

9-27-1873

Borderer, 09-27-1873

N. V. Bennett

A. C. Babcock

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THE BORDERER.

NO PRIVILEGED CLASSES.

NO PRIVILEGED CAPITAL.

PER ANNUM-\$4.00.

LAS CRUCES, N. M. SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1873

[VOL.3—NO. 20]

THE BORDERER OFFICE. N. V. BENNETT. PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

NOTES OF ADVERTISING.

One square, first insertion \$1.00; subsequent insertions 50c. per square. Yearly advertisements received upon the usual terms.
A square consists of ten lines of the sized type.
Transient advertisements to be paid for in advance.
Advertisements inserted till further notice will be continued until ordered out, in every instance, and charged for accordingly.
Early advertisements allowed to change at pleasure, with only the additional charge of twenty-five cents a square for reinsertion, but they will be charged extra for occupying space over and over.
Business notices inserted in editorial columns, will be charged at twenty-five cents per line for each insertion.
Personal advertisements, fifty cents per line, in advance.
All communications desired to appear in the Borderer, or intended to promote private interests, will be required to be paid for, and personal notices of a legal nature must invariably be paid for in advance.

OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

FEDERAL OFFICERS.

Governor—Marshall Gillette.
Secretary—William G. Rich.
Chief Justice—Joseph C. Felt.
Associate Justices—H. S. Johnson and Warren B. Felt.

Superintendent of Indian Affairs—J. E. Dudley.
Surveyor General—James A. Proudt.
Receiver of Public Money—Eldridge W. Little.
U. S. Collector—G. A. Smith.
U. S. District Attorney—Thomas B. Catron.
U. S. Marshal—John Pratt.
Register of the Land Office—Alfred G. Hoyt.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS.

Auditor—Trinidad A. Meritt.
Treasurer—Amos D. Smith.
Adjutant General—Thomas S. Parker.
Attorney General—Thomas F. Conway.
Surveyor General—Eldridge W. Little.
Attorney at Law—John D. Bail.
Librarian—James C. McKelvie.

MILITARY OFFICERS.

District Commander—General Gordon Granger.
A. A. General—Brigadier General John P. W. W. W.
Chief Quartermaster—Lieut. Col. Fred. Meyer.
Chief Commissary—Capt. William H. Nash.
Chief Paymaster—Major James B. M. Porter.
Paymaster—Major A. B. Gray and Major E. B. B. B.
Deputy Q. M. Fort—Capt. A. J. McMillan.
Medical Director—Brigadier General T. A. Alexander.
Engineer Officer—Lieutenant C. C. Morrison.

THE COURTS.

Supreme Court—One term held each year, in Santa Fe, commencing on the first Monday in January.
First District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in February and July.
Second District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in March and August.
Third District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in April and September.
Fourth District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in May and October.
Fifth District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in June and November.
Sixth District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in July and December.
Seventh District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in August and January.
Eighth District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in September and February.
Ninth District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in October and March.
Tenth District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in November and April.
Eleventh District—In Santa Fe, Santa Fe County, commencing on the first Monday in December and May.

COUNTY OFFICERS.

Judge of Probate—Hon. Pablo M. Hernandez.
Prosecutor General and County Recorder—Hon. F. F. Felt.
Recorder—Mariano Garcia.
Treasurer—A. H. Hernandez.

ADVERTISER'S DIRECTORY.

LAS CRUCES.

H. J. Bennett & Co. Merchants.
Louis Rosenbaum Merchants.
H. J. Corbin Merchants.
L. C. Adams Merchants.
John May Merchants.
George H. May Merchants.
S. M. Amos Merchants.
Pascual Milla Merchants.
Photograph Gallery.

LA MESILLA.

Parsons & Griggs Merchants.
T. J. Bell Merchants.
Monte Lombert Merchants.
W. T. Jones Merchants.
J. H. Bell Merchants.
J. H. Bell Merchants.
C. E. J. Jones Merchants.

