

9-29-1888

## Raton Weekly Independent, 09-29-1888

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# Raton Weekly Independent.

VOL. V, NO. 43.

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 29, 1888.

TEN CENTS.

## W. B. HERFORD, Real Estate Agent

—AND—

### NOTARY PUBLIC,

EATON, NEW MEXICO.  
Headquarters for Timber Claims Deeded Lands and Town Lots.  
Agent for the New Mexico Town Company.

### E. A. FISKE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law.  
P. O. Box "E," Santa Fe, N. M.

Practices in Supreme and all District Courts of New Mexico. Special attention given to Mining and Spanish and Mexican Land Grant Litigation.

### EDWIN B. FRANKS,

### ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.

Office in Williams' Block,  
Cook Avenue, Raton, N. M.

### GEORGE W. GEER,

### ASSESSOR FOR COLFAX COUNTY.

Office with E. B. Franks,  
Attorney-at-law, Cook Avenue.

### E. SARGENT,

### PHYSICIAN AND DENTIST.

Office in the Williams building Cook Av.  
Office Hours—From 10 to 12 A. M.,  
2 to 4, and 6:30 to 7:30 P. M.  
All operations in Dentistry performed by special appointment.

### C. B. SCHLHOFER, M. D.,

### PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.

Office on First Street, second door south  
of post office, Raton, N. M.  
Office Hours—9:00 to 10:00 A. M.;  
1:00 to 2:00 P. M.; and 7:00 to 9:00 P. M.

**WEAK MEN!** Delivered either by express or by mail. We guarantee to give you the best of the world's most famous medicine. It is the only one that cures all the ailments of the system. It is the only one that gives you the strength and vigor of youth. It is the only one that cures all the ailments of the system. It is the only one that gives you the strength and vigor of youth. It is the only one that cures all the ailments of the system. It is the only one that gives you the strength and vigor of youth.

### SOCIETY MEETINGS.

Sedgwick Post, No. 2, G. A. R.,  
meets on first and third Friday evening  
of each month in Pace's hall.

W. L. JENNINGS, Post Com.  
JOHN LONG, Adjt.

Regular meetings of Raton Division,  
No. 3, U. R. K. of P., first Wednesday  
evening of each month, in Armory,  
over Pace's store. Visiting Knights  
cordially invited.

P. P. FANNING, Sr. Kt. Capt.  
W. A. HAWK, Sr. Kt. Recorder.

Regular meeting of Harmony  
Lodge, No. 6, K. of P., every Monday  
evening at 7:30 o'clock, at their hall,  
over Post Office. All visiting brothers  
are cordially invited to attend.

GEO. B. BRUNGER, C. C.  
R. EISEMANN, K. of R. and S.

Regular meeting of Gate City  
Lodge, No. 11, A. F. & A. M., on the first  
and third Thursday of each month.  
Visiting brothers are cordially invited  
to attend.

RICHARD ENGLISH, W. M.  
E. D. STEVENS, Secretary.

Regular meetings of Eaton Lodge  
No. 8, I. O. O. F., will be held on Saturday  
of each week. Visiting brothers  
are welcome.

GEO. W. GEER, N. G.  
J. R. HILL, Secretary.

## C. W. SINNOCK,

### FURNITURE,

Mattresses and Springs,

STOVES and TINWARE.

Banders Avenue.

[From Friday's Daily.]

### PRECINCT DIVISION.

Opposition to the Scheme as Manifested at the  
Citizens' Meeting Last Evening.

About fifty citizens of Raton assembled at the rink last evening to consider the project for dividing the precinct. G. W. Cook was elected chairman, and S. T. Rush secretary.

The object of the meeting was stated by Clark, a man who occupies the position of county commissioner by appointment, notwithstanding the governor says he never did it. This man spoke several times, and the substance of what he said is, that he was there simply as a county commissioner; that he had not signed the petition or remonstrance, because he was a county commissioner; any man that said he was in this scheme on account of politics was a liar; unless the citizens of the west side took some action to guarantee protection to Mexican children on their way to and from school, he, as county commissioner, would vote to grant the petition; he didn't care a damn for what politics was in it; he was going to do what he thought was right, the people of this side should not bulldoze the Mexicans; he was not toadying to the people on the west side; he had never done it and was not going to begin now because he was county commissioner; the cause of complaint as presented to him, as county commissioner, was that the Mexicans could not send their children to school on this side because the American children picked on and abused them, and that they could not get justice in the court here; the Mexicans should have some consideration while he was county commissioner, which would be but a short time; he knew his action would be misconstrued and he would be lied about; all the Mexicans asked for was a small slice out of this precinct comprising their town, which could be granted under the law. He finally wound up his remarks by stating that he had an engagement and if any one present desired to ask him any questions he would be pleased to answer them.

Prof. Owen was the next most prominent speaker. His remarks may be briefly summarized. He thought the matter a most serious one to the people of Raton; at present there was barely money enough to run the school nine months in the year, and if the precinct was divided there would be but six months school; he knew of no ill-treatment of Mexican children; there were six colored children at present in the school and he had some difficulty at times in keeping harmony; only sixteen Mexican children had been enrolled since he had had charge of the school; these had all left when the mission school in Chihuahua started; he had visited every town and hamlet in the Territory and examined the school system; Raton was the only town that had a public school nine months in the year, and the people were evidently going to allow the term to be cut down to six months and cheap teachers employed; no first-class teacher would come here to take a position in the school with only six months employment; he showed the danger of giving the people on the east side a voting precinct, as under the law each precinct should contain one or more school dis-

tricts; he did not think the subject one to which the teachers were interested, as in the present corps could not remain here they could go elsewhere; it was a matter in which every citizen was interested; if the people of Raton preferred cheap teachers he had nothing to say; he was surprised that there was not a larger attendance at the meeting; he did not believe politics had anything to do with the matter; did not see how Clark could have signed either of the petitions.

C. M. Bayne stated that he believed politics did have considerable to do with the movement, and asserted that the present term of the district court was being run in the interest of one political party; he believed the division of the precinct would work a great injury to the town in many ways and especially to the school.

J. C. Holmes also believed the whole business was a political scheme, and was sprung at this time for political effect; that unless active measures were taken immediately the precinct would be divided; that the division was already virtually decided.

On motion it was resolved that a committee be appointed by the chair to canvass the town of Raton and especially that portion east of the track, whose duty it should be to ascertain the real cause of grievance and suggest proper remedies, and report at a meeting to be held in the rink on next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock, when the matter should be put in proper shape to be laid before the commissioners at their meeting on Tuesday next.

The felling-named gentlemen were selected to act on the committee: J. C. Holmes, C. M. Bayne, J. P. Owen, Thos Gregory, W. S. McClain, C. F. Smith, John Casavan, E. A. Terrell, G. W. Cook, John Long, Fred Lujan, A. E. Pinzone.

While it may result in no relief, this committee should work hard and earnestly to secure all the information possible in the premises and put it in such shape that it shall be a matter of record that there was a respectable protest against the proceeding.

There being no further business the meeting adjourned until next Monday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

T. B. Mills of Las Vegas was a passenger on the east-bound train.

Editor Sturges and son came up from Springer to attend the Republican gathering.

The Albuquerque paper says: Governor Ross and Colonel Dwyer were to be seen together, going all over the fair grounds yesterday; their chat was friendly, evidently politics were not allowed to enter into it.

A Washington dispatch of the 27th says: The house judiciary committee to-day considered the subject of trusts. A number of bills concerning trusts are before the committee. Chairman Culbertson was anxious to secure favorable report on his own bill, but other measures also had advocates, and as the discussion ran on, the complexity of the problem began to appear, with the result of convincing the members that the subject will require very nice treatment before a measure can be framed that will avoid constitutional and other objections, and yet be of avail in checking the operation of trusts.

### Report of the Grand Jury.

The grand jury returned the report of their labors to the judge of the district court this morning and were discharged from further service, although the court is still in session. Following is the report: In the District Court of the Fourth Judicial District of the Territory of New Mexico, and the September, 1888, term within and for the County of Colfax—

To the Hon. E. V. Long, Chief Justice of the Territory of New Mexico and Judge of the Fourth Judicial District thereof:

In obedience to the requirements of law, custom and duty, the grand jury of said court and term respectfully submit the following, to-wit:

First—We have thoroughly inspected the county jail at Springer, the county seat, and find that, so far as it is possible under existing surrounding circumstances, its condition and management accords fully with all that either the law or humanity could demand.

Second—We have further to report that we have fully examined the books and accounts of Allen E. Burnam, the present treasurer of the said County of Colfax, and had the following statement to be a correct exposition thereof, to-wit: Court house and jail fund—

Rec'd from county collector...\$18,518 41  
Amounts paid, as per vouchers cancelled ..... 17,130 66

Balance on hand at this date...\$1,387 75  
School fund—  
Am't rec'd from collector...\$29,287 25  
Amount paid up to date..... 28,870 66

Balance on hand to date..... \$416 60  
County fund—  
Am't received from collector...\$23,485 00  
Am't pd and cancelled to date 24,309 66

Overpaid this fund..... \$824 66  
Third—At the voluntary suggestion of Col. R. M. Johnson, the clerk of this court, we have examined the accounts and condition of said office, and are pleased to certify that in everything required of the incumbent, no improvement, in our humble opinion, could be made in its administration, and sincerely commend him as faithful and eminently competent in the discharge of his duties as a public servant.

Fourth—During our present sitting we have investigated and returned bills on thirty two violations of the law, from which have arisen forty-seven indictments under different sections of the statutes, and we believe that we have fully discharged all the duty required of our hands in the premises. But before we sever our connection with this honorable court, we wish to express our sincere thanks for the uniform kindness and assistance that has been extended to us by your Honor, and each and every officer of this court with whom we have had intercourse. D. E. YOUNG, Foreman.

### Guaranteed Protection.

Editor Independent:—In the division of this precinct the point has been brought up that the Mexican pupils from the other side do not receive protection in going to and from school.

What has been in the past I do not know. I do know, however, that they will be protected at school and in coming and going to and from school if they are sent to school now.

As superintendent of the schools I will guarantee that they shall have this protection. Of course this protection only goes as far as the schools are concerned, superintendent and teachers having control of those only who go to school. J. P. OWEN, Supt. Raton, Sept. 28, 1888.

Queensware, just received, at W. A. Hawk & Co's.

Get the new prices on building material at Hughes Bros.

Latest designs and lowest prices in queensware, at Hawk & Co's.

The man who hunts in the swamps should wear duck pants.

Communion services at the Presbyterian chapel Sunday morning at 11 o'clock; Sabbath school meets at 9:45; evening services at 7 o'clock.

The instructions of Judge Long to the grand jury are omitted in this issue for the reason that it was necessary to go to press several hours earlier than usual.

### A Race of African Dwarfs.

London Spectator:

One of the most striking things to be met with in the earlier pages of Emin Pasha's journal is a reference to a report which is brought to him between Lado and Duile, on the Upper Nile, that a race of dwarfs inhabit mountain caves to the west of Beden. They were said to be only 40 inches high, of a brown color, and of great agility, to eat white ants and roots, and to shoot with very small arrows which are poisoned and very difficult to extract. Four years later he himself comes upon some specimens of the Akka; a pygmy people, divided into numerous small tribes, who led a nomadic life in the Monbutu country. One of these Akka "had a reddish but rather dark skin (probably dirt), was very prognathous, rather swag-bellied, but exceedingly nimble. His height was 3 feet 6 inches. His whole body was covered by thick, stiff hair, almost like felt, which is especially thick on the breast." A girl fourteen years of age measures 3 feet 3/4 inches in height. These people are expert hunters, but very vindictive.

### LIST OF LETTERS.

The following is the list of advertised letters remaining in the post office for the week ending September 27, 1888:  
Faur, Jean Melton, Ellie  
Lumpkins, Jennie Martinez, Rosendo  
Linn, W. H. St Clair, Jessie  
ROBT. K. VANDYVER, P. M.

Campaign documents have been forwarded from Indiana to the national Democratic headquarters showing that General Harrison received a fee of \$21,000 for his services as attorney for the Ohio and Mississippi railroad in prosecuting strikers.

The Anti-Grant Democratic convention is in session in Springer to day.

## City Meat Market,

J. F. DE LONG, Proprietor,

CLARK AVENUE,..... RATON.

Fresh Meats of all Kinds

GARDEN PRODUCE OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Wild Game in Season

Spring Chickens, Sausage, Pork, Ham, Etc.,

And everything usually found in a First-class Establishment.

## B. S. LETTON

Has in stock and for sale at lowest prices

### FLOUR,

SILVER QUEEN, PRIDE OF DENVER, WHEAT LOAF, CHAMPION,  
HAM LARD, COFFEE, SUGAR, TOMATOES, DRIED APPLES, GREEN APPLES, NAVY PEAS, MEXICAN BEANS, PRUNES, APRICOTS, RAISINS, LARD, HAMS, CRACKERS, MOLASSES, SALT POTATOES, CANEY, TEA, QUEBEY POTATOES, PICKLES, COAL OIL.

California Canned Goods

BUTTER, EGGS, ONIONS

Wheat, Oats, Bran, and Hays

—Agent for the—

Amole and Denver Stores



COP'S LAND REVIEW.

