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Albuquerque Weekly Citizen, 01-21-1893

T. Hughes

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Weekly Citizen

ALBUQUERQUE, JAN. 21, 1933

THE LIBEL LAW.

One of our contemporaries in its issue of yesterday, in an editorial concerning the libel law, falls into a most egregious error as to the condition of the law. In referring to a statement made by the Santa Fe New Mexican, it uses the following language:

We are prepared to admit that our valued contemporary at the capital is not in any danger of being made to suffer for libel that is libel, but under the extrajudicial statute at present in force in this territory he is in constant danger of being punished for libel that isn't libel. The New Mexican has a habit of contending what it believes to be wrong, and of bearing down upon other newspapers, sometimes upon public officials, merchants or even judges, and the fact that it may prove the charges to be true only serves to make the danger from the present libel law no much the greater since the truth of the charge cannot be pleaded under the present law, hence it is not difficult to imagine a state of conditions in which the journal might be "affected by the libel laws," or at least by such a libel law that which we have at present. If a man is a public official or a public official, it is the duty of any honest journalist to expose him, and show up his shortcomings, and yet any journalist in New Mexico who does such a work lays himself liable to fine and imprisonment for libel under the present law, no matter how positive and convincing may be the proof of all the statements made.

This is the sort of stuff that the democratic press of the territory has been publishing about the libel law for the last four years. The writers of such statements have either never read the law or are wilful liars. They are either either densely ignorant of the general law on the subject or they believe their readers to be so and therefore easily imposed upon.

At the common law the rule was that the defendant in an indictment for libel could not justify himself by proving the truth of the matter charged to be libelous. In 1826 by express statute the common law was put in force in the territory of New Mexico. Libel is common law offense, and up to 1889 was punishable in the courts of the territory in accordance with the rules of the common law, and in any prosecution the defendant would not have been allowed to prove the truth of his statements. This being the condition of the law, in 1889 a statute was passed which mitigated the severity of the common law, and has excited the hostility of the democratic of New Mexico. Bearing in mind that under the law as it stood up to that time the truth of a statement could not be shown in his defense by a defendant in a criminal prosecution for libel, as call the attention of our readers to the following quotations from the act of 1889:

"Sec. 14. It is no offense to make true statements of fact, or expressions of opinion as to the qualifications of a candidate for any office or public place, or appointment."

"Sec. 15. It is no offense to publish true statements of fact as to the qualifications of any person for any occupation, profession or trade."

"Sec. 16. It is no libel to publish any statement respecting any candidate for judicial proceeding, whether the statement be in fact true or not, unless in such statement a charge of corruption is made against some person acting in legislative or judicial capacity."

"Section 22. In the following cases, the truth of any statement charged as a libel may be shown in justification of the defendant:

1. Where the publication purports to be an investigation of the official conduct of officers or men in public capacity.

2. Where it is stated in the libel that a person has been guilty of some public offense, and the time, place and nature of the offense is specified in the publication.

3. Where it is stated that a person is of a notorious bad or infamous character.

4. Where the publication charges any person in office or a candidate therefor, with a want of honesty, or having been guilty of some malfeasance in office, rendering him unworthy of the place. In other cases the truth of the facts stated in the libel cannot be inquired into.

One would think that the democratic newspapers of the territory having any libelous inclinations, if there are any of that kind, could find room enough inside this statute to disport themselves to as great an extent as would be consistent with the public welfare. It will be observed that the terms of the act directly contradict the statements made in the quotation from our morning contemporary. Can it be possible that the writer of that editorial has never read the statute?

We would not feel inclined to take up any time with this matter, however erroneous and misleading the publications of ignorant and mendacious journalists would be, were it not for the fact that the democratic house of representatives at Santa Fe has just passed a bill for the repeal of the libel law. An unavailing objection to the passage of this bill was made by a member of the republican minority on the ground that nothing was offered as a substitute for the existing law, but the democratic majority put itself upon record as desiring to return to the severity of the common law rule. A curious thing in this connection is that the law sought to be repealed was copied from a statute of the great democratic state of Texas.

For fear our position may be misunderstood, we will add that THE CITIZEN views the continuance or repeal of the law with the utmost indifference so far as its individual interests are concerned, and we publish the foregoing statements only for the purpose of bringing before the public and our legislators a correct understanding of the subject.

A NEW LIBEL LAW.

Attention has been called to a bill introduced in the New York legislature to reform the law of libel, says the Denver Republican. The purpose of this measure is to adapt the law to the modern conditions of society, protecting publishers from unjust prosecutions, while at

the same time preserving the rights of individuals who may be injuriously affected by the publication of a newspaper article.

The law of libel is an inheritance from the old English common law. It had its origin under social conditions in which the modern newspaper had no part. However well suited it may have been to the day in which it arose, it is not suited to the era of daily newspapers and the collection of information from all parts of the world by telegraph.

The New York bill referred to provides for a law which would require anyone intending to bring an action for libel against a newspaper to give at least three days notice to the publisher before the action is commenced. If it should then appear at the trial that the publication was made in good faith, that it was due to a misapprehension, and that a fair and fair retraction was published in as conspicuous a place and type as the article complained of, the plaintiff would be entitled to recover only for the actual damage to his property, trade or profession.

The law of libel in probably every state needs reformation. It is impracticable for the publisher of a daily newspaper to ascertain beforehand definitely whether every item published is strictly true. The information may be obtained by telegraph from a point thousands of miles away, and if he would print the news of the day he must print that which his various agents for the collection of information bring into or send into his office.

In publications of the kind there is no malice, and no one should be permitted to recover anything on account of such a publication, but the actual damage which he may suffer.

PRECIOUS METALS PRODUCT.

The president of the West-El Paso express company has issued from his office in San Francisco a valuable circular, showing the output of precious metals in the western states and territories during 1932. The report shows as follows for New Mexico: Gold dust and bullion by express, \$457,820; gold dust and bullion by other conveyances, \$124,000; silver bullion by express, \$114,000; ores and lumps bullion by freight, \$1,500,000. Total, \$2,235,820. The total output of Arizona was \$6,782,900. Montana leads the list with a total of precious metals valued at \$3,000,000.

THE RATTLESNAKE'S BITE.

So recently that the Fox of the Los Angeles Times has written:

"It is a fact of a thousand people bitten by rattlesnakes," said L. B. Bourne of Palm Springs, to the Pomona Post-News-Sun. "The other day I am sure that not fifty ever really recover. I saw a fellow and I have posted myself on the subject for over twenty years on the desert in Arizona and Texas. There is no known cure for rattlesnake poison, in spite of the fact that many people have said that they were cured by whiskey."

You may depend on it that when a man says he was cured of a rattlesnake bite, he is not necessarily a fair line at least laboring under a misapprehension of the facts. There is a snake snake similar to the rattlesnake in appearance whose poison is not so venomous and negroes bitten by it place time upon the spot or else drink enough whiskey to counteract the poison. Whiskey, if taken in a large quantity, goes directly into the blood and counteracts the poison of the snake. But the regular Arizona cure for the bite is seven feet in length, a deadly customer to me. It does not give any warning, but strikes the moment it is disturbed, and it can strike an object almost twice as far distant as it is long.

