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The Carlsbad Current

SEVENTEENTH YEAR

CARLSBAD NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY JUNE 11, 1909

NUMBER 30

CARLSBAD PROJECT IS MAKING GOOD

Lands Under Southern Pecos Valley System Rapidly Going Under Cultivation and District is Prosperous.

The land under the Carlsbad project of the national reclamation service at Carlsbad, Eddy county, have advanced four times in value since the government took hold of the project, according to Hon. C. R. Brice of Carlsbad who was in the city yesterday on his way to Santa Fe. Mr. Brice was a member of the last house of representatives where he proved not only a useful member to the whole territory but especially useful to his home county since it was largely thru his efforts that the ambition of the Artesia people, to create Artesia county, was defeated. He is accompanied by Mrs. Brice.

"Our part of the territory is moving right ahead," said Mr. Brice, yesterday, "and in spite of the drought which has done some damage to the cattle interests we will have a good season. On the plains country in the eastern part of Eddy county there has been plenty of rain and in our section things seem to be growing without it."

"The land under the Carlsbad project is filling up rapidly and the whole area will soon be under cultivation. This land has increased four times in value since the government took over the project, and the district, although small, is going to be one of the most productive irrigated sections of New Mexico."—Albuquerque Journal.

In Dryest Kansas.

"I went into a drug store," said a sad-eyed man, "to get liniment for my rheumatism. I asked for liniment, and never winked; but when I got home I found the druggist had given me whisky."

My wife then went and asked for liniment for me, and when she got home we found they had also given her whisky."

"Then I sent my prattling, innocent child to ask for medicine for her sick father, and the druggist wrapped up whisky. It is impossible to get anything in the drug stores of this town but whisky."—Kansas City Star.

BARGAINS.

Four Residence Properties 11-12 block of court house. Porcelain Baths. SEE SHELTON.

McLenathen—Insurance.

Want To Trade?

To trade for horses a three-room house within three blocks of public school building. Enquire of

M. L. Dannelley.

McLenathen—Insurance.

LOST—A solid gold hunting case 15 jeweled Elgin watch. Finder please return watch to this office and receive a liberal reward.

McLenathen—Insurance.

A Dollar Saved

Is a Dollar Earned

You will always save money by dealing with people you can trust.

The Old Reliable

Is at the same stand that he was years ago, and will be there when you want clothes

CLEANED, REPAIRED OR MADE TO FIT

JACOB J. SMITH

One of New Mexico's Advantages.

It is a frightful death list that storms and floods have demanded thus far in the South and in the Middle West, and the wonder arises: "Why do people stay willingly in a section, where without a moment's notice they may be killed by a violent storm or swept away by a flood, when there are regions like those around Santa Fe where cyclones and tornadoes are unknown and which floods cannot reach?" It is the same question asked so often: "Why do people live on the slopes of Vesuvius or Aetna or in the earthquake belt of Sicily and Asia Minor?" says the Denver Republican on this very question:

"From time to time it has been a matter of jest between Denver people and the inhabitants of the central part of the Mississippi Valley that the latter live in a region where cyclones and tornadoes are of frequent occurrence. The more fortunate inhabitants of Colorado have felt disposed to poke fun at their friends in the 'tornado belt,' because of the eccentricities of the climate to which the latter are exposed; but the frequency with which the destructive storms occur in the region named ceases to be a jest when one reflects upon the fact that the menace is real and the danger great."

"To continue the jest seems now almost as much out of place as to make sport of the destructiveness of earthquakes on the island of Sicily; for the people whose lots have, unfortunately, been cast in Oklahoma and other parts of the country where tornadoes are frequent are entitled to the practical sympathy and commiseration of those able or whose lines have fallen in pleasant places, like Denver."

"That Oklahoma, Eastern Kansas and Western Missouri are rich in agricultural resources and thus are capable of supporting a large and, in material respects, prosperous people is beyond question. But what is the lure of fruitful fields and bountiful harvests when weighed in the balances with the terrorism under which the inhabitants of that section dwell?"

Like vineyard workers upon the slopes of Vesuvius, they may become, in a measure, indifferent to the ever present danger; but thus to grow callous is not to insure safety, for while Ajax may have defied the lightning, the most daring inhabitants of Kansas and Oklahoma cannot withstand the sweep of their destructive winds."

"One is almost tempted to lose patience with people who choose dangerous places in which to make their homes when they could so easily find both security and prosperity in the heart of the Rocky Mountains. Nothing but ignorance of the advantages of a state like Colorado can account for the fact that the home-seekers select a region where the struggles for existence takes the form of dodging tornadoes and hunting cyclone cellars."—N. M. Rockett.

Why didn't the Rockett go a step farther in the above article and tell its readers that in the Pecos Valley homeseekers could always find not only an immunity from tornadoes, but at the same time, free from the dread and dreary winters of the Rockies? For here where the busy, hustling little city of Carlsbad lies like a pearl on the banks of the Pecos, surrounded by splendid farming and grazing lands, the dread fear of the cyclone and biting cold of Colorado winters are alike unknown.

OIL IN PECOS VALLEY IN GOODLY QUANTITY.

While in Carlsbad last Tuesday W. R. Breeding informed the Current scribe that the oil well on the place of Mr. Williams, seven miles north of Lakewood was still yielding a considerable amount of oil, and that a number of barrels of oil were standing there near the well, that had been taken from the well, and that while oil could be dipped up from the well at any time the flow of water interfered with that of the oil. The necessary material is now on the ground and the work of casing the well so as to cut off the water has already begun. The oil was found a distance of 990 feet beneath the surface, and it is thought by those who have visited the well that when the water has been cut off and the well sunk a few feet deeper, there is a strong probability this well will prove a gusher.

Every year, every day, new developments are occurring that demonstrate the fact that the Pecos Valley is one of nature's storehouses of hidden wealth that time and the enterprise of the people here will develop.

A Jolly Fishing Party.

On Saturday morning a party composed of Mr. O. W. Beals, Mr. and Mrs. Y. R. Allen, Horace James and wife, and Miss Mable Austin went out for a days enjoyment with the rod and reel, returning that evening after a fine day's sport.

Death of Infant.

Mr. and Mrs. P. F. Kircher had the sad misfortune to lose their bright little son last Tuesday. The funeral services were conducted by the Catholic priest at the home of the parents at 9 o'clock Wednesday morning, after which the remains were followed to their resting place in the Carlsbad cemetery by the sorrowing parents and a number of friends.

The Current joins their large circle of friends in extending sympathy to the grief stricken parents in this their hour of sad bereavement.

County Commissioners Holding Busy Session.

The county commissioners met last Monday morning and have been holding a busy session, but up to the time of going to press, it was impossible to get an account of the proceedings of that body. The proceedings will appear in the next issue of the Current.

Children's Day.

Sunday, June 13 at 10:45 A.M. The Sunday school of the Methodist Church will observe Children's Day. The committee has prepared an interesting program. All are invited and will be given a cordial welcome.

A Wreck

is the only description for the man or woman who is crippled with rheumatism. Just a few rheumatic twinges may be the forerunner of a severe attack. Stop the trouble at the start with Ballard's Snow Liniment. Cures the inflammation and pain. Price 25c, 50c, and \$1. Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

Perfect Service

THAT is what we are striving to furnish our customers. You will undoubtedly think so when you come into our store. Besides having experienced clerks, who are prompt, courteous, and accommodating; there are things without number that makes our store a most desirable place to trade. We are equipped with every modern convenience, for the handling of all kinds of trade, and the dispensing of Drugs and Medicines. When in a hurry and when you desire the best of everything, it's the place to come. It costs you nothing for all the security and convenience our store affords.

Eddy Drug Company

Largest Drug Store in the Southwest

DRUGS JEWELRY DIAMONDS

Lakewood Locals:

From Lakewood Progress: Little Miss Mary Pearman visited relatives at Carlsbad during the past week.

Judge C. R. Brice of Carlsbad was here on business one day this week.

Judge D. G. Grantham of Carlsbad was here on business Tuesday.

Commissioner A. C. Heard, of Carlsbad was a visitor in the White City yesterday.

Little Miss Thelma Toffelmire visited friends at Carlsbad last Friday, returning Sunday morning.

We are sorry that our friend Eugene Little of Carlsbad has been sick and was forced to undergo an operation for appendicitis, but glad that the operation was successful and that he is now on the road to recovery.

Alfalfa For Sale:

Thoroughly cured new alfalfa hay at \$10.00 per ton on the field at my place six miles south of Carlsbad. Also three choice milch cows for sale.

L. F. DIEFENDORF.

FOR SALE

My home and contents, on south Canyon street, buggy, hack, single and double harness, chickens, ducks and furniture.

F. V. ALLEN.

BRIDGE BONDS SOLD

BRIDGES NOW ASSURED:

The County Commissioners has disposed of the bridge bonds to Messrs. Coffin & Crawford, of Chicago, Ill., for \$27,384.00, which means a premium of \$28,884.00, showing that the commissioners are fully alive to the interests of the country. The deal was made through Messrs. Bujac & Brice, of this city, as the following telegram received by that firm shows:

Chicago, Ill., June 9, '09 Bujac & Brice, Carlsbad.

We accept award. Will pay \$27,384.00 for \$24,500., twenty year six per cent bonds dated as per Krafts ordinance.

Coffin & Crawford.

The full report of the commissioners court will appear in the next issue of the Current.

Roswell Items:

From Monday's Record:

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Brice returned last night from a few days' visit at Santa Fe, where Mr. Brice was called on business. They went through to their home in Carlsbad.

Geo. Pendleton, of Carlsbad, was a business visitor here today.

Bello! Kodak Friends.

We have a new line of cameras and transparent films of almost any size and price that you may wish. Our line is strictly guaranteed.

The Star Pharmacy

The Old Adobe

No vision of snowy cottage
Or palace of fair design,
But dreams of an old adobe
Are often and over mine.
The walls sphynx like in their grimness
From the stranger may claim no praise,
Yet to me form a statue of beauty
Erected to joyous days.
So clear with dear children's voices
The old adobe rang;
So glad with the pearls of laughter,
So sweet with the songs they sang!
How the old house shook with the chorus,
Though the skies were dark or fair,
From the group that rose with the morning,
Till at night they had climbed the stair.
In the room where we loved to gather
On a door's unpainted frame
Are penciled marks, and a letter,
That stands for my little one's name.
That measure moved up all too slowly,
—We heard her oft complain;
She may measure a woman's stature,
Ere she stands by that door again!
The vines that climb by the window
Were planted in loving mood,
How they grew through the days of sunshine,
To tell me they understood!
Again, in the hours of midnight,
Comes the sound of their rustling leaves,
And I hear the birds, nest building,
In the shadows about the eaves.
When we passed from the kindly portal,
Reluctant, we closed the gate,
Leaving part of our inmost lives
That would not separate
From the home we loved so dearly.
Ah, the wraths of those precious years!
I meet them again in dreamland,
And awaken with blinding tears.
Awaken in scenes of beauty
Where groves of cypress stand
And thrill with the joy of a wanderer
Returned to mine own fair land
Till night, with her cooling shadows,
Comes swift through the vibrant air,
Ateem with its wealth of vision,
Athrob with its pulse of prayer!

Pecos, Texas.

Lena G. Heath.

CABINET OFFICERS TO VISIT NEW MEXICO

Santa Fe, N. N., June 7. Word was received here today that Secretary of the Interior, Richard A. Ballinger and Postmaster General Frank H. Hitchcock will visit New Mexico in September and will spend a few weeks in various parts of the territory. The purpose of the visit is to investigate conditions in New Mexico.

This announcement coupled with President Taft's recent assurance that statehood will surely be granted New Mexico this winter is an indication that the statehood fight will be one of the principal topics in Congress this winter.

The visit of the two cabinet officers, particularly Ballinger, is expected to result in giving New Mexico a good boost toward statehood. It is understood that Ballinger will make his report regarding the territory this year a little more extensive than it has usually been, with the idea of showing New Mexico's fitness for statehood. His report to Congress will undoubtedly have bearing on the territory's fight for statehood and for this reason he will be given every opportunity to see that advancement

New Mexico has made during the past few years in wealth, population and educational facilities.

Their Hard Luck.

One of Phil May's sketches portrays a thin hang-dog man in the prisoners' dock talking to a very mild and sympathetic looking judge. Mr. May's story of the sketch is that the prisoner had been dragged before the judge every few months for a number of years.

"Your face is familiar here," the latter now said.

"It is worse luck, 'your honor' returned the prisoner.

"Are you married yet?"

"Not yet, sir!"

"Not yet, eh? How long is it now you have been engaged?"

"Seven years, ver honor."

"So long as that? Why in the world haven't you got married in that time?"

"Because, your honor, Ann and I haven't managed to be both out of jail at the same time."

Notice.

All parties having bills against P. H. Miley please send same to F. S. Miley, Eureka, Mo., Lock Box 188.

McLenathen—Insurance.

**U. S.
Market.**

Corn fed BEEF
AND MUTTON
Free of Alkali.

PORK, SAUSAGE
AND ALL BY-PRODUCTS

FISH and OYSTERS in Season

PHONE NO. 11.
JOHN LOWENBRUCK

Merry Moments With Humorists

Benefits of Philosophy

By RICHARD S. GRAVES.

After having observed such other members of the human race as have come within my sight during the past 80 years I have come to the conclusion that philosophy is a good thing for us to use every day. Too many of us go through life without its benefits. We turn away from it in repugnance and around the corner meet disappointment and regret.

All of us do not know that wisdom may be extracted from the small things of life, and that its application, like the humble mustard plaster, often brings contentment and peace.

Nobody would expect to be taught philosophy by a hornet, for instance, but a hornet can teach it and impress a lasting lesson, although a hornet is but a little thing. A hornet is but a trifle in the great universe—just a detail in the insect world, with the accent mostly on the last syllable.

I do not remember having seen a more lasting or thorough lesson than the one that was taught to me by a hornet.

When I met the hornet he was on his nest, apparently in a bad frame of mind. At least he seemed to be that way. I was not in a hurry, so I stopped to look at him and make an investigation as to the cause of his unhappiness. I noted his keen glance and angry aspect and they appeared to be out of place in one so small and



I Decided to Go Away from There Immediately.

ture of Agulnaldo, or swimming the Bagbag.