Fraudulent Entries--Responsibility of Settlers--Effects of Land Department to Present.

Regular Correspondence Independent. Almost ever since the passage of the pre-emption law, the first congressional enactment intended to protect the poor man against the rich purchaser, and to secure homes for actual settlers, complaints have been rife respecting fraudulent land entries.

The homestead, timber-culture, desert land, and other laws have afforded additional opportunities for the perpetration of frauds which have not been allowed to pass unnoted.

From every quarter the cry of "fraud" is heard in connection with disposals of the public domain. So far as fraudulent entries under what are termed settlement laws are concerned, the people of every section have the remedy in their own hands.

The acquirement of title to public land under a fraudulent pre-emption, homestead, timber-culture, or desert-land entry, is a matter of impossibility unless the transaction be winked at and the perpetrator of the fraud be aided and abetted by persons in the immediate neighborhood.

Under nearly all of these laws the entryman is required to publish notice of his intention to make final proof, naming the time when, the place where, and the officer before whom the proof will be submitted. If his entry has been fraudulently initiated, or if he has not complied with the requirements of the statute governing such cases, his neighbors surely know it, and with very little trouble or expense they can, either before or on the day of making final proof, enter protest against the issuance of patent on the entry, which will put the government on inquiry, and in nine cases out of ten defeat the attempted fraud. But it seems that the men who are willing to put themselves to a little inconvenience for the public good are very scarce, as few if any protests of this kind are filed for the sole purpose of protecting the public domain from spoliation. At least seven-tenths of the protests entered are the result of spite, neighborhood quarrels, or a desire upon the part of the protestant to secure the land himself.

Robbery of Uncle Sam by taking his lands without giving an equivalent does not seem to be considered by the mass of the people a very serious offense. Men who would fire guns, ring bells, and rouse the whole country should they detect a thief with his hands in the national money vaults helping himself, will, without concern, or smiling over the trick that is being played, witness the commission of perjury by three men, and a robbery of the people to the extent of a quarter of a section of land valued at from \$200 to \$400.

Men who are known to have perjured themselves in connection with land claims, either as principal or witness, so that 100 acres or less of land might be stolen from the government, mingle freely in society and are honored and respected by their fellow men, while the man who steals a horse from his neighbor is, by the same community, summarily hanged to the first tree.

The government has in its employ special agents whose duty it is to investigate fraudulent entries, and the land department is making every possible effort to suppress and prevent frauds. Any citizen cognizant of an attempt to fraudulently acquire title to land may secure an investigation and bring the offender to justice, by simply reporting the facts to the commissioner of the general land office. So long as they fail to do so, frauds will continue to be perpetrated, and the people must take the blame.

HENRY N. COPE.

Did I Paralyze Him. San Francisco Examiner.

It was at a railroad eating station. The man from Montana was hungry and in a hurry.

"Please pass me them peritaters, mister," he said, addressing the elegant gentleman from Boston, who sat next to him.

The Bostonian slowly focused his gold eyeglasses on the man from Montana.

"Did you think that I was one of the waiters?" he asked icily.

The others held their knives and forks suspended in midair, expecting to see the man from Montana shrivel up, but no such phenomenon took place. He turned and beckoned to the nearest waiter.

"George, come here, please."

"What is it, sir?" asked "George."

"I wanted to apologize to you, that's all. You see, I mistook this party here for you, but I hope you won't be offended at it. Now pass me them peritaters and we'll go on with the round up."

Use Fresh Owen's Diamond Coal.

BORDER WAR.

Texas Threatened with a Bloody Conflict--U. S. Troops Ordered to the Scene.

NEW YORK, Sept. 25.--The Herald's Austin, Texas, special says: All day Sunday and Monday the most alarming telegrams continued to pour in on Governor Ross, informing him there was war, bloody and fierce, raging on the Texas frontier, and Rio Grande City had been for the past six hours in possession of an armed Mexican mob. All the telegrams came from either John P. Kealey, county judge of Starr county, or the sheriff. Each succeeding one was more startling and sensational than the other. All demand troops immediately. The country, in plain words, is rampant, and anarchy runs riot on the border. The lives of American citizens in that section are in imminent peril. This extraordinary and sensational state of affairs had its origin in a fatal encounter at Rio Grande City last Saturday between Catrino E. Garcia, editor of El Comercio Mexicano, and United States Revenue Officer Victor Sebree. In the fight Sebree shot and killed Garcia, who was very popular along the Rio Grande and as a result the Mexicans rose in revolt and endeavored to lynch Sebree. Texas officials, however, saved him for a time from the fury of the mob, and wired Governor Ross as follows: "A great riot is raging here. Armed men are parading the streets. Send state rangers or call on United States troops at Fort Ringgold." This dispatch was followed by another from T. W. Kennedy, a member of the legislature, as follows: "Send all available troops you can at once. Armed Mexicans are in control of the city and county."

Still later one was received saying: "A fight has just taken place; two Mexicans and one American are killed. The Mexicans now demand that the American consul be delivered to them. A riot is prevented by placing the American under arrest."

Another telegram reads: "Over 150 armed Mexicans are attempting to lynch Sebree. Send rangers at once. The riot still continues."

Rio Grande City is eight miles from the nearest railway station, and it is extremely difficult to reach it. Gov. Ross has ordered the entire ranger force of Texas to proceed with all possible haste to the scene.

The Mexican number ten to one of the white citizens of this section. There is no telling to what excesses they will resort, especially as they have no difficulty in escaping to Mexico.

Governor Ross also telegraphed the sheriffs of all counties on the border or contiguous, to proceed by forced marches to the troubled district, and take armed possession of them. He likewise telegraphed the San Antonio rifles, Belknap rifles and Houston light guards, to hold themselves in readiness to march at a moment's notice. It is believed there will be a general massacre of Texas citizens unless United States troops from Ringgold come to the rescue.

The event is likely to lead to international complications. Last night Gov. Ross said:

"The situation is extremely grave, and the absence of advice for several hours gives rise to the worst fears."

WASHINGTON, September 25.--This morning Secretary Thompson received the following from the collector of custom at Brownsville, Texas, dated the 24th inst.:

"The situation at Rio Grande City is precarious, but quiet to-day, pending a conference of a committee from the mob with the sheriff, and the result of wound. If no agreement is reached, U. S. troops will probably be needed to-night. It is desired to have them ready to protect the town at the request of the sheriff of Starr county. State troops will reach there Wednesday. Inspector Sebree and Deputy Sheriff Dillary are still in Ringgold."

Secretary Thompson this afternoon transmitted copies of the telegram received from the collector on the subject, to the acting secretary of war, with a request to take such action as may be deemed necessary for the protection of life and property at Rio Grande City."

WASHINGTON, Sept. 25.--The acting secretary of war this afternoon ordered United States troops sent to Rio Grande City.

A Sound Legal Opinion.

E. Bainbridge Mundy, Esq., county attorney of Clay county, Texas, says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice, but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Bitters saved his life."

Mr. D. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave, Ky., does a like testimony saying he positively believes he would have died had it not been for Electric Bitters. This great remedy will work off as well as to recall Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders, stands unequalled. Price 50 cents and \$1 per bottle, at G. C. Hoffman's City Drug Store. 6

California Cat-B-Cure.

The only guaranteed cure for catarrh, only in the head, hay fever, rose cold, catarrhal deafness and sore eyes. Restore the sense of taste and unpeasant breath, resulting from catarrh. Easy and pleasant to use. Follow directions and a cure is warranted, by all druggists. Send for circular to S. B. M. Allen Company, Danville, Cal. Six months treatment for \$1; sent by mail, \$1.10. For sale by J. B. Schradley, First Street. 13

Beringer, the jeweler, has the most complete line of American watches, jewelry, diamonds, solid and plated ware, clocks, etc., in Northern New Mexico, and announces that he is selling at eastern prices. In Watches especially there has been a great reduction, and Beringer, always to the front, is selling them at the reduced prices, and in all the lines of goods that he sells you can bet on the quality being as represented.

The Best Meat Market for best meats.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given the incorporators and members of the First Presbyterian Church of Haton that in accordance with the requirements of the Certificate of Incorporation of said body a meeting will be held on Saturday, October 6, 1888, at 2:30 o'clock P. M., in the Presbyterian Chapel in Haton, for the purpose of electing five (5) trustees for said Church to serve one year. By order of the Board.

M. R. IN A. McMARTIN, Pres. ALBION E. BURNAM, Sec.



FRED'S HILL, TEXAS, June 20, 1888--The Swift Specific Company, Atlanta, Ga.--Gentle: I was troubled with rheumatism and boils for about two years. I gave for various kinds of medicine without profit, and began to despair of curing my ailment. I was led to try your Swift's Specific. After she had used several bottles the disease all disappeared. It is now in my hand and ready to give to my wife's child. Another child five years old was afflicted in the same way, and I used your Swift's Specific, and in a few days and permanent cure. N. C. WOODRICK.

REV. H. M. MOY, July 7, 1888--The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.--Gentle: Our little girl when but one week old broke out in a eruption. We tried for several days from several good doctors, but without any special benefit. We tried S. S. S., and by the time she had used your Swift's Specific, and by the time she had taken six bottles she was completely cured. Now she has a fair skin and is healthy and happy. I feel it my duty to make this statement. Respectfully, R. T. BROWN.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN., June 27, 1888--The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.--Gentle: I had a contract with a physician, who treated me for several months. By his advice I went to Chattanooga, Tenn., where he gave me a treatment which was carefully studied. The result, as I thought, but the next spring I was again troubled with my ailment, and I was again treated by the same physician, but without any special benefit. I was advised to try S. S. S., and I immediately after taking it I commenced to improve, and in a few days I was completely cured. I feel it my duty to make this statement to your medicine. I cheerfully give this statement that others who have suffered my illness may read the same. HARRY M. BURN, 24 West Ninth St.

HOUSTON, LA., May 25, 1888--The Swift Specific Co., Atlanta, Ga.--Gentle: I am about two years ago my general health was very unwell. I was so debilitated that I almost despair of ever feeling well again. All that I could do was to keep my bed, and I was advised to try S. S. S., and I immediately after taking it I commenced to improve, and in a few days I was completely cured. I feel it my duty to make this statement to your medicine. I cheerfully give this statement that others who have suffered my illness may read the same. HARRY M. BURN, 24 West Ninth St.

HOUSTON, LA.--I know Mr. W. F. Bridges, and will say that his statement is correct. JOSEPH SHILTON, Druggist.

Treatise on Blood and Skin Diseases mailed free. THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Drawer 3, Atlanta, Ga.

Advertisement for S.B.S. CHILD WATER, FREE. Includes text about the product's benefits for children and a list of agents in various cities.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION! OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED.



Louisiana State Lottery Company. Incorporated by the Legislature in 1868, for Educational and Charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1875, by an overwhelming popular vote.

Its Grand Extraordinary Drawings take place Semi-Annually (June and December), and its Grand Single Number Drawings take place on each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

"We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-Annual Drawings of the Louisiana State Lottery Company, and in person manage and control the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the Company to use this certificate, with fac-similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

Handwritten signatures of R. M. Wainwright and Pierre Lanau.

Commissioners.

We, the undersigned Banks and Bankers, will pay all Prizes drawn in the Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters.

- R. M. WAINWRIGHT, President Louisiana National Bank. PIERRE LANAU, President State National Bank. A. BALDWIN, President New Orleans National Bank. CARL KOHN, Pres. Union National Bank.

Grand MONTHLY DRAWING

In the Academy of Music, New Orleans, Tuesday, October 9, 1888.

Capital Prize, \$300,000

100,000 Tickets at Twenty Dollars each. Halves \$10; Quarters \$5; Tenth \$2; Twentieth \$1.

Table of prizes: 1 PRIZE OF \$300,000 is \$300,000; 1 PRIZE OF 100,000 is 100,000; 1 PRIZE OF 50,000 is 50,000; 1 PRIZE OF 25,000 is 25,000; 2 PRIZES OF 10,000 are 20,000; 5 PRIZES OF 5,000 are 25,000; 25 PRIZES OF 1,000 are 25,000; 100 PRIZES OF 500 are 50,000; 200 PRIZES OF 200 are 40,000.

Table of approximation prizes: 100 Prizes of \$500 are \$50,000; 100 do of 300 are 30,000; 100 do of 200 are 20,000.

Table of terminal prizes: 999 Prizes of \$100 are \$99,900; 999 do of 50 are 49,950.

3,134 Prizes amounting to 1,634,800

Note--Tickets drawing Capital Prizes are not entitled to Terminal Prizes.

FOR CLUB RATES, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, City, Street and Number. More rapid mail return delivery will be assured by your enclosing an Envelope bearing your full address.

Send Postal Notes, Express Money Orders or New York Exchange in ordinary letter. Currency by Express (at extra expense), addressed to M. A. BARNIN, New Orleans, La.

or M. A. BARNIN, Washington, D. C.

Address Registered Letters to NEW ORLEANS NATIONAL BANK New Orleans La.