A friend of mine—ex County Clerk George English—was riding along in the saddle near Yuma, when a big rattlesnake in the road leaped at him as he passed. It stuck to his boot, driving one of its fangs clear through the thick leather of his boot, through his trousers, just exposing his knee. It required considerable kicking to shake that snake off, and when he was finally got rid of it he started in pursuit. My friend had faced bullets in the army with nonchalance but his hair stood on end when he saw that snake coming and he jammed spurs into his nag and didn't stop until he had gone a quarter of a mile. He knew as well as I what an awful thing rattlesnake poison is. He lost two men in one month from rattles. My ranch is literally full of rattlesnakes, and only last week my hands killed twenty-six in a field of twenty acres.

Watering the Desert.

The desert shall blossom like a garden. If the civil engineer Rolland is right this prophecy is near fulfillment. Rolland has submitted a report to the academy of France upon waters found under ground in the Sahara. His examination of the ground was confined to the region about the oasis of El Gahah, and proved so rich a supply of water that he believes the whole desert can be converted into a network of fertile oases. He is at present engaged in preparing a chart and a description of the region which will indicate the spot where an artesian boring is, in his estimation, certain to bring a voluminous jet of water to the surface. Such a creation of new wells the people inhabiting the vast desert will look upon as a miracle, and they will be prepared to bow down before and acknowledge the supremacy of the workers of such miracles. In other words, the execution of the scheme of Mr. Rolland will do more to conquer the desert for France than any scientific or warlike expeditions ever could have done.

Four European Cities.

Four cities in Europe stand wholly or in part on islands. Venice is the best known on account of its historical past, next comes St. Petersburg, the capital of Russia, and the two last are the cities of Ghent and Amsterdam, situated respectively in Belgium and Holland.

A Legion of Workers.

The workers alone in the London hospitals amount to 6,000 persons, of whom some 1,300 are honorary officers who devote their time to the treatment of disease without fee of any kind.

EDITORIAL NOTES.

FLAGSTAFF has established a line of stages to the San Juan gold fields.

SENATOR SAINT is chairman of six legislative committees, and yet he is not happy.

THE KANSAS legislature at Topeka is drawing bigger crowds than any circus that ever visited the town.

SHEEP need a shepherd. This animal has no instinct of home and that fact alone indicates the necessity for watchful care.

THE STOCKMAN says the Springer cement works are running at full blast and rapidly turning out the new patent cement.

The sleeping car companies pay no taxes in New Mexico. The judicious distribution of a few passes is a great saving to these monopolies.

It is not reasonable to suppose that the delegation from this city in the legislature will do anything to injure the growth and prosperity of this city.

THE PAY ROLL of the mines at Cerrillos totals up the sum of \$20,000 per month, and this sum of money distributed in the town makes business good.

SANTA FE is to be improved by a Denver syndicate of capitalists, who announce that they intend to expend a large sum in erecting modern dwelling houses.

The republicans of the city will use good judgment and sound sense if they will drop the demands of the past and organize the party on a strong basis for the future.

The Optics says: "An attempt to remove the capital from Santa Fe would probably result in such intimidation, kidnapping, if not assassination, as the world ever saw."

This man who goes through the world with his eyes open will learn things every day for nothing that other people have had to go without but for their bread to eat.

The people of Colfax county want a branch agricultural college established at Maxwell City. The grant company offers a liberal donation in the way of lands and water rights.

This territory badly needs better irrigation laws, and it is said that Hon. E. Mills of Las Vegas, is preparing a bill embodying the best features of the California and Colorado systems.

All the newspapers warned the people to keep away from the San Juan gold fields, and the deluded prospectors who are fooling it out of that desolate region have only themselves to blame.

SEVERAL thousand dollars a year would be needed to the territorial treasury by the legislature passing a law compelling the Santa Fe banks to pay interest on the deposits of territorial funds.

So common is the collection of valuable historical papers in the state department library at Washington that the work of indexing and binding them, begun several years ago, will probably not be completed within a decade.

This city has the largest and best public schools in this territory, and the people intend to sustain them. The legislator who fights this city in school matters will speedily retire to private life and merited obscurity.

WALTER BERANT, the author, says everything is cheap in England; but the working people have no money to buy with. Let those who are so anxious to introduce the cheapening process into this country think about this.

The linotype composing machine is making headway. At a recent contest between four American machines it is stated that the linotype showed the best results, equal to an average of 12,250 English ems of corrected matter per hour.

ONLY half a million dollars more will be needed to put the World's Fair on its feet. This will make the whole cost of that expensive enterprise \$20,000,000. The increased demand is said to have been the result of a mistake in addition on the part of a clerk.

INCORPORATED cities in New Mexico should be authorized to register voters before each regular city election. Last spring the democrats cast over 200 fraudulent votes in this city, and by this means captured the offices. With registration this could not be done.

THE NEW MEXICAN says: Several petitions are in circulation asking for the appointment of Hon. Santiago Baca, of Albuquerque, as U. S. marshal under the Cleveland regime. Mr. Baca says he is in the race to win now that Hon. Felix Martinez is out of the field.

THE CHINESE do not care to register. The Sun says a Deputy United States collector was in Flagstaff and desired to register them. But one was registered and all expressed an indifference as to the law. But few Chinese either in New Mexico or Arizona have registered.

THE SILVER CITY Enterprise states that it is reported that the late President Charles H. Dene of the defunct First National banks of Silver City and Deming, now in jail at Las Cruces, will shortly be released on bail, awaiting trial at the coming session of the United States circuit.

OF PUBLIC INTEREST.

A short time ago THE CITIZEN announced that Postmaster Whitcomb was endeavoring to get two additional mail carriers for the city. His letter in regard to the matter was sent to the postmaster general and the following is the reply.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 5.

A. M. Whitcomb, Esq., Postmaster, Albuquerque, N. M.

Dear Sir:—Your letter of the 31st ultimo received, wherein you make application for two additional letter carriers. In reply you are respectfully informed that your request cannot be complied with for the reason that the population of your city does not justify

it, and if it did, over limited appropriation for free delivery is not sufficient to extend to other cities of your class as great accommodations as you now have in this regard.

Very Respectfully,
JOHN M. W. JACKSON,
Postmaster General.
WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 5.

To the Postmaster, Albuquerque, N. M.

The civil service commission announced that the supply of eligibles for the railway mail service from New Mexico is not equal to the demand. Examinations will be held at Las Vegas, March 23 and Albuquerque, March 25th. Persons who desire to take the examination should write to the civil service commission, Washington, D. C., and obtain an application blank and a pamphlet of instructions. Only male citizens of the United States between the ages of 18 and 35 are eligible, and no person has been examined who has not personally filed an application and obtained an admission card.

Very Respectfully,
CHARLES LYMAN, President.

AN AMUSING SCENE.

It occurred in the Erie Depot, New York.

The last train to meet the Mountain Express on the Erie had arrived the other evening, and the last passengers to board the train was a family consisting of a husband, wife and five children. Three of the children looked as if they were triplets, and the other two were undoubtedly twins.

The father and mother were out of humor, and the children were weeping and wailing with out ceremony. It was evident that all had run to catch the train. They were not getting settled nicely, and the conductor, on the outside, was raising his hand for the engineer to go ahead, when the man turned angrily to his wife and said:

"Give me those checks!"

"What checks?" asked the wife.

"What checks, you mean?"

"Yes, what checks, you idiot?"

"Why the trunk checks, then? His checks? Where are they?" and his eyes looked fire.

"I don't got any trunk checks, you idiot!"

"I haven't got any checks!" Who has got them, and he springing from his seat rushed wildly toward the door.

The woman and the three smaller children followed at his heels, the latter crying in chorus. The train was now beginning to move out but the husband bounded boldly from the platform.

"There is the man I gave them to!" yelled the woman. "That man over there," she pointed to a scowper with a rail road sign who was just entering a train on the opposite track.