It is not wise to look a bald hornet in the face at close range and make grimaces at him. That is one chunk of wisdom I tore off that day and

Some of the Best Things Written by the Acknowledged Masters.

carried away with me. It was jabbed into me and permeated my system thoroughly.

The hornet walked up and down his nest on the outside of the nest, like a new policeman, and kept his eye on me all the time. I cannot say it was a defiant look he gave me. It seemed to be more in the nature of a warning. I think now that he was saying to me by his actions, just as plainly as he could have said in words:

"You tear out of here! Fade away! Duck!"

Just as I stopped to pick up a rock the hornet must have said something to the other half million hornets inside the nest, concealed there without my knowledge or connivance, and they came out to see what he meant. They knew at once that he meant me, and an instant later 40 or 50 red-hot musket balls struck me. I decided to go away from there immediately, and I think I went just as immediately as anybody of average agility could have gone.

Time has softened the memory of that awful experience, but across the years comes to me a distinct recollection that I applied the theory of cause and effect, perhaps for the first time in my life. As a result I tore out. I ducked, and faded away, or at least I made heroic and frantic efforts to accomplish all three feats at one and the same time.

(Copyright, 1935, by W. G. Chapman.)

minutes. It isn't a regular disease like measles, you see. A man would have to do his swapping in sight of it.

"Or carry it with him," hungrily suggested Edgar.

Irish pursed his lips and shook his head and untrapped the trunk, and corrected: "Hardly! on account of the wires."

"Wires?" choked Edgar.

"Wires" leading from the electric motor to the barometer," informed Irish.

"Do you mean this contraption must be run by a motor?" thundered Edgar.

"By a 75-horse power non-flexible motor," mildly explained Irish. "The householders put it in and it's nothing out of your pocket."

"How much would the motor cost?" grunted Edgar.

"I fingered on between \$1,100 and \$1,124."

But the rest was lost as Edgar clattered down the attic stairs.

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Medium-Sized Journeys

By STRICKLAND W. GILLILAN.

Joan of Arc was born in Domremy in 1412, thus carefully antedating the hipless form, the merry widow hat and the directoire gown. She knew there were other matters she would have to attend to, so she chose an age when she wouldn't be bothered so much to keep up with the style.

She was a peasant girl of honest, therefore poor, parents, and had to do the milking. Like other husky farmers' daughters, when Bess would not "so," Joan would vouchsafe the old heifer a swat over the perceptive that would make her sorry she hadn't died in veal-hood.

Once, just when she had handed the line-back mooly a clout in the flank-steam that would hold her awhile, she thought she heard someone speaking to her. Further investigation convinced Joan that the speaker was an angel. This made her apologize to the cow. Further chat with the angel gave her to understand it was St. Michael, and at length she grew so at home in his society she called him Mike.

I ask leave to pause just here to interlard the remark that among the various other ways in which Joan of Arc and myself could be told apart, might be mentioned the fact that I never heard any angel voices when I milked. Sitting with one's dome of thought reclined against a red-hot cow on a sweltering August evening, with the guinea singing in one's ears and occasionally taking a piece out of one's neck; and with the cow now and then hitting you in the eye with a tail so cleaved with cockle-burs that it feels like a sand-bag—such circumstances were never conducive, in my case, to angelic conversations. Some times I heard a voice, strangely like my own, saying some things. But not what Joan heard as she doled out the fore-milk and strappings.

The message delivered by this angel was, "Go; put on a business suit, and fight for France."

Joan was at first reluctant about it—not that it would be any undesirable change from milking in fly-time, to real war, but because she didn't like to wear a three-button sack-coat and a derby hat. But the voice persisted, so she rolled down her sleeves, went and bought a suit and told the French commander she was ready to enlist.

Naturally the commander, harried as he was by the duke of Bedford's English regency, thought the girl



Told the French Commander She Was Ready to Enlist.

Sarahs. But later she was on better terms with that mode of warfare. After awhile the English grew dissatisfied with her attacks and went away from there.

Then she took Charles VII. to Rheims and had him fitted with a crown, and thought her checkered career was done. "Isn't my man in the king's row?" she asked.

They convinced her that the trouble was only beginning, and that she ought to fight right on.

Eventually she was captured when she hadn't said "King's ex" or crossed her fingers and wasn't standing on wood, and they took her and burned her at the stake.

Recently a very ignorant friend of mine, in buying some portmanteaux, remarked that if Joan of Arc had lived to-day they would have found something cheaper than steak to burn her at.

It is terrible not to know how to spell.

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ACROSS FRANCE BY CANAL AND RIVER



THE MISSION BOAT "LA BONNE NAVIGUE"



A FRENCH VILLAGE ALONG ONE OF THE CANALS

"It is said of us French workingmen that we are opposed to religion. That is not true. We are done with an imposed religion, a religion of forms and ceremonies; but we are ready to bear if anyone will teach us the true religion, the religion of freedom and earnestness."

The speaker, a French workingman in his blouse, was standing at the corner of a Paris boulevard, talking with a stranger, whom yet he had recognized as "a Christian minister." It was ten o'clock on a hot August night, a few weeks after the suppression of the Commune, nearly thirty-eight years ago. The smoke of his fires was still ascending, the bodies were hardly cold which filled those ghastly trenches in Pere la Chaise, into which thousands of Communards had been thrown by the avenging cannon of the army of the republic; the blood was hardly dry on the wall, not many rods away, against which 40 priests had been stood and shot to death by those Communards in their day of mad power, for the sole crime of being priests. Yet that workingman said "only," writes Louise Seymour Hughes, in the Christian Herald. That infuriated French mob had not been animated by a hatred of religion in itself, but simply by hatred of that "religion of forms and ceremonies," because in their honest hearts they felt that it had deceived and betrayed them.

The workingman disappeared in the crowd of the Parisian boulevard, and has never since been seen or heard of, but his words have come sounding down through all these years, and because of them hundreds of thousands, yes, a great multitude whom no man can number, have been taught "the true religion of freedom and earnestness." For the words were spoken to Rev. Robert W. McAll, then the pastor of a large church in England, and their immediate result was the beginning of the work now known all over the Christian world as the McAll Mission, but to the people of France as "The Popular Mission," the mission to the common people.

Readers of the Christian Herald know how Dr. McAll left his comfortable church and, without ever again receiving a cent of salary, began a work which, with his balls, his boats, his itinerant tract distributors, his carpenters, his automobile and tent work, has covered France from Calais to Marseilles, penetrated into Tunisia and Algiers, and brought the light of the Gospel to almost pagan Corsica.

Pages might be written of remarkable incidents of the boat and other work of this great mission.

"Floating chapels," or "missionary boats," are so well known to readers of this paper that it will perhaps be news to them that this form of evangelistic work began with the McAll Mission. All the rivers of France are connected by canals, so that there are 20,000 miles of connected inland waterways in France. About seventeen years ago a floating chapel, Le Bon Messager (The Good Messenger), was built for the McAll Mission and launched upon these inland waterways to carry the Gospel to as many as possible of the villages and hamlets not reached by railway, many of them without even a Roman Catholic church. A few years later, by the generosity of an American lady, a second mission boat, La Bonne Nouvelle (The Good News), was launched. The story of these two boats might fill volumes. The people of many farming hamlets and waterside villages have heard the Gospel for the first time, and heard it "gladly." Night after night the chapel, seating about 150 people, would be packed with 200 or even 250 people, wedged beyond the possibility of the place, perhaps as many more covering the roof of the boat and the river bank and the bridge connecting "two" villages on opposite banks of river or canal. When the boat moves on to the next village the people follow it, three miles, six, nine and even 12 miles. But it is impossible, with only two boats, to visit all the riverside villages and hamlets of

France, even once, much less to return for the ingathering of the spiritual harvest. It is impossible to know in any detail what are the results of all this work. The majority of the French people seem to believe that religion is the enemy of republicanism and that a republican form of government cannot exist where religion is tolerated. And in the minds of the majority of Frenchmen, the word "religion" is synonymous with "Catholicism."

But all this time the McAll Mission has suffered under no such disability. It is not a church, but a People's Mission, and being by definition a friend of the people it is therefore a friend of the republic. "I like to come here because there is no religion here," meaning no ritual or ceremonial—is frequently said in a mission hall. No penalty, social or legal, is visited upon the man who enters a hall of the McAll Mission, or walks with one of its missionaries, or calls one of them to officiate at a funeral. To those who know it, the mission is a friend, an agency for their instruction and for the moralization and the safe and innocent recreation of their children.

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NOT HIS, BUT WHOSE WAS IT?

Question of Street Car Ethics That Has Proved a Great Puzzle to Lucinda.

"Sitting opposite to me in the car I went down town in this morning," said Lucinda, "was a man. No, nothing remarkable about that, but something happened presently that made him of interest to me."

"On the same side with me but two or three seats down sat a woman who at the next crossing got up to leave the car and as she left her seat and started for the door the man sitting opposite spoke to her."

"Madam, is that yours?"

"He pointed at something in the seat that the woman had just left, and she looked around and looked at it and said: 'No, that isn't mine,' and passed on."

"What it was that he had thus pointed out I couldn't see, because there was somebody sitting between me and it; but in a minute the man sitting opposite got up and came over and got it and then went back with it and sat down again in his seat; and then I saw what it was. It was a small pasteboard box. He looked it over a little and then in a minute he opened it and looked into it; and as he held it I could see into it as he opened it, and there were in it a few candies. Somebody who had brought this box into the car had caught out of it all the candies they wanted and then had just left the box on the seat."

"Then of course I wondered what the man who had found it would do about it; whether he'd keep it or leave it or what he'd do; and in a minute he laid it down on the seat beside him. I didn't feel certain that he was going to leave it there for good, and when we came along to where I was going to get off he sat forward a little, getting ready to get up—he was going to get out there too—and I thought I'd wait and let him go first so that I could see."

"When the car had stopped and we were both standing up and I was holding back for him he held back politely for me and I had to go first, but I managed to look around enough as I went to see him pick up the box. He held it in his hand as he passed out of the car, but when he had stepped off he dropped it in his pocket."

"Now of course what he should have done was either to leave it in the car or hand it over to the conductor to be taken to the lost and found department. It wasn't his; but there it was, left in the car by somebody who apparently had got through with it. It wasn't his, but it wasn't anybody's—and he took it. What would you have done about it?"

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Began to Be Worried.

Little George, who was four years old, had been told many little stories. Among them was the story of the flood and the building of the ark by Noah.

One day a storm threatened. The clouds grew darker, the wind arose and suddenly the rain began to fall.

"Auntie," said George, "do you think it is going to storm?" "Yes, I think it will," was the reply.

"Do you think it will be a hard storm?" asked the little fellow.

"Yes, I think it will be a hard storm," the aunt replied.

"Well, don't you think some of us had better begin building an ark?" he asked.—Los Angeles Herald.

BOOK BY A BURGLAR

"Fallen Among Thieves," Title Selected for Volume.

Crackman Writes Interesting Autobiography, Asserting Early Training Will Not Keep Natural Criminal Straight.

An amazing story of a young man's career as a criminal was unfolded at County of London sessions before Mr. Wallace, K. C., when a clean shaven dark haired young man named William Parker, aged 28, pleaded guilty to having been found by night at Dartmouth park hill in the unlawful possession of housebreaking implements.

Detective Inspector Neil testified that the prisoner had received every assistance from charitably disposed people. He first came under police notice in December, 1904, when he was sentenced to 15 months' hard labor for housebreaking.

At that time Parker had been living in a little workshop, which was also a sort of bungalow, and had a secret door through which he could pass unseen by night, could get to the backs of houses and commit robberies with impunity and return with his booty without being observed.

He was regarded as a highly respectable young man; his parents were of the highest character, and they had brought him up well.

Inspector Neil added that the prisoner had been assisted by a gentleman named Lewis, whose kindness, it would seem, had been entirely misplaced.

The reason of Parker's arrest on the present charge, said the inspector, was that the police heard he was planning to break into the residence of an old woman to chloroform and then rob her. Parker, continued the inspector, had written the story of his life, under the title "Fallen Among Thieves."

In his preface he wrote:

"Dear Comrades: The chief object of my writing this book and entitling it 'Fallen Among Thieves' is to give you a little idea that it does not matter how well a son or daughter may be brought up by his parents, if it is in his mind to go the wrong road he will go, and from experience which I myself have had, no one can force him from going the way he chooses, whether it be for good or evil."

After referring to his early life, his attendance at Sunday school, and a



Getting in Through Window.

church in Highgate, Parker, described his first burglary.

"The house in question is situated in one of the best neighborhoods of Highgate, and no doubt when the case is recalled it will be familiar to all our readers, especially those who were interested in the hearing in the newspapers. Carpenter by day and burglar by night."

"I did not choose the front of the house as wished by my friend, but preferred the back myself—a professional crackman always works from the back. I told my friend the plate glass window would have to go. He replied, 'You will never get it out.' 'Oh,' I said, 'don't you believe it. I only put this window in a short time ago and the putty is still soft.'"

"As soon as the window was removed I heard the clock ticking. I thought, 'How dare you tick and defy me in the dead of night?' I'll tick you, and I ticked it into my pocket when I found it was solid silver."

What happened afterward was thus described:

"I collected all the stuff I wanted and after regaining the fields (Parliament hill fields), I wished my friend good-night. As soon as I was getting to the entrance I ran into a policeman. Being well in with the police I simply said, 'Good morning, Jack.' He replied, 'Good morning, Bill; and so further notice was taken.'"

In another portion of his book Parker indulged in the following reflection:

"We know it is a peculiar fancy to take a fancy to other people's property, but when you come to take things into consideration, and when you come to think that there are 74,000 thieves in London at this present moment working in the suburbs, and that 5,000 burglaries are successfully carried out in London weekly, you ought not look astonished."



"If the Tube Registers Horse Thief."

not you, who was interested in that. Fooling with science makes a man forget everything else. Excuse me. If you'll take the hind end—"

"Just a jiffy," remonstrated Edgar, his eyes narrowing. "Do you mean you've got something Freeman will invest money in?"

"He seems anxious that way," confessed Irish, rising and yawning. "Well, I'm ready."