REMEMBER That the presence of General Business Manager and Early, who is in charge of the drawings, his guarantee of absolute fairness and integrity, the chances are all equal, and that no one can possibly divine what numbers will draw a Prize.

MEMBER also that the payment of Prizes GUARANTEED BY FOUR NATIONAL BANKS of New Orleans, and the Tickets signed by the President of an Institution whose charters rights are recognized in the highest Courts, there fore beware of any imitations or anonymous schemes.

SPANISH CLASS.

Anyone wishing to learn the Spanish language can do so by taking lessons at my class, which I am now teaching, at very reasonable terms. Full particulars can be learned by applying to me, at Salisbury & Co's Drug Store. E. A. PINZON.

PATENTS.

INVENTORS send model or sketch of your invention, when I will make careful preliminary examination, and report as to patentability with advice, criticisms, etc. Free of charge. As witnesses before U. S. Patent Office attended by moderate fees. Information and references sent on application. No charge unless prior course. E. LITTLE, Washington, D. C. 595, directly opposite U. S. Patent Office.

(From Wednesday's Daily.)

Mr. William Faith of Denver was in town to-day.

T. P. Gable and wife came over from Trinidad to attend the ball last night.

For some reason Raton is well represented in the Denver schools, although our town boasts the best school building in the Territory.

The sale of the XL brand of estate, under foreclosure of mortgage, took place in Springer yesterday. Wm. Ring was the purchaser on a bid of \$12,800. The amount of the note and interest, on which the sale was made, was \$12,404 03.

As was expected, the ball last evening was well attended and proved a grand success. The boys are well repaid for the time spent and expense incurred in the arrangements. The affair passed off happily and all seemed to enjoy themselves.

The tax case against the Denver & Fort Worth road, tried in Springer, resulted in a verdict for the defendant, under the statute of 1887, exempting foreign railroad corporations from taxation during the first six years of their operation in the Territory.

On last Sunday night the office of Hughes Bros. lumber yard was entered by burglars, the safe opened, and about \$20 in money taken. There were in the safe several checks and other valuable papers which were left. The thief probably wanted a little ready money and knowing the safe was unlocked to this method of satisfying his wants. It is very evident a gang of thieves is working this vicinity, and our citizens should be on their guard.

Residents of Spokane Falls, Washington Territory, have been compelled to do what many other frontier communities have done before, and have organized a vigilance committee to protect the town from thieves and incendiaries. They propose to give men of that kidney a very warm reception when caught. Though partaking somewhat of the lawless order, vigilance committees are frequently effective in preventing crime when all other means fail. It will be well, therefore for all evil doers to steer clear of Spokane Falls unless their necks are insured against all accidents that may occur through getting them entangled in a coil of rope.--Equity.

Eat With Comfort and be Happy.

It is by no means uncertain, but, on the contrary, a well ascertained fact, that upon the well being of man's stomach depends that medium of happiness which is vouchsafed to him in this world. Dyspepsia, the foe of all others to the stomach's tranquility, and most to be dreaded, is a complaint to the preliminary relief and eventual cure of which Hostetter's Stomach Bitters is specially adapted. It enables those who use it with a reasonable degree of persistence to eat with a relish, because it imparts a healthful appetite; to digest with ease, because it strengthens the stomach; and to assimilate the food which is eaten and digested, thus benefiting health, promoting flesh and sustaining the exercise of the physical and mental faculties. It, moreover, facilitates the secretion of healthy bile, setuates without discomfort the habit of body, and tends, when taken upon retiring, to produce healthy slumber. Malaria is conquered by it.

Advertisement for The BUYER'S GUIDE, issued March and Sept. each year. It is an encyclopaedia of useful information for all who purchase the luxuries or necessities of life. It can clothe you and furnish you with all the necessary and unnecessary appliances to ride, walk, dance, sleep, eat, fish, hunt, work, go to school, or stay at home, and in various other ways and quantities. Just as you see what is required to do all these things CONFIDENTLY, and you can make the estimate of the value of the BUYER'S GUIDE, which will be made up a present of 10 cents by the publisher, MONTGOMERY WARD & CO., 111-113 Broadway, N. Y.

NOTICE. \$50 Reward

Will be paid by A. H. Carey for the recovery of a lot of pistols and cutlery stolen from his store on the night of the 20th inst., and the arrest and conviction of the thief.



[From Monday's Daily.]

Russell Marcy has gone east. J. Lowe started for California yesterday.

Dr. C. B. Kehlhausen left for Springer to-day.

W. P. Brooks left Raton yesterday for California.

G. W. Geer went to Trinidad yesterday to meet his wife.

Mrs. Duncan and Mrs. Anderson started for the east yesterday.

At the invitation of the grand jury Messrs. M. A. and D. McMartin went to Springer yesterday.

All ports in Portuguese, India, have been declared infected with cholera by the British foreign office.

The strike of the train men on the Chicago division of the Illinois Central railway has turned out to be a small matter.

Candidates are getting in their work this week prior to the nominating conventions. Next week the political pot will commence to boil.

The Colorado smelter owners will meet in Denver to-morrow and protest against the reduction on freight rates to the east on Colorado ores.

Frank Olive denies that he has purchased the bridge saloon and restaurant in Trinidad, although he is making that town his headquarters at present.

A number of tourist cars loaded with Odd Fellows returning from the excursion to California made up the first section of yesterday's east bound train.

J. B. Harvey is a candidate for superintendent of schools. Samuel Hill and John Q. Adams are also in the field for the same position.

Burglars find some inducements even in Springer. One of this class rustled up \$55 in the residence of John Kern and took it away with him.

A. E. Burnham has concluded to withdraw from the race for the position of county treasurer and he will not appear before the convention as a candidate.

Senator Sherman grows sentimental. He wants to hug Canada, and thinks retaliation a nasty mean thing. So do Levi P. Morton and the other stockholders of the Canadian Pacific railway.

All the juggling with the figures in the world will not do away with the fact that the Republican plurality at the late Maine election is 1,214 less than the Republican plurality at the September election of 1884.

A gentleman giving the name of Howard was a passenger on the east-bound train yesterday. He made inquiries while here concerning the death of Harry Bassett, a deputy sheriff, who was killed at Otero several years ago.

The Santa Fe new time table will go into effect either on the 30th of this month or the 15th of next. In any event all passenger trains will arrive in Albuquerque at noon. The passenger and freight divisions, however, will be changed to Wallace.—Citizen.

Mr. Depe's admirers greeted his return to New York with a tug, a brass band and a pumpkin pie. He boarded the tug, listened to the band and ate the pie. So go the great. Now, if he had boarded the band, listened to the pie and eaten the tug, it would have been worth talking about.

Court items are scarce. Judge Long and Clerk Johnson spent the Sabbath in Las Vegas and consequently there was no session of the court this morning. The grand jury is sitting but its work is nearly completed. The ejectment cases brought by the Maxwell Grant company have all gone over for the term. There is a murder case set for Wednesday in which E. B. Franks appears for the defense.

The surveyer general has received instructions to cause a survey to be made of the military reservations of Fort Butler and Fort Craig, with a view to their appraisal and sale at public auction. The land in the reservations is supposed to be quite valuable for agricultural purposes. A proposition has been pending before the secretary of the interior since March, 1885, for the order of their survey and sale. These military reservations have been abandoned for a number of years past.

Settlers and the Courts.

Judge Long, now holding court at Springer, N. M., in his charge to the grand jury, gave enough to the settlers on the Maxwell grant to fill three of these columns. Very little of the long document has the nature of a charge to jurymen. Nearly all of it is an argument and exhortation in favor of legal methods and against violence. If we understand the judge rightly, he would have the leaders who influenced armed resistance, or the formation of armed bodies of men for the purpose of resistance, indicted and punished. All who will return to the ways of peace the judge would have excused. The most perfect freedom to buy or sell land, or travel abroad without molestation is insisted upon imperatively. The judge thinks some of the settlers have equitable rights which should be considered and honored by the government. He says that himself prepared a measure and forwarded it to the national capital, designed to satisfy, if the measure should prevail, this end of justice.

Judge Long utters a vast number of truisms. What he says will probably not be controverted by any one. Most men think a great deal of the law, especially when it protects them. When one gets badly imposed upon under the forms of law he feels differently. We approve Judge Long's address in the abstract. The old saw that circumstances alter cases is likewise as true as the platitudes about supremacy of law regard for law, etc. We have not, that we remember now, heard any considerable number, in any wise, approve of armed resistance in this controversy. But all men have favored every reasonable and peaceful agitation of the matter in the hope of somehow attracting justice. We hope Judge Long may greatly help the cause of peace and also the cause of the settlers, by peaceful methods.

A Head Start Old as Sin Itself.

Soon after Horace Greeley started to learn the printing business he went to see a preacher's daughter. The next time he attended meeting he was considerably astonished at hearing the minister announce as his text, "My daughter is being grievously tormented by a devil."

The scarcity of water in Raton continues and may yet result in disaster.

In the war at Aspen over their right of way over a certain street the Midland has gotten away with the Rio Grande. The fight was bitter while it lasted several heads were battered and the Rio Grande officials were fined for contempt.—Advertiser.

On the night of the 20th inst., the hardware store of A. H. Corey was broken into and a quantity of pistols and cutlery taken. As will be seen by a notice in another column, a reward of \$50 is offered for the recovery of the goods and the arrest and conviction of the thief.

Hon. T. B. Catron arrived in town this morning, after an absence of several months in which he has been engaged in investigating the condition of the effete monarchies of Europe. He is not as rosy a hue as when he left and we have no doubt that he would give more to-day for Santa Fe, notwithstanding the fire, than he would for the whole continent of Europe. He says he will rebuild on the old corner provided he can secure tenants before hand to occupy the structure after it is completed.—Herald.

The Clayton Enterprise says: "Ye mills of ye gods grind slowly," but ye Mills who is acting as prosecuting attorney for this district, is grinding out his own at a rapid pace by the manner in which he is summoning people living at long distances from the county seat, to appear before the grand jury without any earthly cause whatever. By his indiscriminate methods and recklessness he has caused the county the unnecessary expenditure of considerable money. It is to be hoped the lecture given him by Judge Long will be heeded. It is impossible to squeal the gentleman now, but he, with some other favorites (?) will be laid high and dry upon the upper shelf after November next." Right, brother; and this same Mills is one of the organizers and leaders of the "People's Party" in Colfax.

Wheat from Seed 5,000 Years Old.

A most interesting experiment culminated to day in raising some wheat grown from seed as old as the Exodus. The experimenter is David Drew, who, last year, received from a friend in Alexandria, Egypt, some grains of wheat taken from a mummy exhumed near the ruins of Memphis, and belonging, it is believed, to the period of the ninth dynasty, which would make it grow about 3,000 years B. C., or be nearly 5,000 years old. He planted the seed early in the spring and carefully nursed it. It grew rapidly and at the time of cutting measured from six and a half to seven feet high. The leaves alternate on the stalk like common wheat, but the product of the plant is the most singular part of it, for, instead of growing in an ear like modern corn, there is a heavy cluster of small twigs in place of the spindle which hangs downward from its weight, and each twig is thickly studded with kernels, each of which is in a separate husk. From what is threshed a larger crop will be grown next year, as the result proves this ground to exceed in quality anything that the modern grain can grow.

No Man's Land Has It.

A late special from Beaver, No Man's Land gives the proceedings of the Oklahoma territorial convention. O. G. Chase was nominated for delegate to the fifty first congress and the whole ticket for the territorial council placed in the field. The platform asks that No Man's Land be placed under control of the State of Colorado until it perfects laws of its own, and calls upon congress to drop political strife and legislate in the interest of No Man's Land, where it is badly needed.

Peculiar

In the combination, proportion, and preparation of its ingredients, Hood's Sarsaparilla accomplishes cures where other preparations entirely fail. Peculiar in its good name at home, which is a "tower of strength abroad," peculiar in the phenomenal sales it has attained, Hood's Sarsaparilla is the most successful medicine for purifying the blood, giving strength, and creating an appetite.

The story comes from Florida that Geronimo and his braves offer to show the government officials a mountain of gold if they will but return them to their old haunts in New Mexico and Arizona. Gerry may refer to the Adam's diggings, then again he may not. He may refer to that place where the streets are said to be paved with gold, which he has shown so many. For our own part we'll forego the luxury if they will consent to keep Gerry where he is.—Chieftain.

A French woman who was at Asbury park a few weeks ago wore a striking and certainly very proper bathing dress. It was made of white Turkish toweling and waist and drawers were of one piece, reaching from chin to heels like a child's night dress. Over this was worn a long skirt. The wearer, who was nearly six feet high, looked like her father's ghost when she took a bath.

Do you have any trouble with your eyesight? If so call at Beringer's and have your eyes tested. They have the latest and best scientific devices invented for testing the eye, together with a complete line of Eye Glasses, Spectacles, etc., and we guarantee to give you a perfect fit.

Romancer Stevenson is in Delee's south seas, and Romancer Haggard is in the tantalizing region of the North Pole, so, in time, we may look for some tales of travelers.

Convicts are the only persons who do not believe in their convictions.—Detroit Free Press.

The bullion in the imperial bank of St. Petersburg amounts to \$211,472,495 in roubles.