The husband made a wild lunge for the man and seized him by the throat. The scowper, thinking he had a crank to deal with grappled him with a deadly embrace and tried to throw him down. Then the woman shouted:

"No that ain't the man that has the checks but looks like the world and all like him!" Come on, come on!"

"Go on, go on!" returned the husband, running with all his might to catch the last car.

"Come on, come on! Run, run, run!" were the parting words from his wife.

But it was no use, the train was running too fast, and he dwindled into a pigmy in the distances.

When the woman returned to the car she spanked the triplets for crying and threatened to "dress down" the twins if they looked out of the window before they reached Port Jarvis.

A LONG LATIN SORT OF WORD.

Couldn't He Expected One Would Learn of It at College.

The father had come to the commencement exercises and the son was showing the signs.

"See that heavy-set fellow over there by the pump?" said the boy as they passed through the campus.

"Yes, who's he?" responded the father with commendable curiosity.

"He's our champion football kicker, and that one he's talking to leads in baseball."

"And who is that tall chap with the lantern jaw?"

"He's our champion tennis player. Nobody in the state can swing a racket in the same atmosphere he does."

"Proud of him?" ventured the father.

"You bet we are, and so we are of the dark-haired fellow down by the gate. He's our crack oarsman and best all-around gymnast. Rare combination, but he's a corker. Is Jimmie?" and the son threw a kiss to Jimmie.

"By the way," inquired the father, "who is valdictorian of the class this year?"

The son looked at his father questioningly.

"Valdictorian?" he asked.

"Yes, valdictorian," repeated the father.

"And what's that I'd like to know?" came from the son next, and the father went right down to the first train out and got on board—Detroit Free Press.

Find a Piece of Iron.

The Scandinavians think that the spirits can be driven away and witches kept at bay by a knife stuck in the house or nail driven up. These races have held from time immemorial the idea that it was lucky to find a piece of iron.

A Good Representation.

The intercontinental railway commission has prepared a fac-simile in miniature of Central and South America to show the surveys of the proposed railroad intended to unite the systems of North and South America. The work is a faithful representation of the topography of the countries named. It is about 25 feet long and will be sent to the World's Fair as a part of the government exhibit.

Field Discovery.

A very promising discovery in the Rio Hondo country has been made by S. H. Hancock and W. A. Lewis. They have one tunnel in about 100 feet, and another about 40 feet, both on good veins of ore. The Rio Hondo country will come the coming season, and don't you forget it.—Springer Banner.

INDICATION MEETING.

A Spirited Meeting Held at the Commercial Club.

Business Men Protest Against an Obnoxious Measure.

SAINT AND MEYERS PRESENT.

A spirited meeting of the members of the Commercial club was held last Saturday evening. President Brooks was present and presided.

It was the biggest meeting, the most animated crowd of business gentlemen, that has ever assembled within the walls of this handsome building, and they were called together to protest against the legislature interfering with the workings of the present public school laws of the territory.

A representative from Lincoln county, J. F. Hinkle, by name, is primarily the cause of the indignation of the people of central New Mexico, and if he had witnessed the manner in which Albuquerque people the past week had shown their contempt for him, he would not doubt at each his allegiance to a less progressive country than the United States.

After President Brooks had called the meeting to order, Senator Saint and Representative Meyers made short addresses in which they pledged themselves advocates of the rights of the people, that they were not sent to the legislature to fight for any special corporation or creed against the best wishes of the masses, and that they would in every way work faithfully to prevent any interference with the public school laws of the territory. Senator Saint regretted very much that Representative Hinkle, who had come mixed up as the person who introduced the obnoxious measure—it was Representative Hinkle.

G. V. Stover and other prominent members of the club spoke briefly upon the subject.

After the speeches President Brooks replied, Messrs. E. W. Dobson, B. S. Kelley, M. S. Otero, Dr. Winslow and J. E. Elder a committee of five to draft resolutions protesting against any change of the public school law.

This morning the directors of the Commercial club met, and the committee submitted the following protest which will be carried by THE CITIZEN representative to Senator Saint at Santa Fe, to-morrow morning, viz:

"At a called meeting of the Commercial Club of Albuquerque, held on January 14, 1933, at the club house in the city of Albuquerque, for the purpose of considering the proposed action of the thirtieth Legislative Assembly of the Territory of New Mexico, to amend our present school laws as to throw money and other monies into the general school fund of every county, instead of turning the same into the school fund of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory, after discussion of the same, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted:

Whereas, knowledge has come to this organization that efforts are being made by certain parties and members of the Legislative Assembly of the Territory, to amend or change the present school laws as to throw money and other monies that now go direct to the school funds of the several districts wherein the same is collected, shall be turned into the general fund, and

Whereas, it is within the knowledge of the members of this organization that such action will cripple the educational interests of the several school districts that are now doing good work, and the funds of which are barely sufficient to carry on the same, and

Whereas, such action will not result in any compensating advantage or benefit to the schools throughout the county, and

Whereas, the City of Albuquerque and other like municipalities throughout the Territory, believing that the school law of 1901 was intended to mark an era in our educational progress, and was to be permanent, have incurred large amounts of indebtedness by the issuance of interest bearing bonds for building and equipping school houses, and have taxed themselves heavily, in some instances even to the full legal limit, under the belief and in the faith that the revenues derived from the present sources, under existing laws would be sufficient to carry on and maintain the same, and

Whereas, if such sources of revenue are now weakened or destroyed, it will compel such school districts and municipalities to provide for the deficiency that will result, by other and additional taxation in order to maintain the schools as now organized and carried on, and

Whereas, the City of Albuquerque, has so issued its bonds for the construction of school houses and other school purposes, in the sum of about \$70,000, and is now taxed in that regard almost to the full limit of the law, and whereas the present revenue from the sources which are now so attempted to be destroyed, are and have been insufficient to carry on its schools, and its school districts have therefore been compelled, and will continue to be compelled to make a special levy to raise money to carry on said schools over and above that derived from existing sources, now therefore in consideration of these facts, and of the insuring of said indebtedness on the faith of said sources of revenue, it is the sense of the organization, and be it therefore

Resolved, That this organization hereby respectfully informs the delegation from Bernalillo county and all other members of our thirtieth legislative assembly, that it is our belief that the present sources of revenue for public and municipal purposes should not be disturbed in any manner destroyed or changed, save to increase the same, and that it will be for the best interest of such schools and of the educational interests of the whole territory, at least for several years to come, to permit the school revenues to remain as they now are upon our statute books, and it is further

Resolved, That copies hereof be sent by the secretary of the club to the prominent newspapers throughout the territory and to each member of our said legislative delegation, and to the president of the county of Bernalillo, and to the proper officials of all other territorial municipalities and the several boards of education thereof, and to all other Commercial

clubs, boards of trade or similar organizations in the territory, with requests in the latter instances that such municipal authorities, boards of education and other organizations take similar action to the action now taken by this organization, or such other action as they may deem proper in this behalf, in the way of resolution, petition to our said assembly, or otherwise, and that a sufficient number of copies hereof be printed by this club in both the Spanish and English languages as may be necessary for such purpose.

Failure at Raton.

Chas. A. Fox & Co., hardware merchants at Raton, have failed for something like \$25,000. The sheriff of Colfax county has served a temporary injunction on Mr. Fox and the members of the hardware company, to whom he sold his stock ten days ago, restraining them from carrying on the business. The injunction was granted by Judge Seede on application of Charles Springer, who is assignee for the defunct bank of Marcy, Geer & McCann, of Raton, which held several large collections, and to whom Fox was heavily indebted. The object is to have Geo. J. Pack, G. W. Cook, C. M. Hayne, A. L. Hobbs, who constitute the Raton hardware company, and C. A. Fox appear in court and show cause why all creditors should not have an equal showing instead of a favored few who now hold Fox's papers.