"To take your new invention to the man what never treated you decent," accused Edgar, hotly. "I treat you like a brother—"

"Don't, Edgar," begged the old man. "I'll hold Freeman off and tell you about it when we next meet."

"And so you'd rush over to Freeman's to-night?" cried Edgar. "Any religious scruples about paying me a civilized visit? Unstrap that dingy trunk. You've got to stay here three days more anyway."

"If you command it in the name of duty I s'pose I must," sighed Irish.

"And I do," grimly assured Edgar. "Now what about this barometer?"

Irish combed his whisker thoughtfully and explained: "My Criminal Barometer prevents crimes, accidents and sickness. For \$2.50 a family can avoid doctor's bills and losses."

"How?" gasped Edgar.

"It will look like any barometer, except on the side will be marked: Sickness, Fires, Drouths, Brown-Tail Moths, Potato Rust, Hen Thieves, and so on through the scale of all misfor-

A Parisian scientist declares that the secret of life is simply a plain matter of chemistry. Thus is triumphantly vindicated on natural principles the much-maligned chemical blonde.

This scare about peroxide blondes being germ-infested to such an extent that deadly danger lurks in their kisses, is supposed to have been started by their jealous brunette sisters.

The conviction of those 12 barrels of whisky at Cincinnati for not being what they pretended to be establishes a dangerous precedent. Suppose they should begin trying men on the same charge?

Another American house is to marry a foreign nobleman. Now that they are framing up a new tariff, why not protect our own marriageable young men by putting in a stiff prohibitive duty on coronets?

A New York milliner declares that she has never seen a suffragette wear a fashionable hat. Taking the fashionable hat of this spring as a basis from which to reason, this is a splendid compliment to the suffragette.

Persian nationalists are appealing to the civilized world to force the deposition of the shah. The ideas of representative government and of the abolition of absolutism are catching, even in the conservative east.

Of course navies are built for fighting, but let us not forget the great service they perform in impressing our size and importance upon the other nations of the earth. "We don't want to fight, but by Jingo if we do," etc.

It may be true, as the London Times says, that England has an inventor who can fly much better than the Wrights, "if he wants to," but this sort of aeronautics wouldn't win a prize at any county fair that we ever heard of.

It is expected by French scientists that a photographic map of the skies will show between thirty and forty million stars. The stage, according to the stellar outburst annually announced, is running the fragment rather hard.

Pittsburg churches have taken up the matter of abolishing pew rent and have made considerable progress along that line. Those that have tried the experiment claim their receipts are larger and their opportunity for doing good correspondingly expanded.

The old saying that "Potatoes make a mighty good fence around a flour barrel" ceases to hold good since the price of "spuds" has gone soaring upward with the price of wheat. Dandelion greens remain stationary, but who wants to eat greens without side meat or bacon?

People who believe that English is likely to become the language of the world will find confirmation for their opinion in the fact that President Manuel Estrada Cabrera of Guatemala has signed a decree making the study of English compulsory in the primary schools of that republic.

Indiana and cowboys, going to exhibitions, delighted London crowds by war-whoops and cries as they passed through the streets. This performance will leave an abiding impression upon many London minds that the average street life in the United States is of the same voluciferous kind.

Down in Maine the long vexed question whether eels breed like other fish or lay large eggs like snakes has been settled by the discovery of spawns in one. For a fish that has been so largely used as food the eel has strangely escaped both scientific investigation and legal protection.

Whatever else may happen, there is a significance in recent occurrences in the east which cannot be misrepresented. An enlightened world has decreed the downfall of autocracy, and every despot, great or small, will act the part of wisdom in recognizing the fact and governing himself accordingly.

Of course there will be many opinions as to the militant preacher in Texas that thumped a bully who had made a practice of cursing the dominion on sight. But even the turn-the-other-cheek non-combatants have a sneaking satisfaction that the abusive sinner did not have to wait until reaching the next world before getting what was coming to him.

A hypothetical question of 31,000 words has been ruled out by the Massachusetts court which was trying a murder case on the ground that it is too long. It is not surprising that it was ruled out, but it is surprising that counsel ever proposed to put such a question. No layman would ever devise a question that would fill three or four pages of a newspaper.

The man after whom Clark street in Chicago was named walked down that busy thoroughfare last week. Ninety-two years of age, he had not seen Chicago since it was called Skunk village. He found many changes. Some of them must have filled him with admiration and amazement. But as he surveyed the town's dirty streets and smelled its packing house odors, he must have wondered why the inhabitants went to the trouble of changing the name.

IN THE LIMELIGHT

VISITOR FROM JAPAN



Vice Admiral Baron Sotokichi Uriu, chief of staff of the Japanese navy, who is now visiting in this country, is a distinguished veteran of the wars between Japan and China and Russia. He was trained in the United States Naval academy at Annapolis, as one of the 15 students permitted to study there as an act of international courtesy. His student years were from 1877 to 1881, and he is remembered by practically all who were at the academy during that time.

At the age of 52, Uriu is one of the 12 vice admirals of his country. His friends see an admiral's place for him before he reaches retirement. His service has been continuous in the navy since 1881. After his graduation from Annapolis, in that year, he went to Europe, where he spent two years, and then returned to Japan to become a lieutenant in the Japanese Naval college at Tokyo. After service afloat on several ships he was detailed to the general staff department in 1888, and made second in command at the great Yokosuka dock yard. In 1891 he was given command of the Akagi and a year later became naval attaché at Paris.

For four years he served at the French city, and on his return was given command of a cruiser. In September, 1897, he sailed as captain of the Fuso, for service on the coast of the Russian possessions in Asia. His promotion to rear admiral occurred in 1900, and in the naval maneuvers of 1903 he was made chief of staff of the first division. Later in the same year he was given command of a division of the second squadron. In the Chinese war he commanded naval forces at the battle of the Yalu.

With this training Uriu went into the war with Russia as a rear admiral, having charge of the fourth squadron of the Japanese fleet. His action at Chemulpo was the beginning of the war. In front of Port Arthur the guns he commanded did destructive work, and in the battle of the Sea of Japan he commanded the light cruisers, under Admiral Togo. With the admiral on the west, Uriu on the north and Kamimura on the south, the Japanese fleet closed in upon the Russians, pounding them to pieces and driving them toward the coast of Japan.

NEW ALASKA GOVERNOR



Walter E. Clark, correspondent in Washington of the Seattle Post-Intelligencer and a member of the New York Sun bureau at Washington, has been appointed governor of Alaska by President Taft.

The position was offered to Mr. Clark three years ago by President Roosevelt, but at that time Mr. Clark wished to remain in the newspaper field. He was not an applicant for the place this time, but the president wanted his services because, particularly, Mr. Clark is familiar with Alaska. He went to the territory first in 1900, to wrest a fortune from the gold fields. He failed in that, but acquired such an interest in the country that he revisited it in 1903 and in 1906.

Mr. Clark was born in Ashford, Conn., in 1869, graduating from the Connecticut Normal school in 1887 and from Wesleyan university in 1895. Succeeding graduation, he entered newspaper work as a reporter on the Hartford Post, coming to Washington in 1895 as a telegraph editor on the Washington Times.

Gov. Heggatt was appointed three years ago, and has, like all governors of the territory, had much trouble. He has been opposed by factions and warmly supported by others. He got tired of it all and resigned to enter private business.

REFUSES VICE-PRESIDENCY



Don Enrique C. Creel, the Mexican diplomatist and governor who has refused to be considered as a candidate for the vice-presidency of the Mexican republic because he is in favor of the reelection of the present incumbent, is known as one of the most progressive men of affairs of his country. He is a bank president, a railroad vice-president, and director in an insurance company. In earlier days he has been a merchant, a school teacher, a newspaper man, a tanner, a farmer and a soldier. Those were the days when he was educating himself, before he became as wealthy as he is today.

Half of Senor Creel's success may be fairly claimed by his friends this side the Mexican boundary, for his father was a Kentuckian who went to Mexico with Gen. Taylor, stayed, married, and became a Mexican by adoption. The son has become an important figure in Mexican affairs, having served as governor of Chihuahua, a member of the national congress and speaker of the house, before he came as ambassador at Washington in 1906. His wife is the beautiful daughter of a leading general in President Diaz' army, and will some day come into a handsome fortune from her father. It is considered that some day when Gen. Diaz shall have retired from the presidency, Senor Creel has an idea of succeeding to that position.

QUITS AT OSLER'S AGE LIMIT



Henry H. Huntington has gradually given up his business interests in the east that he might give his time to farming in southern California, and has left for the new villa he is building at Oak Knoll, near Los Angeles.

Mr. Huntington has purchased many paintings within the last eight months. Among the canvases shipped to the west were several by Sorolla, the Spanish artist, whose pictures were on exhibition recently in New York under the auspices of the Hispanic society. George Romney's picture of the Morley children was one of the pictures sent to Oak Knoll.

It is Mr. Huntington's belief that the soil and climate of southern California are capable of producing all sorts of tropical fruits, and his time henceforth will be devoted to proving this theory. Some years ago Mr. Huntington determined to retire from active business when he was 60 years old, and for more than a year he has been preparing for this retirement by gradually relinquishing the active management of one after another of his great interests. The chief one was the traction system of Los Angeles and southern California.

BELIEVES WAR A NECESSITY



Bishop Samuel Fallows, who asserted in a sermon in a Chicago church that war is a necessity, the soldier quite as indispensable a person as the judge, fighting a virtue and the peace advocate mostly woolly-headed, is one of the most noted churchmen in the country. He is head of the Reformed Episcopal church and it is notable that his interests lie in many and varied fields outside his episcopal duties. He has been president of the board of managers of the Illinois state reformatory for some years, is chairman of a university, superintendent of public instruction for Wisconsin, sociologist and settlement worker. He was a Methodist preacher for 16 years before changing to his present religious home.

Dr. Fallows was a chaplain, colonel and brevet brigadier general of union troops. He has been rector of St. Paul's church in Chicago since 1875.

Neat Footwear



Beaded and Embroidered Shoes and Hosiery for the Trousseau.

DAINTY footwear is ever an important part of the trousseau of the bride, yet it has been many a day since the display of boots and slippers has been so varied, so lovely in color and design and so altogether fetching. To be truly modish one must have a pair of shoes or slippers for each gown, matching it in color. The wild extravagance, as well as the becoming smartness, of this fashion is obvious. Of course, a dozen or more pairs of the latest boots is beyond the average woman's income, so that the dainty June bride will probably have to content herself with six or eight different models. Footwear of good cut and material is expensive, and the bill for several pairs of shoes is alarmingly large. It pays, however, to buy a good quality in footwear. A woman who will spend a little time with new shoes, giving them the very smartest thing in footwear for about one-half or one-quarter the cost of the novelties in the shops. It is the beaded, embroidered, lace-trimmed shoes and slippers that cost. Perfectly plain boots and slippers of good cut and material, either satin, velvet or soft kid, may be purchased in different colors and the beads sewn on by hand.

In beading slippers one must have all the knots in the thread on the outside. They will not show, and would hurt the feet if they were on the inside. Several suggestions for beaded slippers are shown in the sketch. In the upper left-hand corner is a wedding slipper of classic simplicity. It is of white satin, with a row of pearls sewn around the top in a small bow-knot.

Two other wedding slippers are illustrated, one of soft white kid, with white chiffon chou and pearls; the other of gleaming white satin, ornamented with a tiny cluster of small white roses or lilies of the valley and pearls of graduated sizes.

A dainty evening slipper of white satin has a Greek border of turquoise beads. This may be worn with a blue or a white gown. The beads for any of the slippers are from 5 to 25 cents a dozen. Some of the large pearl beads or jet nail heads are sold by the piece, and come from 5 to 15 cents each.

Two very fetching boudoir mules are shown in the sketch, one of pale green satin, embroidered in a feather design in silver threads, and with a silver ribbon bow-knot rosette, the other an attractive little affair of light blue linen, embroidered in pink rosebuds and green leaves, and finished at the top with two frills of French valencienne lace. In each pair of mules there is a bit of sash between the lining and outside, violet, rose or orange being the favorites.

Women who have weak ankles and need the support of a high boot need not sigh for a dainty appearance, for some of the beauts of satin or velvet are quite as effective as the slippers. A boot noted for its distinctive trimness is of white satin, lined with a wide black ribbon, and ornamented with black lace butterflies, which may be appliqued on. Another pleasing boot of turquoise blue kid, perfectly plain, with a gilded heel, may be given added charm by a simple embroidery of three strands of gold threads, with gold buttons and a gold ribbon for lacing.

The empire boot in the lower right-hand corner of the sketch is quite the latest wrinkle in footwear. The ties have a wee ball fringe on the edge, and jet beading on the toe.

Three other slippers are shown, one of gray suede for house wear, with a Copenhagen blue chiffon rosette and cut steel ornaments, and above this model a reception slipper, of any color or to match the gown, with a darker or contrasting heel, and beads to match the heel. The remaining sketch is an evening slipper of gold, beaded with emerald, lapis lazuli and topaz.

colored beads, the lapis lazuli forming the dark center of the design.

There is a very pretty soft black kid slipper that comes for the very moderate sum of \$1.50. It has a gracefully shaped heel, not exaggerated, and is excellent for general wear in the house. One may bead the toe and instep strap with small jet or gold beads, and they will look for all the world like the six and seven dollar slippers in the fashionable boot shops.

The hosiery is quite as important as the footwear itself. Fashion calls for stockings beautifully embroidered, fairlike, cobwebby bits of silken loveliness as beautiful and impractical as they are extravagant in price. They may, however, be embroidered at home. A very good pair of silk stockings may be purchased, and the embroidery easily done, using plain solid embroidery stitch. Any of the designs illustrated may be used on stockings to match the slippers, the embroidery being done in matching colors, or prettily contrasting shades. A dainty wedding stocking is sketched. It is of white silk, embroidered in white, with wee pearl beads sewn through the center of the bow-knot.

IN PINK CRYSTALLINE.



Blouse of pink crystalline, forming wide draped revers bordered with bands of liberty. The front and long sleeves are of beautiful white guipure, the yoke is tucked tulle.

New French Coiffure.