Floods in Algeria are reported to have caused an enormous loss of life.

The famous volcano of Stromball is in a state of active eruption.

Fresh Oysters, at the Raton Meat Market, Cook avenue.

Go to the brick barber shop for a clean shave.

Known and Loved.

Many of our readers will remember that Dom Pedro, emperor of Brazil, with the empress, came to this country in 1876 to take part in the opening of the centennial exhibition in Philadelphia. They stood foremost upon the platform among the group of royal and distinguished guests when President Grant touched an electric wire which set all the vast array of machinery in motion and declared the exhibition opened.

The curiosity of the American people to look upon a live emperor was intense and whenever Dom Pedro attempted to examine the exhibits he was wedged in immovably by a gaping, excited but good natured mob. He bore this patiently for two days. On the third day he resolved upon a bold change.

"I shall see nothing," he said to his secretary. "I must be incognito. Procure me some disguise."

The next day a stout farmer with a coat not of the newest, his wife on his arm in a rather shabby merino gown-shouldered his way through the gates and spent the day in a close study of the educational system of different countries. Thus they quietly and unnoticed continued their observations for a week.

One day they were in the midst of a surging crowd of people of many races and nations, when they met a group of twenty Brazilian civil engineers, students from the great Polytechnic school in Bethlehem, Pa. The young men stopped, hesitated in amazement, and then, with loud cheers and wild excitement, saluted the farmer and his wife, bowing to the ground and kissing their hands.

"It is the emperor," one of them explained to a bystander. "He is more than our king, he is the father of his people! Out of his own scanty purse he supports me and nine other orphan boys at our school. In every county he has his orphan boys in colleges and universities, that they may bring back knowledge of all arts and sciences to Brazil. He has just made a tour of Europe, and he comes here to find new inventions and ideas that may be useful to his people."

The boys gathered closely around Dom Pedro, while he asked each as to his health and success. He knew each of "his boys" personally, and was loved by them with deep, grateful affection.

When the little scene was over, the staunch Republicans standing near separated, questioning whether, if all monarchs had been like this good father-king, Democracy would always have conquered so easily in this world.

WANTED TO RENT - A good PIANO; upright preferred. Address "B," P. O. Box 49, Raton.

We meet all legitimate competition in lumber, at Hughes Bros.

Get the new prices on building material at Hughes Bros.



This is the TOP of the GENUINE Pearl Top Lamp Chimney. All others, similar are imitation.

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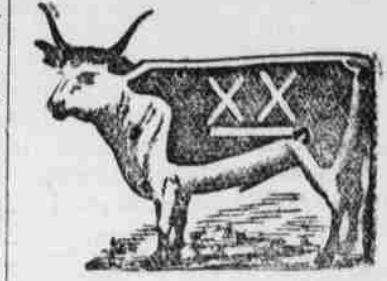
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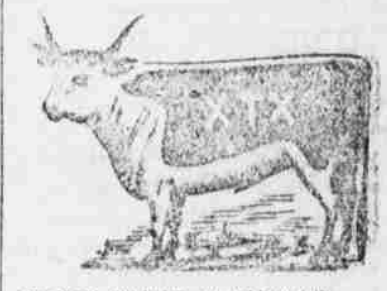
Other brands: M T on side, and M on hip, left side. Crop left ear. Earmark, crop left - right side, swallowfork right. Horse brandish left shoulder.

W. W. ROGGS.



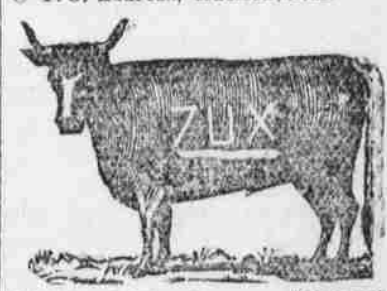
Ear-marks - Overslope in right and underslope in left. Horse brand on right hip. Range, Gates Canon.

E. O. GRIFFITH.



Ear Mark - 801 in left; underbit in right. Oil stock branded on shoulder, T on side. X on hip; left side. Some branded. Various ear marks. Post Office address, Raton, N. M.

GELLYN & TRAPP.



Additional Brands, TOM, WLA, L, X, WA, X. Range, Dry Cimarron and Trauperae.

GRAZING.

Stock grazed at \$1.50 a head per month. Pasture one and one-half miles southeast of Raton.

J. McGAUGHBY.



WEEKLY INDEPENDENT

J. C. HOLMES, Editor.

The Democrats made considerable gains in every place where Blaine spoke in Maine. In Augusta, Blaine's home, the Democrats made a gain of 30 per cent. The French Canadians, of whom there are large numbers in Maine, voted the Republican ticket on account of President Cleveland's retaliation message.

Every citizen of Raton who has the interest of the town at heart should be present at the rink on next Monday evening. A demonstration should be made at that time which shall carry with it no uncertain meaning. Let it be known that taxpayers cannot be bullied into any scheme like that proposed to divide this precinct. The result of such action is now only too apparent. While every man is willing to allow the residents of Chihuahua the benefits accruing to American citizens, there is unanimity of opinion that the granting of the petition now before the board of county commissioners would result in disaster to the town. Every man of family should attend prepared to express his feelings earnestly and pointedly. Show the commissioners the effect of the proposed division and abide the result. It is not necessary to pass resolutions to bolster up any political shyetar, but simply to give such an expression of opinion that shall allow no misunderstanding. The committee having the meeting in charge must perform its duty and the scheme is killed.

CORRESPONDENCE

SANTA FE, Sept. 27, 1888.

There is but little of interest to note this week. The governor is absent in attendance at the fairs. The leaders of both parties are busy in the field endeavoring to convince voters that the welfare of the Territory is wholly dependent upon the election of their respective candidates. There has nothing transpired as yet to lead your correspondent to change his opinion that Antonio Joseph will be elected by at least 3,000 majority. Mr. Otero will be disappointed when the votes are counted in these places where he expects the largest majorities. Valencia county will not give him a larger majority this year than there are voters. The Lincoln county disaffection has ceased to be a matter of moment, and it is confidently believed that the Democracy will heartily support the ticket. Colfax county is no longer considered doubtful by the Republicans who have kindly placed it on the Democratic side, but by a reduced majority Mora county is also expected to roll up her usual vote for the reform party, notwithstanding the attempt to split the vote on local issues. Taken as a whole there is nothing in the present outlook to discourage the Democracy.

The penitentiary will cut no figure in the campaign this fall. There is but little fault found with the institution now, and if the governor had no power to discharge convicts, there would be no howl whatever. In this connection it may be proper to state exactly how Sheriff Russell was promised the warden-ship. The gentleman was asked by the governor, before Mr. Gable resigned, if he would accept the place and keep Mr. Barnett as deputy. Mr. Russell said if he took the place he would be the warden, and he would not only name his deputies but also his successor as sheriff of Socorro county. Anybody who is even slightly acquainted with Governor Ross need not be told that the ap-

pointment was placed elsewhere. Mr. Burnett got the place and I hardly think there is cause for regret among taxpayers.

Every few days a report is started that steps are being taken looking to the removal of Governor Ross and that the object is as good as attained. For the benefit of those interested it can be put down as a fact that Gov. Ross will remain in his position until the expiration of his term. There is but one way to secure his removal and the Republicans have not the power to accomplish it, even if they really desired to, which is very much doubted. Democrats alone might bring about the event, but there is at present no apparent desire on their part. In fact, the paramount desire just now is harmony, and to this end, which means the election of Mr. Joseph, there appears to be a united effort. Every true Democrat will rejoice in unity and success and all others who are in the party for revenue or selfish purposes may as well keep quiet and act with the majority. K. T.

Mexican Tramps Killed.

Tehachad Advertiser.

A queer, strange affair came to light on the D. & R. G. train from Pueblo yesterday morning. The brakeman put off three Mexican tramps at Bes-mer and when the train got to Salt Creek Conductor Reese noticed the door of a box car slightly opened, and upon looking saw a man walking around in the car who said he had been shot. The man was one of the Mexicans who was put off at Bes-mer. He could give no coherent account of it, but it was gathered from his talk that some of his companions had shot him. There was a bullet hole through the side of the car, so it can be inferred that some one was in the car with him. A man's hat was found, with powder burn on it. As he did not appear to be badly injured the conductor closed the door and proceeded to Graneros, the next telegraph station, and upon opening the door there, the man was found to be dead. It is supposed he was shot by one of his former companions.

Some distance above where the man was discovered, the dead bodies of his companions were found, each with bullet holes in them. There is at present no theory to be advanced.

Some Killings.

New Mexican.

Meager particulars of a bloody encounter in Valencia county, six miles south of a village known as El Rito, are at hand to-day. Two cattle outfits range in that locality, one owned by Eddleman and another by the Johnsons, and they employ a number of cowboys. Francisco Candelaria, from Atrison also has a flock of sheep ranging in that vicinity. A day or two ago some of the cowboys attempted to drive out the sheep herders when a battle ensued, resulting in the death of Candelaria's son, and the wounding of a cowboy and one of the Mexican herders.

The Texas War.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, Sept. 27.

A dispatch from Rio Grande City says the sheriffs of Cameron, Hidalgo, and Seapeta whose posse make a force of 150 men, arrived here to-day. Our own sheriff, Shely, has about 100 fighting men. Col. Cleddensing has been authorized to bring troops from Ringgold barracks if needful. Further trouble is not probable in face of the present display of force. All is quiet. Garcia is resting easier and it is hoped he will recover.

Judge Brewer, of the United States circuit court, has decided to appoint a receiver for the Missouri, Kansas & Texas railroad.

IN THE SHADOWS.

HOW CLERGYMEN VISIT THE NEW YORK DIVES.

Those Who Have Done It Quietly and One Who Published His Experiences to All the World—How the Sight of Reckless Dissipation Affected a Party of Three—Their Escort Tells Good Stories of Them.

(Copyright 1888.)

It is hard to determine which distinguished clergyman deserves the credit of starting the "sight" of ministers studying the unwholesome life of New York City by visiting the saloons and dives. The late Henry Wood Beecher once made a tour of Gotham under the protection of the police. The Rev. Dr. Follen, Dr. Hall, Dr. Stephen Tyng, Dr. Wood, Dr. Empson, Dr. Parker, and other pastors of lesser note, went through a similar experience at about the same time. All kept their trip more or less secret from the general public, and made use of the knowledge gained in this manner to illustrate their sermons and literary work, or to throw light upon the complicated questions of temperance work. A complete revelation was effected in this regard by the Rev. T. De Witt Talmage, who, during and after his famous visit to the honors of the metropolitan pulpit, made the lecture rostrum, and from the columns of a daily and weekly press, a month's venture created a seven-days' wonder, his singular story, recorded in no newspaper.

Some further evidence it is no unusual thing for ministers, especially those who have been reared in a country and have no knowledge of city life, and for theologians, to go to "dramming" under the care of some detective or guide. This week a party of three, two of whom are Christian men of good standing, and one a student in a local seminary, and the town employed as their mentor a detective, went to a leading hotel uptown on Broadway. The latter's story of the evening and night thus spent affords a good idea of the lower side of the Empire City.

"I called for my party at eight o'clock in the evening and found them ready for me, having just finished their dinner. They were excited, nervous I may say, and seemed to fear that they might get stopped or robbed. I sort of consoled them, and off we started. We went first to a brass game in the neighborhood of Sixth avenue and Third street, where I explained the mysteries of faro and gave them the pedigree of the dealer and a couple of cappers who were there. They were astonished, but chiefly on account of the eminent respectability of the place and the people."

"Didn't the proprietor object?" queried the reporter. "Not much! I've done him a lot of favors and he's grateful, in his way. Instead of kicking at the doctors, he offered them cigars and drinks, which they refused. From here we went to a low-grade policy shop that's chiefly patronized by negroes and cheap criminals. They play the envelope game mostly, a new invention which enables a poor devil to gamble with two or three cents. The place didn't interest my employers a bit. They were disgusted all through. As we were leaving a clever mulatto who had dropped to us came up and gave a beautiful story of a sick wife. The student, before I could say a word, handed a quarter to the fellow. The latter stood still as if wishing to say something. The student, who was a generous sort of a chap, said to him:

"My friend, is there anything else I can do for you?"

"Yes," answered the fellow with an anxious grin, "give me a number. I never played on a domine before!"

I laughed to myself at the man's cheek, but it was a good lesson to all the party and they didn't make the mistake again that night.

We then took in a big music hall on Twenty-third street. At first sight my three scholars were delighted. The place was so beautiful, the music, singing and other attractions were so good and the people so well dressed and well behaved, that they thought I was fooling them.

After a little while though when they saw that most of the girls who looked so young and innocent were drinking beer, wine or whiskey like old toppers, and heard part of a conversation at the next table which was just a trifle off colored, they were scared to death. When I told them that the patrons of the place were nearly all respectable business men and that no toughs were allowed to enter, it took their breath away.

After the music I rushed them through a half dozen places on the West Side, whose customers in the night time are girls and young women. They were so paralyzed they could hardly speak. In one place the student thought he could do a little missionary work with a very pretty girl that's done time twice on the island. He spoke very kindly to her and asked if it wasn't a very unhappy life she was leading. She looked him over a moment and then answered: "I don't know what kind of racket you're working, young man, and I don't care. My rule is put up or shut up. If you're not going to treat, please confine your remarks to your friends, because I won't have them and that's all there is to it!"