The heaviest creditors aside from the defunct Raton bank are the First National banks of Trinidad and Raton.

Not Hopewell's Bill.

At the citizens' meeting Thursday night at the city building, Mayor Enderday, the chairman, mentioned that it was the Hopewell bill which the meeting was called to protest against. This is an error, a very damaging one, for the bill is not Mr. Hopewell's, but was introduced by Representative Hinkle, of Lincoln. Mr. Hopewell, so THE CITIZEN understands, is opposed to the outrageous measure, and will fight its passage every inch of ground. At the time THE CITIZEN did not believe that Mr. Hopewell would be in favor of crippling the schools of the cities of the territory, and we now officially state that the odium rests with Mr. Hinkle.

They Held a Mass Meeting.

The citizens of San Marcel protest against any change in the school law which will convert the amount realized from license and fines into the general school fund instead of to the credit of the school district in which they are collected.—Reporter.

FEAR THE SAVAGE MOST.

Animals Do Not Stand in So Much Awe of the Civilized Being.

Savage man, who has generally been first in contact with animals, is usually a hunter, and therefore an object of dislike to the other hunting animals, and of dread to the hunted. But civilized man, with his supply of bread and beef is not necessarily a hunter, and it is just conceivable that he might be content to leave the animals in a newly discovered country unmolested and undisturbed, when not better employed to watch their attitude toward himself, says the Popular Science Monthly. The impossible island in "The Swiss Family Robinson," in which half the animals of the two hemispheres were collected, would be an ideal place for such an experiment. But unfortunately, uninhabited islands seldom contain more than a few species and those generally birds or sea beasts, and in newly discovered game regions savage man has generally been before us with his arrow, spear and pitfall. Some instances of the first contact of animals with man have, however, been preserved in the accounts of the early voyages collected by Huxley, and others through the hungry navigators were generally more intent on victimizing their ships with the unsuspecting beasts and birds or on noting those which would be useful commodities for "trafficking" than in cultivating friendly relations with the animal inhabitants of the newly discovered islands.

THE TEXAN'S GUN.

Rarely Carried in the Hip Pocket, But Always Handy.

"I wonder if all Kentuckians will fight when they are called liars, and I wonder if the sanguinary sons of the dark and bloody ground are as mythical as the alleged desperado of Texas?"

Colonel Hapworth, of Fort Worth. Texas, has the following, addressing his remarks to no one in particular. His eyes were fixed on some of Kentucky's best as he sat at a round table in the Chicago Auditorium, says the Interstate Commerce Commission, having disposed of the immediate business before him he continued:

"It is generally believed by the outside world that the Texan carries his life in his hip pocket. This is a mistake. Our most facile characters carry their revolvers just under the left arm, like that," and he pulled out a folded newspaper.

"The real artist knows the minute differences in shooting on the rise and on the drop." The technique mastered, the cause for action claims attention. Any assault upon the fair name of women is almost certain to be followed by certain death. For such cause as this one must shoot. Imputations upon one's veracity or honesty, family feuds, quarrels and drunken brawls cause the remainder of the homicide. For such causes as these one may shoot.

"Men shoot each other in Texas on lesser grounds than this, but they do not shoot on such slight provocation as the tenderfoot has been led to believe."

A Negro's Feed.

Mr. Livermore a negro of Goshen, Ind., recently ate a single meal two large omelets of bread, fifteen biscuits, regulation size, two pounds of bacon, a fried chicken whole with bread dressing and gravy thereto, two enormous glasses of buttermilk, a cup of coffee, a glass of sweet milk, four good sized potatoes and a dish of cabbage, with a pass of corn bread in addition. This is his ordinary ration with breakfast and supper besides.

Kansas railroads paid the state \$1,000,532 in taxes last year.

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Y-your best remedy for
E-rsypelas, Catarrh
R-rheumatism, and
S-crofula.

Salt-Rheum, Sore Eyes
A-bcesses, Tumors
R-unning Sores
S-curvey, Humors, Itch
A-nemia, Indigestion
P-imples, Blistches
A-and Carbuncles
R-ingworm, Rashes
I-mpure Blood
L-anguidness, Dropsy
L-iver Complaint
A-ll cured by

AYER'S Sarsaparilla
Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Beware of cheap imitations. Price \$1.00 per bottle.
Cures others, will cure you.

RAILROAD NOTES.

Santa Fe trains ran a total of 18,955,400 miles last year.

Rock Island engineers are surveying a line to Velasco harbor.

The Rock Island has a total of 14,417 cars in its freight service.

The North Pacific coast road has been sold to New York capitalists.

The Santa Fe pays one-third of the taxes paid by railroads in Kansas.

A total of 96 persons were killed and 515 injured on railroads in Kansas last year.

The Santa Fe has 575 conductors who receive an average daily compensation of \$4.30.

Creede Haymond, chief counsel for the Southern Pacific railroad, is dead in San Francisco.

San Marcial needs a railroad hospital. It is headquarters for a large number of railway employees.

Weekly Citizen

(From the Daily, January 14.)

A. A. Sarge and wife, of Holbrook, are now the guests at the Armijo.

Mrs. J. T. Gutierrez is at the San Felipe from her ranch above the city.

The kalmiunners are at work on the ceilings of the San Felipe, and they are doing a good job.

Robert Robinson, of Navajo Springs, here he makes the keys "tick, tick, tick," is at the Windsor.

N. Ross, the water service man on the Atlantic & Pacific, headquarters at Williams, is at the European.

O. B. Lee, superintendent of the Serrano smelter, went north last night. He is to New York on business.

E. N. Leansetter, division superintendent Pullman Palace car works, was a passenger en route east last night.

One of Agent Healy's St. Louis friends, Jackson, who is a real estate and insurance agent, is here, and thinks of staying.

H. H. Shepperd and J. E. Shattuck, at-class railroad officials with headquarters at Denver, were at the European last evening.

Percy H. Baldrich, a competent telegraphic operator, is Manager Delaney's assistant at the Western Union office, doing the night work.

Senator Fall and Representative Hall passed down the road last night for the Cruces, where they will spend the night with their constituents.

Rev. F. N. Stuart, W. Murphy and C. Tappen, friends of Dr. Eastday, are the San Felipe from Troy, N. Y. They are guests of the doctor at the Commercial club last evening.

W. A. Maxwell, the Gallipite who is at fairly boiling over for a new county, and who has been buttonholing the members of the present legislature in regard to the matter, is at the European.

Fred. Speare, who exercises the "harpoon of justice" for the Low Lunas precinct, Valencia county, came up from the south last night to spend the day and to attend Alba Heywood at the opera house to-night.

Julius Eisenmann, who has been spending several months in St. Louis, Mo., returned home this morning, and will be in charge of the wool house here during the absence of Albert Eisenmann and his wife in Europe.

M. Gentry, formerly a photographer in this city, will leave for his photographing down in Texas one day next week. Gentry is father of Dick Gentry at the depot, and has been spending the holidays with his family.

A message was received yesterday afternoon from the sister of C. N. Pettibone, whose death occurred the other day at the journal hotel, and the relatives were expressed to Tarrytown, N. Y., for interment last night.

