	÷ <u>. · </u>	SD	G#:_	39	170_																			·	
		SAS:															-						•				
			Matrix	_	<u> </u>								 D		7/7	()											
# OI	Samp	163:	Maux		<u> ~</u> ≨u <u>«</u>	1	Share Se	ton Asolas	- 525°.	L	*	prives.	Di.	185 x 77	1,200 tea	Totalo	Lowers	ນີ້ຄືວ່າ ວ່າ	(St. 4) 1854	166		IGG a	<b>3 10</b> (5 7	240	S. 6. 23. 6.7	18. 25 ° 22 6	1.28 550
	4							Callb.	Callb.	į,	.cv	類	hoe				100	2.0					و وياماه - عوالي				
is	BNA	CAS#	NAME	c	Min.	inte	rcept	RF	RSD/ R		XD.	Me	thod nks	i cs	t CSD	RPD	us	MSD	MS	Ď	Up.	E	gulp. anka	N.			
	100			L	RF	47		7.12. Three	<20%/	132	\$48.45.8		70.0	1.50					Y S	/R	PD:		423		4		
ं			S.1174 (48) (49) (49)	×	8 8	7.		>.05	0.99	Ľ	20%	292			2012	4.0	S	4.0		2	1	13				<b>等。</b>	1980
	٨	108-95-2	Phenol	<u> </u>	0.80	$\perp_{\Delta}$	4	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	ىل	_	د		24	<u></u>	36		<u>_</u>	1	12	4	14	<u> </u>	10	14		<u> </u>
	BN	111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	1	0.70	<u> </u>	1	1	V_	L	L-	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	(227)	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	L	ļ	L.,_	L		↓_	1	L			<u> </u>
	A	95-57-#	2-Chlorophenol	Ц	0.80	┖		1	سكال	L	<b>!</b>		<b>}</b>		1	1	<u> </u>		~	Ц		1_	<u> </u>	Ш			
	BN	541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	Ц	0.60	_		<u> </u>	<u></u>	L	_	L		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Ш		L					<u> </u>
Ľ,	BN	106-46-7	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Ы	0.30	1		100	1	1.				~	1	الريا الاراميا	. سما	1		1	100		700		y sví	经济	23 875 3
	BN	95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Ц	0.40			<u> </u>	<u></u>	L	<u>L</u>	L	L	<u> </u>	L		L		L	Ш	_			$\sqcup$			
	A	95-48-7	o-cresoì	Ц	0.70	<u> </u>	1		<u>V</u>	L	<b> </b>		<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	<u></u>		L	<u> </u>	Ш		Ш	<u> </u>	L			<u> </u>
	BN	108-60-I	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	Ц	0.01	L.	Ĺ	V	<u>v</u>	L	<u> </u>				<u></u>	<u> </u>				Ш		Ш		Ш			<u> </u>
	A	106-44-5	m,p-cresols	Ц	0.60	L.	Ŀ		V	L	<u>L</u>		L	~	سمنا	V						П					
	BN	621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	Ш	0.50			V	V		3, Çr			1		/	/	1	V	L		П		$\square$			
1	DN.	67-72-1	Hexachloroethane		0.39	114		72	V		1	12	1		وست		1		2 1991. 2 1991.	34						Minny.	(E)
2	BN	98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	ľ	0.20		, a	1	V		14	新史		1				100		) i		$\Box$	<u> </u>		17.785 2-785	1	16.00
2	BN	78-59-1	Bophorone	$\coprod$	0,40			V	<b>V</b>											Γ		П					
2	A	88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	П	0,10				/	L	$I_{-}$					·								Г			
2	A	105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	П	0.20	$\Box$	\	V	V	L								┖.		oxdot			<u> </u>		$\Box$		
2	BN	111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	П	0.30	Ι.		V	ΙZ.	L																	
2	٨	120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	П	0.20			1	1	L							i	L		Γ		$\Gamma$	<u> </u>				
2	BN	120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Ш	0,20		J	1	1		Ι_			1		V	1/	1	V	L				ĮΤ	$T^{7}$		
2	BN	91-20-3	Naphthulene	П	0.70			~	1	L															$\Box$		
2	BN	106-47-8	4-Chloronniline	Ш	0.01			<b>V</b>	V								L								$I_{-}$		
2	BN	87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	Ш	0.01		L	~	~	L				V.		V						$\Box$			$\Box$		
2	A	59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	П	0.20		[	~	V.	L	·			/	~	V			ン		·			$\Box$			
2	BN	91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	$\prod$	0.40			1	V	L												П		$\Box$			
3	BN	77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	П	0.01			<b>V</b>	V													$\Box$		$\Box^{\dagger}$			
3	A	88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	П	0,20			/	V	L			) .	1	~	سا						П					
3	A	95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	ĮĮ	0.20	Ι,	,			L,		1	,	V	V	1/	1				,	1	/	1	7		
	_			_						_		_	Nate				commonad							<u> </u>	<u> </u>	// An.	

Reviewed By:

Date:

Site/Project: 5/k 227 AR/COC#: 804204

F:	Samples:	 	 	Matri

Lab	JI BIDI	y: <u>GEL</u>		ວນ	/U #:	39790							of San	upies: _				Matri	ot:	-71	4 4	<u>~</u>				
18	PNA	CAS#	NAME	FOJ	Nin. RF	intercapi	Callb. RF >.05	Calib RSDJ RSDJ V0%		CV D	<b>建</b> 园	thod inke	lcs	LCB 0	LCS RPD	MS	MSD	MS RPD	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	ield Up IPD	E BL	qip. nka		leid enka		
1	BN	91-38-7	2-Chlorousphthalene		10.80	NA		7	-			7		770 - Tame 1 4	1	**************************************	4-1-4673	2-2-5		14	-	/4	124.74	件	F-76-33-4-4-4	VIVILLE
1	_		2-Nitrosniline ()	ľ	0.01	1	~		۲		۱Ť		$\vdash$		<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>			1	<u> </u>	12	-	<del>  ~</del>	<del></del>		
1			Dimethylphthalate	lt	0.01	<del>      -                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   -             -     -     -   -   -     -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -   -  </del>	1	V	H		$\vdash$		<b>-</b>			<del>                                     </del>	-		Н		┢	_	╆	<del> </del>		<del></del>
5			Acenaphthylene	#	0.90	<del>-   -  </del>		~	Н	_	-		<del>                                     </del>		<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>			Н	-	-	$\vdash$	H			<del>                                     </del>
5			2,6-Dinitrotoluene	╁	0,20	<del>  </del>		1/	17	_		<del></del>			<del>                                     </del>	_		-		-	-	<del>                                     </del>	††			<del> </del>
5			3-Nitroaniline ()	#	0.01				H			_				$\vdash$			1	-		$\vdash$	Ħ			<del> </del>
5	BN		Acenaphthene	11	0.90		0.44	1/	$\sqcap$	-			~	1	1.	~		1	┪	$\vdash$	П		17			<del>                                     </del>
5	Ā	51-28-5	2,4-Dinitrophenol	$\dagger$	0.01	V	7	<b>V</b>							<b>-</b>				Τ		П		Ħ			
3	A	100-02-7	4-Nitrophenol		0.01	NA		V					V		40	1	~	1			П		îΤ			· · · · · ·
5	BN	132-64-9	Dibenzofuran	П	0.80	1	V	V	П										П		П		П			
3	BN	121-14-7	2,4-Dintrotohene"	1	0.20	1 × 2	V -	1			4.3	1	3/		1	1		2				. S	Ħ	4/2		學家的
3	BN	84-66-2	Diethylphthalate	$\prod$	10.0		<b>V</b>	ン											П		П		П			
3	BN	7005-72-3	4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether	Ш	0.40		<b>~</b>	١											П				П			
3	BN	26-73-7	Fluorene	Ш	0.90	*	V	V		$oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{oldsymbol{ol}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}}$									$\prod$	<u></u>			П			
3	BN	100-01-6	4-Nitroaniline (p-)	Ц	0.01	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u></u>	L	L.	Ŀ	٠.			<u> </u>				Ш				П			
4	A	534-52-1	4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol	Ш	0.01	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u></u>	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>			$oxed{oxed}$		L						L		П			
4	_		Diphenylamine	Щ	0.03	NA	<u></u>	ر	<u> </u>	<u>_</u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<b> </b>				Ц			1_	$\Box$			
4			4-Bromophenyl-phenylether	Ц	0.10	100 500 100 200 10		<u>v</u>	ļ.,			4	2000					2 (2-4)	Ц			<u> </u>	$\sqcup$			
4			Heuschlorobenzent	12	ojo:	100		12		3.0	4.34				1/2		11	Y.	ŭ.	<u> </u>	7-7	12			974	No.
4	2 2		Pentachlorophenol	1	0.03	<b>38 363</b> 0	V		32	3				10/2	W		10	2	Ц			1::	135°	200		30 S
4			Phenanthrene	#	0.70	<b></b>		1/_	Н	ļ		<u> </u>	ļ		<b>!</b>				11			₩	╄	<b> </b>		<b></b>
			Anthracenc	#	0.70	├-}	<u> </u>	~	Н			<u> </u>	-		<b> </b>			<u> </u>	#		<u> </u>	<del> </del>	↓_	-	<b> </b>	<del>  </del>
Ľ			Carbazole	╬	0.01		~	レ		_		<b> </b>	<b> </b> -			<b> </b>			#		H	<b> </b>	₩			
<u> </u>			Di-n-butylphthalate	₩	0.01	<del>                                     </del>	<u> </u>	1	-34	بارا		<del> </del>	<del> </del>		<b> </b>				₩.		Н	├	<b>├</b>			<u> </u>
	_		Fluoranthene	₩	0.60	<del></del>		<u> </u>	<u>-</u> -	_		<b>⊢</b>	<del>                                     </del>						₩-		H		┾┷		<b> </b>	
۲	_		Pyrene	╫	0.60	<del></del>	<b>-</b>	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	_		<del> </del>	<u> </u>	1	$\mu$		<u> </u>	1	Н		Н	<b></b> -	<del> </del>		<b> </b>	<b>!—(5</b>
			Butylbenzylphthalate 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine	Н	0.01	<del></del>	Y_	V	_	.7	١.,		<del> </del>	-		├		┝┷┯	Н		Н		├	<b> </b>	<b></b>	
P				-	0.80	<del>-</del>	Y-	1	۲	<u>_</u>	$\vdash$	├	<del></del> -			<del> </del>	<del></del>		H	, -	┝╌┤	<del></del>	╁	$\vdash$	<u> </u>	<u> </u>
	BN		Benzo(a)anthracene	1-	0.80	¥		<u></u>	ـــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــــ		ىــا	<u> </u>	L	L	<u></u>				Ľ	·	سا	<u></u>	Т,			<u></u>

Comments:

I. A	1								
	2584								
SMC	: Nitrobenze	лс-d5 (BN)	,	SMC 2: 2-	Fluoroblphe	myl (BN)	Sh	IC 3: Terpl	henyl-

l-d14 (BN) SMC 6: 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (A)

SMC 5: 2-Fluoropheno! (A) SMC 8: 1,2-Dichlorobenzene-d4 (BN)

				IIII	C I HAT S	AUUNTU	Antile12					
Sample	IS 1. area	IS 1-RT	35 a a	IS 2 RT	IS 3- area	IS 3-RT	22 2	JS 4-RT	IS &	IS S.RT	la 6-area	18 8 RT
Au												
- Passey												

IS 1: 1,4-Dichtorobenzene-d4 (BN)

SMC 4: Phenol-d5 (A) SMC 7: 2-2-Chlorophenol-d4 (A)

IS 4: Phenathrene-d10 (BN)

IS 2; Naphthalene-d8 (BN) IS 5: Chrysene-d12 (BN)

IS 3: Acenaphthene-d10 (BN) IS 6: Perylene-d12 (BN)

					_		-		(SW 84			•						
Site/Proje	=== <u>51. 227</u>		ARVCOC	#: <u>604</u>	204				_ Labor	atory Sa	mple ID	≈ <u>_37</u>	950-	<u>ಲು 7</u>				
Laborator	y. GfL		Laboratory	Report #:	_3999	0												
	EM8370		•	-														
# of Sam	ples; 1	Matri	X AINE	- L	·				. Batch	#5:	1741							
CAS#	NAME		Intercept	Curya R <sup>2</sup>	-CCV		thiod anks	103	LCSD	LCS RPD	0	MSD	MS RPD	Pleid: Duc	Equip. Blanks	Field Blanks		
	4475		F10 2-22	.99	20%		U	1		20%	1877	<i>.</i>	20%	APC.	Ü	υ	1.2.	
2691-41-0	HMX	V			./	1	/	-	1	10	M	NA	MA	NA	MA	MA		T
121-82-4	RDX	m	1			1	<u> </u>	11				7	1	11	i	1		<del></del>
99-35-49	1.3.5-Trinitrobenzene	111						11	1	1-1							1	
99-65-0	1.3-dinitrobenzene (m-)	111				$\Box$		~	V	24	17							T .
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	Ш				$\Box$			V	35		$\vdash$	17				1	1
479-45-8	Tetryl	111				$\top$		1	1		11		1-1-					1
118-96-7	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene	111						1		17		11	11	11-	<del>                                     </del>	1-1-	<del>                                     </del>	<del> </del>
35572-78-2	2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	111		1-1-	$\vdash$	1			1-1-	1-1	$H^{-}$	$\vdash$	1	17	1-7	<del>                                     </del>	1	<del>†                                      </del>
19406-51-0	4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	111		1				1	1	1		<del>    -                                                        </del>	11	1			<b>†</b>	<del>                                     </del>
121-14-2	2.4-dinitrotoluene	$^{\dagger\dagger}$				1			~	19	$H^{-}$	11-	17-	<del>                                     </del>				<del>                                     </del>
606-20-2	2,6-dinitrotolpene	11 1		1	1~				17	27							<del>                                     </del>	1
88-72-2	2-nitrotoluene (a-)	Ш						65	1/	137	$\Box$		$\top$	$\top$			1	
99-99-0	4-nitrotoluene (a-)	117		$\neg \neg \neg$		Π.	$\Box$	12	1	33	1-1-	$\sqcap$			<del>                                     </del>		T	<del>                                     </del>
99-08-1	3-nitrotoluene (~-)	V		1 1			,	1		35	┰	-	1	17	1			
78-11-5	PETN	1					•	T .		1	1			$\overline{}$				1
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	<del>-</del>					•			-							NA - No	1/2012-	12
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200000000000000000000000000000000000000	NAMES OF THE PERSONS ASSESSED FOR THE PERSONS ASSESSED.	2390399	irmation		t Granishina	Strikenski	00 000 00	eimousees	0.000									
San	npHe CAS#1 RPI	D×,	25% S	ample	CA	5 <b>/</b>	F	D > 25	5									
NI	A	-			T		1											

Date: <u>\$31/0</u>,

	xt: <u>Sik 217</u> y: <u>GEL</u>				#: 3979	<u>ی</u>					•		770-00				
	EP48087																
# of Samp	oles:	l	Matrix: ag	nevy.					Batch	#s: <u>7</u>	0 امل						
AS#	Name C	Inlerce pl	Сыйр	CCV ND 20%	Method Blanks	LCS	Lcso	LCS RPD	Ms.	MED	MS RPD	Field Days FUPD	Equip. Blanks	Fleid Planks			
04-28-2	Aroclor-1016 Aroclor-1221	ν <u>γ</u>	V	~ ~	Y			2076	~A	М	10%	M	m	MA			
69-21-9	Aroclor-1232 Aroclor-1242 Aroclor-1248								-		++-		+				
97-69-1	Aroclor-1254 Aroclor-1260	1		V	J	V	1	39.0	•			ţ		1			
		,														-	<u> </u>
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	473 201601	w.3											₫^	<b>~}(.</b> > <b>4(.</b> ~.)			•
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B-25

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Site/Project:	- :	c <u>*</u> /				1: <u>604:</u> 39970								7970-	<u>~</u>						_		
Methods: Er	7 80 G	08 (IL)	•								elich #s:	- 191		2011			<u>.</u>				<u> </u>		
# of Samples:	2014 2014		43353	Metrix:	<u> </u>			GOST 6	6,44,760		Elemo	- Sec. 250		10(1)	温水的	20		38		1.5	N. A.		10 m/s
CAS #/ Analyse	TAL	ICY	ccv	JCB (~%)	CCB	Method Blanks	ıcs	LCSD	LCSID RPD	MS	MSD	MSD RPD	Rep. RPD	HCS All	Beriel Bilu- tion	D					leld - mile	<u> </u>	
7429-90-5 AI			_	-	· · · · ·											1	113	7	74	~	孙		
7440-39-3 Ba	V	12	1		3.2	7		وه وسنستا واعلا			Na	MA	AM	V	7/4	100	11180	475	\$ ( B)	800	1	2.17	Pr
7440-41-7 Be		-														ļ.,,						- 17 - P. 15 - ST	
	V		1/2	035		0:0025)	1.30			· V	WA:	MA	2/4		100		16.85	<b>沙</b> 德	14.42	1300	2382	1.38.0	18:413.5
7440-70-2 Ca 7440-47-3 Cr	3.00 Feb.	eren de la	<i>ত্যবিশ্ব</i> য়ের	2020	Coverage	19:00 <b>1</b> 2:01 2	ASSESSED.	2.33.30	1992	39920	8000 E	\$8402/400	AZA-	Creen	- Sales 2 15	1000	7 E 5 C S	3.2.4°	F-152.5	100	tellis V	Sec. 35.22	al DAMES
7440-48-4 Co	10 10 0 TO	83020	- FOIL - FEETE	ight of the	2.00	287 28 3 6	44. A. A. W. S.	100000	T- WAY	1100	TANK T	12565	72.1	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	-24.M	7	100000	(21, 5)	08/17/25	1	\$35-300 E	58.50	(P+) 4(LE
7440-50-8 Cu				1	1		1				1						$\vdash$		$\vdash$				
7439-89-6 Fe																						·	Ī
7439-95-4 Mg				L							<u> </u>	<b>_</b>	ļ			_	$\Box$		_	Ш			1
7439-96-5 Mn				<u> </u>	ļ		<b>}</b> _	<u> </u>	<b> </b>		<b> </b>	<b> </b> -	<del> </del>	<b> </b>		┰	L	_	ļ	<del>├</del> ┈┥		<b></b>	<u> </u>
7440-02-0 Ni				-	<u> </u>			<b> </b>		<b> </b>	ļ	<b>├</b> ┈─	ļ			1-1			├	↤		<b></b>	+
7440-09-7 K	A Vers	7 8 K		35.64.0	1000	P. N. S.	0.702	6362665	Sec. Action	100		720	AAA.	33. GO	6.32AC	100	A red	SAC	10340	133		FEBRUARY.	THE PERSON
7440-23-5 Na	1965 A	3 4 Jan. 3	130000000000	1200	1.000	23.76.27.11.23	THE PERSON		2 0 10 10	-	1120		1777	-	22-05			1.78	100000	7	100.14.7-07	300.3.100	24-97-01-71
7440-62-2 V																		Γ.					
7440-66-6 2n													ļ			П							Ļ
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7439-92-3 Pb 7782-49-2 Sc		7	N.		The Carlo	Y	<b>V</b>		Ý		N.		1				3.000	1000	200	0143	-	200	
7446-3B-2 As		12 Direction	NO.	1			L		024/151	1				b	L		7	3.3			313		9.V.8.3
7440-36-0 Sb													1			1		5.7.23	1	35.13		77,17 - 75,	1
7440-28-0 TI																$\Box$					$\Box$		
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7439-97-6 Hg		-1X-33	· V	=0.07 <i>7</i>	. No			2 V 40	20208		M.	NA.	2009	A/A	NA.	100		1223	100	人为政	250.00	C#302030	100
Cyanide CN														ļ		1		匚		匚			
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				t									1			$L^{-}$		_					1
Notes: Shade	l rows a	e RCRA	metals. S	olide-to-i	queous e	onversion;	mg/kg=	μg/g: [()	1g/g) x (s	ample m	mas {g} /	ample vo	al. (ml)) x	(1000 ml	/   liter)]	/Dil	ution ]	ector	- µg.	$\overline{n}$	シケラ	NOT APP	Rule
Comments:	•										٠.							٠.				,,	
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			•					G	enera	il Che	mist	ry								
Site/Project:	5. L 227			AJ	vcoc#	: <u>604</u>	1204			L	aborator	y Sampl	e IDs: _	3 <u>799</u> 6	<u> - 00</u>	1,-00	6, -01	<u>'</u>		
Laboratory.	GEL			la	boratory	Report#	<u> 3999</u>	0	<u> </u>			<u> </u>								
Methods: 40	A7176A (C	<u>r y</u>	<u> </u>	7012 A	(Tal. C.	~), EM	300 OCT	<u> </u>			<del> </del>				·			·		
# of Samples:	3_		1	Matrix: _	aque	<u> </u>				B	atch #s:	7/2	64, <del>7</del>	2 366	ָּיר,	7.A.A.		·		
											ec e	Jemer	Y.			9 E				
CARP	Assiyte	TAL	lcv	CCV	ісв	ССВ	Method Blanks	LCS	1.030	LCSID RVD	Ø MS	MSD	MSD RPD	Rep. RPD	ICS AB	Serial Dile- tion	Fleid Dep RPD	Equip. Bistoles	Field Blanks	
18540- 29-9	Cr+6	V	~	-	~	V	V	~	V	V	~	NA	MA	NA	M	NA	NA	NA	N4 -	
5955 - 70-0	TACN	7	111	V	~	V	1	/	✓	~	V.	М	MA	NA						
76847- 00-6	CLINISLA	\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-\-	<b>✓</b>	~	V	V	/	~	~	~	14 A	M	NA	MA	J	1	1		+	
																				-
							·	ļ				-								-

Comments: Could be continued on sayle from other JOGS. All QC contributed and

Reviewed By: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 6/1/01

NA = Not App Wash

B-15

#### Radiochemistry

Site/Project: 604204 ARACOC #: 604204	Laboratory Sample IDs: 39770-005, 7007 7017
Laboratory: GEL SDG#: 39790	
Methods: FPA 901.1 (Game for ), FPA 508.0 (11), 1436.300 (Inv - 4/-Pm)	
# of Samples: 3 Mario: a quesus	Batch #s: 71361, 71863,77390/72292

Analyte	Method Blowks	LCS	M3	Rep REM	Equip. Mariks	Piobl Dup. RER	Pjobě Blooks	Semple 1D	Squiecí	IS/Trace	Sam <b>ple</b> ID	Isolope	19/Trace
Criteria	U	20%	25%	<1.0	υ	<1.0	U			50-105			50-105
13			NA	NA	1/4	MA	NA	A					•
J-238		V	NA	MA.	11			Atl				•	
J-234/237								0					
J-235/-236			J.	4				الإستادية ا					
Th-232													
h-228			L										
ր-230 <u></u>									L				
Pu-239/-240	<u> </u>	1/	MA	WA									
Gross Alpha							<u> </u>						
Nonvolstile Beta			L										
Ra-226		<u> </u>											
Ra-228			L		<u> </u>								
NI-63		<u> </u>	<u> </u>						<u> </u>				
Gamma Spec, Am-241	1/	1	NA	11/1								اـنــا	·
Gamma Spec. Cs-137		<u> </u>	$\sqcup \bot$	$\Box$		-		<u> </u>	L				
Gamma Spec. Co-60		v	<b>↓</b>			$\sqcup$						$\vdash$	
" X-23"	ل	<u> </u>					<u> </u>	L	L		<u> </u>	<u>tl</u>	

Parameter	Ne thod	Typical Tracer	Typical Carrier
Iso-U	Alpha spec.	U-232	NA
Iso-Pu	Alpha spec.	Pu-242	NA
lso-Th	Alpha spec.	Th-229	NA
Am-241	Alpha spec.	Am-242	NA
Sr-90	Beta	Y ingrowth	NA
Ni-63	Beta	NA	Ni by ICP
Ra-226	Deamination	NA	NA
Ra-226	Alpha spec.	Ba-133 or Ra-225	NA
Ra-228	Gamma spec.	Ba-133	NA

Gamma spec. LCS contains: Am-241, Cs-137, and Co-60

ONS+ Ag. be Gover Spec, 43, and Asp. for Iso-is, to performed on	Sauli
Som another SDG. Case neverther stubble all Col man and.	<b>-</b> -, ·-

Reviewed By:	 Date: 4/1/0,	

#### Contract Verification Review (CVR)

Project Leadèr: COLLINS	Project Name	SITE 227	Case No.	7225_02.02.09
AR/COC No. 604204	Analytical Lab	GEL	SDG No.	39990

In the tables below, mark any information that is missing or incorrect and give an explanation.

1.0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record and Log-In Information

Line	ne 7		plete?		Res	olved?
No.	ttem	Yes	No	If no, explain	Yes	No
1.1	All items on COC complete - data entry clerk initiated and dated	Х			-	
1.2	Container type(s) correct for analyses requested	X				
1.3	Sample volume adequate for # and types of analyses requested	X				
1.4	Preservative correct for analyses requested	X	Ĺ <u>.</u>			
1.5	Custody records continuous and complete	X				
1.6	Lab sample number(s) provided and SNL sample number(s) cross referenced and correct	X				
1.7	Date samples received	X				
1.8	Condition upon receipt information provided	X	I			

2.0 Analytical Laboratory Report

Line		Com	elete?		Resolved?		
No.	ltem	Yes	No	If no, explain	Yes	No	
2.1	Data reviewed, signature	Х			T		
2.2	Method reference number(s) complete and correct	Х			7		
2.3	QC analysis and acceptance limits provided (MB, LCS, Replicate)	X			T		
2.4	Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate data provided(if requested).	X			<del>                                     </del>		
2.5	Detection limits provided; PQL and MDL(or IDL), MDA and Lc	T X			1		
2.6	QC batch numbers provided	X			T		
2.7	Dilution factors provided and all dilution levels reported	X			7.		
2.8	Data reported in appropriate units and using correct significant figures	X			1		
2.9	Radiochemistry analysis uncertainty (2 sigma error) and tracer recovery	X					
	(if applicable) reported	<u> </u>			1		
2.10	Narrative provided	X	L			(	
2.11	TAT met	Х			T		
2.12	Hold times met		X	SAMPLE FOR CIG+ ANALYSIS RECEIVED PAST HOLDING TIME	Х		
2.13	Contractual qualifiers provided	Х	T		<u> </u>		
2.14	All requested result and TIC (if requested) data provided	X			<del>                                     </del>		

#### Contract Verification Review (Continued)

3.0 Data Quality Evaluation

3.0 Data Quality Evaluation			
ltem	Yes	Νo	If no, Sample ID No./Fraction(s) and Analysis
3.1 Are reporting units appropriate for the matrix and meet contract specified or project-specific requirements? Inorganics and metals reported as ppm (mg/liter or mg/kg)? Tritium reported in picocuries per liter with percent moisture for soil samples? Units consistent between QC samples and sample data	X		
3.2 Quantitation limit met for all samples	Х		
Accuracy     a) Laboratory control samples accuracy reported and met for all samples		×	PHENOL FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS FOR SVOC LCS ACENAPHTHENE FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS FOR SVOC LCD 2-NITROTOLUENE & 4-NITROTOLUENE FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS FOR HE LCS
<ul> <li>Surrogate data reported and met for all organic samples analyzed by a gas chromatography technique</li> </ul>		Х	SURROGATE FOR PCB SAMPLE #054646-007 FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS
c) Matrix spike recovery data reported and met	X		
Precision     a) Replicate sample precision reported and met for all inorganic and radiochemistry samples	x		
b) Matrix spike duplicate RPD data reported and met for all organic samples	X		
3,5 Blank data  a) Method or reagent blank data reported and met for all samples	·x		
b) Sampling blank (e.g., field, trip, and equipment) data reported and met		X	BROMOFORM & DBCM DETECTED IN EQUIPMENT BLANK
3.6 Contractual qualifiers provided: "J"- estimated quantity; "B"-analyte found in method blank above the MDL for organic or above the PQL for inorganic; "U"-analyte undetected (results are below the MDL, IDL, or MDA (radiochemical)); "H"-analysis done beyond the holding time	х		
3.7 Narrative addresses planchet flaming for gross alpha/beta	NA:		
3.8 Narrative included, correct, and complete	X.		
3.9 Second column confirmation data provided for methods 8330 (high explosives) and pesticides/PCBs	X		

#### Contract Verification Review (Continued)

4.0 Calibration and Validation Documentation

ltem	Yes	No	Comments
4.1 GC/MS (8260, 8270, etc.)		<u> </u>	
a) 12-hour tune check provided	x		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1	j	
b) Initial calibration provided	×	<del>                                     </del>	
	<b>)</b>		<u>}</u>
c) Continuing calibration provided	х		-
d) Internal standard performance data provided	×		
e) Instrument run logs provided	X		
			<u> </u>
4.2 GC/HPLC (8330 and 8010 and 8082)			
a) Initial calibration provided	х		
b) Continuing calibration provided	х		
c) Instrument run logs provided	×		·
4.3 Inorganics (metals)			
a) Initial calibration provided	×	ļ	·
b) Continuing calibration provided	X	<del> </del>	
c) ICP interference check sample data provided	х	1	
d) ICP serial dilution provided .	×		
		<u> </u>	
e) Instrument run logs provided	· · X	<u> </u>	
4.4 Radiochemistry			
a) Instrument run logs provided	X	1	

#### Contract Verification Review (Concluded)

#### 5.0 Problem Resolution

Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted.

Gampier rection ive.	, 1101/1410	Troband Comments (Cooperate
QC1000179209	SVOC	NO RPDs REPORTED FOR LCS/LCD (PG. 395)
- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Vere deficiencies unresolved? WYes	□ No	
Based on the review, this data package	is complete.	□Yes ®No

Based on the review, this data package is complete.	□Yes	a/No	
If no, provide: nonconformance report or correction request	number <u>2517</u>	and date correction request was submitted: 5-7-2001	
Reviewed by: W. Palancia	Date: <u>5-7-2001</u>	Closed by: W. Palencia Date: 5-22-1	1

## CONTRACT LABORATORY ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Internal Lab	.1.	4										Page _	1_ of _2_
· Batch No.	V.14	SARWRN	lo,				•					AR/COC	04204
Na/Mai Stop:	6133/1067		Date Serrel	- Shippe	3-30-01	عن منحق	Contra	at No:		AJ2480A		Waste Characterization	
VTank Marager;	Sue Collins		CarlanWey	M No.	74205	の関係	Project	Task No.:		7223	02.02.09	RCRA Dates	
(r luject Name;	Site 227 drilling		Lab Cortec		Edio Kard ·	<del></del>		uthorizatio		1/1	mil	Sernd:Preliminary/report to	
Record Center Code:	ER/1309/227/DAT		Lab Continu	tion;	General Engineering Lai	ba .	1	(	7	7-4-		Validation Required	•
Logbook Ref. No.:	ERO78		SMO Corps	u/Phone:	P. Pulsann/844-3185		1					Released by COC No.:	
Service Order No.	CF0103-01		Send Repor	b SMO;	Suzi Jenemi		I					Bill To: Sandin National Labs (Accou	nta Payable)
Location	Tech Area Tijeras Am	790			Reference	LOV(2	vallab	le at Sh	AO)			PO Box 5800, NS-0154, Albuque	irque ( NM 87185-0
	ER Sample II	D or	Beginning	ER SA	Date/Time(Nr)	Sample	Co	ntainer	Proserve	Совестол		Parameter & Method	Lab Sample
Sample No,-Fraction	Sample Location	1 Detail	Depth (ft)	No.	Collected	Metrix	Туре	Volume	AB64C	Method	Туре	Requested	
054644-001	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-250-S	250.0	227	3,28,01/1125	S	AG	125ml	,4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	接着
054645-001	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-275-5 °	275.0	227-	3,28,01/1815	S.	AG	125ml	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	A Property
054646-002	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-EB1	N/A	227	3,29.01/1030	DIW	G	3x40 ml	4C, HCL	G	EB	VOCs (8260)	1.3 196
D54646-003	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-EB1	N/A	227	3,29.01/1032	DIW	AG	2r1L	4C	G	EB	5VOC= (8270	uĝ.
054846-004	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-EB1	N/A	227	3.29.01/1033	DIW	AG	250 ml	40	G	EB ·	Tritium	The state of
054646-005	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-EB1	N/A	227	3.29.01/1033	DIW	P	250 mi	'4C	G	63	Chloride (300.0)	11 80 7
054648-006	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-EB1	N/A	227	3.29.01/1035	DIW	PER	11	4Ċ, HNO3	G	EB	iso U/Pu	.2.4
· 05464B-007	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-EB1	N/A	227	3.29.01/1036	DIW	AG	2r1L	4C	G	EB	PCBs (8080)	435
054646-008	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-EB1	N/A	227	3.29.01/1037	DW.	Р	500 mi	4C	G		Cr-6 (7198)	
054546-009	TJAOU-227-VW-0		N/A	227	3.29.01/1038	DIW	AG	4srt L	4C			HE (8330)	TO THE PERSON NAMED IN
RMMA	Yes VNo	Ref.			Sample Tracking								mai Conditions
Sample Disposal			del yd lee		Data Entered(mm/dd/						☑ Yes		<b>PP</b>
Turnaround Time		15 Day	⊡o t		Entered by	Y OF	100	137 5	Raw Data	Package	✓ Yes	□ No in the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last of the last	<b>""中国</b>
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Sample	Name		eture	ink	Company/Organ		hone?Ce	Nibe	-				
Team	Robin Ryan	Rky	<u> </u>	RR	GRAM/6133/845-882								
Members	1/2/2 // //	L	A / 101 :	<u></u>	2/20/15	13.	3 - 5- 11	-,		H 20 2000			
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3. Received by	<del></del>		Org.	Date	Time		6. Rece				Org.		lime
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## CONTRACT LABORATORY Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

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•			•	•							AR/COC-	60420
	ed Namic She 227 Drilling •	Project/Trick	Margar, Su	Cotine			Project/Tank	No.: 7225.02	02,00		•	
Location												1
uliding	Room	<u> </u>	1 22	Reference								Lab use
Sample No- Fraction	ER Sample ID or Sample Location detail	Beginning Depth (ft)		Date/Time (hr) Collected	Sample Matrix	Type	Volume	Preserv-	Collection Method	Sample Type	Parameter & Method . Requested	Lab Sample 10
54648-010	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	N/A	227	3.29.01/1039	DIW	Р	500 mi	4C, HNO3	G		RCRA Metals + Titanium (6010/7471)	
54646-011	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	N/A	227	3.29.01/1039	DIW	Р	500 mi	4C, NEOH	G		Cyanide	1932
54646-012	TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1	N/A	227	3.29.01/1040	DIW	Р	16	4C, HNO3	G	E78	Cs-137	THE PARTY
54647-001	TJAOU-227-VW-01-TB	NA	227	3.29.01/1025	DIW	G	3x40 mi	4C, HCL	G	ТВ	VOCs (8260)	
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ON-SITE LABORATORY

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Project/Task Manager	Sur Collins		ChristMa	bill No.	HC.	•				7225,02,07	2 09	Waste Chara	cterization
Project Name	Site 227 drilling		Lab Contac	1•	Lougine Herrera	· ·	SMO A	uffracionalis	^				ustAlcobA sebat ps.
Record Center Code	ER1309/227/DAT		Lab Deslina		RPSD			n		Lach Area	Tijmas Augro	1	,
Logbook Ref No	ERD78		SMO Contact		P Puissant		Building			Room	, duran variable	Balance In E	RCL On-Site Lab
Service Order No :	CF0103-01		1	PI IŅRM	. 7 013 3011	<del></del>					<del></del>	Release to C	
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Sample No -Fraction		n Detail	Depth (II)	No.	Collected	ł	L Co	minimer			·	COC Ho(s).:	
	RPSD	~	Screen	Sample	Sample	Sample	t	I	Preserv-	Collection	Sample	L	
RPSD NoFraction	Remerics/Aliquot	Amounts	CPM	Mess	Quantity	Mattin	Туре	Volume	alive	Method	Туре	Ana	lysis Request
054646-001	TJAOU-227-VW-0	1-EB1	N/A	227	3 29 01/1030	DIW	М	500 ml	None	G	EB	Gamma Spec	LAB 03
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·	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					<u>.                                    </u>			<u>.</u>	<u> </u>	
		;				翻線	数数	<b>養羅蘇</b>					
RMMA	☐Yes ☑No	Ref.	No.		Sample Tracking		Smo Ur		Special Inst	ructions/Q	C Regultemen	is	
Sample Disposal	Return to Client	Dispos	del yd leb		Date Entered (num/dd	ν <sub>γ</sub>	তনাগ্র	hi	EDD 🗹	/es [	] No		•
Turnaround Tin		Normal			Entered by:	CTAC		۳.	Raw Data P	_	<b>⊘</b> Yes	□ No	
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Sample	Robin Ryan	COOK	Kijan	KHZ	UKAMO 133045-00	<u> </u>							
Team						<del></del>							
Members									•	_		•	,
**									Non-releas			٠,	
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I. Received by	219 4	14 GU	O10/32	Date 5	43/01 Time 14		4. Rece	ived by	Z _ N	3	Org. ~ \ \ 3 ~	5 Date 4/4/	c/ Time / 235
2.Relinquished by	115911	540	Dig //3	¿ Date 7	12/c/ Time 13	55	5.Relino	uished by			Org.	Dale	Time
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#### Sandia National Laboratories

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory] 4/02/01 4:32:41 PM

Analyzed by: A 4/101 Reviewed by: Ul 04.03 U

Customer : COLLINS/PERRY (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID : 054646-001 Lab Sample ID : 10052801

Sample Description : TJAOU-227-VW-01-EB1

Sample Quantity : 437.700 mL

Sample Date/Time : 3/29/01 10:30:00 AM Acquire Start Date/Time : 4/02/01 2:52:25 PM

Detector Name : LAB03

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 6000 / 6001 seconds

#### Comments:

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/mL )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/mL
U-238	Not Detected		2.40E-001
RA-226	Not Detected		4.30E-001
PB-214	Not Detected		4.09E-002
<b>5I-214</b>	Not Detected		5.04E-002
PB-210	Not Detected		1.55E+000
TH-232	Not Detected		1.56E-001
.KA-228	Not Detected		1.47E-001
AC-228	Not Detected		9.30E-002
TH-228	Not Detected		4.29E-001
RA-224	Not Detected		1.33E-001
P5-212	'Not Detected		3.48E-002
BI-212	Not Detected		3.34E-001
TL-208	Not Detected	*****	7.76E-002
U-235	Not Detected		9.98E-002
TH-231	Not Detected		3.23E+000
PA-231	Not Detected		8.49E-001
TH-227	Not Detected		1.32E-001
RA-223	Not Detected		6.64E-002
RN-219	Not Detected		2.45E-001
PB-211	Not Detected		5.01E-001
TL-207	Not Detected		1.01E+001
AM-241	Not Detected		5.84E-002
PU-239	Not Detected		1.71E+002
NP-237	Not Detected		9.13E-001
PA-233	Not Detected		3.86E-002
TH-229	Not Detected		8.54E-002

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/mL )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/mL	)
AG-108m	Not Detected		2.43E-002	
AG-110m	Not Detected		2.23E-002	
BA-133	Not Detected		2.41E-002	
BE-7	Not Detected		1.70E-001	
CD-115	Not Detected		1.40E-001	
CE-139	Not Detected		1.56E-002	
CE-141	Not Detected		2,43E-002	
CE-144	Not Detected		1.02E-001	
CM-243	Not Detected		1.02E-001	
	Not Detected		2.77E-002	
CO-56	_		1.05E-002	
CO-57	Not Detected		2.39E-002	
CO-58	Not Detected		3.35E-002	
CO-60	Not Detected		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
CR-51	Not Detected		1.56E-001	
CS-134	Not Detected		2.52E-002	
CS-137	Not Detected		2.39E-002	
EU-152	Not Detected		3.21E-002	
EU-154	Not Detected	=	1.13E-001	
EU-155	Not Detected		5.34E-002	•
FE-59	Not Detected		4.90E-002	
GD-153	Not Detected		3.70E-002	
HG-203	Not Detected		2,00E-002	•
I-131	Not Detected		2.85E-002	
IR-192	Not Detected		1.84E-002	
K-40	Not Detected		3.53E-001	
∵ <sub>\</sub> MN-52	Not Detected		4.06E-002	
MN-54	Not Detected		2.39E-002	
MO-99	Not Detected		4.90E-001	
NA-22	Not Detected		2.54E-002	
NA-24	Not Detected		3.12E+000	
ND-147	Not Detected		1.80E-001	
NI-57	Not Detected		2.65E-001	
RU-103	Not Detected		2.18E-002	
RU-106	Not Detected		2.12E-001	
SB-122	Not Detected		9.33E-002	
SB-124	Not Detected		2.39E-002	
SB-125	Not Detected		5.40E-002	
SN-113	Not Detected		2.48E-002	
SR-85	Not Detected		3.31E-002	
TA-182	Not Detected		8.09E-002	
TA-183	Not Detected		8.80E-002	
TL-201	Not Detected		9.13E-002	
Y-88	Not Detected		3.24E-002	
ZN-65	Not Detected		5.79E-002	
ZR-95	Not Detected		4.28E-002	
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

# Sandia National Laboratories Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory] 4/03/01 6:47:08 AM

\* Analyzed by: 43/01 Reviewed by: LH C4-C3-C1

Customer ' : COLLINS/PERRY (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID : LAB CONTROL SAMPLE USING CG134

Lab Sample ID : 10052802

Sample Description : MIXED GAMMA\_STANDARD\_CG134

Sample Quantity : 1.000 Each

Sample Date/Time : 11/01/90 12:00:00 PM

Acquire Start Date/Time : 4/03/01 6:36:53 AM

Detector Name : LAB03

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 600 / 605 seconds

#### Comments:

Nuclice Name	Activity (pCi/Each )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/Each
.U-238	Not Detected		2.59E+003
RA-226	Not Detected		5.73E+003
PB-214	Not Detected	·	7.07E+002
EI-214	Not Detected		6.32E+002
PS-210	Not Detected		4.68E+004
TH-232	Not Detected		2.21E+003
RA-228	Not Detected		2.67E+003
AC-228	Not Detected		1.52E+003
TH-228	Not Detected		2.99E+005
RA-224	Not Detected		1.31E+004
PB-212	Not Detected		2.03E+004
BI-212	Not Detected		1.84E+005
TL-208	Not Detected		4.21E+004
U-235	Not Detected		1.30E+003
TH-231	Not Detected		3.74E+004
PA-231	Not Detected .		1.30E+004
TH-227	Not Detected		2:54E+003
RA-223	Not Detected		1.00E+026
RN-219	Not Detected		6.48E+003
PB-211	Not Detected		1.49E+004
TL-207	Not Detected		2.35E+005
AM-241	8.77E+004	1.25E+004	2.45E+003
PU-239	Not Detected	* ***	2.15E+006
NP-237	Not Detected		1.12E+004
PA-233	Not Detected		6.00E+002
TH-229	Not Detected		1.09E+003

Nuclide	Activity	2-sigma	MDA
Name	(pCi/Each )	Error	(pCi/Each )
Name	(pci/bach /		(201, 100)
AG-108m	Not Detected		3.36E+002
AG-110m	Not Detected		7.09E+007
BA-133	Not Detected		8.63E+002
BE-7	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CD-115	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CE-139	Not Detected Not Detected		3.96E+010
CE-141	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CE-141	Not Detected		1.32E+007
CM-243	Not Detected		1.97E+003
CO-56	Not Detected		2.55E+017
	Not Detected		2.58E+006
CO-57	Not Detected Not Detected		4.76E+018
CO-58	8.19E+004	1.07E+004	9.51E+002
CO-60	Not Detected	1.0757004	1.00E+026
CR-51	Not Detected		9.92E+003
CS-134	7.03E+004	9.06E+003	5.09E+002
CS-137 EU-152	Not Detected	J.00E+005	8.11E+002
•			3.34E+003
EU-154	Not Detected	,	3.08E+003
ÈU-155	Not Detected		1.00E+026
FE-59	Not Detected		2.43E+007
GD-153	Not Detected		1.00E+026
HG-203	Not Detected		1.00E+026
I-131	Not Detected		9.24E+017
IR-192	Not Detected		1.38E+003
K-40	Not Detected		1.00E+026
MN - 52	Not Detected		1.52E+006
N-54	Not Detected		1.52E+006 1.00E+026
MO-99	Not Detected		3.04E+003
NA-22	Not Detected		
NA - 24	Not Detected		1.00E+026
ND-147	Not Detected		1.00E+026
NI-57	Not Detected		1.00E+026
RU-103	Not Detected		1.00E+026 3.77E+006
RU-106	Not Detected		
SB-122	Not Detected		1.00E+026
SB-124	Not Detected		3.22E+021
SB-125	Not Detected	********	1.65E+004 4.12E+012
SN-113	Not Detected		1.78E+020
SR-85	Not Detected		
TA-182	Not Detected		1.04E+013
TA-183	Not Detected		1.00E+026
TL-201	Not Detected		1.00E+026
Y-88	Not Detected		8.65E+012
ZN-65	Not Detected		4.29E+007
ZR-95	Not Detected		4.18E+020

# Sandia National Laboratories Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program Quality Assurance Report

Report Date : 4/03/01 6:47:11 AM

QA File : C:\GENIE2K\CAMFILES\LCS3.QAF

Analyst : KICHAVE Sample ID : 10052802

Sample Quantity : 1.00 Each

Sample Date : 11/01/90 12:00:00 PM Measurement Date : 4/03/01 6:36:53 AM

Elapsed Live Time : 600 seconds Elapsed Real Time : 605 seconds

Parameter	Mean	1S Error	New Value	<	LU :	SD:	: מט	B\$ >
				-				
AM-241 Activity	8.697E-002	1.752E-003	8.769E-002	<	:	.:/	.:	>
CS-137 Activity	6.982E-002	1.724E-003	7.034E-002	<	:	/: /	:	>
CO-60 Activity	7.965E-002	1.649E-003	8.128E-002	<	:	· : ·	. 2	>

Flags Key: LU = Boundary Test (Ab = Above , Be = Below)...

SD = Sample Driven N-Sigma Test (In = Investigate, Ac = Action)

UD = User Driven N-Sigma Test (In = Investigate, Ac = Action)

BS = Measurement Bias Test (In = Investigate, Ac = Action)

Reviewed by: 4/3/0

#### Sample Findings Summary

Site: Site 227		AR/COC: 604300 Method/CAS Number (Analysis/Analyte)													Data Type: Organic		
					Meth	od/CA	S Nu	mber (A	Analysi	s/Analy	te)			·	,		
Sample ID	VOC#:	75-09-2 (mathylene chloride)	78-01-	svocs:	83-22-8 (aceruphithene)	111-91-1 (bis(2- chloroathoxy/methens)	HEs:	19408-51-0 (4 envino-2,8-dinitratioluene)	99-08-1 (m-nitratoluene)								
054680-002 TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-5	4	5U,B	w	<b> </b>		<b> </b>	L_	<u></u>		<u> </u>		<b> </b>	<b>↓</b> _	<b> </b>	<u> </u>	<b> </b>	
054685-002 TJAOU-229-GR-08-0.0-\$	1	5U,B	w	<b>!</b>			<u> </u>	<b> </b>	ļ	ļ	<u> </u>	<b> </b>	ļ	<b>↓</b>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
054681-002 TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S		1	w		<u> </u>			<u> </u>		<del> </del>	<u> </u>	<b> </b>	ļ	ļ	ļ	<del> </del>	
054682-002 TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	1	ļ <u>.</u>	w	<b>!</b>		<u> </u>					<u></u>	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
054683-002 TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-\$	<u> </u>		w			<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<b> </b>	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<del></del>	
054688-002 TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001		5U,B	u				<u> </u>	Ĺ		<b>!</b> _			<u> </u>	L	<del></del> _		
054686-001 TJAOU-229-GR-TB-001	1_	5U,B	w	ļ <u>.</u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<u> </u>		<b> </b>	<u> </u>	
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Validated By:

Mr. Kennoth Salaz

Date: 5/7/01

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Validated By:

Mr. Versel Sales

Date: 5/7/01

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Validated By:

Mr. Kanneth Salaz

Date: 5/7/01

#### Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123

Phone: 505-299-5201 Fax: 505-299-6744 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

May 7, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Radiochemical Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227, ARCOC #604300,

GEL SDG #38575/38576, Case No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with approved procedures using methods EPA900.0 Gross Alpha/Beta and HASL300/EPA901.1 Gamma Spec. A problem was identified with the data package that results in the qualification of data.

 Gross Alpha/Beta Analysis: In the method blank for the equipment blank (EB), gross beta was detected at a concentration greater than (>) the associated minimum detectable concentration (MDC). The associated sample result was less than (<) 5X the blank concentration and will be qualified "J,B."</li>

Data are acceptable. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### Holding Times/Preservation

All Analyses: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times and properly preserved.

#### Calibration

All Analyses: The case narratives stated the instruments used were properly calibrated.

#### Blanks

<u>All Analyses</u>: No target analytes were detected in the method blanks at concentrations > the associated MDCs except as noted above in the summary section.

#### Matrix Spike (MS) Analysis

Gross Alpha/Beta Analysis: The MS analysis for the soil samples was performed on a sample from another SDG. No sample data were qualified as a result. The case narrative stated that all QC acceptance criteria were met. The MS analysis for the EB met QC acceptance criteria.

<u>Gamma Spec Analysis</u>: No MS analysis was required for the soil samples. The MS analysis for the EB met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Laboratory Control Sample (LCS) Analysis

All Analyses: The LCS analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Replicates

Gross Alpha/Beta Analysis: The replicate analysis for the soil samples was performed on a sample from another SDG. No sample data were qualified as a result. The case narrative stated that all QC acceptance criteria were met. The replicate analysis for the EB met QC acceptance criteria.

Gamma Spec Analysis: The replicate analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Tracer/Carrier Recoveries

All Analyses: No tracers/carriers were required for these methods.

#### **Negative Bias**

All Analyses: All sample results met negative bias QC acceptance criteria.

#### Other QC

All Analyses: A field duplicate was submitted. However, there are no "required" review criteria for field duplicate analyses comparability. No target analytes were detected in the EBs at concentrations > the associated MDCs. No field blanks (FBs) were submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

### Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123 Phone: 505-299-5201

Fax: 505-299-6744 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

May 7, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Organic Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227, ARCOC #604300,

GEL SDG #38575/38576, Project/Task No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with approved procedures using methods EPA8260B VOCs, EPA8270C SVOCs, and EPA8330 HEs. Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

- VOC Analysis: The initial calibration response factor (RF) of trichloroethene for the soil samples, the equipment blank (EB), and the trip blank (TB), was less than (<) the required minimum but greater than (>) 0.01. All associated sample results were non-detect (ND) and will be qualified "UJ."
  - <u>SVOC Analysis</u>: The initial calibration RFs of bis(2-chloroethoxy)methane for the EB and acenaphthene for the soil samples were < the required minimums but >0.01. All associated sample results were ND and will be qualified "UJ," except for the acenaphthene result of soil sample 38575-008, which was a detect and will be qualified "J."
- VOC Analysis: In the method blanks for the soil samples, the EB, and the TB, methylene chloride was detected. The associated results of the EB, the TB, and soil samples 38575-001 and -002 were detects, <10X the blank concentrations, < the reporting limit (RL), and will be qualified "5U,B."</li>
- 3. <u>HE Analysis</u>: The LCSD percent recovery (%R) of 4-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene for the EB was < QC acceptance limits, and the LCSD relative percent difference (RPD) was > QC acceptance limits. The associated sample result was ND and will be qualified "UJ,A,P." The LCSD RPD of m-nitrotoluene was also > QC acceptance limits. The associated sample result was ND and will be qualified "UJ,P."

Data are acceptable. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### Holding Times/Preservation

All Analyses: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times and properly preserved.

#### Calibration

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section.

<u>SVOC Analysis</u>: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and the following. The continuing calibration verification (CCV) percent differences (%Ds) of several compounds (see Data Validation Worksheets) were >20% but <40%. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

HE Analysis: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Blanks

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: No target analytes were detected in the method blanks except as noted above in the summary section.

SVOC/HE Analyses: No target analytes were detected in the method blanks.

#### Surrogates

All Analyses: The surrogate %Rs met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Internal Standards (ISs)

VOC/SVOC Analyses: The IS areas and retention times (RTs) met QC acceptance criteria.

HE Analysis: No ISs were required for this method.

#### Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Analysis

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: The MS/MSD analyses were performed on samples from other SDGs. No sample data were qualified as a result. The case narratives stated that all QC acceptance criteria were met.

SVOC Analysis: The MS/MSD analyses for the soil samples met QC acceptance criteria. The MS/MSD analyses for the EB were performed on a sample from another SDG. No sample data were qualified as a result. The case narrative stated that all QC acceptance criteria were met.

HE Analysis: The MS/MSD analyses for the soil samples were performed on a sample from another SDG. No sample data were qualified as a result. The case narrative stated that all QC acceptance criteria were met. The MS/MSD analyses for the EB met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Laboratory Control Samples (LCS/LCSD) Analysis

VOC Analysis: The LCS/LCSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

SVOC Analysis: The LCS analysis for the soil samples met QC acceptance criteria. No LCSD analysis was performed. However, since the MSD analysis met the replicate QC acceptance criteria, no sample data were qualified. The LCS/LCSD analyses for the EB met QC acceptance criteria except for the following. The LCS %Rs of 1,2,4-trichlorobenzene, hexachlorobutadiene, and acenaphthene, as well as the LCSD %R of acenaphthene, were > QC acceptance limits. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

HE Analysis: The LCS/LCSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria except as noted above in the summary section and the following. The LCS/LCSD %Rs of m-nitrotoluene for the EB were > QC acceptance limits. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified. The LCSD RPD of 2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene for the EB was > the QC acceptance limit. However, the LCS/LCSD %Rs met QC acceptance criteria. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

#### Other QC

<u>VOC Analysis</u>: A field duplicate was submitted. However, there are no "required" review criteria for field duplicate analyses comparability. In the EB, dibromochloromethane and bromoform were detected. However, all associated sample results were ND. Thus, no sample data were qualified. No target analytes were detected in the TB.