SANTA FE.

Briggs & Co. Merchants.
Z. P. P. & Co. Merchants.
F. Adams Merchants.
T. B. Catron Merchants.
Exchange Hotel.
Plant National Bank.
Second National Bank.

SILVER CITY.

Bennett Bros. Merchants.
A. W. Williams Merchants.
H. H. Porter Merchants.
M. W. Duncan Merchants.
I. A. Conner Merchants.
E. G. Lusk Merchants.
A. Adams Merchants.
J. A. Zabriskie Merchants.
J. M. Ginn Merchants.
C. H. Hayes Merchants.

EL PASO.

Dowell & Mason Merchants.
A. Anderson Merchants.

PORT CHASE.

W. V. B. Wardwell & Co. Merchants.
A. Warren & Co. Merchants.

ATLANTA.

Henry Harrison Merchants.

TULAROSA.

Bonanza & Co. Merchants.

DONA ANA.

J. D. Harkness Merchants.

FORT CUMMINGS.

F. J. Lyons Merchants.

RED RIVERS.

M. St. John Merchants.

KEPT CANNON.

Quick, Brown & Co. Forwarding merchants.

RAILROADS, MAIL & EX. LINES.

Kansas Pacific Railway.
J. E. Bennett & Co's Mail & Ex. Line.
El Paso Mail Company.

PLACES OF ALL KINDS FOR SALE at the office of the Borderer.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

W. T. JONES, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
Law Office, Santa Fe, New Mexico, with practice in all the courts of the Territory, New Mexico, and in the United States Supreme Court, Texas, and Spanish titles, and collection.

J. M. ANDERSON, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR-AT-LAW.
LAW OFFICE, SANTA FE, N. M.

JOHN D. BAIL, ATTORNEY-AT-LAW.
LA MESILLA, N. M.

T. B. CATRON, ATTORNEY AT LAW.
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

JAMES A. ZABRISKIE, ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW.
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

J. M. GINN, COUNSELLOR AND ATTORNEY AT LAW.
SILVER CITY, N. M.

C. R. HEYNE, CONSULTING MINING ENGINEER AND METALLURGIST.
Correct assays made of all kinds of ores.

OLDWELL, BLACKER & FOUNTAIN, ATTORNEYS AT LAW.
EL PASO, TEXAS.

JACINTO ARRIJO, ATTORNEY AT LAW, LAS CRUCES, N. M.

H. WOODWORTH, M. D., PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON.
Office and Residence, Santa Fe, N. M.

Dentistry.

F. O. BARSTOW, SURGICAL AND MECHANICAL DENTIST.
Business Cards.

LOUIS W. GECK, DONA ANA, N. M.

L. C. ADKINS, GENERAL MERCHANDISE.

MORRIS LESINSKY, Doctor in General Merchandise.

ANGELSTEIN & LESINSKY, EL PASO, MEXICO.

W. V. B. WARDWELL & CO., GENERAL DEALERS.

E. S. GOULDING, Dealer in General Merchandise.

DAVID ABRAHAM AND SON, Dealers in General Merchandise.

JOHN D. HARKNESS & CO., General Merchandise.

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MINES AND MINING.