E. B. Hart, the Atlantic & Pacific brakeman, who is sick at the hospital with pneumonia, is in a pretty bad fix. Mr. Hart is a member of the Knights of Pythias, and the society will at once take charge of his sick member.

Chas. Longmeare, editor and proprietor of the El Paso Bulletin, and one of the truest silver advocates in the southwest, passed through the city last night, en route to Santa Fe on business. He will stop over here to see Chas. O'Connor, Oberlin and other silver advocates on his way home.

Representative Hinkle, the same indolent chap that has made himself ridiculous as the opponent of the city public schools by the introduction of an odious bill upon the subject in the lower house of the legislature, with his wife, went south last night, and will spend the Sabbath with Texans at El Paso.

A. A. Trimble, the father of W. L., is handling the handsome pair of bay stallions and he is getting good work out of them. The stallions were purchased on mortgage sale from Col. David H. Taylor and G. H. Miles. They will prove valuable team for any kind of work—double or single driving.

E. P. Brown, nephew of D. B. Robinson, received a letter this morning from the well-known railroad manager, in which Mr. Robinson states that there is no possibility of his being connected with the Mexican Central railroad. Mr. Robinson is expected here in a few weeks, probably on the 1st of February.

This morning Messrs. Lowenthal & Meyers presented W. L. Trimble with a magnificent "frying pan" clock, which the firm got a few weeks ago from the Inheuser-Busch Brewing company of St. Louis. Mr. Trimble will ornament his room with the novel clock, and it will be much admired by his many pleasant callers.

H. R. Nickerson, general superintendent, and John Player, in charge of the machinery, both of the Santa Fe road, headquarters at Topeka, Kan., were in the city a few hours last night, traveling in the general superintendent's private car. They left this morning for a trip over the Magdalena branch, and will return here Monday morning.

A Few Birthdays.

Page Otero, who toyed with pneumonia until it took about thirty pounds of flesh off his well-rounded frame and is just recovering from his sickness, is today 36 years old. To be brief, Page was born on the raging Galisteo, where he caught the gentle horned toads and attempted to masticate the airfoins of Texas steers long before the railroad penetrated the mountains of San Miguel county. He is a whole-souled fellow, a capital solo singer, and can make the guitar and banjo fairly talk. He was one of ex-Sheriff Perea's deputies, and proved a good officer.

Agua, another distinguished gentleman celebrates his birthday—31, if you

please—and that is H. S. Knight, the present chief deputy assessor. Away back among the bills that surround the Monongahela on both sides, the subject of this sketch was born, and he has no cause to regret that event. He drifted west, traveled with even tread the snow-capped mountains of Colorado, and was once marshal of Trinidad. A syndicate sent him to Arizona to superintend the working of a gold mine and while kneeling down to pick up a nugget 168 feet from the earth's surface a mysterious explosion occurred, and Mr. Knight was picked up by "Jack, the Rusher," about seventy-five feet from the opening of the mine and on level ground. Scott sustained the loss of one of his eyes in the explosion, and that is the reason why Chas. Yonfort always says to him "wink the other eye." Scott is a jovial, interesting fellow, and is proving a good deputy assessor.

To-morrow, Robert Shannon, secretary of the volunteer fire department, reaches his 24th birthday, and if Robert isn't of marriageable age, who is? Robert was first brought into prominence on a small muddy stream, among classic hills and early recollections of Indian carvings, that empties into the Kaw river, and while he didn't grow to any great height he possesses a fair proportion of man's activity and has a bright future before him. Nelson Shannon, the irrepensible, is one of his brothers.

Arrived Last Night.

Sam. Sterne and J. Edward Priest got in last night from Denver, and Mr. Sterne, upon furnishing an appearance bond for his trial this afternoon at 2 o'clock before Justice Madden, was allowed to go in peace and all alone to the Armijo house, where he occupied room No. 28. H. B. Ferguson and T. A. Finckel are his attorneys.

While in Denver, Mr. Priest had the pleasure of meeting several old Albuquerqueans. W. H. Webb, who was once upon a time city circulator of the Albuquerque Journal, is conducting a ticket scalper's office. Jas. T. Johnston is working at his trade as harness maker, and states that he will send here for May Queen and put her in trim to beat all the 230 horses of Denver; Chas. Roman and several other sporting men, well known here, were also met and doing well. At Pueblo Mr. Priest saw Dr. King, the Indian quack doctor, who skipped his bonds here a few months ago.

Mutual consent of the opposing attorneys, Judge Heacock appearing for the proprietors and manager of The Office, the case was postponed until 10 o'clock Monday morning.

Our Senator.

Senator Saint is among his friends today, having taken advantage of the adjournment of the legislature in order to visit and talk with his supporters of this city. He made a call of ten minutes at The Citizen's office, and informed us that we were mistaken in mentioning that the bill which caused the indignation meeting the other evening was the "Hoopwell bill." The error was gladly corrected yesterday, and the credit of the outrageous measure placed opposite the name of "J. F. Hinkle, representative from Lincoln county." Mr. Saint states that he was sent to the legislature for the people to repeal bad laws and not to tear down good laws. He will attend the meeting at the Commercial club this evening, where he will publicly explain his position on certain measures pertaining to the welfare of the territory, not only of Albuquerque but all parts of New Mexico.

Election Contests.

John Miller, the merchant at Casa Salazar, and about twenty of his neighbors, came into the city this morning for the purpose of filing papers in the contest of the recently-held precinct election at Casa Salazar. Mr. Miller was nominated as a candidate by some of his neighbors for the office of justice of the peace, and he was defeated by Hijeno Cordova by 6 votes. The contest of men that put Mr. Miller nominated Blas Montoya for constable and Blas was defeated by Bidal Armijo by 6 votes also. The certificates of election, of course, were given to Messrs. Montoya and Armijo, for on the face of the returns they had a majority of the votes cast. Mr. Miller and his supporters claim fraud, intimidation and all the adjuncts that go to make a precinct election existing, and they are here for the purpose of beginning at the proper time a contest for the offices.

Electric Bitters.

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention. All who have used Electric Bitters find the same good of it, and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed. Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the liver and kidneys, will remove pimples, boils, salt rheum and other affections caused by impure blood. It will drive malarial from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and indigestion try Electric Bitters. Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded. Price 50c. and \$1.00 per bottle at T. H. Burgess & Son's drug store.

The Militia.

Col. W. G. Marmon came down from Santa Fe this morning, and reports that the militia bill passed the house by a unanimous vote. The bill will come up in the council on Tuesday next, and will not doubt pass that body in good shape. The good work done by the friends of the bill in Albuquerque, assisted by Col. Marmon, is responsible for the passage of the bill in the house, and the same influence will be exerted in the council.

The Success of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy in effecting a speedy cure of colds, croup and whooping cough has brought it into great demand. Messrs. Postius & Son, of Cameron, Ohio, say that it has gained a reputation second to none in that vicinity. Jas. M. Queen, of Johnston, W. Va., says it is the best he ever used. B. F. Jones, druggist, Winona, Minn., says: "Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is perfectly reliable. I have always warranted it and it never failed to give the most perfect satisfaction." 50 cent bottles for sale by T. H. Burgess & Son, druggists.

Me Is Described by the Woman Who Lured Him to Ruin.

Frank Newton, whom the local lodge of Odd Fellows sent to the sick chamber of C. L. Hubbs to officiate as nurse, before the damnable acts of the man and the woman Johnston were known, arrived home last night, and he does not say much about his patient. He states, however, that the published revelations of the bad deeds of Mr. Hubbs, some person in the city having sent him marked copies of the city papers, came very near winding up his earthly career, but before he left he rallied and is now in a fair way to recovery. Mr. Newton thinks that the sick man will be all right, with care and attention, in about two weeks, and he will then make a statement of his acts to his lodge. The story is a query, where Mr. Hubbs works, is located about nine miles from Prescott Junction.