<u>SVOC/HE Analyses</u>: A field duplicate was submitted. However, there are no "required" review criteria for field duplicate analyses comparability. No target analytes were detected in the EBs. No field blanks (FBs) were submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

#### Analytical Quality Associates, Inc.



616 Maxine NE Albuquerque, NM 87123

Phone: 505-299-5201 Fax: 505-299-6744 Email: minteer@aol.com

#### **MEMORANDUM**

DATE:

May 7, 2001

TO:

File

FROM:

Kenneth Salaz

SUBJECT:

Inorganic Data Review and Validation - SNL

Site 227, ARCOC #604300,

GEL SDG #38575/38576, Project/Task No. 7225.02.02.09

See the attached Data Validation Worksheets for supporting documentation on the data review and validation.

#### Summary

All samples were prepared and analyzed with approved procedures using methods EPA6010B ICP-AES and EPA7470/1A CVAA. Problems were identified with the data package that result in the qualification of data.

1. ICP Analysis: In the initial calibration blank (ICB) and/or continuing calibration blank (CCB) for the equipment blank (EB), silver (Ag) and chromium (Cr) were detected at negative concentrations. The absolute values were greater than (>) the detection limits (DLs) but less than (<) the reporting limits (RLs). The associated sample results were non-detect (ND) and will be qualified "UJ,B3." In the method blank for the EB, barium (Ba) was detected. The associated sample result was a detect, <5X the blank concentration, and will be qualified "J,B." In the ICB for the soil samples, selenium (Se) was detected. The associated results of samples 38575-006, -008, and -010 were detects, <5X the blank concentration, and will be qualified "J,B3."</p>

CVAA Analysis: In the ICB and CCB for the soil samples, mercury (Hg) was detected at negative concentrations. The absolute values were > the DL but < the RL. The associated results of samples 38575-006 and -007 were detects, <5X the DL, and will be qualified "J,B3." The associated results of samples 38575-008, -009, and -010 were ND and will be qualified "UJ.B3."

Data are acceptable. QC measures appear to be adequate. The following sections discuss the data review and validation.

#### **Holding Times/Preservation**

All Analyses: All samples were analyzed within the prescribed holding times and properly preserved.

#### Calibration

All Analyses: The initial and continuing calibrations met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Blanks

<u>ICP Analysis</u>: No target analytes were detected in the blanks except as noted above in the summary section and the following. In the CCB for the EB and the method blank for the soil samples, cadmium (Cd) was detected. In the CCB for the soil samples, lead (Pb) was detected. However, all associated sample results were either ND or >5X the blank concentration. Thus, no sample data were qualified.

<u>CVAA Analysis</u>: No target analytes were detected in the blanks except as noted above in the summary section.

#### Matrix Spike/Matrix Spike Duplicate (MS/MSD) Analyses

<u>All Analyses</u>: The MS analyses met QC acceptance criteria. No MSD analyses were performed. The replicate analyses were used as measures of laboratory precision.

#### Laboratory Control Samples (LCS/LCSD) Analysis

All Analyses: The LCS/LCSD analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

#### Replicate Analysis

All Analyses: The replicate analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

#### ICP Interference Check Sample (ICS)

ICP Analysis: The ICSs met QC acceptance criteria.

CVAA Analysis: No ICS was required for this method.

#### ICP Serial Dilution

ICP Analysis: The serial dilution analyses met QC acceptance criteria.

CVAA Analysis: No serial dilution was required for this method.

#### Other QC

All Analyses: A field duplicate was submitted. However, there are no "required" review criteria for field duplicate analyses comparability. No target analytes were detected in the EB except Ba. However, all associated sample results were >5X the blank concentration. Thus, no sample data were qualified. No field blank (FB) was submitted on the ARCOC.

No other specific issues were identified which affect data quality.

Please contact me if you have any questions or comments regarding the review of this package.

#### **Data Validation Summary**

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Laboratory: GEC	38576- au 1 -007
Laboratory Report #: 38575/38576	

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5.	Laboratory Control Samples	V	V .			113,4,P	\ <u>\</u>			~			~		
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12.	Carrier/Chemical Tracer Recoveries				### ###			-32					MA		
13.	Other QC	/	V		¥	/			,	/			V		,

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75-35-4		0.20								NA	NA	NA					
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Volatile Organics Site/Froject: S.Je 117	<b>ል</b> ₽ <i>ለ</i> ርኅር	#: <u>604300</u>		Datch sie	s: <u>67670</u>				Page 2 of 2
Laboratory: G EL		38575			nples:	Ma	ırix:S=i		
	Sumo	gate Recove	ry and Intern	al Standard	Outliers (SV	846 Method 8	3260)		
Sample	SMC 1	SMC 2	SMC 3	IS 1 area	IS 1 RT	IS 2 area	19 2 RT	IS 3 area	IS 3 RT
211									
Pissed									
	-						-		
									•

SMC 1: Bromofluorobenzene SMC 2: Dibromofluormethane SMC 3: Toluene-d8

IS 1: Fluorobenzene IS 2: Chlorobenzene-d5

IS 3: 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4

Comments:

Voletile	Organics :	(SW 846	Method	8260
1 414 114		1271 070	MANAGE	0700

1 74-37-3 :Chlororaein 1 74-33-9 Bromoraein 1 75-01-4 viayi chlori 1 75-00-3 Chloroethan		G#:_3&1	<u> </u>		<del></del>		# of Samples Laboratory S	ample L	Os: 5	18571	- <i>ბ</i> ან	ي- د "	202073	·)		
1 74-37-3 Chloromein 1 74-32-9 Bromornein 1 75-91-4 vinyi ehlori 1 75-90-3 Chloromein 1 75-90-2 methylene c 1 67-64-1 perfore (1b) 1 75-15-0 carbon disol 1 75-35-4 1,1-dichlori 1 75-34-3 1,1-dichlori 1 67-66-3 Chloromer	¥ #		_			<del></del> _	Berch #s:									
1 74-83-9 Bromorach 1 75-91-4 visnyi chlory 1 75-90-3 Chlorochaz 1 75-90-2 methylene c 1 67-64-1 services(10) 1 75-15-0 carbon disul 1 75-34-3 \$14lchlory 1 75-34-3 \$14lchlory 1 67-66-3 Chloroform	Name of P	n. Intercept	Calib.	Colle. 1490/	200V	Method	rcs rcs	o LCS	C MS	MSD	MS	Pièle Dup.	Equip.			;
1 74-83-9 Bromorach 1 75-01-4 Varyt ehlort 1 75-00-3 Varyt ehlort 1 75-00-2 Instruyence 1 67-64-1 Section disol 1 75-15-0 Carbon disol 1 75-35-4 3_1-dileblor 1 75-34-3 8_1-dicblor 1 67-66-3 Chieroforu	L "	i	>.05	Q9%/ 0.99	20%	Divis		. Terv	:	i !	70-0	APD	Bianks			•
1 75-01-4 visyl chlory 1 75-00-3 (hlorycthan 1 75-09-2 methylene c 1 67-64-1 sertose(10) 1 75-15-0 carbon duol 1 75-33-4 3,1-dichlory 1 75-36-3 (Jdichlory 1 75-36-3 (Jdichlory 1 75-36-3 (Jdichlory 1 75-36-3 (Jdichlory)	mane:		<b>レ</b>		Z							ΔA	MA	NA	<del></del>	
1 75-90-3 Chlorocthan 1 75-99-2 methylene c 1 67-64-1 sertone(16) 1 75-15-0 carbon dual 1 75-35-4 la-dichlor 1 75-34-3 [s.d-dichlor 1 67-66-3 Chloroform			V	V												
1 75-09-2 methylene c 1 67-64-1 perione() ft 1 75-15-0 carbon disal 1 75-35-4 3_1-dichlori 1 75-34-3 3_1-dichlori 1 67-66-3 Chlorofuru			12	<i>-</i>												
67-64-1			<b>I</b>	V		1										
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1 75-35-4 1,1-dichion 1 75-34-3 1,1-dichion 1 67-66-3 Chieroforu			Tie	1	工	V				<del></del>						
1 75-34-3 1,1-dichlore 1 67-66-3 Chloroform			1	<u> </u>								$\perp$				
67-66-3 Chloroform			/	V			11		MA	1/1/4	NA					
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			TV.	<u> </u>					:							
78-93-3 2-betamone			TV	<u> </u>	I				I							
71-55-6 1,1,1-trichle				V								工		$\Box$		
56-23-5 curbon tetr			1	<u></u>								$\Box$				
75-27-4 Bromodichi			V	V					T							
1.2-87-5 1.2-dicishin			~	V								$\Box$				
10061-01-5 cis-1,3-dichi	doropropone : 0.20	0	V	V												
79-01-6 Trichloract	thene 1/ 0.30		0.27	1	T		نما شیا		NA	NA	NA					
124-48-1 Dibromochi	oromethane 🗸 0.10	<i>i</i>					-							-		
2 79-00-5 1,1,2-trichle			12	V												
2 71-43-2 Benzene	√ 8.50	1	12				V V	- /	MA	INA	MA					
2 10061-02-6 trans-1,3-dic	chloropropose V 0.16	5 T L	V													
2 75-25-2 Bromoform			14	V			ī					$\Box$				
108-10-1 4-mathyl-2-				V	$\Box$							I				
3 591-78-6 2-hexamone	√ 0.01		V	V								ı				
3 127-18-4 Tetrachbert			TV	V			T					$\Box$				
	ichloroethane 🗸 0.36				$\Box$											
3 108-88-3 tolucno(10x1			V	V	$\Box$		レレ	سرا ا				$\perp$				
3 108-90-7 Chlerobenz							V V	سا	MA	M	~					
3 1001-41-4 Ethylbenzen			1					$T_{-}$								
3 \00-42-5 Styrene	√ 0.30	0 NA	V					1								
3 1330-20-7 xylenes(total																
540-59-0 1,2-dichlers	(0.30	0 20	1	V	<u> </u>			$\mathbf{I}$					T_T_	1		l

Notes: Shaded rows are RCRA compounds.
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M=Not Apricast
Date: 5/2/01

Volatile Organics			Page 2 of 2
Site/Project: Sik 227 AR/COC #: 604 300	Beach #s: 67849	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Laboratory: GEL SDG#: 38576	# of Samples:	Matrix: agreem	
Surrogate Recovery and Inte	rnal Standard Outliers (SW 846)	Method 8260)	

Sample	SMC-1	SMC 2	SMC 3	iS 1 area	IS 1 RT	IS 2 area	IS 2 RT	18 3 area	IS 3 RT
All									
Passed									
:									
		<u> </u>			1				

SMC 1: Bromofluorobenzene SMC 2: Dibromofluormethane SMC 3: Toluene-d8

IS 1: Fluorobenzene IS 2: Chlorobenzene-d5 IS 3: 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4

Comments:

Site	Proje	ct: <u>5,7e</u>	227	AR	/COC :	V:	504 504	Semiv ೨೦೦	olatil	e O	rga	anic					3 (5)	75-رى	<b>6</b> +o :	-01	<u> </u>						Pag	elof3
		y: <u>6 E</u>				_		385	75						-													
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				1				Callb.	Callb.	c	cv.			A	œ.	12000		28.07.10000		¥	eld eld				2 4 3 23	9	190 March	
ıs	BNA	CAS#	NAME	c	Min RF	jňi	ercept	RF.	RSD/ R3	,	(D	Me	thod anks	LCS	LCSD	LCS	MS	MSD	MS	a	ip. PD	Eg	υip.					
				ļt	, r.c			4800000000	<20%/	4880	<b>300</b>									R	PD,		nka	012	nk.	So	Ω	
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1	A	108-95-2	Phenol	با	0.80	1	4	1	<u>.v.</u>	سا	_	بد	<u>/_</u>	_	11.7	1/4	<u> </u>	10	<u> </u>	14	4	1		i	<u>A</u>	4		
1	BN	111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	11	0.70	Ļ	<del></del>	<u>~</u>	سا	Ш						<u> </u>		<u> </u>		Ц	_	_		$\Box$		Ц		
1	Α	95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	44	0.80	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	-	٧	Ш	_	$\Box$		<u></u>	NA	NA		1	<u> </u>	ļ_	ldash	Ш		$\sqcup$		$\sqcup$		
1	BN	541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	333	0.60	100000	0.400000000	<u> </u>	V.	1	00074000	Civado	e sanacous		805 R00 G	Service of the Co.	attribute and the	ACCOUNTS.	- Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Cont	60104	0200				and the	शकार	446	
388	BN	06-46-7	1.4-Dichlorobenzene		0,50	200		V	v	M	700			12	NA	A/Δ.		-	V.	1000	<b></b>					M		16.000
1	BN	95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	#	6.40	H			V	$\vdash$		Н					<u> </u>		<b> </b>	<u> </u>		Н	_	Н			-	
1	A	95-48-7	2-Methylphenol (0-001)	#	0.70	Н		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	Н			<u> </u>	1	M	NA	<u> </u>	├		<del> </del>	<b> </b>	Н		<b> </b>	-	H	{	
1	BN	108-60-1	bis(2-chloroisopropyt)ether	. ₽	0.01	H	<u> </u>	<u>  ~ </u>	<u> </u>	1 4				ļ.—	<del> </del>	ļ	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		<b>├</b>	<u> </u>			$\square$	<del>                                     </del>	⊢┤		
<u> </u>		106-44-5	4-Methylphenol	1	0.60		├	<del>  _</del> _	ļ	-	_			<b></b> _			<del> </del>	<del>  _</del> _	<del> </del>	⊢	<u> </u>	Н		┝─┤	⊢			
1	BN	621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-n-propylamine	Y	0.30	1	SSSS SAME		<u></u>	با	2994366	353680	<b>18</b> 0000000	Y		MA			1 DESTAN	35082	5088	30000	Sept. 27.5	2000		202	Becco	302*15013E888
2	BN	67.72.1 98-95-3	Hexacidoroethane:		0.30	30.0	200		1				2001 (0) 9899 (0) 2010 (0)			NA			5						84.88			
2	BN	78-59-1	Isophorone	4	0.20	200	200000	, v	<i>V.</i>	150.00	88866		2889 (1085)		AP S	1/2/1		0650 m	400.00	14	1996	98183	2000			æ		
1	A	88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	╫	0.10	├-			<u> </u>	╀╌		Н		<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>		<del> </del>	Н	_	$\vdash$		اــــا	$\vdash$	┢╌┼		
-	A	105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	₩	0.20	├-	<del>                                     </del>		1	-	$\vdash$			├	<del> </del>		<del></del>	<b> </b> -		H	_	H	$\vdash$	بـــا	$\vdash\vdash$	$\vdash \vdash$		<del></del>
1,	BN	111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	╫	0.30	-		V	V	├	-	$\vdash$			<del> </del>		<del> </del>	-	<del></del>	H		Н	$\vdash$	-	—	+	$\dashv$	—-{
2	A	120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	╫	0.20	$\vdash$		<del></del>	\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\	┝╌		$\vdash$			<del> </del>	-				H		Н		<del>  </del>	-1	<del></del>		
2	BN	120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	#	0.20	Н		\ <del>`</del>	<i>&gt;</i>	<del>                                     </del>		H		7	WA	ΔΔ		<b>-</b>	-	Н	-	H					$\dashv$	
2	BN	91-20-3	Naphthalene	#	0.70	H		<u></u>	7					<u> </u>	1	,	<del></del>	-	<del>                                     </del>	H		H		$\vdash$		十		-
2	BN	106-47-8	4-Chloroaniline	11	0.01			<b>V</b>	$\overline{\mathcal{L}}$	П	_				<u> </u>		<u> </u>	$\vdash$		H		$\sqcap$		$\neg \uparrow$		巾	7	
2	BN	87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	11	0.01	1				П				V.	NA	424				П		口		一十	$\neg$	巾	$\neg$	
2	Α	59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	11	0,20	⇈	-	7	1	П				V	NA			1	1/	П		$\sqcap$		$\sqcap$	$\neg$	$\sqcap$	コ	
2	BN	91-57-6	2-Methylmaphthalene	11	0.40	Τ,		V	1	П										П		П			$\neg$	$\sqcap$	7	
3	BN	77-47-4	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene		0.01	Ι.	/	~	v.										Γ.	П		П		$\sqcap$	$\neg$	T	$\neg$	
3_	Α	88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	$\mathbb{I}$	0.20	7	VA	~	١					V	اعزبهر	NA						$\Box$		$\Box$		I	$\Box$	
3	Α	95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	7	0.20	1	マム	V	اد	3	,	ľ	4	1	NA	NA				7	,	J				T	$-\Box$	
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	77		-77.									B-	20															

B-20

Batch #s: 67764 Site/Project: Sile 227 AR/COC #: \_ 604 300 Laboratory: CEL Laboratory Report #: 38575 # of Samples: Matrix aquerus 21×10\$ ccv 'RSD/ Method LGS LGSD RPD Blanks Equip. Blanka Field RPD Dup. Min. **%**0 5 BNA C Min. L RF Intercept CAS# MSD R² <20% >.05 20% 0.99 BN 91-38-7 0.80 11 0.01 BN 88-74-4 2-Nitrosniline (o-BN 131-11-3 Directhylphthalate 0.01 3 BN 208-96-8 0.90 3 BN 606-20-2 0.20 2.6-Dinitrotoluen BN 99-09-2 0.01  $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ 3-Nitroeniline (... BN 83-32-9 Acenaphthene 0.90 0,88 N.4 NΛ A 51-28-5 2,4-Dinitrophenol 0.01 <u>~</u> A 100-02-7 4-Nitrophenol 0.01 NA WA BN 132-64-9 Dibenzoforan 0.80 NA BN 121-14-2 2.4 Dinutrol of trease 0.20 24 V4 V V BN 84-66-2 Diethylphthalate 0.01 -22.5 BN 7005-72-3 4-Chlorophenyl-phenylether 0.40 0.90 BN 86-73-7 سرا 4-Nitroaniline (p-) +21.6 BN 100-01-6 0.01 22.3 A 534-52-1 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylphenol 0.01 BN 86-30-6 N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) 0.01 BN 101-35-3 4-Bromophenyl-phenylether 0.10 Hexachlorobernens BN 111-74-1 V NA NA . 6,10 A 87-86-3 0.05 A PA BN 85-01-8 0.70 Phenanthrone 0.70 BN 120-12-7 Anthracene 0.01 BN 86-74-8 Carbazole BN 84-74-2 Di-n-butylphthalase 0.01 24.6 BN 206-44-0 Piuoranthene 0.60 レ 0.60 NA WA BN 129-00-0 BN 85-68-7 Butylbenzylphthalate 0.01 -21.7 BN 91-94-1 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 0,01 BN 56-55-3 Benzo(a)anthracens 0.80

Comments:

Site/Project Sik 227 AR/COC #: \_ 804 306 67764 GEL 38575 Laboratory: Laboratory Report #: \_ Matrix a puer a IS BNA CAS Callb. Callb. CCV Min. RF LCS LC8 MSD RPD RF. XD. Dup. RPD RPD Blanks <20%/ 0.99 >.05 20% BN 218-01-9 Chrysene 0.70 <u>~:4</u> 0.01 BN 117-81-7 bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate V BN 117-84-0 Di-n-octylphthalate 0.D1 BN 205-99-2 Benzo(b)fluoranthens 0.70 BN 207-08-9 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.70 ルタ  $\overline{\phantom{a}}$ BN 50-32-8 0.70 BN 193-39-5 Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene 0.50 0.40 BN 53-70-3 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene MA <u>~</u> 0.50 BN 191-24-2 Benzo(g.h.l)perylens NANA NZZ 1-2-crouls

Surrogate Recovery Outliers Sample: SMC1 SMC2 SMC3 SMC4 SMC5 SMC6 SMC7 SMC8 Passed

Comments:

SMC 2: 2-Fluorobiphenyl (BN) SMC 5: 2-Fluorophenol (A) SMC 8: 1,2 Dichlorobenome 44

SMC 3: p-Terphenyl-d14 (BN) SMC 6: 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (A)

SMC 1: Nitrobenzene-d5 (BN) SMC 4: Phenol-d6 (A) SMC 7: 2-2-Charapternol-d+(A)

44 (BRI)

Internal Standard Outliers

Sample	IS 1-aren IS	1-RT  15:2-	15 2 <sub>7</sub> RT	15 3-am	IS 3-RT	IS 4 area	JS 4-RT	iS Bares	(\$ 6-RT	le Sares	IS 6-RT
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IS 1: 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-de IS 4: Phonalbrene-d10 (BN) -34 (BN) IS 2; Naphthalene-d8 (BN) IS 5; Chrysenc-d12 (BN)

IS 3: Acenaphthene-d10 (BN) IS 6: Perylene-d12 (BN)

San	ples:	t Matrix	:	aju	ء زيدي							Bat	ich #s:	677	12							_	_			
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		and the second	lΤ			881,8 P.	Calib	Calib. RSD/	4.00	CV.						¥#			Fle	a		23				4
ΞN	A CAS#	NAME:	C	Min. RE	Inte	trept	RF	R <sup>3</sup>		D,	Me	thod anks	LCS	LCSD	LUS	MS	MSD	MB RPD	Du	200	Ego Blan			nks		
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e keaf				2002168 2007100	460 S		>.05	0.99	2	0%					-40				(PENE						1	4
^	108-95-2	Phenol	V	0.80	N	Α	10	/	<u></u>	_	سا			<u> </u>	/	na	100	NA	100	4	<u>4/م</u>	<u>.</u>	N	4		1
ВΝ	111-44-4	bis(2-Chloroethyl)ether	1	0.70			V	1					<u> </u>		<u> </u>	<u> </u>					1					⅃
*	95-57-8	2-Chlorophenol	$\angle$	0.80			V	<u> </u>			1_1		<u>v</u>	_	<u>~</u>	100	MA	NA			L			L		⊥
BΝ	541-73-1	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	<u> </u>	0,60			~	<b>-</b>							L_											1
á	106:46:7	1,4 Dictilorobenzene	V	0.50			V	٠,٠		3	000000		υ/°	V	<b>1</b> 2	1/4	1/1	1/4								
BN	95-50-1	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	$\square$	9,40	•			V		L.			i !		<u> </u>		<u> </u>				Ŀ				Ĺ	1
*	95-41-7	2-Methylphenol (الرحيح)	V	0,70			<u> </u>	/				ĺ	~	\	/	NA	NA	NA					$\Box$			1
BN	108-60-1	bis(2-chloroisopropyl)ether	1	0.01			V	V	П											_ [		$\Box$				Ι
*	106 14-5	4-Methylphenol		0.60					Γ							[				$\Box$	$\top$	▔	П			1
BN	621-64-7	N-Nitroso-di-o-propylamine	<b>V</b>	0.50			V	V	Tu	_				/	~	22	NA	114	П	П	T	П	П			Ι
ΒŅ	67-72-1	Hexachloroethane		0.30			· V	V						ار ر	1	100	100	100	( )						11 2 4 1 1 1	
Βì	98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	1	0.20			V					10.40	7	12		V	J.	V.		**	***		M			
BN	78-59-1	Isophorone	1	0.40			<b>V</b>	/											$\Box$	T	Т	$\Box$	Т			Ţ
A	88-75-5	2-Nitrophenol	7	0.10	П		7	/	П								,		П	Т	Т	٦	Т			T
A	105-67-9	2,4-Dimethylphenol	V	0,20			<b>/</b>	1/	П							$\Gamma$	$\Box$		П	Т	T	$\neg$	$\neg$			T
BN	111-91-1	bis(2-Chloroethoxy)methane	V	0.30			0.17	V	П									$\Box$	П	7	7		T			T
A	120-83-2	2,4-Dichlorophenol	V	0.29	П		\	V	П										П	T	┪	$\overline{}$	T			Ť
BN	120-82-1	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene		0.20				V	П				109	-	1	ms	NA	NA	П	T	7	$\neg$	寸			Ţ
Bì	91-20-3	Naphthalene	V	0.70	П		<b>√</b>	$\overline{}$	17									<u> </u>		╗	┰	$\neg$	T			T
BN	106-47-8	4-Chloroeniline		0.01	П	·	1		$\Pi$		$\Box$		Γ			Γ	i		П	T	1	$\exists$	$\top$			T
BN	87-68-3	Hexachlorobutadiene	1	0.01	П			1	$\Pi$		П	-	108		1	MA	NA	NA		丁	T	寸	丁			Ţ
Ā	59-50-7	4-Chloro-3-methylphenol	V	0.20	П			<b>/</b>	T		$\Box$			1	V	na	rus	MA	П	7	7	$\dashv$	寸	_		T
BN	91-57-6	2-Methylnaphthalene	7	0.40	П		~	V	T		$\Box$									7	T	寸	丁			1
BN	77-47-4	Hexachlorocyc lopentadiene	1	0,01				1	11		$\Box$		<u> </u>	-					$\sqcap$	1	$\top$	$\dashv$	寸	_	$\Gamma$	1
A	88-06-2	2,4,6-Trichlorophenol	+	0,20	$\sqcap$		~	<u> </u>	11		$\Box$				1	MA	NA	NA	ΠŤ	1	1	$\dashv$	_	_	•	t
A	95-95-4	2,4,5-Trichlorophenol	V	0.20		,	/		は		1	· .	~		V	NA		NA	<b> </b>		⇟	7	-	,		†
nme	-4	·	لن					<u> </u>	. لا ب			Net	Share	led mars	m RCRA	compound									اراج جدا	-

Batch #s: \_67712 Site/Project: 51 217 AR/COC #: 604 300 Laboratory: GEL Laboratory Report #: 38576 # of Samples: Matrix asway G Min. intercept Calib. CCV %D Method Blanks Field Equip. Callb. RSD/ R<sup>2</sup> Fleid Blanks LCS MS PPD MS is bna cas # LCS MSD Oup. RPD Blanka RPD->.05 20% 0.99 BN 91-58-7 N4 0.80 NA NA 2-Nitroaniline -BN 88-74-4 0.01 BN 131-11-3 0.01 Dimethylphthalate V 0.90 BN 208-96-8  $\overline{\mathcal{L}}$ Acenaphthylene ✓ 0.20 V BN 606-20-2 2,6-Dinitrotoluene V 0.01 BN 99-09-1 3-Nitroeniline( - -√ 0.90 BN 83-32-9 Acenaphthene 97 98 V NA NA A 51-28-5 2,4-Dinitrophenol 0.01 22.6 0.01 A 100-02-7 4-Nitrophenol MA 3 BN 132-64-9 0.80 BN 121,142 2,4 Dintrott/tuene 0.20 NA μA BN 84-66-2 Diethylphthalate 0.01 BN 7005-72-3 0.40 BN 16-73-7 0.90 4-Nitroaniline (p. - ) BN 100-01-6 0.01 4,6-Dinitro-2-methylph A 534-52-1 0.01 0.01 BN 86-30-6 N-Nitrosodiphenylamine (1) MA BN 101-55-3 0.10 BN [1]8-74-1 Hexachisvohenzene V 0.10 A 87-96-5 Pentachloropheool J 0.05 0.70 BN 85-01-8 NA BN 120-12-7 Anthracene 0.70 BN 86-74-8 Carbazole 0.01 BN 84-74-2 0.01 Di-n-butylphthalate V 0.60 BN 206-44-0 / Fluoranthene BN 129-00-0 0.60 ~ سما VNA NA NA  $\bar{\mathcal{L}}$ BN 85-68-7 Butylbenzylphthalate √ 0.01 BN 91-94-1 3,3'-Dichlorobenzidine 0.01

5 BN 56-55-3 Comments: Benzo(s)anthracene

67712 Site/Project: S.14 227 AR/COC #: 604 300 Batch #s: 38576 Laboratory: GEL Laboratory Report #: # of Samples: Matrix: 1800 Calib. Callb. Min. RSD/ LCS: MS Method %D D RPD. R<sup>2</sup> Dup. RPD Blanks RF RPO <20%/ >.05 20% 0.99 0.70 BN 218-01-9 Chrysens NA BN 117-81-7 bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate 0.01 BN 117-84-0 Di-n-octylphthalate 0.01 BN 205-99-2 Benzo(b)fluoranthene 0.70 BN 207-08-9 Benzo(k)fluoranthene 0.70 BN 58-32-8 Вепго(в)ругене J 0.70 BN 193-39-5 Indeno(1,2,3-ed)pyrene 0.50 ✓ 0.40 BN 53-70-3 Dibenz(a,h)anthracene 0.50 BN 191-24-2 Benzo(g.h.l)perylene NANA mp-crasis

Surrogate Recovery Outliers SMC 2 SMC 3 SMC 4 SMC 5 SMC 6 SMC 7 SMC/6 Sample SMC 1 AIT Pussich

Comments:

SMC 1: Nitrobenzene-d3 (BN)

SMC 2: 2-Fluorobiphenyl (BN) SMC 5: 2-Fluorophenol (A) SMC 8: 1,2-Dioblerobenene-64 (BN)

SMC 3: p-Terpbenyl-d14 (BN) SMC 6: 2,4,6-Tribromophenol (A)

SMC 4: Phenol-d6 (A) 3140 7:2 2 Chlorophenol-d4 (A)

Internal Standard Outlie

				HEIDAL	DIRROTAL	a Oppie	<u> </u>					
Sample !	S 1-area L	s 1-RT is	2-a rea   45	S 24RT	S3-area	IS 3-RT	15 darea	IS A-RT	IS S area	is 64RT	. 647.0	is <b>ex</b> t
AU												
Passel												
<b> </b>												
<u></u>												

IS 1: 1,4-Dichlorobenzene-d4 (BN)
IS 4: Phenathrene-d10 (BN)

IS 2: Naphthalene-dB (BN) IS 5: Chrysene-d12 (BN)

IS 3; Acenaphthene-d10 (BN) IS 6: Perylene-d12 (BN)

#### High Explosives (SW 846 Method 8330)

AR/COC#: 604 300

Laboratory: GEL

Laboratory Report #: 38575

Laboratory Sample IDs: 38575-006 to -00

CAS #	NAME	7	Intercept		# <b>ve</b> R****	ECV %D 20%	Method Blanks U	LCS	LCSD	RPD 20%	D HS	MSD	RPD 20%	CUB: RPD	Equipus Blanks U	Field Blanks		
591 <b>-41-0</b>	нмх	1	V	1		1070	<del>  ,                                   </del>		1.7.	V	MA	NA	A/A	4/4	1/	A/A	20000 N 20 K 20 Y	· en::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::
21-82-4	RDX	1		† <u>*</u>	<u> </u>	1	<u> </u>	1		1	1	1	1	1		1		1
9-35-49	1,3,5-Trinitrobenzene	17		7	_			1-1-		$\sqcap$	17							
9-65-0	1,3-dinitrobenzene	17		1	T				1-1-		T	1	7			1		1
8-95-3	Nitrobenzene	1		1	$\vdash$			$\Box$	1 - 1		П		1					1
79-45-8	Tetryl	1		$\top$	$\vdash$							$\vdash$				1-1-		
18-96-7	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene			1							177							1
5572-78-2	2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	$\blacksquare$		1								$\Box$						
9406-51-0	4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	1			$\vdash$			$\sqcap$		<del>    -</del>		1	<u> </u>			<del>                                     </del>		
21-14-2	2,4-dinitrotoluene	11					1									1		
06-20-2	2,6-dinitrotoluene	П		77									11					
8-72-2	2-nitrotoluene	П		$\top$								$\sqcap$						1
9-99-0	4-nitrotoluene	П						<del>                                     </del>			$\sqcap$							
9-08-1	3-nitrotoluene	¥	<u> </u>	17		V	-		1	1	J	1	V	7	7	1		
	PETN																	
		Ш						<u> </u>	1			1						
	· - · - · - · - · - · - · - · - · · · ·	Ш		<del> </del>								<u> </u>						
		Ш									<b> </b>	ļ	<u> </u>	L		ļ	<b></b>	<b>!</b>
<u> </u>		Ш								<u> </u>		<u> </u>	(				Ĺ	<u> </u>
Sam Page	pie SMC*REC SI	4G	RT.	втр	ie .	SMC X	REC S	MC RI		Str Jen	مکسود ۱۱ س	IC we	a mad		Dean and enterior.	NA-1		•
L		`nn	firmation			<u> </u>					7.54	S, 1 <del>] - (</del>	.a., 10	S CAL	crieria.			
5am	tangan salah Makasa ada ada salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah salah	62220000	201102400 ve pocusos	amp		CAS	4 00	D > 26										
50000-6000000						- Y	/ V	V										<b></b> ,
1 V/A									_									
CALL	<u> </u>								<b>⊣</b>									

#### High Explosives (SW 846 Method 8330)

Laboratory Sample IDs: 38576-005

AR/COC #: 604300

Solids-to-aqueous conversions

mg/kg = µg/g: [(µg/g) x (sample mass {g} / sample vol. {ml})) x (1000 ml / 1 liner)] / Dilution Factor. ~ µg/l Reviewed By:

	EM \$ 37 0			<del>.</del>													
# of Samp	oles: 1	Matr	ix:	ريدون	·			Batch	#s: <u>6</u>	76 74	! ·				<del> </del>	<del></del>	
CAST	NAME NAME	7	Infercept	Cteve R <sup>2</sup>	ECV ND 20%	Method Blanks U	LCS	LCSD	LCS RPD 20%	М8	wsD	M8 RPD 20%	Piek Dug. RPG	Equip. Blanks U	Field Blanks U		
2691-41-0	нмх	1.	<b>-</b>	1 7	20%	-	S.5500.955	<u></u>	2079		100000	2070	<b>W</b>	NA	NA	(20 Min Mise State	100000000000000000000000000000000000000
121-82-4	RDX	۲	1	1	<u> </u>	-	<del>                                     </del>	1	1	۱Ť	<del>  Y -</del>	<del>                                      </del>	1	7225	1	<del></del>	·
99-35-49	1.3.5-Trinitrobenzene	Ħ		$\vdash$			- -	<del></del>	<del>    -  </del>			1-1-			<del>                                     </del>		
99-65-0	1,3-dinitrobenzene	Ħ	<del>-  </del>	$\vdash$			1-1-		1		1 1 -	<del>   </del>			<del>                                     </del>		†
98-95-3	Nitrobenzene	Ħ	<del> </del>							<del>                                     </del>	11-	1-1-			<del>  -  </del>		
479-45-8	Tetryl	11	<del>                                     </del>	$\sqcap$	-		<del>                                     </del>			$\sqcap$	11	$\Box$			<del>                                     </del>		
118-96-7	2,4,6-trinitrotoluene	II							1								<del> </del>
35572-78-2	2-amino-4,6-dinitrotoluene	П		1-1-			1.4		17		$\Box$	$\sqcap$				<b></b>	
19406-51-0	4-amino-2,6-dinitrotoluene	$\Pi$					1	35	75	$\sqcap$	17						
121-14-2	2,4-dinitrotoluene	П		$\Box$			V	V	v		11-	$\sqcap$					
606-20-2	2,6-dinitrotoluene	П										П.					<u> </u>
88-72-2	2-nitrotoluene (o-)	П		$\sqcap$		<del>                                     </del>	$\sqcap$								!		
99-99-0	4-nitrotoluene (g-)	П					J.	V	1		$\Box$						
99-08-1	3-nitrotoluene ( )	Ţ	لا لا		<b>1</b>		161	668	12.2	1				J.			
78-11-5	PETN											l			1		
												L					
		Ш		<u> </u>			L	l			<u> </u>						
·		Ш				<u> </u>	ļ		L		<u> </u>	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		ļ
	<u> </u>	Ш		<u></u> i	<u> </u>	l				L	<u> </u>						
	<u> </u>														NA	- 100	10/2056
Sam	pie SMC KREC SI	чc	RT 5.	emple:	SMC	REC	MC RT		Comme	ots:							
41					***********		000000000000000000000000000000000000000										
	Shed	=	=-		<del> </del>	<del></del>		-1									
<u> </u>	****	•			<del> </del>			-1									
L		-			<del></del>												
	·	Сов	firmation														
" Sam	ple CAS# RP[	) >	25% S	ample	CAS	# RP	D > 255										
200000000000000000000000000000000000000		****			CONTRACTOR OF			***									:-
NA.			1		ļ												

Inorganic Metals,

of Samples:		<u></u>		Metrix:	- 150	76 fr				В	sich #s:	0113	5,67	476						
CAS#/	! •									QC	E)eme	nt								
Analyte	TAL	ж	OCY	ICB (#VL)	(45/L)	Method Mosks	I.CS	1.CSD	LCSD APD	мз	MSD	MSD GYA	Rep. RPD	ICS AB	Serial Dilu- tion	Official Dup. RPD	Equip.	Field Harin		
7429-90-5 Al	:															NA		1/1		
7444-39-3 Ba	<u></u>	~	~	<u> </u>						NA	<i>N</i> 4	NA					0-441			
7440-41-7 Be			<del></del>	<del> </del>		3-3				<del></del>					NA			<del></del> -		
7440-43-9 Cd 7440-70-2 Ca	~	-1/-		1~	~	0.03.2					<u>~~</u>	<u>~A</u>	NA.		<u> ۱۰۰۰ بر</u>					
7449-47-3 Cr		1	1	1		<del></del>	1		<del></del>	<del></del>	NA	MA		V	1/19		100	_		
7440-48-4 Co																				
7440-50-8 Ca																				
7439-89-6 Fe	<b> </b>		ļ	ļ	ļ															
439-95-4 Mg 439-96-5 Mn			<del> </del>	<del> </del>	<del> </del>				<del></del> -			<del></del>								
7440-02-0 Ni	<del>                                     </del>			<del> </del>																
440-09-7 K					<del>                                     </del>		-									$\neg$				
7448-22-4 AL			1	V		1/			V	~	MA	MA	NA	<u> </u>	MA		V			
7440-23-5 No																				
7440-62-2 V			<b> </b> -	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>					<del></del>									<u>.                                    </u>	
7440-66-6 Zn	$\vdash$					<del></del>				<del></del>										
7439-92-1 170	1/	1/	1/		2/12	$\overline{}$	レ	$\overline{}$	<del></del>	1	MA	N/A	1/	~	NA			<del></del>		
782-49-2 Se				3,05					7		T		WA		~A		1			_
1444-38-2 As		<b>V</b>		~	V	- J		V		1		<u>.</u>	<u></u>	¥	<u> </u>		V			
1440-36-0 Sb	<b></b>			<b> </b>	<b>├</b> ──┤					<del> </del>										
440-28-0 TI										<del> </del> -						<del></del>			<u> </u>	
439-97-6 Hg	1/	V	V	0955	-0,144	~	~	٠	~٧	V	NA	MA	NA	$N^{\Delta}$	NA	<u> </u>		+		
yanide CN							<del></del> ;			<del> </del>						<u>i :</u>	<del> </del>			
Jenus CIA										<del> </del>			<del></del>				<del> </del>	<del></del> -		÷
																i				†-
																L				T
			metals. S	L				Э		II	3		l		L					ادوا

Inorganic Metals

of Samples:				Matrix:	9.	سر				B	aich #s:	<u>679</u>	1, 67	77					
C40 #										QC	Eleme	nt							
CAS #/ Analyte	TAL	ICY	CCV	IICIII (49k)	CCB (Myl)	Method Blooks	LCS	LCSD	LCSD RIPD	MS	MSD	MSD RPD	Rep. RPD	IC3 AB	Serial Dilu- tion	Fleid Dup. RPD	Equip. Bissiu	Field Bioniu	
1429-90-5 AI				1												NA	NA	NA	
444-39-3 Ba	1	1	V	V		0.541		<u> </u>	V	1	MA	A/A	NA	-	M				
440-41-7 Be			<u> </u>	<u> </u>	5.44			<del></del>											<del></del>
440-43-9 C4 440-70-2 Ca	1		٠.٠	1	0.66						MΑ	MA	NA		<u> </u>				
449-47-3 Cr	1	<u>اريا</u>	1.7	10.923	1/	1/	1/			7	WA	MA	NA		W2			· <del></del>	
440-48-4 Co				1	-						7571					_			
440-50-8 Cu																			
439-89-6 Fe																			
439-95-1 Mg																			
439-96-5 Mn			<b> </b> -	<u> </u>															
440-02-0 Ni			<del> </del> -	<del> </del>			<u> </u>		<del> </del>						——,				
440-09-7 K 446-23-4 Ar	17	/	V/	-186	-1.4 5	1/					NA	Δ/Δ	Δ	10	1				
440-23-5 Na	- V			100.4	<del></del>		- <del></del>	····		<u> </u>					102				<del></del>
440-62-2 V				<u> </u>								1							
440-66-6 Zn																			
				<u> </u>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·						: 					<u>:                                    </u>		
439-92-1 Ph	14	Y	4	14	14	-Y	<u> </u>	1/	<u>'-</u>	<u> </u>	<u> ∧A</u>	NΆ	_^^_	-14-	$N_{A}$				
782-49-2 Se	5	<del></del>	<del>   -</del>	<del>                                     </del>	<del>      -</del>	<del></del>		<del>'                                     </del>			<del>-  </del>	<del></del>		<del>-  </del>	<del></del> -		<del>-</del>	<del></del>	<del></del>
7440-38-2 Ax 7440-36-0 Sb	<u> ~</u>	7	<del>  Y</del>		<del>  *</del>		·······		_ <b>-</b>		<del>- •</del>	<del></del> -		_¥_	- <del></del>		:		<del></del>
7440-28-0 11																	<del></del>		<del></del>
																_			
1439-97-6 Hg	V	1/	J. 7	V	V				1	V	NA	14	NA:	NA	VA.	y	J		
													i						
Cyanide CN	L		<b> </b>				ļ		<u> </u>			ļ					1	ļ	<b>└</b>
	<b> </b>		<del> </del>	<b> </b>	<b> </b>							ļ	li				<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
	<b> </b>		<del> </del>	ļ	<u> </u>				<del>  </del>		<del></del>	<del> </del>	<del>                                     </del>				<del> </del>	<del> </del>	
	<b></b>		<b></b>	<del></del>			<b>——</b>	<b></b>					<b>├</b> ──┤				<del> </del>	<del></del>	

						Radioc	hemistry '			٠.,		
Site/Project: Sila 2	דנו	'	AR/COC#:_	604300	·		_ Laboratory Sample	1Ds: <u>38</u> .	575 -011	b-015		
Laboratory: GEL		:	SDG#:3	8575			·					
Methods: FM 900	(Cm3304/1	) Ausc	300/6	- Loss								
# of Samples:	- '	, Matrix:	<u></u>				_ Batch #s: <u>674</u>	LL 6778	rύ		· ·	
					···········		QC Element					
Analyte	Method Blanks	ıcs	MS RE	p Equip. R Blooks	Field Dup. RER	Field Blanks	Sample ID	betept	\$8/Trace	Sa napie 1D	Potabe	IS/Trace

	٠							QC Element		•			
Analyte	Method Blacks	LCS	MS	Rep REA	Equip. Monks	Field Dup. REH	Field Blooks	Sample ID	Potobs	\$8/Trace	Sa reple 1D	Josephs	IS/Trace
Criteria	U	20%	25%	<1.0	υ	<1.0	U			50-105	_		50-105
H3									:				
U-238		i						$-\mathcal{N}\Delta$					
U-234		i.						74					
U-235/-236		T		:			j						
Th-232				!		T	1						
Th-228						T							
Th-230			···	i i									
Pu-239/-240			. /			T				7			
Gross Alpha	~	<u></u>	NA_	NA	$\overline{\mathcal{L}}$	N/A	W						
Nonvolatile Beta	1/	111	NA	m	V.	11/1	NA						
Ra-226						T							
Ra-228						T							
Ni-63													
Gamma Spec. Am-241			NA			NA	WY						
Gamma Spec. Cs-137		<b>V</b>											
Gamma Spec. Co-60	*			Ţ.			7						

Parameter	Method	Typical Tracer	Typical Carrier
Iso-U	Alpha spec.	U-232	NA
Iso-Pu	Alpha spec.	Pu-242	NA
lso-Th	Alpha spec.	Th-229	NA
Am-241	Alpha spec.	.Am-242	NA
Sr-90	Beta	Y ingrowth	NA
Ni-63	Beta	NA	Ni by ICP
Ra-226	Deamination	NA:	NA
Ra-226	Afpha spec,	Ba-133 or Ra-225	NA
Rs-228	Garnma spec	Ba-133	NA.

Ra-228 Gamma spec. Ba-133 N/Gamma spec. LCS contains: Am-241, Cs-137, and Co-60

A				,,, <b>,</b> ,
and + Rep. for Gouse / A performed on	ما برست ن	Eun	awret soc.	. Cu se
Noverthe Shakes will accompanie	mer -1			•
. 45			•	•

(B) No MS perfound four Gamma spec. It field Dap submitted. No cae contribut.

Reviewed By:	_ Date:	1017/2
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 								hemistry	_				
Site/Project: <u>Sibe</u>	217							_ Laboratory Sample	:10x <u>365</u>	71-000	רש-		
Laboratory: GEL	<u> </u>		SDG #:	_ 38	576								
Methods: EPA 90													1
of Samples:		-						Batch #s; _ 6 7\	150 ,677	73			
	:						·	QC Element					
Analyte	Method Blanks	LCS	MS	Rep RER	Equip. Blanks	Fleid Dup. RER	Field Blanks	Sample ID	Isotope	IS/Trace	Sample 19	Instage	19/Trace
Criteria	U	. 20%	25%	<1.0	U	<1.0	U			50-105			50-105
H3								4.00	_				
U-238								NA					
U-234				7		T		j'					
U-235/-236													
Th-232				i				1				I	
Th-228													
Th-230				:	!						<u> </u>		
Pu-239/-240					1								
Gross Alpha		10	. ~	12	~A	NA	m						
Nonvolatile Beta	0.43)	1	. 🗸	V	NA	MA	MA						
Ra-226		I	1										
Ra-228		T	Ι	J "								X	
Ni-63		Ι											
Gamma Spec. Am-	241	レ	~	<b>-</b>	NA	MA	NS						
Gamma Spec. Cs-1	37 レ	1	1	<b>V</b>									
Gamma Spec. Co-6	i0	1	10	1			لو						
			<u> </u>			1							
		<u> </u>	<u>.                                    </u>		l	<u> </u>		<u> </u>					L
							_	Comments;	•		~	من ددرمو	بالاماأام
Parameter	Method	Ty	pical T	TACOT	Typical	Carrier	•	•			•		,
Iso-U	Alpha spec.	U-23:	2		NA		7						
	Alpha spec.	Pu-24	12		NA		7						-
	Alpha spec.	Tb-22			NA		1					•	
	Alpha spec.	Am-2		<u>-</u>	NA.		1						
	Beta	1	rowth		NA		1						
Ni-63	Bela	NA.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		Ni by IC	'D	1						-
	Deamination	NA NA			NA NA		-						4
			22 F	225			-1						•
	Alpha spec.		33 or Ra	a-223	NA		4.						-
Ra-728	Gamma spec.	Ba-13	1.1		NA		1						

Gamma spec. LCS contains: Am-241, Cs-137, and Co-60

#### Contract Verification Review (CVR)

Project Leader	COLLINS	Project Name	SITE 227	Case No.	7225_02.02.09
AR/COC No.	604300	Analytical Lab	GEL	SDG No.	38575

In the tables below, mark any information that is missing or incorrect and give an explanation.

1.0 Analysis Request and Chain of Custody Record and Log-In Information

Line		Comp	lete?		Reso	olved?
No.	ltem	Yes	No	tf no, explain	Yes	No
1.1	All items on COC complete - data entry clerk initialed and dated	Х				
1.2	Container type(s) correct for analyses requested	Х		· ·		
1.3	Sample volume adequate for # and types of analyses requested	Х			I	
1.4	Preservative correct for analyses requested	X				
1.5	Custody records continuous and complete	X				
1.6	Lab sample number(s) provided and SNL sample number(s) cross referenced and correct	X				
1.7	Date samples received	Х			Ī	
1.8	Condition upon receipt information provided	X				

2.0 Analytical Laboratory Report

Line			iete?		Res	olved?
No.	1tem	Yes	No	If no, explain	Yes	_No
2.1	Data reviewed, signature	X.				
2.2	Method reference number(s) complete and correct	_ X_				·
2.3	QC analysis and acceptance limits provided (MB, LCS, Replicate)	X				
2.4	Matrix spike/matrix spike duplicate data provided(if requested)	Х				
2.5	Detection limits provided; PQL and MDL(or IDL), MDA and Lc	X				
2.6 .	QC batch numbers provided	Х				
2.7	Dilution factors provided and all dilution levels reported	Х			T	T .
2.8	Data reported in appropriate units and using correct significant figures	X			T	
2.9	Radiochemistry analysis uncertainty (2 sigma error) and tracer recovery	×				
	(if applicable) reported	-			<del> </del>	<del> </del>
2.10	Narrative provided	X			1	<u></u>
2,11	TAT met	X				l '
2.12	Hold times met	X				
2.13	Contractual qualifiers provided	X			1	
2.14	All requested result and TIC (if requested) data provided	X	_			

#### Contract Verification Review (Continued)

3.0 Data Quality Evaluation

3.0 Data Quality Evaluation			
ltem	Yes	No	if no, Sample ID No./Fraction(s) and Analy
3.1 Are reporting units appropriate for the matrix and meet contract specified or project-specific requirements? Inorganics and metals reported as ppm (mg/liter or mg/Kg)? Tritium reported in picocuries per liter with percent moisture for soil samples? Units consistent between QC samples and sample data	X		
3.2 Quantitation limit met for all samples	X		
3.3 Accuracy     a) Laboratory control samples accuracy reported and met for all samples		×	SEVERAL HE ANALYTES FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS FOR LCSALCD
b) Surrogate data reported and met for all organic samples analyzed by a gas     chromatography technique		Х	SURROGATES FAILED RECOVERY LIMITS FOR HE LCD
c) Matrix spike recovery data reported and met	×		
Precision     Replicate sample precision reported and met for all inorganic and radiochemistry samples	×		
b) Matrix spike duplicate RPD data reported and met for all organic samples	Х		
Blank data     Blank data     Blank data reported and met for all samples		×	METHYLENE CHLORIDE DETECTED IN VOC METHOD BLAI
b) Sampling blank (e.g., field, trip, and equipment) data reported and met		X	BROMOFORM, METHYLENE CHLORIDE & DBCM DETECTE IN VOC EQUIPMENT BLANK METHYLENE CHLORIDE DETECTED IN VOC TRIP BLANK
3.6 Contractual qualifiers provided: "J"- estimated quantity; "B"-analyte found in method blank above the MDL for organic or above the PQL for inorganic; "U"-analyte undetected (results are below the MDL, IDL, or MDA (radiochemical)); "H"-analysis done beyond the holding time	x		"J" QUALIFIER USED INCORRECTLY ON MERCURY FOR SAMPLE #054685-003
3.7 Namative addresses planchet flaming for gross alpha/beta	×		
3.8 Narrative included, correct, and complete	×		
3.9 Second column confirmation data provided for methods 8330 (high explosives) and pesticides/PCBs	х		



#### Contract Verification Review (Continued)

4.0 Calibration and Validation Documentation

4.0 Calibration and Validation Documentation	<del></del>	<del>, ~ ~ ~ ~</del>	
ltem	Yes	No	Comments
4.1 GC/MS (8260, 8270, etc.)		1	
a) 12-hour tune check provided	×	1	
		}	
b) Initial calibration provided	X		
	ļ		
c) Continuing calibration provided	х		<del></del>
, , , , ,			
d) Internal standard performance data provided	x		
			• .
e) Instrument run logs provided	X		<del></del>
•	1		
4.2 GC/HPLC (8330 and 8010)		<del>                                     </del>	
a) Initial calibration provided	×		
,	İ	}	
b) Continuing calibration provided	х		
		] ]	
c) Instrument run logs provided	×		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	}		
4.3 Inorganics (metals)			
a) Initial calibration provided	×	l	• . •
		[	
b) Continuing calibration provided	X		· •
c) ICP interference check sample data provided	X	<del></del>	
			<u> </u>
d) ICP serial dilution provided	х		<del>-</del>
a) lasterment are been provided	×	<del></del>	<u> </u>
e) Instrument run logs provided		<del>  </del>	
4.4 Radiochemistry			
a) Instrument run logs provided	' X	1	

#### Contract Verification Review (Concluded)

#### 5.0 Problem Resolution

Summarize the findings in the table below. List only samples/fractions for which deficiencies have been noted.

Sample/Fraction No.	Analysis	Problems/Comments/Resolutions
054685-003	7471A	"J" QUALIFIER USED INCORRECTLY
Were deficiencies unresolved? Ves	□ No	

Were deficiencies unresolved? Yes	□ No				
Based on the review, this data package is	s complete.	□ Yes	5 No		
If no, provide: nonconformance report or	correction request n	umber <u>2493</u>	_ and date	e correction request was submitted: 4-11-2001	
Reviewed by: W. Palenc	<u></u> Da	ele: <u>4-11-2001</u>		Closed by: W. Polen agate: 4-24-	<u>O</u> L

## CONTRACT LABORATORY ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY

Internal Lab	.1								1			-	Page _1_ 6	شيوه
No.	NIA	SARWR N	le.									AR/COC	604	1300
No /Mail Stop;	5133/1087		Dele Sample	- Shippe	4U3-02-01	BLIQ USE	Contra	ct No:		AJ2480A		Waste Characterization	<del> </del>	
Project/Task Menager:	Sue Collins		CenterWay	bill Ho.	741521	•	Project	/Task No.	;	7725	02.02.09			
Project Name:	Sile 270 eurlose Siles	2024 229	Lab Correct	:	Edie Kanl		SMO /	Luthorizatio	26/00	r Ast	210	Send:Preliminary/report	h	
Record Center Code;	ER/1309/229/DAT		Lab Destine	tion:	General Engineering Lai	be	}		77/	,		Validation Required		
Logbook Ref. No.:	ER078		SMO Contac	d/Phone:	P. Pulsaant/844-3185		]		•			Released by COC No.:		
Service Order No.	CF0103-01		Send Report	lo SMO;	Suzi Jensen		]					Bill To: Sandle National Lab	e (Accounts f	payable)
Location	Tech Area				Reference	LOV	vailab	le at SN	10)			PO Box 5800, MS-015	4. Albuquerque	, NM 87185-D
	ER Sample II	Or	Beginning	ER São	Date/Time(hr)	Sample		ontainer	Preserve	Collection	Sample	Parameter & Met	hod	Lab Sample
Sample No,-Fraction	Sample Location	Detail	Depth (R)	No.	Collected	Matrix	Type	Volume	Merc	Method	Тура	Requested		10
054680-002	TJAOU-229-GR-05	-14.0-S `	14.0	229	2.28.01/1410	s	AG	125 mi	40	G	SA	VOCs (8260)		<u> </u>
054680-003	TJAOU-229-GR-05	5-14.0 <b>-</b> S	7,0	229	2,28.01/1410	s	AG	500 mt	40	G	SA	SVOCs (8270), RCRA F (6010/7471), HE (8330)		
054680-004	TJAOU-229-GR-05	-14.0-S	7.0	229	2.28.01/1410	s	AG	500 ml	4C	Ģ	SA	Gamma Spec (HASL 30 Alpha/Beta (900)	00.0) Gross	
054685-002	TJAOU-229-GR-08	-0.0-S	0.0	229	2.28.01/1440	s	AG	125 mi	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	41	
054685-003	TJAOU-229-GR-06	-0.0 <b>-</b> S_	0.0	229	2,28.01/1440	s	AG	500 mi	4C	G	SA	SVOCs (8270), RCRA (6010/7471), HE (8330)		
054685-004	TJAOU-229-GR-06	i-0.0-5	0.0	229	2.28.01/1440	s	AG	500 mi	_4C	G	SA	Gamma Spec (HASL 30 Alpha/Beta (900)	00.0) Gross	
														. ).
RMMA	☐ Yes ☑No	Ref.	No.		Sample Tracking		SMO L	lee	Special in	structions	OC Req		Abnormal	Conditions
Sample Disposal	Return to Client	<b>☑</b> Dispo	sal by lab		Date Entered(mm/dd/	علدهم	صا ماه	1 '-'-	JEDO .		✓ Yes		on Receip	t
Turnaround Time	7 Day*	15 Day	<b>⊙</b> o o	)ay	Entered by:	CTAC		1	Raw Data	Package	☑ Yes	N₀		•
Return Samples	Ву:			Negoti	ated TAT	QC Inits.	$\nabla \mathcal{U}$	X	Send/e-ri	noger lier	lo:			
Sample	Name		alute	init	Company/Organ		ww.c.	(per	}				1000	
Team	Robin Ryan	Rober	Esa	RRPC	GRAM/6133/845-882	1			]					
Members			70.		, ,				Please K	si as separ	ata tabo	rt		_ • _ • • •
1.Relinquished by Le	thin Knya	A	09/13	3 Date	3/1/0 /Time/ 04	5	4.Relin	d betwirp	1		Org.	Date	Time	
1. Received by	1248 16	nu	Org. 6/7	2 Date	3/1/0 Time 104	3	4. Rece	eived by			Org.	Date	Time	
2.Reinquished by	011. 4. 11	y GN	Org. 617		3/11/-/ Time //	30	5.Relin	quished b			Org.	Date	Time	,
2. Received by	7. 6		Org.	Date	Time			eived by			Org.	Date	Time	
Vinquished by			Org.	Date	Time			quished by	<u>/</u>		Org.	Date	Time	
ceived by	<del></del>		Org.	Date	Time		6, Rec	rived by			Org.	Date	Time	
. & 15 Day Tur	naround Time: E	RCL req	uires pri	or noti	fication.									