The Mining and Scientific Press recently devoted considerable space to a description of Paul's automatic mill for working either gold or silver ores. Mr. Almarin B. Paul, of San Francisco, has been laboring for six years to perfect his process, and has lately got it into practical operation. The object has been to crush ore dry, and to do as much as possible of the work by machinery. The operation begins by loading a hopper with quartz for the stamps. This hopper can be made of any size, to hold pounds or tons. The stamps when in motion operate on the automatic feeder connected with the hopper, and the battery is thus fed with more exactitude than by hand. The battery reduces the ore coarsely, say to the fineness of number 30 wire or 900 fine, thus enabling the battery to do double the work ordinarily done in dry crushing. The crushed ore drops on an incline plane and slide down an endless belt, which conveys it to the hopper of the pulverizing barrel. This barrel being self-feeding, the ore is at once delivered inside for further reduction. The reduced quartz from the battery is here triturated by larger pieces of quartz, by the revolution of the barrel. The ore is here chemically treated and warmed by electric heat. The barrel is so arranged as to be self-discharging, and as fast as the ore becomes fine enough it passes out of the way. The pulverized ore passes into elevators which carry it into hoppers where it is weighed by self-acting scales and stored till the amalgamator is ready to use it. The position of the amalgamating barrel is such, that by opening a valve, all the ore in the hopper at once delivers itself into it, and without making any dust. Into this barrel goes the mercury and some more chemicals; it is then closed and set in motion. During these revolutions Mr. Paul claims, that the metals and mercury are in such electrical conditions, that the base ore is in antagonism with the mercury and cannot be amalgamated, while the precious metals are in harmony and become absorbed by it. From the amalgamating barrel the ore passes into and through three settlers, and from the last over blankets which are washed by machinery.

Of the last mill erected at Springville, U. T., Mr. Coles Sanders, of Montana, who visited it, thus expresses himself in the Salt Lake Journal: "It is the best constructed automatic mill I ever saw, and does fully all that is claimed for it in the way of crushing ore. The amalgamating barrel and settlers work beautifully, and four men in twenty-four hours can do the work of ten men in an ordinary mill."

The owners of the mill also pronounce it a success and have ordered a duplicate; no higher recommendation could be given. The Utah mill produced bullion 995 1000 fine. The benefit of a system which produces almost pure gold and silver at so small an expense as from that \$4 to \$5 per ton of ore is beyond calculation. This system Mr. Paul has styled the "American Barrel System" as distinguished from the "Frederick Barrel System."

Another good feature connected with this mill is that every single portion can be stopped or started without interfering with the working of any other portion. Notwithstanding the mill is so thoroughly automatic and cheap in working it is cheap in construction and operation. It is to be hoped that Mr. Paul's labors will be fully rewarded, as he has consumed much valuable time to say nothing of thousands of dollars, in experiments, during the years he has been engaged on the invention. But few individuals would have prosecuted the work so persistently as he has and been so careful in their experiments.

The Secretary of War has decided that he has no option in the case, but is compelled by law to assign colored graduates of West Point to white regiments.

Attempt to Rob U. S. Paymaster.

From Lancaster, Cal.

Hugo, Cal., Sept. 11.

A bold attempt was made at River Bend on the Kansas Pacific railway, about eighty miles from Denver, yesterday morning at daybreak to rob the United States Army Paymaster Major Brooks, as he was going from the train to the camp of the Sixth Cavalry, about three miles from River Bend, to pay off. He got off the west bound passenger train early yesterday morning, and was met at the station by Capt. Irwin and Lieut. W. W. Roberts, of the Sixth Cavalry, in an ambulance, Mrs. Roberts, wife of the Post Trader, and some soldiers were also in an ambulance. A short distance from the station the ambulance was halted by two men on foot, masked.

Three shots were fired by them from a shot gun, loaded with buckshot, one shot taking effect in Captain Irwin's back. At first his injuries were considered slight, but he has since commenced to bleed internally and spitting blood. Another shot was then fired by the robbers from a pistol, passing across Major Brooks's lap and through Mrs. Roberts's hand making a painful wound. Lieut. Wetmore then fired his pistol at one of the robbers, named G. W. Graham, formerly a Captain of the Tenth Cavalry at Fort Leavenworth. The ball passed through his body, just below the heart. He is dying. The other robbers, John Dick, formerly keeper of No. 1 Stage Station on the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad, escaped, but the cavalry are after him with hopes of his capture.

JAIL DELIVERY.

Last week Don Evangelista Chaves met a Mexican some where on the road and suspected from his appearance that he had stolen the horse he was riding.