One or two Americans have attempted the new coiffure adopted recently by some Parisiennes, and which consists in winding the braids of hair into round coils over each ear. One braid crosses the brow above a few little tendrils, and behind the hair is rolled up softly from the nape into a low loose French knot without a coil, leaving the crown of the head flat and low. These side coils or braids are Breton, and for evening wear may be, as in many an old picture, punctured in the center with jewels, with a flower or with a little round rosette of ribbon in very quaint fashion. With hat or turban it is especially fetching—Vogue.

For Summer Days.

Gray linen in the new French hand woven variety makes a natty little suit. Bands of gray soutache flit net trim the coat, and the skirt is cut in an old fashion suggestive of the tunic.

People Talk About Good Things.

Fourteen years ago few people knew of such a preparation as a Powder for the Feet. To-day after the genuine merits of Allen's Foot-Ease have been told year after year by grateful persons, it is indispensable to millions. It is cleanly, wholesome, healing and antiseptic and gives rest and comfort to tired aching feet.

It cures while you walk. Over 30,000 testimonials. Imitations pay the dealer a larger profit otherwise you would never be offered a substitute for Allen's Foot-Ease, the original foot powder. Ask for Allen's Foot-Ease, and see that you get it.

To Check Spread of Trachoma.

It has been reported that the disease known as trachoma, or granular eyelids, has been spreading rapidly among the Indians. To check this trouble congress appropriated \$12,000, placing it in the hands of the commissioner of Indian affairs, for the immediate investigation and treatment of the disease and to check its spread.

With a smooth iron and Defiance Starch, you can launder your shirt-waist just as well at home as the steam laundry can; it will have the proper stiffness and finish, there will be less wear and tear of the goods, and it will be a pleasure to use a Starch that does not stick to the iron.

The dollar that does the most for us is the dollar with which we do good.

MOTHERS WHO HAVE DAUGHTERS

Find Help in Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound

Winchester, Ind.—"Four doctors told me that they could never make me regular, and that I would eventually have dropsy. I would blot, and suffer from bearing-down pains, cramps and chills, and I could not sleep nights. My mother wrote to Mrs. Pinkham for advice, and I began to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. After taking one and one-half bottles of the Compound, I am all right again, and I recommend it to every suffering woman."—Mrs. MAY DEAL, Winchester, Ind.

Hundreds of such letters from girls and mothers expressing their gratitude for what Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has accomplished for them have been received by The Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Company, Lynn, Mass.

Girls who are troubled with painful or irregular periods, backache, headache, dragging-down sensations, fainting spells or indigestion, should take immediate action to ward off the serious consequences and be restored to health by Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Thousands have been restored to health by its use.

If you would like special advice about your case write a confidential letter to Mrs. Pinkham, at Lynn, Mass. Her advice is free, and always helpful.

Paxtine TOILET ANTISEPTIC

—NOTHING LIKE IT FOR—

THE TEETH Paxtine excels any dentifrice removing tartar from the teeth, besides destroying all germs of decay and disease which ordinary tooth preparations cannot do.

THE MOUTH Paxtine used as a mouth-wash cleanses the mouth, and kills the germs which collect in the mouth, causing sore throat, bad teeth, bad breath, grippe, and much sickness.

THE EYES when inflamed, tired, ache and burn, may be instantly relieved and strengthened by Paxtine.

CATARH Paxtine will destroy the germs that cause catarrh, heal the inflammation and stop the discharge. It is a sure remedy for uterine catarrh.

Paxtine is a harmless yet powerful germicide, disinfectant and deodorizer. Used in bathing it destroys odors and leaves the body antiseptically clean.

FOR SALE AT DRUG STORES, ETC. OR POSTPAID BY MAIL.

LARGE SAMPLE FREE!

THE PAXTON TOILET CO., BOSTON, MASS.

Your Blood

HAVE YOU Blood Poison, BONE PAINS, CANCER, SCALY SKIN, PIMPLES, Rheumatism, Eczema?

Have you aches and pains in bones, back, joints, muscles, or in throat, chest, throat, boils, copper-colored spots, rashes on any part of the body, hair or eyebrows falling out, open sores, syphilis, blood poisoning, swollen glands? Have you Watery Eruptions, Itching Sores, with oozing matter, skin cracks and bleeds, skin eruptions, eruptions of blood disease don't fail to take B. B. B. (Bottled Blood Balm), the famous blood purifier which has made, in the past 25 years, so many marvelous cures of blood and skin diseases. Cures where all else fails, and completely changing the entire body into a clean, healthy condition, healing every sore or eruption and stopping all aches, pains and itching, curing the worst case of Blood Poison, inflammation or eruptions. **BOTTLED BLOOD BALM** (B. B. B.) is pleasant and safe to take; composed of pure botanical ingredients. It purifies and enriches the blood, B. B. B. strengthens the nerves and builds up the broken down system. **BOTTLED BLOOD BALM** (B. B. B.) is a powerful blood purifier for home use. **SAMPLE SENT FREE** by writing to **BOTTLED BLOOD CO., 1010 LEXINGTON, N. Y.** Write for sample give name of your trouble, if you know.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

THE KING OF ITALY

Is Grateful for Aid Given Earthquake Sufferers.

In Interview with Dr. Klopsch of Christian Herald He Discusses Relief Measures and Turkish Situation.

The regard of King Victor Emmanuel of Italy for the American people and his gratitude for the relief they gave to the victims of the Italian earthquake, together with comments on ex-President Roosevelt, Ambassador Griscom, and the Turkish situation, are set forth in an interview with him by Dr. Klopsch, its editor, in the forthcoming issue of the Christian Herald.

Dr. Klopsch says in his account of the interview:

"It was a few minutes after ten in the forenoon of April 26 when I arrived at the gateway of the Quirinal. A few minutes later it was announced: 'His majesty will now receive you.'"

"Almost at the very door the king received me, taking my hand and shaking it cordially, remarking at the same time, 'Come and sit down.' And down we sat. I had abundant opportunity for observing the quiet unassuming king and of noting the excellence of his English.

"He said that the princely generosity of America had deeply touched his heart, and that he was glad of the opportunity for expressing his sincere gratitude for the practical shape the sympathy of the American people had assumed.

"America," said he, "is a rich country, very rich; and its people know how to use the bounties of a kind Providence in a way that must be pleasing to the giver of every good gift."

"He then asked me: 'How do you raise such vast sums? Do the millionaires of your country give you large sums?' I replied that the money was generally from people in moderate circumstances, who give as God has given them and in his name. 'Then they must be very good people. Do they give large amounts?' 'No, your majesty,' I answered, 'the average contribution is \$2.75.' 'But that is very large. Fourteen lire is a great deal of money in Italy.'"

"He changed the subject for a while, saying he was sorry that Ambassador Griscom was to leave. 'He is a very



King Victor Emmanuel of Italy.

fine man, and very popular, and has done most excellent work in connection with the Red Cross relief operations (too bad he must leave us). I ventured to remark that he would probably continue to stay for some time, owing to the crisis in Turkey.

"It will only be a few days," he replied, implying that in his estimation the new order of things in Turkey was practically an accomplished fact.

"Is it not marvelous that the sultan could so long have held his own with Turkey alone stagnant, while all the rest of the world was making tremendous progress?" I inquired.

"Thirty-three years," the king replied, as though himself marveling at the great length of the "sick man's" incumbency.

"I expressed regret at the injury the queen was reported to have met with in ministering to the sufferers of the Messina disaster. 'Oh,' he said, she simply stumbled and fell, striking against a bottle, bruising herself, but she is now fully recovered."

"You have met many crowned heads?" he inquired. Among others I named the queen of England and the tawny empress of Russia. 'I am going to meet them both to-morrow at Naples,' he said, with a smile that indicated he anticipated a pleasant time.

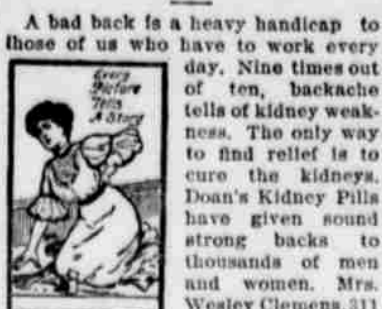
"I fear the emperor of Russia is not very happy," I said. 'The papers say he is not.'"

"I assure you, you are mistaken. I know the emperor of Russia is very happy and very contented. One must not believe half the papers say," he said, with a pleasant, reassuring smile.

"We had conversed for over an hour, when the king, looking at his watch, said: 'I will now have to take my train for Naples, to meet the king of England.' We arose, he shook my hand, and the audience was over."

BURDENS LIFTED

From Bent Backs.



A bad back is a heavy handicap to those of us who have to work every day. Nine times out of ten, backache tells of kidney weakness. The only way to find relief is to cure the kidneys. Doan's Kidney Pills have given sound strong backs to thousands of men and women. Mrs. Wesley Clemens, 311 Marion St., Manchester, Ia., says: "Constant work at a sewing machine seemed to bring on kidney trouble. The kidney action was irregular and the pains in my back and loins so severe I could hardly endure it. Doan's Kidney Pills made me feel better in a short time, and I took them until entirely free from my trouble."

Sold by all dealers. 50 cents a box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

THE HINT GENTEEL.



Mr. Saphend—By Jove, it's nearly 12 o'clock. Perhaps I had better be going.

Miss Smart—Well, they say "Never put off till to-morrow what you can do to-day."

Prominent Women Aid Good Cause.

A large number of women occupying prominent positions in society, or on the stage, are taking an active interest in the anti-tuberculosis campaign. Mrs. W. K. Vanderbilt has recently given \$1,000,000 for sanitary homes for consumptives. Mrs. Keith Spaulding of Chicago has erected a sanatorium for the Chicago Tuberculosis Institute at a cost of about \$50,000; Mrs. Collis P. Huntington and Mrs. Borden Harriman have given largely to the consumption fight. In Porto Rico, Mrs. Albert Norton Wood, wife of a prominent army officer stationed at San Juan, has stirred the entire island through the anti-tuberculosis crusade she inaugurated. Miss Emma Calve is a most enthusiastic worker, and has given largely of her talent and money for the relief of tuberculosis sufferers, and Miss Olga Nethersole has even lectured before the public on tuberculosis.

Couldn't Stand It.

A Raleigh, N. C., woman not long ago received into her house for "training" a "cracker" girl from the mountains.

Endeavor was made to inculcate in the girl a love for order and cleanliness, but suddenly this discipline ceased, for the "poor white" fled to her home in the fastnesses. Thither the Raleigh woman traced her after some difficulty.

"Why did you leave me, Mary Jane?" she asked.

"Mist Morgan, I jes' couldn't stay!" exclaimed the girl. "I was jes' cloyed with neatness!"

Englishman's Withering Reply. The best of us sometimes forget the beans in our own eyes while we search for a mote in another's. An American traveling abroad met an Englishman with the rather remarkable name of Phorne, which was pronounced Thorne.

"What's the good of the 'P'?" the American queried; "you don't pronounce it, do you?"

The Englishman gazed at him with the manner of one who, while he pitied, is bored.

"What's the good of 'h' in 'orne'?" he questioned, convincingly.—Spare Moments.

MAKING SUNSHINE

It Is Often Found in Pure Food.

The improper selection of food drives many a healthy person into the depths of despairing illness. Indeed, much sickness comes from wrong food and just so surely as that is the case right food will make the sun shine once more.

An old veteran of Newburyport, Mass., says: "In October, I was taken sick and went to bed, losing 47 pounds in about 60 days. I had doctor after doctor, food hurt me and I had to live almost entirely on magnesia and soda. All solid food distressed me so that water would run out of my mouth in little streams.

"I had terrible night sweats, and my doctor finally said I had consumption and must die. My good wife gave up all hope. We were at Old Orchard, Me., at that time and my wife saw Grape-Nuts in a grocery store. She bought some and persuaded me to try it.

"I had no faith in it, but took it to please her. To my surprise it did not distress me as all other food had done and before I had taken the fifth package I was well on the mend. The pains left my head, my mind became clearer and I gained weight rapidly.

"I went back to my work again and now after six weeks' use of the food I am better and stronger than ever before in my life. Grape-Nuts surely saved my life and made me a strong hearty man, 15 pounds heavier than before I was taken ill.

"Both my good wife and I are willing to make affidavit to the truth of this."

Read "The Road to Wellville," in pkgs. "There's a reason."

Ever read the above letter? A new one appears from time to time. They are genuine, true, and full of human interest.

BOY'S GRATITUDE WAS REAL

Has Long Cared for Grave of Man Who Had Been Kind to Him Many Years Ago.

Rev. John Henri Sattig, pastor of St. Philip's church, Dyker Heights, Brooklyn, tells this beautiful story: "In Milford, Pa., there is an old graveyard, neglected, weed-grown and unkempt. Of all the mounds in that village of the dead only one is cared for. On that the grass is neatly trimmed, flowers bloom and never a weed appears. The visitor who looks upon this evidence of love and devotion amid so many examples of forgetfulness usually asks whose grave it is, and the sexton answers: 'The man whose body rests there had neither chick nor child. Nearly every day for the six years since the man died a boy comes here to tend to the grave. Winter and summer he comes. The lad is the butcher boy. The man was the only human being who ever was kind to the boy.'"

SKIN ROUGH AS BARK.

Baby Boy Had Intense Itching Humor—Scratched Till Blood Ran.

Found a Cure in Cuticura.

"Our son, two years old, was afflicted with a rash. After he suffered with the trouble several weeks I took him to the doctor but it got worse. The rash ran together and made large blisters. The little fellow didn't want to do anything but scratch and we had to wrap his hands up to keep him from tearing the flesh open till the blood would run. The itching was intense. The skin on his back became hard and rough like the bark of a tree. He suffered intensely for about three months. But I found a remedy in Cuticura Soap and Cuticura Ointment. The result was almost magical. That was more than two years ago and there has not been the slightest symptom of it since he was cured. J. W. Lank, Yukon, Okla., Aug. 28 and Sept. 17, 1908."

Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

BILL'S AFFLICTION.



"Why, uncle, how are all the folks?" "They're all well, thanks, 'cept Bill. He's got the baseball fever!"

Sunburnt Eyelids.

Who does not know the misery of sunburnt eyelids—that rankle and burning condition of the skin? Isn't it worth a great deal to know that Dr. Mitchell's Eye Salve applied to them upon retiring will effect a complete cure before morning. On sale everywhere. Price 25 cents or by mail, Hall & Ruckel, New York City.