## CONTRACT LABORATORY Analysis Request And Chain Of Custody (Continuation)

	t d			, maquoot					•		•.	Pagn_2_o1_2
	3 -41										AR/COC-	6043
Project Name: Site 225 serface		Project/Task 1	Manger, Su	• Cottine			Project/Ten	Ne : 772500	(AT CO)			
Location	•	1		D.4				CHO)				
uilding	Room ER Sample ID or	Beginning	ER	Reference	Sample		ntainer	Preserv	Collection	lele	Parameter & Method	Lab use Lab Sampi
Sample No- Fraction	Sample Location detail	Depth (A)		Collected	Matrix	Тура	Volume	Blive	Method	Туре	Requested	10
54681-002	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-5	3.0	229	2.28.01/1502	s	AG	125 mi	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8250)	47
54681-003	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S	3.0	229	2.28.01/1502	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	SVOCs (8280), RCRA Metals (6010/7471), HE (8330)	
54681-004	TJAOU-229-GR-06-3,0-S	3.0	229	2.28.01/1502	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	Gamma Spec (HASL 300.0) Gross Alpha/Beta (900)	
054682-002	TJAQU-229-GR-07-5,0-DU	5.0	229	2.28.01/1535	s	AG	125 ml	4C	G	DU	VOCs (8260)	
054682-003	TJAQU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	5.0	229	2.28.01/1535	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	DU	SVOCs (8280), RCRA Metals (6010/7471), HE (8330)	
054682-004	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU	5.0	229	2.28.01/1535	S	AG	500 ml	4C	G	DU	Gamma Spec (HASL 300.0) Gross Alpha/Beta (900)	
054683-002	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-5	5.0	229	2.28.01/1530	5	G	125 ml	4C	G	SA	VOCs (8260)	
054683-003	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	5.0	229	2.28.01/1530	s	AG	500 ml	4C	G	SA	SVOCs (8280), RCRA Metals (6010/7471), HE (8330)	
054683-004	TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S	5.0	229	2,28,01/1530	s	AG	500 ml	40	G	SA	Gamma Spec (HASL 300.0) Gross Alpha/Beta (900)	
54688-002	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	N/A	229	2,28.01/1600	DIW	G	3x40 mi	4C, HCL	G	EB	VOCs (8260)	
54688-003	TJAOU-229-GR-E8-001	N/A	229	2.28,01/1601	DIW	AG	2:1L	4C	G	EB	SVOCs (8280	
54688-004	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	N/A	229	2.28,01/1601	DIW	Р	500 ml	4C, HNO3	G	EB	RCRA METALS (6010/7471)	
54688-005	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	N/A	229	2,28,01/1602	DIW	AG	4x1L	4C	G	EB	HE (8330)	
54688-006	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	N/A	229	2,28.01/1603	DIW	P	11.	4C, HNO3	G	EB	Gamma Spec (HASL 300.0)	
54688-007	TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001	N/A	229	2.28,01/1603	MIG	Р	1 L -	4C, HNO3	G	EB	Gross Alpha/Gross Beta (900)	
54688-001	TJAOU-229-GR-TB-001	N/A	229	2.28.01/1317	DIW	G	3x40ml	4C, HCL	G	ТВ	VOCs (8260)	
Re A	<b>12</b> .	]	I		1				1			

iont Initials



ATTACHMENT F
SWMU 229—On-Site Laboratory Gamma Spectroscopy Results for Soil Samples



ANALYSIS EQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY RECORD

940515

AR/COC- U0805

229-RPSD PAGE Soil Sandia National Laboratories 7582 12°191 Date Samples Shipped: Department No.: Project/Task Manager: Jim BnnKmAN Supplier Services Department Carrier/Waybill No. P.O. Box 5800 MS 0154 Project Name: TILLIAS Arroyo -Site 22 7 Lab Destination: Albuquerque, NM 87185-0154 Cuetis Lab Contact Sample Team Members Contract No.: SMO Contact/Phone: Case No.: 3632,306 Send Report to SMO: SCL or Logbook Ref. No.: SMO Reference No.: SMO Authorization: ab Sample Condition on Sample Date/Time Container Sample Sample Preservative Required Analytical Testing - Fraction Volume Number Receipt Matrix Collected Type Number Marinelli 500 none 500 1 ac 1600 901,1 -10 Gamma 7922 1515 1604 1004 ildslo 1650 1740 1745 017926-4 1830 017926 - 2 1830 Possible Hazard Identification \*Reference attached radiological screening for Non-hazard | Flammable Skin Initant Poison B Radiological specific contact readings. Special Instructions/QC Requirements **Turnaround Time** Normal Rush Required Report Date Sample Disposal Return to Client Disposal by Lab **Archive Until** 4time 09 15 4. Relinquished by Org. 1. Relinquished by /// Date 4 Date Time Org. Sono-7576 Date 3/2 / Time 09 15 1. Received by ( 4. Received by Org. Date Time Org. JAN 7576 2. Relinquished by 5. Relinquished by Time Org. Date 2. Received by Date 5/25/44 Time // 3/ 5, Received by Org. Date Time 3. Relinquisted by Date 10/6/14 Time /42 6. Relinquished by Org. 5227715 Org. Date Time

3. Received

6. Received by

Org.

Date

Time

	Sandia National Laboratories	Se	) )
ا براس ا		SE	

# ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

FINIPONMENTAL PROCRAMS SCL- 01760

229 -RP50

•	AR/COC N	o.: AR/CC	_ ان عاد	ÖS	30	5
	DAGE	OE.	3	-		

SF 2001-SCL (12-93) ONLSITE CONTACT ULTIS WEATHER: Sunnel SAMPLING GENERAL SAMPLING PROCEDURE REFERENCE INFORMATION AREA INFORMATION PURPOSE OF SAMPLING: Fre/immans ☐GAS ☐ LIQUID ☐SLUDGE ☐SOLID ☐WATER ☐ OIL ☐ SOIL ☐ HAZ WASTE ☐OTHER ANALYSES . MATRIX: SAMPLE DESCRIPTION COLLECTED DRUM TANK SURFACE WATER SOIL WASTE WATER GROUND WATER OTHER FROM: Sample - Fraction Number Time LOCATION COMMENTS Site 229-01-B Subscreace 017922-10 229-01-A Surface Ν フ 923ー み 0-611 Surface 604 221 - 02-A 6-3611 229-02-B 6-36/1 1650 -03-BSubsurface 17925-4 Surface 229-04-A CASE NUMBER 3(032.300) PHONE 48-0455 **PROJECT** MEMAN \*ADDITIONAL INFORMATION: (Log Book Ref. #) NAME SIGNATURE INIT COMPANY/ORGANIZATION SAMPLE TEAM **MEMBERS** SAMPLE DISTRIBUTION: TRANSPORTED BY: lAb SAMPLE DATE SHIPPED (MM-BD-XX) TRACKING DATA ENTERED (MW-DO-YY) \*NOTE: Any additional sampling information must be recorded in an SNL-Isabell of Financia Form with a Reference No. entered in this space.



Sample Number

## **ENVIRONMENTAL PROGRAMS** SAMPLE COLLECTION LOG

SCL-

AR/COC No.: AR/COC 00805

**ANALYSES** 

94)	<del>(                                    </del>		(Continuation	n)		PA	.GE _	<u>ب</u>
(In-	- hou	sc.)					N.	ſ
- Fraction	Time	LOCATION		COMMENTS	Sample Type Grab/Comp.	QC Sample (Y/N)	Gamma	' .     
5-10	1745		Subsurface	6-36"	C	$\mathcal{N}$	X	Γ
<i>-</i>	1830	5.tc 229-BKG-10-A	Surfa					Ĺ
6-4	1830	\$ BKG-10-B	Subsurface	6-361	C	$\mathcal{N}$	X	L
16-2	1830	BKG-10-A	Surface	0-611	.C	$\langle$	X	
₹(n - 3		BKG-10						
							ű.	
								Ī
								Ī

WHITE -	To	Sample	Management	Office

Sandia National Laboratories Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-03-94 4:04:13 PM

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

: J.BRINKMAN 7582 Customer

Customer Sample ID : 017926-2 Lab Sample ID : 94051518

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type Sample Geometry Solid 1SMAR

795.000

Sample Quantity : 795.000
Sample Date/Time : 9-29-94
Acquire Start Date : 10-03-94 9-29-94 6:30:00 PM 3:00:49 PM

: DET1

Detector Name Elapsed Live Time Elapsed Real Time 3600 seconds 3601 seconds

#### Comments:

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226	1.00 7.88E-01 Not Detected 1.13	3.43E-01 1.67E-01  1.69E-01	1.48 4.82E-01 3.32E+01 5.00E-01
PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	7.21E-01 6.03E-01 Not Detected	7.30E-02 5.05E-02	4.74E-02 4.43E-02 3.10E+01
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228	7.15E-01 7.43E-01 7.81E-01 Not Detected	9.25E-02 8.80E-02 7.54E-02	1.46E-01 1.54E-01 8.74E-02 1.00
RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	6.74E-01 7.18E-01 8.74E-01 6.42E-01	1.63E-01 8.03E-02 1.28E-01 5.90E-02	4.20E-01 3.90E-02 3.08E-01 6.19E-02
U-235 TH-231	Not Detected	 9-17E-02	2.67E-01 Not delected 1/4/54
PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		1.39 1.99 4.08E-01 2.60E-01 3.06E-01
PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected		7.98E-01 1.68E+01
M-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.12E-01 1.86E+02 2.24E-01
TH-229	Not Detected		6.12E-02 3.09E-01

	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
	AG-110m	Not Detected		4.85E-02
,		Not Detected		1.04E+14
. •	BA-133	Not Detected		7.14E-02
	BA-140	Not Detected		1.46E-01
•	CD-109	Not Detected		7.73E-01
	CD-115	Not Detected	-,	2.43E-01
٠	CE-139	Not Detected		3.50E-02
	CE-141	Not Detected		6.59E-02
•	CE-144	Not Detected		2.75E-01
	CO-56	Not Detected		4.21E-02
	CO-57	Not Detected		3.56E-02
	CO-58	Not Detected	•	3.85E-02
	CO-6.0	Not Detected	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	4.95E-02
	CR-51 CS-134	Not Detected Not Detected		2.88E-01 5.35E-02
	CS-134 CS-137	1.01E-01	1.18E-02	2.38E-02
	CU-64	Not Detected	1.10E-UZ	2.36E-02 1.62E+03
	EU-152	Not Detected		2.87E-01
	EU-154	Not Detected		2.13E-01
	EU-155	Not Detected		1.66E-01
•	FE-59	Not Detected		9.07E-02
•	GD-153	Not Detected		1.23E-01
	HG-203	Not Detected		3.43E-02
	I-131	Not Detected		4.18E-02
	IN-115m	Not Detected		1.27E+05
	IR-192	Not Detected		3.17E-02
Ý)	K-40	1.30	2.28E-01	2.42E-01
O.	LA-140	Not Detected		2.79E-01
	MN-54	Not Detected		4.16E-02
<u>.</u> `	MN-56	Not Detected		2.96E+09
	MO-99	Not Detected		7.98E-01
: · ,	NA-22	Not Detected		5.37E-02
	NA-24	Not Detected		3.20_
	NB-95	Not Detected		3.99E-01
	ND-147	Not Detected		2.27E-01
	NI-57 BE-7	Not Detected		3.79E-01
	RU-103	Not Detected Not Detected		3.03E-01
:	RU-106	Not Detected		3.45E-02 3.13E-01
	SB-122	Not Detected		1.24E-01
1	SB-124	Not Detected		3.52E-02
	SB-125	Not Detected		9.47E-02
•	SC-46	Not Detected		6.75E-02
٠٠٠٠ .	SR-85	Not Detected		4.23E-02
	TA-182	Not Detected		1.97E-01
:		Not Detected		4.50E-01
	TE-132	Not Detected		6.97E-02
		Not Detected		3.69E-01
	XE-133	Not Detected		5.10E-01
	' '	Not Detected		4.79E-02
•	ZN-65	Not Detected		1.25E-01
	ZR-95	Not Detected		7.25E-02
1.	: • •.	, and the second second		

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-03-94 2:56:16 PM

Analyzed by: 10/6/54 Reviewed by: 10/6/44

Customer : J.BRINKMAN 7582 V

Customer Sample ID: 017926-4 Lab Sample ID: 94051517

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type : Solid Sample Geometry : 1SMAR

Sample Quantity : 755.000 Gram

Sample Date/Time : 9-29-94 6:30:00 PM Acquire Start Date : 10-03-94 1:52:44 PM

Not Detected

Detector Name : DET1

Elapsed Live Time : 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time : 3601 seconds

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
U-238 TH-234 U-234	1.12 9.35E-01 Not Detected	3.73E-01 1.87E-01	1.57 4.90E-01 3.46E+01	
RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.46 7.44E-01 7.00E-01 Not Detected	2.00E-01 7.56E-02 5.76E-02	5.25E-01 5.09E-02 4.77E-02 3.30E+01	
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228	7.72E-01 9.31E-01 8.32E-01	1.00E-01 1.02E-01 7.96E-02	1.53E-01 1.61E-01 8.95E-02	
TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212	Not Detected 7.02E-01 8.14E-01 8.57E-01	1.55E-01 9.06E-02 1.31E-01	1.05 4.34E-01 4.04E-02 3.54E-01	
TL-208 U-235	7.09E-01	6.44E-02	6.60E-02 2.75E-01 3.84E-01	pot detected Mile
TH-231	3.74E 01 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		1.46 2.04 4.37E-01	10/1/8
RA-223 RN-219 PB-211	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		1.54E-01 3.26E-01 8.22E-01	
TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected		1.66E+01 3.31E-01	
PU-239 NP-237 PA-233	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		1.95E+02 2.29E-01 6.65E-02	

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
AG-110m	Not Detected		4.69E-02
AR-41	Not Detected		7.43E+13
BA-133	Not Detected		7.51E-02
BA-140	Not Detected		1.51E-01
CD-109	Not Detected		7.92E-01
CD-115	Not Detected		2.51E-01
CE-139	Not Detected		3.62E-02
CE-141	Not Detected		6.71E-02
CE-144	Not Detected	-	2.96E-01
CO-56	Not Detected		4.21E-02
CO-57	Not Detected		3.66E-02
CO~58	Not Detected		3.92E-02
CO-60	Not Detected		4.99E-02
CR-51	Not Detected		2.83E-01
CS-134	Not Detected		5.84E-02
CS-137	8.64E-02	1.11E-02	2.20E-02
CU-64	Not Detected		1.57E+03
EU-152	Not Detected		3.08E-01
EU-154	Not Detected		2.25E-01
EU-155	Not Detected		1.69E-01
FE-59	Not Detected		9.41E-02
GD-153	Not Detected		1.31E-01
HG-203	Not Detected		3.71E-02
I-131	Not Detected		4.41E-02
IN-115m	Not Detected		1.12E+05
IR-192	Not Detected		3.22E-02
K-40	1.66E+01	1.20	2.48E-01
" LA-140 MN-54	Not Detected		2.84E-01 4.44E-02
MN-54 MN-56	Not Detected Not Detected		4.44E-02 2.19E+09
MO-99	Not Detected		8.26E-01
NA-22	Not Detected		5.87E-01
NA-24	Not Detected		3.08
NB-95	Not Detected		4.24E-01
ND-147	Not Detected		2.41E-01
NI-57	Not Detected		4.08E-01
BE-7	Not Detected		3.21E-01
RU-103	Not Detected		3.51E-02
RU-106	Not Detected		3.49E-01
SB-122	Not Detected		1.28E-01
SB-124	Not Detected		3.67E-02
SB-125	Not Detected		9.98E-02
SC-46	Not Detected		7.14E-02
SR-85	Not Detected		4.56E-02
TA-182	Not Detected		2.09E-01
TA-183	Not Detected		4.75E-01
TE-132	Not Detected		7.34E-02
TL-201	Not Detected		3.79E-01
XE-133	Not Detected		5.30E-01
Y-88	Not Detected		4.93E-02
ZN-65	Not Detected		1.33E-01
ZR-95	Not Detected		7.27E-02
	•		

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-03-94 1:48:07 PM

Reviewed by: 70000 Analyzed by: \*\*\*\*\*\*\*

: J.BRINKMAN 7582 Customer

Customer Sample ID : 017925-10~ Lab Sample ID 94051516

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER Sample Type : Solid ~

Sample Geometry 1SMAR /

725.000 Gram

9-29-94 5:45:00 PM 12:44:39 PM

Sample Geometry: 15MAR

Sample Quantity: 725.000

Sample Date/Time: 9-29-94

Acquire Start Date: 10-03-94

Detector Name: DET1

Elapsed Live Time: 3600 se

Elapsed Real Time: 3601 se 3600 seconds 3601 seconds.

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.12 4.39E-01 Not Detected 1.70 7.73E-01 6.86E-01 Not Detected	5.12E-01 1.26E-01  2.20E-01 7.84E-02 5.68E-02	1.59 5.07E-01 3.60E+01 5.06E-01 4.87E-02 4.86E-02 3.33E+01
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.75E-01 9.05E-01 8.71E-01 7.71E-01 8.08E-01 7.21E-01 8.53E-01 7.04E-01	9.97E-02 1.00E-01 8.31E-02 1.52E-01 1.64E-01 8.10E-02 1.31E-01 6.46E-02	1.51E-01 1.54E-01 9.02E-02 5.10E-01 3.95E-01 3.72E-02 3.51E-01 6.81E-02
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.80E-01 6.87E-01 1.47 2.01 4.27E-01 2.72E-01 3.17E-01 8.31E-01 1.62E+01
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.44E-01 1.95E+02 2.34E-01 6.54E-02 3.20E-01

	Nuclide	Activity	20	Error	N	IDA .	
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Nucliuc	(pCi/Gram)			⊦. <b>[</b> Y.		
	AG-110m	Not Detected				4.28E-	02
	AR-41	Not Detected	. •			6.59E+	
	BA-133	Not Detected				7.80E-	
	BA-140	Not Detected				1.62E-0	01
	CD-109	Not Detected				8.08E-	
•	CD-115	Not Detected		•	•	2.59E-	
	CE-139	Not Detected	٠			3.49E-	
	CE-141	Not Detected			: '-'	6.80E-	
	CE-144	Not Detected	•		•	2.82E-	
. •	CO-56	Not Detected			·	4.39E-	
	CO-57	Not Detected			-	3.67E-	
	CO-58 CO-60	Not Detected				4.11E-0	
	CR-51	Not Detected Not Detected				5.38E-(2.79E-(	
	CS-134	Not Detected			÷	5.83E-	
:	CS-137	2.53E-02		7.00E03		2.46E-	
	CU-64	Not Detected		7.005-05		1.53E+	
	EU-152	Not Detected				3.01E-	
••	EU-154	Not Detected	••			2.25E-	
	EU-155	Not Detected			•	1.66E-	
	FE-59	Not Detected				1.02E-	
	GD-153	Not Detected				1.30E-	01
-	HG-203	Not Detected				3.54E-	
	I-131	Not Detected				4.36E-	
	IN-115m	Not Detected				1.09E+	
<u>ه</u>	IR-192	Not Detected				3.20E-	
	K-40	1.62E+01	•	1.23		2.49E-	
	LA-140 MN-54	Not Detected Not Detected				2.84E-4.55E-4	
		Not Detected				2.05E+	
•	MO-99	Not Detected				7.87E-	
	NA-22	Not Detected	٠.			5.96E-	
	NA-24	Not Detected	•		•	3.19	· -
	NB-95	Not Detected				4.12E-	01
	ND-147	Not Detected			•	2.41E-	
	NI-57	Not Detected				3.93E-	
	BE-7	Not Detected	,			3.19E-	01
	RU-103	Not Detected				3.50E-	
	RU-106	Not Detected			- :	3.22E-	
٠.	SB-122	Not Detected				1.22E-0	
	SB-124 SB-125	Not Detected Not Detected				3.59E-0	
	SC-46	Not Detected			-	7.31E-	
٠.	SR-85	Not Detected			,	4.41E-	
•	TA-182	Not Detected				2.14E-	
٠.	TA-183	Not Detected	•			4.93E-	
	TE-132	Not Detected				7.20E-	
٠.	TL-201	Not Detected				3.90E-	
•	XE-133	Not Detected			•	5.31E-	
	Y-88	Not Detected				5.32E-	
	ZN-65	Not Detected				1.36E-	01
: '	ZR-95	Not Detected				7.50E-	02
٠.		4 4 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	•				

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-03-94 12:40:05 PM

Reviewed by:

: J.BRINKMAN 7582 Customer

Customer Sample ID: 017925-4 Lab Sample ID : 94051515

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type Solid Sample Geometry Sample Quantity Sample Date/Time 1SMAR

685.000 Gram

9-29-94 5:40:00 PM Acquire Start Date: 10-03-94 11:36:39 AM

: DET1

Detector Name Elapsed Live Time Elapsed Real Time 3600 seconds 3601 seconds

		4.5		
Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.02 1.00 Not Detected 1.53 7.49E-01 7.03E-01 Not Detected	3.86E-01 1.86E-01  2.10E-01 7.65E-02 5.86E-02	1.67 5.26E-01 3.56E+01 5.49E-01 5.07E-02 4.81E-02 3.33E+01	
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.25E-01 9.61E-01 7.85E-01 Not Detected 5.84E-01 7.77E-01 7.67E-01 7.60E-01	9.61E-02 1.06E-01 7.82E-02  1.47E-01 8.71E-02 1.26E-01 7.32E-02	1.54E-01 1.65E-01 9.80E-02 1.12 4.43E-01 4.14E-02 3.51E-01 6.66E-02	
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.96E-01 7.09E-01 1.56 2.11 4.52E-01 2.78E-01 3.43E-01 8.86E-01 1.77E+01	
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected  1.95E+02  Not Detected  Not Detected  Not Detected		3.57E-01 2.06E+02/ 2.42E-01 7.27E-02 3.38E-01	vot dekited 10/

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
AG-110m	Not Detected		6.24E-02
AR-41	Not Detected		4.65E+13
BA-133	Not Detected		8.02E-02
BA-140	Not Detected		1.68E-01
CD-109	Not Detected		8.37E-01
CD-115	Not Detected		2.62E-01
CE-139	Not Detected		3.62E-02
CE-141	Not Detected		7.19E-02
CE-144	Not Detected		3.04E-01
CO-56	Not Detected		4.27E-02
CO-57	Not Detected		3.88E-02
CO-58	Not Detected		4.06E-02
CO-60	Not Detected		5.50E-02
CR-51	Not Detected		3.08E-01
CS-134	Not Detected		6.00E-02
CS-137	2.22E-01	2.04E-02	2.43E-02
CU-64	Not Detected		1.46E+03
EU-152	Not Detected		2.91E-01
EU-154	Not Detected		2.22E-01
EU-155	Not Detected		1.79E-01
FE-59	Not Detected		9.94E-02
GD-153	Not Detected		1.35E-01
HG-203	Not Detected		3.73E-02
I-131	Not Detected		4.74E-02
IN-115m	Not Detected		9.53E+04
IR-192	Not Detected		3.55E-02
K-40	1.61E+01	1.18	2.71E-01
LA-140	Not Detected		2.86E-01
MN-54	Not Detected		4.52E-02
MN-56	Not Detected		1.51E+09
MO-99	Not Detected		7.84E-01
NA-22	Not Detected		5.92E-02
NA-24	Not Detected		3.30
NB-95	Not Detected		4.33E-01
ND-147	Not Detected		2.55E-01
NI-57	Not Detected		4.31E-01
BE-7	Not Detected		3.44E-01
RU-103	Not Detected		3.68E-02
RU-106	Not Detected		3.43E-01
SB-122	Not Detected		1.29E-01
SB-124	Not Detected		3.66E-02
SB-125	Not Detected		1.08E-01
SC-46	Not Detected		7.31E-02
SR-85	Not Detected		4.71E-02
TA-182	Not Detected		2.11E-01
TA-183	Not Detected		5.08E-01
TE-132	Not Detected		7.51E-02
TL-201	Not Detected		3.96E-01
XE-133	Not Detected	· /	5.25E-01
Y-88	Not Detected		5.71E-02
ZN-65	Not Detected		1.39E-01
ZR-95	Not Detected		8.08E-02
			•

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-03-94 11:32:06 AM

Reviewed by: /

Customer : J.BRINKM? Customer Sample ID : 017924-9 : J.BRINKMAN 7582

Lab Sample ID : 94051514

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type : Solid

740.000 Gram

Sample Geometry : 1SMAR
Sample Quantity : 740.000
Sample Date/Time : 9-29-94
Acquire Start Date : 10-03-94 4:50:00 PM 10:28:42 AM

Detector Name : DET1
Elapsed Live Time : 3600 seconds
Elapsed Real Time : 3601 seconds

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	Not Detected 3.82E-01 Not Detected 1.04 6.01E-01 5.73E-01 Not Detected	1.29E-01 1.64E-01 6.21E-02 4.94E-02	2.34 4.47E-01 3.30E+01 4.82E-01 4.47E-02 4.49E-02 3.16E+01
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212	5.31E-01 6.72E-01 6.88E-01 Not Detected 1.30 6.01E-01 6.67E-01 6.09E-01	7.38E-02 8.32E-02 6.92E-02  1.99E-01 6.73E-02 1.13E-01 5.73E-02	1.35E-01 1.55E-01 7.75E-02 9.93E-01 4.06E-01 3.78E-02 2.94E-01 6.26E-02
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.68E-01 6.48E-01 1.38 1.80 3.95E-01 2.55E-01 3.01E-01 7.67E-01 1.55E+01
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.03E-01 1.80E+02 2.09E-01 6.29E-02 2.93E-01

	. –	- · · -			•
 	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
	AG-110m	Not Detected		4.96E-02	
	AR-41	Not Detected		3.50E+13	•
	BA-133	Not Detected		6.88E-02	
	BA-140	Not Detected		1.56E-01	
٠.	CD-109	Not Detected		7.20E-01	
	CD-115	Not Detected		2.23E-01	
٠.	CE-139	Not Detected		3.21E-02	
	CE-141	Not Detected		6.41E-02	
	CE-144	Not Detected		2.68E-01	
	CO-56	Not Detected		3.88E-02	
	CO-57	Not Detected		3.41E-02	
	CO-58	Not Detected		3.81E-02	
	CO-60	Not Detected		4.67E-02	
	CR-51	Not Detected		2.63E-01	
	CS-134 CS-137	Not Detected 1.17E-01	1.30E-02	5.39E-02	
	CU-64	Not Detected	1.30E-02	2.19E-02 1.32E+03	
	EU-152	Not Detected		2.84E-01	
	EU-154	Not Detected		2.07E-01	
	EU-155	Not Detected		1.48E-01	
	FE-59	Not Detected		8.82E-02	
	GD-153	Not Detected		1.19E-01	
-	HG-203	Not Detected		3.29E-02	
	I-131	Not Detected		4.07E-02	
	IN-115m	Not Detected	, <del></del>	7.76E+04	
639a :	IR-192	Not Detected		3.03E-02	
المنتث	K-40	1.39E+01	1.01	2.45E-01	
	LA-140 MN-54	Not Detected	5 9 2 R 0 2	2.41E-01	of detected 1016/14
	MN-56	Not Detected		1.26E+09	sot delected 10/6/14
	MO-99	Not Detected	*	7.92E-01	
٠	NA-22	Not Detected		5.20E-02	
	NA-24	Not Detected	- 1	2.73	
	NB-95	Not Detected		3.77E-01	at detected / 10/6/24
٠	ND-147	9.38E 02	3.01E 02	<del>- 1.10E-01</del> ル	it detected / 10/4/94
	NI-57	Not Detected		3.60E-01	
	BE-7	Not Detected		2.80E-01	
	RU-103 RU-106	Not Detected		3.24E-02	
	SB-122	Not Detected Not Detected		3.13E-01 1.13E-01	
	SB-124	Not Detected		3.45E-02	
	SB-125	Not Detected		9.03E-02	
	SC-46	Not Detected		6.89E-02	
	SR-85	Not Detected		4.20E-02	
٠,٠,٠	TA-182	Not Detected		2.03E-01	
-	TA-183	Not Detected		4.31E-01	
	TE-132	Not Detected	94 (	6.37E-02	
	TL-201	Not Detected	:	3.48E-01	
	XE-133	Not Detected		4.88E-01	
	Y-88	Not Detected		5.03E-02	
	ZN-65	Not Detected	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	1.26E-01	
	ZR-95	Not Detected		6.63E-02	

Sandia National Laboratories Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-03-94 10:24:08 AM

Reviewed by: Y

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J.BRINKMAN 7 582 Customer Sample ID: 017924-3 Lab Sample ID : 94051513

: SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Description Sample Type Solid 1SMAR Sample Geometry

Analyzed by:

800.000 Sample Quantity Gram

4:56:00 PM Sample Date/Time 9-29-94 Acquire Start Date: 10-03-94 9:20:49 AM

Detector Name : DET1

Elapsed Live Time 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time 3601 seconds

	•			
Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	8.61E-01 8.64E-01 Not Detected 1.17 6.70E-01 6.91E-01 Not Detected	3.30E-01 1.67E-01  1.72E-01 6.83E-02 5.64E-02	1.47 4.66E-01 3.23E+01 5.03E-01 4.73E-02 4.37E-02 3.08E+01	
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	6.77E-01 7.72E-01 7.58E-01 Not Detected 6.71E-01 7.05E-01 7.89E-01 6.64E-01	8.85E-02 8.72E-02 7.34E-02  1.41E-01 7.89E-02 1.18E-01 6.03E-02	1.44E-01 1.49E-01 8.82E-02 1.01 4.16E-01 3.87E-02 3.02E-01 6.09E-02	
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected 3.13E 01 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected	1.17E 01	2.63E-01 3.68E-01 1.40 1.91 4.02E-01 2.56E-01 3.04E-01 7.71E-01 1.66E+01	ot detected 1/10/1/9
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected  1.76E+02  Not Detected  Not Detected  Not Detected	 4.22E+01 	3.08E-01 1.86E+02 2.19E-01 6.29E-02 3.01E-01	Notolsy Not details.

		•		
Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	•
AG-110m AR-41	Not Detected Not Detected		5.63E-02 2.15E+13	3
BA-133 BA-140	Not Detected Not Detected		7.02E-02	
CD-109	Not Detected		1.42E-01 7.55E-01	
CD-115	Not Detected		2.30E-0	Ļ
CE-139	Not Detected		3.28E-02	
CE-141 CE-144	Not Detected		6.44E-02	
CC-144 CO-56	Not Detected Not Detected		2.71E-01 4.01E-02	
CO-57	Not Detected		3.54E-02	
CO-58	Not Detected		3.81E-02	
CO-60	Not Detected		4.62E-02	
CR-51	Not Detected		2.70E-01	
CS-134 CS-137	Not Detected 1.96E-01	1.79E-02	5.43E-02 2.16E-02	
CU-64	Not Detected	1.796-02	1.13E+03	
EU-152	Not Detected		2.94E-0	-
EU-154	Not Detected		2.01E-0	
EU-155	Not Detected		1.60E-0:	
FE-59 GD-153	Not Detected Not Detected		8.71E-01 1.22E-01	
HG-203	Not Detected Not Detected		3.43E-02	
I-131	Not Detected		4.29E-02	
IN-115m	Not Detected		6.74E+04	
IR-192	Not Detected		3.00E-02	
) K-40	1.55E+01	1.15	2.36E-0	
~~ LA-140 MN-54	Not Detected Not Detected		2.51E-01 4.31E-02	
MN-56	Not Detected		9.38E+0	
MO-99	Not Detected		6.98E~0	
NA-22	Not Detected		4.82E-02	
NA-24	Not Detected		2.33	
NB-95 ND-147	Not Detected		3.80E-01	
NI-57	Not Detected Not Detected		2.23E-01 3.45E-01	
BE-7	Not Detected		3.00E-01	
RU-103	Not Detected		3.36E-02	2
RU-106	Not Detected		3.10E-01	
SB-122 SB-124	Not Detected		1.18E-01	
SB-124 SB-125	Not Detected Not Detected		3.32E-01 9.83E-01	
SC-46	Not Detected		6.66E-02	
SR-85	Not Detected		4.21E-0	
TA-182	Not Detected	,	1.94E-01	
TA-183	Not Detected	:	4.35E-01	
TE-132 TL-201	Not Detected		6.53E-02	
XE-133	Not Detected Not Detected		3.52E-0: 4.87E-0:	
Y-88	Not Detected		4.68E-02	
ZN-65	Not Detected		1.24E-0	
ZR-95	Not Detected		6.90E-02	
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-01-94 5:06:03 AM

Analyzed by: Reviewed by: Y

Customer : J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID : 017923-8 Lab Sample ID : 94051512

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER Sample Type : Solid

Sample Geometry 1SMAR

Sample Quantity 590.000 Gram

Sample Date/Time 9-29-94 4:04:00 PM Acquire Start Date : 10-01-94 Detector Name : DET1 4:02:36 AM

Elapsed Live Time Elapsed Real Time 3600 seconds 3601 seconds

	•		A Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Company of the Comp		
Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA		
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.43 8.48E-01 Not Detected 1.11 7.98E-01 7.58E-01 Not Detected	4.20E-01 1.94E-01  1.85E-01 8.21E-02 6.41E-02	1.74 5.47E-01 3.99E+01 5.95E-01 5.72E-02 5.51E-02 3.62E+01		
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.58E-01 8.08E-01 7.52E-01 6.29E-01 7.88E-01 8.50E-01 9.02E-01 7.33E-01	1.02E-01 1.02E-01 7.94E-02 1.54E-01 1.97E-01 9.52E-02 1.44E-01 6.94E-02	1.69E-01 1.81E-01 1.11E-01 5.84E-01 4.83E-01 4.53E-02 4.05E-01 7.43E-02		
U-235 TH-231—PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected 3.58E-01 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected	1.07E-01	3.16E-01 1.23E-01 No 1.58 2.25 4.98E-01 2.69E-01 3.62E-01 9.18E-01 2.03E+01	Thetected Milyon	
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected  2.33E+02  Not Detected  Not Detected  Not Detected	5.34E+01	3.70E-01 2.18E+02 M 2.52E-01 7.97E-02 3.54E-01	of leterted 10/4	/

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
AG-110m	Not Detected		6.05E-02
AR-41	Not Detected		6.41E+04
BA-133	Not Detected		8.72E-02
BA-140	Not Detected		1.65E-01
CD-109	Not Detected		8.67E-01
CD-115	Not Detected		1.42E-01
CE-139	Not Detected		3.96E-02
CE-141	Not Detected		7.25E-02
CE-144	Not Detected		3.22E-01
CO-56	Not Detected		5.16E-02
· CO-57	Not Detected		4.22E-02
CO-58	Not Detected		4.68E-02
CO-60	Not Detected		5.93E-02
CR-51	Not Detected		3.03E-01
CS-134	Not Detected		7.18E-02
CS-137	1.44E-01	1.59E-02	2.72E-02
CU-64	Not Detected		8.76E+01
EU-152	Not Detected		3.49E-01
EU-154	Not Detected		2.70E-01
EU-155	Not Detected		1.86E-01
FE-59	Not Detected		1.11E-01
GD-153	Not Detected		1.46E-01
HG-203	Not Detected		3.97E-02
I-131	Not Detected		4.27E-02
IN-115m	Not Detected		2.48E+01
IR-192	Not Detected		3.60E-02
K-40	1.68E+01	1.23	2.85E-01
LA-140	Not Detected		1.17E-01
MN-54	Not Detected		5.31E-02
MN-56	Not Detected		9.29E+02
MO-99	Not Detected		5.26E-01
NA-22	Not Detected		6.85E-02
NA-24	Not Detected		2.88E-01
NB-95	Not Detected		3.10E-01
ND-147	Not Detected		2.40E-01
NI-57	Not Detected		1.66E-01
BE-7	Not Detected		3.60E-01
RU-103	Not Detected		4.01E-02
RU-106	Not Detected		3.82E-01
SB-122	Not Detected		8.18E-02
SB-124	Not Detected		4.09E-02
SB-125	Not Detected		1.18E-01
SC-46	Not Detected		8.15E-02
SR-85	Not Detected		5.07E-02
TA-182	Not Detected		2.36E-01
TA-183	Not Detected		3.88E-01
TE-132	Not Detected		4.99E-02
TL-201	Not Detected		2.57E-01
XE-133	Not Detected		2.91E-01
Y-88 ZN-65	Not Detected		6.03E-02
ZN-65 ZR-95	Not Detected		1.61E-01
2K-35	Not Detected		8.51E-02
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·

Analyzed by: 10/6/94 Reviewed by:

Customer : J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID : 017923-2 Lab Sample ID : 94051511

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type : Solid Sample Geometry : 1SMAR

Sample Quantity : 875.000 Gram

Sample Date/Time : 9-29-94 4:04:00 PM Acquire Start Date : 10-01-94 2:54:08 AM

Detector Name : DET1

Elapsed Live Time : 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time : 3602 seconds

plen.	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
	U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.08 7.89E-01 Not Detected 1.58 7.82E-01 8.18E-01 Not Detected	3.53E-01 1.73E-01  2.04E-01 7.84E-02 6.46E-02	1.52 4.93E-01 3.40E+01 5.06E-01 4.64E-02 4.32E-02 3.16E+01	
	TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.65E-01 8.21E-01 8.49E-01 5.46E-01 8.31E-01 8.53E-01 7.22E-01 7.14E-01	9.62E-02 8.97E-02 7.86E-02 1.56E-01 1.74E-01 9.40E-02 1.13E-01 6.31E-02	1.42E-01 1.49E-01 8.32E-02 4.65E-01 4.12E-01 3.84E-02 3.13E-01 6.10E-02	
	U-235 TH-231—PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected 2.77E-01 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected	8.98E 02	2.74E-01 3.79E-01 ~~ 1.37 1.95 4.08E-01 1.32E-01 3.08E-01 7.57E-01 1.60E+01	T detected 1/1/14
	AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.18E-01 1.92E+02 2.29E-01 6.32E-02 3.16E-01	

• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
_					
	AG-110m	Not Detected		4.90E-02	
	AR-41	Not Detected		3.24E+04	
	BA-133	Not Detected		7.09E-02	
	BA-140	Not Detected		1.34E-01	
	CD-109	Not Detected		7.89E-01	•
	CD-115	Not Detected		1.14E-01	
	CE-139	Not Detected		3.32E-02	
	CE-141	Not Detected		6.41E-02	
-	CE-144	Not Detected		2.80E-01	-
	CO-56	Not Detected		4.08E-02	
	CO-57	Not Detected		3.65E-02	
	CO-58	Not Detected		3.51E-02	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	CO-60	Not Detected	<u></u>	4.41E-02	
	CR-51	Not Detected		2.49E-01	
	CS-134	Not Detected	7 427 00	6.01E-02	
	CS-137	1.44E-01	1.43E-02	2.28E-02	
	CU-64	Not Detected		6.39E+01 2.82E-01	
•	EU-152	Not Detected		1.99E-01	
	EU-154	Not Detected Not Detected		1.62E-01	•
	EU-155 FE-59	Not Detected		8.87E-02	
•	GD-153	Not Detected Not Detected		1.26E-01	
	HG-203	Not Detected		3.31E-02	
٠.	I-131	Not Detected		3.45E-02	
	IN-115m	Not Detected		1.70E+01	
	IR-192	Not Detected		2.94E-02	
and I	K-40	1.77E+01	1.26	2.24E-01	
	LA-140	Not Detected			
	MN-54	1.96E 02	5-66E-03	2.07E 02	Not detected //
٠.	MN-56	Not Detected		5.41E+02	10/6/94
· · ·	MO-99	Not Detected		4.25E-01	
	NA-22	Not Detected		5.37E-02	
:	NA-24	Not Detected		2.13E-01	
-	NB-95	Not Detected		2.52E-01	
	ND-147	<del>2.14E-01</del>	3.60E-02	1.07E-01	10 (3-2) \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \
	NI-57	Not Detected		1.25E-01	
٠.	BE-7	Not Detected		2.94E-01	
. • : .	RU-103	Not Detected		3.36E-02	
	RU-106	Not Detected		3.06E-01	
	SB-122	Not Detected		6.34E-02	
4.5	SB-124	Not Detected		3.42E-02	
	SB-125	Not Detected		9.66E-02	
	SC-46	Not Detected	: ·	6.77E-02	
	SR-85	Not Detected		4.25E-02	
	TA-182 TA-183	Not Detected		2.00E-01	
		Not Detected		3.31E-01	
	TE-132 TL-201	Not Detected		4.21E-02 2.18E-01	
	XE-133	Not Detected Not Detected		2.18E-01 2.39E-01	
	X-88	Not Detected Not Detected		4.66E-02	
	ZN-65	Not Detected		1.29E-01	
	ZR-95	Not Detected Not Detected		6.72E-01	
		THOS Deceded		0.72E-U2	

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-01-94 2:49:20 AM

Reviewed by: &

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Customer : J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID: 017922-3 Lab Sample ID: 94051510

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Analyzed by:

680 000

Sample Type : Solid
Sample Geometry : 1SMAR
Sample Quantity : 680.000
Sample Date/Time : 9-29-94
Acquire Start Date : 10-01-94 3:15:00 PM 1:45:49 AM

Defector Name : DET1

Elapsed Live Time Elapsed Real Time 3600 seconds 3601 seconds

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.03 9.29E-01 Not Detected 1.29 8.09E-01 7.83E-01 Not Detected	3.80E-01 1.97E-01  1.92E-01 8.24E-02 6.42E-02	1.68 5.41E-01 3.57E+01 5.63E-01 5.60E-02 5.00E-02 3.54E+01
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.67E-01 8.81E-01 9.45E-01 Not Detected 1.21 8.51E-01 1.02 7.45E-01	1.02E-01 1.01E-01 9.01E-02  2.21E-01 9.48E-02 1.45E-01 6.80E-02	1.68E=01 1.70E-01 1.01E-01 1.13 4.55E-01 4.28E-02 3.46E-01 7.07E-02
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.08E-01 7.30E-01 1.57 2.21 4.63E-01 2.53E-01 3.60E-01 9.18E-01 1.91E+01
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.61E-01 2.12E+02 2.50E-01 7.23E-02 3.44E-01

	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
•	AG-110m	Not Detected		5.60E-02
	AR-41	Not Detected		3.39E+04
4.	BA-133	Not Detected		8.29E-02
٠.	BA-140	Not Detected		1.60E-01
	CD-109	Not Detected	<u>-</u>	8.59E-01
	CD-115	Not Detected		1.28E-01
	CE-139	Not Detected		3.84E-02
	CE-141	Not Detected		7.07E-02
	CE-144	Not Detected		3.14E-01
	CO-56	Not Detected		4.68E-02
	CO-57	Not Detected		3.97E-02
•	CO-58	Not Detected		4.33E-02
	CO-60	Not Detected		5.63E-02
٠.	CR-51	Not Detected		2.87E-01
•	CS-134	Not Detected		6.58E-02
	CS-137 CU-64	1.34E-01 Not Detected	1.47E-02	2.33E-02 7.43E+01
	EU-152	Not Detected Not Detected		3.34E-01
	EU-154	Not Detected		2.34E-01
	EU-155	Not Detected		1.11E-01
٠.	FE-59	Not Detected		9.99E-02
	.GD-153	Not Detected		1.39E-01
	HG-203	Not Detected		3.74E-02
	I-131	Not Detected		3.97E-02
:	IN-115m	Not Detected		1.82E+01
: :	IR-192	Not Detected		3.41E-02
3	K-40	1.71E+01	1.24	2.82E-01
;->	LA-140	Not Detected		1.05E-01
. :	MN-54	Not Detected	,	4.77E-02
	MN-56	Not Detected		5.69E+02
· · ·	MO-99	Not Detected		4.81E-01
	NA-22	Not Detected	·	5.99E-02
	NA-24	Not Detected		2.51E-01
	NB-95 ND-147	Not Detected	<del></del>	2.85E-01
	NI-57	Not Detected Not Detected		2.25E-01 1.51E-01
• •	BE-7	2.90E-01	6.02E-02	1.88E-01
	RU-103	Not Detected	6.028-02	3.60E-01
	RU-106	Not Detected		3.61E-01
	SB-122	Not Detected		7.41E-02
	SB-124	Not Detected		3.78E-02
	SB-125	Not Detected		1.08E-01
	SC-46	Not Detected	, <u>(                                   </u>	7.70E-02
· [	SR-85	Not Detected	, , <u></u>	4.82E-02
• :	TA-182	Not Detected		2.27E-01
	TA-183	Not Detected		3.76E-01
.:	TE-132	Not Detected		4.87E-02
٠. '	TL-201	Not Detected		2.44E-01
	XE-133	Not Detected	``	2.75E-01
• :	Y-88	Not Detected		5.31E-02
· .	ZN-65	Not Detected		1.48E-01
-	ZR-95	Not Detected		7.46E-02
	the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon	1	and the second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second s	

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-01-94 1:40:57 AM

Customer : J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID: 017922-10 Lab Sample ID : 94051509

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type Solid Sample Geometry 1SMAR

.740.000 Gram

Sample Quantity Sample Date/Time 9-29-94 3:15:00 PM Acquire Start Date : 10-01-94 12:37:28 AM

DET1

Detector Name Elapsed Live Time Elapsed Real Time 3600 seconds 3601 seconds

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.05 9.82E-01 Not Detected 1.24 7.23E-01 7.23E-01 Not Detected	3.63E-01 2.09E-01  1.83E-01 7.37E-02 5.93E-02	1.57 5.12E-01 3.51E+01 5.42E-01 5.11E-02 4.89E-02 3.32E+01
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.63E-01 9.48E-01 8.11E-01 8.37E-01 9.17E-01 8.11E-01 1.02 6.55E-01	9.88E-02 1.03E-01 7.92E-02 1.60E-01 1.91E-01 9.15E-02 1.37E-01 6.07E-02	1.53E-01 1.60E-01 8.95E-02 5.05E-01 4.25E-01 3.96E-02 3.23E-01 6.76E-02
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.79E-01 6.83E-01 1.49 2.05 4.40E-01 2.34E-01 3.39E-01 8.60E-01 1.65E+01
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.34E-01 3.24E+02 2.37E-01 6.78E-02 3.28E-01

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	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
	70 110-	Nat Datasta			٠.
	AG-110m	Not Detected		5.75E-02	
1	AR-41	Not Detected		2.06E+04	
		Not Detected		7.50E-02	
	BA-140	Not Detected		1.35E-01	••
	CD-109	Not Detected		8.14E-01	.*
	CD-115	Not Detected		1.21E-01	
,	CE-139	Not Detected		3.56E-02	
	CE-141	Not Detected	d	6.37E-02	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
	CE-144	Not Detected	d	2.89E-01	
٠.	CO-56	Not Detected	d	4.15E-02	
	CO-57	Not Detected		3.68E-02	
	CO-58	Not Detected		3.92E-02	
	CO-60	Not Detected		4.98E-02	
	CR-51	Not Detected		2.74E-01	
٠.	CS-134	Not Detected		6.13E-02	
. • '	CS-134	1.81E-0		2.34E-02	
	CU-64	Not Detected	1.056-02	6.55E+01	
	EU-152		•		
-		Not Detected		2.91E-01	
	EU-154	Not Detected		2.24E-01	
	EU-155	Not Detected		1.66E-01	
	FE-59	Not Detected		9.22E-02	
	GD-153	Not Detected	<b>→</b>	1.32E-01	
	HG-203	Not Detected		3.40E-02	
· · ·	I-131	Not Detected		3.68E-02	
: .	IN-115m	Not Detected		1.47E+01	
Alva.	IR-192	Not Detected		3.19E-02	
<i>33</i> .	K-40	1.65E+0:		2.49E-01	and the second second
****	LA-140	Not Detected	i	9.72E-02	
	MN-54	Not Detected	i	4.24E-02	
	MN-56	Not Detected	d	3.72E+02	
	MO-99	Not Detected	i	4.37E-01	
	NA-22	Not Detected	1	5.66E-02	
	NA-24	Not Detected	i	2.24E-01	_
	NB-95	Not Detected			-0776
	ND-147	1.43E-0		1.10E 01	Not detected
	NI-57	Not Detected	1	1.35E-01	
1.	BE-7	Not Detected	•	2.99E-01	
٠.	RU-103	Not Detected		3.43E-02	
	RU-106	Not Detected		3.32E-01	
	SB-122	Not Detected		6.84E-02	
•	SB-124	Not Detected		3.52E-02	
	SB-125	Not Detected		1.04E-01	
	SC-46	Not Detected		7.07E-02	
	SR-85	Not Detected			
•	TA-182			4.37E-02	
		Not Detected		2.08E-01	
	•	Not Detected		3.45E-01	
	TE-132	Not Detected		4.24E-02	
	TL-201	Not Detected		2.23E-01	
	XE-133	Not Detected		2.47E-01	
	Y-88	Not Detected		5.27E-02	
:	ZN-65	Not Detected	·	1.35E-01	
	ZR-95	Not Detected	<b>i</b>	7.48E-02	
		•		•	

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 10-01-94 12:32:54 AM

Analyzed by:

Reviewed by: /

Customer

J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID : 017921-6

Lab Sample ID

: 94051508

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type

Solid

Sample Geometry

1SMAR 655.000 Gram

Sample Quantity Sample Date/Time

9-29-94

Acquire Start Date :

2:25:00 PM :9-30-94 11:29:25 PM

: DET1

Detector Name Elapsed Live Time Elapsed Real Time

3600 seconds 3601 seconds

Comments:

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.40 8.10E-01 Not Detected 1.34 7.49E-01 8.29E-01 Not Detected	4.03E-01 1.67E-01 2.05E-01 7.67E-02 6.75E-02	1.67 5.46E-01 3.76E+01 5.55E-01 5.35E-02 5.13E-02 3.57E+01	
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.98E-01 7.98E-01 8.60E-01 7.17E-01 9.65E-01 8.42E-01 8.05E-01 7.84E-01	1.05E-01 9.60E-02 8.48E-02 1.73E-01 2.01E-01 9.23E-02 1.32E-01 7.13E-02	1.61E-01 1.78E-01 1.04E-01 5.39E-01 4.32E-01 3.99E-02 3.49E-01 7.21E-02	
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected 3.98E 01 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected	1.10E-01	2.93E-01 4.17E-01 1.52 2.18 4.64E-01 2.55E-01 3.60E-01 8.55E-01 2.01E+01	voi detected 1/2/19/94
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.47E-01 2.00E+02 2.52E-01 7.24E-02 3.42E-01	

٠.	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	_	2S Error	MDA
	AG-110m	Not Detected			4.60E-02
	AR-41	Not Detected			1.93E+04
,	BA-133	Not Detected			8.07E-02
	BA-140	Not Detected			1.43E-01
	CD-109	Not Detected	2		8.68E-01
	CD-115	Not Detected			1.30E-01
•	CE-139	Not Detected			3.79E-02
	CE-141	Not Detected			6.83E-02
	CE-144	Not Detected	•		3.01E-01
	CO-56	Not Detected			4.34E-02
,	CO-57	Not Detected			3.76E-02
	CO-58	Not Detected			4.09E-02
	CO-60	Not Detected			5.64E-02
	CR-51	Not Detected			2.88E-01
	CS-134	Not Detected			6.92E-02
	CS-137 CU-64	4.24E-02 Not Detected		8.66E-03	2.62E-02 7.04E+01
	EU-152	Not Detected			3.12E-01
÷	EU-152	Not Detected	•		2.33E-01
	EU-155	Not Detected			1.75E-01
	FE-59	Not Detected	-		1.03E-01
	GD-153	Not Detected			1.38E-01
٠.	HG-203	Not Detected			3.69E-02
	Ì-131	Not Detected		,	3.83E-02
	IN-115m	Not Detected		·	1.51E+01
·	IR-192	Not Detected	•		3.40E-02
	K-40	1,66E+01	•	1.20	2.82E-01
	LA-140	Not Detected			1.08E-01
	MN-54	Not Detected			4.66E-02
	MN-56	Not Detected	·		3.59E+02
	MO-99	Not Detected	•		4.79E-01
٠.	NA-22	Not Detected	•		5.95E-02
	NA-24	Not Detected			2.45E-01
	NB-95	8.10E-02		2.69E-02	9.03E-02
	ND-147	Not Detected			2.24E-01
	NI-57 BE-7	Not Detected Not Detected			1.50E-01
	RU-103				3.22E-01
•		Not Detected			3.53E-02 3.89E-01
	SB-122	Not Detected			7.10E-02
.*	SB-124	Not Detected			3.91E-02
	SB-125	Not Detected			1.10E-01
•	SC-46	Not Detected			7.66E-02
	SR-85	Not Detected			4.74E-02
	TA-182	Not Detected			2.26E-01
	TA-183	Not Detected			3.58E-01
• •	TE-132	Not Detected			4.52E-02
٠.,	TL-201	Not Detected	• •		2.36E-01
٠.	XE-133	Not Detected			2,69E-01
	Y-88	Not Detected			5.88E-02
	ZN-65	Not Detected			1.48E-01
	ZR-95	Not Detected			7.64E-02
		•			