The student blushed and turned away as if he had been shot. They were getting a little bit tired from over-excitement. So, to give them a nightcap as it were, I took them to an opium club, all that's left of the old joints. We got into the place and found about two dozen men and women lying around the room, half-dressed and half-stupified with the morphine. They talked so nicely that one of the ministers thought he'd put a word in. He didn't finish more than a sentence, when a girl, she seemed hardly more than a mere child, said so softly you could just

hear her: "Please come to order, N' dear doctor. It is very bad manners to talk religion or politics in a joint. You, as a stranger, of course do not know the rule; so pardon me for preventing you indulging in such a breach of etiquette." Another smoker gravely added: "The lady's right, doctor." What more scolding might have come I can't say, but the minister bowed and turned to the door. When I took them to their hotel, they said: "Officer, you've done one thing. You've showed us that hell was here and that we are all living in it without knowing it."

"What did you get for your trouble?" asked the business-like reporter.

"Twenty-five for services and seventy-five for expenses. I netted seventy. It was an expensive lesson but I guess it paid them!"

"I suppose you find plenty to do escorting others besides clergymen?"

"Plenty; you would be surprised to know what a large number of 'summing' parties are made up in New York in the course of a week, and that all the year round."

"Do I die ever go?"

"Supposing they do, should I do right to tell you?" FALES CURTIS.

Go to the City Meat Market, Clark avenue, for fresh oysters, celery, and choice fruits and vegetables of all kinds.

Home Evidence

No other preparation has won success at home equal to Hood's Sarsaparilla. In Lowell, Mass., where it is made, it is now, as it has been for years, the leading medicine for purifying the blood, and toning and strengthening the system. This "good name at home" is "a tower of strength abroad."

It would require a volume to print all Lowell people have said in favor of Hood's Sarsaparilla. Mr. Albert Estes, living at 28 East Pine Street, Lowell, for 15 years employed as boss carpenter by J. W. Bennett, president of the Erie Telephone Company, had a large running sore come on his leg, which troubled him a year, when he began to take Hood's Sarsaparilla. The sore soon grew less in size, and in a short time disappeared.

Jos. Dunphy, 214 Central Street, Lowell, had swellings and lumps on his face and neck, which Hood's Sarsaparilla completely cured.

Mrs. C. W. Marriott, wife of the First Assistant Fire Engineer of Lowell, says that for 16 years she was troubled with stomach disorder and sick headache, which nothing relieved. The attacks came on every fortnight, when she was obliged to take her bed, and was unable to endure any noise. She took Hood's Sarsaparilla, and after a time the attacks ceased entirely.

Many more might be given had we room. On the recommendation of people of Lowell, who know us, we ask you to try

**Hood's Sarsaparilla**  
Sold by all druggists. \$1; six for \$5. Prepared only by C. I. HOOD & Co., Apothecaries, Lowell, Mass.

100 Doses One Dollar

LANDS—MINES



ANSWER TO INQUIRIES, \$1.00  
REPORT ON EMINES, CONTRACTS, &c., \$2.00  
Procuring Land Patents, Filing Arguments, and Conducting Contests, on Moderate Terms. Send for circular to  
**HENRY N. COPP, ATTORNEY AT LAW,**  
WASHINGTON, D. C.  
Every settler should have Copp's Attorney's Guide. 124 pages price only 25 cents (postage included).

THE NOVELTY SHOP,  
COOK AVENUE,  
A. S. Robinson  
— PROPRIETOR —

Being provided with steam power I am prepared to do any and all kinds of wood work promptly and satisfactorily.  
Special attention given to the repairing of any kind of machinery, wagons, etc.  
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED.  
...TERMS CASH....

SECHLER & CO.  
PAID-UP CAPITAL STOCK, \$200,000.  
CINCINNATI, OHIO.



MANUFACTURERS OF  
**BUSINESS AND PLEASURE VEHICLES.**  
Proprietors and Sole Users of Sechler's Improved Perfection Fifth-Wheel.  
All Work Guaranteed as Represented.  
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THE BEST  
**SPRING WAGONS, BUGGIES**  
AND  
**ROAD CARTS**



THE BEST  
**FARM WAGON**  
IN THE MARKET  
Send for Catalogue and Price List.  
**FISH BROS. WAGON CO.,**  
RACINE, WIS.



[From Thursday's Daily.]

COURT NOTES.

JUDGE LONG GIVES A NEEDED WARNING TO "KILLERS."

The Grand Jury Scored—Ratonites Admitted to Citizenship.

The case of the Territory vs. Samuel Monehan was called for trial yesterday. M. A. Breeden appearing in behalf of the prosecution and Messrs. Fort and Franks for the defense. The testimony showed that Richard P. Clayton was killed, in the month of May last, at the town of Folsom, by the defendant, and the circumstances connected with the tragedy were such as to convince every person in the room that the act was justifiable. Accordingly Judge Long addressed the jury as follows:

Gentlemen of the jury:—It is the duty of the prosecutor to press this case until all the facts are fully developed. The killing of a man is a very serious matter, and it is due to one who kills another that he should have the opportunity to make known to the whole public the facts and circumstances so that he may stand justified, if he really is so and it is due to the public that he shall be punished in case he is not justified. I think the district attorney and the assistant attorney general are entirely in harmony with the Court with reference to the disposition which should be made of this case. It is undoubtedly true that if Clayton was not a bad man and a wicked and reckless man and a "killer," that he sought to create that impression about the little town where he met his death. A man who goes around, gentlemen, seeking to create that reputation for himself, whether the facts will warrant it or not, must expect the people will take him at his word and deal with him accordingly. A man who threatens to kill another man must expect that other to take the threat to be a threat in earnest and to prepare himself and hold himself in readiness to deal with it accordingly. If a man threatens to run another out of his place of business, threatens to run him out of the town, threatens to take his life, even though he is in fun about it, and even though it is a mere matter of bravado, he must expect that other man to take it as a matter of fact. A man whose life is threatened, especially after he has been attacked a time or two, cannot be expected to wait until after he is killed to see whether the man is in earnest or not. He is bound to take him at his word and believe him to be in earnest. I think from all the evidence that is before you, gentlemen, if there was one citizen down there that could have been spared better than another, it was Clayton. I think this man has done a public service. I think he could have done no less than he did. I have not the slightest doubt but what he believed when he shot the deceased that he was about to attack him. He was much larger than the defendant, and had probably physical strength enough to have pulled the defendant right over the counter and done him very serious harm. He had very greatly humiliated him—he had compelled the defendant to suffer all kinds of humiliation and abuse—and I think the defendant done exactly right. It is about time in this country, gentlemen, when all the "killers" were served just the same way. The time has passed in this country when men can shoot up the town and, to use a term that is rather common but expressive, bulldoze communities. I shall direct you, gentlemen, to return a verdict from your panel of acquittal and I have no doubt you will all take pleasure in doing so.

The grand jury was called into court yesterday and given a lecture. The judge stated in plain terms the duty of each member of the jury, and called particular attention to the late circular issued by O. P. McMains. He then gave the circular to the jury and sent them back to their rooms. These instructions are deemed of considerable importance at this time and will be published in the Weekly Enterprise.

M. A. Breeden, on behalf of the defendant, in the case of Wetherell vs. McKee, made a motion this morning to set aside the judgment in the case. Messrs. Springer and Voorhees opposed the motion,

which was overruled. In deciding the motion, Judge Long paid E. A. Fiske a high compliment. He said that during his acquaintance with Mr. Fiske he had always found that gentleman faithful to his clients, diligent and prompt.

Messrs. Ralph and Clarence Whistler, John Gilpin and Charles E. Powell to-day renounced allegiance to Queen Victoria and obtained their final citizenship papers. The session will probably terminate next Saturday.

**Democratic Primary.**  
Pursuant to call, the Democratic primary for this precinct was held at the band hall this afternoon for the selection of six delegates and six alternates to represent Precinct No. 6 in the county convention to be held in Springer on Saturday.

C. B. Kohlhausen called the meeting to order and stated the object, after which F. M. Green was chosen chairman, G. B. Beringer secretary, and Mr. Garcia interpreter.

The following named gentlemen were chosen as delegates: G. B. Beringer, C. B. Kohlhausen, F. M. Green, J. C. Campbell, M. Ribera, A. C. Smith. For alternates: Mr. Garcia, S. French, S. Kains, E. B. Franks, S. T. Rush, S. P. Rust.

The following was unanimously adopted:

Be it resolved by this convention, that its delegates nominated to represent it in the county convention, be instructed and required to pledge themselves to vote for the nomination of such candidates only for places upon the anti grant Democratic ticket, who pledge themselves to accept nominations on no other ticket.

Adjourned.

MARRIED.

**HILL-LOVE**—At Chico Springs, September 24th, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. G. W. Ray, Mr. John C. Hill and Miss Nettie Louise Love.

**VIGIL-ARMIJO**—In Raton, September 27th by Rev. J. McGaughey, Mr. Felix Vigil and Miss Felicitia Armijo, both of Vermejo.

Gasoline, 30 cents a gallon, at A. H. Carey's.

A. E. Burnam and sister went to Denver on the noon train.

The county officials for the next two years will be named in Springer on Saturday.

Mr. Thos. Ainsworth, after a short visit in Raton, returned to Albuquerque to day.

J. D. Phillips of Folsom greeted many friends in Raton to-day, while on his way home from the county seat.

A primary for what has been misnamed the "People's" convention was held last evening. The dozen men assembled succeeded in naming twenty-two delegates to attend the convention called for to-morrow in Raton.

Between six and seven o'clock this morning the fire department was called out to extinguish a blaze in the roof of the Chinese laundry on the south side of Saunders avenue, which was soon accomplished with but little damage. A defective flue caused the fire. The roof was burned considerably, but is now being repaired. Again the town has escaped. Plenty of water and the absence of wind, together with an able fire department, has saved an entire block.

A Narrow Escape.

Albuquerque Citizen.

William J. Haney, a switchman in the Santa Fe yards here, while attempting to mount the steps on the back part of the engine last evening at 7 o'clock, missed his footing and was pulled under the foot board of the tank. Some portion of the brake apparatus caught in his shirt collar, and as the engine was backing at the time the unfortunate man was dragged about 100 yards, with his head and shoulders striking against the rails and ties. The engineer at last heard Haney's cries for help, and stopping the engine extricated the man from his perilous position. He was taken to the Atlantic & Pacific hospital, where on examination it was found that his face and head were badly bruised, and the shoulder blade broken. His injuries are not necessarily dangerous.

General Business Outlook.

Age & Steel.

Looking over the whole field of business, it cannot be said that the prospects are otherwise than favorable for greater activity late in the fall. Every condition, apparently, is of hopeful augury, and it only remains to get the presidential election behind us before entering upon more prosperous times. The crops will all yield abundant harvests, although wheat will not make so good a return as last year; and the export demand for grain will be largely increased by the losses to agriculture in Great Britain, France and Italy. The movement of the crops will soon begin in large volume, and the exportation of cotton and other staples will overcome the present adverse balance of trade against this country. Again, the financial situation is easy and safe. In addition to a vast volume of money in circulation, whereby interest rates are kept down to unusually low figures and collections are made easy, the United States treasury contains a surplus of over \$130,000,000, which may be applied, as occasion demands, to the purchase of bonds in the open market, and which will undoubtedly be reduced in the next congress by appropriations and reductions along the lines of revenue. Finally, there is a strongly improved condition of business already in some of its most important departments. Wool, hides, and leather are all in a much better condition as to both price and prospects than for many months past. The favorable changes in the iron trade, of course, have been widely noted already, and are only referred to in this connection for the reason that the iron trade is regarded as a trustworthy business barometer. All things considered, therefore, the indications for general trade may be said to be good, notwithstanding all the demoralization incident to a great political contest.

Piracy.

When second childhood comes a man forgets he is old.

The modern widow's cruise is a voyage for a husband.

It is good for a man to love his enemies if he can do so without injuring his friends.

The man who abuses himself and honor both is one who drinks not wisely but too often.

There are any number of party platforms. All they want is to have some party to adopt them.

The boy who commences to steal his mother's preserves, may end by having his father's jim-jams.

The saying that every dog has its day, does not discourage the dog. The average dog is satisfied with a day that belongs to any other dog.

Speaking of soldiers, Walt Whitman says: "The bravest pressed to the front and fell, unnamed, unknown." Others, it seemed, not the bravest, lived to hold office and talk about themselves.

How the Yellow Fever Came to Florida.

New York Sun.

The first case of yellow fever in Florida appeared in Tampa. It was brought there by smugglers from Havana. There is a good deal of smuggling done between Cuba and Florida and it was by means of the light, swift vessels engaged in that trade that the pestilence was imported.

The smugglers who brought this dreadful disease to our shores may have made something by their trade, but Florida and the United States have lost frightfully in consequence.

Distress after eating, heartburns, sick headache and indigestion are cured by Hood's Sarsaparilla. It also creates a good appetite. 2

Sitting up Oklahoma.