Marvelous!

At a baseball game in Chicago the gatekeeper hurried to Coniskey, leader of the White Sox, and said:

"Umpire Hurst is here with two friends. Shall I pass 'em in?" "An umpire with two friends?" gasped Coniskey. "Sure!"—Everybody's Magazine.

For Headache Try Hicks' Capudine. Whether from Colds, Heat, Stomach or Nervous troubles, the action is speedily relieved by Capudine. It's Liquid—pleasant to take—Effects immediately. 30, 25 and 10c at Drug Stores.

Success.

"Why did you marry?" "For sympathy." "Did you get what you were after?" "Yes—from my friends."

Remember, the real flavor of crushed mint leaves costs no more than rank imitations. Insist on WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

He who is false to duty breaks a thread in the loom, and will find the flaw when he have forgotten the cause.—H. W. Fowler.

For Any Disease or Injury to the eye, use PETER'S EYE SALVE, absolutely harmless, acts quickly. 25c. All druggists or Howard Bros., Buffalo, N. Y.

The end and object of our existence should be work, or the legitimate employment of all our faculties.—H. R. Howells.

Learn the spear by heart. Then no one can sell you imitations of WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

Marriage is not a lottery; it's a raffle. One man gets the prize while the other gets the shake.

Dr. Biggers' Huckleberry Cordial Never Fails. To cure children Teething, Bowel Troubles, etc. At Druggists 25c and 50c per bottle.

It takes a hustler to distinguish the difference between an obstacle and a hindrance in his path.

Why is WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT so popular? Because it tastes good and does good.

Somemarrriages mean war and some mean an armed truce.

PITY FOR THE TOILER.



"I hear, Limpy, dat de price of livin' has increased."

"Yep, Gee, it must be tough to have to work for wot a feller eats."

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Defiance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

Smoother Than.

The second-year debutante, as she massaged her left cheek with a rotary movement, said:

"Of course I love him, though he's rather rough, I confess."

"Before I threw him over," said the third-year debutante, looking up from the face-steaming machine, "he shaved every day."

Japanese Mercantile Marine.

In its mercantile marine Japan has 1,618 steamships, of 1,153,340 aggregate tonnage; 4,515 sailing vessels, of 372,319 aggregate tonnage, and 1,390 Japanese "ships of the old style," of 511,452 aggregate tonnage; in all, 7,523 ships, of 2,037,111 aggregate tonnage.

Rough on Rats, unbeatable exterminator. Rough on Hen Lice, Nest Powder, 25c. Rough on Bedbugs, Powder or Liquid, 25c. Rough on Fleas, Powder or Liquid, 25c. Rough on Roaches, Powder, 15c. Liquid, 25c. Rough on Moth and Ants, Powder, 25c. Rough on Squeeters, agreeable to use, 25c. E. S. Wells, Chemist, Jersey City, N. J.

The Bright Side.

"Does Mr. Stormington Barnes try to look on the bright side of things?" asked one actor.

"I should say so," answered the other. "He's never content unless he is staring the spotlight right in the face."—Washington Star.

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the Signature of *Dr. J. C. F. Fitch*.

In Use For Over 30 Years. The Kind You Have Always Bought.

Ruling Passion.

"He's half crazy about music." "Sure is. Even calls his price list a scale of prices."

Red, Weak, Wary, Watery Eyes.

Believed by Marine Eye Remedy. Compounded by Experienced Physicians. Marine Eye Remedy. Contains Eye Pain, Eye Itching, Eye Inflammation, Eye Discharge, Eye Swelling, Eye Redness, Eye Watery, Eye Weak, Eye Wary, Eye Watery.

Deeds Form Character.

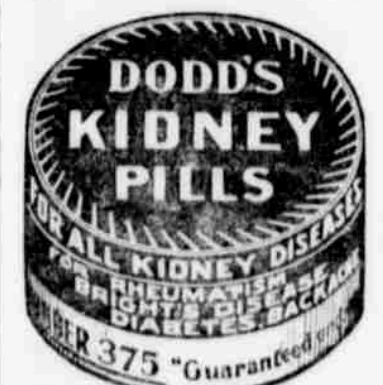
Christian deeds make good. Christians of us all.—Florida Times-Union.

Over five years of public confidence and popularity. That is the record of Houdini's Wizard Oil, the world's standard remedy for aches and pains. There's a reason and only one—MIRACLES.

If you would criticize your boss get fully a mile away from everybody, then whisper to yourself.

Say nothing. Chew WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT. Silence is golden. The flavor is delicious.

She is a wise young wife who tries her first cake on a tramp.



Pure Sugarhouse Syrup

My No. 2 syrup contains all of the sugar. For table use, cooking beans, breads, puddings, pies, etc. Prices a gallon in packages of 30 gallons, \$10; 22 gallons, \$8; 15 gallons, \$6; payable at 1400, Wharton County, Texas. B. HAMLETT.

LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER STRAIGHT 5¢ CIGAR ALWAYS RELIABLE

With a man money means more to eat; with a woman more to wear.

As refreshing as a brisk drive. WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT.

A glittering success—the solitary engagement ring.

Get Well

If you are sick, you wish to get well, don't you? Of course you do. You wish to be rid of the pain and misery, and be happy again.

If your illness is caused by female trouble, you can quickly get the right remedy to get well. It's Cardui. This great medicine, for women, has relieved or cured thousands of ladies, suffering like you from some female trouble.

TAKE CARDUI

For Women's Ills

Mrs. Fannie Ellis, of Foster, Ark., suffered agony for seven years. Read her letter about Cardui. She writes: "I was sick for seven years with female trouble. Every month I would very nearly die with my head and back. I took 12 bottles of Cardui and was cured. Cardui is a God-send to suffering women." Try it.

AT ALL DRUG STORES

ALLEN'S FOOT-EASE

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It relieves painful, swollen, smarting, nervous feet, and promptly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age.

Allen's Foot-Ease makes tight fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain relief for ingrowing nails, perspiring, callous and hot, tired, aching feet. It is always in demand for use in Patent Leather Shoes and for breaking in New Shoes. We have over 30,000 testimonials. TRY IT TODAY. Sold by all Druggists, 25c. Do not accept any Substitute. Sent by mail for 25c. in stamps.

FREE TRIAL PACKAGE sent by mail. Address: ALLEN S. OLIMSTED, 117 ROY, N. Y.

Shirt Bosoms, Collars and Cuffs

LAUNDERED WITH

Defiance Starch

never crack nor become brittle. They last twice as long as those laundered with other starches and give the wearer much better satisfaction. If you want your husband, brother or son to look dandy, to feel comfortable and to be thoroughly happy use DEFIANC STARCH in the laundry. It is sold by all good grocers at one package in ounces. Inferior starches sell at the same price per package but contain only 12 ounces. Note the difference. Ask your grocer for DEFIANC STARCH. Insist on getting it and you will never use any other brand.

Defiance Starch Company, Omaha, Neb.

Constipation—

Nearly Every One Gets It

The bowels show first sign of things going wrong. A *Cassell's* taken every night as needed keeps the bowels working naturally without grip, cramps and that upset sick feeling.

Ten-cent box, week's treatment. All drug stores. Largest seller in the world—million boxes a month.

WRIGLEY'S SPEARMINT

PATENTS

DEFIANC STARCH

W. N. U. DALLAS, NO. 24-1909.

LEWIS' SINGLE BINDER STRAIGHT 5¢ CIGAR ALWAYS RELIABLE

Always Ready NO STROPTING Always Sharp NO HONING

Known the World Over

You Look Prematurely Old

Because of those ugly, grizzly, gray hairs. Use "LA CREOLE" HAIR RESTORER. PRICE, \$1.00, retail.

The Clew of the Liquor Bottles

Edited by William J. Bacon

A True Story of the Secret Service, as Told by Capt. Dickson

SOME years ago, before I became connected with the United States secret service in the east, I was engaged by a member of the western express companies to do some special work for them," began Capt. Dickson. "My headquarters were in Denver and my work, on the whole, was decidedly interesting. One adventure in particular made me proud of my service for our company, although it was largely a matter of luck that brought about my success in that instance. I am a firm believer in luck, for it plays an important part in every man's life, and it has figured to a large extent in my own affairs. I am free to confess.

A daring express robbery had been committed in the western part of the state, near the Utah line, by three men. The messenger had been murdered and the passengers throughout the train robbed of all their money. The holdup men secured something more than \$15,000 from the express company's safe and fully \$5,000 from the passengers. They took nothing but money, however, leaving valuable jewelry, diamonds and watches with their owners, and ignoring the parcels in the express car. This circumstance showed that the gang was composed of experienced thieves, for money is the hardest thing in the world to trace.

"I was notified of the robbery on the afternoon of the second day after it occurred, and although I hastened to the spot with all dispatch and made arrangements by wire it was noon of the third day before I alighted at the nearest station. Here I had arranged for two horses and a prospective rider, desiring it best to follow the high hills in the direction of a ridge, as the robbery had been made at a point near the turning corner of southwest Colorado, and I expected to find the criminals at some of the summer and mining camps.

"I have never been a believer in disguises except as a ruse. All efforts to change one's face with grease paint and wig and the like only tend to attract attention and direct suspicion to the man thus disguised. The casual observer might not notice the deception, but the professional and especially the hunted criminal is a casual observer. He too learned the habit of noticing everything and he will detect the least false point in a man's appearance and about him as if he were afflicted with the plague.

"A change of dress with work worn done in a man's appearance. If a man can wear other clothes than those he is accustomed to and wear them easily and naturally, he can more effectively disguise himself by this means than he can with all the wigs and paints and whiskers in existence.

"Crossing across the continental divide, I had suffered a slight attack of indigestion. I sent the porter after a flask of whisky, asking for a certain brand. He returned in a few minutes with one of the distinctive little bottles customarily sold on sleeping cars as a flask of whisky. It was not the brand I had ordered, but the porter explained that this was the only brand of liquor the company sold, and I had to be content with it. The label of the bottle stated that it was put up expressly for the company.

"On reaching my destination, I immediately assumed the character of a miner and set about my inquiry. There was little information to be gathered beyond what was contained in the express company's report of the robbery, of which I had a carbon copy. Realized that time spent here would be wasted, I set out for the scene of the robbery, riding a wiry little pony and leading another on which was packed my outfit of grub and cooking implements and other's tools.

"The place was a desolate spot. The road ran through a broad alkali valley which had not, at that time, been brought under cultivation by irrigation. It was easy to pick up the trail of bandits and follow it across the valley to a southwesterly direction to the foot-hills of the Rockies, where the trail disappeared, the rocky ground leaving no trace of hoofprints.

"From this point on it was to be a matter of luck and guesswork. I believed my men had made for Telluride, Ouray, Silverton or some other mining camp, but I was not rash enough to venture a guess as to which it might be at that stage of the game. These camps, with their rough, shifting population, offered capital retreats for criminals, and from past experience I knew that my three rogues would, in all probability, remain in one of these camps until the excitement from the robbery had subsided, and then make for civilization to spend their money.

"For three days I drifted at random through the mountains, following trails and paths, for there were no roads, endeavoring to pick up some clew or find the place where my party had spent the first night after the robbery. The hold-up had occurred about noon, and, by hard riding, the three highwaymen could penetrate some ten or twenty miles into the fastnesses of the mountains before it became too dark to travel further. It was out of the question for any one to advance through that region after dark. I hoped to find the place of their camp, and felt sure I would do so by perseverance.

"Late the third afternoon I stumbled on the ashes of a campfire, and close beside it, among the fir and cedars, I found where horses had been tied. This was what I had searched for, and I felt sure that I would here find something of value. I camped a short distance from the place so I would not disturb it, leaving my examination until the next morning, when I would have a good light, it then being too dark to attempt such a thing.

"That night, by the light of my campfire, I read again the report of the robbery as given by the train bandits. Near the last of it was the account of the sleeping car porter who related, with evident grief, that he had been relieved of \$615 in silver, and that the bandits had rifled the liquor cabinet of the buffet, taking with them all of the whisky and a few bottles of the rarer and stronger wines.

"Early next morning I examined the deserted camp of the highwaymen. There was nothing but a burned-out pile of ashes and charred sticks and a few empty bottles. The bottles gave the clew for which I searched. The highwaymen had certainly made their



ONE OF THE MINERS
THREW THE DOOR WIDE OPEN

camp here. Each bottle bore the label of the sleeping car company, and some of them were the distinctive flasks of which I had drunk one on the trip from Denver. There was not a scrap of paper anywhere else to be found.

"Elated with my success, I made a survey of the country and discovered a half-deserted trail leading farther into the mountains. I took up this trail and followed it as best I could until nightfall. Often I lost it, and sometimes I spent an hour or more casting about to pick it up again, as I have seen hounds baffled on the trail of a fox. About three o'clock that afternoon I found something that made my eyes sparkle. Shattered into a thousand pieces was the remains of one of the small whisky bottles on a large flat rock beside the trail where it had doubtless been cast in a playful mood induced by its contents. Among the fragments I found the label of the car company.

"It was the dry season, and this was in my favor, for no rains came to obliterate the trail. For five days I followed the bandits across the hills and through the valleys, verifying my route from time to time by fragments of broken whisky bottles along the way, and at the places where they had camped for a night. The buffet-car must have been well stocked, for I found many bottles in this journey.

men. They had not stopped there certainly, so I took the trail to Telluride, a mining camp farther on in the mountains. Telluride was then a camp of 800 or 1,000 souls, and there was a bit of a mining boom on which daily brought new prospectors to swell its citizenship, fatuous souls brought there by the greed of gold—a lure that never fails to attract victims in swarms. For three days I searched in vain through the saloons and dance halls and other places where the rough miners congregated without finding a trace of my three rogues. That infallible sixth sense of mine was doing its best to keep me longer in Telluride, although my judgment told me to move on to Silverton; but in the end my intuition won the fight and I remained.

"One evening I was drinking with a law-abiding miner. The whisky was abundant. The distillery where it was made would never have recognized its product in its present form. I complained of the poor quality of whisky and asked my acquaintance if there were not some better stuff to be found in the camp. He said there was not, at any of the bars, but that he had been given an amazingly good drink by a miner, whose name he mentioned. He said it had been in a little bottle which held just enough to tease one, but it was the best liquor he had drunk since he left Kentucky many years before. He flicked his lips in pleasant memory of the drink.