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 9-30-94 11:24:53 PM

Analyzed by: Reviewed by: \( \tau \) \*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* \*\*\*\*\*

Customer : J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID : 017921-2 Lab Sample ID : 94051507

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type Sample Geometry Solid 1SMAR

780.000 Gram

Sample Quantity Sample Date/Time 9-29-94 2:15:00 PM Acquire Start Date : 9-30-94 10:21:25 PM

: DET1

Detector Name Elapsed Live Time : 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time 3601 seconds

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.15 8.39E-01 Not Detected 1.48 6.47E-01 7.10E-01 Not Detected	3.53E-01 1.67E-01  1.98E-01 6.64E-02 5.79E-02	1.46 4.85E-01 3.43E+01 5.14E-01 4.72E-02 4.34E-02 3.19E+01
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.52E-01 7.77E-01 7.56E-01 4.69E-01 8.44E-01 6.87E-01 6.54E-01 6.03E-01	9.60E-02 8.98E-02 7.38E-02 1.29E-01 1.82E-01 7.77E-02 1.12E-01 5.63E-02	1.41E-01 1.52E-01 8.88E-02 4.94E-01 4.25E-01 3.96E-02 3.23E-01 6.35E-02
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.77E-01 6.54E-01 1.41 1.97 4.04E-01 2.21E-01 3.18E-01 7.97E-01 1.64E+01
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.16E-01 1.92E+02 2.24E-01 6.69E-02 3.13E-01

	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
	AG-110m	Not Detected		6.19E-02
	AR-41	Not Detected		1.26E+04
	BA-133	Not Detected	,	6.93 <b>E-02</b>
	BA-140	Not Detected		1.32E-01
	CD-109	Not Detected		7.70E-01
	CD-115	Not Detected		1.14E-01
	CE-139	Not Detected		3.54E-02
	CE-141	Not Detected		6.31E-02
	CE-144	Not Detected		2.81E-01
	CO-56	Not Detected		3.84E-02
	CO-57	Not Detected		3.63E-02
	CO-58	Not Detected		3.92E-02
	CO-60	Not Detected		4.67E-02
	CR-51	Not Detected		2.62E-01
	CS-134	Not Detected		6.02E-02
	CS-137	2.61E-01	2.27E-02	2.36E-02
	CU-64	Not Detected		5.75E+01
•	EU-152	Not Detected		2.83E-01
	EU-154	Not Detected		2.05E-01
	EU-155	Not Detected		1.65E-01
	FE-59	Not Detected		8.57E-02
	GD-153	Not Detected		1.25E-01
	HG-203 I-131	Not Detected		3.39E-02
	IN-115m	Not Detected Not Detected		3.52E-02 1.15E+01
	IR-11511 IR-192	Not Detected		3.09E-02
1	K-40	1.69E+01	1.24	2.37E-01
	LA-140	Not Detected	1.27	9.70E-02
	MN-54	Not Detected		4.35E-02
	MN-56	Not Detected	7.7 <u></u>	2.45E+02
	MO-99	Not Detected		4.19E-01
٠.	NA-22	Not Detected	*	5.35E-02
•	NA-24	Not Detected	,	2.07E-01
	NB-95	Not Detected		2.44E-01
	ND-147	Not Detected		2.01E- <b>01</b>
÷	NI-57	Not Detected		1.24E-01
	BE-7	1.64E-01	4.70E-02	1.79E-01
. '	RU-103	Not Detected		3.49E-02
	RU-106	Not Detected	`	3.16E-01
	SB-122	Not Detected		6.63E-02
•	SB-124	Not Detected		3.62E-02
:	SB-125	Not Detected		9.85E-02
• •	SC-46	Not Detected		6.78E-02
. :	SR-85	Not Detected		4.26E-02
• •	TA-182	Not Detected		1.96E-01
	TA-183	Not Detected		3.25E-01
٠.	TE-132	Not Detected		4.21E-02
	TL-201	Not Detected		2.10E-01
	XE-133 Y-88	Not Detected	<del></del>	2.34E-01
	1-88 ZN-65	Not Detected	<u></u>	4.97E-02
	ZR-95	Not Detected		1.31E-01
	ΔK-33	Not Detected		6.84E-02

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 9-30-94 10:16:52 PM

Analyzed by:

Reviewed by: XIVM

: J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID : 017920-11 Lab Sample ID : 94051506

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER
Sample Type : Solid
Sample Geometry : 1SMAR
Sample Quantity : 1015.000 Gram

Sample Date/Time 9-29-94 12:17:00 PM Acquire Start Date : 9-30-94 9:13:10 PM

Detector Name : DET1

Elapsed Live Time 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time 3602 seconds

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	Not Detected 4.46E-01 Not Detected 1.32 7.51E-01 7.04E-01 Not Detected	1.21E-01 1.89E-01 7.57E-02 5.57E-02	2.21 4.69E-01 3.03E+01 4.59E-01 4.45E-02 4.07E-02 2.92E+01
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.73E-01 8.93E-01 8.65E-01 6.05E-01 9.40E-01 8.11E-01 9.94E-01 7.96E-01	9.51E-02 9.22E-02 7.90E-02 1.47E-01 1.72E-01 8.92E-02 1.25E-01 7.21E-02	1.38E-01 1.27E-01 8.01E-02 4.50E-01 3.76E-01 3.51E-02 2.91E-01 5.52E-02
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.53E-01 6.09E-01 1.25 1.86 3.78E-01 2.10E-01 2.83E-01 7.30E-01 1.51E+01
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.91E-01 1.78E+02 2.18E-01 5.81E-02 2.94E-01

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
v	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	٠:	٠.
-					-	•
	AG-110m	Not Detected		3.48E-0	2	
	AR-41	Not Detected		1.39E+0	4	
	BA-133	Not Detected.		6.55E-0	2 ·	
	BA-140	Not Detected		1.23E-0		
•	CD-109	Not Detected		7.49E-0		
	CD-115	Not Detected		1.04E-0		
٠.	CE-139	Not Detected		3.24E-0		•
	CE-141	Not Detected		5.93E-0		
	CE-141 CE-144	Not Detected		2.58E-0		•
						•
٠.	CO-56	Not Detected		3.59E-0		
•	CO-57	Not Detected		3.38E-0		
	CO-58	Not Detected		3.36E-0		
•	CO-60	Not Detected		4.36E-0		
	CR-51	Not Detected		2.38E-0		
	CS-134	Not Detected		5.16E-0		
	CS-137	Not Detected		3.94E-0	2	•
	CU-64	Not Detected		5.46E+0	1	
	EU-152	Not Detected		2.57E-0		
	EU-154	Not Detected		1.96E-0		
•	EU-155	Not Detected		1.53E-0		
	FE-59	Not Detected		8.57E-0		
	GD-153	Not Detected		1.16E-0		
	HG-203	Not Detected		3.04E-0		
	I-131	Not Detected				
				3.10E-0		
	IN-115m	Not Detected		1.18E+0		
Tits.	IR-192	Not Detected		2.74E-0		-
	K-40	1.91E+01	1.33	2.04E-0		
	LA-140	Not Detected	,	7.99E-0		
*	MN-54	Not Detected	/	3.73E-0	2	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	MN-56	Not Detected		2.86E+0	2 ⋅	
: .	MO-99	Not Detected		3.77E-0		
	NA-22	Not Detected		4.54E-0		
	NA-24	Not Detected		1.89E-0		•
•	NB-95	Not Detected		2.29E-0	1	00 %
	ND-147	9.42E-02	2.35B 02	2.29E-0 9.91E-0	2 NOT	- deren
	NI-57	Not Detected		1.12E-0	i	
. '	BE-7	Not Detected		2.57E-0		
	RU-103	Not Detected		2.94E-0		
٠,	RU-106	Not Detected		2.81E-0		•
	SB-122	Not Detected		5.97E-0		
	SB-124	Not Detected		3.12E-0		
	SB-125	Not Detected	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	8.53E-0		
	SC-46	Not Detected				
				6.02E-0		
	SR-85	Not Detected		3.72E-0		
	TA-182	Not Detected		1.77E-0		
, i	TA-183	Not Detected		3.00E-0		
	TE-132	Not Detected		3.80E-0		
	TL-201	Not Detected		1.97E-0		
•:•	XE-133	Not Detected		2.18E-0	1	** * f.+ f
	Y-88	Not Detected		3.61E-0		
	ZN-65	Not Detected		1.19E-0		
	ZR-95	Not Detected		6.20E-0		
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		3.2.2		

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory]

9-30-94 9:08:31 PM

Analyzed by:

Reviewed by:

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*

: J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID: 017920-3 Lab Sample ID : 94051505

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER
Sample Type : Solid
Sample Geometry : 1SMAR
Sample Quantity : 1055.000 Gram

Sample Date/Time : 9-29-94 12:17:00 PM Acquire Start Date : 9-30-94 8:04:45 PM

Detector Name : DET1

Elapsed Live Time 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time 3602 seconds

### Comments:

TH-229

Not Detected

			•			
	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA		
	U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	8.17E-01 8.37E-01 Not Detected 1.33 7.56E-01 7.81E-01 Not Detected	3.15E-01 1.79E-01  1.73E-01 7.51E-02 6.06E-02	1.40 4.45E-01 3.05E+01 4.52E-01 4.22E-02 3.98E-02 2.89E+01		
	TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.89E-01 8.09E-01 9.12E-01 Not Detected 6.65E-01 7.84E-01 8.20E-01 7.35E-01	9.65E-02 8.43E-02 8.00E-02  1.30E-01 8.62E-02 1.11E-01 6.41E-02	1.32E-01 1.32E-01 7.37E-02 8.94E-01 3.69E-01 3.43E-02 2.86E-01 5.52E-02		
-	U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected 3.17E 01 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected	1.03E 01	2.48E-01 3.44E-01 1.24 1.84 3.71E-01 2.07E-01 2.79E-01 6.85E-01 1.52E+01	woo detected -	12/5/54
	AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233	Not Detected  2.25E+02  Not Detected  Not Detected	4.29E+01	2.84E-01 1.76E+02 2.08E-01 5.74E-02	NOT LETECTED	10/5/5.

2.86E-01

	*			*-			•	
	Nuclide	Activity	٠	2S Error	MDA			•
ž ·		(pCi/Gram)			•			•
· · · _			_					
	AG-110m	Not Detected		,	4.	44E-02	·	
	AR-41	Not Detected			9.	06E+03		. •
	BA-133	Not Detected			6.	23E-02		
	BA-140	Not Detected				14E-01		•
	CD-109	Not Detected	-		7.	15E-01		•
	CD-115	Not Detected			9.	92E-02		
	CE-139	Not Detected				17E-02		
	CE-141	Not Detected				79E-02		
	CE-144	Not Detected				56E-01		
	CO-56	Not Detected				49E-02		•
	CO-57	Not Detected		~		37E-02		
	CO-58	Not Detected				41E-02	•	
	CO-60	Not Detected				16E-02		
٠.	CR-51	Not Detected	-			36E-01	•	
	CS-134	Not Detected				17E-02		
	CS-134 CS-137	1.39E-01		1.33E-02				
				1.33E-UZ		08E-02		
	CU-64	Not Detected				80E+01	• .	
	EU-152	Not Detected	•			47E-01		
	EU-154	Not Detected				85E-01		• • •
	EU-155	Not Detected				48E-01		
	FE-59	Not Detected				72E-02	•	
	GD-153	Not Detected				16E-01	•	
	HG-203	Not Detected				05E-02	•	
٠.	I-131	Not Detected				06E-02		
	IN-115m	Not Detected				60		
e e	IR-192	Not Detected				75E-02		
	K-40	1.70E+01		1.19		85 <b>E-01</b>	•	
Or-in	LA-140	Not Detected				65E-02		
	MN-54	Not Detected				65E-02	: *	
	MN-56	Not Detected				05E+02		
	MO-99	Not Detected				47E-01		
	NA-22	Not Detected				56E-02	•	
	NA-24	Not Detected	•	. <b></b>		67E-01		
	NB-95	Not Detected			2.	23E-01	_ 0 1	-00
. :	ND-147	1:08E-01-		- 3-16E 02	<del>9.</del>	62E 02	not del	used 1
	NI-57	Not Detected		`` <b></b>		11E-01		
	BE-7	Not Detected		,		52E-01		
	RU-103	Not Detected			2.	83E-02		
	RU-106	Not Detected	•		2.	72E-01		•
	SB-122	Not Detected			5.	80E-02		
	SB-124	Not Detected		·	2.	95E-02		
٠.,	SB-125	Not Detected				80E-02		
	SC-46	Not Detected				99E-02		
	SR-85	Not Detected				64E-02		
٠.	TA-182	Not Detected	-			76E-01		
	TA-183	Not Detected				91E-01		
	TE-132	Not Detected				69E-02		
	TL-201	Not Detected				94E-01		
•	XE-133	Not Detected	·			13E-01		
	Y-88	Not Detected				60E-02		
	ZN-65	Not Detected				13E-01		
	ZR-95	Not Detected						
	UK- 23	Mor Defected			٠.۵	08E-02		

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory]

9-30-94 8:00:13 PM

Analyzed by:

10/5/84 Reviewed by: 74M (= 16/94

Customer : J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID : 017919-7 Lab Sample ID : 94051504

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type : Solid Sample Geometry : 1SMAR

Sample Quantity : 790.000 Gram

Sample Date/Time : 9-29-94 11:30:00 AM Acquire Start Date : 9-30-94 6:56:48 PM

Detector Name : DET1

Elapsed Live Time : 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time : 3602 seconds

	Nuclide		tivity Ci/Gram)	2S Error	MDA	
à b	U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210		1.45 9.88E-01 Detected 1.51 7.52E-01 7.22E-01 Detected	3.92E-01 1.88E-01  2.01E-01 7.70E-02 5.86E-02	1.48 4.97E-01 3.31E+01 5.05E-01 4.84E-02 4.29E-02 3.11E+01	
· .	TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	Not	7.06E-01 8.08E-01 8.94E-01 Detected 9.50E-01 7.49E-01 1.04 6.94E-01	9.16E-02 9.16E-02 8.28E-02  1.86E-01 8.36E-02 1.39E-01 6.27E-02	1.48E-01 1.58E-01 8.49E-02 1.00 4.20E-01 3.91E-02 3.40E-01 6.07E-02	
	U-235 TH-231—PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Not Not Not Not	Detected 4.43E 01 Detected Detected Detected Detected Detected Detected Detected Detected Detected	8.54E 02	2.68E-01 3.76E-01 1.39 1.96 4.12E-01 2.25E-01 3.06E-01 7.88E-01 1.63E+01	
	AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Not Not	Detected Detected Detected Detected Detected		3.23E-01 3.19E+02 2.29E-01 6.18E-02	

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
AG-110m	Not Detected		3.70E-02
AR-41	Not Detected		9.22E+03
BA-133	Not Detected		7.32E-02
BA-140	Not Detected		1.37E-01
CD-109	Not Detected		7.89E-01
CD-115	Not Detected		1.11E-01
CE-139	Not Detected		3.41E-02
CE-139	_		6.25E-02
CE-141 CE-144	Not Detected Not Detected		2.81E-01
CO-56	Not Detected		4.01E-01
CO-57	Not Detected		
CO-57			3.64E-02
CO-56	Not Detected		4.15E-02
CR-51	Not Detected		5.21E-02
	Not Detected		2.60E-01
CS-134	Not Detected		5.93E-02
CS-137	Not Detected		4.33E-02
CU-64	Not Detected		5.76E+01
EU-152	Not Detected		2.89E-01
EU-154	Not Detected		2.18E-01
EU-155	Not Detected		1.67E-01
FE-59	Not Detected		9.12E-02
GD-153	Not Detected		1.27E-01
HG-203	Not Detected		3.48E-02
I-131	Not Detected		3.46E-02
IN-115m	Not Detected		1.02E+01
IR-192	Not Detected		3.06E-02
K-40	1.89E+01	1.34	2.43E-01
LA-140	Not Detected		9.18E-02
MN - 54	Not Detected		4.48E-02
MN-56 MO-99	Not Detected	/ <b></b>	2.14E+02
NA-22	Not Detected		4.16E-01
NA-24	Not Detected Not Detected		5.62E-02 2.11E-01
NB-95	Not Detected	, = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	2.11E-01 2.47E-01
ND-147	Not Detected		2.47E-01 2.00E-01
NI-57	Not Detected		1.26E-01
BE-7	Not Detected		3.05E-01
RU-103	Not Detected		3.22E-02
RU-106	Not Detected		3.19E-01
SB-122	Not Detected		6.14E-02
SB-124	Not Detected		3.36E-02
SB-125	Not Detected		9.34E-02
SC-46	Not Detected		6.89E-02
SR-85	Not Detected		4.24E-02
TA-182	Not Detected		2.02E-01
TA-183	Not Detected		3.30E-01
TE-132	Not Detected		4.18E-02
TL-201	Not Detected		2.12E-01
XE-133	Not Detected		2.12E-01 2.33E-01
Y-88	Not Detected		4.50E-02
ZN-65	Not Detected		1.33E-01
ZR-95	Not Detected		7.30E-01
ΔK- 23	NOC Decected		7.306-02

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 9-30-94 6:52:12 PM

Reviewed by:

: J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID: 017919-2 Lab Sample ID : 94051503

Analyzed by:

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER
Sample Type : Solid
Sample Geometry : 1SMAR
Sample Quantity : 785.000 Gram
Sample Date/Time : 9-29-94 11:09:00 AM Acquire Start Date : 9-30-94 5:48:40 PM

Detector Name : DET1

Elapsed Live Time 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time : 3602 seconds

## Comments:

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA		
U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	Not Detected 1.16 Not Detected 1.59 7.10E-01 6.57E-01 Not Detected	2.36E-01 2.07E-01 7.21E-02 5.41E-02	2.46 5.07E-01 3.41E+01 5.14E-01 4.80E-02 4.42E-02 3.16E+01		
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	7.05E-01 9.97E-01 8.88E-01 5.06E-01 9.59E-01 8.16E-01 7.42E-01 7.44E-01	9.13E-02 1.06E-01 8.29E-02 1.84E-01 1.86E-01 9.06E-02 1.20E-01 6.70E-02	1.44E-01 1.62E-01 9.30E-02 4.78E-01 4.33E-01 4.00E-02 3.28E-01 6.35E-02		
U-235 TH-231-	Not Detected	 9.37E 02	2.76E-01 - <del>3.91E-01</del>	NOT latested Pists /9	4
PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 —	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected 1.08E 01	  3 17E 02	1.41	vot detected Pro15/	6
RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.17E-01 8.09E-01 1.74E+01		
AM-241 PU-239- NP-237	Not Detected  2.18E+02  Not Detected	1.66E+01	3.28E-01 -1.91E+02/ 2.35E-01	not detected Projets	
PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected		6.44E-02 3.24E-01		•

١ _	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)		2S Error	MDA
	AG-110m AR-41	Not Detected Not Detected			4.05E-02 7.39E+03
	BA-133	Not Detected			7.16E-02
	BA-140	Not Detected			1.38E-01
	CD-109	Not Detected	•		8.09E-01
	CD-105	Not Detected			1.08E-01
	CE-139	Not Detected			3.56E-02
	CE-141				6.40E-02
-					2.81E-01
	CE-144 CO-56	Not Detected			4.16E-02
	CO-56	Not Detected			
		Not Detected			3.64E-02
	CO-58	Not Detected			3.90E-02
	CO-60	Not Detected	•		5.04E-02
	CR-51	Not Detected			2.59E-01
	CS-134	Not Detected		6 565 66	5.70E-02
	CS-137	2.43E-02		6.76E-03	2.34E-02
	CU-64	Not Detected			5.28E+01
	EU-152	Not Detected			2.85E-01
	EU-154	Not Detected			2.12E-01
	EU-155	Not Detected			1.66E-01
	FE-59	Not Detected			9.30E-02
	GD-1.53	Not Detected			1.28E-01
	HG-203	Not Detected			3.40E-02
	I-131	Not Detected			3.57E-02
•	IN-115m	Not Detected			8.92
a.	IR-192 :	Not Detected			3.04E-02
9	K-40	1.76E+01	•	1.26	2.52E-01
	LA-140	Not Detected			8.35E-02
	MN-54	Not Detected			4.30E-02
	MN-56	Not Detected			1.80E+02
- :	MO-99	Not Detected			4.20E-01
	NA-22	Not Detected			5.44E-02
	NA-24	Not Detected			1.84E-01
	NB-95	6.10E-02		1.74E-02	9.03E-02
	ND-147	Not Detected	٠.		2.04E-01
	NI-57	Not Detected	٠.		1.12E-01
	BE-7	Not Detected			3.10E-01
•	RU-103	Not Detected			3.42E-02
•	RU-106	Not Detected			3.41E-01
	SB-122	Not Detected			6.81E-02
	SB-124	Not Detected	•		3.46E-02
	SB-125	Not Detected			9.88E-02
٠.;	SC-46	Not Detected			6.69E-02
٠.	SR-85	Not Detected			4.32E-02
	TA-182	Not Detected		·	1.99E-01
	TA-183	Not Detected			3.34E-01
	TE-132	Not Detected			4.12E-02
	TL-201	Not Detected			2.16E-01
•	XE-133	Not Detected			2.41E-01
	Y-88	Not Detected	٠.		5.06E-02
··' .	ZN-65	Not Detected	•		1.34E-01
•	ZR-95	Not Detected			6.65E-02

J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory]

Reviewed by: X

9-30-94 / 5:44:08 PM

Customer Sample ID : 017918-4 Lab Sample ID : 94051502

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER Sample Type : Solid Sample Geometry : 1SMAR

Analyzed by:

830.000 Gram

Sample Quantity Sample Date/Time 9-29-94 10:26:00 AM 4:40:41 PM Acquire Start Date : 9-30-94

Defector Name DET1

Elapsed Live Time 3600 seconds Elapsed Real Time 3602 seconds

### Comments:

Customer

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	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
<b>丁</b>	U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	1.26 7.69E-01 Not Detected 1.04 6.45E-01 5.68E-01 Not Detected	1.50E-01  1.58E-01 6.57E-02	1.45 4.65E-01 3.20E+01 4.80E-01 4.46E-02 4.25E-02 3.00E+01
	TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212	6.71E-01 7.64E-01 7.78E-01 Not Detected 5.09E-01 7.27E-01 8.37E-01 6.27E-01	8.71E-02 7.42E-02  1.27E-01 8.11E-02	1.36E-01 1.46E-01 8.17E-02 9.38E-01 4.03E-01 3.74E-02 3.18E-01 6.34E-02
	U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.60E-01 6.30E-01 1.30 1.89 3.99E-01 2.14E-01 2.96E-01 7.70E-01 1.55E+01
	AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.12E-01 2.98E+02 2.14E-01 5.74E-02 3.05E-01

à -	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
	AG-110m	Not Detected		4.37E-02
	AR-41	Not Detected		5.68E+03
	BA-133	Not Detected		6.64E-02
	BA-140	Not Detected		1.26E-01
	CD-109	Not Detected		7.36E-01
	CD-115	Not Detected		1.04E-01
	CE-139	Not Detected		3.31E-02
	CE-141	Not Detected	~	6.04E-02
	CE-144	Not Detected		2.65E-01
,.	CO-56	Not Detected		3.83E-02
	CO-57	Not Detected		3.50E-02
	CO-58	Not Detected		3.42E-02
	CO-60	Not Detected		4.57E-02
	CR-51	Not Detected		2.45E-01
	CS-134	Not Detected	0.000.00	5.15E-02
	CS-137 CU-64	7.52E-02	9.86E-03	2.26E-02
	EU-152	Not Detected Not Detected		5.30E+01
:	EU-152	Not Detected		2.74E-01 2.01E-01
	EU-155	Not Detected		1.55E-01
	FE-59	Not Detected		8.52E-02
	GD-153	Not Detected		1.19E-01
	-HG-203	Not Detected		3.24E-02
•	I-131	Not Detected		3.25E-02
		Not Detected		8.12
%2`.	IR-192	Not Detected		2.80E-02
9	K-40	1.79E+01	1.27	2.26E-01
. حمد	LA-140	Not Detected	1	7.93E-02
•. `	MN-54	Not Detected		4.15E-02
	MN-56	Not Detected		1.48E+02
	MO-99	Not Detected		3.89E-01
	NA-22	Not Detected		5.30E-02
: ,	NA-24	Not Detected		1.85E-01
	NB-95 ND-147	Not Detected		2.37E-01
	NI-57	Not Detected Not Detected		1.89E-01
	BE-7	1.49E-01	4.25E-02	1.09E-01 1.63E-01
:	RU-103	Not Detected	4.205-02	3.02E-02
•	RU-106	Not Detected		2.99E-01
	SB-122	Not Detected		6.04E-02
	SB-124	Not Detected		3.16E-02
• '.	SB-125	Not Detected		9.55E-02
	SC-46	Not Detected		6.30E-02
	SR-85	Not Detected		3.94E-02
٠.	TA-182	Not Detected		1.84E-01
	TA-183	Not Detected		3.16E-01
	TE-132	Not Detected		3.97E-02
٠.	TL-201	Not Detected		1.98E-01
	XE-133	Not Detected		2.18E-01
	Y-88	Not Detected		4.28E-02
	ZN-65	Not Detected		1.28E-01
	ZR-95	Not Detected		6.90E-02
			,	

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [869 Laboratory] 9-30-94 4:36:04 PM

Analyzed by:

Customer : J.BRINKMAN (7582)

Customer Sample ID : 017918-10 94051501 Lab Sample ID

Sample Description : SOIL IN MARINELLI BEAKER

Sample Type : Solid Sample Geometry : 1SMAR

Sample Quantity 705.000 Gram

Sample Date/Time 9-29-94 10:26:00 AM 9-30-94 3:32:45 PM

: DET1

Acquire Start Date:
Detector Name:
Elapsed Live Time:
Elapsed Real Time: 3600 seconds 3601 seconds

			•	•
P.	Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
	U-238 TH-234 U-234 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	Not Detected 1.11 Not Detected 1.13 6.18E-01 5.79E-01 Not Detected	2.01E-01 1.78E-01 6.44E-02 4.98E-02	2.54 5.05E-01 3.56E+01 5.31E-01 5.07E-02 4.85E-02 3.30E+01
	TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212 TL-208	6.92E-01 8.27E-01 7.77E-01 Not Detected 6.30E-01 7.58E-01 8.69E-01 7.25E-01	9.21E-02 9.65E-02 7.64E-02  1.52E-01 8.49E-02 1.33E-01 6.59E-02	1.52E-01 1.64E-01 9.51E-02 1.04 4.43E-01 4.14E-02 3.38E-01 6.32E-02
	U-235 TH-231 PA-231 AC-227 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.86E-01 6.85E-01 1.44 2.10 4.43E-01 2.34E-01 3.28E-01 8.67E-01 1.73E+01
	AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.36E-01 3.26E+02 2.35E-01 6.93E-02 3.29E-01

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/Gram)	2S Error	MDA
AG-110m	Not Detected		6.83E-02
AR-41	Not Detected		4.30E+03
BA-133	Not Detected		7.32E-02
BA-140	Not Detected		1.40E-01
CD-109	Not Detected		8.10E-01
CD-115	Not Detected		1.13E-01
CE-139	Not Detected		3.72E-02
CE-141	Not Detected		6.64E-02
CE-144	Not Detected		2.88E-01
CO-56	Not Detected		4.20E-02
CO-57	Not Detected		3.76E-02
CO-58	Not Detected		4.09E-02
CO-60 CR-51	Not Detected Not Detected		5.10E-02 2.82E-01
CS-134	Not Detected Not Detected		5.68E-02
CS-134 CS-137	2.96E-01	2.53E-02	2.35E-02
CU-64	Not Detected	2.555-02	5.36E+01
EU-152	Not Detected		2.94E-01
EU-154	Not Detected		2.32E-01
EU-155	Not Detected		1.72E-01
FE-59	Not Detected		9.46E-02
GD-153	Not Detected		1.32E-01
HG-203	Not Detected		3.46E-02
I-131	Not Detected		3.74E-02
IN-115m	Not Detected		7.46
<sub>∞o</sub> IR-192	Not Detected		3.27E-02
₹ K-40	1.73E+01	1.28	2.65E-01
LA-140	Not Detected		8.96E-02
MN-54	Not Detected		4.36E-02
MN-56	Not Detected		1.20E+02
MO-99 NA-22	Not Detected		4.27E-01
NA-22 NA-24	Not Detected Not Detected		5.53E-02 1.94E-01
NB-95	Not Detected		2.61E-01
ND-147	Not Detected		2.07E-01
NI-57	Not Detected		1.26E-01
BE-7	Not Detected		3.08E-01
RU-103	Not Detected		3.56E-02
RU-106	Not Detected		3.47E-01
SB-122	Not Detected.		6.87E-02
SB-124	Not Detected		3.62E-02
SB-125	Not Detected		1.01E-01
SC-46	Not Detected		6.85E-02
SR-85	Not Detected		4.40E-02
TA-182	Not Detected		2.03E-01
TA-183	Not Detected		3.39E-01
TE-132	Not Detected		4.23E-02
TL-201	Not Detected		2.11E-01
XE-133	Not Detected		2.35E-01
Y-88	Not Detected	, <del></del>	5.31E-02
ZN-65 ZR-95	Not Detected		1.37E-01
21(-33	Not Detected		7.37E-02

**ON-SITE LABORATORY** 

	Internal Lab	_		SIS RI	EQUI	EST AND C	HAIN	OF (	CUST	ODY	229	~ RFS	$\mathbf{D}$	Page <u>1:</u> of <u>1</u>
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	RMMA	☐Yes ☑No	Ref.			Sample Tracking"	• •	Sme Us				Requiremen	nis ,	
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٠.			<del> </del>					·	· -	Please #1		Import.	• ,	
3	1.Relinguished by	Clen Rims		O10.113	Date ?	3 % OI Turne 10!	55	4.Raine	uished by	Q16.	lucia		Z Date 7/2	79/01 Time /445
ţ	1. Received by	and of John		Org. (/32		138/21 Time 105		4. Raca				On. ( 3	77 Date 女]	29 0(Time (44)5
	2.Relinquished	Later Labor					29	5. Re-	ulshed by			Drg.	Date	Time
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Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory] 3/28/01 1:34:49 PM

Analyzed by: \$7/00) Reviewed by: 3P K- 3-34-2001

Customer : COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID : 054629-001 Lab Sample ID : 10050101

Sample Description : TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S

Sample Quantity : 691.600 gram

Sample Date/Time : 3/26/01 3:20:00 PM Acquire Start Date/Time : 3/28/01 11:33:51 AM

Detector Name : LAB02

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 6000 / 6003 seconds

#### Comments:

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram )
U-238	Not Detected		7.79E-001
RA-226	1.49E+000	6.39E-001	9.38E-001
PB-214	7.75E-001	1.21E-001	7.73E-002
BI-214	6.76E-001	1.16E-001	7.81E-002
PB-210	Not Detected		3.44E+001
	•	•	
TH-232	9.10E-001	4.32E-001	2.39E-001
RA-228	9.16E-001	3.68E-001	1.50E-001
AC-228	8.77E-001	1.78E-001	1.49E-001
TH-228	1.12E+000	5.02E-001	7.27E-001
RA-224	9.87E-001	2.15E-001	6.46E-002
PB-212	9.53E-001	1.64E-001	4.00E-002
EI-212	1.04E+000	3.17E-001	3.88E-001
TL-208	8.38E-001	1.37E-001	8.27E-002
U-235	1.04E-001	1.77E-001	2.25E-001
TH-231	Not Detected		1.28E+001
PA-231	Not Detected		1.33E+000
TH-227	Not Detected		3.80E-001
RA-223	Not Detected		2.24E-001
RN-219	Not Detected		3.64E-001
PB-211	Not Detected		8.08E-001
TL-207	Not Detected		1.26E+001
AM-241	Not Detected		5.04E-001
PU-239	Not Detected	*******	4.25E+002
NP-237	Not Detected		2.32E+000
PA-233	Not Detected		5.60E-002
TH-229	Not Detected		- 2.47E-001

Note: Ra-226 and U-235 gamma peaks interfere. Either isotope may be over-estimated.

Nuclide \Name	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram )
Manie	(pci/gram /	ELLOL	(pcr/gram /
AG-108m	Not Detected		3.58E-002
AG-110m	Not Detected Not Detected		2.78E-002
BA-133			4.82E-002
BE-7	Not Detected Not Detected		2.40E-001
	Not Detected		1.17E-001
CD-115 CE-139	Not Detected Not Detected		2.81E-002
CE-139	Not Detected		5.08E-002
CE-141	Not Detected		2.28E-001
CD-144 CO-56	Not Detected		3.10E-002
CO-57	Not Detected		2.98E-002
CO-58	Not Detected		3.06E-002
CO-60	Not Detected		3.73E-002
CR-51	Not Detected		2.30E-001
CS-134	Not Detected		3.99E-002
CS-134	Not Detected		3.12E-002
EU-152	Not Detected		8.90E-002
EU-154	Not Detected		1.73E-001
EU-155	Not Detected		1.38E-001
FE-59	Not Detected		7.15E-002
GD-153	Not Detected		1.05E-001
HG-203	Not Detected		3.11E-002
I-131	Not Detected		2.93E-002
IR-192	Not Detected		2.67E-002
K-40	2.21E+001	2.95E+000	2.54E-001
MN-52	Not Detected		3.59E-002
YN-54	Not Detected		3.31E-002
MO-99	Not Detected		3.45E-001
NA-22	Not Detected		4.13E-002
NA-24	Not Detected		2.32E-001
ND-147	Not Detected		2.07E-001
NI-57	Not Detected		7.30E-002
RÜ-103	Not Detected		2.83E-002
RU-106	Not Detected		2.58E-001
SB-122	Not Detected		6.01E-002
SB-124	Not Detected	******	2.75E-002
SB-125	Not Detected		7.77E-002
SN-113	Not Detected		3.69E-002
SR-85	Not Detected		3.65E-002
TA-182	Not Detected		1.50E-001
TA-183	Not Detected		5.60E-001
TL-201	Not Detected		2.78E-001
Y-88	Not Detected		2.41E-002
ZN-65	Not Detected	/='===================================	1.01E-001
ZR-95	Not Detected		5.39E-002

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program - [806 Laboratory] 3/28/01 2:56:14 PM

\* Analyzed by: \$30900 Reviewed by: 3P Face 3-29-2001

Customer : COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID : 054637-001 Lab Sample ID : 10050102

Sample Description : TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S

Sample Quantity : 826.200 gram

Sample Date/Time : 3/27/01 10:40:00 AM Acquire Start Date/Time : 3/28/01 1:15:56 PM

Detector Name : LAB02

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 6000 / 6003 seconds

#### Comments:

Nuclide Name.	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram
U-238 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	Not Detected 1.47E+000 5.10E-001 4.52E-001 Not Detected	5.02E-001 8.34E-002 7.94E-002	6.48E-001 6.95E-001 5.90E-002 5.50E-002 2.96E+001
TH-232	6.46E-001	3.24E-001	2.36E-001
RA-228	7.15E-001	2.52E-001	1.26E-001
AC-228	7.07E-001	1.41E-001	1.10E-001
TH-228	7.75E-001	3.88E-001	5.73E-001
RA-224	6.48E-001	1.50E-001	6.96E-002
PS-212	6.17E-001	1.91E-001	3.10E-002
BI-212	8.33E-001	2.65E-001	3.33E-001
TL-208	6.09E-001	1.04E-001	7.24E-002
U-235	Not Detected		1.89E-001
TH-231	Not Detected		1.06E+001
PA-231	Not Detected		1.17E+000
TH-227	Not Detected		2.96E-001
RA-223	Not Detected		1.79E-001
RN-219	Not Detected		2.97E-001
PB-211	Not Detected		6.80E-001
TL-207	Not Detected		1.17E+001
AM-241	Not Detected		4.35E-001
PU-239	Not Detected		3.57E+002
NP-237	Not Detected		1.98E+000
PA-233	Not Detected		4.66E-002
TH-229	Not Detected		2.15E-001

Note: Ra-226 and U-235 gamma peaks

interfere. Either isotope may be over-estimated.

	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram )
AG-108m	Not Detected		3.13E-002
AG-110m	Not Detected		2.47E-002
BA-133	Not Detected		4.00E-002
BE-7	Not Detected		2.03E-001
CD-115	Not Detected		7.48E-002
CE-139	Not Detected		2.34E-002
CE-141	Not Detected		4.20E-002
CE-144	Not Detected		1.97E-001
CO-56	Not Detected		2.95E-002
CO-57	Not Detected		2.60E-002
CO-58	Not Detected		2.86E-002
CO-60	Not Detected		3.27E-002
CR-51	Not Detected		2.01E-001
CS-134	Not Detected		3.26E-002
CS-137	Not Detected		2.67E-002
EU-152	Not Detected		7.77E-002
EU-154	Not Detected	*	1.50E-001
EU-155	Not Detected		1.17E-001
FE-59	Not Detected		6.52E-002
GD-153	Not Detected		8.87E-002
HG-203	Not Detected		2.55E-002
I-131	Not Detected		2.42E-002
. IR-192	Not Detected	2 000 000	2.26E-002
K-40	2.84E+001	3.76E+000	2.75E-001
MN-52	Not Detected		2.81E-002
)N-54	Not Detected		1.76E-002
MO-99 NA-22	Not Detected Not Detected		2.44E-001 3.87E-002
NA-24	Not Detected Not Detected		1.01E-001
ND-147	Not Detected		1.69E-001
NI-57	Not Detected		4.86E-002
RU-103	Not Detected	******	2.25E-002
RU-106	Not Detected		2.41E-001
53-122	Not Detected		4.19E-002
SB-124	Not Detected		2.47E-002
SB-125	Not Detected		6.77E-002
SN-113	Not Detected		3.10E-002
SR-85	Not Detected	*********	2.95E-002
TA-182	Not Detected		1.35E-001
TA-183	Not Detected		4.33E-001
TL-201	Not Detected		1.96E-001
Y-58	Not Detected		1.72E-002
ZN-65	Not Detected		8.84E-002
ZR-95	Not Detected		4.68E-002

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory] 3/29/01 6:08:06 AM

\* Analyzed by: \$39961 Reviewed by: 3PK- 3-29-2001

Customer : COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID : LAB CONTROL SAMPLE USING CG134

Lab Sample ID : 10050103

Sample Description : MIXED\_GAMMA\_STANDARD\_CG134

Sample Quantity : 1.000 Each

Sample Date/Time : 11/01/90 12:00:00 PM Acquire Start Date/Time : 3/29/01 5:57:52 AM

Detector Name : LAB02

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 600 / 605 seconds

## Comments: .

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/Each )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/Each
U-238	Not Detected		4.18E+003
RA-226	Not Detected		5.55E+003
PS-214	Not Detected		6.16E+002
EI-214	Not Detected		5.27E+002
P9-210	Not Detected		2.55E+005
TH-232	Not Detected	·	1.97E+003
tA-228	Not Detected		2.05E+003
~'AC-228	Not Detected		1.21E+003
TH-228	Not Detected		2.74E+005
RA-224	Not Detected		1.07E+004
PB-212	Not Detected	*	2.06E+004
EI-212	Not Detected		1.57E+005
TL-208	Not Detected	*****	3.47E+004
U-235	Not Detected		1.59E+003
TH-231	Not Detected		7.47E+004
PA-231	Not Detected		1.28E+004
TH-227	Not Detected		2.61E+003
RA-223	Not Detected		1.00E+026
RN-219	Not Detected		5.62E+003
PB-211	Not Detected		1.31E+004
TL-207	Not Detected		1.90E+005
AM-241	8.84E+004	1.40E+004	6.35E+003
PU-239	Not Detected	~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~ ~	2.80E+006
NP-237	Not Detected		1.48E+004
PA-233	Not Detected		5.58E+002
TH-229	Not Detected		1.60E+003

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/Each )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/Each )
AG-108m	Not Detected		2.72E+002
AG-110m	Not Detected		6.08E+007
BA-133	Not Detected		7.45E+002
BE-7	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CD-115	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CE-139	Not Detected		4.12E+010
CE-141	Not Detected	****	1.00E+026
CE-144	Not Detected		1.64E+007
CO-56	Not Detected		2.00E+017
CO-57	Not Detected		3.29E+006
CO-58	Not Detected		3.74E+018
CO-60	8.51E+004	1.10E+004	8.00E+002
CR-51	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CS-134	Not Detected		8.16E+003
CS-137	7.62E+004	9.85E+003	3.37E+002
EU-152	Not Detected		1.04E+003
EU-154	Not Detected		2.72E+003
EU-155	Not Detected		4.26E+003
FE-59	Not Detected		1.00E+026
GD-153	Not Detected		3.56E+007
HG-203	Not Detected		1.00E+026
I-131	Not Detected		1.00E+026
IR-192	Not Detected		8.02E+017
K-40	Not Detected		1.29E+003
MN-52	Not Detected		1.00E+026
: MN-54	Not Detected		1.32E+006
MO-99	Not Detected		1.00E+026
NA-22	Not Detected		2.80E+003
NA-24	Not Detected		1.00E+026
ND-147	Not Detected		1.00E+026
NI-57	Not Detected		1.00E+026
RU-103	Not Detected		1.00E+026
RU-106	Not Detected		3.18E+006
SB-122	Not Detected		1.00E+026
SB-124	Not Detected	.*******	2.51E+021
SB-125	Not Detected		1.39E+004
SN-113	Not Detected		3.47E+012
SR-85	Not Detected		1.54E+020
TA-182	Not Detected		8.53E+012
TA-183	Not Detected		1.00E+026
TL-201	Not Detected		1.00E+026
Y-88	Not Detected		7,72E+012
ZN-65	Not Detected		3.51E+007
ZR-95	Not Detected		3.18E+020

Sandia National Laboratories
Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program
Quality Assurance Report

Report Date : 3/29/01 6:08:10 AM

QA File : C:\GENIE2K\CAMFILES\LCS2.QAF

Analyst : KICHAVE Sample ID : 10050103

Sample Quantity : 1.00 Each

Sample Date : 11/01/90 12:00:00 PM
Measurement Date : 3/29/01 5:57:52 AM
Elapsed Live Time : 600 seconds
Elapsed Real Time : 605 seconds

Parameter	Mean	1S Error	New Value	<	LU	:	SD	:	UD	:	BS	>
				_								
AM-241 Activity	8.229E-002	3.555E-003	8.844E-002	<	-	:	/:				2	<b>&gt;</b>
CS-137 Activity	7.180E-002	2.650E-003	7.625E-002	<		:	/:		:	:		>
CC-60 Activity	8.003E-002	2.983E-003	8.497E-002	<		٠ ۲	•		;		:	>

Flags Key:	LU = Boundary Test	(Ab = Above , Be = Below )
****	SD = Sample Driven N-Sigma Test	(In = Investigate, Ac = Action)
)	UD = User Driven N-Sigma Test	(In = Investigate, Ac = Action)
•	BS = Measurement Bias Test	(In = Investigate, Ac = Action)

Reviewed by: \$35101

**ON-SITE LABORATORY** 

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5/17/7 Dig (2/77 Date -///2: Turne

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229-RPSD ANALYSIS REQUEST AND CHAIN OF CUSTODY Page \_1 of \_1 100 339 soil AR/COC I 604301 Balch No SARAWR No. Date Samples Shipped: () 3 - U | - D | BNO USE Logged By Carrier/Waybili No. | | C | Project/Tas . 6133/1087 Characterization Only Depl No /Mail Stop ryect/Task Manager, Sue College Wasta Characterization Project/Task No 7225 02 02 09 Toch Area Tomas Arroyo Project Name Sae 229 surface Lab Contact. Lorraine Herrera -Send preliminary/copy report to SMO Authorization ER1309/229/DAT Lab Destination: RPSD Rucard Center Code Logbook Ref. No : ERD78 SMO Contact/Phone P Pussan 🔲 Release to ERCL On-Ske Lab Release to Off-Site Lab Service Older No . CF0103-01 Reference LOV(available at SMO) Beginning ER Site This CDC Number Releases ER Sample ID or Date/Time(iv) Sample No -Fraction Depth (A) No Collected COC No(s):\_ Sample Location Detail Containe RPSD Sample Preserv-Screen Sample Sample CPM Mass Analysis Request RPSD No.-Fraction Remarks/Aliquot Amounts Quantity Matrix Type Volume alme Method Тура 054680-001 TJAOU-229-GR-05-14 0-S 14.0 229 2 28 01/1410 S. 500 ml G М None SA Gamma Spec **公**拼换 \*\*\* TJAOU-229-GR-05-19 0-S None 054684-001 19 0 229 2 28 01/1400 5 500 ml Gamma Spec 02 继 **新** 054581-001 TJAOU-229-GR-05-3 D-DU Gamma Spec 229 2 28 D1/1502 500 ml DITI 30 s м G None 03 1234 \$721 BASS **275.22** 5 0 054682-001 TJAOU-229-GR-07-5-0-DU 229 2 28 01/1535 5 M 500 ml None Dυ Gamma Spec S TO SERVICE 04 **沙斯** 業績 054583-001 TJAOU-229-GR-07-0 0-5 50 229 2 28 01/1530 500 ml None SA Gamma Spec 05 SECOND SECOND SOM 054685-001 TJAOU-229-GR-06-0 0-S 00 229 2 28 01/1440 м 500 ml G SA None Gamma Spec 線数 233 06 054688-001 TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001 2 28 D1/1600 N/A 229 DIW M 500 ml None G Gamma Spec Οì THE PART AND RMMA Yes ΘNΘ Ref. No. Sample Tracking Special Instructions/OC Requi Smc Use Sample Disposal Return to Cheni Disposal by lab Date Entered(m/n/dd/yy) 03/13/01 EDD Yes □ No Raw Data Package Rush Entered by: D № Turnaround Time Normal □Yes CAC. OC INS Required Report Date Send report to: Company/Organization/Phone/Celly Sample Name Signature AR / GRAM-6133/645-8821 Team Robin Ryan likaliga

Non-release,

3 Reimquished by

3 Received by

11.1:

Please hal as separate report

Date 3-5-2001 Time 13:35

Dale Date

3.5 0/ Time , 3.38

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2 Received by 105 = 68

1 Received by 2 Relinquished by

Members

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory]

3/01/01 5:11:57 PM

Analyzed by: Reviewed by:

: COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO) Customer

Customer Sample ID : 054680-001 Lab Sample: ID : 10033901

Sample Description : TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S

Sample Quantity 541.300 gram . Note: Ra-225 and U-235 gamma peaks

Sample Date/Time 2/28/01 2:10:00 PM

interfere. Either isotope Acquire Start Date/Time : 3/01/01 3:31:45 PM may be over-estimated.

: LAB01 Detector Name

Elapsed Live/Real Time 6000 / 6002 seconds

Nuclide	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma	MDA
Name		Error	(pCi/gram
U-238 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	Not Detected 1.40E+000 4.82E-001 3.95E-001 Not Detected	5.37E-001 8.77E-002 8.52E-002	5.58E-001 7.48E-001 6.54E-002 7.43E-002 8.23E+000
TH-232	4.77E-001	2.60E-001	2.26E-001
RA-228	4.39E-001	2.22E-001	1.71E-001
AC-228	5.19E-001	1.39E-001	1.38E-001
TH-228	Not Detected		7.27E-001
RA-224	4.30E-001	1.45E-001	1.11E-001
PB-212	3.95E-001	7.83E-002	6.95E-002
BI-212	3.21E-001	3.61E-001	5.76E-001
TL-208	6.00E-001	1.21E-001	9.62E-002
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		1.98E-001 7.44E+000 1.44E+000 3.03E-001 1.26E-001 3.77E-001 8.96E-001 1.52E+001
AM-241	Not Detected		1.88E-001
PU-239	Not Detected		3.57E+002
NP-237	Not Detected		1.92E+000
PA-233	Not Detected		6.02E-002
TH-229	Not Detected		1.70E-001

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/gram )	•	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram )
	Not Detected	:		4.29E-002
AG-108m	Not Detected Not Detected	•		3.52E-002
AG-110m BA-133	Not Detected Not Detected			4.55E-002
BE-7	Not Detected			2.68E-001
CD-115	Not Detected			9.47E-002
CE-139	Not Detected	•		2.58E-002
CE-141	Not Detected			4.32E-002
CE-144	Not Detected			1.94E-001
CO-56	Not Detected			4.01E-002
CO-57	Not Detected			2.45E-002
CO-58	Not Detected			3.44E-002
CO-60	Not Detected			4.29E-002
CR-51	Not Detected			2.44E-001
CS-134	Not Detected			4.78E-002
CS-137	Not Detected			3.66E-002
EU-152	Not Detected			7.39E-002
EU-154	Not Detected			2.02E-001
EU-155	Not Detected			1.15E-001
FE-59	Not Detected			7.66E-002
GD-153	Not Detected		1 .	6.58E-002
HG-203	Not Detected			2.97E-002
I-131	Not Detected			3.28E-002
IR-192	Not Detected		4 550 000	2.79E-002
K-40	1.05E+001		1.56E+000	3.79E-001
MN-52	Not Detected			3.90E-002
MN-54	Not Detected			3.89E-002
MO-99	Not Detected			3.30E-001 4.71E-002
NA-22 NA-24	Not Detected Not Detected			1.25E-001
ND-147	Not Detected			2.33E-001
NI-57	Not Detected	-		9.17E+002
RU-103	Not Detected			3.16E-002
RU-106	Not Detected			3.07E-001
SB-122	Not Detected			5.92E-002
SB-124	Not Detected			3.40E-002
SB-125	Not Detected			8.29E-002
SN-113	Not Detected			3.87E-002
SR-85	Not Detected			3.99E-002
TA-182	Not Detected			1.69E-001
TA-183	Not Detected			1.88E-001
TL-201	Not Detected			1.11E-001
Ă-88	Not Detected			3.26E-002
ZN-65	Not Detected			1.23E-001
ZR - 95	Not Detected			6.90E-002

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory]

3/01/01 6:54:16 PM

Analyzed by: Ut 03.01:01

: COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

interfere. Either isotope

may be over-estimated.

Customer Customer Sample ID : 054684-001 Lab Sample ID : 10033902

Sample Description : TJAOU-229-GR-05-19.0-S

Sample Quantity 663.400 gram

Note: Na-226 and U-235 gamma peaks Sample Date/Time 2/28/01 2:00:00 PM

Acquire Start Date/Time : 3/01/01 5:14:03 PM

Detector Name : LAB01

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 6000 / 6002 seconds

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram
U-238	Not Detected		5.43E-001
RA-226	1.25E+000	5.41E-001	7.85E-001
PB-214	6.01E-001	9.97E-002	6.43E-002
BI-214	4.45E-001	8.64E-002	6.51E-002
PB-210	Not Detected		B,15E+000
TH-232	5.41E-001	2.87E-001	2.38E-001
RA-228	5.91E-001	2.83E-001	1.86E-001
AC-228	6.03E-001	1.52E-001	1.55E-001
TH-228	4.72E-001	2.29E-001	4.74E-001
RA-224	7.39E-001	1.93E-001	8.73E-002
PB-212	6.61E-001	8.19E-001	3.89E-002
BI-212	8.81E-001	3.19E-001	4.00E-001
TL-208	6.49E-001	1.23E-001	9.35E-002
U-235	1.08E-001	1.72E-001	2.01E-001
TH-231	Not Detected		7.48E+000
PA-231	Not Detected		1.27E+000
TH-227	Not Detected	*	3.07E-001
RA-223	Not Detected		1.30E-001
RN-219	Not Detected	*	3.79E-001
PB-211	Not Detected		8.37E-001
TL-207	Not Detected		1.47E+001
AM-241	Not Detected		1.94E-001
PU-239	Not Detected	****	3.43E+002
NP-237	Not Detected		1.96E+000
PA-233	Not Detected		5.78E-002
TH-229	Not Detected		1.72E-001

[Summary Report] - Sample ID: : 10033902

4.00 m	was to the second		1.00
Nuclide	Activity	2-sigma	MDA
Name	(pCi/gram )	Error	(pCi/gram )
AG-108m	Not Detected -		4.04E-002
AG-110m	Not Detected		3.18E-002
BA-133	Not Detected		4.46E-002
BE-7	Not Detected		2.51E-001
CD-115	Not Detected		9.65E-002
CE-139	Not Detected		2.42E-002
CE-141	Not Detected		4.43E-002
CE-144	Not Detected		1.84E-001
CO-56	Not Detected		3.92E-002
CO-57	Not Detected		2.40E-002
CO-58	Not Detected		3.77E-002
CO-60	Not Detected		4.43E-002
CR-51	Not Detected		2.41E-001
CS-134	Not Detected		4.32E-002
CS-137	Not Detected		3.47E-002
EU-152	Not Detected		7.20E-002
EU-154	Not Detected		1.95E-001
:EU-155	Not Detected		1.17E-001
FE-59	Not Detected		8.12E-002
			6.64E-002
GD-153	Not Detected		2.93E-002
HG-203	Not Detected		
I-131	Not Detected		3.15E-002
IR-192	Not Detected	2.36E+000	2.76E-002
K-40	1.70E+001	2.36E+000	3.36E-001
MN-52	Not Detected		3.70E-002
MN-54	Not Detected		3.77E-002
MO-99	Not Detected		3.18E-001
NA-22	Not Detected		5.08E-002
NA-24	Not Detected		1.16E-001
ND-147	Not Detected		2.19E-001
NI-57	Not Detected		9.29E-002
RU-103	Not Detected	~~~~~	2.99E-002
RU-106	Not Detected		3.13E+001 (
SB-122	Not Detected		5.40E-002
SB-124	Not Detected		3,24E-002
SB-125	Not Detected		7.95E-002
SN-113	Not Detected		3.79E-002
SR-85	Not Detected		3.93E-002
TA-182	Not Detected		1.74E-001
TA-183	Not Detected		1.93E-001
TL-201	Not Detected		1.18E-001
Y-88	Not Detected		2.72E-002
ZN-65	Not Detected		1.21E-001
ZR-95	Not Detected		6.60E-002
		•	

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory]

Note: Ra-226 and U-235 gamma peaks

interfere. Either isotope

may be over-estimated.