The Mexican upon being charged with the suspicion admitted the theft and defied Señor Chaves to take him, at the same time making a movement for his pistol. Chaves quick as lightning brought his revolver down upon the thief who surrendered, and upon his own confession was lodged in jail in Mesilla to await the action of the Grand Jury. Upon entering the jail he looked contemptuously around, and told the other prisoners he would take them out whenever they wanted to go. So a few nights ago, they concluded to travel, and the thief went to work and opened a hole through the wall, through which they all escaped. Four or five out of six, we understand have been recaptured; but the bold fellow who boasted that he had been in prison in San Luis Potosi, Durango and other places in Old Mexico, is still at large.

Two of those recaptured were wounded in the capture, one severely. The Deputy Sheriff came upon him in the timber when a fight ensued, the convict being armed with a hatchet—the Sheriff however brought him down with a revolver and supposing he had killed his man went to the Coroner and demanded an inquest on the body. The Coroner's party started but met the wounded man coming to town to give himself up and seek the services of a priest as he thought he was sure to die. He made his confession, but instead of dying as he ought is likely to recover.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Philadelphia, Sept. 8.

Private advices received here from Col. Thos. A. Scott, Vice-President of the Pennsylvania Central, are to the effect that the principal business which took him to Europe—the negotiation of a loan for the Texas and Pacific road (of which he is president)—is so far completed that he is preparing to return. The arrangements for the road will be consummated before the close of the present month, and Col. Scott will be at home early in October.

The New York Tribune's Washington correspondent says that an important suit is about

to be instituted in the U. S. District Court of the Eastern District of Pennsylvania against the California and Texas Railway Construction Company, incorporated by the Pennsylvania Legislature and now building the Texas and Pacific road. The papers have been filed by Robert Christy, in the interest of persons in Washington. The Tribune correspondent says the suit will develop some of the latest devices of railroad companies for procuring favorable legislation, and that the voluminous complaint in the case will be very interesting to members of the Texas Legislature.

Washington, Sept. 11.

The bond for \$5,500,000 dollars, the amount of the Geneva award is held by the Secretary of State in that department, and is not placed for safe keeping in the Treasury. The bond is made payable to the order of the Secretary of State. This bond is for the largest amount of money ever issued by any government in a single transaction. Photographs of the bond and certificate of deposit were completed at the Treasury Department to day, and copies sent to the President and each member of the Cabinet.

Col. Robb, one of the ex-commissioners to inquire into the depredations committed on the persons and property of American citizens on the Rio Grande border, has recently received numerous letters stating that such acts are continually increasing, and that since the commission left that section last spring, a large drove of cattle had been driven to the Mexican side from the ranches between Brownsville and Brazos de Santiago and between Brownsville and Rio Grande City. These thieving operations were committed in daylight, and in several instances exulting gestures were made by the Mexicans who had escaped with their booty, to the United States cavalry who had pursued them but halted on the American side of the river. In addition to this cattle stealing, murders have been committed not far from Forts Clark and Concho. It will be recollected that the Commissioners reported an actual loss of about fifteen million dollars by such incursions and the amount has been considerably increased since the term when the commission expired. There is no doubt that attention of Congress will again be called to this subject by the President, with a view to the protection of citizens of the United States on the border, the demand on Mexico to put an end to the marauding expeditions having been unsuccessful. Gentlemen of high position say they see no remedy except in the acquisition of a portion of Northern Mexico commanding both sides of the river, and that such acquisition is not improbable, considering that Mexico will be unable to pay the aggregate damages which the Texans have sustained by the inability of Mexico to restrain its citizens from their wrongdoings.

San Francisco, Sept. 11.

The officers pursuing the Vazquez gang of murderers overhauled them at Rock Canon, San Bernardino county. A skirmish took place in which one was hurt. Vazquez fled leaving twenty-one horses and a part of the booty of the robbery at Hollister's. Vazquez is pushing through the mountains toward Sonora. Adon Leiva, one of the gang, was captured.