Whit & Lee.

We are about to go to the territory to settle. There are settlers there now and we don't see why there should not be more if the few already there are allowed to remain. Those already there have been reported to the officers at Fort Reno and to the authorities at Washington, but no attempt has been made to eject them nor have any orders been given to them to leave. We expect to see 100,000 people go into Oklahoma from all directions when it becomes known that no attempts are being made to exclude them.

The cattlemen keep reporting that all settlers are removed, but their reports are false, for we have been there and the settlers are there to prove conclusively the falsity of the reports.

Now is our time to get homes. There is the land 150 miles wide by 200 miles long, unoccupied by Indians or whites, except the cattlemen (and their leases have expired). We have stood this fraud long enough and congress will not act unless we make them move. The president and all the authorities know that the leases are fraudulent, and we want to be expelled if we move there and settle down. The cattlemen have been allowed to graze their cattle there long enough, and they should not be permitted to keep the land another ten years and make more millions to buy our congressmen with.

In case the Springer bill passes we will not be debarred from our rights, for that bill states that prior rights will not be allowed on account of settlement before the bill passed, but if we are on our claims when it passes we are on the ground and can make the first claim.

The present is the time to go there, for in two or three months the prairies will be burned bare and we will be unable to make hay.

We consider that the only way to get the bill through is to make settlement at once, which will cause congress to act at once. If we don't push the matter congress is liable to filibuster around and not open up the territory at all and the cattlemen will have it all their own way. Again, now, while the iron is hot, is the time to strike.

SEVERAL SETTLERS.

Franks of Conscience.

Cassell's Saturday Journal.

Constant readers of newspapers may have observed that a curious epidemic of conscience often follows the commission of a great crime. Men and even women hasten to accuse themselves of the particular offense which is exciting public interest, or of similar crimes that have never come to light or have been forgotten. The police are often compelled to investigate confessions made under the influence of drink or of a morbid imagination. Not long ago a large field in the neighborhood of London was dug up in the expectation of discovering the skeleton of a farmer who disappeared mysteriously thirty years before. A sailor declared that he had murdered the missing man and buried him in a meadow. No remains were discovered, but the result of the investigations made by the police led to the trial and conviction of the sailor for a murder committed by him a few weeks previous to his false confession. A thief is not often troubled with that silent monitor called conscience. There is, however, on record one instance in which either conscience or gratitude compelled a thief to make restitution.

Charles Dickens, the novelist, when in France was robbed of his watch—a valuable gold repeater, presented to him by admirers who had caused their appreciation to be engraved upon the case. Dickens' grief was short, for, on the following afternoon he received the watch, and with it a polite note apologizing for any inconvenience that might have been caused by its temporary withdrawal. The pickpocket had not recognized his victim as a fellow-countryman, and still less as the inimitable portrayer of Bill Sykes.

Worse Than Murder.

Nebraska State Journal.

Texas widow: "Yes, my husband was a good man before they hung him. He killed seven men in five years."  
"And I suppose he was executed for it?"  
"No, he wasn't. Where did you get that idea?"  
"Why, you said he was hanged."  
"So he was, as I told him he would be, when he commenced to use loaded dice."

Ten-cent counter at Winhook 7.

The Death of Noble Clergymen.

One cannot help being astonished at the number of leading clergymen in New York who have been brought over here from abroad to fill the pulpits of our fashionable churches. Take a few facts. In my boyhood the leading clergyman of the Episcopal denomination here was the Rev. Dr. Tyng, an American by birth, but now that place is held by a Englishman of recent immigration. The leading clergyman of the Presbyterian denomination was the Rev. Dr. Spring, American by birth; but now that place is held by the Rev. John Hall, a Belfast Irishman, discovered by Robert Bonner. The leading clergyman of the Congregationalist denomination was the Rev. Dr. Joseph Thompson, an American by birth; but now the same place is held by the Rev. Dr. Taylor, a Scotchman, brought here as Mr. Thompson's successor in the Tabernacle. The leading clergyman of the Unitarian Church was the Rev. Dr. Belows, a born American; but now that place is held by the Rev. Robert Collyer, an Englishman who came over here some years ago. The leading clergyman of the Dutch Reformed Church was the Rev. Dr. Vermilyea, of old American stock; but now the place is held by the Rev. Dr. Orniston, a large-headed Scotchman, who came to this country "under contract." If we go down from such famous men as those just named to the lesser lights of the New York pulpit, we find the change in the same direction to be still more remarkable. Almost every year clergymen are brought over from the British Isles for some of our churches.

Why this dearth of acceptable clergymen of American birth in these days, when they used to be so abundant in other times? There is no such scarcity of ability and eloquence in politics or the law as to compel us to import a supply from abroad; why should there be scarcity of talent in the pulpit? We have plenty of theological schools for training clergymen of all denominations, and several thousands of young theologians who ought to be well equipped must be turned out from their study year. The professors in these institutions cannot be less competent than those in similar institutions abroad, and it cannot be admitted that the pupils are any way inferior to those who are preparing for the clerical profession in Great Britain. There is something incomprehensible in this business. The salaries paid to the leading lights are large, and the clergy enjoy many perquisites which highly increase their emoluments. Besides the financial inducements the men of the cloth enjoy a social standing, with opportunities of winning fame, such as are not easily secured in other vocations.

JOHN SWINSON.

Parties desiring good board, with or without rooms, can find first-class accommodation at the Cottage Home, Second street.

Notice of sale by Mortgagee.

WHEREAS, Charles Wheeler and Hattie Wheeler (his wife) being residents of the Town of Raton, County of Colfax, and Territory of New Mexico, made, executed and delivered to me, William Ruth, a resident of the City of Denver, in the State of Colorado, a certain Mortgage Deed to secure the sum of Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000.00), as principal, with interest thereon at the rate of one per cent per month from the 1st day of January, A. D. 1885, until paid, which said Mortgage Deed bears date of the day and year last aforesaid, and was duly filed for record at the office of the clerk and Ex-Officio the Recorder of said County of Colfax on the 8th day of January, A. D. 1885, at four o'clock P. M., and duly recorded in book "B," at pages 453 to 456 of the record of mortgages of the said county of Colfax, on the 9th day of January, A. D. 1885.

And whereas, The said sum of money, together with the interest thereon by the said mortgage secured, became due and was payable on the 1st day of January, A. D. 1886, and default was made by the said mortgagors in the payment of the same, and the same still remains due and unpaid.

And whereas, There is now due and owing upon the said mortgage the sum of Fifteen Thousand Dollars (\$15,000), as principal, and the sum of One Thousand, Nine Hundred and Fifty Dollars (\$1,950), as interest, making the total now due and owing upon the said mortgage the sum of Sixteen Thousand, Nine Hundred and Fifty Dollars (\$16,950), together with all costs accrued, accruing and to accrue on account of this sale.

And whereas, No suit at law or equity has been instituted and is now pending to recover the said last mentioned sum of money, and the same is now due and owing from the said mortgagors; therefore, under and by virtue of the power and authority in me vested, the said mortgage will be foreclosed and the lands and real estate therein described will be sold at

PUBLIC AUCTION

To satisfy the indebtedness aforesaid, and I, mortgagee as aforesaid, do hereby give notice, that on the 28th day of October, A. D. 1888, commencing at the hour of 10 o'clock A. M. upon the premises in the said town of Raton, I will sell to the highest bidder for cash all of the hereinafter described lands and real estate, to-wit:

Lots numbers eight (8), nine (9) and fifteen (15) in block number eight (8); and lots numbers seven (7), eight (8), nine (9), ten (10), eleven (11) and twelve (12) in block number fifteen (15), together with all the improvements thereon; and also lots numbers (17) and eighteen (18) in block number eight (8), together with an undivided one-half interest in and to all the improvements thereon. All of the hereinbefore described lands and real estate situate, lying and being in the town of Raton, in the county of Colfax, in the Territory of New Mexico, and so designated and described by the map and plat of the said town, of record at the office of the clerk and Ex-Officio the Recorder of the said County of Colfax, said map being made by one A. A. Robinson.

WILLIAM RUTH, Mortgagee.

Dated September 26th, 1888.



J. C. HOLMES, Editor.

[From Tuesday's Daily.] MARRI D.

BOUCHER-OLIVE - In Raton, September 25th, at the residence of the bride's parents, by Rev. J. McLaughlin, Mr. Cyrus D. Boucher and Miss Ollie Olive.

Station Agent King returned from Kansas City last evening. Mr. C. D. Boucher and bride started for Denver on the noon train.

W. A. White, the photographer, starts for Taos tomorrow on a business trip. During his absence he will secure some interesting views in the neighborhood of the famous Ojo Caliente springs.

Judge Long's charge to the grand jury in Colfax county was wise and conservative. If they follow the spirit of his directions they will make no mistake.—Herald.

Chas. B. Hacker has purchased the Fulton Meat Market from Dagner & Rohr and is now in possession. He will endeavor to keep up the reputation of this well-known house, and hold its extended patronage.

Several citizens of Raton came in on the noon train from the county seat, whither they had been summoned as witnesses. Nothing of importance has been done as yet and the proceedings of the session are losing interest.

A novel electric railway is undergoing construction in a suburb of St. Paul, Minn. The railroad is an elevated structure and the cars are hung below it close to the street level. They hang from sets of wheels, taking their power from the tracks, which are charged with electricity. A speed from eight to ten miles an hour is claimed for the cars.

To say that the rink is handsomely decorated for the ball this evening does not sufficiently express the condition of the building. The roof is almost hidden by dense masses of evergreens and the stage is trimmed as it never was before. On wires strung across the building are hung the colored lanterns used by the railroad boys and at the end are headlights. The different colored flags used on the trains are also conspicuously displayed. Wreaths of flowers and evergreens add to the beauty of the decorations. The committee having in charge this work deserves credit for the manner in which it has discharged its duties, and if the other committees have done as well the affair will be the grandest ever known in Raton.

CLAYTON ITEMS.

Enterprise. Another lot of horses mysteriously disappeared from this neighborhood one night last week. Probably stolen.

Several of Clayton's citizens experienced the pleasure this week of traveling 200 miles to the county seat to tell the grand jury they didn't know anything.

W. J. Farwell, manager of the XIT ranch and a nephew of Senator Farwell, has been appointed postmaster at Farwell, Texas, a new town about 24 miles south of Clayton on the Denver, Texas & Gulf road. He has appointed as his assistant W. G. Wright. Mr. Farwell is in the southern part of the pasture gathering the balance of the 10,000 beef steers they are shipping to Chicago.

In September, 1886, Lee & Foster bought a bunch of cattle from some Texas parties and turned them loose on the range without counterbranding, simply recording the brand on them at the time of the purchase, as their own. Last year another lot of cattle bearing the same brand were brought up and sold to other New Mexico parties, who this year sold to the Maxwell grant company. Lee & Foster learning of these transactions began counterbranding the lot they had purchased as fast as possible. While Mr. Foster was near Patagon with the last roundup the grant company got out a writ of replevin and took three steers he had in his possession, claiming that they had bought the brand and the cattle belonged to them. He was going to bring suit before a justice of the peace for the recovery of the steers, but was informed by the grant company that they would not rest the case there unless it went their way, so Mr. Foster concluded to carry it to the district court, before which the case will come up next week.

REMOVAL.

Dr. Hayden's Dental Office is now on Second street, next door to the rink. Office hours, 9 A. M. to 4 P. M.

Gasoline, 30 cents a gallon, at A. H. Carey's.

Fresh Oysters at the City Meat Market, Clark avenue.

Choice Meats, finest butter, fruits, and vegetables, at the Raton Meat Market.

Coming to New Mexico. Denver World.

The Dodge City, Montezuma & Trinidad, the new line from Dodge City, Kas., to Trinidad, in this State, has been completed to Montezuma, a distance of thirty miles southwest from Dodge City, and active operations are expected to be in progress without delay on this road which will run almost due west from Montezuma to the Colorado line, from the State line west, the survey selected strikes onto the head of Two Battles creek, and over a low divide into Purgatorre, or Las Animas river, and up that stream to the city of Trinidad. It is probable that that section of the State will experience a boom in railroad building within the near future, as no less than four separate and distinct parties are actively at work, surveying lines, the intention of all of them being, undoubtedly, to invade New Mexico and Arizona. On Friday of last week a party of engineers left Alamosa, working east toward Medina Pass, one of the lowest in the Sangre de Cristo range and prior to their departure the fact leaked out that a similar party was already working west over the same pass, which they were expecting to meet. No information was obtainable as to the company behind this survey, but it is supposed to be a party of Pueblo capitalists who are known to be privately toying a scheme looking toward building in that country. This, taken into connection with the fact that the Rock Island and Ft. W. & D. are intending to invade the new country, and that the Rio Grande naturally has a feeling of proprietorship and will not willingly relinquish its fatherly control, will doubtless tend to draw the public mind to that section again soon to be the seat of active operations.

Go to the City Meat Market, Clark avenue, for fresh oysters, celery, and choice fruits and vegetables of all kinds.

Parties desiring good board, with or without rooms, can find first-class accommodations at the Cottage Home, Second street.