3/01/01 8:36:34 PM

Analyzed by: Ut 03.02.01 Reviewed by

: COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO) Customer

Customer Sample ID : 054681-001 Lab Sample ID : 10033903

Sample Description : TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-DU

Sample Quantity 480.100 gram .:

Sample Date/Time 2/28/01 3:02:00 PM Acquire Start Date/Time : 3/01/01 6:56:21 PM

Detector Name : LAB01

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 6000 / 6002 seconds

			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Nuclide	Activity	2-sigma	MDA
Name	(pCi/gram )	Error	<pre>(pCi/gram )</pre>
U-238	Not Detected		7.51E-001
RA-226	2.13E+000	7.42E-001	1.02E+000
PB-214	8.02E-001	1.34E-001	8.73E-002
BI-214	8.20E-001	1.45E-001	8.40E-002
PB-210	Not Detected		1.11E+001
TH-232	7.92E-001	4.04E-001	2.98E-001
RA-228	9.41E-001	4.60E-001	2.60E-001
AC-228	8.55E-001	2.07E-001	1.98E-001
TH-228	8.32E-001	8.12E-001	6.74E-001
RA-224	9.24E-001	2.51E-001	1.41E-001
PB-212	9.90E-001	1.97E-001	5.39E-002
<b>BI-212</b>	9.54E-001	4.80E-001	6.85E-001
TL-208	8.58E-001	1.68E-001	1.39E-001
บ-235	1.55E-001	2.26E-001	2.66E-001
TH-231	6.06E+000	4.91E+000	9.96E+000
PA-231	Not Detected		1.83E+000
TH-227	Not Detected		4.30E-001
RA-223	Not Detected		1.72E-001
RN-219	Not Detected		4.96E-001
PB-211	Not Detected		1.14E+000
TL-207	Not Detected		1.89E+001
AM-241	Not Detected		2.64E-001
PU-239	Not Detected		4.77E+002
NP-237	Not Detected		2.57E+000
PA-233	Not Detected		7.91E-002
TH-229	Not Detected		2.27E-001
		•	

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram )
AG-108m	Not Detected		5.73E-002
AG-110m	Not Detected	· ·	5.43E-002
BA-133	Not Detected		5.98E-002
BE-7	Not Detected		3.63E-001
CD-115	Not Detected		1.34E-001
CE-139	Not Detected		3.32E-002
CE-141	Not Detected		6.02E-002
CE-144	Not Detected		2.53E-001
CO-56	Not Detected		5.19E-002
CO-57	Not Detected		3.23E-002
CO-58	Not Detected		4.72E-002
CO-60	Not Detected Not Detected		5.63E-002 3.20E-001
CR-51 CS-134	Not Detected		6.30E-002
CS-137	5.96E-002	3.27E-002	4.79E-002
EU-152	Not Detected	5.2.5 002	9.62E-002
EU-154	Not Detected		2.76E-001
EU-155	Not Detected		1.48E-001
FE-59	Not Detected		1.12E-001
GD-153	Not Detected		8.80E-002
HG-203	Not Detected		4.04E-002
I-131	Not Detected		4.23E-002
IR-192	Not Detected		3,69E-002
K-40	1.96E+001	2.75E+000	3.49E-001
MN-52	Not Detected		4.99E-002
MN-54	Not Detected		5.09E-002
MO-99	Not Detected Not Detected		4.89E-001 6.28E-002
NA-22 NA-24	Not Detected Not Detected		1.98E-001
ND-147	Not Detected		3.08E-001
NI -57	Not Detected		1.35E-001
RJ-103	Not Detected		4.19E-002
RU-106	Not Detected		4.36E-001
SB-122	Not Detected		7.87E-002
SB-124	Not Detected		4.50E-002
SB-125	Not Detected		1.16E-001
SN-113	Not Detected		4,98E-002
SR-85	Not Detected		5.25E-002
TA-182	Not Detected		2.48E-001
TA-183	Not Detected	********	2.64E-001
TL-201 Y-88	Not Detected Not Detected		1.55E-001 4.15E-002
1-65 ZN-65	Not Detected Not Detected		1.60E-001
ZR-95	Not Detected		8.95E-002

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory] 3/01/01 10:18:53 PM

Analyzed by: Ul 03-01 01 Reviewed by: # 35/01

: COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID

: 054682-001

Lab Sample ID

: 10033904

Sample Description Sample Quantity

: TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU Note: Ra-226 and U-235 gamma peaks

: 579.400 gram

3:35:00 PM : 2/28/01 8:38:40 PM

interfere. Either isotope may be over-estimated.

Sample Date/Time Acquire Start Date/Time : 3/01/01 Detector Name : LAB01

Elapsed Live/Real Time :

6000 /

6002 seconds

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram )
U-238	Not Detected		6.42E-001
RA-226	1.95E+000	6.00E-001	7.84E-001
PB-214	8.23E-001	1.33E-001	8.22E-002
BI-214	7.70E-001	1.35E-001	8.16E-002
PB-210	Not Detected		9.68E+000
TH-232,	8.22E-001	4.06E-001	2.66E-001
RA-228	7.37E-001	3.26E-001	1.96E-001
AC-228	8.03E-001	1.83E-001	1.61E-001
TH-228	8.68E-001	1.05E+000	5.80E-001
RA-224	7.97E-001	2.15E-001	1.19E-001
PB-212	8.55E+001	2.84E-001	4.83E-002
EI-212	1.01E+000	4.26E-001	5.81E-001
TL-208	7.65E-001	1.45E-001	1.14E-001
U-235	Not Detected		2.23E-001
TH-231	Not Detected		8.51E+000
PA-231	Not Detected		1.52E+000
TH-227.	Not Detected		3.61E-001
RA-223	Not Detected	*******	1.51E-001
RN-219	Not Detected		4.48E-001
PB-211	Not Detected		1.03E+000
TL-207	Not Detected	******	1.87E+001
AM-241	Not Detected		2.20E-001
PU-239	Not Detected		4.23E+002
NP-237	Not Detected		2.22E+000
PA-233	Not Detected		6.58E-002
TH-229	Not Detected		1.90E-001
	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,	

[Summary Report] - Sample ID: : 10033904

Nuclide	Activity .	2-sigma	MDA
Name	(pCi/gram )	Error	(pCi/gram )
AG-108m	Not Detected		4.81E-002
AG-110m	Not Detected		3,93E-002
BA-133	Not Detected		5.51E-002
BE-7	Not Detected		3.07E-001
CD-115	Not Detected		1.19E-001
CE-139	Not Detected		2.82E-002
CE-141	Not Detected		5.07E-002
CE-144	Not Detected		2.24E-001
CO-56	Not Detected		4.54E-002
CO-57	Not Detected		2.87E-002
CO-58	Not Detected		4.13E-002
CO-60	Not Detected	*	4.80E-002
CR-51	Not Detected		2.68E-001
CS-134	Not Detected		5.61E-002
CS-137	Not Detected		4.46E-002
EU-152	Not Detected		8.59E-002 2.35E-001
EU-154	Not Detected Not Detected		1.33E-001
EU-155 FE-59	Not Detected Not Detected		9.08E-002
GD-153	Not Detected		7.62E-002
HG-203	Not Detected		3.49E-002
I-131	Not Detected		3.74E-002
IR-192	Not Detected		3.11E-002
K-40	1.60E+001	2.26E+000	4.41E-001
MN-52	Not Detected		4.92E-002
MN-54	Not Detected		4.69E-002
MO-99	Not Detected		4.14E-001
NA-22	Not Detected		5.66E-002
NA-24	Not Detected		1.75E-001
ND-147	Not Detected		2.47E-001
NI-57	Not Detected		1.25E-001
RU-103	Not Detected		3.66E-002
RU-106	Not Detected		3.54E-001
SB-122	Not Detected		6.80E-002
SB-124	Not Detected		3.87E-002
SB-125	Not Detected		1.05E-001
SN-113	Not Detected		4.36E-002
SR-85	Not Detected		4.69E-002
TA-182	Not Detected		2.11E-001
TA-183	Not Detected		2.20E-001
TL-201	Not Detected		1.45E-001
Y-88	Not Detected		3.44E-002
ZN-65	Not Detected		1.43E-001
ZR-95	Not Detected		8.15E-002

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory]

3/02/01 12:01:12 AM

Analyzed by: UN 03-02-01

: COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID

054683-001

Lab Sample ID

: 10033905

Sample Description

: TJAOU-229-GR-07-0.0-S

Note: Ba-226 and U-235 gamma peaks

Sample Quantity

500.400 gram -

interfere. Either isotope

Sample Date/Time

2/28/01 3:30:00 PM 3/01/01 10:20:58 PM may be over-estimated.

Acquire Start Date/Time : Detector Name Elapsed Live/Real Time

LAB01

6000 / 6002 seconds

Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram )
1.29E+000 1.87E+000	1.10E+000 6.89E-001	6.67E-001 9.60E-001
8.36E-001	1.39E-001	9.07E-002 9.57E-002
Not Detected	1.545.001	1.08E+001
8.77E-001	4.37E-001	2.94E-001 2.34E-001
	·	1.61E-001
8.61E-001	3.15E-001	6.57E-001
8.57E-001	2.37E-001	1.40E-001
9.38E-001	1.97E-001	5.25E-002
•		4.89E-001
8.24E-001	1.58E-001	1.24E-001
1.19E-001	2.12E-001	2.49E-001
Not Detected		9.42E+000
		1.74E+000
•		4.05E-001
		1.66E-001
		4.91E-001
		1.11E+000
Not Detected	•	1.95E+001
Not Detected		2.45E-001
Not Detected		4.40E+002
Not Detected		2.46E+000
Not Detected	•	7.63E-002
Not Detected		2.15E-001
	(pCi/gram )  1.29E+000 1.87E+000 8.36E-001 7.22E-001 Not Detected  8.77E-001 9.05E-001 9.33E-001 8.61E-001 8.57E-001 9.38E-001 6.62E-001 8.24E-001 1.19E-001 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected	1.29E+000 1.10E+000 1.87E+000 6.89E-001 8.36E-001 1.39E-001 7.22E-001 1.34E-001 Not Detected  8.77E-001 4.37E-001 9.05E-001 4.44E-001 9.33E-001 2.04E-001 8.57E-001 3.15E-001 8.57E-001 2.37E-001 9.38E-001 1.97E-001 6.62E-001 3.47E-001 8.24E-001 1.58E-001  1.19E-001 2.12E-001 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected No

Nuclide	Activity	. 2-sigma	MDA
Name	(pCi/gram )	Error	(pCi/gram )
+			
AG-108m	Not Detected		5.40E-002
AG-110m	Not Detected		4.25E-002
BA-133	Not Detected		5.87E-002
BE-7	Not Detected		3.47E-001
CD-115	Not Detected		1.34E-001
CE-139	Not Detected		3.17E-002
CE-141	Not Detected		5.67E-002
CE-144	Not Detected		2.49E-001
CO-56	Not Detected		5.08E-002 3.12E-002
CO-57	Not Detected		5.16E-002
CO-58	Not Detected		5.40E-002
CO-60	Not Detected Not Detected		3.06E-001
CR-51	Not Detected Not Detected		5.91E-002
CS-134 CS-137	Not Detected		4.50E-002
	Not Detected		9.46E-002
EU-152	Not Detected		2.60E-001
EU-155	Not Detected		1.45E-001
FE-59	Not Detected		9.86E-002
GD-153	Not Detected		8.79E-002
HG-203	Not Detected		3.94E-002
I-131	Not Detected		4.16E-002
IR-192	Not Detected		3.53E-002
K-40	1.83E+001	2.58E+000	3.82E-001
MN-52	Not Detected		4.61E-002
`MN-54	Not Detected		4.97E-002
MO-99	Not Detected		4.63E-001
NA-22	Not Detected	******	6.20E-002
NA-24	Not Detected		2.20E-001
ND-147	Not Detected	-,	2.93E-001
NI-57	Not Detected		1.32E-001
RU-103	Not Detected		4.03E-002
RU-106	Not Detected		4.15E-001
SB-122	Not Detected		8.04E-002
SB-124	Not Detected		4.05E-002 1.12E-001
SB-125	Not Detected		4.69E-002
SN-113	Not Detected		5.02E-002
SR-85 TA-182	Not Detected Not Detected	*******	2.28E-001
TA-183	Not Detected		2.52E-001
TL-201	Not Detected		1.58E-001
Y-88	Not Detected		3.99E-002
ZN-65	Not Detected		1.56E-001
ZN-65 ZR-95	Not Detected		8.96E-002
PK-25	TOU DECECTED		

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory] 3/02/01 1:43:31 AM

Analyzed by: U) 03-02-01 Reviewed by:

: COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

Customer Customer Sample ID

: 054685-001

Lab Sample ID

: 10033906

Sample Description

: TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S

Sample Quantity

633.900 gram

Sample Date/Time

: 2/28/01 2:40:00 PM

Note: Ra-226 and U-235 gamma peaks

Acquire Start Date/Time: 3/02/01 12:03:18 AM
Detector Name: LABO1

interfere. Either isotope may be over-estimated.

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 6000 / 6002 seconds

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/gram )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/gram )
U-238 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214	Not Detected 2.16E+000 7.76E-001 7.82E-001	6.44E-001 1.26E-001 1.33E-001	6.28E-001 8.39E-001 8.08E-002 7.23E-002
PB-210 TH-232	Not Detected 9.55E-001	4.55E-001	9.16E+000 2.45E-001
RA-228 AC-228 TH-228	8.04E-001 1.04E+000 1.07E+000	2.07E-001	2.13E-001 1.42E-001 5.20E-001
RA-224 PB-212	9.88E-001 9.09E-001 1.02E+000		1.12E-001 4.65E-002 5.12E-001
BI-212 TL-208	8.65E-001	1.56E-001	1.13E-001
U-235 TH-231 PA-231	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.24E-001 8.38E+000 1.52E+000
TH-227 RA-223 RN-219	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		3.51E-001 1.49E-001 4.26E-001
PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected		9.58E-001 1.65E+001
AM-241 PU-239	Not Detected Not Detected		2.17E-001 3.94E+002
NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.23E+000 6.37E-002 1.93E-001
	•		

[Summary Report] - Sample ID: : 10033906

44			
Nuclide	Activity	. 2-sigma	MDA
Name	(pCi/gram )	Error	(pCi/gram )
	37.L. D. L. L. L.	:	4 017 000
AG-108m	Not Detected		4.91E-002
AG-110m	Not Detected		5.12E-002
BA-133	Not Detected		5.25E-002
BE-7	Not Detected		2.88E-001
CD-115	Not Detected		1.24E-001
CE-139	Not Detected		2.80E-002
CE-141	Not Detected		4.93E-002
CE-144	Not Detected		2.24E-001
CO-56	Not Detected		4.09E-002
CO-57	Not Detected		2.79E-002
CO-58	. Not Detected		3.80E-002
CO-60	Not Detected		4.61E-002
CR-51	Not Detected		2.69E-001
CS-134	Not Detected		5.26E-002
CS-137	1.11E-001	3.01E-002	3.40E-002
EU-152	Not Detected		8.33E-002
EU-154	Not Detected	*****	2.34E-001
EU-155	Not Detected		1.28E-001
FE-59	Not Detected		9.08E-002
GD-153	Not Detected		7.58E-002
HG-203	Not Detected		3.63E-002
I-131	Not Detected		3.70E-002
IR-192	Not Detected		3.10E-002
K-40	1.74E+001	2.42E+000	3.44E-001
MN-52	Not Detected		4.33E-002
MN-54	Not Detected		4.50E-002
MO-99	Not Detected		4.07E-001
NA-22	Not Detected		5.67E-002
NA-24	Not Detected		1.94E-001
ND-147	Not Detected		2.58E-001
NI-57	Not Detected		1.12E-001
RU-103	Not Detected		3.51E-002
RU-106	Not Detected		3.59E-001
SB-122	Not Detected		6.99E-002
SB-124	Not Detected		3.52E-002
SB-125	Not Detected		9.96E-002
SN-113	Not Detected	******	4.34E-002
SR-85	Not Detected		4.26E-002
TA-182	Not Detected		1.99E-001
TA-183	Not Detected		2.26E-001
TL-201	Not Detected		1.41E-001
Y-88	Not Detected		3.26E-002
ZN-65	Not Detected		1.33E-001
ZR-95	Not Detected		7.51E-002

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory] 3/02/01 3:25:47 AM

Analyzed by: UF 03.02.01

Customer

: COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID

.: 054688-001

Lab Sample ID

: 10033907

Sample Description

: TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001

Sample Quantity

420.600 mL

Sample Date/Time

2/28/01

4:00:00 PM

Acquire Start Date/Time : 3/02/01

Elapsed Live/Real Time

1:45:37 AM

Detector Name

: LAB01

6000 /

6001 seconds

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/mL )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/mL )
U-238 RA-226	Not Detected Not Detected		3.13E-001 4.92E-001
PB-214	Not Detected		5.17E-002
BI-214 PB-210	Not Detected Not Detected		5.80E-002 4.15E+000
TH-232	Not Detected		1.66E-001
RA-228	Not Detected		1.72E-001
AC-228	Not Detected		1.22E-001
TH-228 RA-224	Not Detected Not Detected		5.71E-001 1.63E-001
PB-212	Not Detected		4.11E-002
BI-212	Not Detected		3.50E-001
TL-208	Not Detected		8.23E-002
U-235	Not Detected	,	1.42E-001
TH-231	Not Detected		4.48E+000
PA-231	Not Detected		1.10E+000
TH-227 RA-223	Not Detected Not Detected		1.48E-001
RN-219	Not Detected Not Detected		B.07E-002 3.04E-001
PB-211	Not Detected		6.50E-001
TL-207	Not Detected		1.15E+001
AM-241	Not Detected		1.04E-001
PU-239	Not Detected		2.33E+002
NP-237	Not Detected	+	1.18E+000
PA-233	Not Detected		4.70E-002
TH-229	Not Detected		1.17E-001

[Summary Report] - Sample ID: : 10033907

•			
Nuclide	Activity	2-sigma	MDA
Name	(pCi/mL )	Error	(pCi/mL )
110.1110	(pc1/)		(202) (12
20.200-	Nat Datastad	•	3 688 003
AG-108m	Not Detected		2.68E-002
AG-110m	Not Detected		2.40E-002
BA-133	Not Detected		2.77E-002
BE-7	Not Detected		2.08E-001
CD-115	Not Detected		6.31E-002
CE-139	Not Detected		1.75E-002
CE-141	Not Detected		3.11E-002
CE-144	Not Detected		1.38E-001
CO-56	Not Detected		3.12E-002
CO-57	Not Detected		1.86E-002
CO-58	Not Detected		2.70E-002
	•		3.21E-002
CO-60	Not Detected		•
CR-51	Not Detected		1.79E-001
CS-134	Not Detected		2.46E-002
CS-137	Not Detected		2.47E-002
EU-152	Not Detected		5.53E-002
EU-154	Not Detected		1.22E-001
EU-155	Not Detected		7.38E-002
FE-59	Not Detected		4.29E-002
GD-153	Not Detected		4.44E-002
HG-203	Not Detected		2.19E-002
I-131	Not Detected		2.59E-002
IR-192	Not Detected		2.12E-002
K-40	Not Detected		3.79E-001
MN-52	Not Detected		3.94E-002
MN-54	Not Detected		2.94E-002
MO-99	Not Detected		2.65E-001
NA-22	Not Detected		3.38E-002
NA-24	Not Detected		1.22E-001
			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
ND-147	Not Detected		1.74E-001
NI-57	Not Detected		6.89E-002
RU-103	Not Detected		2.59E-002
RU-106	Not Detected		2.41E-001
SB-122	Not Detected		3.95E-002
SB-124	Not Detected ,		2.44E-002
SB-125	Not Detected		6.77E-002
SN-113	Not Detected		2.88E-002
SR-85	Not Detected		3.19E-002
TA-182	Not Detected		8.68E-002
TA-183	Not Detected		1.08E-001
TL-201	Not Detected		6.91E-002
Y-88	Not Detected		2.79E-002
ZN-65	Not Detected		5.74E-002
ZR-95	Not Detected		4.25E-002
4K-33	MOC Defected	<del></del>	4.20-002

Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program [806 Laboratory] 3/02/01 11:32:38 AM

Analyzed by: Ut 03-01-U

Customer

: COLLINS/SALMI (6133/SMO)

Customer Sample ID

: LAB CONTROL SAMPLE USING CG134

Lab Sample ID

: 10033908

Sample Description

: MIXED\_GAMMA\_STANDARD\_CG134

Sample Quantity

1.000 Each

Sample Date/Time

: 11/01/90 12:00:00 PM

Acquire Start Date/Time: 3/02/01 11:22:25 AM

Detector Name

: LAB01

Elapsed Live/Real Time : 600 /

604 seconds

Nuclide Name	Activity (pCi/Each )	2-sigma Error	MDA (pCi/Each )
U-238 RA-226 PB-214 BI-214 PB-210	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.64E+003 5.43E+003 6.77E+002 6.22E+002 7.61E+004
TH-232 RA-228 AC-228 TH-228 RA-224 PB-212 BI-212	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		2.12E+003 2.66E+003 1.54E+003 2.69E+005 9.49E+003 1.77E+004 1.64E+005 3.96E+004
U-235 TH-231 PA-231 TH-227 RA-223 RN-219 PB-211 TL-207	Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected		1.35E+003 4.31E+004 1.32E+004 2.31E+003 1.00E+026 6.12E+003 1.39E+004 2.37E+005
AM-241 PU-239 NP-237 PA-233 TH-229	8.64E+004 Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected Not Detected	1.24E+004	1.88E+003 2.28E+006 1.21E+004 5.89E+002 1.07E+003

[Summary Report] - Sample ID: : 10033908

**			
Nuclide	Activity	2-sigma	MDA
Name	(pCi/Each )	- Error -	(pCi/Each )
AG-108m	Not Detected		3.01E+002
	_		6.36E+007
AG-110m			
BA-133	Not Detected	*****	8.30E+002
BE-7	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CD-115	Not Detected	**	1.00E+026
CE-139	Not Detected		3.12E+010
CE-141	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CE-144	Not Detected		1.26E+007
	Not Detected		1.99E+017
CO-56			
CO-57	Not Detected		2.48E+006
CO-58	Not Detected		3.60E+018
CO-60	8.01E+004	1.05E+004	7.64E+002
CR-51	Not Detected		1.00E+026
CS-134	Not Detected		9.35E+003
CS-137	6.91E+004	B.93E+003	4.24E+002
EU-152	Not Detected		8.39E+002
EU-154	Not Detected		3.01E+003
EU-155	Not Detected		3.34E+003
			1.00E+026
FE-59	Not Detected		
GD-153	Not Detected	•	2.21E+007
HG-203	Not Detected		1.00E+026
I-131	Not Detected		1.00E+026
IR-192	Not Detected		6.58E+017
K-40	Not Detected		1.48E+003
MN-52	Not Detected		1.00E+026
MN-54	Not Detected		1.54E+006
MO-99	Not Detected		1.00E+026
NA-22	Not Detected		3.30E+003
NA-24	Not Detected		1.00E+026
•	<u>.</u>		1.00E+026
ND-147			
NI-57	Not Detected		1.00E+026
RU-103	Not Detected		1.00E+026
RU-106	Not Detected		3.58E+006
SB-122	Not Detected		1.00E+026
SB-124	Not Detected		2.13E+021
SB-125	Not Detected		1.56E+004
SN-113	Not Detected		3.23E+012
SR-85	Not Detected		1.27E+020
TA-182	Not Detected		8.98E+012
TA-183	Not Detected		1.00E+026
			1.00E+026
TL-201	Not Detected		•
· Y-88	Not Detected		7.75E+012
ZN-65	Not Detected	<b></b>	4.02E+007
ZR-95	Not Detected		2.9BE+020
•		· .	

Sandia National Laboratories
Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics Program
Quality Assurance Report

Report Date : 3/02/01 11:32:40 AM

QA File : C:\GENIE2K\CAMFILES\LCS1.QAF

Analyst : LRHERRE Sample ID : 10033908

Sample Quantity : 1.00 Each

Sample Date : 11/01/90 12:00:00 PM
Measurement Date : 3/02/01 11:22:25 AM
Elapsed Live Time : 600 seconds
Elapsed Real Time : 604 seconds

Parameter	Mean	1S Error	New Value	< -	LU	: SD	:	סט	:	BS 	>
AM-241 ACTIVITY	8.508E-002	2.677E-003	8.641E-002	<	:		:	:		>	
CS-137 Activity	6.832E-002	1.229E-003	6.914E-002	<	. :	. :		:		>	
CO-60 Activity	7.649E-002	2.530E-003	7.895E-002	<	:	;		:		>	

Flags Key: LU = Boundary Test (Ab = Above , Be = Below)
SD = Sample Driven N-Sigma Test (In = Investigate, Ac = Action)
UD = User Driven N-Sigma Test (In = Investigate, Ac = Action)
BS = Measurement Bias Test (In = Investigate, Ac = Action)

Reviewed by: Ut 63 01 01



ATTACHMENT I SWMU 229—Risk Assessment

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## SWMU 229: RISK ASSESSMENT REPORT

## I. Site Description and History

Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 229 at Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM) is located about 110 feet south of the southern apex of Technical Area (TA)-II. The site has the misleading name Storm Drain System Outfall, which was assigned in the early 1990s before the design of the TA-II utilities was well understood. SWMU 229 encompasses 0.16 acres of unpaved ground on land that is owned by Kirtland Air Force Base (KAFB) and leased to the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE). The site is situated at the slope break between the steeply sloping, northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo and the nearly flat floodplain below. Ground elevations range from approximately 5,350 to 5,400 feet above mean sea level (SNL/NM April 1995).

From 1947 through 1992, SWMU 229 was one of the two waste-water discharge points for the SWMU 48 high explosive (HE) drain system that was connected to TA-II Buildings 904, 913, and 914. Waste water from floor drains located in the three buildings flowed by gravity via cement piping to the outfall ditches at SWMUs 227 and 229. Only the lowermost segment of the SWMU 229 outfall ditch has been visible since 1993, when the Environmental Restoration (ER) Project began investigating the site. Originally, the outfall ditch measured approximately 250 feet long by 20 feet wide and ranged in depth from 3 to 10 feet below ground surface (bgs). The area surrounding SWMUs 227 and 229 has historically been sloped so that storm water was not directed into the outfall ditches. Similarly, sanitary (septic) waste was not discharged at either site.

Building 904, the largest of the three buildings consisting of approximately 10,000 square feet, was initially used in the 1950s for the assembly of nuclear weapons. During the assembly process, HE shavings fell onto the building floor, which was cleaned with water and possibly kerosene. The water flowed into floor drains connected to the HE drain system and discharged at the northern rim of the arroyo at SWMUs 227 and 229. Mechanical filtration that took place at an HE catch box (solids retention tank) located in the drain system piping removed the HE particulates. Starting in the 1960s, Building 904 was used as an HE research laboratory and also may have contained laboratories for photographic processing and chemistry research. Building 913 encompassed approximately 3,400 square feet and was primarily used for explosives testing; other uses included component assembly, high pressure testing, and security training. Building 914 (500 square feet) was used for the storage of maintenance equipment and supplies. Floor drains in Buildings 913 and 914 also were connected to the HE drain system (IT December 1996). Discharge of waste water at SWMU 229 was discontinued in 1993 when the HE drain system piping was replaced with a sewer line that was connected to the City of Albuquerque (COA) sewer system. Buildings 904, 913, and 914 were demolished in 2002.

Process knowledge indicates that the waste water from Building 904 possibly contained acetone, methylene chloride, trichloroethylene (TCE), methyl ethyl ketone, nitromethane, carbon tetrachloride, toluene, xylenes, Freon™ compounds, hexane, various alcohols (methanol and isopropyl), metals (barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, silver, and titanium), HE compounds (Baratol, Compound B, HMX [octogen], RDX [cyclonite], and black powder), ammonium hydroxide, cyanide, kerosene, and possibly traces of radionuclides such as Cs-137,

U-235, U-238, Pu-239, and H-3. Chemicals used at Building 913 included acetone, boron, chromium, diborane, inert gases, isopropanol, mercury, nickel carbonyl, phosphine, phosphorous, titanium, and trichloroethane (IT December 1996). These chemicals are not known to have been discharged to the Building 913 floor drain. Hazardous or radioactive materials are not suspected of being stored or used at Building 914.

As a result, the contaminants of concern (COCs) for SWMU 229 are volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), HE compounds, cyanide, metals, and radionuclides.

The volume of waste water discharged at SWMU 229 was not documented by TA-II personnel. However, historic aerial photographs suggest that the volume was not large. Even though the discharge of waste water began in 1947, the 1951 aerial photograph does not show much soil erosion. The depth and width of the outfall ditch varies little between the 1951 and 1993 photographs. Only a minor amount of soil erosion is evident. Vegetation visible in the aerial photographs suggests that the volume of waste water declined substantially after the early 1960s. The photographs also show that water and sewer lines were installed in 1979 and 1993 near the western end of SWMU 229. Installation of a sewer-line junction box and a manhole enlarged the western end of the outfall ditch in 1993. In 2001, the western end of the outfall ditch was backfilled for the purpose of stabilizing the nearby sewer lines.

The ER Project has not observed any stained soil at SWMU 229 during inspections conducted between 1993 and 2003. In 1994, the ground surface was surveyed for unexploded ordnance/HE and radioactive materials; no anomalies were detected. Exploratory trenching was conducted in 2001 at SWMU 229 for the purposes of verifying the historical aerial photographs and for collecting soil samples. A 33-foot-long trench, excavated to a maximum depth of 9 feet across the upper end of the outfall ditch where waste water had discharged, verified that the HE drain system piping had been removed. No stained soil was observed.

Three rounds of soil sampling have been conducted at SWMU 229. In September 1994, eight soil samples (229-01-A through 229-04-B) were collected from the outfall ditch. The sampling interval extended from the ground surface to 3 feet bgs. In February 2001, three hand-auguring locations (TJAOU-229-GR-05, TJAOU-229-GR-06, and TJAOU-229-GR-07) were sampled to a maximum depth of 19 feet bgs. The soil samples consisted of native soil and were collected from the exploratory trench and along the outfall ditch. In March 2001, soil samples were collected to a depth of 275 feet bgs during the drilling of Soil-Vapor monitoring well 227-VW-01, which is located approximately 50 feet northeast of the eastern end of SWMU 229. Soil samples were collected at depths of 20, 100, 150, 200, 250, and 275 feet bgs. Analytical results from the three rounds of sampling are discussed in Section II (Data Quality Objectives).

Soil-vapor samples were collected from monitoring well 227-VW-01 during five quarterly events from April 2001 through March 2002. Summa™ canisters were used to collect soil-vapor samples from sampling ports set at depths of 25, 75, 125, 175, and 225 feet bgs. The samples were submitted to the Quanterra/Severn Trent, California, laboratory and analyzed for VOCs using U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Method TO-14 (EPA November 1986). Seventeen VOCs were detected, but most were single-digit "J" values (above the method detection limit but less than the practical quantitation limit). The predominant VOC in soil vapor was TCE. The maximum TCE concentration for the five quarters was 14,000 parts per billion on a volume/volume ratio (ppbv) in a sample collected from a depth of 225 feet bgs. The

percentages of total VOCs that can be attributed to TCE ranged from 66.7 to 100 percent. For the sampling ports at 75, 125, 175, and 225 feet bgs, TCE comprised 92.4 to 100 percent of the total VOC values. The sampling port at 25 feet bgs consistently yielded a more varied set of VOCs, but the associated VOC concentrations were orders of magnitude less than the deeper sampling results.

The maximum total VOC concentration at monitoring well 227-VW-01 was 14,044 ppbv. For perspective, the soil-vapor investigation at the SNL/NM Chemical Waste Landfill (CWL) used the New Mexico Environment Department (NMED)-approved 100,000-ppbv threshold for defining the total VOC plume edge (SNL/NM December 1992; Sisneros February 1993). The NMED has not specified a threshold value for SWMU 229. The CWL threshold value is nearly an order of magnitude greater than the maximum total VOC concentration from monitoring well 227-VW-01. Therefore, additional soil-vapor characterization at SWMU 229 was not necessary.

Groundwater results were obtained from the Tijeras Arroyo Groundwater (TAG) Investigation (SNL/NM November 2002). The nearest well to SWMU 229 is monitoring well TA2-W-19, which is located approximately 500 feet southeast of SWMU 229 and directly downgradient of the site. The monitoring well is completed in the perched system at 263 to 283 feet bgs. The most recent eight quarters of groundwater analyses available for monitoring well TA2-W-19 are from November 1999 through March 2002. Analyses were performed by the ER Chemistry Laboratory. No significant groundwater contamination was evident for samples collected from monitoring well TA2-W-19. Four VOCs (TCE, 1,1-dichloroethene [DCE], bromomethane, and cis-1,2-DCE) were reported. TCE concentrations in groundwater ranged from 0.96 to 2.3 micrograms (μg)/liter (L) and were below the EPA maximum contaminant level (MCL) of 5.0 μg/L (EPA July 2002). The other three VOCs were reported with "J" values and were below the respective MCLs. Similarly, none of the metals exceeded MCLs. Nitrate concentrations in groundwater ranged from 3.8 to 24 milligrams (mg)/L. The average nitrate concentration was 10.3 mg/L, which was slightly above the MCL of 10 mg/L. Nitrate results from the last four quarters were below the MCL and ranged from 7.2 to 8.8 mg/L.

The annual precipitation for the area, as measured at Albuquerque International Sunport, is 8.1 inches (NOAA 1990). During most rainfall events, rainfall quickly infiltrates the soil near SWMU 229. However, virtually all of the moisture subsequently undergoes evapotranspiration. The estimates of evapotranspiration for the KAFB area range from 95 to 99 percent of the annual rainfall. Because of the steep slope along the northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo, a 1998 surface-water assessment determined that the site has a high erosion potential.

No springs or other perennial surface-water bodies are located within four miles of SWMU 229. The site is located approximately 1,500 feet west of the active channel of Tijeras Arroyo but not within the 100-year floodplain. However, surface water flows only several times per year in that segment of the active channel nearest SWMU 229. Tijeras Arroyo is the most significant surface-water drainage feature on KAFB. The arroyo originates in Tijeras Canyon, which is bounded by the Sandia Mountains to the north and the Manzano Mountains to the south. The arroyo trends southwest across KAFB, eventually merging with the Rio Grande approximately 8.7 miles west of SWMU 229.

Groundwater monitoring for the area surrounding SWMU 229 is conducted as part of the TAG Investigation (SNL/NM November 2002). Two water-bearing zones, the perched system and the regional aquifer, underlie SWMU 229. The perched system is not used for water supply

purposes. The depth to the perched system is approximately 270 feet bgs. The depth to the regional aquifer is approximately 470 feet bgs. The COA, KAFB, and the Veterans Administration utilize the regional aquifer as a water supply source. The nearest downgradient water-supply well is KAFB-1, which is located approximately 1.4 miles northwest of the site.

Grasslands, including species such as blue/black gramma and western cheatgrass, are the dominant plant community surrounding SWMU 229. The site also is vegetated by ruderal species, such as Russian thistle (tumbleweed). No threatened or endangered species have been identified in the vicinity of SWMU 229 (Hoagland September 1994; IT February 1995) and no cultural resources have been documented.

Soil at the site has been identified as the Bluepoint-Kokan Association (USDA 1977). For purposes of defining the background levels of metals and radionuclides in soil, this soil has been included as part of the Sandia North Supergroup. The Bluepoint-Kokan Association consists of Bluepoint loamy fine sand, which is developed on slopes of 5 to 15 percent, with Kokan gravelly sand on slopes of 15 to 40 percent (USDA, 1977). These soils are slightly calcareous and mildly to moderately alkaline. The surficial deposits are underlain by the upper unit of the Santa Fe Group, which consists of coarse- to fine-grained fluvial deposits from the ancestral Rio Grande that interfinger with the coarse-grained alluvial fan/piedmont facies extending westward from the Sandia and Manzano Mountains (SNL/NM March 1995). The upper unit of the Santa Fe Group is approximately 3,000 feet in thickness in the vicinity of the site (SNL/NM November 2002).

## II. Data Quality Objectives

The Data Quality Objectives (DQOs) for SWMU 229 were presented in two documents:

1) the 1994 Sampling and Analysis Plan for Eleven Sites in Tijeras Arroyo Operable Unit [OU] (SNL/NM June 1994), and 2) the 2001 Sampling and Analysis Plan – SWMUs 227 and 229 – Tijeras Arroyo OU 1309 (SNL/NM February 2001). The two sampling and analysis plans (SAPs) identified the site-specific confirmatory locations, sample depths, sampling procedures, and analytical requirements. The DQOs also outlined the Quality Assurance (QA)/Quality Control (QC) requirements necessary for producing defensible analytical data suitable for risk assessment purposes. The confirmatory sampling was designed to determine whether soil contamination had resulted from the discharge of TA-II waste water. Therefore, soil samples were collected along the outfall ditch at locations both beneath and downslope of the wastewater discharge point.

Tables 1, 2, and 3 list the soil samples that were collected at SWMU 229 during the three rounds of sampling. The tables also include the number and type of analyses for each soil sample. The soil samples from all three rounds were analyzed for VOCs, SVOCs, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act metals, chromium-VI, HE compounds, and gamma-emitting radionuclides. Samples from the first round also were analyzed for cyanide and H-3. Samples from the third round also were analyzed for chloride and cyanide. The analytical laboratories consisted of Environmental Control Technology Corporation (ENCOTEC), Quanterra Environmental Services, General Engineering Laboratories, Inc. (GEL), and the on-site SNL/NM Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics (RPSD) Laboratory.



Table 1
Number of Off-Site Analyses for Soil Samples Collected at SWMU 229
September 1994

Sample Type <sup>a,b,c</sup>	VOCs	SVOCs	ТРН	RCRA Metals <sup>d</sup>	Radionuclides <sup>e</sup>	Number of Analyses
Soil	4	4	4	8	12	32
Duplicate	2	1	0	1	1	5
Equipment Blank	1	1	1	1	2	. 6
VOC Trip Blank	1	_	_	<u> </u>	_	1
Total Samples	8	6	5	10	15	44

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Sample numbers: 229-01-A, 229-01-B, 229-02-A, 229-02-B, 229-03-A, 229-03-B, 229-04-A, 229-04-B

01762], 000933 [SCL 01618], 000934 [SCL 01763]. AR/COC = Analysis Request/Chain-of-Custody.

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

SCL = Sample collection log.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

TPH = Total petroleum hydrocarbons.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

- = Not analyzed.

Table 2
Number of Off-Site Analyses for Soil Samples Collected at SWMU 229
June 2001

Sample Type <sup>a,b,c</sup>	VOCs	SVOCs	RCRA Metals <sup>d</sup>	HE Compounds	Radionuclides <sup>e</sup>	Number of Analyses
Soil	4	4	4	4	8	24
Duplicate	1	1	1	1	3	7
Equipment Blank	1	1	1	1	2	6
VOC Trip Blank	1		_	_	_	. 1
Total Samples	7	6	- 6	6	13	38

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Sample numbers: TJAOU-229-GR-05-14.0-S, TJAOU-229-GR-05-19.0-S,

TJAOU-229-GR-EB-001, TJAOU-229-GR-TB-001.

<sup>b</sup>Sampling date: February 27, 2001. <sup>c</sup>AR/COC Forms: 604300, 604301.

dincludes the eight RCRA metals and chromium-VI.

elncludes gamma-emitting radionuclides and gross alpha/beta activity.

AR/COC = Analysis Request/Chain-of-Custody.

HE = High explosive(s).

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

– = Not analyzed.

bSampling dates: September 29 and 30, 1994.

<sup>°</sup>AR/COC Forms: 000805 [SCL 01760], 000805-A [SCL 01761], 000805-B [SCL 01759], 000932 [SCL

dincludes the eight RCRA metals and chromium-VI.

eincludes gamma-emitting radionuclides and H-3.

TJAOU-229-GR-06-0.0-S, TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-S, TJAOU-229-GR-06-3.0-DU,

TJAOU-229-GR-07-0.0-S, TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-S, TJAOU-229-GR-07-5.0-DU,

# Table 3 Number of Off-Site Analyses for Soil Samples Collected at the Borehole for Monitoring Well 227-VW-01 March 2001

Sample Typea,b,c	VOCs	SVOCs	RCRA Metals <sup>d</sup>	HE Compounds	Cyanide	Chloride	Radionuclides	Number of Analyses
Soil	6	2	2	2	2	2	. 4	20
Duplicate	1	_	_	_	_	-	-	1
VOC Trip Blank	1		_	_	_	<b>–</b>	_	1
Equipment Blank	1	1	1	1	1	1	2	. 8
Total Samples	9	3	3	3	3	3	6	30

<sup>a</sup>Sample numbers: TJAOU-227-VW-01-20.0-S, TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-S, TJAOU-227-VW-01-100.0-DU, TJAOU-227-VW-01-150.0-S, TJAOU-227-VW-01-200.0-S, TJAOU-227-VW-1-250-S, TJAOU-227-VW-01-275-S, TJAOU-227-VW-EB-001, TJAOU-227-VW-TB-001.

<sup>b</sup>Sampling dates: March 26, 27, 28, 29, 2001.

°AR/COC Forms: 604199, 604200, 604204, 604205.

dincludes the eight RCRA metals, chromium-VI, and titanium.

<sup>e</sup>Includes gamma-emitting radionuclides and H-3.

AR/COC = Analysis Request/Chain-of-Custody.

HE = High explosive(s).

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

- = Not analyzed.



As shown in Table 1, the first round of sampling was conducted at the SWMU 229 outfall ditch in September 1994. The eight soil samples (229-01-A through 229-04-B) were collected with either a hand trowel or a hand auger to a maximum sampling depth of 3 feet bgs.

In February 2001, soil samples were collected with a hand auger at three locations (TJAOU-229-GR-05, TJAOU-229-GR-06, and TJAOU-229-GR-07) along the SWMU 229 outfall ditch (Table 2). A backhoe also was used to excavate a 33-foot-long exploratory trench to a maximum depth of 9 feet across the upper end of the outfall ditch where the waste water had discharged from the HE drain system piping. Undisturbed (native) soil samples were collected to a maximum depth of 19 feet bgs.

In March 2001, soil samples were collected with a spilt spoon during the drilling of soil-vapor monitoring well 227-VW-01 (Table 3). The well is located approximately 50 feet northeast of the eastern end of SWMU 229. Soil samples were collected at depths of 20, 100, 150, 200, 250, and 275 feet bgs.

Analytical results from the three rounds of soil sampling are incorporated into this risk assessment. Six metals (arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, and silver) were detected at levels slightly above background. Three VOCs (acetone, methylene chloride, and 2-butanone) were reported, with 2-butanone having the greatest VOC concentration at 0.0191 J mg/kilogram (kg). Seven SVOCs (acenaphthene, anthracene, fluoranthene, fluorene, phenanthrene, pyrene, and bis[2-Ethylhexyl] phthalate) were reported; bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate had the greatest SVOC concentration at 0.0885 J mg/kg. No total petroleum hydrocarbons or HE were detected in the soil samples. The maximum cyanide concentration was 0.159 J mg/kg. Two radionuclides (Cs-137 and U-235) were reported at levels slightly above background.

Table 4 summarizes the analytical methods and the data quality requirements from the two SAPs. Excluding the 36 QA/QC analyses, a total of 90 analyses were reported for the SWMU 229 confirmatory soil samples. This includes 76 analyses from the off-site laboratories (ENCOTEC, Quanterra Environmental Services, and GEL) and 14 samples from the on-site RPSD Laboratory.

As shown in Tables 1, 2, and 3, the QA/QC analyses consisted of soil duplicates, VOC trip blanks, and equipment blanks. For the three rounds of soil sampling, duplicate samples were collected at ratios that ranged from one duplicate per four environmental samples to one duplicate per twenty environmental samples. This ratio range was adequate when compared to the ER Project Quality Assurance Project Plan (QAPjP) ratio of 1:20. The aqueous VOC trip blanks were supplied by the analytical laboratories. The equipment (aqueous rinsate) blanks were prepared in the field as part of the sampling effort. No significant QA/QC problems were identified in the analyses for the VOC trip and equipment blanks.

The analytical data also were verified/validated by SNL/NM in accordance with the QAPjP. The 1994 analytical data were reviewed using the Data Verification/Validation (DV) process (SNL/NM July 1994) involving DV1 and DV2 checklists (see Attachment E of the SNL/NM ER Project Response to NMED Notice of Deficiency for SWMUs 227 and 229 Proposals for No Further Action [NOD Response]). The 2001 analytical data were reviewed using DV3 procedures according to the "Data Validation Procedure for Chemical and Radiochemical Data," SNL/NM ER Project Analytical Operating Procedure (AOP) 00-03, Rev. 0 (SNL/NM January 2000). The DV3 reports also are presented in Attachment E of the SNL/NM ER Project NOD

Table 4
Summary of Data Quality Requirements and Total Number of Analyses for
Confirmatory Soil Samples Collected at SWMU 229

Analytical Method <sup>a</sup>	Data Quality	Analyses from Off-Site Laboratories <sup>b</sup>	Analyses from On-Site Laboratory <sup>c</sup>
VOCs EPA Method 8240/8260	Defensible	14	<u>-</u>
SVOCs EPA Method 8270	Defensible	10	-
TPH EPA Method 8015	Defensible	4	<del>_</del>
RCRA metals, chromium-VI, titanium EPA Method 6010/7000	Defensible	14	<u>-</u>
HE Compounds EPA Method 8330	Defensible	6	<del>-</del>
Cyanide EPA Method 9010	Defensible	2	<del>-</del>
Chloride EPA Method 300	Defensible	2	
Gamma Spectroscopy EPA Method 901.1	Defensible	10	14
H-3 EPA Method 901.1	Defensible	10	_
Gamma Spectroscopy Gross Alpha/Beta Activity EPA Method 900	Defensible	4	-
Total Number of Analyses <sup>d</sup>	-	76	14

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>EPA November 1986.

ENCOTEC = Environmental Control Technology Corporation.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency. GEL = General Engineering Laboratories, Inc.

HE = High explosive(s).
QA = Quality assurance.
QC = Quality control.

RCRA = Resource Conservation and Recovery Act. RPSD = Radiation Protection Sample Diagnostics.

SVOC = Semivolatile organic compound.
SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.
TPH = Total petroleum hydrocarbons.
VOC = Volatile organic compound.

– = Not analyzed.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>The off-site laboratories are ENCOTEC, Quanterra Environmental Services, and GEL.

<sup>°</sup>The on-site laboratory is the RPSD Laboratory.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>The number of analyses does not include QA/QC samples (duplicates, equipment blanks, and VOC trip blanks).

Response. The gamma-spectroscopy data from the RPSD Laboratory were reviewed according to "Laboratory Data Review Guidelines," Procedure No. RPSD-02-11, Issue No. 02 (SNL/NM July 1996). Data packages from all of the analytical laboratories were determined to be defensible, and are therefore acceptable for use in the proposal for no further action (NFA) (SNL/NM June 1995). Therefore, the DQOs have been fulfilled.

#### III. Determination of Nature, Rate, and Extent of Contamination

#### III.1 Introduction

The determination of the nature, migration rate, and extent of contamination at SWMU 229 was based upon an initial conceptual model validated with confirmatory soil sampling. The initial conceptual model was developed from the review of engineering drawings and ER Project records. The DQOs contained in the SAPs identified the sample locations, sample density, sample depth, and analytical requirements. The sample data were subsequently used to develop the final conceptual model for SWMU 229 which is presented in Attachment J of the SNL/NM ER Project NOD Response. The quality of the data used to specifically determine the nature, migration rate, and extent of contamination is described in the following sections.

#### III.2 Nature of Contamination

Both the nature of contamination and the potential for the degradation of COCs at SWMU 229 were evaluated using laboratory analyses of the confirmatory soil samples (Section IV). The requirements included analyses for VOCs, SVOCs, metals, HE compounds, cyanide, chloride, nitrate, total Kjeldahl nitrogen, and radionuclides. The analyses characterized potential contaminants resulting from the discharge of TA-II waste water. The analytes and methods listed in Table 4 are appropriate for characterizing the COCs and potential degradation products at SWMU 229.

#### III.3 Rate of Contaminant Migration

SWMU 229 has been an inactive site since 1993. The rate of COC migration from surficial soil would be solely dependent upon direct precipitation as described in Section V. Data available from the TAG Investigation; numerous SNL/NM monitoring programs for air, water, and radionuclides; various biological surveys; and meteorological monitoring are adequate for characterizing the rate of COC migration at SWMU 229.

#### III.4 Extent of Contamination

Surface and subsurface confirmatory soil samples were collected from SWMU 229 in 1994 and 2001 to determine whether soil contamination was present. The locations and depths of the 2001 samples were determined using verbal guidance from NMED. The three rounds of confirmatory soil sampling were collected from the ground surface to a maximum depth of 275 feet bgs. In summary, the design of the confirmatory sampling was appropriate and

adequate to determine the nature, migration rate, and extent of residual COCs in surface and subsurface soil at SWMU 229.

#### IV. Comparison of COCs to Background Screening Levels

Site history and characterization activities were used to identify potential COCs. The SWMU 229 NFA proposal (SNL/NM June 1995) describes the identification of COCs and the sampling that was conducted in order to determine the concentration levels of those COCs across the site. Generally, COCs that were evaluated in this risk assessment included all detected organic compounds and all inorganic and radiological COCs for which samples were analyzed. When the detection limit of an organic compound was too high (i.e., could possibly cause an adverse effect to human health or the environment), the compound was retained. Nondetected organic compounds not included in this assessment were determined to have detection limits low enough to ensure protection of human health and the environment. In order to provide conservatism in this risk assessment, the calculation used only the maximum concentration value of each COC found for the entire site. The SNL/NM maximum background concentration (Dinwiddie September 1997) was selected to provide the background screen listed in Tables 5 through 8.

Nonradiological inorganic constituents that are essential nutrients, such as iron, magnesium, calcium, potassium, and sodium, were not included in this risk assessment (EPA 1989). Both radiological and nonradiological COCs were evaluated. The nonradiological COCs evaluated included inorganic and organic compounds.

Tables 5 and 6 list the nonradiological COCs for the human health and ecological risk assessments at SWMU 229, respectively. Tables 7 and 8 list radiological COCs for the human health and ecological risk assessments, respectively. All tables show the associated SNL/NM maximum background concentration values (Dinwiddie September 1997). Section VI.4 provides discussion of Tables 5 and 7 while Sections VII.2 and VII.3 provide discussion of Tables 6 and 8.

#### V. Fate and Transport

The primary releases of COCs at SWMU 229 occurred to the surface soil resulting from the discharge of waste water from Buildings 904, 913, and 914 at the SWMU 229 outfall. Wind, water, and biota are natural mechanisms of COC transport from the primary release point.

Water at SWMU 229 is received as precipitation (approximately 8.1 inches annually [NOAA 1990]) that will either evaporate at or near the point of contact, infiltrate into the soil, or form runoff. Infiltration at the site is enhanced by the coarse texture of the soil, which is primarily the Bluepoint-Kokan Association consisting of Bluepoint loamy fine sand and Kokan gravelly sand (USDA 1977). COCs in the soil can migrate deeper into the subsurface soil as a result of water percolating through the soil; however, in general, the COCs at this site are not prone to rapid leaching. Furthermore, it is estimated that 95 to 99 percent of the annual precipitation in this area is lost through evapotranspiration. Therefore, the potential for significant downward movement of COCs through leaching is very limited. Because groundwater at this site is at depths greater than 270 feet bgs, the potential for COCs to reach groundwater through the unsaturated zone above the water table is extremely low.

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Table 5
Nonradiological COCs for Human Health Risk Assessment at SWMU 229 with Comparison to the Associated SNL/NM Background Screening Value, BCF, and Log K<sub>ow</sub>

coc	Maximum Concentration (mg/kg)	SNL/NM Background Concentration (mg/kg) <sup>a</sup>	Is Maximum COC Concentration Less Than or Equal to the Applicable SNL/NM Background Screening Value?	BCF (maximum aquatic)	Log K <sub>ow</sub>	Bioaccumulator? <sup>b</sup> (BCF>40, Log K <sub>ow</sub> >4)
Arsenic	6.7	4.4	No	44 <sup>c</sup>		Yes
Barium	280	200	No	170 <sup>d</sup>	-	Yes
Cadmium	2.8	<1	No	64 <sup>c</sup>	_	Yes
Chromium, total	25.2	12.8	No	16 <sup>c</sup>		No
Chromium VI	0.092 J	NC	Unknown	16 <sup>c</sup>	-	No
Cyanide	0.0159 J	NC	Unknown	NC	·. –	Unknown
Lead	32	11.2	No	49 <sup>c</sup>	-	Yes
Mercury	0.00492 J	<0.1	Unknown	5,500°	_	Yes
Selenium	0.480 J	<1	Unknown	800e	-	Yes
Silver	1,4	<1	No	0.5 <sup>c</sup>	-	No
2-Butanone	0.0191	NA	NA	11	0.29 <sup>f</sup>	No
Acenaphthene	0.00555 J	NA_	NA	389 <sup>g</sup>	3.92 <sup>g</sup>	Yes
Acetone	0.009 J	NA	NA _	0.69 <sup>f</sup>	-0.24 <sup>f</sup>	No
Anthracene	0.00917 J	NA	NA .	917 <sup>c</sup>	4,45 <sup>c</sup>	Yes
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.071 J	NA	NA	10,000 <sup>9</sup>	5.61 <sup>g</sup>	Yes
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.160 J	NA	NA	-	6.124 <sup>g</sup>	Yes
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.092 J	NA	NA	3,000 <sup>c</sup>	6.04°	Yes
bis(2-Ethylheyxl) phthalate	0.170 J	NA	NA	851 <sup>h</sup>	7.6 <sup>9</sup>	Yes
Chrysene	0.120 J	NA	NA	18,000 <sup>g</sup>	5.91 <sup>g</sup>	Yes
Fluoranthene	0.230 J	NA NA	NA	12,302 <sup>9</sup>	4.90 <sup>9</sup>	Yes
Fluorene	0.00371 J	NA NA	NA	2,239 <sup>g</sup>	4.18 <sup>9</sup>	Yes
Methylene chloride	0.00105 J	_ NA	NA	5 <sup>f</sup>	1.25 <sup>f</sup>	No
Phenanthrene	0.180 J	NA	NA	23,800 <sup>c</sup>	4.63 <sup>c</sup>	Yes
Pyrene	0.280 J	NA	NA	36,300 <sup>c</sup>	5.32 <sup>9</sup>	Yes

Note: Bold indicates the COCs that exceed background screening values and/or are bioaccumulators.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997) North Supergroup.

bNMED (March 1998).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Yanicak (March 1997).