Mrs. "Jack" Johnston, who alienated his affections from the good wife that stood true to him for many years, was also a passenger to the city, and she, it is stated, got off the train at the depot on the "blind side of the platform." She is stopping with a well-known but sympathetic friend on South First street. Mrs. Johnston is on her way to Chicago, where the relatives of Mr. Hubbs reside.

(From the Daily, January 14.)

The little child of Policarpo Armijo, at Atlixco, is sick with congestion of the lungs.

Dr. Pearce reports W. H. Hahn as better. He will be up, if no relapse, in a few days.

A girl baby was born yesterday afternoon to the wife of John Mann, the gardener of old town.

Mrs. Henry Lockhart intends to engage in bee culture at her ranch near the Indian school.

The newly elected justices of the peace and constables will take their offices on the 1st of February.

The leak in the service pipe in the rear of the Girard house ought to be fixed, before the whole alley is flooded.

S. H. Day, a prominent gentleman from San Jose, Cal., stopped off here to spend a few days with his old friend, G. W. Meylert, proprietor of the San Felipe.

Frank Jackson, a friend of C. L. Mac, manager of the Harvey estate on the depot, is in the city. Mr. Jackson is a real estate broker of St. Louis and thinks of locating here.

J. F. Luthy returned last night from Kingman, Ariz., where he has been looking over mining interests. He says the White hills are booming. About 400 men are at work in the mines.

Prof. Chas. Longmeare, who has been to Santa Fe on business, was the guest yesterday of Chas. O'Connor Roberts. The professor is the editor of the El Paso Bulletin, and he went south last night.

John Fisher, one of the workmen in the Atlantic & Pacific shops, had his room one evening last week pilfered, and the thief carried away his valise containing a lot of clothing. He found other little things about the room gone.

Inquiries from the horsemen throughout the southwest are being received, asking if the Gentlemen's Driving Park association intend to hold spring races, and if so requesting them to get out their programmes in time for the horsemen to get their stock in first class training for the races.

Capt. Henry Warren, president and general manager of the Aztec Cattle company, headquarters at Holbrook, Arizona, is in the city, stopping at the European. The gentleman is on his way to New York to attend the annual meeting of the stockholders of his company which meet in a few days.

General Superintendent H. R. Nickerson and Superintendent of Motive Power John Player, who have been making a tour of the Santa Fe road south of the city, passed up north this morning. Division Superintendent F. H. Sears came up with them to the city from San Marcial and is here to day. He returns south to-morrow morning.

This morning G. L. Brooks received a telegram from Frank J. Wilson at Sedalia, Mo., stating that he and his sister, Mrs. G. L. Brooks, arrived in time to be recognized by their mother, whose death occurred early this morning. The deceased, Mrs. L. S. Brooks, was 65 years of age, and Mrs. Brooks sympathizes with the bereaved relatives.

Bertha Tighe, one year and five months old, died at the residence of Geo. C. Bowman, in the Highlands, last evening at 7:30 o'clock, after a short illness. Mrs. Tighe was making a visit, while her husband was arranging for a new home at Phoenix, Arizona. Word has been sent the father and arrangements will be made for the funeral upon receiving instruction from him.

O. W. Greenwood, grand master of the Order of Brotherhood of Railroad Employees, informs The Citizen that the Order's printing outfit, including their official paper, will be removed from San Francisco to this city in a few weeks, probably by the 1st of February. C. M. Holmes, the grand secretary, is expected from Winslow this week, and rooms for the grand officers of the order will be fitted up.

Engine Underhill, of New York, one of the original bondholders of the Albuquerque Hotel and Opera company, and the gentleman from whom Mr. Meylert purchased the San Felipe hotel, is in the city, the guest of the hotel proprietor. Mr. Underhill is one of a syndicate of New York capitalists who are heavily interested in Albuquerque real estate, and is here to see how the property is advancing in the market. He finds everything satisfactory.

The chief of the volunteer fire department will leave to-morrow morning for Santa Fe on business, and for the purpose also of lobbying for the passage of

the firemen's bill, which, not only benefits Albuquerque firemen, but the fire companies of the entire territory. He makes the trip at his own expense. The militia companies of the territory, and the railroad employees, both having bills before the legislature, will have delegates at the capital to-morrow. Col. Hornadale and Capt. Hennessey will probably go up for the militia, and Conductor Roberts and others for the railroad employees.

PLEASANT DOLAN.

He Tussled with an Assailant and Left the Victim a Priest.

Last Saturday night, at 9 o'clock, three or four rapid knocks in succession at the front door of the residence of Mr. Dolan, 629 First avenue, brought that gentleman to the door, and as he partly opened it the bright shining barrel of a dangerous pistol was forced into his face. The man remarked "your money or your life," when Mr. Dolan grabbed the pistol and then commenced a desperate struggle for the possession of the weapon. Mr. Dolan had slightly the advantage, being on the inside of the house, while the man had his arm only between the door casing and door, which Mr. Dolan had fortunately closed on the arm, and when the desperate intruder saw that he was being worsted he called to his pal, another fellow standing near by, to shoot. At this remark Mrs. Dolan came to the rescue of her husband, and as she did so the other perpetrator struck the lady a blow on the head. Mr. Dolan continued his tussle with his assailant, who had to way in which to work the dangerous trigger of the weapon, and finally secured it. The two fellows then scampered off in the direction of the mountain road, and Mr. Dolan followed with the pistol, but in stepping off the porch, being exhausted in strength from his tussle, stumbled and fell to the ground. In the meantime the intruders had made good their escape into the darkness. Yesterday Mr. Dolan brought to The Citizen office the pistol he secured from his captives—a 40 calibre Ajax army pistol, long barrel, self-cocker and very accurate. This fellow also dropped his hat, which is a light brown Weaver web hat. Mr. Dolan states that his assailant is tall, slenderly built and weighs about 145 pounds. The other fellow is much shorter and stronger.

The police were notified, and Constable Priest, who has the pistol and hat of the intruder, is also working on the case.

There are a number of tramp characters in the city, having been run out of towns north of the metropolis, and the police should at once inaugurate a vigorous warfare against them.

The Sam. Sterne Case.

The case of the territory vs. Sam. Sterne, on the charge of forgery, came up before Justice Madden this morning at 10 o'clock. The testimony of Chas. Sterne was taken, in which he was asked what time the firm dissolved, and swore that it was still in existence; he further swore that the notice of dissolution, which stated that the firm was by mutual consent dissolved on Dec. 31, 1902, was not true; that said publication was made upon the sole responsibility of Chas. Sterne after Sam had left the city. He further stated that it was done to protect the legitimate creditors of the firm and not allow its assets to be paid out for gambling debts. The original notice which was delivered to The Citizen was called for and it was ascertained that Mr. Finckel had gotten the notice from a book keeper of the firm. This morning, and that he (Finckel) had mislaid the same and was unable to produce it. The object of having the original notice produced, as counsel argued, was to ascertain whether or not the same was signed by Sam. Sterne. At this point the prosecution announced that it would dismiss the charge for which the defendant was being tried, and asked a continuance until to-morrow morning, when the charge of uttering a forged instrument will be brought up. The motion was granted. Attorneys C. V. Nor and Heacock are representing the territory, and H. B. Ferguson and T. A. Finckel the defendant. The court room was full of interested friends.