Go to the Raton Meat Market, Young & McAuliffe proprietors, Cook avenue, for fresh vegetables, celery and the finest meats to be found in Raton.

The Ladies' Industrial society of the Presbyterian Church will give an apron bazaar at the band hall on October 11th. There will be appropriate aprons for every trade on sale; also ladies' and children's aprons of all kinds.

Prof. Jamison, who was organizing an expedition for the relief of Henry M. Stanley, died of African fever on the Congo river recently.

The Santa Fe Herald kindly offers Messrs. Julian and Dorsey a column each week in which to continue the controversy commenced some time ago in the North American Review.

Whence, asks an English professor, came the men who inhabited the British Islands in preglacial times? Not from the east or the south, for the remains of southern species of deer and other food animals would have been found with theirs, whereas all such remains are of northern origin. Then, if men came down from the north, they must have gone up there in some previous age, and we have themes for curious speculations concerning the preglacial antiquity of man and polar climates.

The cause of the outbreak of yellow fever in Jacksonville was the failure last year to destroy the infected clothing. The saving of a few dollars has cost the State the loss of nearly a hundred lives in that city alone, and hundreds of thousands of dollars. There have been seven hundred cases of yellow fever in Jacksonville, and to the distress and death must be added the sufferings and deprivations of quarantine, and the cessation of business and traffic. When the infection has once taken hold of a city only frost will stop it. The best labors of sanitary experts seem almost powerless to prevent its spread. The only things that can be done are to shut it in by strict quarantine, or to provide places of refuge and appropriate treatment.

MINES AND SWINDLERS.

MEN WHO MAKE IT POSSIBLE TO FIND GOLD ANYWHERE.

Clever Dodges Which Puzzle Assayers Themselves—A Man Who Spat Gold—Doctoring Ore En Route—The Story of Gabriel's Sword—This Weapon Proved To Be of Humble Origin.

"Pardon me, sir, we allow no one in that room but the assayers." I looked at the speaker with an expression of injured innocence. He was the member of a great firm of chemists whose certificate as to the output of a mine would be worth a fortune if favorable. "Sorry to offend you sir," he continued, "but we assume that every man who comes in here is a knave."

This aroused my curiosity and I improved the first opportunity to ask an expert assayer to explain these misanthropic sentiments. Dr. Ledoux, a famous chemist connected with the firm mentioned above, satisfied me that they were well founded. "We can hardly trust our own senses," he said. "I have known a sample of ore to yield a heavy percentage of gold when its owner was present at the test and none at all when he was absent. How can that be? Well, in this instance I saw nothing wrong, but recently I was conducting an assay in the presence of the owner of the sample and noticed that he was chewing tobacco very vigorously and also going to the assay furnace to exporate into the fire. Watching him narrowly I saw him spit into the crucible and seeing him by the throat I forced out of his mouth the tobacco and along with it a quantity of gold dust, which he was attempting to get into the crucible this way to make his assay run high. It would require very little gold thus added to an ounce of ore to make a difference of many hundreds of dollars per ton in the result."

"We once sent an engineer to Colorado to sample a silver mine," said Dr. Ledoux. "He was entirely unimpressed in the performance of his duty and felt sure that he had a fair average sample. He took the precaution, however, to divide his sample into two lots, sending one lot by express and bringing the other with him in his trunk. Both samples arrived with their seals unbroken, and the bags apparently in tact, but when we came to assay them we found nearly double the amount of silver in those which had come by express. Investigation showed that somebody had punctured the bags which came by express with the point of a syringe, and had squirted in among the ore a strong solution of nitrate of silver, which drying upon the ore, of course, added greatly to the assay."

"The most singular attempt at swindle which we have ever come across was in connection with 'Gabriel's Sword.' You may remember that in the month of May, 1885, the papers in Ulster and Sullivan counties and the New York daily papers were widely excited over a most remarkable discovery back of Kingston, N. Y. A strange sword had fallen from the skies and had been discovered in the town of Rochester, Ulster Co.

"Some time in July following, a long-haired individual came into our office staggering under the weight of a box seven feet long with a cross piece near one end about two feet in length. He asked if we would assay anything, and on being assured that we would, pulled out a screw driver and carefully unscrewed his box, out of which he took a sword. It was a curious weapon nearly seven feet long and so heavy that I could scarcely lift the point from the ground with one hand by taking hold of the handle. It was covered with Hebrew or Phoenician characters apparently, and covered with rude figures of men and animals. This marking was only apparent where the rust with which most of the weapon was heavily corroded had been rubbed off."

"The man said that he was the discoverer of this strange sword and was exhibiting it about the country; that some unbelievers had scoffed at his statements that it came from a spiritual world and that he desired us to make an assay of it to prove that it was genuine. He stated further that on its appearance and ring when it was struck one would naturally take it to be steel, but that he had been in times past a blacksmith and was familiar with metals, and that it was his opinion that it was a compound of silver and iron, and asked me whether such an alloy was not uncommon."

"I told him yes, of course, when he triumphantly added: 'Now I want you to assay this sword and give me a certificate that it is neither iron nor steel but an alloy containing silver, and I want you to say on your certificate that such an alloy is not used in this world for such purposes and would not have the hardness, flexibility and other characteristics which this sword possesses.'"

"I was interested and amused, and agreed to make the test. The old man seemed anxious not to mutilate the weapon, and it was agreed that we should file off a portion from a place where it was particularly rusted and assay the filing. I was convinced that it was nothing but steel, and was most intensely surprised when our assayer brought up a large silver button, which he had obtained from the filings. The old man was triumphant, but I was at once on my guard, as I scented a swindle. It was of course possible to coat the surface with a silver solution which would dry and produce the result which we found, and I refused to give him a certificate without a further test. He readily acquiesced in this, and said that he had rather anticipated such a request, and proposed that he should file off the end of the cross-bar, calling my attention to the fact that one end was about half an inch longer than the other, and that the cross-bar and sword were undoubtedly forged out of the same piece of metal, so that what was

true of the composition of the bar was true of the sword. This I agreed to, and the end was filed off. It appeared to be simply a cube of soft iron or steel heavily rusted on five sides, and bright and homogeneous where cut by the file. "Now," said my client, "you tell your man to put this in the crucible and I will abide by the result." In spite of the appearance of the piece of metal our assayer was instructed to take a cold chisel and cut it in two and assay the two halves separately. To our intense astonishment he brought the two portions upstairs, showing us, concealed in the middle, a plug of silver surrounded on all sides by the steel or iron. The whole thing was at once plain! The old man, or someone, in manufacturing the sword had bored a hole through one end of the cross bar and plugged it up with silver, so that it did not show. He had probably invented the meteoric story. We of course declined to give him a certificate of the supernatural origin of the weapon, which he had undoubtedly made himself, and he departed.

"I must tell you, however, of a good joke which the old man gave us the benefit of before he left. As he was packing his weapon a Western gentleman happened in who is of a decidedly Jewish cast of countenance. He is very sensitive on the subject, and continually goes out of his way to assure people that he is not a Hebrew. He was arrested by the sight of the sword, and called out:

"Well, old man, what have you got there?"

"He received no reply, and repeated his question, adding: 'Is it a cheese knife?'"

"The old man looked up at him and said: 'New it ain't a cheese knife, but if you want it to cut your pork with I'll lend it to ye.'"

"This would have been bad enough if the gentleman had been a K. K. brew, but to those who knew him and were familiar with his sensitiveness on the point it was doubly funny."

"The men we most fear are the 'new process' characters who profess to be able to find gold or tin or other metal in the most unlikely rocks by secret means of their own. They come to us for certificates and always insist on being present when their process is tried. Sometimes they will 'salt' the sample or put gold into the crucible in its ore of the greatest watchfulness. One of these men made a contract with my late partner to test his process in his presence. He agreed to give him the details of his process, ostensibly to read over so as to familiarize himself with them. The process was supposed to extract gold from every variety of rock where the ordinary methods of assay would not show it. My partner selected a barren rock and tested it carefully, and obtained no gold even by the special process. He had everything cleaned up and put away and repeated the test in the man's presence. Although he did not seem to go near the crucible, and there was an assistant present especially to watch him, the result of the second test was a considerable quantity of gold. The man paid his fee, leaving instructions to have a certificate as to the efficiency of his process sent to his hotel. The certificate was duly made out, but stated that 'Mr. —'s process was tried twice, once in his absence and once when he was present."

"In the former case absolutely no gold was obtained from the rock, but in the latter such and such an amount was yielded."

"The man never turned up again, as he evidently knew that he was caught. To this day nobody knows how the gold was gotten into the sample."

"Hardly a week passes in our business without something new and interesting or startling connected with mines or swindlers." HARRY WALKER.

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Mrs. Winslow's SOOTHING SYRUP should always be used for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic and is the best remedy for diarrhoea.

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See wonders exist in the hands of men, but are surpassed by the marvels of invention. Those who are in need of profitable work that can be done while living at home should attend to their address to B. B. & Co., Portland, Maine, and receive free, full information of how either sex, of all ages, can earn from \$5 to \$25 per day and upwards wherever they live.

The Proposed Conference in Paris
Detroit Free Press.
If the proposition to hold an arbitration conference at Paris next month is consummated, the good that it will do as a promoter of a higher public sentiment will be great.

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Sugars, Coffee, Tea, Flour, Meal, Graham Meal, Canned Goods, Jellies, Preserves, Spices, Fruit Butter, Ham, Lard, Bacon, Potatoes, Etc.

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The Original Abietine Ointment is only put up in large two-ounce tin boxes, and is an absolute cure for old sores, burns, wounds, chapped hands, and all skin eruptions.

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NOTICE
Notice is hereby given that no persons will be allowed after this date to settle on the Maxwell Land Grant without having first made arrangements with the receiver.

November 8, 1887.
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The treatment of many thousands of cases of these chronic weaknesses and distressing ailments peculiar to females. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the outgrowth, or result, of this great and valuable experience. Thousands of testimonials, received from patients and from physicians who have tested it in the more aggravated and obstinate cases which had baffled their skill, prove it to be the most wonderful remedy ever devised for the relief and cure of suffering women. It is not recommended as a "cure-all," but as a most perfect specific for woman's peculiar ailments.

As a powerful, invigorating tonic, it imparts strength to the whole system, and to the womb and its appendages in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," "run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," housekeepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequalled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening medicine, Favorite Prescription is unequalled and is invaluable in relieving and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, exhaustion, prostration, hysteria, spasms and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic diseases of the womb. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a legitimate medicine, carefully compounded by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate organization. It is purely vegetable in its composition and perfectly harmless in its effects in any condition of the system. For morning sickness, or nausea, from whatever cause arising, weak stomach, indigestion, dyspepsia and kindred symptoms, its use, in small doses, will prove very beneficial.

"Favorite Prescription" is a positive cure for the most complicated and obstinate cases of leucorrhoea, excessive flowing, painful menstruation, unnatural suppression, prolapsus, or falling of the womb, weak back, "female weakness," anteversion, retroversion, bearing-down sensations, chronic congestion, inflammation and ulceration of the womb, inflammation, pain and tenderness in ovaries, accompanied with "internal heat."

As a regulator and promoter of functional action, at that critical period of change from girlhood to womanhood, "Favorite Prescription" is a perfectly safe remedial agent, and can produce only good results. It is equally efficacious and vital in its effects when taken for these disorders and derangements incident to that later and most critical period, known as "The Change of Life."

"Favorite Prescription" when taken in connection with the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, and small laxative doses of Dr. Pierce's Purgative Pills (Little Liver Pills), cures Liver, Kidney and Bladder diseases. Their combined use also removes blood taints, and abolishes cancerous and scrophulous humors from the system.

"Favorite Prescription" is the only medicine for women, sold by druggists, under a positive guarantee, from the manufacturer, that it will give satisfaction in every case, or money will be refunded. This guarantee has been printed on the bottle-wrappers, and faithfully carried out for many years.

Large bottles (30 doses) \$3.00, or six bottles for \$5.00. For large, illustrated Treatise on Diseases of Women (100 pages, paper-covered, bound in leather), send ten cents in stamps. Address, World's Dispensary Medical Association, 603 Main St., N.Y.

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TABLE.
SUNDAY, June 17, 1888.
1:25 P.M. 3:45 P.M.
5:45 A.M. 8:45 A.M.
10:30 A.M. 1:20 P.M.
2:20 P.M. 5:40 A.M.

PIOUS LITERARY WOMEN.

DISTINGUISHED FEMALE WRITERS WHO STAND BY THE CREED.

Harriet Beecher Stowe Writes a Letter Embodying Her Religious Opinions—Rose Terry Cook, Marion Harland, Louise Chandler Moulton and Mary J. Holmes State Their Views on the Subject of Greatest Concern.

At a gathering of a literary kind in New York last spring, the conversation fell upon the subject of religion and the various beliefs held by people whom we individually knew. It was remarked that women were religious as long as they were domestic, but that the moment they had a career outside of their home, they became agnostics, free thinkers or something else as radical.

humbly, gratefully and utterly in the Saviour of the world: the Christ who was tempted like as we are, the God-Man who is able to save unto the uttermost all who put their trust in him.