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#### Table 5 (Concluded)

#### Nonradiological COCs for Human Health Risk Assessment at SWMU 229 with Comparison to the Associated SNL/NM Background Screening Value, BCF, and Log Kow

<sup>d</sup>Neumann (1976).

eCallahan et al. (1979).

fHoward (1990)

AL/7-03/WP/SNL09:rs5913-i.doc

gMicromedex (1998).

<sup>h</sup>Howard (1989)

**BCF** = Bioconcentration factor.

COC = Constituent of concern.

= Estimated value.

Kow = Octanol-water partition coefficient.

= Logarithm (base 10). Log = Milligram(s) per kilogram. mg/kg

NA . = Not applicable.

= Background value not calculated. NC = New Mexico Environment Department, **NMED** = Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico. SNL/NM

= Solid Waste Management Unit. SWMU

= Information not available.

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Table 6 Nonradiological COCs for Ecological Risk Assessment at SWMU 229 with Comparison to the Associated SNL/NM Background Screening Value, BCF, and Log  $\rm K_{ow}$ 

coc	Maximum Concentration (mg/kg)	SNL/NM Background Concentration (mg/kg) <sup>a</sup>	Is Maximum COC Concentration Less Than or Equal to the Applicable SNL/NM Background Screening Value?	BCF (maximum aquatic)	Log K <sub>ow</sub> (for organic COCs)	Bioaccumulator? <sup>b</sup> (BCF>40, Log K <sub>ow</sub> >4)
Arsenic	6.7	4.4	No	44°	<del>-</del>	Yes
Barlum	280	200	No	170 <sup>d</sup>	-	Yes
Cadmium	2.8	<1	No	64 <sup>c</sup>	<u> </u>	Yes
Chromium, total	15.7	12.8	No	16 <sup>c</sup>	_	No
Chromium VI	0.5 <sup>e</sup>	NC	Unknown	16 <sup>c</sup>	-	No
Lead	32	11.2	No	49°		Yes
Mercury	0.00428 J	<0.1	Unknown	5,500°	_	Yes
Selenium	0.480 J	<1	Unknown	800 <sup>f</sup>	<u> </u>	Yes
Silver	1.4	<1	No	0.5 <sup>c</sup>	··	No
2-Butanone	0.007 J	NA	NA ·	19	0.29 <sup>g</sup>	No
Acenaphthene	0.00555 J	NA _	NA NA	389 <sup>h</sup>	3.92 <sup>h</sup>	Yes
Acetone	0.009 J	NA	NA	0.69 <sup>g</sup>	-0.24 <sup>g</sup>	No
Anthracene	0.00917 J	NA	NA	917 <sup>c</sup>	4.45 <sup>c</sup>	Yes
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.071 J	NA	NA	10,000 <sup>h</sup>	5,61 <sup>h</sup>	Yes
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.160 J	NA	NA .		6.124 <sup>h</sup>	Yes
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.092 J	NA	NA .	3,000°	6.04 <sup>c</sup>	Yes
bis(2-Ethylheyxl) phthalate	0.170 J	NA	NA	851 <sup>i</sup>	7.6 <sup>h</sup>	Yes
Chrysene	0.120 J	NA	NA ·	18,000 <sup>h</sup>	5.91 <sup>h</sup>	Yes
Fluoranthene	0.230 J	NA	NA	12,302 <sup>h</sup>	4.90 <sup>h</sup>	Yes
Fluorene	0.00371 J	NA	NA	2,239 <sup>h</sup>	4.18 <sup>h</sup>	Yes
Phenanthrene	0.180 J	NA	NA ·	23,800 <sup>c</sup>	4.63 <sup>c</sup>	Yes
Pyrene	0.280 J	NA	NA NA	36,300 <sup>c</sup>	5.32 <sup>h</sup>	Yes

Note: Bold indicates the COCs that exceed background screening values and/or are bioaccumulators.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997) North Supergroup.

bNMED (March 1998).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Yanicak (March 1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Neumann (1976).

eParameter was not detected. Concentration is one-half the detection limit.

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#### Table 6 (Concluded)

### Nonradiological COCs for Ecological Risk Assessment at SWMU 229 with Comparison to the Associated SNL/NM Background Screening Value, BCF, and Log $K_{\rm ow}$

<sup>f</sup>Callahan et al. (1979).

<sup>9</sup>Howard (1990)

<sup>h</sup>Micromedex (1998).

Howard (1989)

BCF = Bioconcentration factor.

COC = Constituent of concern.

J = Estimated value.

K<sub>ow</sub> = Octanol-water partition coefficient.

Log = Logarithm (base 10). mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

NA = Not applicable.

NC = Background value not calculated.

NMED = New Mexico Environment Department.

SNL/NM = Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

= Information not available.

Table 7 Radiological COCs for Human Health Risk Assessment at SWMU 229 with Comparison to the Associated SNL/NM Background Screening Value and BCF

coc	Maximum Activity (pCi/g)	SNL/NM Background Concentration (pCi/g) <sup>a</sup>	Is Maximum COC Concentration Less Than or Equal to the Applicable SNL/NM Background Screening Value?	BCF (maximum aquatic)	Is COC a Bioaccumulator? <sup>b</sup> (BCF >40)
Cs-137	ND (0.227)	0.084	No	3,000°	Yes
H-3	ND (0.030)	0.021°	No	NA	NA
U-235	ND (0.42)	0.18	No	900 <sup>d</sup>	Yes
U-238	ND (2.34)	1.3	No	900 <sup>d</sup>	Yes

Note: Bold indicates COCs that exceed background screening values and/or are bioaccumulators.

<sup>a</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997), North Supergroup.

bNMED (March 1998).

From Whicker and Schultz (1982).

<sup>d</sup>From Baker and Soldat (1992).

eTharp (1999).

= Bioconcentration factor. **BCF** 

= Constituent of concern. COC MDA = Minimum detectable activity.

= Not applicable. NA

= Not detected above the MDA, shown in parentheses. ND()

= New Mexico Environment Department. NMED

= Picocurie(s) per gram. pCi/g

SNL/NM = Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico.

= Solid Waste Management Unit. SWMU

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Table 8
Radiological COCs for Ecological Risk Assessment at SWMU 229 with
Comparison to the Associated SNL/NM Background Screening Value and BCF

coc	Maximum Activity (pCi/g)	SNL/NM Background Concentration (pCi/g) <sup>a</sup>	Is Maximum COC Concentration Less Than or Equal to the Applicable SNL/NM Background Screening Value?	BCF (maximum aquatic)	Is COC a Bioaccumulator? <sup>b</sup> (BCF >40)
Cs-137	ND (0.227)	0.084	No	3,000°	Yes
H-3	ND (0.030)	0.021e	No	NA	NA
J-235	ND (0.42)	0.18	No	900 <sub>q</sub>	Yes
J-238	ND (2.34)	1.3	No	900 <sub>q</sub>	Yes

Note: Bold indicates COCs that exceed background screening values and/or are bioaccumulators.

<sup>a</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997), North Supergroup.

bNMED (March 1998).

°From Whicker and Schultz (1982).

dFrom Baker and Soldat (1992).

eTharp (1999).

BCF = Bioconcentration factor.

COC = Constituent of concern.

MDA = Minimum detectable activity.

NA = Not applicable.

ND () = Not detected above the MDA, shown in parentheses.

NMED = New Mexico Environment Department.

pCi/g = Picocurie(s) per gram.

SNL/NM = Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico.

Because of the sloping terrain of the site, water that does not infiltrate at the site will rapidly form runoff, which could carry soil particles. Therefore, runoff is a potential mechanism for COCs to be transported from the site. The extent of this transport is expected to be confined by the erosional channel leading down from the outfall.

COCs can enter the food chain through uptake by plant roots. COCs taken up by plant roots can be transported to aboveground tissues where they can be consumed by herbivores, which can in turn be eaten by predators. Once in the food web, COCs can be transported from the site by the movements of the organisms that contain them or other surficial transport mechanisms. However, because SWMU 229 occupies only a very small area (0.16 acre) with limited vegetative cover, food chain transport is expected to be of low significance at this site.

The COCs at SWMU 229 include both inorganic and organic analytes. The nonradiological inorganic COCs are elemental in form and not considered to be degradable. Transformations of these inorganic constituents could include changes in valence (oxidation/reduction reactions) or incorporation into organic forms (e.g., the conversion of selenite or selenate from soil to seleno-amino acids in plants). Radiological COCs will undergo decay to stable isotopes or radioactive daughter elements. However, because of the long half-lives of the radionuclides, the aridity of the environment at this site, and the lack of potential contact with biota, none of these mechanisms is expected to result in significant losses or transformations of the inorganic COCs.

The organic COCs at SWMU 229 may be subject to degradation through photolysis, hydrolysis, and biotransformation. Photolysis requires light, and therefore takes place in the air, at the ground surface, or in surface water. Hydrolysis includes chemical transformations in water, and may occur in the soil solution. Biotransformation (i.e., transformation caused by plants, animals, and microorganisms) may occur; however, biological activity may be limited by the arid environment at this site. Some organic COCs (e.g., 2-butanone and acetone) may be lost through volatilization, with subsequent degradation in the air.

Table 9 summarizes the fate and transport processes that can occur at SWMU 229. COCs at this site include both radiological and nonradiological inorganic and organic analytes. For the reasons detailed above, wind and biota are considered to be of low significance as potential transport mechanisms at this site. Surface water may be of moderate significance. Significant leaching in the subsurface soil is unlikely and leaching into the groundwater at this site is highly unlikely. The potential for transformation of inorganic constituents is low, and loss through decay of radiological COCs is insignificant because of their long half-lives. For some organic compounds, loss through volatilization and eventual degradation may be of moderate significance.

Table 9
Summary of Fate and Transport at SWMU 229

Transport and Fate Mechanism	Existence at Site	Significance
Wind	Yes	Low
Surface runoff	Yes	Moderate
Migration to groundwater	No	None
Food chain uptake	Yes	Low
Transformation/degradation	Yes	Moderate to low

#### VI. Human Health Risk Assessment

#### VI.1 Introduction

The human health risk assessment of this site includes a number of steps that culminate in a quantitative evaluation of the potential adverse human health effects caused by constituents located at the site. The steps to be discussed include the following:

Step 1.	Site data are described that provide information on the potential COCs, as well as the relevant physical characteristics and properties of the site.
Step 2.	Potential pathways are identified by which a representative population might be exposed to the COCs.
Step 3.	The potential intake of these COCs by the representative population is calculated using a tiered approach. The first component of the tiered approach is a screening procedure that compares the maximum concentration of the COC to an SNL/NM maximum background screening value. COCs that are not eliminated during the first screening procedure are carried forward in the risk assessment process.
Step 4.	Toxicological parameters are identified and referenced for COCs that were not eliminated during the screening procedure.
Step 5.	Potential toxicity effects (specified as a hazard index [HI]) and estimated excess cancer risks are calculated for nonradiological COCs and background. For radiological COCs, the incremental total effective dose equivalent (TEDE) and incremental estimated cancer risk are calculated by subtracting applicable background concentrations directly from maximum on-site contaminant values. This background subtraction applies only when a radiological COC occurs as contamination and exists as a natural background radionuclide.
Step 6.	These values are compared with guidelines established by the EPA, NMED, and DOE to determine whether further evaluation and potential site cleanup are required.  Nonradiological COC risk values also are compared to background risk so that an incremental risk can be calculated.
Step 7.	Uncertainties of the above steps are addressed.

#### VI.2 Step 1. Site Data

Section I of this risk assessment provides the site description and history for SWMU 229. Section II presents a comparison of results to DQOs. Section III discusses the nature, rate, and extent of contamination.

#### VI.3 Step 2. Pathway Identification

SWMU 229 has been designated with a future land use scenario of industrial (DOE et al. September 1995) (see Appendix 1 for default exposure pathways and parameters). However, the residential land use scenario is also considered in the pathway analysis. Because of the location and characteristics of the potential contaminants, the primary pathway for human exposure is considered to be soil ingestion for the nonradiological COCs and direct gamma exposure for the radiological COCs. The inhalation pathway for both nonradiological and radiological COCs is included because the potential exists to inhale dust and volatiles. Soil ingestion is included for the radiological COCs as well. The dermal pathway is included for the nonradiological COCs because of the potential exposure of the receptor to contaminated soil. No water pathways to the groundwater are considered. Depth to groundwater at SWMU 229 is

approximately 270 feet bgs. No intake routes through plant, meat, or milk ingestion are considered appropriate for either the industrial or residential land use scenarios. Figure 1 shows the conceptual model flow diagram for SWMU 229.

#### Pathway Identification

Nonradiological Constituents	Radiological Constituents
Soil ingestion	Soil ingestion
Inhalation (dust and volatiles)	Inhalation (dust and volatiles)
Dermal contact	Direct gamma exposure

#### VI.4 Step 3. Background Screening Procedure

This section discusses Step 3 which includes the background screening procedure. The procedure compares the maximum COC concentration to the background screening level. The methodology and results are described in the following sections.

#### VI.4.1 Methodology

Maximum concentrations of nonradiological COCs were compared to the approved SNL/NM maximum screening levels for this area (Dinwiddie September 1997). The SNL/NM maximum background concentration was selected to provide the background screen in Table 5 and was used to calculate risk attributable to background in Sections VI.6.2 and VI.7. Only the COCs that were detected above the corresponding SNL/NM maximum background screening levels or did not have either a quantifiable or a calculated background screening level were considered in further risk assessment analyses.

For radiological COCs that exceeded the SNL/NM background screening levels, background values were subtracted from the individual maximum radionuclide concentrations. Those that did not exceed these background levels were not carried any further in the risk assessment. This approach is consistent with DOE Order 5400.5, "Radiation Protection of the Public and the Environment" (DOE 1993). Radiological COCs that do not have a background screening value and were detected above the analytical minimum detectable activity (MDA) were carried through the risk assessment at their maximum levels. The resultant radiological COCs remaining after this step are referred to as background-adjusted radiological COCs.

#### VI.4.2 Results

Tables 5 and 7 show SWMU 229 maximum COC concentrations that were compared to the SNL/NM maximum background values (Dinwiddie September 1997) for the human health risk assessment. For the nonradiological COCs, six constituents were measured at concentrations greater than the corresponding background screening values. Four constituents do not have quantified background screening concentrations. Fourteen nonradiological COCs were organic compounds that do not have corresponding background screening values.

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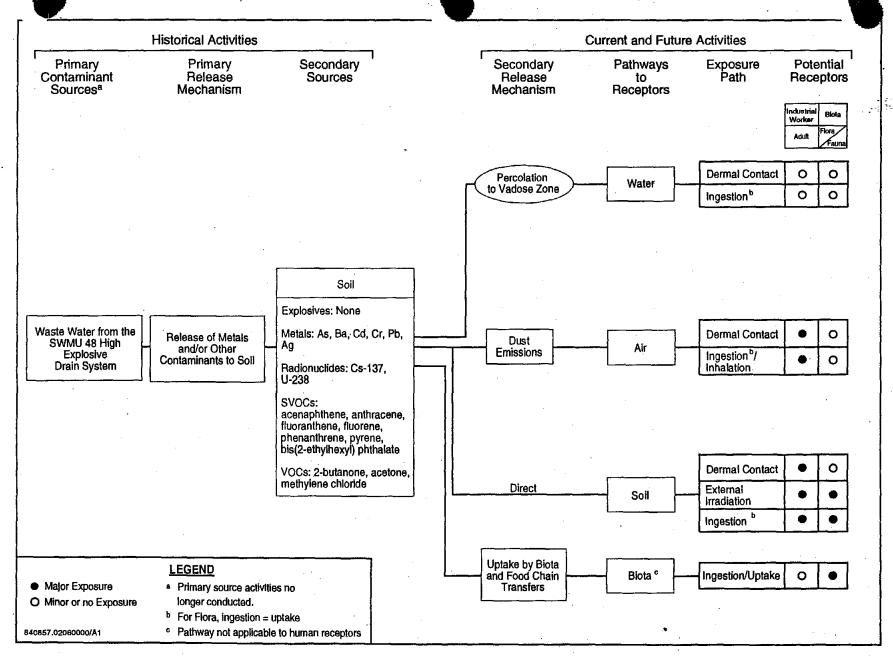


Figure 1
Conceptual Site Model Flow Diagram for SWMU 229

The maximum concentration value for lead is 32 mg/kg. The EPA intentionally does not provide human health toxicological data on lead; therefore, no risk parameter values could be calculated. However, the NMED guidance for lead screening concentrations for construction and industrial land use scenarios are 750 and 1,500 mg/kg, respectively (Olson and Moats March 2000). The EPA screening guidance value for a residential land use scenario is 400 mg/kg (Laws July 1994). The maximum concentration value for lead at this site is lower than all the screening values; therefore, lead is eliminated from further consideration in the human health risk assessment.

For the radiological COCs, four constituents (Cs-137, H-3, U-235, and U-238) exhibited MDA values greater than the corresponding background values.

#### VI.5 Step 4. Identification of Toxicological Parameters

Tables 10 (nonradiological) and 11 (radiological) list the COCs retained in the risk assessment and the values for the available toxicological information. The toxicological values used for nonradiological COCs in Table 10 were obtained from the Integrated Risk Information System (IRIS) (EPA 2003), the EPA Region 6 (EPA 2002a), and the Risk Assessment Information System (ORNL 2003) electronic databases, as well as the Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables (HEAST) (EPA 1997a) and the Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels (NMED December 2000). Dose conversion factors (DCFs) used in determining the excess TEDE values for radiological COCs for the individual pathways were the default values provided in the RESRAD computer code (Yu et al. 1993a) as developed in the following documents:

- DCFs for ingestion and inhalation were taken from "Federal Guidance Report No. 11, Limiting Values of Radionuclide Intake and Air Concentration and Dose Conversion Factors for Inhalation, Submersion, and Ingestion" (EPA 1988).
- DCFs for surface contamination (contamination on the surface of the site) were taken from DOE/EH-0070, "External Dose-Rate Conversion Factors for Calculation of Dose to the Public" (DOE 1988).
- DCFs for volume contamination (exposure to contamination deeper than the
  immediate surface of the site) were calculated using the methods discussed in
  "Dose-Rate Conversion Factors for External Exposure to Photon Emitters in Soil"
  (Kocher 1983) and in ANL/EAIS-8, "Data Collection Handbook to Support
  Modeling the Impacts of Radioactive Material in Soil" (Yu et al. 1993b).

#### VI.6 Step 5. Exposure Assessment and Risk Characterization

Section VI.6.1 describes the exposure assessment for this risk assessment. Section VI.6.2 provides the risk characterization, including the HI and excess cancer risk values for both the potential nonradiological COCs and associated background for industrial and residential land uses. The incremental TEDE and incremental estimated cancer risk are provided for the background-adjusted radiological COCs for both the industrial and residential land use scenarios.

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Table 10
Toxicological Parameter Values for SWMU 229 Nonradiological COCs

	RfD <sub>o</sub>		RfDinh		SFo	SFinh		. <u></u>
coc	(mg/kg-d)	Confidence <sup>a</sup>	(mg/kg-d)	Confidence <sup>a</sup>	(mg/kg-day) <sup>-1</sup>	(mg/kg-day) <sup>-1</sup>	Cancer Class <sup>b</sup>	ABS
Arsenic	3E-4 <sup>c</sup>	М		_	1.5E+0 <sup>c</sup>	1.5E+1 <sup>C</sup>	Α	0.03 <sup>d</sup>
Barium	7E-2 <sup>c</sup>	M	1.4E-4 <sup>e</sup>	_	_	_	D	0.01 <sup>d</sup>
Cadmium	5E-4 <sup>C</sup>	Н	5.7E-5 <sup>f</sup>	-	_	6.3E+0 <sup>c</sup>	B1	0.001 <sup>d</sup>
Chromium, total	1.5E+0 <sup>c</sup>	L			<u> </u>	-	D	0.01 <sup>d</sup>
Chromium VI	3E-3 <sup>c</sup>	L	2.3E-6 <sup>c</sup>	L	,	4.2E+1 <sup>C</sup>	Α	0.01 <sup>d</sup>
Cyanide	2E-2 <sup>C</sup>	М		_	_	_	D	0.1 <sup>d</sup>
Mercury	3E-4 <sup>e</sup>	_	8.6E-5 <sup>c</sup>	М			D	0.01 <sup>d</sup>
Selenium	5E-3 <sup>c</sup>	Н	_	_	_	_	D	0.01 <sup>d</sup>
Silver	5E-3 <sup>C</sup>	L			-	<u>-</u>	D	0.01 <sup>d</sup>
2-Butanone	6E-1 <sup>c</sup>	L	2.9E-1 <sup>c</sup>	L			D	0.1 <sup>d</sup>
Acenaphthene	6E-2 <sup>c</sup>	L	6E-2 <sup>f</sup>	_		_	-	0.13 <sup>d</sup>
Acetone	1E-1 <sup>C</sup>	L	1E-1 <sup>f</sup>	_	_	_	D	0.01 <sup>g</sup>
Anthracene	3E-1 <sup>c</sup>	L	3E-1 <sup>f</sup>	_	_	_	D ·	0.13 <sup>d</sup>
Benzo(a)anthracene		_	_	-	7.3E-1 <sup>f</sup>	3.1E-1 <sup>†</sup>	B2	0.13 <sup>d</sup>
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	_	_			7.3E-1 <sup>f</sup>	3.1E-1 <sup>f</sup>	B2	0.13 <sup>d</sup>
Benzo(a)pyrene	_	_		-	7.3E+0 <sup>c</sup>	3.1E+0 <sup>f</sup>	B2	0.13 <sup>d</sup>
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	2E-2 <sup>f</sup>	_	2E-2 <sup>f</sup>	_	1.4E-2 <sup>f</sup>	1.4E-2 <sup>f</sup>	_	0.01 <sup>g</sup>
Chrysene	_	_	<u>-</u>		7.3E-3 <sup>f</sup>	3.1E-3 <sup>f</sup>	B2	0.13 <sup>d</sup>
Fluoranthene	4E-2 <sup>c</sup>	L .	4E-2 <sup>f</sup>		_	-	D ·	0.13 <sup>d</sup>
Fluorene	4E-2 <sup>c</sup>	L	4E-2 <sup>f</sup>	<u> </u>	_	_	D	0.1 <sup>d</sup>
Methylene chloride	6E-2 <sup>c</sup>	М	8.6E-1 <sup>e</sup>	_	7.5E-3 <sup>c</sup>	1.6E-3 <sup>c</sup>	B2 ·	0.1 <sup>d</sup>
Phenanthrene <sup>h</sup>	3E-1 <sup>c</sup>	L	3E-1 <sup>f</sup>	_	_	_	D	0.1 <sup>d</sup>
Pyrene	3E-2 <sup>c</sup>	L	3E-2 <sup>f</sup>	_	_	-	D	0.1 <sup>d</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Confidence associated with IRIS (EPA 2003) database values. Confidence: L = low, M = medium, H = high.

- A = Human carcinogen.
- B1 = Probable human carcinogen. Limited human data are available.
- B2 = Probable human carcinogen. Sufficient evidence in animals and inadequate or no evidence in humans.
- D = Not classifiable as to human carcinogenicity.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>EPA weight-of-evidence classification system for carcinogenicity (EPA 1989) taken from IRIS (EPA 2003):

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Toxicological parameter values from IRIS electronic database (EPA 2003).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>Toxicological parameter values from NMED December 2000.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>e</sup>Toxicological parameter values from HEAST (EPA 1997a).

#### Table 10 (Concluded) Toxicological Parameter Values for SWMU 229 Nonradiological COCs

<sup>f</sup>Toxicological parameter values from EPA Region 6 electronic database (EPA 2002a).

<sup>g</sup>Toxicological parameter values from ORNL 2003.

hToxicological parameter values for phenanthrene could not be found. Anthracene was used as a surrogate.

ABS

= Gastrointestinal adsorption coefficient,

COC

= Constituent of concern.

**EPA** 

= U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

**HEAST** 

= Health Effects Assessment Summary Tables.

IRIS mg/kg-d = Integrated Risk Information System. = Milligram(s) per kilogram per day. = Per milligram per kilogram per day.

(mg/kg-day)-1

= New Mexico Environment Department.

**NMED** ORNL

= Oak Ridge National Laboratory.

RfD<sub>inh</sub> RfD<sub>o</sub>

= Inhalation chronic reference dose.

SFinh

= Oral chronic reference dose. = Inhalation slope factor.

SFo

= Oral slope factor.

SWMU

= Solid Waste Management Unit.

= Information not available.

Table 11
Toxicological Parameter Values for SWMU 229 Radiological COCs
Obtained from RESRAD Risk Coefficients <sup>a</sup>

сос	SF <sub>o</sub> (1/pCi)	SF <sub>inh</sub> (1/pCi)	SF <sub>ev</sub> (g/pCi-yr)	Cancer Class <sup>b</sup>
Cs-137	3.20E-11	1.90E-11	2.10E-6	Α
H-3	7.20E-14	9.60E-14	0	A
U-235	4.70E-11	1.30E-08	2.70E-07	Α
U-238	6.20E-11	1.20E-08	6.60E-08	Α

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From Yu et al. (1993a).

<sup>b</sup>EPA weight-of-evidence classification system for carcinogenicity (EPA 1989): A = Human carcinogen for high dose and high dose rate (i.e., greater than 50 rem per year). For low-level environmental exposures, the carcinogenic effect has not been observed and documented.

1/pCi = One per picocurie.

COC = Constituent of concern.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

g/pCi-yr = Gram(s) per picocurie per year.

SF<sub>ev</sub> = External volume exposure slope factor.

SF<sub>inh</sub> = Inhalation slope factor.
 SF<sub>o</sub> = Oral (ingestion) slope factor.
 SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

#### VI.6.1 Exposure Assessment

Appendix 1 provides the equations and parameter input values used in calculating intake values and subsequent HI and excess cancer risk values for the individual exposure pathways. The appendix shows parameters for both the industrial and residential land use scenarios. The equations for nonradiological COCs are based upon the RAGS (EPA 1989). Parameters are based upon information from the RAGS (EPA 1989), the Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels (NMED December 2000) as well as other EPA and NMED guidance documents, and reflect the reasonable maximum exposure (RME) approach advocated by the RAGS (EPA 1989). For radiological COCs, the coded equations provided in the RESRAD computer code are used to estimate the incremental TEDE and cancer risk for individual exposure pathways. Further discussion of this process is provided in the Manual for Implementing Residual Radioactive Material Guidelines Using RESRAD (Yu et al. 1993a).

Although the designated land use scenario for this site is industrial, risk and TEDE values for a residential land use scenario are also presented.

#### VI.6.2 Risk Characterization

Table 12 shows an HI of 0.1 for the SWMU 229 nonradiological COCs and an estimated excess cancer risk of 5E-6 for the designated industrial land use scenario. The numbers presented include exposure from soil ingestion, dermal contact, and dust and volatile inhalation for nonradiological COCs. Table 13 shows an HI of 0.02 and an estimated excess cancer risk of 3E-6 for the designated industrial land use scenario.

Table 12 Risk Assessment Values for SWMU 229 Nonradiological COCs

	Maximum		Land Use ario <sup>a</sup>	Residential Land Use Scenario <sup>a</sup>		
coc	Concentration (mg/kg)	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk	
Arsenic	6.7	0.03	4E-6	0.31	2E-5	
Barium	280	0.00	_	0.05	_	
Cadmium	2.8	0.01	9E-10	0.07	2E-9	
Chromium, total	25.2	0.00	_	0.00	_	
Chromium VI	0.092 J	0.00	2E-10	0.00	4E-10	
Cyanide	0.0159 J	0.00		0.00	-	
Mercury	0.00492 J	0.00	<del>-</del>	0.00_		
Selenium	0.480 J	0.00	<del>-</del>	0.00	_	
Silver	1.4	0.00	_	0.00	_	
2-Butanone	0.0191	0.00	_	0.00	_	
Acenaphthene	0.00555 J	0.00	_	0.00	_	
Acetone	0.009 J	0.00	_	0.00		
Anthracene	0.00917 J	0.00	_	0.00	<del>-</del>	
Benzo(a)anthracene	0.071 J	0.00	3E-8	0.00_	1E-7	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	0.160 J	0.00	8E-8	0.00	3E-7	
Benzo(a)pyrene	0.092 J	0.00	4E-7	0.00_	1E-6	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	0.170 J	0.00	9E-10	0.00	4E-9	
Chrysene	0.120 J	0.00	6E-10	0.00	2E-9	
Fluoranthene	0.230 J	0.00		0.00	-	
Fluorene	0.00371 J	0.00		0.00_	_	
Methylene chloride	0.00105 J	0.00	7E-9	0.00	1E-8	
Phenanathrene Phenanathrene	0.180 J	0.07	_	0.21		
Pyrene	0.280 J	0.00	_	0.00	-	
Total		0.1	5 <b>E-6</b>	0.6_	2E-5	

#### <sup>a</sup>From EPA (1989).

COC = Constituent of concern.
EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

= Estimated value.

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

= Information not available.

Table 13	٠.
Risk Assessment Values for SWMU 229 Nonradiological Background Constit	uents

	Background		Land Use nario <sup>b</sup>	Residential Land Use Scenariob		
COC	Concentration <sup>a</sup> (mg/kg)	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk	Hazard Index	Cancer Risk	
Arsenic	4.4	0.02	3E-6	0.20	1E-5	
Barium	200	0.00	_	0.04		
Cadmium	<1		-	_		
Chromium, total	12.8	0.00	_	0.00	_	
Chromium VI	NC	· <b>–</b>	<del>-</del>	-	<b>–</b> .	
Cyanide	NC		-		_	
Mercury	<0.1	_	-	_	_	
Selenium	<1		_		_	
Silver	<1		<u>-</u>		_	
T	otal	0.02	3E-6	0.2	1E-5	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From Dinwiddie (September 1997), North Supergroup.

<sup>b</sup>From EPA (1989).

COC = Constituent of concern.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

mg/kg = Milligram(s) per kilogram.

NC = Background value not calculated. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

= Information not available.

For the radiological COCs, contribution from the direct gamma exposure pathway is included. For the industrial land use scenario, a TEDE was calculated that results in an incremental TEDE of 1.4E-1 millirem (mrem) per year (yr). In accordance with EPA guidance found in Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response Directive No. 9200.4-18 (EPA 1997b), an incremental TEDE of 15 mrem/yr is used for the probable land use scenario (industrial in this case); the calculated dose value for SWMU 229 for the industrial land use scenario is well below this guideline. The estimated excess cancer risk is 1.4E-6.

For the residential land use scenario nonradioactive COCs, the HI is 0.6 and the estimated excess cancer risk is 2E-5 (Table 12). The numbers in the table include exposure from soil ingestion, dermal contact, and dust and volatile inhalation. Although the EPA (EPA 1991) generally recommends that inhalation not be included in a residential land use scenario, this pathway is included because of the potential for soil in Albuquerque, New Mexico, to be eroded and, subsequently, for dust to be present in predominantly residential areas. Because of the nature of the local soil, other exposure pathways are not considered (see Appendix 1). Table 13 shows that for the SWMU 229 associated background constituents, the HI is 0.2 and the estimated excess cancer risk is 1E-5.

For the radiological COCs, the incremental TEDE for the residential land use scenario is 3.4E-1 mrem/yr. The guideline being used is an excess TEDE of 75 mrem/yr (SNL/NM February 1998) for a complete loss of institutional controls (residential land use in this case); the calculated dose value for SWMU 229 for the residential land use scenario is well below this guideline. Consequently, SWMU 229 is eligible for unrestricted radiological release as the

residential land use scenario resulted in an incremental TEDE of less than 75 mrem/yr to the on-site receptor. The estimated excess cancer risk is 4.1E-6. The excess cancer risk from the nonradiological COCs and the radiological COCs should be summed to provide risk estimates for persons exposed to both types of carcinogenic contaminants, as noted in OSWER Directive No. 9200-4-18 "Establishment of Cleanup Levels for CERCLA Sites with Radioactive Contamination" (EPA 1997b). This summation is tabulated in Section VI.9, Summary.

#### VI.7 Step 6. Comparison of Risk Values to Numerical Guidelines

The human health risk assessment analysis evaluated the potential for adverse health effects for both the industrial land use scenario (the designated land use scenario for this site) and the residential land use scenario.

For the industrial land use scenario nonradiological COCs, the HI is 0.1 (less than the numerical guideline of 1 suggested in the RAGS [EPA 1989]). Excess cancer risk is estimated at 5E-6. NMED guidance states that cumulative excess lifetime cancer risk must be less than 1E-5 (Bearzi January 2001). Thus the excess cancer risk for this site is below the suggested acceptable risk value. This assessment also determined risks considering background concentrations of the potential nonradiological COCs for both the industrial and residential land use scenarios. Under the industrial land use scenario, the HI is 0.02 and the excess cancer risk is 3E-6 for nonradiological COCs. Incremental risk is determined by subtracting risk associated with background from potential COC risk. These numbers are not rounded before the difference is determined and, therefore, may appear to be inconsistent with numbers presented in tables and within the text. For conservatism, the background constituents that do not have quantified background screening concentrations are assumed to have a hazard quotient (HQ) of 0.00. The incremental HI is 0.09 and the estimated incremental cancer risk is 1.52E-6 for the industrial land use scenario. These incremental risk calculations indicate insignificant risk to human health from nonradiological COCs considering an industrial land use scenario.

For radiological COCs under the industrial land use scenario, the incremental TEDE is 1.4E-1 mrem/yr, which is significantly less than EPA's numerical guideline of 15 mrem/yr. The incremental estimated excess cancer risk is 1.4E-6.

The calculated HI for the nonradiological COCs under the residential land use scenario is 0.6, which is below the numerical guidance. The excess cancer risk is estimated to be 2E-5. NMED guidance states that cumulative excess lifetime cancer risk must be less than 1E-5 (Bearzi January 2001). Thus the excess cancer risk for this site is above the suggested acceptable risk value. The HI for associated background for the residential land use scenario is 0.2; the estimated excess cancer risk is 1E-5. The incremental HI is 0.40 and the estimated incremental cancer risk is 1.14E-5 for the residential land use scenario. The incremental excess cancer risk calculation is slightly above NMED guidelines considering a residential land use scenario.

The incremental TEDE from the radiological components under the residential land use scenario is 3.4E-1 mrem/yr, which is significantly less than the numerical guideline of 75 mrem/yr suggested in the SNL/NM "RESRAD Input Parameter Assumptions and Justification" (SNL/NM February 1998). The estimated excess cancer risk is 4.1E-6.

#### VI.8 Step 7. Uncertainty Discussion

The determination of the nature, rate, and extent of contamination at SWMU 229 was based upon an initial conceptual model that was validated with confirmatory soil sampling conducted across the site. The sampling was implemented in accordance with the two SAPs (SNL/NM June 1994 and SNL/NM February 2001). The DQOs in the SAPs are considered appropriate for use in the SWMU 229 risk assessment. The analytical data, based upon sample location, density, and depth, are representative of the site. The analytical results satisfy the DQOs and were verified/validated in accordance with SNL/NM procedures. The QA/QC findings demonstrate that the analytical data were of sufficient quality. Therefore, there is no uncertainty associated with the data quality used to perform the risk assessment at SWMU 229.

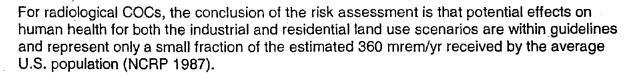
Because of the location, history of the site, and future land use (DOE et al. September 1995), there is low uncertainty in the land use scenario and the potentially affected populations that were considered in performing the risk assessment analysis. Because the COCs are found in surface and near-surface soil and because of the location and physical characteristics of the site, there is little uncertainty in the exposure pathways relevant to the analysis.

An RME approach was used to calculate the risk assessment values. This means that the parameter values in the calculations are conservative and that calculated intakes are probably overestimated. Maximum measured values of COC concentrations are used to provide conservative results.

Table 10 shows the uncertainties (confidence level) in nonradiological toxicological parameter values. There is a mixture of estimated values and values from the IRIS (EPA 2003), HEAST (EPA 1997a), Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels (NMED December 2000), the Risk Assessment Information System (ORNL 2003), and EPA Region 6 (EPA 2002a) electronic databases. Where values are not provided, information is not available from the HEAST (EPA 1997a), IRIS (EPA 2003), Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels (NMED December 2000), the Risk Assessment Information System (ORNL 2003) or the EPA regions (EPA 2002a, 2002b, 2002c). Because of the conservative nature of the RME approach, uncertainties in toxicological values are not expected to change the conclusion from the risk assessment analysis.

Risk assessment values for nonradiological COCs are within the acceptable range for human health under the industrial land use scenario compared to established numerical guidance.

Although the estimated excess cancer risk is slightly above the NMED guideline for the residential land use scenario, maximum concentrations were used in the risk calculation. Because the site has been adequately characterized, average concentrations are more representative of actual site conditions. Using the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) of the average concentrations for arsenic, the main contributor to excess cancer risk (4.7 mg/kg) (Appendix 2), the total estimated excess cancer risk is reduced to 1E-5 and the incremental excess cancer risk is reduced to 1.42E-6. Thus, by using realistic concentrations in the risk calculations that more accurately depict actual site conditions, the incremental estimated excess cancer risk is below NMED guidelines. It should also be noted that both the maximum and 95% UCL of the mean arsenic concentrations (6.7 mg/kg and 4.7 mg/kg, respectively) are only slightly above background (4.4 mg/kg) and well within the range of background arsenic concentrations (0.015 to 9.7 mg/kg). Thus, arsenic is quite likely part of the background population and not indicative of contamination at all.



The overall uncertainty in all of the steps in the risk assessment process is not considered to be significant with respect to the conclusion reached.

#### VI.9 Summary

SWMU 229 contains identified COCs consisting of some inorganic, organic, and radiological compounds. Because of the location of the site, the designated industrial land use scenario, and the nature of contamination, potential exposure pathways identified for this site included soil ingestion, dermal contact, and dust and volatile inhalation for chemical COCs, and soil ingestion, dust inhalation, and direct gamma exposure for radionuclides. The same exposure pathways were applied to the residential land use scenario.

Using conservative assumptions and an RME approach to risk assessment, calculations for nonradiological COCs show that for the industrial land use scenario the HI (0.1) is significantly less than the accepted numerical guidance from the EPA. The estimated excess cancer risk is 5E-6. Thus, excess cancer risk is also below the acceptable risk value provided by the NMED for an industrial land use scenario (Bearzi January 2001). The incremental HI is 0.09, and the incremental excess cancer risk is 1.52E-6 for the industrial land use scenario. The incremental risk calculations indicate insignificant risk to human health under an industrial land use scenario.

Using conservative assumptions and an RME approach to risk assessment, calculations for nonradiological COCs show that for the residential land use scenario the HI (0.6) is less than the accepted numerical guidance from the EPA. The estimated excess cancer risk is 2E-5. Thus, excess cancer risk is above the acceptable risk value provided by the NMED for a residential land use scenario (Bearzi January 2001). The incremental HI is 0.40, and the incremental excess cancer risk is 1.14E-5 under the residential land use scenario.

Although the estimated excess cancer risk for the residential land use scenario is slightly above the NMED guideline, maximum concentrations were used in the risk calculation. Because the site has been adequately characterized, average concentrations are more representative of actual site conditions. Using the 95% UCL of the average concentrations for arsenic, the main contributor to excess cancer risk (4.7 mg/kg), the total estimated excess cancer risk is reduced to 1E-5, and the incremental excess cancer risk is reduced to 1.42E-6. Thus, by using realistic concentrations in the risk calculations that more accurately depict actual site conditions, the incremental estimated excess cancer risk is below NMED guidelines. It should also be noted that both the maximum and 95% UCL of the mean arsenic concentrations (6.7 mg/kg and 4.7 mg/kg, respectively) are only slightly above background (4.4 mg/kg) and well within the range of background arsenic concentrations (0.015 to 9.7 mg/kg). Thus, arsenic is quite likely part of the background population and not indicative of contamination at all.

The incremental TEDE and corresponding estimated cancer risk from radiological COCs are much less than EPA guidance values; the estimated TEDE is 1.4E-1 mrem/yr for the industrial

land use scenario. This value is much less than the EPA's numerical guidance of 15 mrem/yr (EPA 1997b). The corresponding incremental estimated cancer risk value is 1.4E-6 for the industrial land use scenario. Furthermore, the incremental TEDE for the residential land use scenario that results from a complete loss of institutional control is 3.4E-1 mrem/yr with an associated risk of 4.1E-6. The guideline for this scenario is 75 mrem/yr (SNL/NM February 1998). Therefore, SWMU 229 is eligible for unrestricted radiological release.

The summation of the nonradiological and radiological carcinogenic risks are tabulated in Table 14.

Table 14
Summation of Radiological and Nonradiological Risks from Site Carcinogens

Scenario	Nonradiological Risk	Radiologial Risk	Total Risk
Industrial	1.5E-6	1.4E-6	2.9E-6
Residential	1.4E-6	4.1E-6	5.5E-6

Uncertainties associated with the calculations are considered small relative to the conservatism of this risk assessment analysis. Therefore, it is concluded that this site poses insignificant risk to human health under both the industrial and residential land use scenarios.

#### VII. Ecological Risk Assessment

#### VII.1 Introduction

This section addresses the ecological risks associated with exposure to constituents of potential ecological concern (COPECs) in soil at SWMU 229. A component of the NMED Risk-Based Decision Tree (NMED March 1998) is to conduct an ecological assessment that corresponds with that presented in EPA's Ecological RAGS (EPA 1997c). The current methodology is tiered and contains an initial scoping assessment followed by a more detailed risk assessment. Initial components of NMED's decision tree (a discussion of DQOs, data assessment, and evaluations of bioaccumulation as well as fate and transport potential) are addressed in previous sections of this report. Following the completion of the scoping assessment, a determination is made as to whether a more detailed examination of potential ecological risk is necessary. If deemed necessary, the scoping assessment proceeds to a risk assessment whereby a more quantitative estimate of ecological risk is conducted. Although this assessment incorporates conservatisms in the estimation of ecological risks, ecological relevance and professional judgment also are used as recommended by the EPA (EPA 1998) to ensure that predicted exposures of selected ecological receptors reflect those reasonably expected to occur at the site.

#### VII.2 Scoping Assessment

The scoping assessment focuses primarily on the likelihood of exposure of biota at or adjacent to the site to constituents associated with site activities. Included in this section are an evaluation of existing data and a comparison of maximum concentrations detected to

background concentrations, examination of bioaccumulation potential, and fate and transport potential. A scoping risk-management decision (Section VII.2.4) involves summarizing the scoping results and determining whether further examination of potential ecological impacts is necessary.

#### VII.2.1 Data Assessment

As indicated in Section IV (Tables 6 and 8), inorganic constituents in soil within the 0- to 5-foot depth interval that exceeded background concentrations were as follows:

- Arsenic
- Barium
- Cadmium
- Chromium (total)
- Chromium VI
- Lead
- Mercury
- Selenium
- Silver
- H-3
- Cs-137
- U-235
- U-238

Organic analytes detected in soil were as follows:

- 2-Butanone
- Acenaphthene
- Acetone
- Anthracene
- Benzo(a)anthracene
- Benzo(b)fluoranthene
- Benzo(a)pyrene
- bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate
- Chrysene
- Fluoranthene
- Fluorene
- Phenanthrene
- Pyrene

#### VII.2.2 Bioaccumulation

Among the COPECs listed in Section VII.2.1, the following were considered to have bioaccumulation potential in aquatic environments (Section IV, Tables 6 and 8):

- Arsenic
- Barium
- Cadmium
- Lead
- Mercury
- Selenium
- Cs-137
- U-235
- U-238
- Acenaphthene
- Anthracene
- Benzo(a)anthracene
- Benzo(b)fluoranthene
- Benzo(a)pyrene
- bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate
- Chrysene
- Fluoranthene
- Fluorene
- Phenanthrene
- Pyrene

It should be noted, however, that as directed by the NMED (NMED March 1998), bioaccumulation for inorganic constituents is assessed exclusively based upon maximum reported bioconcentration factors (BCFs) for aquatic species. Because only aquatic BCFs are used to evaluate the bioaccumulation potential for metals, bioaccumulation in terrestrial species is likely to be overpredicted.

#### VII.2.3 Fate and Transport Potential

The potential for the COPECs to migrate from the source of contamination to other media or biota is discussed in Section V. As noted in Table 9 (Section V), wind is expected to be of low significance as a transport mechanism for COPECs at this site, and surface-water runoff is potentially of moderate significance. Migration to groundwater is not anticipated. Food chain uptake is expected to be of low significance. Degradation (decay) and transformation of the inorganic COPECs and radionuclides are expected to be of low significance, but may be of moderate significance for the organic COPECs.

#### VII.2.4 Scoping Risk-Management Decision

Based upon information gathered through the scoping assessment, it was concluded that complete ecological pathways may be associated with this SWMU and that COPECs also exist at the site. As a consequence, a risk assessment was deemed necessary to predict the potential level of ecological risk associated with the site.

#### VII.3 Risk Assessment

As concluded in Section VII.2.4, both complete ecological pathways and COPECs are associated with this SWMU. The risk assessment performed for the site involves a quantitative estimate of current ecological risks using exposure models in association with exposure parameters and toxicity information obtained from the literature. The estimation of potential ecological risks is conservative to ensure that ecological risks are not underpredicted.

Components within the risk assessment include the following:

- Problem Formulation—sets the stage for the evaluation of potential exposure and risk.
- Exposure Estimation—provides a quantitative estimate of potential exposure.
- Ecological Effects Evaluation—presents benchmarks used to gauge the toxicity of COPECs to specific receptors.
- Risk Characterization—characterizes the ecological risk associated with exposure of the receptors to environmental media at the site.
- Uncertainty Assessment—discusses uncertainties associated with the estimation of exposure and risk.
- Risk Interpretation—evaluates ecological risk in terms of HQs and ecological significance.
- Risk Assessment Scientific/Management Decision Point—presents the decision to risk managers based upon the results of the ecological risk assessment.

#### VII.3.1 Problem Formulation

Problem formulation is the initial stage of the ecological risk assessment that provides the introduction to the risk evaluation process. Components that are addressed in this section include a discussion of ecological pathways and the ecological setting, identification of COPECs, and selection of ecological receptors. The conceptual model, ecological food webs, and ecological endpoints (other components commonly addressed in a risk assessment) are presented in the "Predictive Ecological Risk Assessment Methodology, Environmental Restoration Program, Sandia National Laboratories, New Mexico" (IT July 1998) and are not duplicated here.

#### VII.3.1.1 Ecological Pathways and Setting

SWMU 229 is approximately 0.16 acre in size. The site is located in an area dominated by grassland habitat. The southern exposure and sloping terrain of the site, however, result in a more arid microenvironment and a more limited vegetative cover than the grasslands of the adjacent mesa surfaces. The site is unpaved and open to use by wildlife. No threatened or

endangered species are known to occur at this site (IT February 1995), and no surface-water bodies, seeps, or springs are associated with the site.

Complete ecological pathways may exist at this site through the exposure of plants and wildlife to COPECs in soil at this site. It was assumed that direct uptake of COPECs from soil is the major route of exposure for plants and that exposure of plants to wind-blown soil is minor. Exposure modeling for the wildlife receptors was limited to the food and soil ingestion pathways and external radiation. Because of the lack of surface water at this site, exposure to COPECs through the ingestion of surface water was considered insignificant. Inhalation and dermal contact were also considered insignificant pathways with respect to ingestion (Sample and Suter 1994). Groundwater is not expected to be affected by COPECs at this site.

#### VII.3.1.2 COPECs

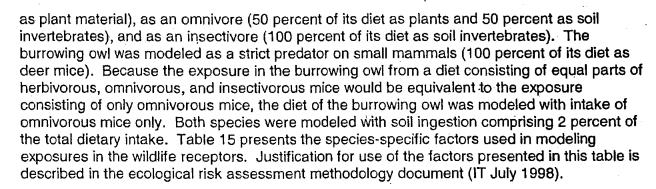
Discharges of waste water from Buildings 904, 913, and 914 were the primary sources of COPECs at SWMU 229. Inorganic and organic COPECs identified for SWMU 229 are listed in Section VII.2.1. The inorganic COPECs include both radiological and nonradiological analytes. The inorganic analytes were screened against background concentrations and those that exceeded the approved SNL/NM background screening levels (Dinwiddie September 1997) for the area were considered to be COPECs. Nonradiological inorganic constituents that are essential nutrients, such as iron, magnesium, calcium, potassium, and sodium, were not included in this risk assessment as set forth by the EPA (EPA 1989). All organic analytes detected within the upper 5 feet of soil were considered to be COPECs for the site. In order to provide conservatism, this ecological risk assessment was based upon the maximum soil concentrations of the COPECs measured in the upper 5 feet of soil at this site. Tables 6 and 8 present maximum concentrations for the COPECs.

#### VII.3.1.3 Ecological Receptors

A nonspecific perennial plant was selected as the receptor to represent plant species at the site (IT July 1998). Vascular plants are the principal primary producers at the site and are key to the diversity and productivity of the wildlife community associated with the site. The deer mouse (*Peromyscus maniculatus*) and the burrowing owl (*Speotyto cunicularia*) were used to represent wildlife use. Because of its opportunistic food habits, the deer mouse was used to represent a mammalian herbivore, omnivore, and insectivore. The burrowing owl was selected to represent a top predator at this site. The burrowing owl is present at SNL/NM and is designated a species of management concern by the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service in Region 2, which includes the state of New Mexico (USFWS September 1995).

#### VII.3.2 Exposure Estimation

For nonradiological COPECs, direct uptake from the soil was considered the only significant route of exposure for terrestrial plants. Exposure modeling for the wildlife receptors was limited to food and soil ingestion pathways. Inhalation and dermal contact were considered insignificant pathways with respect to ingestion (Sample and Suter 1994). Drinking water was also considered an insignificant pathway because of the lack of surface water at this site. The deer mouse was modeled under three dietary regimes: as an herbivore (100 percent of its diet



Although home range is also included in this table, exposures for this risk assessment were modeled using an area use factor of 1.0, implying that all food items and soil ingested are from the site being investigated. The maximum COPEC concentrations measured in the upper 5 feet of soil were used to conservatively estimate potential exposures and risks to plants and wildlife at this site.

For the radiological dose rate calculations, the deer mouse was modeled as an herbivore (100 percent of its diet as plants), and the burrowing owl was modeled as a strict predator on small mammals (100 percent of its diet as deer mice). Both were modeled with soil ingestion comprising 2 percent of the total dietary intake. Receptors are exposed to radiation both internally and externally from Cs-137, H-3, U-235, and U-238. Internal and external dose rates to the deer mouse and the burrowing owl are approximated using modified dose-rate models from DOE (DOE 1995) as presented in the ecological risk assessment methodology document for the SNL/NM ER Project (IT July 1998). Radionuclide-dependent data for the dose-rate calculations were obtained from Baker and Soldat (1992). The external dose-rate model examines the total-body dose rate to a receptor residing in soil exposed to radionuclides. The soil surrounding the receptor is assumed to be an infinite medium uniformly contaminated with gamma-emitting radionuclides. The external dose-rate model is the same for both the deer mouse and the burrowing owl. The internal total-body dose-rate model assumes that a fraction of the radionuclide concentration ingested by a receptor is absorbed by the body and concentrated at the center of a spherical body shape. This provides for a conservative estimate for absorbed dose. This concentrated radiation source at the center of the body of the receptor is assumed to be a "point" source. Radiation emitted from this point source is absorbed by the body tissues to contribute to the absorbed dose. Alpha and beta emitters are assumed to transfer 100 percent of their energy to the receptor as they pass through tissues. Gammaemitting radionuclides transfer only a fraction of their energy to the tissues because gamma rays interact less with matter than do beta or alpha emitters. The external and internal doserate results are summed to calculate a total dose rate from exposure to Cs-137, H-3, U-235, and U-238 in soil.

Table 16 provides the transfer factors used in modeling the concentrations of COPECs through the food chain. Table 17 presents maximum concentrations in soil and derived concentrations in tissues of the various food chain elements that are used to model dietary exposures for each of the wildlife receptors.

Table 15
Exposure Factors for Ecological Receptors at SWMU 229

Receptor Species	Class/Order	Trophic Level	Body Weight (kg) <sup>a</sup>	Food Intake Rate (kg/day) <sup>b</sup>	Dietary Composition <sup>c</sup>	Home Range (acres)
Deer Mouse (Peromyscus maniculatus)	Mammalia/ Rodentia	Herbivore	2.39E-2 <sup>d</sup>	3.72E-3	Plants: 100% (+ Soil at 2% of intake)	2.7E-1 <sup>e</sup>
Deer Mouse (Peromyscus maniculatus)	Mammalia/ Rodentia	Omnivore	2.39E-2 <sup>d</sup>	3.72E-3	Plants: 50% Invertebrates: 50% (+ Soil at 2% of intake)	2.7E-1 <sup>e</sup>
Deer Mouse (Peromyscus maniculatus)	Mammalia/ Rodentia	Insectivore	2.39E-2 <sup>d</sup>	3.72E-3	Invertebrates: 100% (+ Soil at 2% of intake)	2.7E-1 <sup>e</sup>
Burrowing owl (Speotyto cunicularia)	Aves/ Strigiformes	Carnivore	1.55E-1 <sup>f</sup>	1.73E-2	Rodents: 100% (+ Soil at 2% of intake)	3.5E+19

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Body weights are in kg wet weight.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

kg = Kilogram(s).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Food intake rates are estimated from the allometric equations presented in Nagy (1987). Units are kg dry weight per day.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Dietary compositions are generalized for modeling purposes. Default soil intake value of 2% of food intake.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>d</sup>From Silva and Downing (1995).

eEPA (1993), based upon the average home range measured in semiarid shrubland in Idaho.