School Finances.

The financial report of Territorial School Superintendent Chaves, shows that there was on hand October 15th, 1902, a balance of \$85,106.84; received from county school funds, \$54,390.04; from licenses, poll tax, fines, etc., \$108,322.04, making a total school fund of \$247,898.92. This was expended for teacher's wages, \$108,395.07; for rent, fuel, etc., \$37,744.15; for school houses and grounds (not including houses built in the towns by the sale of bonds) \$36,961.15, leaving on hand December 31st, \$94,587.55.

Burkett's Armies Malver.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblains, corns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Dr. Thomas H. Burgess & Son.

Heid I.P.

Last evening at about 8 o'clock, the Chinaman that keeps a small grocery store on the street railway track in old town, was held up by three masked men, one of whom held a pistol to the Chinaman's head, while the other two went through his pockets and took from him between \$4 and \$5. They also broke open the cash drawer, but found nothing there, after which they left, leaving the Chinaman a very scared Mongolian.

For the past two or three years I have been subject to cramping pains in the stomach," says Mr. W. H. Baldwin, a hardware merchant of Booneville, Dallas, Co., Iowa. "I have tried a number of different remedies, the best one being Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy. One of two doses of it always cures me." Sold by T. H. Burgess & Son, druggists.

STRIKES.

ON THE A. P. C.

The machinists on the Atlantic & Pacific are still out on a strike, but it is now the opinion that before the day is over a settlement, satisfactory to both sides, will be reached. The conference held last Saturday afternoon and evening did not reach the desired end, and that of settlement, although only a few cents separates the adjustment. The machinists contend that they are not asking for an unjust raise in their wages; considering the price of goods here, house rents, etc., the wages received here are much smaller in proportion to what the railroad companies pay back east, and the matter of asking for an increase in wages was fully and ably entertained by appointed committees and the company so informed before the strike was inaugurated. All the men in the employ of the Atlantic & Pacific at this point, Winslow and Needles are skilled workmen and the Citizens would like to see an early settlement of the differences.

ON THE WAGONS.

The railroad men at the depot last Saturday were discussing the strained relations between the Wabash company and employee, when a private telegram was received announcing the fact that a strike, including all trainmen on the entire system, had taken place. The Wabash is one of Gould's lines, and the present strike, it is claimed, is the worst and most general that ever disturbed the officials of that road.

DENVER & RIO GRANDE.

Since the departure of the troublesome gang of switchmen, who were here some time ago, there has been no strikes in the joint railroad yards here, but it seems that the switchmen of the Denver & Rio Grande at Denver are in trouble. They have a committee before the officers of that company asking for an increase of pay and also an additional helper on all engines having only two helpers. The schedule of pay now in effect is what is known as the Chicago scale, and they say they are set aside and day foremen be paid 32 1/2 cents per hour for actual time, night foremen, 35 cents; day helper, 30 cents, and night helper, 32 1/2 cents, five hours to constitute a day on legal holidays. The present schedule is a monthly rate of pay for ten hours' work, and twenty six days constitute a month. Day foremen, \$70; night foremen, \$75; day helper, \$65; night helper \$70. Over time is allowed at 25, 27 and 29 cents per hour. The increase asked for is virtually 5 1/2 cents per hour per man, and an additional man on over half the engines. This scale is very near, if not exactly, the Butte, Mont., scale now in effect on the Union Pacific at that point. The Union Pacific at Denver pays the Chicago scale, the same as the Denver & Rio Grande now get. The Denver & Rio Grande committee represent the Switchmen's Mutual Aid Society of North America, and if they are successful the Union Pacific switchmen at Denver will ask for the same schedule.

(From the Daily, January 14.)

This is the first real cloudy day of the winter.

Give peddlers the go-by and deal with your home merchants.

The dry goods stores now close promptly at six o'clock every evening.

Mrs. Judge Lee is confined to her bed, threatened with pneumonia fever.

Incompetent democratic council is the cause of the badly lighted streets of this city.

A chilly rain fell this morning and the adjacent mountains are covered with snow.

T. G. Mernin, the music dealer has removed his stock to a store room on Gold avenue.

The present month has five Sundays, five Mondays or wash days, five Tuesdays, and two full moons.

White Hills, in Mohave county, Arizona, is reported increasing in population at the rate of twenty per day.

The Santa Fe added nearly 3,000 cars to its freight service last year.

The Home Supply company is an alleged fraud victim in this city.

The preliminary trial of George H. Miles, charged with murder, is in progress at Los Angeles, Cal., this afternoon.

D. D. Harkness, of Cerrillos, was at Santa Fe yesterday, superintending the shipping of a car load of apples to this city.

A. H. Lewis, an old-timer around Cerrillos and San Pedro, but late of Seattle, Washington, is back among his old friends again.

Gen. Weaver, late populist candidate for president, passed through the city last night, bound for Arizona, where he will make several speeches.

Hon. J. C. Spears, mine inspector, is in the city. He was at Cerrillos yesterday and will go to Carthage to night, where he will inspect the coal mines.

Miss Kate Forrester, who teaches the primary department at the college, is on the sick list, and Miss Rosalie Dwyer is filling the position during the lady's illness.

Considerable work is going on quietly in the Turquoise section, north of Cerrillos, and a number of new claims, showing promising prospects, are being developed.

The New Mexican says that Senator Hubbell, chairman of the finance committee of the council, is hard at work preparing the appropriation bill for the coming two years.

Jacob J. Meyers, of the Cleveland Faucet company, Cleveland, Ohio, in company with O. F. Perry, went out to their mining properties, on the east mountain from San Pedro.

Adelardo Martinez, son of ex-County Commissioner Teodoro Martinez, and Miss Anastasia, the handsome daughter of ex-County Treasurer Antonio Reel, were joined in wedlock at Santa Fe.

The Hillsboro Advocate says: The Kingston smelter material which was attached by Solon E. Rose & Bro., of

Albuquerque, last winter, and sold by Sheriff Sanders last Saturday, was bid in by the Kingston smelter company.

This morning another little Indian girl of the Isleta Pueblo ran away from and came up to the Indian school. This shows that the false statements of cruelty charged has not injured the popularity of the school with the Isleta children.

THE STRIKE.

Interview with Supt. Gabel on the Machinists' Strike.

On account of the local interest felt in the strike of the machinists on the Atlantic & Pacific road, a representative of The Citizen called on Mr. Gabel for information this morning. Mr. Gabel seemed perfectly willing to give the reporter the news regarding the strike, and to a question he said the company wished to deal fairly with the men. Mr. Gabel said:

"They demanded of our general master mechanic, Mr. English, an increase of pay amounting to 3, 11, and 12 1/2 per cent, equal to an advance of about \$1,000 per month."

"After considering the matter for some time, I sent the following telegram: NEEDLES, CAL., Jan. 9, 1903. J. K. Borem, J. L. Robinson, J. F. Gilguff, Machinists' Committee, Albuquerque. I have asked Mr. English to adjust matters contained in your request of 10th ult., on basis of 30 per cent. of your demand, and make same effective from January 1st. Considering our present physical and financial condition I trust this will make matters entirely satisfactory."

Mr. Gabel also said: "The committee refused to accept this proposition and struck. I am informed this morning that the contents of the telegram have been withheld from a majority of the machinists here and on the road, and I would appreciate the courtesy if you would have it printed in The Citizen."