"The solemn shadow of His cross is brighter than the sun."
"This faith, transmitted to me by generations of godly ancestors, some of whom laid down their lives for it, I have carefully and severely tested by all the powers and lights I could bring to bear upon it, and stand to-day more firmly in it than ever before.

"In every event of daily life, the least even as the greatest, I seek to have but one rule, that set forth so simply and beautifully in Longfellow's Dedication Hymn:
'And evermore beside him on the way,
That he may lean upon His arm and say,
Dost Thou, dear Lord, approve?'

"This is, of course, ten times as much as you wanted me to write, but from it you can extract the germ of 'my creed.' Religion is so much to me, I would have it so much to others that I say too much when I trust myself to speak upon it."

Julia C. R. Dorr, that most delightful writer and noble woman, thus answers the question:
"You set me a rather hard task. If you had asked me for my 'religious views' when I was about eighteen, it would have been easier to respond, for at that time I had much more decided 'views' on most subjects than I have now. One grows humbler as one grows older, and much less sure of things.

"Two strains of blood meet in my spiritual as well as in my physical nature. French Catholicism is on one side, New England Unitarianism on the other. From the one I inherit a love of forms and symbols and stately ceremonials which make, one-half of my sympathize with, and comprehend by intuition, much that the other half neither believes in nor understands. But I was 'brought up' in the straight school of New England orthodoxy and belong to the Congregational Church, the king of it that interprets the old creeds broadly, and is not at all sure that it can fathom the depth of the Divine plans and mysteries, past, present or to come. But with all my heart I believe in God, the Father, our Father, and in Christ as the Way, the Truth and the Life. I cannot solve the problem of human sin and misery, nor draw the line of human accountability, nor explain how he is trusted as 'a man verily so shall he also reap.' But I do believe that all that perplexes us will one day be made clear, and meanwhile I am content to wait and to trust. In short I find in Whittier's 'Eternal Goodness' at once my creed and my prayer."

The New England poet, Eliza Dean Proctor, thus describes her Christian faith:
"No religious creed is possible to me but a belief in the boundless love of God for all his creatures, and in his intent and power to bring them all ultimately into harmony with Himself. In accordance with his perpetual invitation, 'Come unto me, all ye that labor and are heavy-laden, and I will give you rest,' a belief that grief and pain are, in our present state, a vital necessity of spiritual development, and that in this or other spheres punishment for wrong, though as inflicted in its workings as the penalties of mathematics or the laws of heat and shade, is yet but disciplinary and remedial. Such a view brings hope for this life and the life to come, gives us sympathy with every human being, and makes God indeed our Father. Man and man as the world becomes enlightened, it tends on this broad, natural basis to unity of thought and worship."

Mary J. Holmes, the famous novelist, thus writes:
"Instead of asking for my religious views you had asked what I believe. I think I should at once have commenced the Apostles' Creed, which I repeat in church so often.

"I believe in God, the Father Almighty, maker of heaven and earth, and in Jesus Christ, his only son, our Lord.
'Born in New England and reared by strictly orthodox parents, I was taught that many things which most young people like and do were wicked, and although these rigid ideas have been softened down I am glad for the early training which has had a restraining influence on my whole life. I am a communicant of the Episcopal Church and know that a hand is leading me which will not let me fall if I cling to it with faith, as I am trying to do."

Louise Chandler Moulton lets others speak her words for her. She says:
"I can, perhaps, best answer your question concerning my religious faith by three quotations, with which I am in sympathy. The first is from Tompkinson:
'Oh, let us trust that sometime good
Will be the fruit of all that ill—
To pages of nature, sins of will,
Defects of doubt, and talents of blood.
'That nothing walks with sinless feet;
That he and his shall be destroyed,
Or cast as rubbish to the void,
When God hath made the vile complete.'
The second is from Darwin, who was wont to say:
'We cannot know the unknown, but we can do our duty.'
And the third is from Stevenson, who writes of Fleeming Jenkin that he used to say:
'A man must be either very wise or very vain to venture to brag with any generalty received lines of ethics.'
These quotations will reveal to you that I reverence the moral laws founded on the teaching and experience of the past, that I am conscious of my own blindness as to the meaning and destiny of life, and that I trust only in that God who is love.
LAURA C. HOLLOWAY.

Marion Harland, wife of a minister, and as widely known in her church and Sunday-school work as in her social circle, says:
"Go far as my religious views go, I am a thorough churchwoman; a believer in the Bible as the Word of God; the only sure rule of faith, and practice, and guide to Heaven. I revere the Apostles' Creed sincerely and devoutly, even the clause touching the resurrection at that which is seen a natural body and will be raised a spiritual body, bearing the same relation to the world as that held away in the parish hall. I hold this life to be but the vestibule of the temple in which we are to work and joy forever when these few preliminary which we know as mortal trials and tribulations are ended. But I believe that every talent and good we have here will, every use and place in the fuller life, be secured from this to us a veil that it is sometimes given to us to see the light gleaming through. For my own hope of admission to the 'Perfection' which is our glorious destiny, I trust

WOMEN AS TELEGRAPH OPERATORS.

They Are Bright, Reliable, and a Good Many of Them as Able as Men.

There isn't a busier spot in all New York than the operating room of the Western Union Telegraph Company. I happened in there a few days ago to inquire about a press message that had gone astray. Manager Dealy "called up" a distant city to make the inquiry for me, and while waiting for the reply we fell to talking of the 500 operators in the big room. One third were women. There wasn't a rush of business, and so the operators had little to do. Some of the women were handsome. All were tastily dressed. The majority looked rosy and healthy. They all wore a jaunty air, as well as fashionably cut gowns. Some were busy sending or receiving messages. Those who hadn't any messages to send were reading books or papers. Some were engaged in fancy work or knitting. It was a great big happy family, and an occasional ring of a woman's musical voice was heard above the Niagara of clicks.

"Is the telegraph business a good one for women to engage in?" I asked him.
"Yes," was Mr. Dealy's reply. "A woman who is smart and quick and wants to earn her own living can do so very comfortably if she be a good operator."

"Does the supply equal the demand?"
"Yes, a dozen times over, but good smart women are always wanted. We receive a great many applications from women who want work. They come from all parts of the country and are carefully filed away. As soon as a vacancy occurs we take the first application on file and give whoever happens to be that lucky heroine the first chance. We have applications on file now from women received full one year and a half ago."

"What time is necessary to prepare a young woman for a telegraph operator?"
"That depends. A naturally smart woman will learn much faster than a woman who isn't quick and ambitious. Much depends upon their previous education. Women well-versed in a variety of subjects, who can read difficult manuscript, who can spell correctly, who can supply deficiencies in messages, in a word women who are smart can become good operators in a year. Others require from one to three years to become first class operators. Women are oftener more reliable than men, and we have some who are quite as expert as their brothers of the key. Here are women said: Beginners are paid \$15 a month. When they can operate fairly well their pay is increased to \$25 per month. Then as they improve they are still further advanced until they reach the average pay—from \$30 to \$75 per month, according to experience and ability. Women operators work nine hours a day, usually from 9 a. m. to 5:30 p. m., with a half hour at midday for lunch. They are shown no more favors than the men. They are required to keep their wires clear of messages. When they are not engaged they may either read or sew, paint, do fancy work or whatever else they choose. Yes, we have a good deal of talent here. Any number of our operators earn money after their regular labor is finished. Two write for the newspapers. Others sing in church choirs. A few give lessons in music, and one teaches a dancing class in the evening. One of our best operators is Mrs. W. E. Randolph. She is a widow and sings in Plymouth Church choir. She is also a very clever verse writer, and a poem she wrote at the time of Henry Ward Beecher's death attracted a good deal of attention. She has been operator for many years and is a good one, too.

"My long experience has taught me that in many respects women operators are better workers than men, but altogether not so useful. They are steady, give no trouble, are absent less frequently than men and seem to feel a keener responsibility. Quite a number of women operators have been with us for ten years. Their work gives them a deep insight into human nature. They learn to carry themselves with dignity. They cast aside all frivolous ideas. The make good wives and their work does not unfit them for feminine duties. Scandal! No, sir. Never heard of any in all my long experience here. Their presence has a soothing effect upon men, and many a woman has listened to cupid's honeyed words as she sat at her key, and has found a loving, honest husband in a near-by telegraph operator. Telegraphy isn't as prosaic work as some people imagine. There is a heap of romance about it. What a book some of the old operators could write!"

The desirability of situations in telegraphy necessitates a word of caution. Young women intending to prepare to earn their living in the way indicated, cannot be too careful against "institutions" which profess a great deal, fleece their victims and leave them unqualified and, it may be penniless.
DAVID WEBSTER.

At a conference in Manchester, Eng., at which 250,000 miners were represented, it was decided to strike on October 29th unless a general advance of 10 per cent in wages is acceded to.

Mrs. Lena Schremer, who poured kerosene on her husband while he was drunk and set him on fire, pleaded guilty, in each case, to the charge of murder. She sat with her baby on her knee and listened stolidly while Judge Tuttle pronounced the sentence, which is ten years in the penitentiary. The judge said in giving the sentence he had taken into consideration that Schremer was a wife and mother of the most brutal variety.

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Beware of Imitations. See that our trade mark SANTA ABIE is on every bottle of that pleasant California remedy satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded.



By dispelling the symptoms so often mistaken for consumption, SANTA ABIE has brought gladness to many a household and by promptly breaking up the cough and cold has forestalled the fatal disease with not a few thanks from an untimely grave. You make no mistake by keeping a bottle of this pleasant remedy always in the house.



CALIFORNIA CAT-CURE. THE ONLY GUARANTEED CURE for Catarrh of the Lungs, Hay Fever, Croup, Whooping Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Sore Throat, Hoarseness, and all other ailments of the Throat, Lungs and Air Passages. It is a pleasant, safe and reliable remedy, and is sold by all druggists. Price 50 cents per bottle.

SANTA ABIE AND CAT-CURE For sale by J. B. SCHROEDER, Wholesale Agents, J. R. BUEHNIG & CO., Pueblo, Col.

(Pre-emption, No. 2,587.) NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION Land Office at Santa Fe, N. M., September 10, 1888.

Notice is hereby given that the following named settler has filed notice of his intention to make final proof in support of his claim, and that said proof will be made before the probate clerk of Colfax county at Springer, N. M., on October 25, 1888, viz: Duncun Martin, for the S E 1-4, S W 1-4, see 15, N 1-2, N W 1-4, and N W 1-4, N E 1-4, of Sec. 22, T 30 N, R 24 E.

He names the following witnesses to prove his continuous residence upon, and cultivation of, said land, viz: George Sandusky, N. Belford, G. Wheelton, N. McKinley, all of Raton, N. M. JAMES H. WALKER, Register.

NOAH A. OWEN

Is prepared to deliver his Celebrated

DIAMOND COAL

To the citizens of Raton at reasonable rates. Orders left at his residence on lower Second street, next to Dr. Holcomb's, will receive prompt attention.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. CURES WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. I believe PISO'S Cure for Consumption saved my life.—A. H. DOWELL, Editor Enquirer, Edenton, N. C., April 23, 1887.

PISO'S CURE FOR CONSUMPTION. CURES WHILE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup, Tastes good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.

John Streeter & Co

Are now preparing to furnish the citizens of Raton with the best

grade of

COAL

At 25 cents on the ton cheaper than any other dealer.

Orders left with D. W. Stevens, C. E. Clark or R. P. Betton will receive prompt attention.

NOTICE.

RATON, Sept. 17, 1888.

We the undersigned, blacksmiths, wagonmakers and machinists of Raton, do agree and bind ourselves, from and after this date, to work on a strictly cash basis.

LEWIS & WOODS MEADOR & C. A. S. ROBINSON.

GRAZING.

Stock grazed at \$1.50 a head per month. Pasture one and one-half miles southeast of Raton.

J. MCGAUGHEY.

\$500 Reward FOR AN UNRELIABLE CASE HEALTH. Le Richard's Golden Balm No. 1 Cures Chancres, first and second stages, Sores on the Lips and Body, Sore Ears, Eyes, Nose, etc., Copper-colored Blotches, Syphilitic Ulcers, Dissected Scalp, and all primary forms of the disease known as Syphilis. Price, 50 Cents per Bottle.

Le Richard's Golden Balm No. 2 Cures—Tertiary, Mercurial Syphilitic Rheumatism, Pains in the Bones, Pains in the Head, Itch of the Neck, Ulcerated Sore Throat, Syphilitic Rash, Lumps and contracted Corns, Stiffness of the Limbs, and eradicates all disease from the system, whether caused by Induration or abuse of Mercury, leaving the blood pure and healthy. Price 50 Cents per Bottle.

Le Richard's Golden Spanish Injection, for severe cases of Gonorrhoea, Inflammatory Gleet, Stricture, Ac. Price \$1.50 per Bottle.

Le Richard's Golden Ointment for the effective healing of Syphilitic Sores, and eruptions. Price \$1.00 per Box.

Le Richard's Golden Pills—Nerve and Brain treatment; Loss of physical power, excess of over-work, Prostration, etc. Price \$2.00 per Box.

Tonic and Nutrient. Sent everywhere, C. O. D., securely packed per express.

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