New York, Sept. 11.

The Evening Post says the next trial of Stokes for the shooting of Fisk is settled for October 6th.

Washington, Sept. 11.

The Superintendent General of the recruiting service has been ordered to send one hundred and fifty recruits to Omaha for the 4th infantry.

Washington, Sept. 8.

The action of Postmaster Filley at St. Louis, in assessing the clerks in the Postoffice for political purposes, has been disapproved by Postmaster-General Creswell, who has ordered Filley to refund the money.

REYNOLDS & GRIGGS,

JOBBERS,

MAIN PLAZA MESILLA.

Have now on hand and in transit

200 Cases & Boxes Dry Goods,

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THE BORDERER.

No Privileged Classes
No Privileged Capital.PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.
AT \$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.N. V. BENNETT,
Editor and Prop.

Las Cruces, N. M., Sept. 27, 1873.



Indian Commissioners' Report.

The Indian Peace Commission, consisting, as our readers will remember, chiefly of Quakers, have struck the key note in their report, to all our border difficulties. They have found the cause to lie not so much in the savagery of the Indians, as in the treachery and false dealing of the white men. All that is required to preserve permanent peace along the frontier is honesty and fairness on the part of the agents of the Government, and an example of good conduct on the part of frontiersmen. These border settlers understand the Indian character very well. They know how to wake their wild natures into warlike frenzy, and how to provoke them to bloody retaliation for wrongs trivial in themselves, or if grave, so well concealed or so thoroughly denied, that the Indian is always made to appear the aggressor. Nor do they hesitate to practice upon that knowledge. Their design is to produce and to continue a state of war through out the entire West. The location of troops in their midst pays well. They find ready allies, too, in government officials and agents, who from time immemorial have swindled those whom they were sent to protect, without measure and without stint. After the wholesale plundering of a tribe of all the goods sent them by the government, there is no better way to cover it up and to close all inquiry than by provoking or aiding to provoke an Indian war. Thus, through the united efforts of agents and settlers, the border is kept in a continual state of disturbance and excitement; and the lives of many innocent settlers and emigrants are sacrificed to the faithlessness of the one, and the restlessness and hope of gain of the other. As the Commissioners say honesty and not war, is what is wanted.

The above from the Kansas City Times needs a good deal of correction to make it just.

The Quakers may have struck a proper key-note in one respect but the sweeping charges need sifting. There are no two classes of men so far removed from each other on this frontier as the citizen and Indian agent. The citizen comes here from the east to make his home and what he learns of the Indian character is taught him in blood.

The agent comes here in the great majority of cases, filled either with a kind of religious fanaticism and believing that his benign influence is to shed a halo of light upon the Apache camp, or else to fill his purse, which he generally succeeds in doing.

How strange is the idea, that settlers who are either miners or agriculturalists, should desire a state of war to a state of peace. "The location of troops in their midst pays well" says the Times. How does it pay and who does it pay, if the settler keeps up a state of warfare, during which he is compelled to abandon his mine or leave his ranch—certainly not the settler. Frontiersmen are like other men, and can as well foresee results from certain causes; and they are well aware that peace allows them to develop the resources of the country and to build homes, while war sweeps the frontier with devastation and death.

We are satisfied that most of the plundering of the Indians of which the Quakers complain, is done by a small knot of men immediately about the agencies, and in many instances in partnership with the agents themselves. Why are the Tularosa Apaches to day roaming at will over the country after leaving their reservation, where the agent sits alone in his glory? can it be

on account of the action of settlers? There are no settlers about them. Why are the whole twenty-nine hundred Mesqueros who were recently feeding at Stanton now rushing wildly for the Comanche country. There have been no outrages committed upon them by the settlers at all.—The Indians were allowed to take a citizen's horse with impunity even if it was under the shadow of the agency or fort—Something else has displeased the Apache at Stanton. The visit of troops under Price—the visit of the Indian Inspector and Superintendent, may have been the cause of alarm, but not an Indian has been harmed by a settler, even when the settler daily saw the Apache riding the horse or mule stolen from himself.