"I almost gave myself away, so keen was my pleasure at this chance remark. I inquired about the gen-

eral owner of the good liquor, with a show of indifference I was far from feeling. He was a late arrival, it seemed, and lived in a shanty far up on the mountainside with two companions. The three were making a rather poor attempt to work a claim they had preempted.

"Getting away from my inquisitorial miner-friend, I climbed the steep trail to the cabin and set about an investigation of it with great caution. The men were at home, and from the sounds issuing from its closed doors I guessed they were having a rare old time that evening. I approached to the very door and listened with my ear to the planks to sounds of revelry within. The men were gambling and drinking, and I could hear the clink of coins and the rattle of bottles and the ribald jests with which they made their bets and gloated over their winnings and cursed their luck when they lost. I heard sufficient to make me sure that my much-sought bandits were in the cabin, although there was no direct mention of the express robbery.

"I would have been the rankest fool to have attempted their arrest without assistance—although I did tackle such a job once in my salad days, as this scar will testify," and he pointed to an ugly wound at the back of his neck, partially covered by his flowing gray locks. "But that is another story. I decided to call on the United States deputy marshal, a man of tigerish bravery, for assistance. There was no chink or crack in the door through which I could gain a peek at the interior of the cabin, so I dropped down on my hands and knees and crawled around to the back of the cabin where I thought there might be a window. There was a window, but it was closed with a heavy shutter, and I could not find any point to pry through; but I did find something on the way around. My hand touched something round and smooth, and I clutched it involuntarily. It was one of the little whisky flasks. After I had left the cabin I struck a match and examined it. The label of the car company was still on it.

"The deputy marshal was found at one of the dance halls and he soon summoned a reliable posse. We surrounded the cabin, from which still issued the sounds of revelry. The men were stationed at every point about the door. In response to our summons one of the miners staggered across the floor and threw the door wide open. We tripped him up and rushed over him into the cabin. The men were too drunk to make any resistance, and we captured them without

trouble—natural gas, steel rails, tin-plano, petroleum, steel pipes and sheet metal, fire bricks, tinmlars, tableware, coke, pickles, and all that sort of thing—that you will begin to feel like a combination delicatessen and hardware store.

I have not begun to enumerate the different data I have collected on this subject, as I have no desire to make the reader feel small or to lose confidence in himself. As I have pointed out before, the Pittsburgh, or the man who is under the influence of Pittsburgh, must be provoked before he is unburdened.—C. H. White, in Harper

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ALL DRESS LIKE MEN

Only an Eskimo Can Tell Boys from Girls.

In the Barren and Monotonous Country of Greenland Women Do All the Hard and Laborious Work.

If our American women were transported to a clime where they were expected to build their own houses while their dutiful husbands went a-fishing, where it was considered utter madness to wash one's clothes—to wear them in fact to the bitter end; where beef, mutton or pork were non-existent, and where chairs, tables and bedsteads were unknown, it is highly probable that the cause of woman suffrage would enlist new recruits.

And yet these are merely a few of the inconveniences and hardships in



Winter Attire of Men and Women.

the daily life of the Eskimo housewife, says R. P. Harvey, in the Pittsburgh Literary Magazine. For the mode of living and customs of the hardy Arctic race have changed little since the discovery of Greenland hundreds of years ago, although there is now a Christian church, and supply steamers are maintained by the Danish government for improving the condition of the Eskimo.

In this barren and monotonous country the women do all the hard and laborious work, build their houses, rig up tents, help in the hunting and fishing, and make their own and their husband's clothes. At the commencement of the cold weather they set to work to build their winter quarters. A suitable spot is selected, and the walls are built up by the sturdy maids and women with masses of stone heaped one upon another with pieces of turf between. All the holes and cracks are filled in with earth, bushes are then laid on top, and finally a layer of fine earth. Spaces are left for the windows, which are filled up with pieces of soft thin seal-skin sewn together. The entrance to these houses is by a small passage, so low that the occupants must creep in on their hands and knees.

These curious residences are all on the ground floor. Several families dwell in one house, each room often containing an entire family. If, after the house is built, another family wishes to join the domestic circle, an extra "wing" is built alongside, the one entrance serving for all. There are no fireplaces or chimneys in these "winter resorts," but suspended from the roof is a basin filled with oil, and containing a quantity of dry moss, which, when lighted, gives a broad flame. This warms the house instead of a fire and gives light to the occupants by day and night, besides being used for cooking food and drying shoes and clothes. The floor of the house is a little above the hearth, so that the men may sit in front with their legs dangling down, and the women, of course, sit behind, cross-legged. There is not a solitary stick of furniture beyond this lamp, but old tents or skins are spread on the floor, which serve as bed and bedding at night and parlor furniture in the day.

Marriage customs in Greenland are a great many cases conspicuous by their absence, a large proportion of the natives being polygamists, taking to themselves one, two or more wives, according to their means and disposition.

As will be seen from the illustration accompanying this article, the dress of both sexes is very similar. The upper garment is made of seal-skin with the hair side out, terminating in a tongue in the case of the women, whilst the men's are cut even all round. The top is so far open as to admit the wearer's head, a hood being behind. This is neatly trimmed with fox-skin, and made to fall back over the shoulders, or cover the head, if required.

The lining consists of the skins of the eludeduck or auk; the lining being close to the bottom and open at the breast serves as a pocket. This dress is called an amaut. Under them both men and women wear shirts made of the skins of birds, sewn together, the leathers being turned towards, so that they come next to the skin.

By way of a great coat in stormy weather a smooth seal-skin hide is worn, called a tuelik. The boots are made of seal-skin with the hair towards, the sole being covered with walrus hide; these reach over the knees and meet the middle part of the dress. The whole "costume" is made by the women.

Starch, like everything else, is being constantly improved, the patent Starches put on the market 25 years ago are very different and inferior to those of the present day. In the latest discovery—Dufance Starch—all injurious chemicals are omitted, while the addition of another ingredient, invented by us, gives to the Starch a strength and smoothness never approached by other brands.

Not Hard to Please. "Woman may be uncertain and coy," remarked the boarding house philosopher, "but she isn't hard to please. That's where the poet is wrong."

"What new light have you had on that subject, Mr. McGinnis?" asked the landlady.

"She'll put up with almost any kind of stick for a husband and wear any old thing on her head for a hat."

For Colds and Grippe—Capudine. The best remedy for Grippe and Colds is Hicks' Capudine. Relieves the aching and feverishness. Cures the cold—headaches also. It's Liquid—Effects immediately—10, 25 and 50¢ at Drug Stores.

The proper repast to be served after a card party—a game supper.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup. For children teething, soothes the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures whooping cough. Occasionallv a dressmaker gives her husband fits.

Pop buys me
SPEARMINT
Why? He sez
it helps his
stummick,
an wots good
for him is
good for me.

WHIGLEY'S
SPEARMINT
PEPSIN GUM

Libby's Food Products

Never Vary in
Quality or Taste

because the utmost
care is taken by Lib-
by's Chefs to select
only the choicest materi-
als, and put these up in
the same careful manner
every time. You are
thus assured of uniform
goodness, and this is
the reason that the use
of Libby's gives such
general satisfaction to
every housewife.

Try these Libby Foods:

- Dried Beef
- Mexican Tamale
- Ham Loaf
- Oh! Oh! Carne
- Vienna Sausage
- Evaporated Milk

For luncheon,
spreads or every day
meals, they are just the
thing.

Keep a supply
in the house.
You never can
tell when they
will come in handy.
Ask for
Libby's and be
sure you get
Libby's.

Libby, McNeill
& Libby

SICK HEADACHE

Positively Cured by
these Little Pills.

They also relieve Dis-
tress from Dyspepsia, In-
digestion and Too Hearty
Eating. A perfect reme-
dy for Dizziness, Nau-
sea, Headaches, Bad
Taste in the Mouth, Coar-
sed Tongue, Pain in the
Side, TORPID LIVER.
They regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

CARTER'S
LITTLE
LIVER
PILLS.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Genuine Must Bear
Fac-Simile Signature

W.R. GLENN
REFUSE SUBSTITUTES.

WRIGLEY'S

LOCAL NEWS.

Mr. C. T. Adams left for Artesia and Roswell, Saturday.

Josephine Tracy was sick with biliousness a few days this week.

Carl Dishman and Fred Bass came in town Monday on business.

Mr. C. A. Jennings came in from the plains Saturday the 5th and returned Thursday.

A regular old-fashioned sandstorm visited Carlsbad about noon last Sunday, but only lasted about thirty minutes.

Sam Bitting returned Monday night from Staunton, Virginia, where he has been attending the Staunton Military Academy.

Mrs. Pankey who was operated on at the county hospital last Tuesday has returned to her home in La Huerta Sunday morning.

M. E. Sewait, a sheep man, from near Lovington, was in town last Monday on business and was a welcome caller at the Current office.

Carlsbad is thinking of boosting for cement sidewalks, and the town could not make a better move. Push it along, Brother Mullane.—Roswell Record.

Mr. Victor L. Minter arrived in Carlsbad last week from Engle, N. M., and is now installed in his new position as office man in the government building here.

Mr. and Mrs. Joe Walker came in from their beautiful home four miles southwest of Carlsbad, last Tuesday, and spent the day trading and visiting friends in the city.

Mr. and Mrs. Geo. Fredericks left this week for a visit in Michigan and Wisconsin. Mr. Fredericks will leave the picture show in the hands of his partner, Mr. A. Cradwell.

R. M. Fletcher, a cowman from the Gap Wells, in the northern part of the county, was in Carlsbad, Monday, on a trading trip. Mr. Fletcher was accompanied by his family and spent the day in the city.

The telephone line from Carlsbad to Knowles is now complete. This makes it possible to talk from Carlsbad to Midland, Texas, and it is presumed from any point in the Pecos Valley.—Roswell Record.

Three or four times during the past few days heavy clouds have appeared in the sky and there seemed every possible indication of a good rain, but in each instance, the clouds passed away with only a light sprinkle.

It has been given out that there will be an eclipse of the sun on the 17th day of this month, that will last almost the entire day, so if Old Sol pulls off his stunt on schedule time, that day will be dark one for this part of the universe.

Our good friend John Byrne came in last Saturday morning and planked down the duets required to his re getting the Current for another year. Mr. Byrne is a staunch friend of the Current and one whose unwavering loyalty is appreciated to the highest degree.

Frank E. Sprong, after an absence of several months returned to his home in this city last Saturday. He is just recovering from an attack of typhoid fever having been confined to his bed at Clovis for over a month, and is visiting his parents here during his convalescence.

N. C. Beebe, a carpenter and builder whose former home was at Twin Falls, South Dakota, moved into Carlsbad last Friday, and states that he will probably make this his permanent home. He said he recently made a prospecting tour of Kansas and one or two other western states and that the Pecos Valley particularly in the vicinity of Carlsbad looks good to him, and that he will send for his family in a short time.

The Misses Moore, Susie, Mamie and Julia who visited their father in this city last week, left on last Saturday after a most enjoyable visit. Miss Susie to return to Amarillo, Texas, where she will resume her duties as assistant in the post-office, and Misses Mamie and Susie to return to Portales. The Misses Moore have a large circle of friends in Carlsbad's social world who are always glad to welcome them on their visits.

McLenathens—Insurance.

Allen Stewart is now an employee of the A. G. Shelby grocery store.

Editor Woods of the Lakewood Progress, was in Carlsbad Wednesday.

W. G. Woerner went out to the prosperous and growing town of Knowles this morning.

T. A. Ezell, the horse king of the Pecos Valley and a large land owner, was a pleasant caller at the Current office last Tuesday.

Miss Nellie Eakin returned Saturday evening from Dallas, Texas, where she has been attending St. Mary's College for the past year.

The Buck Eye sheep were all removed temporarily to range near Artesia and Hagerman. They will be kept there till it rains on the plains.

Harley Prichard, a nephew of G. A. Beckett, and Walter Coleman, both of Little Rock, Ark., came in Saturday and will visit here for about ten days.

Judge Bruce, a lumber man and contractor of Malaga, was a business visitor in Carlsbad last Monday morning. He says that Malaga is moving right along.

County superintendent Kaiser left on last Monday morning for Monument where he will spend several days in the interest of the public schools of that locality.

R. G. Ingersol, the hustling real estate man of Roswell, was in Carlsbad the first of the week, and while in the city was a business caller at the Current office.

Marion Walker came in from Pendleton's ranch Monday and went back Wednesday. He reports the cattle are doing fast and in great need of a good rain.

Mr. J. S. Eaves, a prominent sheep man and his family came in from the plains Monday. Mr. Eaves went to Roswell to attend court and his family went to Rotan, Texas, to visit friends for a while.

A general cleanup crusade in Carlsbad inaugurated at once would not only improve the appearance of the city, but may be the means of averting and epidemic of disease during the hot months of summer.

Joe Graham, the efficient county commissioner from Knowles and Fred Nymeyer, a prominent young cow man from that section came over on the auto from Knowles last Saturday and spent several days in Carlsbad.

A. J. Hart came down from his ranch near Carlsbad, Tuesday, and visited a few hours here with his numerous friends. He was on his way to Toyah to visit his daughters, Mesdames D. J. Moran and Will Cowan. Pecos News.

W. K. Breeding and E. C. Cook, the former an ex-hotel man and the latter president of the First National Bank, both prominent and progressive citizens of Lakewood, were business visitors in Carlsbad Tuesday and while here were welcome callers at the Current office.

Rev. Joel Hedgpeth, of Carlsbad, has preached several sermons here during the past two weeks, and has made a very favorable impression on the Artesia people. He enjoys the respect and confidence of his people at home.—Artesia News.

J. W. Turknett, a prominent citizen of near Malaga was in town Monday and came into the Current office and contributed to the office fund by evening up his subscription. He was formerly a large sheep owner, but sold his flock last fall and retired from that business.

The Roswell Auto Company are clearing an auto road to the bottomless lakes out east of Roswell and they are also making a road toward the mountains and are trying to make a road to connect with Carlsbad and it is hoped that the auto men of Carlsbad will make up enough money to run up the line and meet this road.