"There are so many machinists here who after years of toil have secured themselves homes, that I am in hopes they will not allow themselves to be deprived of a livelihood by the adverse action of a few who have no interest in our town or yet in the order they claim to represent. A circular will be sent to the men to day to the effect that unless they return to work at once their places will be filled by others."

Surgical Association.

The regular quarterly meeting of the Atlantic & Pacific Surgical Association was held in Needles, Cal., last Wednesday, January 11. The association is composed of the surgical staff of the Atlantic & Pacific railroad and other reputable physicians who may wish to become members. All members of the Atlantic & Pacific surgical staff except two were present at the meeting. Chief Surgeon J. P. Kaster was re-elected president for the ensuing year and Dr. W. M. Johnston, of this city, secretary. The meeting on April 5th, will be held in Albuquerque. The Williams News says: "The doctors speak very highly of the warm welcome and the hospitality extended to them by the good people of Needles."

Sanitary Board Report.

The sixth annual report of the Cattle Sanitary board is now being circulated. It is a complete showing of the splendid work which has been done by the board during the past year in serving the interests of stock owners, and it is one of the few organizations supported by territorial money, which can point to an economical as well as efficient conduct of business during the year. The board calls attention to the necessity for raising a little more money to successfully conduct the business of the board and insure the full measure of protection to stock owners, which is intended to be given by the law. Copies of the report can be had by addressing the secretary, G. L. Brooks, Albuquerque, N. M.

Tax Sales and Legal Printing.

The 30th territorial legislative assembly should fix the compensation for the publication of tax sales at a price equal to that of other legal printing. While the prices paid now might do some states where the descriptions are short it is hardly fair in New Mexico, where they are unusually long and occupy a large amount of space.—San Marcial Reporter.

Who Did He In Every House.

At 11 o'clock, 11 Clay St., Sharpburg, J. B. Wilson, was consumed by King's New Discovery for his wife's coughs and colds, that it cured, who was threatened with pneumonia, after an attack of "La Grippe," when various other remedies and several physicians had done her no good. Robert Barber, of Cooksford, Pa., claims Dr. King's New Discovery has done him more good than anything he ever used for lung trouble. Nothing like it. Try it. Get a bottle at I. H. Burgess & Son's drug store. Large bottles 50c and \$1.00.

You're Another!

The editors of the Albuquerque Times and Citizen are having a rough-and-tumble fight through their columns. Tom Hughes calls Hawthorne an old cat, and she, in turn, calls Tom a dog, and they are having a cat and dog fight. In the struggle Hughes has the advantage, he being bald-headed, thus denying Mrs. Hite woman's prerogative of pulling hair.—White Oaks Leader.

Robert Marmon Married.

Robert G. Marmon of Laguna and Miss Mary Annals, of Poquette were married on Jan. 13, by Rev. L. M. Shields. This is a happy marriage. Mr. Marmon is a well known resident of Laguna, and his bride is a graduate of the Carlisle government Indian school. The Citizen extends congratulations.

Big Order for Trees.

Chas. W. Greene gave an order on Tuesday morning to the Carpenter nursery company, of Nebraska, for 30,000 trees, amounting to \$4,000 in value, for immediate delivery. These trees are for the subdivisions of the lower farm. Peaches, prunes and apples are the principal varieties.—Eddy Argus.

FROM SANTA FE.

A Stringent Measure Regarding Delinquent Officials.

Santa Fe, Jan. 17. An act to prohibit release from bonds delinquent public officials, preventing compromise of any kind which passed house yesterday afternoon, passed the council this morning. See H. B. No. 108.

The militia bill passed council also in same shape it passed house.

Representative Read's bill in regard to territorial treasurer's bond of \$100,000 in handling school funds was killed by an overwhelming majority in the house, and the house will also kill any other desire to interfere with the present school laws.

The Hinkle school bill was defeated in the house this morning by 15 to 8.

The firemen's bill, as amended, will pass council this afternoon. The railroad employees bill rests in committee.

Representative McMahon, of San Miguel, a locomotive engineer, has charge of the bill. Protests are arriving from different sections of the territory about Hinkle's interference with the public school law.

The press association will convene this afternoon at Jefferson club rooms, there will be about a dozen members. The presidency will go to an Albuquerque editor. M. Chisner.

Proposed School Law Amendment.

Mr. Hinkle's bill to amend the present school law is in substance as follows, says the New Mexican. It repeals sections 1 and 36, and provides that section 13 be amended by striking out the words "that no district shall be entitled to receive any portion of the common school fund in which a common school has not been taught at least three months during the twelve months preceding."

It asks that section 13 be amended to read: "Hereafter all the school directors shall be elected at each general election and shall enter upon duties of their office the first Monday in January following their election; and hold same for two years thereafter unless removed for cause."

Also that section 24 be amended to read: "That the county commissioners of each county shall annually at the time of making tax levy for other purposes required by law, levy a tax of not less than two nor more than four mills on the dollar upon the taxable property of the county. The tax collectors shall collect the same as other taxes and pay the same to their respective county treasurers."

It demands that the section relative to the auditor and treasurer be repealed and that section 36 read as follows: "All moneys arising from the above enumerated sources when collected shall be paid into the county treasury to the account of the general school fund to be apportioned to the several school districts the same as the regular school fund."

New Poll Tax Law.

The new poll tax passed, provides for the repeal of sections thirty seven and thirty eight of the school law, and also that a tax of \$1 shall be levied each year on every able-bodied man over 21 years of age, to be paid by the collectors into the general fund. Lists of the persons liable shall be made by the school directors and certified to the constables of the precincts, who shall be ex officio the collectors, and in case there is no collector, some reliable citizen shall be appointed, under bond approved by the school board, in double the amount of the total tax; provided that returns shall be made by such collector ten days before the first of every month, and he shall receive 10 per cent of the total amount collected, as compensation. The tax is to be recoverable by suit in the name of the school directors. A fine of not more than ten dollars, nor less than five dollars, or not more than thirty days imprisonment, for violation of the duties, is imposed on the school boards and collectors.

Railroad Men Invest in Eddy.

S. I. Roberts, T. P. A. C. & A. railway, stationed at Denver, A. H. Abel, T. P. A. of the same road, at Dallas, and H. C. Archer, T. P. A., B. & O. railway, Dallas, came to Eddy Sunday morning last. They were shown around the country on Sunday afternoon, and at once decided that it was a good place to invest money. Early Monday morning Messrs. Abel and Archer bought property in La Huerta, through Melanthen & Wilson, and ordered improved at once. Roberts bought property on Canyon street, and they will put up a store, street, open, soon as it is completed, and W. A. Finckel, copy it built. Mr. Roberts will also sell with a fine line of boots, shoes, caps, and gentlemen's furnishing goods, and will probably add a merchant tailoring department.—Argus.

Romero Murder Case.

The trial of young Romero of Los Lunas, charged with murder, is still in progress at Santa Fe. The New Mexican of yesterday says: The Romero case still attracts much attention in the district court. Up to the noon recess eighteen witnesses had been examined on behalf of the prosecution. This afternoon several love letters written by young Romero to the victim of the tragedy, Jose Jaramillo, were offered in evidence, and also several anonymous letters. Major R. J. Palen, W. M. Tip-ton and H. S. Clancy were called as experts in chirography. The defense will put in their testimony to-morrow.

Old Fellows Cemetery.

The Old Fellows have purchased a one-acre lot east of the Masonic cemetery which they intend to inclose with a suitable fence for a burial ground. They will reserve a portion of the land for burial of Old Fellows and their immediate relatives, and will dispose of lots to those outside of the organization who wish to purchase.—Las Cruces Times.