From Dunning (1993).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup>From Haug et al. (1993).

## Table 16 Transfer Factors Used in Exposure Models for COPECs at SWMU 229

COPEC	Soil-to-Plant Transfer Factor	Soil-to-Invertebrate Transfer Factor	Food-to-Muscle Transfer Factor	
Inorganic	Transfer ractor	Transfer Factor	Transfer ractor	
Arsenic	4.0E-2ª	1.0E+0b	2.0E-3ª	
Barium	1.5E-1ª	1.0E+0b	2.0E-4c	
Cadmium	5.5E-1ª	6.0E-1 <sup>d</sup>	5.5E-4a	
Chromium (total)	4.0E-2 <sup>c</sup>	1.3E-1e	3.0E-2°	
Chromium VI	4.0E-2°	1.3E-1°	3.0E-2°	
Lead	9.0E-2°	4.0E-2d	8.0E-4°	
Mercury	1.0E+0°	1.0E+0b	2.5E-1ª	
Selenium	5.0E-1°	1.0E+0b	1.0E-1°	
Silver	1.0E+0 <sup>c</sup>	2.5E-1 <sup>d</sup>	5.0E-3°	
Organic <sup>1</sup>				
2-Butanone	2.6E+1	1.4E+1	3.7E-8	
Acenaphthene	2.1E-1	2.1E+1	2.1E-4	
Acetone	5.3E+1	1.3E+1	1.0E-8	
Anthracene	1.0E-1	2.2E+1	7.3E-4	
Benzo(a)anthracene	2.2E-1	2.5E+1	1.2E-2	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	6.2E-3	2.8E+1	1.1E-1	
Benzo(a)pyrene	1.1E-1	2.7E+1	3.8E-2	
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	1.6E-3	3.2E+1	1.3E+0	
Chrysene	1.5E-2	2.6E+1	2,3E-2	
Fluoranthene	5.7 <b>E-2</b>	2.3E+1	2.1E-3	
Fluorene	1.5E-1	2.1E+1	3.8E-4	
Phenanthrene	8.9E-2	2.2E+1	9.6E-4	
Pyrene	3.3E-2	2.4E+1	5.8E-3	

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>From Baes et al. (1984).

COPEC = Constituent of potential ecological concern.

K<sub>ow</sub> = Octanol-water partition coefficient.

Log = Logarithm (base 10).

NCRP = National Council on Radiation Protection and Measurements.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Default value.

<sup>°</sup>From NCRP (January 1989).

dFrom Stafford et al. (1991).

eFrom Ma (1982).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Soil-to-plant and food-to-muscle transfer factors from equations developed in Travis and Arms (1988). Soil-to-invertebrate transfer factors from equations developed in Connell and Markwell (1990). All three equations based upon the relationship of the transfer factor to the Log K<sub>ow</sub> value of compound.

Table 17
Media Concentrations<sup>a</sup> for COPECs at SWMU 229

	Soil	Plant	Soil	Deer Mouse				
COPEC	(maximum) <sup>a</sup>	Foliage <sup>b</sup>	Invertebrate <sup>b</sup>	Tissues <sup>c</sup>				
Inorga <b>nic</b>								
Arsenic	6.7E+0	2.7E-1	6.7E+0	2.3E-2				
Barium	2.8E+2	4.2E+1	2.8E+2	1.0E-1				
Cadmium	2.8E+0	1.5E+0	1.7E+0	2.9E-3				
Chromium (total)	1.6E+1	6.3E-1	2.0E+0	1.5E-1_				
Chromium VI	5.0E-1 <sup>d</sup>	2.0E-2	6.5E <b>-</b> 2	4.9E-3				
Lead	3.2E+1	2.9E+0	1.3E+0	6.8E-3				
Mercury	4.3E-3 <sup>e</sup>	4.3E-3	4.3E-3	3.4E-3				
Selenium	4.3E-3 <sup>e</sup>	4.3E-3	4.3E-3	3.4E-3				
Silver	4.8E-1	2.4E-1	4.8E-1	1.2E-1				
Organic								
2-Butanone	7.0E-3 <sup>e</sup>	1.8E-1	9.5E-2	1.6E-8				
Acenaphthene	5.6E-3 <sup>e</sup>	1.2E-3	1.1E-1	3.7E-5				
Acetone	9.0E-3 <sup>e</sup>	4.8E-1	1.2E-1	9.7E <b>-</b> 9				
Anthracene	9.2E-3 <sup>e</sup>	9.5E-4	2.0E-1	2.3E-4				
Benzo(a)anthracene	7.1E-2 <sup>e</sup>	1.6E-3	1.8E+0	3.2E-2				
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	1.6E-1 <sup>e</sup>	9.9E <b>-4</b>	4.5E+0	7.9E-1				
Benzo(a)pyrene	9.2E-2 <sup>e</sup>	1.0E-3	2.4E+0	1.4E-1				
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	1.7E-1e	2.7E-4	5.4E+0	1.1E+1				
Chrysene	1.2E-1 <sup>e</sup>	1.8E-3	3.1E+0	1.1E-1				
Fluoranthene	2.3E-1 <sup>e</sup>	1.3E-2	5.3E+0	1.8E-2				
Fluorene	3.7E-3 <sup>e</sup>	5.5E-4	7.9E-2	4.8E-5				
Phenanthrene	1.8E-1 <sup>e</sup>	1.6E <b>-2</b>	4.0E+0	6.1E-3				
Pyrene	2.8E-1e	9.1E <b>-</b> 3	6.8E+0	6.1E-2				

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>In milligrams per kilogram. All biotic media are based upon dry weight of the media. Soil concentration measurements are assumed to have been based upon dry weight. Values have been rounded to two significant digits after calculation.

COPEC = Constituent of potential ecological concern.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Product of the soil concentration and the corresponding transfer factor.

Based upon the deer mouse with an omnivorous diet. Product of the average concentration ingested in food and soil times the food-to-muscle transfer factor times a wet weight-dry weight conversion factor of 3.125 (EPA 1993).

dMaximum concentration of parameter was one-half the detection limit.

eEstimated value.

#### VII.3.3 Ecological Effects Evaluation

Table 18 shows benchmark toxicity values for the plant and wildlife receptors. For plants, the benchmark soil concentrations are based upon the lowest-observed-adverse-effect level (LOAEL). For wildlife, the toxicity benchmarks are based upon the no-observed-adverse-effect level (NOAEL) for chronic oral exposure in a taxonomically similar test species. Sufficient toxicity information was not available to estimate the LOAELs or NOAELs for some COPECs.

The benchmark used for exposure of terrestrial receptors to radiation was 0.1 rad/day. This value has been recommended by the International Atomic Energy Agency for the protection of terrestrial populations (IAEA 1992). Because plants and insects are less sensitive to radiation than vertebrates (Whicker and Schultz 1982), the dose of 0.1 rad/day should also protect other groups within the terrestrial habitat of SWMU 229.

#### VII.3.4 Risk Characterization

Maximum concentrations in soil and estimated dietary exposures were compared to plant and wildlife benchmark values, respectively. Table 19 presents the results of these comparisons. HQs are used to quantify the comparison with benchmarks for plant and wildlife exposure.

For plants, only the HQ for total chromium exceeded unity. No HQs exceeded unity for the herbivorous deer mouse; however, for the omnivorous and insectivorous deer mice, HQs exceeded unity for arsenic and barium. For the burrowing owl, only the HQ for bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate exceeded unity. Because of a lack of sufficient toxicity information, HQs for plants could not be determined for 2-butanone, acetone, and bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Similarly, HQs could not be determined for the burrowing owl for chromium VI, silver, and all of the organic COPECs except bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. As directed by the NMED, HIs were calculated for each of the receptors (the HI is the sum of chemical-specific HQs for all pathways for a given receptor). All receptors had total HIs greater than unity, with a maximum HI of 20 for plants.

Tables 20 and 21 summarize the internal and external dose-rate model results for Cs-137, H-3, U-235, and U-238 for the deer mouse and burrowing owl, respectively. The total radiation dose rate to the deer mouse was predicted to be 4.1E-4 rad/day and that for the burrowing owl was 3.9E-4 rad/day. The dose rates for the deer mouse and the burrowing owl are less than the benchmark of 0.1 rad/day.

#### VII.3.5 Uncertainty Assessment

Many uncertainties are associated with the characterization of ecological risks at SWMU 229. These uncertainties result from assumptions used in calculating risk that could overestimate or underestimate true risk presented at the site. For this risk assessment, assumptions are made that are more likely to overestimate exposures and risk rather than to underestimate them. These conservative assumptions are used to be more protective of the ecological resources potentially affected by the site. Conservatisms incorporated into this risk assessment include the use of maximum analyte concentrations measured in soil to evaluate risk, the use of wildlife toxicity benchmarks based upon NOAEL values, and the incorporation of strict herbivorous and strict insectivorous diets for predicting the extreme HQ values for the deer mouse. Each of

Table 18
Toxicity Benchmarks for Ecological Receptors at SWMU 229

		Mammalian NOAELs			Avian NOAELs			
COPEC	Plant Benchmark <sup>a,b</sup>	Mammalian Test Species <sup>c,d</sup>	Test Species NOAEL <sup>d,e</sup>	Deer Mouse NOAEL <sup>e,f</sup>	Avian Test Species <sup>d</sup>	Test Species NOAEL <sup>d,e</sup>	Burrowing Owl NOAEL <sup>e,g</sup>	
Inorganic				·.		,		
Arsenic	10	mouse	0.126	0.133	mallard	5.14	5.14	
Barium	500	rat <sup>h</sup>	5.1	10.5	chicken	20.8	20.8	
Cadmium	3	rat <sup>i</sup>	1.0	1.9	mallard	1.45	1.45	
Chromium (total)	1	rat	2,737	5,354	black duck	1.0	1.0	
Chromium VI	1 1	rat	3.28	6.42	<u> </u>			
Lead	50	rat	8.0	15.7	American kestrel	3.85	3.85	
Mercury (organic)	0.3	rat	0.03	0.06	mallard	0.0064	0.0064	
Mercury (inorganic)	0.3	mouse	13.2	14.0	Japanese quail	0.45	0.45	
Selenium	1	rat	0.2	0.391	screech owl	0.44	0.44	
Silver	2	rat	17.8 <sup>j</sup>	34.8	_	_		
Organic								
2-Butanone	_	rat	1771	3464		_		
Acenaphthene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	17.5 <sup>l</sup>	18.5	<u> </u>	-	. <del>-</del>	
Acetone	_	rat	10	19.6	_	<del></del>	-	
Anthracene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	100	106	_	-	.·	
Benzo(a)anthracene	.18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	1.0 <sup>m</sup>	1.1	<del>-</del>	<u> </u>	<del>-</del>	
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	1.0 <sup>m</sup>	1.1	<b>–</b>		. •••	
Benzo(a)pyrene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	1.0	1.1	-			
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	-	mouse	18.3	19.4	ringed dove	1.1	1.1	
Chrysene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	1.0 <sup>m</sup>	1.1				
Fluoranthene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	12.5 <sup>l</sup>	13.2	_			
Fluorene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	12.5 <sup>l</sup>	13.2	_	_ `	<del>-</del>	
Phenanthrene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	1.0 <sup>m</sup>	1.1	<u> </u>	_	-	
Pyrene	18 <sup>k</sup>	mouse	7.5 <sup>l</sup>	7.9	_	<u> </u>	-	

Refer to footnotes at end of table.

RISK ASSESSMENT FOR SWMU 229

# Table 18 (Concluded) Toxicity Benchmarks for Ecological Receptors at SWMU 229

aln mg/kg soil dry weight.

bFrom Efroymson et al. (1997).

Body weights (in kg) for the NOAEL conversion are as follows: lab mouse, 0.030; lab rat, 0.350, (except where noted).

dFrom Sample et al. (1996), except where noted.

eln mg/kg body weight per day.

Based upon NOAEL conversion methodology presented in Sample et al. (1996), using a deer mouse body weight of 0.0239 kg and a mammalian scaling factor of 0.25.

<sup>9</sup>Based upon NOAEL conversion methodology presented in Sample et al. (1996). The avian scaling factor of 0.0 was used, making the NOAEL independent of body weight.

hBody weight: 0.435 kg. <sup>i</sup>Body weight: 0.303 kg.

Based upon a rat LOAEL of 89 mg/kg/d (EPA 2003) and an uncertainty factor of 0.2.

kFrom Sims and Overcash (1983).

From EPA (2003) and using a subchronic to chronic uncertainty factor of 0.5.

<sup>m</sup>No data available. Toxicity value based upon NOAEL for benzo(a)pyrene.

COPEC = Constituent of potential ecological concern.

kg = Kilogram(s). = Milligram(s). mg

mg/kg/day = Milligram(s) per kilogram per day. LOAEL = Lowest-observed-adverse-effect level. NOAEL = No-observed-adverse-effect level. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

= Insufficient toxicity data.

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Table 19 HQs for Ecological Receptors at SWMU 229

COPEC	Plant HQ	Deer Mouse HQ (Herbivorous)	Deer Mouse HQ (Omnivorous)	Deer Mouse HQ (Insectivorous)	Burrowing Owl
Inorganic					
Arsenic	6.7E-1	4.7E-1	4.2E+0	8.0E+0	3.4E-3
Barium	5.6E-1	7.0E-1	2.5E+0	4.2E+0	3.1E-2
Cadmium	9.3E-1	1.3E-1	1.4E-1	1.4E-1	4.5E-3
Chromium (total)	1.6E+1	2.7E-5	4.8E-5	6.8E-5	5.2E-2
Chromium VI	5.0E-1	7.3E-4	1.3E-3	1.8E-3	_
Lead	6.4E-1	3.5E-2	2.7E-2	1.9E-2	1.9E-2
Mercury (organic)	1.4E-2	1.1E-2	1.1E-2	1.1E-2	6.1E-2
Mercury (inorganic)	1.4E-2	4.9E-5	4.9E-5	4.9E-5	8.7E-4
Selenium	4.8E-1	9.9E-2	1.5E-1	1.9E-1	3.2E-2
Silver	7.0E-1	6.4E-3	4.0E-3	1.7E-3	-
Organic			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	``	
2-Butanone	<del>-</del>	8.3E-6	6.3E-6	4.3E-6	_
Acenaphthene	3.1E-4	1.1E-5	4.9E-4	9.6E-4	_
Acetone		3.8E-3	2.4E-3	9.2E-4	-
Anthracene	5.1E-4	1.7E-6	1.5E-4	3.0E-4	_
Benzo(a)anthracene	3.9E-3	4.4E-4	1.3E-1	2.6E-1	_
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	8.9E-3	6.2E-4	3.3E-1	6.6E-1	<del>-</del>
Benzo(a)pyrene	5.1E-3	4.2E-4	1.8E-1	3.6E-1	-
bis(2-Ethylhexyl) phthalate	<del>-</del>	2.9E-5	2.2E-2	4.3E-2	1.1E+0
Chrysene	6.7E-3	6.2E-4	2.3E-1	4.6E-1	<del>-</del> .
Fluoranthene	1.3E-2	2.1E-4	3.1E-2	6.3E-2	-
Fluorene	2.1E-4	7.3E-6	4.7E-4	9.3E-4	-
Phenanthrene	1.0E-2	2.9E-3	3.0E-1	5.9E-1	<del>-</del>
Pyrene	1.6E-2	2.9E-4	6.7E-2	1.3E-1	_
Hla	2.0E+1	1.5E+0	8.3E+0	1.5E+1	1.3E+0

Refer to footnotes at end of table.

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# Table 19 (Concluded) Hazard Quotients for Ecological Receptors at SWMU 229

Note: Bold values indicate the HQ or HI exceeds unity.

<sup>a</sup>The HI is the sum of individual HQs.

COPEC = Constituent of potential ecological concern.

= Hazard index. = Hazard quotient. HQ

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

= Insufficient toxicity data available for risk estimation purposes.

Table 20
Total Dose Rates for Deer Mice
Exposed to Radionuclides at SWMU 229

Radionuclide	Maximum Activity (pCi/g)	Total Dose (rad/day)
Cs-137	ND (0.227)	1.74E-5
H-3	ND (0.03)	9.6E-8
U-235	ND (0.44)	1.14E-5
U-238	ND (2.34)	3.79E-4
Total Dose	NA	4.08E-4

MDA = Minimum detectable activity.

NA = Not applicable.

ND () = Not detected above the MDA, shown in parentheses.

pCi/g = Picocurie(s) per gram.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

Table 21
Total Dose Rates for Burrowing Owls
Exposed to Radionuclides at SWMU 229

Radionuclide	Maximum Activity (pCi/g)	Total Dose (rad/day)
Cs-137	ND (0.227)	1.50E-5
H-3	ND (0.03)	3.38E-8
U-235	ND (0.44)	8.7E-6
U-238	ND (2.34)	3.65E-4
Total Dose	NA	3.89E-4

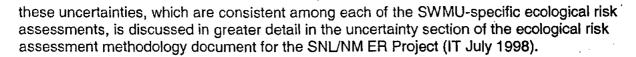
MDA = Minimum detectable activity.

NA = Not applicable.

ND () = Not detected above the MDA, shown in parentheses.

pCi/g = Picocurie(s) per gram.

SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.



Uncertainties associated with the estimation of risk to ecological receptors following exposure to Cs-137, H-3, U-235, and U-238 are primarily related to those inherent in the radionuclide-specific data. Radionuclide-dependent data are measured values that have their associated errors. The dose-rate models used for these calculations are based upon conservative estimates on receptor shape, radiation absorption by body tissues, and intake parameters. The goal is to provide a realistic but conservative estimate of a receptor's internal and external exposure to radionuclides in soil.

The assumption of an area use factor of 1.0 is a source of uncertainty for the deer mouse and the burrowing owl at this site. Because SWMU 229 is approximately 0.16 acre in size and the home range of the burrowing owl is 35 acres, an area use factor of approximately 0.0046 would be justified for this receptor. This is sufficient to reduce the burrowing owl HQ for bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate from 1.1 to 0.0055. Similarly, the area use factor for the deer mouse (0.59, based upon the home range of 0.27 acre) would reduce the HQs for arsenic and barium to 2.5 and 1.5, respectively, for the herbivorous deer mouse and to 4.7 and 2.5, respectively, for the insectivorous deer mouse.

In the estimation of ecological risk, background concentrations are included as a component of maximum on-site concentrations. Conservatisms in the modeling of exposure and risk can result in the prediction of risk to ecological receptors when exposed at background concentrations. As shown in Table 22, HQs associated with exposures to background are greater than 1 for arsenic, barium, and total chromium. The background concentrations of arsenic and barium resulted in HQs greater than 1 for both the omnivorous and insectivorous deer mice. In the case of arsenic, background may account for approximately 66 percent of the maximum HQ values shown in Table 19, while for barium, background may account for approximately 71 percent of the maximum HQ values. Therefore, it is likely that the actual risks to the omnivorous and insectivorous deer mice from exposure to arsenic and barium at SWMU 229 are overestimated by the HQs calculated in this risk assessment because of conservatisms incorporated into the exposure assessment and the toxicity benchmarks for these COPECs (e.g., the use of NOAELs for wildlife receptors).

For total chromium, the HQ greater than unity was limited to plants; however, background may account for 82 percent of the maximum HQ for the site, and the background concentration of total chromium also resulted in an HQ greater than 1 for plants. It should be noted that the plant toxicity benchmark for this metal is based upon chromium VI, which may be more toxic to plants than the more common chromium III. The majority of the total chromium measured at SWMU 229 is expected to be chromium III. In fact, chromium VI was not detected at the site above 1.0 mg/kg, which is the plant toxicity benchmark for chromium VI. For this reason, it is uncertain whether the calculated HQ for total chromium accurately predicts the potential risk to plants. Furthermore, this benchmark is conservatively based upon laboratory tests using soil amendments with a highly available form of chromium ( $K_2Cr_2O_7$ ) (Efroymson et al. 1997). It is likely that only a small fraction of the chromium in the soil at SWMU 229 is in a form that is highly available for plant uptake and, therefore, the plant toxicity benchmark for this metal probably overestimates risk to plants to a significant degree.

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Table 22
HQs for Ecological Receptors Exposed to Background Concentrations at SWMU 229

COPEC	Plant HQ	Deer Mouse HQ (Herbivorous)	Deer Mouse HQ (Omnivorous)	Deer Mouse HQ (Insectivorous)	Burrowing Owl HQ
Inorganic					
Arsenic	4.4E-1	3.1E-1	2.8E+0	5.2E+0	2.2E-3
Barium	4.0E-1	5.0E-1	1.8E+0	3.0E+0	2.2E-2
Cadmium	1.7E-1	2.4E-2	2.5E-2	2.6E-2	8,1E-4
Chromium (total)	1.3E+1	2.2E-5	3.9E-5	5.6E-5	4.3E-2
Chromium VI	NC	NC	NC	NC	NC
Lead	2.2E-1	1.2E-2	9.5E-3	6.7E-3	6.6E-3
Mercury (organic)	1.7E-1	1.3E-1	1.3E-1	1.3E-1	7.1E-1
Selenium	5.0E-1	1.0E-1	1.5E-1	2.0E-1	3.3E-2
Silver	2.5E-1	2.3E-3	1.4E-3	6.0E-4	
 Hla	1.5E+1	1.1E+0	4.8E+0	8.6E+0	8.2E-1

Note: Bold values indicate the HQ or HI exceeds unity.

<sup>a</sup>The HI is the sum of individual HQs.

COPEC = Constituent of potential ecological concern.

HI = Hazard index. HQ = Hazard quotient.

NC = Background value not calculated. SWMU = Solid Waste Management Unit.

= Insufficient toxicity data available for risk estimation purposes.

A further source of uncertainty associated with the prediction of ecological risks at this site is the use of the maximum measured concentrations to evaluate exposure and risk. This results in a conservative exposure scenario that does not necessarily reflect actual site conditions. For example, the 95% UCLs of the mean soil concentrations for arsenic and total chromium are 5.3 and 13.1 mg/kg, respectively, which are only slightly higher than the background screening values for these two elements (4.4 and 12.8 mg/kg, respectively). Therefore, it is likely that the actual exposures to these two elements at SWMU 229 are very close to, if not within, background levels, and risks from exposures to these COPECs at SWMU 229 are likely to be within the background levels shown in Table 22.

Based upon this uncertainty analysis, the potential for ecological risks at SWMU 229 is expected to be low. HQs greater than unity were predicted; however, closer examination of the exposure assumptions revealed an overestimation of risk primarily attributed to conservative toxicity benchmarks; the use of maximum concentrations, maximum bioavailability, and maximum area use to estimate exposure; and the contribution of background risk.

# VII.3.6 Risk Interpretation

Ecological risks associated with SWMU 229 were estimated through a risk assessment that incorporated site-specific information when available. Initial predictions of potential risk to plants from exposure to total chromium were based upon highly conservative plant toxicity benchmarks and assumptions of high bioavailability. Actual risk to this receptor is expected to be at or within the range of background risk. Predictions of potential risk to omnivorous and insectivorous deer mice from exposures to arsenic and barium also are attributable to conservative toxicity benchmarks, as well as assumptions of 100-percent area use, and the use of maximum detected values to estimate exposure. Both of these COPECs showed HQs greater than 1 when exposure was based upon background values, with background accounting for 66 and 71 percent (respectively) of the maximum concentrations for these two metals. For the burrowing owl, the initial prediction of risk from exposure to bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate is attributed to the assumption of 100-percent area use by this receptor. A more realistic assumption of area use for this receptor resulted in an HQ of only 0.0055. Based upon this final analysis, the potential for ecological risks associated with SWMU 229 is expected to be low.

# VII.3.7 Risk Assessment Scientific/Management Decision Point

After potential ecological risks associated with the site have been assessed, a decision is made regarding whether the site should be recommended for NFA or whether additional data should be collected to assess actual ecological risk at the site more thoroughly. With respect to this site, ecological risks are predicted to be low. The scientific/management decision is to recommend this site for NFA.

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# APPENDIX 1 EXPOSURE PATHWAY DISCUSSION FOR CHEMICAL AND RADIONUCLIDE CONTAMINATION

# Introduction

Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico (SNL/NM) uses a default set of exposure routes and associated default parameter values developed for each future land use designation being considered for SNL/NM Environmental Restoration (ER) Project sites. This default set of exposure scenarios and parameter values are invoked for risk assessments unless site-specific information suggests other parameter values. Because many SNL/NM solid waste management units (SWMUs) have similar types of contamination and physical settings, SNL/NM believes that the risk assessment analyses at these sites can be similar. A default set of exposure scenarios and parameter values facilitates the risk assessments and subsequent review.

The default exposure routes and parameter values used are those that SNL/NM views as resulting in a Reasonable Maximum Exposure (RME) value. Subject to comments and recommendations by the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Region VI and New Mexico Environment Department (NMED), SNL/NM will use these default exposure routes and parameter values in future risk assessments.

At SNL/NM, all SWMUs exist within the boundaries of the Kirtland Air Force Base. Approximately 240 potential waste and release sites have been identified where hazardous, radiological, or mixed materials may have been released to the environment. Evaluation and characterization activities have occurred at all of these sites to varying degrees. Among other documents, the SNL/NM ER draft Environmental Assessment (DOE 1996) presents a summary of the hydrogeology of the sites and the biological resources present. When evaluating potential human health risk the current or reasonably foreseeable land use negotiated and approved for the specific SWMU/AOC, aggregate, or watershed will be used. The following references generally document these land uses: Workbook: Future Use Management Area 2 (September 1995); Workbook: Future Use Management Area 1 (October 1995); Workbook: Future Use Management Area 3, 4, 5, and 6 (January 1996); Workbook: Future Use Management Area 7 (March 1996). At this time, all SNL/NM SWMUs have been tentatively designated for either industrial or recreational future land use. The NMED has also requested that risk calculations be performed based upon a residential land use scenario. Therefore, all three land use scenarios will be addressed in this document.

The SNL/NM ER Project has screened the potential exposure routes and identified default parameter values to be used for calculating potential intake and subsequent hazard index (HI), excess cancer risk and dose values. The EPA (EPA 1989) provides a summary of exposure routes that could potentially be of significance at a specific waste site. These potential exposure routes consist of:

- Ingestion of contaminated drinking water
- Ingestion of contaminated soil

- Ingestion of contaminated fish and shellfish
- Ingestion of contaminated fruits and vegetables
- Ingestion of contaminated meat, eggs, and dairy products
- Ingestion of contaminated surface water while swimming
- Dermal contact with chemicals in water
- Dermal contact with chemicals in soil
- Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate)
- External exposure to penetrating radiation (immersion in contaminated air; immersion in contaminated water; and exposure from ground surfaces with photon-emitting radionuclides)

Based upon the location of the SNL/NM SWMUs and the characteristics of the surface and subsurface at the sites, we have evaluated these potential exposure routes for different land use scenarios to determine which should be considered in risk assessment analyses (the last exposure route is pertinent to radionuclides only). At SNL/NM SWMUs, there is currently no consumption of fish, shellfish, fruits, vegetables, meat, eggs, or dairy products that originate on site. Additionally, no potential for swimming in surface water is present due to the high-desert environmental conditions. As documented in the RESRAD computer code manual (ANL 1993), risks resulting from immersion in contaminated air or water are not significant compared to risks from other radiation exposure routes.

For the industrial and recreational land use scenarios, SNL/NM ER has, therefore, excluded the following four potential exposure routes from further risk assessment evaluations at any SNL/NM SWMU:

- Ingestion of contaminated fish and shellfish
- Ingestion of contaminated fruits and vegetables
- Ingestion of contaminated meat, eggs, and dairy products
- Ingestion of contaminated surface water while swimming
- Dermal contact with chemicals in water

That part of the exposure pathway for radionuclides related to immersion in contaminated air or water is also eliminated.

Based upon this evaluation, for future risk assessments the exposure routes that will be considered are shown in Table 1.

Table 1
Exposure Pathways Considered for Various Land Use Scenarios

Industrial	Recreational	Residential
Ingestion of contaminated drinking water	Ingestion of contaminated drinking water	Ingestion of contaminated drinking water
Ingestion of contaminated soil	Ingestion of contaminated soil	Ingestion of contaminated soil
Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate)	Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate)	Inhalation of airborne compounds (vapor phase or particulate)
Dermal contact (nonradiological constituents only) soil only	Dermal contact (nonradiological constituents only) soil only	Dermal contact (nonradiological constituents only) soil only
External exposure to penetrating radiation from ground surfaces	External exposure to penetrating radiation from ground surfaces	External exposure to penetrating radiation from ground surfaces

## Equations and Default Parameter Values for Identified Exposure Routes

In general, SNL/NM expects that ingestion of compounds in drinking water and soil will be the more significant exposure routes for chemicals; external exposure to radiation may also be significant for radionuclides. All of the above routes will, however, be considered for their appropriate land use scenarios. The general equation for calculating potential intakes via these routes is shown below. The equations are taken from "Assessing Human Health Risks Posed by Chemicals: Screening-Level Risk Assessment" (NMED March 6, 2000) and "Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels" (NMED December 18, 2000). Equations from both documents are based upon the "Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund" (RAGS): Volume 1 (EPA 1989, 1991). These general equations also apply to calculating potential intakes for radionuclides. A more in-depth discussion of the equations used in performing radiological pathway analyses with the RESRAD code may be found in the RESRAD Manual (ANL 1993). RESRAD is the only code designated by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) in DOE Order 5400.5 for the evaluation of radioactively contaminated sites (DOE 1993). The Nuclear Regulatory Commission (NRC) has approved the use of RESRAD for dose evaluation by licensees involved in decommissioning, NRC staff evaluation of waste disposal requests, and dose evaluation of sites being reviewed by NRC staff. EPA Science Advisory Board reviewed the RESRAD model. EPA used RESRAD in their rulemaking on radiation site cleanup regulations. RESRAD code has been verified, undergone several benchmarking analyses, and been included in the International Atomic Energy Agency's VAMP and BIOMOVS II projects to compare environmental transport models.

Also shown are the default values SNL/NM ER will use in RME risk assessment calculations for industrial, recreational, and residential land use scenarios, based upon EPA and other governmental agency guidance. The pathways and values for chemical contaminants are discussed first, followed by those for radionuclide contaminants. RESRAD input parameters that are left as the default values provided with the code are not discussed. Further information relating to these parameters may be found in the RESRAD Manual (ANL 1993) or by directly accessing the RESRAD websites at: http://web.ead.anl.gov/resrad/home2/ or http://web.ead.anl.gov/resrad/documents/.

# Generic Equation for Calculation of Risk Parameter Values

The equation used to calculate the risk parameter values (i.e., hazard quotients/HI, excess cancer risk, or radiation total effective dose equivalent [TEDE] [dose]) is similar for all exposure pathways and is given by:

Risk (or Dose) = Intake x Toxicity Effect (either carcinogenic, noncarcinogenic, or radiological)

= 
$$C \times (CR \times EFD/BW/AT) \times Toxicity Effect$$
 (1)

where;

C = contaminant concentration (site specific)

CR = contact rate for the exposure pathway

EFD = exposure frequency and duration

BW = body weight of average exposure individual

AT = time over which exposure is averaged.

For nonradiological constituents of concern (COCs), the total risk/dose (either cancer risk or HI) is the sum of the risks/doses for all of the site-specific exposure pathways and contaminants. For radionuclides, the calculated radiation exposure, expressed as TEDE is compared directly to the exposure guidelines of 15 millirem per year (mrem/year) for industrial and recreational future use and 75 mrem/year for the unlikely event that institutional control of the site is lost and the site is used for residential purposes (EPA 1997).

The evaluation of the carcinogenic health hazard produces a quantitative estimate for excess cancer risk resulting from the COCs present at the site. This estimate is evaluated for determination of further action by comparison of the quantitative estimate with the potentially acceptable risk of 1E-5 for nonradiological carcinogens. The evaluation of the noncarcinogenic health hazard produces a quantitative estimate (i.e., the HI) for the toxicity resulting from the COCs present at the site. This estimate is evaluated for determination of further action by comparison of this quantitative estimate with the EPA standard HI of unity (1). The evaluation of the health hazard from radioactive compounds produces a quantitative estimate of doses resulting from the COCs present at the site. This estimated dose is used to calculate an assumed risk. However, this calculated risk is presented for illustration purposes only, not to determine compliance with regulations.

The specific equations used for the individual exposure pathways can be found in RAGS (EPA 1989) and are outlined below. The RESRAD Manual (ANL 1993) describes similar equations for the calculation of radiological exposures.

## Soil Ingestion

A receptor can ingest soil or dust directly by working in the contaminated soil. Indirect ingestion can occur from sources such as unwashed hands introducing contaminated soil to food that is then eaten. An estimate of intake from ingesting soil will be calculated as follows:

$$I_s = \frac{C_s * IR * CF * EF * ED}{BW * AT}$$

#### where:

s = Intake of contaminant from soil ingestion (milligrams [mg]/kilogram [kg]-day)

C<sub>s</sub> = Chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg)

IR = Ingestion rate (mg soil/day)

CF = Conversion factor (1E-6 kg/mg)

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged) (days)

It should be noted that it is conservatively assumed that the receptor only ingests soil from the contaminated source.

# Soil Inhalation

A receptor can inhale soil or dust directly by working in the contaminated soil. An estimate of intake from inhaling soil will be calculated as follows (EPA August 1997):

$$I_{s} = \frac{C_{s} * IR * EF * ED * \left(\frac{1}{VF} \text{ or } \frac{1}{PEF}\right)}{BW * AT}$$

## where:

l<sub>s</sub> = Intake of contaminant from soil inhalation (mg/kg-day)

C<sub>s</sub> = Chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg)

IR = Inhalation rate (cubic meters [m³]/day)

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

VF = soil-to-air volatilization factor (m³/kg) PEF = particulate emission factor (m³/kg)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged) (days)

# Soil Dermal Contact

$$D_a = \frac{C_s * CF * SA * AF * ABS * EF * ED}{BW * AT}$$

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#### where:

D<sub>a</sub> = Absorbed dose (mg/kg-day)

C<sub>s</sub> = Chemical concentration in soil (mg/kg)

CF = Conversion factor (1E-6 kg/mg)

SA = Skin surface area available for contact (cm²/event)

AF = Soil to skin adherence factor (mg/cm²)

ABS = Absorption factor (unitless)

EF = Exposure frequency (events/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged) (days)

# **Groundwater Ingestion**

A receptor can ingest water by drinking it or through using household water for cooking. An estimate of intake from ingesting water will be calculated as follows (EPA August 1997):

$$I_{w} = \frac{C_{w} * IR * EF * ED}{BW * AT}$$

where:

l<sub>w</sub> = Intake of contaminant from water ingestion (mg/kg/day)

C<sub>w</sub> = Chemical concentration in water (mg/liter [L])

IR = Ingestion rate (L/day)

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged) (days)

# **Groundwater Inhalation**

The amount of a constituent taken into the body via exposure to volatilization from showering or other household water uses will be evaluated using the concentration of the constituent in the water source (EPA 1991 and 1992). An estimate of intake from volatile inhalation from groundwater will be calculated as follows (EPA 1991):

$$I_{w} = \frac{C_{w} * K * IR_{i} * EF * ED}{BW * AT}$$

where:

l<sub>w</sub> = Intake of volatile in water from inhalation (mg/kg/day)

C<sub>w</sub> = Chemical concentration in water (mg/L)

 $K = \text{volatilization factor } (0.5 \text{ L/m}^3)$ 

 $IR_i = Inhalation rate (m<sup>3</sup>/day)$ 

EF = Exposure frequency (days/year)

ED = Exposure duration (years)

BW = Body weight (kg)

AT = Averaging time (period over which exposure is averaged—days)

For volatile compounds, volatilization from groundwater can be an important exposure pathway from showering and other household uses of groundwater. This exposure pathway will only be evaluated for organic chemicals with a Henry's Law constant greater than 1 X 10-5 and with a molecular weight of 200 grams/mole or less (EPA 1991).

Tables 2 and 3 show the default parameter values suggested for use by SNL/NM at SWMUs, based upon the selected land use scenarios for nonradiological and radiological COCs, respectively. References are given at the end of the table indicating the source for the chosen parameter values. SNL/NM uses default values that are consistent with both regulatory guidance and the RME approach. Therefore, the values chosen will, in general, provide a conservative estimate of the actual risk parameter. These parameter values are suggested for use for the various exposure pathways, based upon the assumption that a particular site has no unusual characteristics that contradict the default assumptions. For sites for which the assumptions are not valid, the parameter values will be modified and documented.

# Summary

SNL/NM will use the described default exposure routes and parameter values in risk assessments at sites that have an industrial, recreational, or residential future land use scenario. There are no current residential land use designations at SNL/NM ER sites, but NMED has requested this scenario to be considered to provide perspective of the risk under the more restrictive land use scenario. For sites designated as industrial or recreational land use, SNL/NM will provide risk parameter values based upon a residential land use scenario to indicate the effects of data uncertainty on risk value calculations or in order to potentially mitigate the need for institutional controls or restrictions on SNL/NM ER sites. The parameter values are based upon EPA guidance and supplemented by information from other government sources. If these exposure routes and parameters are acceptable, SNL/NM will use them in risk assessments for all sites where the assumptions are consistent with site-specific conditions. All deviations will be documented.

Table 2

Default Nonradiological Exposure Parameter Values for Various Land Use Scenarios

Parameter	industrial	Recreational	Residential
General Exposure Parameters			
		8.7 (4 hr/wk for	
Exposure Frequency (day/yr)	250 <sup>a,b</sup>	52 wk/yr) <sup>a,b</sup>	350 <sup>a,b</sup>
Exposure Duration (yr)	25 <sup>a,b,c</sup>	30a,b,c	30 <sup>a,b,c</sup>
	70 <sup>a,b,c</sup>	70 Adult <sup>a,b,c</sup>	70 Adulta,b,c
Body Weight (kg)		15 Child <sup>a,b,c</sup>	15 Child <sup>a,b,c</sup>
Averaging Time (days)			
for Carcinogenic Compounds (= 70 yr x 365 day/yr)	25,550 <sup>a,b</sup>	25,550 <sup>a,b</sup>	25,550 <sup>a,b</sup>
for Noncarcinogenic Compounds (= ED x 365 day/yr)	9,125 <sup>a,b</sup>	10,950 <sup>a,b</sup>	10,950 <sup>a,b</sup>
Soil Ingestion Pathway		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Ingestion Rate (mg/day)	100 <sup>a,b</sup>	200 Child <sup>a,b</sup>	200 Child a,b
, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>		100 Adult <sup>a,b</sup>	100 Adult a,b
nhalation Pathway	<u> </u>		
		15 Childa	10 Childa
Inhalation Rate (m³/day)	20 <sup>a,b</sup>	30 Adulta	20 Adulta
Volatilization Factor (m³/kg)	Chemical Specific	Chemical Specific	Chemical Specific
Particulate Emission Factor (m³/kg)	1.36E <b>9</b> ª	1.36E9 <sup>a</sup>	1.36E9 <sup>a</sup>
Water Ingestion Pathway			
	2.4ª	2.4ª	2.4ª
Ingestion Rate (liter/day)		·	
Dermal Pathway			
		0.2 Child <sup>a</sup>	0.2 Childa
Skin Adherence Factor (mg/cm²)	0.2ª	0.07 Adult <sup>a</sup>	0.07 Adulta
Exposed Surface Area for Soil/Dust		2,800 Child <sup>a</sup>	2,800 Child <sup>a</sup>
(cm²/day)	3,300°	5,700 Adulta	5,700 Adulta
Skin Adsorption Factor	Chemical Specific	Chemical Specific	Chemical Specific

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Technical Background Document for Development of Soil Screening Levels (NMED 2000).

bRisk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Vol. 1, Part B (EPA 1991).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA August 1997).

ED = Exposure duration.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

hr = Hour(s).

kg = Kilogram(s).

m = Meter(s).

mg = Milligram(s).

NA = Not available.

wk = Week(s).

yr = Year(s).

Table 3
Default Radiological Exposure Parameter Values for Various Land Use Scenarios

Parameter	Industrial	Recreational	Residential
General Exposure Parameters			
	8 hr/day for		
Exposure Frequency	250 day/yr	4 hr/wk for 52 wk/yr	365 day/yr
Exposure Duration (yr)	25 <sup>a,b</sup>	30a,b	30 <sup>a,b</sup>
Body Weight (kg)	70 Adult <sup>a,b</sup>	70 Adult <sup>a,b</sup>	70 Adult <sup>a,b</sup>
Soil Ingestion Pathway			
Ingestion Rate	100 mg/dayc	100 mg/day <sup>c</sup>	100 mg/day <sup>c</sup>
Averaging Time (days) (= 30 yr x 365 day/yr)	10,950 <sup>d</sup>	10,950 <sup>d</sup>	10,950 <sup>d</sup>
Inhalation Pathway	<del></del>	<del></del>	
Inhalation Rate (m³/yr)	7,300 <sup>d,e</sup>	10,950 <sup>e</sup>	7,300 <sup>d,e</sup>
Mass Loading for Inhalation g/m <sup>3</sup>	1.36E-5 <sup>d</sup>	1.36E-5 d	1.36E-5 <sup>d</sup>
Food Ingestion Pathway			
Ingestion Rate, Leafy Vegetables			
(kg/yr)	NA NA	NA	16.5°
Ingestion Rate, Fruits, Non-Leafy	,		
Vegetables & Grain (kg/yr)	NA NA	NA	101.8 <sup>b</sup>
Fraction Ingested	NA	NA NA	0.25 <sup>b,d</sup>

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund, Vol. 1, Part B (EPA 1991).

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

g = Gram(s)

hr = Hour(s).

kg = Kilogram(s).

n = Meter(s).

mg = Milligram(s).

NA = Not applicable.

wk = Week(s).

yr = Year(s).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>Exposure Factors Handbook (EPA August 1997).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>c</sup>EPA Region VI guidance (EPA 1996).

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# APPENDIX 2 CALCULATION OF THE UPPER CONFIDENCE LIMITS OF MEAN CONCENTRATIONS

For conservatism, Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico uses the maximum concentration of the constituents of concern (COCs) for initial risk calculation. If the maximum concentrations produce risk above New Mexico Environment Department (NMED) guidelines, conservatism with this approach is evaluated and, if appropriate, a more realistic approach is applied. When the site has been adequately characterized, an estimate of the mean concentration of the COCs is more representative of actual site conditions. The NMED has proposed the use of the 95% upper confidence limit (UCL) of the mean to represent average concentrations at a site (NMED December 2000). The 95% UCL is calculated according to NMED guidance (Tharp June 2002) using the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency ProUCL program (EPA April 2002). Attached are the outputs from that program and the calculated UCLs used in the risk analysis.

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ATTACHMENT J SWMU 229—Site Conceptual Model

# Site Conceptual Model for SWMU 229

The site conceptual model for Solid Waste Management Unit (SWMU) 229 is based upon historical records, aerial photography, engineering drawings, hydrogeologic studies, and the sampling of soil, soil-vapor, and groundwater. This section summarizes the nature and extent of contamination and the environmental fate of the contaminants of concern (COCs).

#### **Nature and Extent of Contamination**

The source of COCs was the disposal of TA-II waste water from the SWMU 48 high explosive (HE) drain system. Waste water was discharged to the SWMU 229 outfall ditch from 1947 through 1992. Historical records indicate that the waste water possibly contained metals, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), HE compounds, and radionuclides. For risk assessment purposes, metal and radionuclide COCs were determined by comparing the soil sample results to background concentrations previously established for the North Area Supergroup (Dinwiddie September 1997). Any metal or radionuclide found to exceed background was considered to be a COC. Therefore, the metal COCs for SWMU 229 are arsenic, barium, cadmium, chromium, lead, and silver (Table D-1, Attachment D of this SNL/NM Environmental Restoration [ER] Project Response to NMED [New Mexico Environment Department] Notice Of Deficiency for SWMUs 227 and 229 Proposals for No Further Action Dated June 1995 [NOD Response]). The radionuclide COCs are cesium-137 and uranium-238. All detected VOCs and SVOCs were considered to be COCs. Three VOCs (acetone, methylene chloride, and 2-butanone) were considered to be COCs. The SVOCs are acenaphthene, anthracene, fluoranthene, fluorene, phenanthrene, pyrene, and bis(2-ethylhexyl) phthalate. Table D-1 also summarizes basic statistics and the sample locations for all detected VOCs and SVOCs, as well as the metals and radionuclides that exceeded background.

#### **Environmental Fate**

Confirmatory soil samples were collected from the SWMU 229 outfall ditch where the waste water discharged. Because the disposal of waste water was discontinued in 1993 when the SWMU 48 HE drain system was removed from service, only secondary sources of COCs remain in the form of residual contaminants (metals, radionuclides, VOCs, and SVOCs) in SWMU 229 soil. The secondary release mechanisms at SWMU 229 are COC dissolution, percolation through the soil, direct contact with soil (radionuclides only), VOC vapor emanations, dust emissions, and uptake of COCs by biota (Figure J-1).

Surface-water runoff is considered to be a viable exposure mechanism because SWMU 229 is located on the steep northern rim of Tijeras Arroyo. However, the area surrounding SWMU 229 has historically been sloped so that surface water was not directed to the outfall ditch. Historical aerial photographs show that only minor amounts of soil erosion have occurred during the last fifty years at SWMU 229. The arid climate also limits soil erosion. The average annual precipitation is 8.1 inches (NOAA 1990). SWMU 229 is located outside the Tijeras Arroyo 100-year floodplain and more than 1,500 feet west of the active channel.

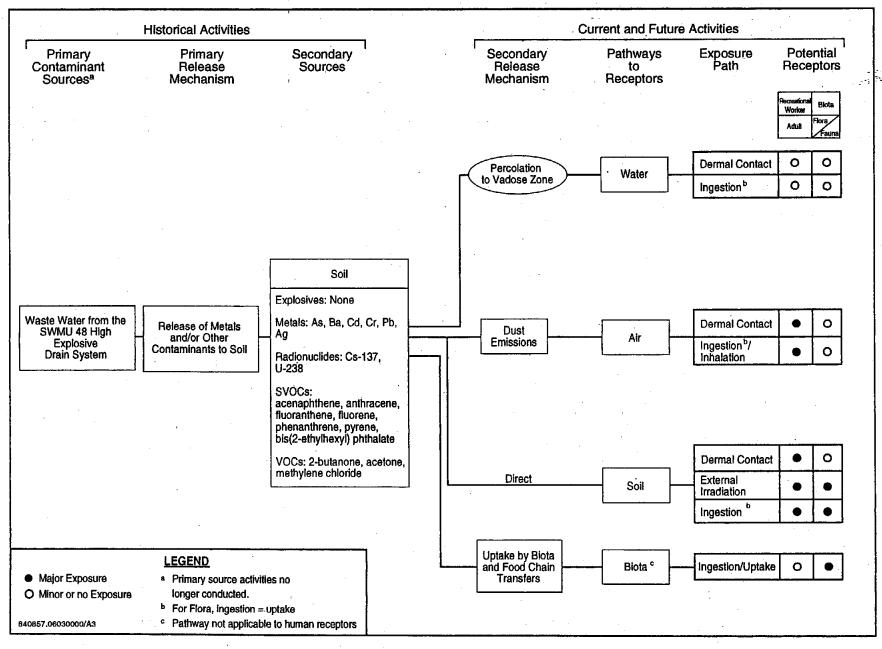


Figure J-1
Conceptual Site Model Flow Diagram for SWMU 229

Groundwater is not considered to be a possible exposure mechanism because the depth to groundwater at SWMU 229 is significant (approximately 270 feet below ground surface [bgs] for the perched system and 470 feet bgs for the regional aquifer) (SNL/NM November 2002).

The soil at SWMU 229 is poorly developed with high alkalinity (USDA 1977). The vadose zone is comprised of relatively impermeable carbonate-rich soil horizons and impermeable carbonate-cemented (caliche) horizons (SNL/NM March 1995). In addition, high-partitioning coefficients and low mobility in the transporting medium enhance dilution of the COC concentrations. As a result, the nature and extent of COCs do not render groundwater a viable contaminant pathway.

The pathways to receptors are soil, water, and air. Biota also provides a pathway through food chain transfers. However, no threatened or endangered species have been identified in the vicinity of SWMU 229 (Hoagland September 1994, IT February 1995). Section V of the risk assessment (Attachment I of this SNL/NM ER Project NOD Response) provides additional discussion of the fate and transport of COCs at SWMU 229.

#### **Site Assessments**

The site assessment process for SWMU 229 includes risk assessments followed by baseline risk assessments (as applicable) for human health and ecological risk. The current and future land use for SWMU 229 is industrial (DOE and USAF March 1996, SNL/NM January 2001); therefore, the potential human receptor at the site is an industrial worker. For all applicable pathways, the exposure route for the industrial worker is dermal contact, external irradiation, and ingestion/inhalation. Ingestion of soil, external irradiation from soil, and ingestion/inhalation of air are considered the major exposure routes for the industrial worker. Wildlife is considered to be the potential ecological receptor. Wildlife exposure can result from the ingestion of COCs through food chain transfers and the incidental ingestion of soil from the site. Sections VI and VII of the risk assessment (Attachment I of this SNL/NM ER Project NOD Response) provides additional discussion of potential exposure routes and receptors at SWMU 229. Attachment I also contains a complete discussion of the risk assessment process, results, and uncertainties. The following section summarizes the site assessment results.

#### **Risk Assessments**

Risk assessments were performed for both human health and ecological risk for SWMU 229.

## Human Health

Because COCs are present in soil at concentrations or activities greater than background levels, it was necessary to perform a human health risk analysis, which provides a quantitative evaluation of the potential adverse human health effects. This assessment included organic as well as metals and radionuclide COCs detected either above background levels and/or above minimum detectable activity (MDA). The risk assessment (Attachment I of this SNL/NM ER Project NOD Response) calculated the hazard index (HI) and excess cancer risk for an industrial land use scenario. In accordance with EPA (EPA 1989), the excess cancer risk from nonradiological COCs and the radiological COCs is not additive.

In summary, the HI calculated for SWMU 229 for nonradiological COCs is 0.1 for an industrial land use scenario, which is less than the numerical standard of 1.0 suggested by risk assessment guidance (EPA 1989). Incremental risk is determined by subtracting risk associated with background from potential nonradiological COC risk. The incremental HI is 0.09 for the industrial land use scenario. Both values were within NMED guidelines considering an industrial land use scenario.

The excess cancer risk for SWMU 229 for nonradiological COCs is 5E-6 for an industrial land use scenario. NMED guidance states that cumulative excess lifetime cancer risk must be less than 1E-5 (NMED March 2000); thus, the excess cancer risk for this site is below the suggested acceptable risk value. The incremental excess cancer risk is 1.52E-6.

The incremental total effective dose equivalent (TEDE) for radionuclides for an industrial land use scenario for SWMU 229 is 1.4E-1 millirem (mrem)/year (yr). This value is below the recommended dose limit of 15 mrem/yr, found in EPA's Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response Directive No. 9200.4-18 (EPA 1997a) and reflected in the document "Sandia National Laboratories/New Mexico Environmental Restoration Project—RESRAD Input Parameter Assumptions and Justification" (SNL/NM February 1998). The incremental excess cancer risk for the radionuclides is 1.4E-6 for an industrial land use scenario.

The residential land use scenario for this site is provided only for comparison in the risk assessment report (Attachment I). The report concludes that SWMU 229 does not have potential to affect human health under an industrial land use scenario.

## **Ecological**

An ecological assessment that corresponds with the screening procedures in the EPA Ecological Risk Assessment Guidance for Superfund (EPA 1997b) was performed as set forth by the NMED Risk-Based Decision Tree (NMED March 1998). The scoping assessment focuses primarily on the likelihood of exposure of biota at or adjacent to the site to be exposed to COCs in soil at the site.

#### **Baseline Risk Assessments**

This section discusses the baseline risk assessments for human health and ecological risk.

# Human Health

Because the human health assessment indicates that SWMU 229 does not have the potential to affect human health under either an industrial or a residential land use scenario, a baseline human health risk assessment is not required for SWMU 229.

# **Ecological**

Because the ecological assessment indicates that SWMU 229 has incomplete ecological pathways, a baseline ecological risk assessment is not required for SWMU 229.

# Summary

The site assessment concludes that SWMU 229 does not have the potential to affect human health under an industrial land use scenario. After considering the uncertainties associated with the available data and the modeling assumptions, ecological risks associated with SWMU 229 were found to be low.

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ATTACHMENT K
Well Construction Diagrams

•	+.	YY ELL	, DA1,	ABASE SU	TATTAT\*7	ZI SHEET			
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ER ADS #;	1303			Well Completion	Date:	29-MAR-01			
Weil Name:	227-VW-01		-	Completion Zon	e:	SILT, SAND & GRAVE	Ļ		
Owner Name:	SNL-NM			Formation of Co	mpletion:	SANTA FE GROUP			•
Date Drilling Started:	26-MAR-01			Well Comment	Nacial Tabba	E CAMBI E BOOTE INC	TALLEDELLIT	e e v i	MONITOR
Orilling Contractor:	LAYNE			Well Comment.		E SAMPLE PORTS, INS BOREHOLE. ALL ODE			
Orilling Method:	ODEX				CAP INST				· · ·
Borehole Depth:	275								
Casing Depth:	 	÷			: .		•		
Survey Data					]	Completion D	ata Measured D	epths	
Survey Date:	19-JUN-01	-					(FBGS)		
Surveyed By:	ASCI, VLADIMI	R.JIRIK							i. •
						Casing Stickup:	4		
State:Plane Co	ordinates				DOD	Interval EHOLE	Start	ים	Stop
	413761.01				) BUR	ENULE	•		'275 "6. מ.ם.
(X) Easting:						•		,	O.D. 8"
(Y) Northing:	1468752.97					Interval	Start		Stop
Surveyed Elevation	s (FAMSL)				SEA		Start	0'	275'
Garrey Con Laboration	· · · · · ·				8-12	SILICA SAND		,	
Protective Casing:		5354.03							
•					•	Interval	Start		Stop
Top of Inner Well Casi	ing:				SGS	P 25	•		25'
				•					
Concrete Pad:		5351.8							
Ground Surface:		5351.5		i	SGS	Interval	Start		Stop :
-		,0001.0			১৬১	F 9U			75'
	X.								-
	1					Interval	Start		Stop
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				•		•	•		
			•						٠
						Interval	Start		Stop
	919-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-19-			,	SGS	P 175			175'
					•				•
Calculated Depths an	d Elevations					Interval	Start		Stop
Initial Water Flevation					SGS	P 225			225"

FASL

Date Printed:

12-MAR-02

Interval

**SGSP 275** 

Initial Water Elevation: (FAMSL) Initial Depth To Water:

(FBGS)

measured on

Date Updated: 11-MAR-02

Last measured water level was

#### WELL DATABASE SUMMARY SHEET

Project Name:

1303

ER ADS #: Well Name:

TA2-VW-20

Owner Name:

SNL

Date Drilling Started:

14-NOV-96

Orilling Contractor:

**BEYLIK** 

Drilling Method:

**AUGER** 

Borehole Depth:

104

Casing Depth:

70

Geo Location:

CENTER OF TAIL

05-DEC-96

Well Completion Date:

Completion Zone:,

ALLUVIAL SAND AND GRAVEL

Formation of Completion: SANTA FE GROUP

Well Comment: \*\*SEE VAPOR WELL COMMENTS AT BOTTOM OF REPORT\*\*

#### Survey Data

Survey Date:

06-JUL-00

Surveyed By:

DON HELFRICH

(X) Easting:

413130.312

(Y) Northing:

1469878.375

#### Surveyed Elevations (FAMSL)

Protective Casing:

Top of Inner Well Casing:

Concrete Pad:

5414.