Thursday being the eleventh birthday anniversary of Kenneth Moore, a boy party was given him at the home of his grand parents on Fox street. Light refreshments were served and the usual birthday cake with eleven candles was in evidence. The following were guests of the afternoon: George and Robert Finley, John and Harold Galton, Charley Witt, Clay Danneley, Cecil Bearup, Norman Stone, Harvey Cruise, Wm Reed, J. B. Corn, Lytton and Clifford Lewis; Daniel Lowenbruck, John Kircher, Wm Lewis, Marion McKeen, Grady Grantham, Jim and Charley Walker.

Checks \$25 To Firemen.

R. M. Thorne, Esq.,

Sec. Carlsbad Fire Dept.

We wish to show our appreciation of the splendid work of our Fire Department at the Masonic Temple. You did magnificent work in the early days with but little to do with. You demonstrated by saving the walls and roof of the Masonic Temple, what you can do when you have the goods to deliver. We congratulate you, and also the Public Utilities Co., for splendid work and water pressure. Enclosed find check for \$25.00

I. S. Osborne
C. H. McLenathens
John T. Bolton
M. S. Groves
A. N. Pratt.

Fireman's Hall, June 8, '09.

We, the members of the Carlsbad Fire Department, desire to return our most heartfelt thanks to the above gentlemen of this city, not for their generous contributions alone, but for their kind words of approval and encouragement so kindly spoken of our body, and assure them of our lasting gratitude for their generosity.

CARLSBAD FIRE DEPT.

Work of Repairing Masonic Building Under Way

The work of repairing the damage to the Masonic building which was so badly damaged by the recent fire, and which, but for the prompt and efficient work of the fire department, would have been completely destroyed, is now under way, and is being rapidly pushed to completion, and it is thought the building will be ready for occupancy again by July 1st.

Change in Schedule.

The North-bound passenger train now leaves at 4:15 A. M., instead of 5:30. The South-bound now leaves at 8:00 instead of 6:50 A. M. as formerly.

W. G. Woerner returned from Knowles Tuesday evening on the auto.

Erwin Penny came in from Knowles on the auto Tuesday evening and returned Wednesday morning.

Jack Brogdon, Henry Layman, and Charlie Van Amber (Adobe Charley), came in from the S cross ranch near Box canyon, after salt to salt "dories."

G. M. Borg, a genial gentleman from the Lakewood locality was in the city yesterday and came in to the Current office and renewed his subscription for another year.

Carl Livingston returned Monday night from Staunton, Va., where he has been attending the Staunton Military Academy for the past four or five years, and he certainly shows his training by his personal bearing.

J. W. Kendrick, second vice-president and C. W. Kouns, general manager of the western division of the Santa Fe system, visited Carlsbad last Monday and spent the day looking over the city and the surrounding country. They expressed themselves as greatly pleased with the business activity of the town, the famous Carlsbad Spring, and the splendid farms tributary to Carlsbad. While here these gentlemen were guests of the Commercial Club.

The Big Head

Two of the kinds of head that come from a sick headache. Does your head ever feel like a guard and your brain feel loose and sore? You can cure it in no time by acting on your liver with Ballard's Headline. Isn't it worth trying for the absolute and certain relief you'll get?

Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

For Sale:

Team mules, weigh 1100 each, fat and will work any where.

J. W. NICHOLS,

Jun 4th. R R No. 1, Carlsbad.

Your butter and cheese will be ice cold and firm if bought at Shelby's.

The best line of Fresh Groceries are to be found at Shelby's.

If you want the best Saddles made, get the R. T. Frazier. Come in and look at them at Finley-Pratt Bldg. Co.

Meet them at Shelby's, everybody trades there.

The largest and most complete blacksmith outfit in the Pecos Valley. Ohnemus can fix it.

With the Press Gang.

Next!

While fishing in the deep pond west of town 1 1/2 miles Monday, Mr. Nelson caught a reptile which is supposed to have been an axoloti, related to the salamander species. The reptile was about a foot in length with color, head and fins similar to those of a catfish, a body and tail like those of an eel and with four feet. These are very seldom found elsewhere than in the Lake of Mexico or deep ocean and was a great curiosity when brought to town and seen Monday evening. Tiabian Valley News.

Great snakes! What brand of sheepskin do those Tiabian valley editors drink?

The ruthless killing of insectivorous and song birds by the small boy and his air gun should not be tolerated. Wonder if it isn't within the scope of the Territorial game warden to put a quietus to it? Las Vegas Optic.

Judging from the number of people and domestic animals killed and wounded by the small boy and with his target rifle while out hunting, it strikes the Current that the aforesaid song birds are not in any particular danger of total extinction.

A Carlsbad contractor came within \$200 of getting the contract for putting in the new sewer system, and he is a good and reliable man. That it wasn't given him is another proof that an executive board is forced to be too all-fired literal in its compliance with the law, for with no more difference, he ought to have had it. Roswell-Register Tribune.

And that's a cold clammy fact.

The crank who called himself Adam God has been given twenty-five years for killing a Kansas City policeman. The jury apparently thought he was Adam seconded. Houston Post.

And they were about right.

A Raton young lady attending a late dance, says, "she had nothing on but a white waist and a black skirt." At last report she was suffering from a severe cold.—Raton Reporter.

Wonder if that Raton editor expected to see the ladies of his town attend a dance clad in an ulster overcoat and slicker?

You Never Can Tell

Just exactly the cause of your troubles, but you know as you have it. You know that Ballard's Snow Liniment will cure it. Ballard's liniment reduces the swelling and limbers the joints and muscles so that you will be as active and well as you ever were. Price 25c, 50c, and \$1. Sold by Eddy Drug Co.

To Let For the Summer

Five Rooms, well furnished. Coolest place in town. I Jun 11. N. J. DAUGHERTY.

FOR SALE.

Two good gentle family driving horses. W. H. Merchant.

For Sale: McCormick five foot Mower and Rake, Corn Cultivator and iron Tooth Harrow. B. T. Mallen.

Firstclass carriage and sign painting at the Ohnemus shops. He can fix it.

L. Ramm, the Carlsbad Boot-maker is selling his \$14 and \$15 boots at \$12.

Fine wagon yard and camp-house at Ohnemus shops. He can fix it.

McLenathens Insurance.

We do all kinds of Plumbing. Finley Pratt Bldg. Co.

You will get the most courteous treatment at Shelby's.

McLenathens Insurance.

Plenty of first-class fresh honey at the Ohnemus Shops.

The most up-to-date facilities for keeping fresh vegetables and groceries at Shelby's.

McLenathens Insurance.

SOURCE OF FINAL SETTLEMENT

In the Matter of the Estate of Eddy, deceased. In the Probate Court of Eddy Co., New Mexico.

By order of the Probate Court of the County of Eddy and Territory of New Mexico, notice is hereby given that the undersigned administrator have duly filed his final account, and report in the administration of said estate in and court and Monday, July 5, 1909, at Carlsbad, N. M., on the day set by said Court, by its order duly made for the hearing of objections to such final account and the settlement thereof.

Dated: Carlsbad, New Mexico, June 4, 1909. RICHARD M. THORNE, Administrator.

The CITY LIVERY and FEED STABLE

CAPT. W. S. B. MITCHELL, Props.

This Stable is located near Hotel Schlitz on Mermod Street east of Masonic Hall and Carlsbad Furn. Co.

The best of horses that are guaranteed to stand a reasonable day's drive at all times and no others kept. Fine Rigs Always on Hand.

ORDINANCE NO. 95.

(As Amended)

AN ORDINANCE PROVIDING FOR THE ISSUANCE OF THE NEGOTIABLE COUPON BONDS OF THE TOWN OF CARLSBAD, NEW MEXICO, TERRITORY TO THE AMOUNT OF \$25,000 FOR THE CONSTRUCTION OF A SYSTEM OF SANITARY SEWERS IN AND FOR SAID TOWN, PROVIDING THE FORMS OF SAID BONDS AND OF THE INTEREST COUPONS TO BE THEREON ATTACHED, PROVIDING FOR THE LEVY OF AN ANNUAL TAX TO PAY THE INTEREST ON SAID BONDS WHEN DUE AND TO PROVIDE A SINKING FUND FOR THE DISCHARGE OF THE PRINCIPAL THEREOF AT MATURITY AND FIXING THE OTHER DETAILS OF THE ISSUE.

WHEREAS, at an election called and held in the Town of Carlsbad, Eddy County, New Mexico Territory, on April 7th, A. D. 1909, in all respects in strict compliance with the provisions of the laws of the Territory of New Mexico, and of an Act of Congress of the United States, approved March 4, 1898, entitled, "An Act to amend an Act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the Territories, to limit territorial indebtedness, and so forth," more than two thirds of the qualified voters of said town who were the owners of real or personal property, subject to taxation therein, voted affirmatively for the issuance of the negotiable coupon bonds of said town to the amount of \$25,000, for the construction of a system of sanitary sewers in and to be owned exclusively by said town; and

WHEREAS, said bonds have been duly awarded and sold to Messrs. E. C. Sutherland & Company, of the City of Chicago, Illinois, at a price above par and accrued interest; and

WHEREAS, it is necessary to now prescribe the forms of said bonds and of the interest coupons to be thereto attached and to fix the other details of the issue; now, therefore,

Be it Ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Carlsbad, Territory of New Mexico:

Sec. 1. That, for the purpose of providing necessary funds for the construction of said system of sanitary sewer in and for the Town of Carlsbad, Eddy County, New Mexico Territory, pursuant to plans, specifications, and estimates duly adopted by the Board of Trustees of said town, there shall be and there are hereby negotiated and directed to be issued the negotiable coupon bonds of said town to the aggregate amount of \$25,000.

Said bonds shall be designated "Sanitary Sewer Bonds of 1909," shall be in number, numbered from 1 to 60, both inclusive; and of the denomination of \$500.00 each.

Said bonds shall bear date of May 15, A. D. 1909, and shall become due and payable on May 15, A. D. 1939; shall bear interest from their date until paid at the rate of 6 per cent per annum, payable semi-annually, on the 15th days of May and November, in each year, which installments of interest to date of maturity of principal shall be evidenced by appropriate coupons attached to each bond, and both principal and interest shall be payable in lawful money of the United States of America, at the Chase National Bank, in the City and State of New York.

Sec. 2. That each of said bonds, and each of the interest coupons thereto attached shall be in substantially the following forms, respectively, to wit:

(Form of Bond.) UNITED STATES OF AMERICA, Territory of New Mexico, County of Eddy, Town of Carlsbad.

No. Sanitary Sewer Bond of 1909. \$500.00

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS, That the Town of Carlsbad, in the County of Eddy, and Territory of New Mexico, a duly organized municipal corporation, acknowledges itself to owe and for value received, hereby promises to pay to the bearer the sum of FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS, on the 15th day of May, A. D. 1939, together with interest on said sum from the date hereon until paid at the rate of 6 per centum per annum, payable semi-annually, on the 15th days of May and November, in each year, as evidenced by and upon the presentation and surrender of the interest coupons thereto attached as they severally become due. Both principal and interest are hereby made payable in law of money of the United States of America, at the Chase National Bank, in the City and State of New York. And for the prompt payment of this bond, with interest as aforesaid, at maturity, the full faith, credit, and resources of said town are hereby irrevocably pledged.

This bond is issued by said town for the purpose of constructing a system of sanitary sewers in and for said town in accordance with the affirmative vote of more than two thirds of the qualified voters of said town, owning real or personal property subject to taxation therein voting at an election duly called and held in said town on April 7th, A. D. 1909, and pursuant to an ordinance duly passed by the Board of Trustees of said town and duly approved and recorded, and under the authority of, and in all respects in full compliance with the provisions of an Act of the Congress of the United States of America, entitled, "An Act to amend an Act to prohibit the passage of local or special laws in the Territories, to limit territorial indebtedness, and so forth," approved March 4, 1898.

And it is hereby certified, recited and warranted that said Town of Carlsbad was on April 7th, A. D. 1909, and now is a municipal corporation duly organized and operating under and by virtue of the general laws of the Territory of New Mexico; that on said date, it had and now has a bona fide population of more than one thousand persons, as shown by the last census taken prior to said date, and prior to the issuance of this bond, that all things, acts and conditions required by the laws of the Territory of

New Mexico, and the Acts of Congress of the United States to happen, and be done and performed precedent, to and in the issuance of this bond in order to constitute the same, the valid and binding obligation of said town, have happened and been properly done, and performed in regular and due form and time as required by law, that the total indebtedness of said town, including this bond does not exceed any limitation imposed upon said town, by any law of the Territory of New Mexico, or of the Congress of the United States of America, and that due provision has been made for the levy of a tax upon all of the taxable property in said town sufficient to pay the interest on this bond when due and to create and maintain a sinking fund for the redemption of the principal hereof at maturity.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, said Town of Carlsbad, by its Board of Trustees, has caused this bond to be signed to its Mayor and Town Recorder and countersigned and registered by its Town Treasurer, and its corporate seal to be hereunto affixed, and each of the interest coupons hereto attached to be executed by the fingerprinted fac-simile signature of said town treasurer, this 15th day of May, A. D. 1909.

Mayor, Town Recorder, Countersigned and Registered, Town Treas.

(Seal of Eddy Co.)

Notary Public for Eddy Co., N. M. \$15.00

On May 15th, A. D. 1939

December 15th.

The Town of Carlsbad, in Eddy County of Eddy, and Territory of New Mexico, will pay to bearer, the sum of Fifteen Dollars, in lawful money of the United States of America, at the Chase National Bank, in the City and State of New York, for six months interest due that day on its Sanitary Sewer Bond of 1909, dated May 15th, A. D. 1909.

No. Town Treasurer.