With the Commissioners, the citizens of this frontier say, "honesty and not war, is what is wanted."

Wonderful Mineral Development at Silver City Grant County N. M.

One of the most singular productions from the laboratory of nature, that history has recorded was lately unearthed at Silver City. Old and experienced miners from every quarter of the globe have pronounced this interesting region one of the most anomalous upon the globe. New combinations and hitherto unknown forms of mineral wealth lie scattered in generous profusion on every hand. And here as in many other instances, the hidden wealth has been discovered through the medium of accident.

About four weeks since a deposit was struck in the Silver Flat District, that still further astonishes the miners, and will undoubtedly prove the basis of new theories in mineralogy. The deposit is capped by a white, calcareous rock not over two inches in thickness and very similar in shape to the half of an egg shell severed lengthwise. The capping seems divided into several portions by seams, which, instead of running in smooth lines seem to have been formed with irregular points that fit together something like the teeth of a saw—or cog of a wheel. Immediately beneath this capping lies a thin strata of what was at first supposed to be decomposed gold quartz but a thorough assay proves it to contain nothing valuable. In color and consistency it resembles pulverised soap stone. The next formation below is about ten times the thickness of the last and is found to be pure brass. This portion of the deposit has been worked to a great extent and the supply seems inexhaustible. Just below this, a crevice has been found, which is connected with a subterranean passage, and which seems to have been used for family purposes, a large quantity of wood ashes and water in solution were found in this cavity.

At this point two branches extend from the main body one on either side, and running out for some distance. The ends of these branches are coated with a metallic substance strongly resembling steel.

Below these branches comes the main body of the deposit.—Several assays have been made of the gangue, one of which we have procured at great expense from an eminent mineral expert and give to the public.

Lacoprites, erubescite, pyrites, ferredrite, blende, pyromorphite, silver glance seldom, with an underlying strata of black oxide, quartz & hornblende—at this depth the deposit separates into three branches, one a very small fissure vein pointing N. N. East, and dipping at an angle of forty-five degrees. The others forming two sides of a triangle and dipping perpendicularly. These are pure spar and run to the base of the triangle, with the ends turning in slightly toward each other. As if nature had intended to clap the climax, by putting the climax at the reverse end, these extremities come to point in a small deposit of copper.

The discoverer has we learn applied for a survey and patent to this remarkable deposit, and a company from Poland are negotiating for the purchase as soon as a title is secured.

FAST TIME.—On the 30th, at Sacramento, the horse "Occident" made a half mile in 1:06.3.4 After a walk around he made a second half mile in 1:06.—Amador Ledger.

Silver City, Sept. 23d 1873.

EDITOR BORDERER,
DEAR SIR: On Monday evening immediately after the arrival of the BORDERER in town, a gentleman (who is a gentleman when right side up with care) was seen promenading the streets upon his ears. The locomotion of course was somewhat grotesque and attracted attention of the Mexican marauders in town.—The poor fellow was evidently laboring under emotional insanity and was in a very bad way, but the ruling passion was still strong. Passing along an old adobe wall he discovered a crack made by the settling of the adobe, and immediately plunged his nose into the crevice. He thought he smelt chlorides or tellurides, and has a gang of hands industriously at work opening a shaft. He has several mail boxes full of the specimens, and thinks the ore contains enough enough for successful working. It is smelt ing rock, and he has engaged an old furnace for the purpose of developing his shaft.

Yours,

EDITOR BORDERER:

Having read with interest the history of Mr. Burlingame whom you speak so highly of in many paragraphs of your last issue, I would inquire, is he not a Quaker? I think that you expect who passed through here some time since and forgot himself and went fishing for mermaids.