**Ground Surface:** 



#### Calculated Depths and Elevations

Initial Water Elevation; (FAMSL)

Initial Depth To Water: (FBGS)

Last measured water level was

FASL

measured on

Date Updated:

Date Printed:

18-APR-01

14-APR-03



#### Completion Data Measured Depths (FBGS)

Casing Stickup:

Interval Start Stop GROUT/BACKFILL CEMENT BENT, GROUT

Interval Start CASING 701 1/4" STAINLESS STEEL .25" O.D.

Interval **BOREHOLE** 1041

Interval Start Stop SEAL 63' NATURAL BACKFILL

Interval Start SECONDARY SEAL 63' 68' 50/50 BENTONITE/GROU

Interval Start Stop PRIMARY PACK 10/20 SILICA SAND

Interval Stop Start PLUG BACK 1041 72' NATURAL BACKFILL

#### WELL DATABASE SUMMARY SHEET

roject Name:

TA JI

1303

ER ADS #: Well Name:

TA2-VW-21

Owner Name:

SNL

Date Drilling Started:

12-NOV-96

Orilling Contractor:

**BEYLIK** 

Orilling Method:

**AUGER** 

**Borehole Depth:** Casing Depth:

120 92

Geo Location:

SOUTHERN MOST CORNER OF TAIL

Well Completion Date:

06-DEC-96

Completion Zone:

ALLUVIAL SAND AND GRAVEL

Formation of Completion: SANTA FE GROUP

Well Comment: \*\*SEE VAPOR WELL COMMENTS AT BOTTOM OF REPORT\*\*

#### Survey Data

Survey Date:

06-JUL-00

Surveyed By:

DON HELFRICH

(X) Easting: 413432.125

(Y) Northing:

1469078,375

#### **Surveyed Elevations (FAMSL)**

**Protective Casing:** 

Top of Inner Well Casing:

Concrete Pad:

5413

Ground Surface:



#### Calculated Depths and Elevations

Initial Water Elevation: (FAMSL)

Initial Depth To Water: (FBGS)

Last measured water level was

FASL

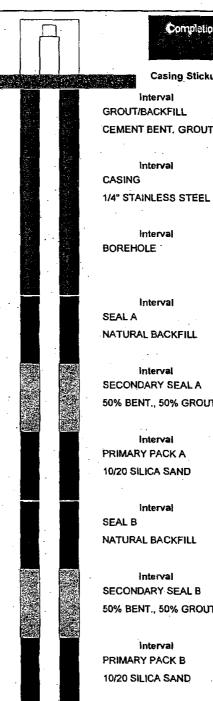
measured on

Date Updated:

Date Printed:

14-JUN-02

14-APR-03



#### Completion Data Measured Depths (FBGS)

Casing Stickup:

Interval	Start		Stop	
OUT/BACKFILL		0'		.10

Stop Interval Start 92' 1/4" STAINLESS STEEL .25" O.D.

Interval Start Stop BOREHOLE 120

Interval Start Ston 10' NATURAL BACKFILL

interval Start SECONDARY SEAL A 50% BENT., 50% GROUT

Interval Start PRIMARY PACK A 10/20 SILICA SAND

Interval Start Stop 57' NATURAL BACKFILL

Interval Start Stop SECONDARY SEAL B 50% BENT., 50% GROUT

Interval Start Stop PRIMARY PACK B 10/20 SILICA SAND

Interval Start PLUG BACK 94.5 120

NATURAL BACKFILL



ATTACHMENT L
Soil-Vapor Samples Analytical Data Summary Tables L-1 and L-2







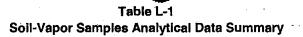
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} <del></del>					T	<del> </del>	Ţ	<del></del>	γ	<u> </u>		,	1	(I- I	<u>,                                     </u>	1			Γ		<del></del>
Sample ID	Sample Date	Laboratory and Chain of Custody Number	Analytical Method	Remarks	Sample Depth (ft)	Acetone	Benzene	Bromodichloromethane	Bromomethane	2-Butanone	Carbon disulfide	Carbon tetrachloride	Chloroform	Chloromethane	1,2-Dibromoethane	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,2-Dichloroethane
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TA2-VW-20-SV-72P					72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
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TA2-VW-21-SV-50-S		06173	0200	Duplicate	50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92-P					92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
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TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-\$V-72D				Duplicate	72	ND	ND	ND	DN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NO	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	9/4/1997	ERÇL AR/COC	Modified EPA		50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND-	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NĎ	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50D		06942	8260	Duplicate	50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	NO	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92			j		92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
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TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	ДN	ND	ND	ŊD	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ΝĐ	ИD	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D		Core	[	Duplicate	72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	5/19/1998	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	В	ND	7.0	ND	ND	ND	ИD	NO	ND	ND	ND
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September 1998:		<del> </del>																			
TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	16	0.97 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.6	5.6	ND	2.7	43	4.1	10	1.5 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D		Quanterra	ļ	Duplicate	72	20	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.2	5.1	ND	1.7 J	29	2.7	6.9	1,4 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	9/2/1998	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	11 J	ND	0.95 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	13	ND	ND	3.7 J	ND	ND	2.3 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92		600796	, }		92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	19	ND	ND	30	ND	7.4 J	ND	·ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D				Duplicate	92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	21	ND	ND	19	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND



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Sample ID	1,1-Dichlaroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1,2-Dichloropropane	Ethylbenzene	4-Ethyl toluene	Methylene chloride	Tetrachioroethene	Toluene	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Tichloroethane	Trichlorofluoromethane	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Vinyl chloride	Xylenes (total)	Todal Vocas
July 1997:		r——	<del></del>	<del></del>	<del></del> _						In July 20 Communication							Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark Mark
TA2-VW-20-SV-72P	ND	ND.	ND	ND	ND	29	ND	6.5	ND	ND	ND .	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.2 J	40,7%
TA2-VW-20-SV-72S	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	18	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND:	ND	1.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	34 (1981) <sup>14</sup>
TA2-VW-21-SV-50-P	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.9.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	291
TA2-VW-21-SV-50-S	ND	ND	ND .	ND	ND	3.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	/s_ND	ND	2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	1604 E   5.5 a   1.5 a
TA2-VW-21-SV-92-P	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.9 J	ND '	ND	ND .	ND	, מאי	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
TA2-VW-21-SV-92-S	ND	ND	ND	4 J	ND	37	ND	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	6.7	ND	ND	ND	29.2	#88.4##
September 1997:																		
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	23,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND()	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	23,000 E
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5,300	ND	ND	ND	ND	NO.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2 1 5 75,300 Sea
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5,200	ND	ND	ND	ND	4,200 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4 - 6 9 400
TA2-VW-21-SV-50D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	11,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5 rs 1,000 f
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	100,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	45,000	ND	1,700 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	145,700 8 9
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	74,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	8,900	ND	7,700	ND	ND	ND	ND	90,600***
May 1998:	······································			······································		<del></del>			<del></del>				·					
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	9.0	6.3 J	ND	8.0	ND	42	ND .	ND	ND	ND	653
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.0	ND	ND	4.4 J	ND	9.0	ND	38	ND	, ND	ND	ND	a 15, 624 S
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	13	2.0	1.0	ND	ND	230	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	11.76 F1250 (F18-7)
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	¥190° 1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Contro
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	98	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	120
September 1998;						<del></del>					And the second second second					·		
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND .	1.9 J	0.48 J	ND	21	5.6	ND	ND	.31	4.1	120	0.88 J	0.42 J	ND	9.3	347528277514
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	1.2 J	0.31 J	ND	14	3.5	ND	ND	28	3.7	110	0.68 J	ND	ND	6.0	11 297.6 d. T.
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.9 J	1.8 J	ND	ND	460	3.7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	503 7 8 8
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	13 J	20	5.2 J	ND	ND	29,970.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	10 J	\$25j.073050 \$55
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	14 J	14 J	ND	ND	ND	44 1 p 000 - 11 4 1	2.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	



	Şa	mple Attribu	utes		<u> </u>	Ţ					<del></del>		voc	(ppbv	<b>)</b>				,		
											<u> </u>										
Sample ID	Sample Date	Laboratory and Chain of Custody Number	Analytical Method	Remarks	Sample Depth (ft)	Acetone	Benzene	Bromodichloromethane	Bromomethane	2-Butanone	Carbon disulfide	Carbon tetrachloride	Chloroform	Chloromethane	1,2-Dibromoethane	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,2-Dichloroethane
December 1998:										· ,							,	,			
TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.0	5.8	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.6 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	}	Quanterra		Duplicate	72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.0	5.4	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.5 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	12/7/1998	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	14	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.5 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	1	601237	}		92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	20 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	1.			Duplicate	92	ND	ND	ND.	ND	ND	ND	ND	20	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
March 1999;											-			-							
TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	31	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.6	6.8	ND	ND	1.0 J	ND	1.5 J	1.9 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	}	Quanterra		Duplicate	72	23	ND	ND	ND:	ND	ND	3.7	7.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.0	2.1	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	3/22/1999	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	33	ND	2.8	ND	ND	ND	ND	20	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.82 J	3.0	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	]	601638		1	92	16	ND	3.8	ND	ND	ND	ND	23	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.0 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	}			Duplicate	92	16 J	ND	3.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	22	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
June 1999:																··					
TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	50	ND	ND	ND	3.0 J	ND	2.9	5.8	ND	ND	3.6	ND	ND	1.6 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	1	Quanterra		Duplicate	72 '	43	ND	ND	ND	3.0 J	ND	3.2	6.0	ND	ND	4.5	ND	ND	1.83	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	6/24/1999	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	6.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	17	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.0 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92		601823			92	25 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	15	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	۸D	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D				Duplicate	92	26 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	24	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
September 1999;									. :												
TA2-VW-20-SV-72					. 72	4.1 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.7	5.9	ND	ND	ND	ND-	ND	1.7 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D		Quanterra		Duplicate	72	6.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.9 J	4.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.2 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	9/7/1999	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	17	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.2 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92		602830			92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	22	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D			** .	Duplicate	92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	27	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND



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	1,1-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1,2-Dichloropropane	Ethylbenzene	4-Ethyi toluene	Methylene chloride	etrachloroethene	Coluene	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	.1.1-Trichloroethane	Tindle roaling in	Frichlorofluoromethane	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Vinyl chloride	Xylenes (total)	
Sample ID	Ξ.	-5	2.	<u> </u>	草	/eth	etic	olc	,2,	=	i e	i	1.2	2,4	3.5	Ĭģ.	Şe	MARK SHOW
December 1998:	<del></del>	<u> </u>		<u> </u>	4			<u> </u>	_ <del></del> _	<u> </u>	5. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S. S.	<u> </u>	<u>. –                                    </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>			1915 and 1916 and 1916 and 1916
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.51 J	ND	ND	ND	21	4.0	120	ND	ND	ND	ND	1138.5
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	21	3.9	110	В	ND	ND	ND	*146.3*
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.4 J	ND	ND	ND	510	3.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	535.3
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	7.1 J	ДИ	ND	ND	ND	21 J	6.3 J	ND	ND	ND	1,300	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	(4) 7,889.70 士
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	8.2 J	ND	ON	ND	ND	21	6.4 J.	ND	. ND	ND	1,400	ND	4.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,459.80
March 1999:	<del>'</del>			! .	<u> </u>	·	<del></del>	<u> </u>	L	<del></del>	N. C. D. SHOTE J. Mar. S. P. C. S.	<u></u>	<u> </u>			L.,,	·	
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.57 J	0.74 J	ND	ND	25	4.9	110	ND	ND	ND	2.02 J	189.03
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.67 J	0.53 J	ND	ND	77 28 C	5.3	120	ND	ND	ND	1.1 J	2 P20163 W
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	1.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.4	1.0 J	ND	0.74 J	520D	5.4	1.6 J	ND.	ND	ND	ND	88,2592,56 296
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	8.8	2.4	ND	ND	ND	23	10	ND	ND	1.0 J	, U1:200D	3.1	4.4	ND	ND	ND	1.3 J	(8 84 1298 80 55t
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	8.7	2.4 J	ОИ	ND	ND	22	6.3	ND	ND	ND	11.200D	2.9 J	4.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	\$300 5287.00 F2F
June 1999;		·								_								
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	0.51 J	0.62 J	ND	3.6	2.5	ND	ND	§ 24	4	97	1.0 J	ND	ND	4.6	206 3374
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	ŃD	0.52 J	ND	4.5	1.8 J	ND	0.60 J	25	4.3	100	1.0 J	ND	ND	4.2	205 22 20
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ИD	2.8 J	ND	ND	ND	410	4.6	1.7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	3 449 ° '
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	3.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	13	5.2 J	2.5 J	ND	ND	530	ND	2.3 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	974, 596 a
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	5.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	20	7.7 J	ND	ND	ND	920	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	\$1,000,60%
September 1999:					·····				,									
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.51	ND	ND	26,	4.7	130	ND	ND	ND	ND	-464 (69 814 KA)
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	0.55 J	0.70 J	ND	3.5	3.8	ND	0.84 J	7.7	3.1	95	0.99 J	ND	ND .	3.05 J	<b>1</b> 0,214283138*
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ИD	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.9 J	ND	ND	ND	460	3.7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4050425
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	4.7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	14	6.2 J	8.6 J	ND	ND	960	ND	3.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	43.41,018.70
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	6.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	16	6.9 J	ND	ND	NÓ	960 <sup>1</sup>	3.2 J	4.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	100000

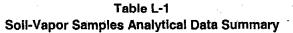




	Sa	mple Attribu	utes	<del></del>		Γ							voc	(ppbv	)	<del></del>	<u> </u>				
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			1	}	}	}													l o		
	}			j	]	]	1	lane	}			_ o	]	]		g e	و ا	و ا	Dichlorodifluoromethane		
								Bromodichloromethane			<u>o</u>	Carbon tetrachloride			.2-Dibromoethane	1,2-Dichlorabenzene	1,3-Dichlarabenzene	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ome	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,2-Dichloroethane
	[		1		[	1		5	Bromomethane	0	Carbon disulfide	rach	-	Chloromethane	Joe Tee	gg.	gg-	å	luor	10et	get
	ĺ	Laboratory and Chain of				g g	e e	ģ	Tet.	2-Butanone	ig c	n tet	Chloraform	je j	prou	를	울			용	욷
		Custody	Analytical		Sample	Acetone	Benzene	o mo	ŭ,	Buta	e e	- Qu	일	ool o	Ş	Ż.	Ö	Q 4	왕	جَ	20.
Sample ID	Sample Date	Number	Method	Remarks	Depth (ft)	_ ₹	<u> </u>	ă	<u> </u>	-4	Ö	<u> </u>	Ö	5		<del>-</del> -		<u>,</u>	_ق_	<u> </u>	_=_
December 1999;	,		<del></del>	γ		T					Lun		-	T	112	N <sub>D</sub>	ND.	1 10		LND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	1	]			72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.7	8.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.2	ND	<del>  </del>
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	40.77/4000	Quanterra		Duplicate	72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.5	7.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.1	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	12/7/1999	AR/COC 602989	EPA TO-14	<b>_</b>	50	ND	ND	3.6 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	20	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.5 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	Ì				92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	23	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	<u> </u>	<u> </u>		Duplicate	92	13 J	ND	4.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	24	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
March 2000:						r		т			<del></del>		<del></del>				ı —				
TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	100	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.8	5.0	ND	ND	ND.	ND	ND	1,4 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D		Quanterra/ Severn Trent		Duplicate	72	42	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.2	6.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.7 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	3/1/2000	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	ND	ND	2.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	18	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.2 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92		603136	1		92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	21	ND	. ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D		<u> </u>		Duplicate	92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	16	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
June 2000:		<del>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </del>						<del></del>				,—	,					<u> </u>			
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	]	]			72	14	1.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.1	5.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.3 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D		Quanterra/ Severn Trent		Duplicate	72	9.8 J	1.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	3	5.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	ИÐ	1.4 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	6/20/2000	AR/COC	EPA TO14		50	ND	2.6 J	2,7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	16	ND	ND	ND .	ND	ND	1.9 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92		603340	<b>[</b> .		92	ND	ND	3.6 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	18	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D		<u> </u>		Duplicate	92	ND	2.9 J	3.3 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	19	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
September 2000;	<del></del>		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		·				· .			,							<del></del>		
TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	7.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.1	3.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.1 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D		Quanterra/ Severn Trent		Duplicate	72	6.3 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.7	4.6	ND	ND	ND	ND -	ND	1.4 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	9/13/2000	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	ND	ND	2.3 J	ND	ND	ND.	ND	15	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.8 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92		603661			92	ND	ND	3.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	19	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	<u> </u>	L		Duplicate	92	ND	ND	3.2 J	GN	ND	ND	ND	20	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

Table L-1
Soil-Vapor Samples Analytical Data Summary

			· ·	<del> </del>	<u> </u>		-	voc	(ppbv)	) .				_				
Sample ID	1,1-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1,2-Dichloropropane	Ethylbenzene	4-Ethyl toluene	Methylene chloride	Tetrachioroethene	Toluene	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Trichloroethane	Trichlorofluoromethane	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Vinyl chloride	Xylenes (total)	Total VOICE TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERTY OF
December 1999:							, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	<del></del>										
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND -	ND	0.69 J	ND	0.82 J	0.59 J	1.8 J	0.67 J	ND	25	5.7	130	ND	ND	ND	4.89 J	185 16
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	·ND	ND	ND	ND	0.93 J	0.73 J	0,69 J	ND	ND	25 Jack	5.7	120	ND	ND .	ND	ND	167.35
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND.	ND	3.1 J	ND	ND	ND	470	4.5	1.7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	505.4
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	10 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	29	8.4 J	ND	ND	ND	1,500	3.7 J	6.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	4,580.70
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	13	ND	ND	ND	ND	31	9.4	ND	ND	ND	1,500	4.4 J	7.7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,606.50
March 2000:	·		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	<u> </u>			1		<u> </u>		10.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					·	
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	8,0	ND	ND	0.70 J	. 20	ND	ND.	116	3.6	98	0.75 J	ND	ND	34.3	290.55
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	15	0,90 J	ND	ND	42	ND	ND	19	4.1	120	0.96 J	ND	ND	78	1, =1832.86 (CV)
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND .	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	440	3.6 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	466.3
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	5.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND.	15	6.9 J	ND	ND	ND	1,200	DA	3.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	4 1252:50 G
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	4.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	14	5.5 J	ND.	, ND	ND	<b>850</b> %	ND	3.1 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	867 (4893165°)
June 2000:								<u></u>	<del></del>									
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND .	ND	. ND	ND	ND	3 19	3,8	110	ND	ND	ND	ND	35,1458,34°
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.51	ND	ND	ND	1977	3.6	100	ND	ND	ND	ND	450
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	, ND	2.7	ND	ND	ND	470	3.0 J	1.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	4999-1
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	4.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	14	5.2 J	ND	ND	ND	÷\$1,100, 7	1.9 J	2.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	14676
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	4.1 J	ND	ND	, ND	ND	15	4.4 J	ND	ND	ND	1,200	1.7 J	2.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	
September 2000:																		·
- TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	13	2.7	73	ND	ND	ND	ND	
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	14.17.5	3.6	96	ND	ND	ND	ND	9 (3)6 (2)
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.4 J	ND	ND	ND	400	3.0	1.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	70.5
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	4.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	12	4.3 J	ND	ND:	ND	870	1.9 J	3.0 J	ND	ND	ND.	ND	
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	4.3 J	ND	ND ·	ND	ND	12	4.2 J	ND	ND	ND.	850	2.1 J	3.0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	7 9 9 7 1



	Sa	mple Attribu	ıtes			Γ						<u>·</u>	voc	(ppbv	)						
																					. <del></del> .
Sample ID	Sample Date	Laboratory and Chain of Custody Number	Analytical Method	Remarks	Sample Depth (fi)	Acetone	Benzene	Bromodichloromethane	Bromomethane	2-Butanone	Carbon disulfide	Carbon tetrachloride	Chloroform	Chloromethane	1,2-Dibromoethane	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,2-Dichloroethane
December 2000:			<del></del>	r		,- <del></del>				·	· · -	г	,								
TA2-VW-20-SV-72					72	5.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.3	7.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,9 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D		Quanterra/		Duplicate	72	4.3 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.3 J	4.5	7.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.9 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	12/11/2000	Severn Trent AR/COC	EPA TO-14		50	14	ND	2.6	ND	ND	16	ND	23	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.5	DN	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92		603898	i		92	5.9 J	ND	2.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	23	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D				Duplicate	92	2.0 J	ND	3.0	ND	ND	ND	ND	27	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
April 2001:																					
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	4/19/2001				72	9.0 J	ND	ND	1.7 J	2.3 J	ND	3.7	6.9	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.6	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	4/19/2001				50	3.4 J	ND	-2.3	ND	ND	22	ND	24	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.5	ДN	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	4/19/2001				92	NĎ	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	25	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-025	4/23/2001	Quanterra/ Severn Trent			25	3,1 J	ND .	ND	ND	3.6 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.62 J	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-075	4/23/2001	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		75	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-125	4/23/2001	604434	İ	<del>-</del>	125	10 J	ND	ND	ND	7.7 J	ND	ND	3.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-175	4/23/2001				175	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-225	4/23/2001	[		[	225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
June 2001:		l		<u></u>															<u> </u>		L
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	6/22/2001				72	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.7	6.6	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.3	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	6/22/2001	1			50	7.6 J	ND	2.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	21	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.7 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	6/22/2001	]			92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	25	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-025	6/26/2001	Quariterra/	1		25	4.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.81 J	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-075	6/26/2001	Severn Trent AR/COC	EPA TO-14		75	ND	ND.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-125	6/26/2001	604643			125	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	D	. ND	DN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-175	6/26/2001	]	1		175	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ИD	DN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-225	6/26/2001				225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	6/26/2001			Duplicate	225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND

Table L-1
Soil-Vapor Samples Analytical Data Summary

				<del></del>	<del></del>			VOC	(pphy	<u> </u>		<del></del>	<del></del>		·			<del></del>
	ethene	loroethene	propane	92	aue eus	thloride	athene	VOC	2,4-Trichlorobenzene		000	richlorofluoromethane	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene		· ial)	
Sample ID	1,1-Dichloroethene	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	1,2-Dichloropropane	Ethylbenzene	4-Ethyl toluene	Methylene chloride	Tetrachloroethene	Toluene	1,2,4-Trichle	1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Lichloroethere	Trichloroffue	1,1,2-Trich	1,2,4-Trime	1,3,5-Trime	Vinyl chloride	Xylenes (total)	Total EVOC
December 2000:			·									<b>,</b>		·			<u>_</u>	
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	0.94 J	ND.	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.62 J	ND	ND	ND	20	4.8	120	ND	ND	ND	ND	
TA2-VW-20-SV-72D	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	20	4.9	120	0.65 J	ND	ND	ND	168.65
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	1.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.1	ND	ND	ND	350	3.9	1.6 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	/[vi/≥416′9 / k
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	8.1	ND	ND	ND	ND	14	6,5	ND	ŅD	ND	1,000	2.5 J	4.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,067,60
TA2-VW-21-SV-92D	8.8	2.4	ND	ND	ND	17	6,5	ND	ND	ND	1 100	3:0	5.7	ND	ND	ND	ND	1,175,403
April 2001:	<u></u>					<u>'</u>	<u> </u>			<u></u>	P. Chr. Stronger	<u> </u>	<u></u>	L	<u> </u>		·	the same of the same of the same of
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	0.94 J	ND	ND	0.75 J	ND	0.86 J	0.64 J	3.1	ND	ND	21	5.2	130	ND	ND	ND ·	2	한자 189.15, 1
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	1.2 J	ND	DN	ND	ND	2.5	ND	ND	ND	360	3.8	1.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	401.2
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	6.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	21	6.2 J	ND	ND	ND	1,000	ND	5,0 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	\$5 1.064.10 %
227-VW-01-SV-025	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.1	ND	ND	40	ND	ND	0.51 J	ND	ND	ND	49.9
227-VW-01-SV-075	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.0 J	ND	ND	ND	2,500	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,507.0 257.
227-VW-01-SV-125	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.5 J	3.9 J	13	ND	ND	730	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7719 234
227-VW-01-SV-175	ND	ND	ND				<del> </del>	ND		ND	100		<b></b>		<u> </u>	L	ND	Name and Advantage of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of the Control of
	<del> </del> -			ND	ND	25 J	ND		ND		3,700	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		*171372503881
227-VW-01-SV-225 June 2001:	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	33 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	4/900	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	18.27 4198310VE <sup>RN</sup>
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND I	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	20	5.2	120	ND	ND	ND	ND	678
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2,5 J	ND	ND	ND	370	3.9 J	1.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.442.2
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	5.7 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	14	5.3 J	ND	ND	ND	870	ND	3.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	90.00 023.970.4
227-VW-01-SV-025	ND	ND	ND .	ND	ND	ND ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	55.	0.54 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
227-VW-01-SV-075	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5.2 J	3.0 J	ND	ND	850	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
227-VW-01-SV-125	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8.8 J	ND	ND	ND	2,700	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.708.8
227-VW-01-SV-175	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND .	4,300	ND	ND.	ПD	ND	ND	ND	7 4 300 0 emil
227-VW-01-SV-225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	# 8.800 FA	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	W474 B 800 0 887 11
227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	ND	МĐ	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	9,500	ND .	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.255000 -2.5



### Soli-Vapor Samples Analytical Data Summary

	Sa	mple Attrib	utes			Γ							voc	(ppbv	)					<del></del>	
																					. i
Sample ID	Sample Date	Laboratory and Chain of Custody Number	Analytical Method	Remarks	Sample Depth (ft)	Acetone	Benzene	Bromodichloromethane	Bromomethane	2-Butanone	Carbon disulfide	Carbon tetrachloride	Chloroform	Chloromethane	1,2-Dibromoethane	1,2-Dichlorobenzene	1,3-Dichlorobenzene	1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Dichlorodifluoromethane	1,1-Dichloroethane	1,2-Dichloroethane
September 2001:						,	·	·					<del></del>		r						
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	9/25/2001	1	1		72	4.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4,1	6.2	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.3	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	9/25/2001	4			50	4.6 J	ND	2.9	ND	ND	ND	ND	21	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.5	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	9/25/2001	Quanterra/			92	13 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	27	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-025	9/25/2001	Severn Trent	l		25	2.6 J	ND	ND	ND	25	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.76 J	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-075	9/25/2001	AR/COC	EPA TO-14	<u> </u>	75	ND	ND	ND	ND .	48	ND	ND	5.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-125	9/25/2001	604921			125	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-175	9/25/2001		ĺ		175	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-225	9/25/2001				225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	9/25/2001		<u> </u>	Duplicate	225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND.	ND	ND
December 2001:		· · · · · ·	,	,	<del></del>	, —	,			,		· · ·			,	,			<u> </u>	,	,
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	12/11/2001	ļ.				6.3 J,V		ND	ND	ND	ND	2.5 J,V	5.8 V	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-50	12/11/2001		ļ		50	ND	ND	2.3	ND	ND	ND	ND	19	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.88 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-21-SV-92	12/11/2001				92	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	18	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-025	12/11/2001	Quanterra/ Severn Trent			25	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	· ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-075	12/11/2001	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		75	13 J	ND	ND.	ND	11 J_	ND	ND_	3.9 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.4 J	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-\$V-125	12/11/2001	605162	}		125	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-175	12/11/2001				. 175	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-225	12/11/2001				225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND .	·ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	, ND
227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	12/11/2001	L	L	Duplicate	225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
March 2002:															· 						
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	3/19/2002				72	10	ND	ND	ND	2.4 J	ND	2.6	4,6	3.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.6 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-021-SV-50	3/19/2002				50	3.8 J	ND	3.1	ND	4.6 J	ND	ND	15	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.6 J	ND	ND
TA2-VW-021-SV-92	3/19/2002	]			92	ND	ND	4.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	19	ND	ND	DN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-025	3/19/2002	Quanterra/	Severn Trent		25	5.4 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	3.6 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-075	3/19/2002	AR/COC	EPA TO-14		75	25 J	ND	ИD	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	9.0 J
227-VW-01-SV-125	3/19/2002	605407	i		125	58 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-175	3/19/2002				175	ND	ND	ND	DN	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	73 J
227-VW-01-SV-175-SD	3/19/2002	]		Duplicate	175	110 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ŇD	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND
227-VW-01-SV-225	3/19/2002	<u></u>			225	ND	ND	ND	ОИ	ND	ND	ND_	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ДИ	ND	ND	ND



Table L-1
Soil-Vapor Samples Analytical Data Summary

### 10		<u> </u>							voc	(ppbv	<u> </u>						<del></del>		<del></del>
TA2-VW-20-SV-72 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	Sample ID	1,1-Dichlaroethene	cis-1;2-Dichlaroethene	1,2-Dichloropropane	Ethylbenzene	4-Ethyl toluene	Methylene chloride	Tetrachioroethene				Trichloroethene.	Trichlorofluoromethane	1,1,2-Trichloro-1,2,2-trifluoroethane	1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	Vinyl chloride	Xylenes (total)	Total (OCs
TA2-VW-21-SV-92 5.3 J 13 J NO ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	September 2001:		<del></del>			<u></u>									·				
TA2-VW-21-SV-92 5.3 J 13 J NO ND ND ND 15 5.9 J ND ND ND 10 1999 ND 5.4 J ND ND ND ND ND ND 15 5.6 S. J ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	NO	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	- 134	5	110	ND	ND	ND	ND	12:44:165.8 A-2
227-VW-01-SV-025 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	0.88 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.5	ND	ND	ND	370	4.3	1.5 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	#410.18 Y
227-VV-01-SV-125 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	TA2-VW-21-SV-92	5.3 J	13 J	NO	ND	ND	15	5,9 J	ND	ND	ND	890	ND	5.4 J.	ND	ND	ND	ND	961.6
227-VW-01-SV-125 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-025	ND	ND	ND	ND.	ND	ND	ND	0.93 J	ND	ND	58	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
227-VW-01-SV-225 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-075	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	4.8 J	3.0 J.	ND	ND:	900	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	961:0-73:5
227-VW-01-SV-225 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-125	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	11 J	ND	ND	ND	3,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7515.011.0 WW
227-VW-01-SV-225-SD ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-175	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5,300	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	5,300.0
227-VW-01-SV-225-SD ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-225	ND	ND	ND	. ND	NO.	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8,000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	8.000.05
TA2-VW-20-SV-72	227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	QN	
TA2-VW-21-SV-50 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	December 2001:		· · ·													<u> </u>			
TA2-VW-21-SV-50 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	TA2-VW-20-SV-72	ND	ND	ND	0.87 J.V	1.6 J,V	ND	ND	3.5 V	ND	ND	36 V	4.1 V	92 V	3.3 V	1.5 J.V	2.3 J,V	ND	77 P. to 161 972
TA2-VW-21-SV-92 10 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	TA2-VW-21-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	2.2	ND	ND	ND	330	2.8	1.2 J	ND			ND	
227-VW-01-SV-025 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	TA2-VW-21-\$V-92	10	ND	ND	ND	ND	25	9.5	ND	ND	ND	1,500	3.0 J	7.2 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	
227-VW-01-SV-125 5.8 J ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-025	. ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	600	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	
227-VW-01-SV-175 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-075	ND	ND	ND	5.4	3.6 J	ND	4.2 J	12 .	ND	ND	980	ND	ND	5.4	ND	ND	20.3	The second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second second secon
227-VW-01-SV-225 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-125	5.8 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	11 J	ND	ND	ND	3,600	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,616.805
227-VW-01-SV-225 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-175	ND	ND	ND .	ND	ND	ND	6.2 J	ND	ND	ND	3,600	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	3,606.20
March 2002:  TA2-VW-20-SV-72 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	11. J	ND	· ND		ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	0.0
March 2002:  TA2-VW-20-SV-72 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-225-SD	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	7.000
TA2-VW-021-SV-50 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	March 2002:																		
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TA2-VW-021-SV-92 4.0 J ND ND ND ND ND 14 4.8 J ND ND ND ND 980 3.0 J 3.2 J ND ND ND ND ND ND 0.6930 227-VW-01-SV-025 ND ND ND ND 0.62 J ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	TA2-VW-021-SV-50	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	1.5 J	ND	ND	ND	270	2.4 J	0.95 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	
227-VW-01-SV-175-SD ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	TA2-VW-021-SV-92										<u>_</u>	CONTRACTOR INCOME							A PERSONAL PROGRAMMA CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR
227-VW-01-SV-175 ND ND ND ND 8.4 J 26 4.4 J 5.1 J 19 ND ND 1.000 ND ND 33 9.2 J ND 43 184.60   227-VW-01-SV-125 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-025	ND	ND	ND	0.62 J	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	RUB ANTON SHIPTO BREEKAP CRITIS	ND	ND	0.65 J	ND	ND	1.4 J	The MARKET BOARD AND MAKE CONTRACT AND ADDRESS OF THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PARK THE PAR
227-VW-01-SV-175 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-075			ND		<del>                                     </del>		<del></del>				THE WALLS AND THE STATE OF THE					<del></del>		
227-VW-01-SV-175 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-125	ND	ND	ND	ND	29 J	ND	ND	37 J	ND	ND	4.500	ND	ND	32 J	СИ	ND	32 J	
227-VW-01-SV-175-SD ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-175											E-CONTROL OF CHARGE STATES							
227-VW-01-SV-225 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	227-VW-01-SV-175-SD	.ND										10000							7.00 (100)
	227-VW-01-SV-225	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	44 J	ND	ND	14 000	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	ND	



AR/COC = Analysis Request/Chain-of-Custody.

D = Duplicate.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ERCL = Environmental Restoration Chemistry Laboratory.

ft = Foot (feet).

ID = Identification.

J = Analyte detected below the quantitation limit.

ND = Not detected.

ppbv = Parts per billion on a volume to volume basis.

SV = Soil vapor.

TA = Technical Area.

V = ??

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

VW = Vapor well.



ATTACHMENT M Groundwater Monitoring Results

# Table M-1 Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Well TA2-W-19 VOC Analytical Results November 1999–March 2002 (Off-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCL <sup>c</sup>	Result <sup>d</sup>	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	1,1-Dichloroethane	07-06-01	048782-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	NE	0.53 (2)	J	None
i	ľ	10-02-01	049035-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	NE	0.54 (2)	, J	None
		11-21-01	049178-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	NE	0.65 (2)	ار	None
	Bromomethane	11-21-01	049178-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	NE	0.54 (2)	J	None
	Trichloroethene	03-15-00	048634-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	5.0	1.9 (2)	J	None
	Ī	01-04-01	049575-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	5.0	2.3	<u> </u>	None
}	Ī	03-08-01	049677-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	5.0	1.7		None
j	ſ	07-06-01	048782-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	5.0	0.96		None
1		10-02-01	049035-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	5.0	1.4		. None
ł		11-21-01	049178-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	5.0	1.4		None
[	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	03-15-00	048634-001	EPA 8260	μg/L	70.0	0.53 (2)	J	None
j	. Г	11-21-01	049178-001	EPA 8260	µg/L	70.0	0.67 (2)	J	None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Analyses performed by the Environmental Restoration Chemistry Laboratory.

<sup>c</sup>MCL established by the EPA Primary Drinking Water Regulations in 40 CFR 141, and subsequent amendments, or New Mexico Environmental Improvement Board in New Mexico Register, Title 20, Part I.

diff result detected below quantitation limit, then quantitation limit is indicated in parentheses.

CFR = Code of Federal Regulations,

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ID = Identification.

J = Analyte is detected below the quantitation limit.

MCL = Maximum contaminant level.

μg/L = Microgram(s) per liter.

NE = Not established.

None = All quality control samples met acceptance criteria with respect to submitted samples.

TA = Technical Area.

VOC = Volatile organic compound.

W = Water.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup>EPA 1986.

#### Table M-2 Summary of VOC Analytical Detection Limits November 1999–March 2002 (On-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

Analyte	Method Detection Limit (μg/L)					
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	0.5					
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	0.5					
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	0.5					
1,1-Dichloroethane	0.5					
1,1-Dichloroethene	0.5					
1,2-Dichloroethane	0.5					
1,2-Dichloropropane	0.5					
2-Butanone	0.5–11					
2-Hexanone	0.5-10					
4-Methyl-2-pentanone	0.5–5					
Acetone	2–7					
Benzene	0.5					
Bromochloromethane	0.5					
Bromodichloromethane	0.5					
Bromoform	0.5					
Bromomethane	0.5					
Carbon disulfide	0.5					
Carbon tetrachloride	0.5					
Chlorobenzene	0.5					
Chloroethane	0.5–2					
Chloroform	0.5					
Chloromethane	0.5					
Dibromochloromethane	0.5					
Ethyl benzene	0.5					
Methylene chloride	0.5					
m-Xylene, p-Xylene	0.5–1					
o-Xylene	0.5					
Styrene	0.5					
Tetrachloroethene	0.5					
Toluene	0.5					
Trichloroethene	0.1–0.5					
Vinyl chloride	0.1–0.5					
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.5					
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.5					
trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	0.5–3					
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	0.5					

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Environmental Restoration Chemistry Laboratory.

μg/L = Microgram(s) per liter. VOC = Volatile organic compound.

#### Table M-3 Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Well TA2-W-19 Metals Analytical Results November 1999–March 2002 (On-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCL <sup>c</sup>	Result <sup>d</sup>	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Aluminum	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (150)	U	A,A2,UJ
j		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	180 (620)	J	None
ì		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	2000		None
1		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L_	NE	230 (620)	J	None
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (150)	U	None
		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	450 (620)	J	None
		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	310 (620)	J	A2,J,P1
[	· <u></u>	03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	430 (620)	J,B	B,J
ſ	Antimony	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	6.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	_μg/L	6.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
. [		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	6.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
1		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	6.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	6.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	6.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	6.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
L		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	6.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
Γ	Arsenic	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	10.0	ND (3.4)	Ú	None
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	10.0	ND (3.4)	U	None
		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L_	10.0	ND (3.4)	U	None
)		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	10.0	ND (3.4)	Ü	None
į		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	10.0	ND (3.4)	U	None
,		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	10.0	ND (3.4)	U	None
		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	10.0	ND (3.4)	Ü	None
1		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	10.0	ND (3.4)	U	None

# Table M-3 (Continued) Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Well TA2-W-19 Metals Analytical Results November 1999–March 2002 (On-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

		Sample	Sample	Analytical		_		Lab	Validation
Well ID	Analyte	Date	No.	Method <sup>b</sup>	Units -	MCLC	Result <sup>d</sup>	Qualifier	Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Barium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L,	2,000	51		None
]		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	2,000	49		None
1		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	2,000	57		None
		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	2,000	50		None
{		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2,000	47		None
1		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2,000	51		None
Ì		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2,000	53	•	None
L		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2,000	47		None
ſ	Beryllium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	4.0	ND (0.11)	U	None
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	4.0	ND (0.11)	U	None
		01-04-01	.049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	4.0	ND (0.11)	Ū	None
. [		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	4.0	ND (0.11)	U	None
{		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	4.0	ND (0.11)	U	None
1	•	10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	4.0	ND (0.11)	U	None
ļ		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	4.0	ND (0.11)	U	None
1		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	4.0	ND (0.11)	Ú	None
	Cadmium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	5.0	ND (0.23)	U	None
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	5.0	ND (0.23)	U	None
į.		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	5.0	ND (0.23)	Ü	None
ļ		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	, 5.0	ND (0.23)	Ū	None
ĺ	,	07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	5.0	ND (0.23)	Ü	None
1		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	5.0	ND (0.23)	U	None
i		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	5.0	ND (0.23)	Ú	None
1		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	5.0	ND (0.23)	U	None

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCLC	Result <sup>d</sup>	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Calcium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	72,000	В	J,P2
1	•	03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L ·	NE	78,000		J,P2
İ		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	79,000		J,P2
. {		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	84,000	E	J,P2
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	75,000		J,P2
i		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	120,000	E,B	J,P2
1		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	82,000	E	None
		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	68,000	E	J,P1
Γ.	Chromium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	100	ND (8.5)	U	None
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	100	ND (8.5)	U	None
		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	100	ND (8.5)	U	None
		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	100	ND (8.5)	U .	None
[		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	100	ND (8.5)	U	None
1		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	100	ND (8.5)	U	None
ł		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	100	ND (8.5)	U	None
	:	03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	100	ND (8.5)	U	None
Γ	Cobalt	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (0.23)	Ü	В
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	0.49 (0.91)	J,B	B,J
ł		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	0.38 (0.91)	J,B	None
1		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	0.34 (0.91)	J,B	∙ B,J
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	0.3 (0.91)	J,B	B,J
		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	0.97	В	B,J
ļ		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	0.91	В	None
		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (0.23)	. U	None

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCL <sup>c</sup>	Result <sup>d</sup>	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Copper	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (5.7)	U	None
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (5.7)	U	None
}	•	01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	9.4 (23)	J	None
J		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (5.7)	U	None
į		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L_	NE	ND (5.7)	U	None
		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (5.7)	U	None
}		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (5.7)	U .	None
1.		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (5.7)	U	None
	Iron	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	1000	В	B,J
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	1300		None
		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	2100		None
1		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	940		None
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	580		A2,J,P1
ĺ		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	900		None
		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	1000		None
J		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	540		· A,J
	Lead	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.7)	U	None
İ		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.7)	U	None
.		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.7)	U	None
}		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.7)	U	None
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.7)	· U	None
1		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.7)	U	None
Ì		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.7)	U	, None
		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.7)	U	None

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCLc	Result <sup>d</sup>	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Magnesium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	13,000		J,P2
Ì	-	03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	12,000		J,P2
,		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	13,000		J,P2
		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	12,000		J,P2
[		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	11,000		J,P2
ĺ	•	10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	11,000		J,P2
1		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	12,000		None
}		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	11,000		None
. [	Manganese	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (2.8)	Ü	None
Ì		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (2.8)	U	None
*		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	22		None
		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	8 (11)	j	None
1		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (2.8)	U	None
(		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	8.1 (11)	J	None
į		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	5.1 (11)	J	None
ļ		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	5.5 (11)	J	None
	Mercury	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (0.23)	Ų	None
<b>!</b>		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (0.23)	Ų	None
ļ		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (0.23)	Ū	None
1		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (0.23)	U	None
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (0.23)	U	None
1		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (0.23)	U	None
		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (0.23)	U	None
		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (0.23)	U	None

		Sample	Sample	Analytical				Lab	Validation
Well ID	Analyte	Date	No.	Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCF <sub>c</sub>	Result <sup>d</sup>	Qualifier	Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Nickel	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (1.1)	U	None
Ì		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	4.2 (4.5)	J	None
ł		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	4.8	В	B,J
ì		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	3.5 (4.5)	J	None
}		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	13	9.	None
}		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	2.8 (4.5)	J	None
ļ		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	8.2		None
j		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	2.1 (4.5)	J	None
<b>[</b>	Potassium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L.	NE	500 (680)	J	A,J
ļ		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L.	NE	1,500		None
ļ		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	2,200		None
ļ		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	1,900		A2,J
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	1,800		None
İ		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	2,200	•	None
1		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L_	NE	2,100	• •	None
		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	1,600		A2,J
	Selenium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	50.0	10		None
Ì		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	50.0	9.3		None
		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	50.0	5.7 (6.8)	J,B	B,J
1	•	03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	50.0	9.8		None
}		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	50.0	7.8	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	None
1		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	50.0	8.2	В	B,J
1		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	50,0	11		None
1		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	50.0	6.7 (6.8)		None

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCLC	Result <sup>d</sup>	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Silver	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	. NE	ND (0.23)	U	None
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (0.23)	U	None
1		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	0.34 (0.91)	J .	None
<b>[</b>		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (0.23)	Ū	None
Í		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (0.23)	U _	A2,P2,UJ
		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (0.23)	U	L,A
į		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (0.23)	U	None
		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (0.23)	U	None
_ · ·	Sodium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	25,000		J,P2
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	23,000		J,P2
		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	24,000		J,P2
		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	22,000		J,P2
ĺ		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L_	NE	22,000		J,P2
ì	•	10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE NE	21,000		J,P2
,		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	23,000		None
1.		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	21,000		None
	Thallium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (1.7)	· U ,	None
		03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
	·	07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
ł		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
}		11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	2.0	ND (1.7)	U	None
}		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L.	2.0	ND (1.7)	U	None

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCL <sup>c</sup>	Result <sup>d</sup>	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
A2-W-19	Vanadium	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (2.8)	Ü	None
	{	03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	7.4 (11)	J	None
		01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE.	6.6 (11)	J	None
	ļ	03-08-01	.049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (2.8)	U	None
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (2.8)	U	None
		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	5.3 (11)	J	None
	}	11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	7.3 (11)	J	None
	· ·	03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	4.8 (11)	J	None
	Zinc	11-30-99	048546-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (23)	U	В
	ĺ	03-15-00	048634-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (23)	U	None
	}	01-04-01	049575-003	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (23)	Ü	None
		03-08-01	049677-009	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (23)	U	None
		07-06-01	048782-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (23)	U	None
		10-02-01	049035-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (23)	U	None
	}	11-21-01	049178-007	EPA 6020 .	μg/L	NE	ND (23)	U	None
		03-18-02	049369-007	EPA 6020	μg/L	NE	ND (23)	U	None

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>Environmental Restoration Chemistry Laboratory.

cMCL established by the EPA Primary Drinking Water Regulations in 40 CFR 141, and subsequent amendments, or New Mexico Environmental Improvement Board in New Mexico Register, Title 20, Part I.

dIf result detected below quantitation limit, then quantitation limit is indicated in parentheses.

= Code of Federal Regulations.

= Not detected (at method detection limit).

= Technical Area.

= U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

ND () = Not detected above the detection limit.

= Water.

= Maximum contaminant level. shown in parentheses.

= Microgram(s) per liter.

NE = Not established.

#### Lab Qualifiers

- = Analyte is detected in associated laboratory method blank sample.
- = Result exceeds highest laboratory calibration level.
- = Analyte is detected below the quantitation limit.
  - = Analyte is absent or below the method detection limit.

- = Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the laboratory control and duplicate control samples do not meet acceptance criteria. **A2** 
  - = Laboratory accuracy and/or bias measurements for the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate samples do not meet acceptance criteria.
- = Analyte is present in associated laboratory method blank sample.
  - = The associated value is an estimated quantity.
- None = All quality control samples met acceptance criteria with respect to submitted samples.
  - = Laboratory precision measurements for the matrix spike and matrix spike duplicate samples do not meet acceptance criteria.
- = insufficient quality control data to determine laboratory precision. P2
- = Analyte was analyzed for but not detected, and the associated value is an estimate and may be inaccurate or imprecise. UJ

# Table M-4 Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Well TA2-W-19 Nitrate Analytical Results November 1999–March 2002 (On-Site Laboratory<sup>a</sup>)

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCLC	Result	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Nitrate (as Nitrogen)	11-30-99	048546-004	HACH_NO3	mg/L	10	9.9		None
{	,	03-15-00	048634-004	HACH_NO3	mg/L	10	7.8		None
ł	•	01-04-01	049575-004	HACH_NO3	mg/L	. 10	13	Ī	None
ł		03-08-01	049677-016	HACH_NO3	mg/L	10	24		None
		07-06-01	048782-016	HACH_NO3	mg/L	10	7.2		None
		11-02-01	049035-016	HACH_NO3	mg/L	10	7.8		None
		11-21-01	049178-016	HACH_NO3	mg/L	10	3,8		None
		03-18-02	049369-016	Nitrate_EP	mg/L	10	8.8		None

Note: Values in bold exceed the associated MCL.

<sup>a</sup>Environmental Restoration Chemistry Laboratory.

<sup>b</sup>EPA 1986.

<sup>c</sup>MCL established by the EPA Primary Drinking Water Regulations in 40 CFR 141, and subsequent amendments, or New Mexico Environmental Improvement Board in New Mexico Register, Title 20, Part I.

EPA = U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

MCL = Maximum contaminant level.

mg/L = Milligram(s) per liter.

None = All quality control samples met acceptance criteria with respect to submitted samples.

TA = Technical Area.

W = Water.

# Table M-5 Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Well TA2-W-19 General Chemistry Analytical Results November 1999–March 2002 (On-Site and Off-Site Laboratories<sup>a</sup>)

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCL <sup>c</sup>	Result <sup>d</sup>	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Alkalinity as CaCo3	11-30-99	048546-005	HACH_ALK	mg/L	NE	110		None
	•	03-15-00	048634-005	HACH_ALK	mg/L	NE	100		None
•		01-04-01	049575-005	HACH_ALK	mg/L	NE	100		None
İ		03-08-01	049677-013	HACH_ALK	mg/L	NE	110		None
j	•	07-06-01	048872-113	HACH_ALK	mg/L	NE	99		None
		07-06-01	048782-013	EPA 310.1	mg/L	NE NE	·88.4		
		10-02-01	049035-013	HACH_ALK	mg/L	NE	110		None
ļ		11-21-01	049178-013	HACH_ALK	mg/L	NE	100		None
į		03-18-02	049369-013	HACH_ALK	mg/L	NE	110		None
ſ	Bromide	11-30-99	048546-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	ND (0.4)	U	None
1		03-15-00	048634-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	ND (0.4)	U	None
. [		01-04-01	049575-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	ND (0.4)	Ü	None
1		03-08-01	049677-013	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	ND (0.4)	U	None
		07-06-01	048872-013	EPA 300.0	mg/L	NE	0.837		
1		10-02-01	049071-013	SW846 9056	mg/L	NE	0.679		
j		11-21-01	049178-013	Anions_EPA	mg/L	NE	0.75		None
1		03-18-02	049369-013	Anions_EPA	mg/L	NE	0.82		None
[	Chloride	11-30-99	048546-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	73		None
ļ		03-15-00	048634-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	70		None
		01-04-01	049575-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	71		None
		03-08-01	049677-013	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	76		None
ł		07-06-01	048872-013	EPA 300.0	mg/L	NE	68		
ĺ		10-02-01	049071-013	SW846 9056	mg/L	NE	76.6		
		11-21-01	049178-013	Anions_EPA	mg/L	NE	74		None
		03-18-02	049369-013	Anions_EPA	mg/L	NE	69		None

### 4

## Table M-5 (Concluded) Summary of Groundwater Monitoring Well TA2-W-19 General Chemistry Analytical Results November 1999–March 2002

(On-Site and Off-Site Laboratoriesa)

Well ID	Analyte	Sample Date	Sample No.	Analytical Method <sup>b</sup>	Units	MCL <sup>c</sup>	Resultd	Lab Qualifier	Validation Qualifier
TA2-W-19	Fluoride	11-30-99	048546-005	Anions CE	mg/L	4.0	ND (0.5)	Ū	None
		03-15-00	048634-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	4.0	ND (0.5)	U	None
		01-04-01	049575-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	4.0	ND (0.5)	U	None
		03-08-01	049677-013	Anions_CE	mg/L	4.0	ND (0.5)	U	None
		07-06-01	048872-013	EPA 300.0	mg/L	4.0	0.332		
		10-02-01	049071-013	SW846 9056	mg/L	4.0	0.22		J
		11-21-01	049178-013	Anions_EPA	mg/L	4.0	0.34 (0.4)	J	None
		03-18-02	049369-013	Anions_EPA	mg/L	4.0	0.35 (0.4)	J	None
	Sulfate	11-30-99	048546-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	68		None
		03-15-00	048634-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	66		None
		01-04-01	049575-005	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	65		None
		03-08-01	049677-013	Anions_CE	mg/L	NE	72		None
	•	07-06-01	048872-013	EPA 300.0	mg/L	NE	59.2	· _	
		10-02-01	049071-013	SW846 9056	mg/L	NE	63.3		
		11-21-01	049178-013	Anions_EPA	mg/L	NE	66		None
		03-18-02	049369-013	Anions_EPA	mg/L	NE	71		None
	Total Dissolved Solids	03-08-01	049667-099	EPA 160.1	mg/L	NE	429		
		07-06-01	048782-099	EPA 160.1	mg/L	NE	455		1

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>a</sup>All analyses performed by the Environmental Restoration Chemistry Laboratory (On-Site Laboratory) except the July 2001 alkalinity split (048782-013), the July and October 2001 anions, and the total dissolved solids, which were analyzed by General Engineering Laboratories, Inc. (Off-Site Laboratory).

bEPA 1986.

<sup>c</sup>MCL established by the EPA Primary Drinking Water Regulations in 40 CFR 141, and subsequent amendments, or New Mexico Environmental Improvement Board in New Mexico Register, Title 20, Part I.

dif result detected below quantitation limit, then quantitation limit is indicated in parentheses.

CFR = Code of Federal Regulations.

= U.S. Environmental Protection Agency.

J = Analyte is detected below the quantitation limit.

MCL = Maximum contaminant level.

mg/L = Milligram(s) per liter.

ND () = Not detected above the detection limit, shown in parentheses.

NE = Not established

None = All quality control samples met acceptance criteria with respect to submitted samples.

S = Soil sample.

#### Lab Qualifiers

J = Analyte is absent or below the method detection limit.



341943

JUSTIFICATION FOR CLASS III
PERMIT MODIFICATION MARCH 2005
SWMU 229 OPERABLE UNIT 1309 STORM
DRAIN SYSTEM OUTFALL AT TECHNICAL
AREA II