Sec. 3. That each of said bonds shall be signed by the Mayor and Town Recorder and countersigned and registered by the Town Treasurer of said town with the corporate seal of said town impressed thereon, and each of the interest coupons thereto attached shall be executed by the fingerprinted fac-simile signature of the Town Treasurer of said town, and said officers are hereby authorized and directed to execute said bonds and interest coupons to be prepared substantially in the forms, respectively, heretofore set forth, and to execute the same for and on behalf of said town, as and in the manner aforesaid, and after their execution and registration on by the Town Treasurer, said bonds shall be delivered to the said Messrs. E. C. Sutherland & Company, the purchasers of the same from the Board of Trustees of said town mentioned in the preamble hereto, upon the payment of the purchase price thereon, and the proceeds derived from the sale of said bonds shall be placed in a Sinking Fund to be held solely for the purpose of paying the interest on said bonds and the principal thereof, and pursuant to the plans and specifications aforesaid.

Sec. 4. That the interest falling due on said bonds on Nov. 15, 1909, shall be and the same is hereby ordered paid and appropriated out of the general fund tax levied by said town in the year 1908 and for the purpose of reimbursing said general fund for the amount so taken from it, and of providing said sinking fund to meet the interest falling due on said bonds, subsequently to Nov. 15, 1909, promptly when and as the same accrues, and also of providing a sinking fund for the discharge of the principal thereof at maturity, there shall be and there is hereby levied upon all of the taxable property in said town, in addition to all other taxes the following direct annual tax, to wit:

For the year 1909 a tax sufficient to produce the sum of \$2,500.00 for interest.

For each of the years 1910, to 1918, both inclusive a tax sufficient to produce the sum of \$1,800.00 for interest.

For each of the years 1919 to 1935, both inclusive a tax sufficient to produce the sum of \$3,000.00 being \$1,800.00 for interest and \$1,200.00 for principal.

Said annual tax shall be extended on the tax rolls and collected by the same officers in the same manner and at the same time as the taxes for general town purposes for said town in each of said years, and after being collected, the funds derived from said annual tax shall be placed in a separate fund to be designated "Sanitary Sewer Bonds of 1909 Fund," which shall be irrevocably pledged to the payment of the interest on and principal of said bonds so long as any of said bonds or interest coupons thereto appertaining remain outstanding and unpaid.

Sec. 5. That all ordinances or resolutions, or parts thereof, heretofore passed or adopted in conflict with the provisions of this ordinance, be, and the same are hereby repealed, provided however, that the tax heretofore levied at the regular April, A. D. 1909 meeting of the board of trustees to meet the first installment of interest accruing on said bonds be, and the same is confirmed and declared a part of the tax levied and provided herein contained.

Sec. 6. That this ordinance shall be in full force and effect from and after its passage and approval and completion of its publication as required by law.

Passed, A. D. 1909.

Approved this day of May, A. D. 1909.

ATTEST:

Town Recorder Mayor, The above ordinance was proposed and read for the first time, May 17, 1909. JAMES M. DYE, Mayor.

J. B. HARVEY, Recorder.

JOYCE-PRUIT CO.

JOYCE-PRUIT CO.



YOU BE THE JUDGE

A literary Work is judged by the fame of its Author. A man's personality by the Style of Clothing he Wears. The Clothes by the reputation of the makers—and we Guarantee Them—

\$12.50, \$15.00

\$18.00.

Charles Joyce, Editor

Our Pants at \$2.50, \$3.50, \$4.00, \$5.00

Joyce-Pruit Co.

"We Want Your Trade"

A HOME INDUSTRY

PLAIN ICE FACTS:

Does the ice you are getting shatter into long pencil like fragments when you try to chip off a piece?

Do you know that such ice has lost a large percentage of its cooling properties?

Our product is in your refrigerator within an hour or two after being taken from the freezing tank, and has no opportunity to deteriorate.

You get the maximum utility of the ice and at the same price as the other kind.

Carlsbad Ice Factory

PHONE 66

The Groves Lumber Co.
Building Material

Carlsbad Furniture Co.
UNDERTAKERS

R. M. THORNE
LICENSED EMBALMER
Telephone 70

Did you ever want water when the wind didn't blow? Come and look at a first-class engine and pump-jack at the Ohnemus shops.

Carlsbad Dairy

Pure Jersey Milk
and Cream Delivered
to all parts of
the city.

J. O. Wersell, Proprietor

THE TEN DEMANDMENTS.

By a Chicago-Thompson Man.

Rule I. Don't lie—it wastes my time and yours. I'm sure to catch you in the end, and that's the wrong end.

Rule II. Watch your work, not the clock. A long day's work makes a long day short, and a short day's work makes my face long.

Rule III. Give me more than I expect and I'll pay more than you expect. I can afford to increase my profits.

Rule IV. You owe so much to yourself that you can't afford to owe anybody else. Keep out of debt or keep out of my shops.

Rule V. Dishonesty is never an accident. Good men, like good women, can't see temptation when they meet it.

Rule VI. Mind your own business and in time you'll have a business of your own to mind.

Rule VII. Don't do anything here which hurts your self-respect. The employee who is willing to steal for me is capable of stealing from me.

Rule VIII. It's none of my business what you do at night. But if dissipation affects what you do the next day, and you do half as much as I demand, you'll last half as long as you hope I.

Rule IX. Don't tell me what I'd like to hear, but what I ought to hear. I don't want a valet to my vanity, but I need one for my dollars. May be I'll divide profits with you, but you furnish the wit.

Rule X. Don't kick if I kick if you're worth while, correcting you're worth while keeping. I don't waste time cutting specks out of rotten apples.

FOR SALE: Residence property north of M. E. Church, which contains seventy-five fruit trees bearing one-third acre alfalfa, fine large strawberry bed, bearing heavily, fine blue-grass lawn, grape arbor also bearing, good house, stable, city water and all conveniences, said to be the best improved town home in Eddy county for fruit and alfalfa. I have no agents and no one is authorized to represent me. Call at my home or address John Byrne, Carlsbad, N. M.

Shelby has what you want, just phone No. 20.

McLanathan—Insurance.

Ordinance No. 92

An ordinance providing for the enforcement of laws in favor of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, for the removal of shade and ornamental trees in the streets, etc., as provided by an Act of the 36th Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico, entitled: An Act to enable citizens, towns and villages in the Territory of New Mexico, to procure water for irrigation purposes, and to assess the costs and expenses of such irrigation against the property to be benefited thereby and for other purposes.

Be it ordained by the Board of Trustees of the Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, as follows:

Sec. 1. Whenever a lien shall exist in favor of the Town of Carlsbad, N. M., under the provisions of an Act of the 36th Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico, fully set out in the preamble hereof, the same shall be enforced by the said Town of Carlsbad in the following manner:

Sec. 2. Whenever the owner or agent of any lot or parcel of land in the Town of Carlsbad, shall fail or refuse to pay the amount assessed in any year by the Board of Trustees of said town in pursuance of the Act, mentioned in the preamble hereof, within the time limited by said Board of Trustees in making said assessment for any such year, the amount so assessed shall, at the expiration of the time limited by said Board of Trustees for payment, become delinquent and said Board shall, at the regular meeting thereafter by resolution, order the Town Treasurer of said town to post notices in three of the most public places in said Town, which notice shall contain a list of the lots or parcels of land so delinquent and the amount delinquent thereon, and notify all persons interested that, unless the same be paid on or before thirty (30) days from the date of posting such notice, said lot will be brought in the District Court for the enforcement and foreclosure of such liens.

Sec. 3. At the expiration of such thirty days notice, it shall be the duty of the Town Treasurer of the Town of Carlsbad to make out a list of all lots or parcels of land within the corporate limits of said Town upon which the tax

for the purposes herein mentioned are still delinquent and unpaid and the amount of taxes against each lot or parcel of land, and the names of the owners, if known, and if not known to so state it, and deliver the same to the Mayor of said town who shall thereupon cause suit to be brought for the enforcement and foreclosure of such liens.

Sec. 4. In such suit the District Court of Eddy County, New Mexico, shall have full and complete jurisdiction for the enforcement of said liens for all purposes necessary in order to carry out the objects and intents of this ordinance. Said suit shall be entitled substantially as follows: The Town of Carlsbad, New Mexico, against the person's real estate and land described in the delinquent tax list of the Town of Carlsbad for the year. And in such suit or proceeding it shall only be necessary for the Town of Carlsbad to charge in its complaint that such amount is due by each of the defendants and upon the several lots therein named for the purposes named in the preamble of this ordinance and that said tax was incurred by virtue of this ordinance, giving its number, title and date of adoption only, and by virtue of the resolution passed by the Board creating said lien and in case the owners of any such property is a non-resident, suit may be brought as in other suits in Rem against non-residents. Such special delinquent tax list issued by the Treasurer as afore-

said shall, in any action thereon be prima facie evidence of the legality of the proceedings for such special assessment and of all matters connected with the same.

Sec. 5. No separate suit, under the provisions of this ordinance, shall be brought against individuals or their property unless it be made to appear to the Judge of the District Court, where the property may be situated, that a separate suit is necessary to give complete justice, in which case the Judge may authorize such separate suits, by an order in writing.

Sec. 6. There shall be taxed as costs in said cause One Dollar against each lot upon which such liens are foreclosed as attorneys fees for the foreclosure of such lien.

Sec. 7. Upon judgment of foreclosure of such liens, as hereinbefore provided, the property so foreclosed shall be sold according to the practice of the Court in chancery cases; and that the sale made under said judgment of foreclosure the town of Carlsbad may become the purchaser of any or all the property so sold.

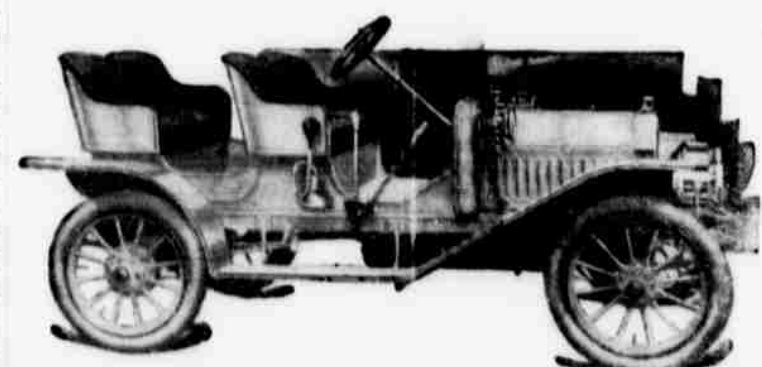
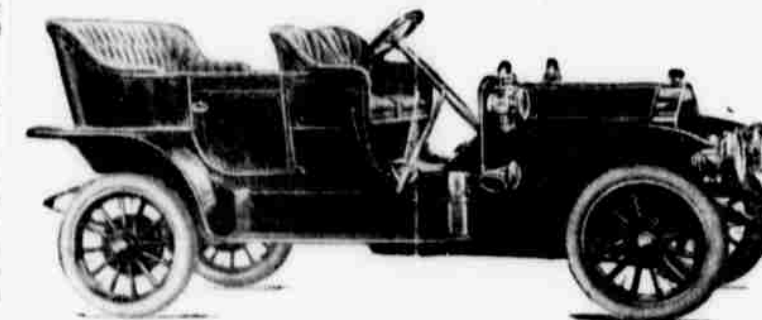
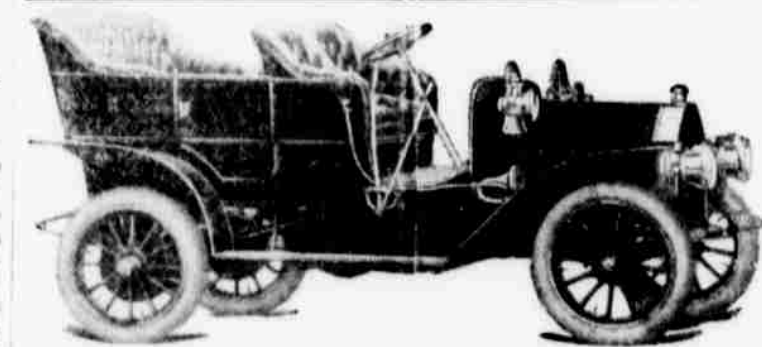
Sec. 8. The Town Treasurer shall receive a commission of five per cent on all amounts collected by him, under this ordinance.

JAMES M. DYER, Mayor.

Attest: J. R. HARVEY, Recorder.

Passed this 22 day of May 1909.

McLanathan Insurance.



The Carlsbad Automobile Company

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Order your car before summer comes.

Operating a well-equipped repair-shop

Ten days for delivery on Models F and 10 — Thirty days for Model 17.

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Amarillo, Tex.

B. F. Rose, Local Agent,
Carlsbad, N. M.

NO. 5487

JOHN H. JOYCE,
President.

A. C. BEARD, G. M. COOK,
Vice President, Cashier.

W. A. CRAIG,
Asst. Cashier.

The First National Bank

Carlsbad, New Mexico

Capital and Surplus, \$125,000.

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C. H. McLanathan, President. Morgan Livingston, Vice President. C. M. Richards, Cashier.

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Depository for Eddy County and Territory of New Mexico

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DIRECTORS: Morgan Livingston, C. H. McLanathan, J. I. Roberts, F. F. Thompson, E. Hendricks, J. N. Livingston, C. M. Richards.

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Phone 14

MODEL F. BUICK

5 Passenger Touring Car.
Wheel base 92 inches.
Cylinders—Two 4-1-2 x 5 inches.
22 Horse Power.
Transmission—Planetary, two speeds forward, one reverse.
Chain Drive.
Equipment—Gas Head-lights, generator, oil side-lamps, tail-lamp, horn, repair out-fit and complete set of tools.
Price \$1,100.00 Delivered.

MODEL 17 BUICK

5 Passenger Touring Car.
Wheel Base: 112 inches.
Cylinders: 4 vertical 4-1-2 x 5 inches, thirty horse power.
Transmission: Sliding gear, selection type, 3 speeds forward, one reverse. Shaft Drive.
Equipment: Gas head-lights, oil side-lamps, tail-lamp, generator, horn and repair out-fit with complete set of tools.
Price \$1,750.00, Delivered.

MODEL 10 BUICK

Body: Double-rumble 4 passenger or single-rumble 3 passenger.
Wheel Base: 91 inches.
Cylinders: 4 vertical 3-1/2 x 3-1/2, 18 horse power.
Transmission: Planetary, two speeds forward, one reverse. Shaft-drive.
Equipment: Gas Head-lights and generator, side oil lamps, tail lamp, horn, repair out-fit and complete set of tools. Price Double rumble \$1,050. delivered Single \$1,000.