The time was about the same and our correspondent has no doubt noticed the striking resemblance in the illustration of the Police News—and that was a "long orphing" too, so the washerwoman said, who had to put him to bed while she washed his clothes.

St James Hotel Kansas City.

This new, magnificent house was opened on the 15th of Sept. by Messrs Bruce & Alexander, for the proprietors of the Pacific House. Mr. G. B. Thomas, clerk. A gentleman recently returned from the east, speaking of the house, says it cannot be surpassed west of the Missouri, and the management makes every guest feel at home. Our friends going east will make a note of this.

Los Pinos Council.

A council has just been held with the Ute Indians, to regulate matters in the San Juan country. The council was a complete failure in every respect, the Indians refusing to concede anything to the miners, and treating commissioner Brunot with the utmost contempt.

The effort of the cattle men of Southern Colorado, to drive out the sheep raisers from the country, promises some bitter times, and is to be hoped the good sense of the better class will frown down acts of violence.

The season when cattle are always more or less straying from their range has come. Many of those from San Augustin Ranch have made their way to the river. We are well informed that men from Mexico are lying about to pick up any loose cattle that can be found and run off.

NEW PAPER.—Mr. Lorenzo Lapoint, for two years an employee in our office, is about to start a paper in Mesilla. Mr. Lapoint has gone after the press and material. We learn that his prospects are excellent, and as we know Mr. Lapoint to be one of our most industrious citizens, we believe he will succeed. We wish him abundant success.

POSTAGE ON NEWSPAPERS.—Should a subscriber to a newspaper or periodical, who has paid one year's postage in advance, move within the delivery of another place before the expiration of a year, the postmaster should give him a receipt; the party should then notify the publisher to send his paper to the new office where, upon presentation of the receipt, the postmaster must deliver the publication free for the remainder of the term paid for.

GEN. Fremont is quite ill.

Sale of Blooded Cattle.

An account of the sale of Mr. Samuel Campbell's blooded cattle at New York Mills on the 10th inst. says:

"The Duchess family, headed by the noble three-year old bull Second Duke Oneida, came first in the sale, which began punctually at 1 o'clock. He was no sooner presented than Lord Skemerdale offered \$10,000 for him. This was quickly followed by offers of \$11,000 and \$12,000, and he was sold to Mr. Thomas Magabbin, Cynthiana Kentucky.—Next came First Duchess of Oneida. The bidding started at \$5,000, and soon ran up to \$30,000; after which bids of \$100 more were made, until who was sold to Lord Skemerdale for \$30,000. A beautiful yearling, Seventh Duchess of Oneida, was next offered. The bidding started at \$5,000 and quickly ran up to \$19,000, at which sum she was sold to Mr. A. J. Alexander, of Kentucky.—After her, the Tenth Duchess of Geneva came into the ring. The bidding started at \$500, ran quickly up to \$30,000, and then by smaller bids, up to \$35,000, at which she was taken by Lord Bective, through Mr. Berwick.—Several fine animals followed at high prices, some to cross the Atlantic. The culmination of intense interest, however, was reached in the bidding for the eighth Duchess of Geneva, which was sold to Mr. R. Pavan Davis, Gloucestershire, England, for the unprecedented sum of \$40,000. After this eleven cows of the Duchess family sold for \$238,800, an average of over \$21,700. Of these, six went to England, at a cost of \$147,100, and five remain here at a cost of \$91,700.

After the Duchess family came the Oxforbs, then the other families, the bulls being brought in after all the cows were sold.—There were in all 111 animals presented. The sum realized was \$30,088.—Cor. N. Y. Tribune.

The Corpus Christi Gazette says: From a letter shown us by Mr. Hines Clark, we notice that a wholesale killing and skinning business is being carried on in the country round about San Diego. The writer says: "While on a recent trip through the country I saw where there had been a thousand head of cattle skinned in the last week, and not exaggerating there has been five thousand head killed in that vicinity within the last few weeks. The writer urges upon the stock men the necessity for some move in the matter, and proffers his assistance and promises valuable information.—Rockport Transcript.

The Wool Market.

Our telegraphic reports of the markets for some weeks past have indicated a growing demand for wool, with an advance in prices which has been steadily maintained. Our mail advices state that Eastern manufacturers are now making full time, and that their requirements of the raw material are the fore large. Dates from New York of September 1st inform that the demand for California was "active, with indications that prices would be fully sustained." An advance in prices was reported in Liverpool London and Antwerp under date of August 15th. The London correspondent of the Daily Bulletin telegraphed, August 30th, that the closing sales of the wool auctions were "characterized by the increase firmness, the demand being active, with prices strongly maintained for all qualities. San Diego Union.

A Remarkable Story—If True.

In the Golfo, of August 30th, there is a notice, or account, (of which I give a brief translation) of one Don Pelagio Laborin, whose residence is about three leagues from Ures, the capital of the State. This wonderful man, Laborin guarantees to cure all cases of hydrophobia and never has failed in a single case. He merely spits on his fingers and rubs them on the place bitten a number of times. Of course it is supposed that, before anointing the wound, he chews some herb known only to himself, and thus effects the cure. He takes no pay from his patients, and the Governor and other officials, in view of his exceeding philanthropy, exempt him from taxes, and also from all jury and other duties.—"Thousands can bear witness to the truth of this statement," says the Golfo, concluding this narrative.—Sonora, letter in San Diego Union.

From the Review.

"Mr. J. W. Roberts of Fort Worth Texas, is in town; he is returning to Arizona with another herd of 2,000 heaves purchased on the Pecos, in Lincoln county. Among the herd are seven splendid Durham bulls, which will be sold to private parties in Arizona. He informs us the animals are in splendid order, and the pasture on and near the Pecos is abundant, but after leaving that locality until the Rio Grande was reached, it was extremely poor.

Another shooting scrape occurred in Los Lunas the week before last. From such unaged details as we have been able to gather, it seems an altercation took place between J. B. Featherstone of that village and Jacob May, during which Featherstone drew a pistol and shot "Jake" a little below one of the eyes. The wounded man it is said is in a precarious condition. We are unable to give the particulars as all the persons whom we supposed would be posted on the matter seem to be singularly uninformed or reticent upon the subject.

Henry Springer received more new goods this week, and has "ten route" from the east about 20,000 pounds of general merchandise. Springer's stock this winter will be one of the most extensive and best assorted in the Territory. His stock on hand comprises everything a man wants, from a wagon and team to a box of pills and everything a lady needs, from a sewing machine to a row of pins. His prices are reasonable and his anxiety to sell unbearably.

From the Globe.

The Papagoes are again returning to their winter quarters on the eastern side of Tucson. They leave as regularly in the spring and return in the fall as do the birds go to northern climes in the summer and return to the south in the winter.

On the 13th of September Oscar Hutton, mounted Inspector of Customs, seized from one Manuel Alvise eight gallons of mescal which he was engaged in selling to the Indians. A warrant has been issued for his arrest, and if found guilty, it is to be hoped he will suffer the extreme penalty of the law.

On Monday, a Mexican in the employ of A. G. Scott, at the half way house between Tucson and Camp Lowell, took advantage of his absence and stole two horses and considerable movable property and started for Sonora. On Tuesday evening Samuel Raglan and a Mexican went in pursuit with a warrant for his arrest, but not getting any trace, did not go beyond Tubac. We hear of considerable other stock being stolen at different points.

We were out at Camp Lowell Wednesday and found about forty men, citizens and soldiers, employed putting a roof on the commanding officer's building and the guard-house. These buildings are well constructed as far as they have gone. Gen Carr and Maj. Furey are much embarrassed in prosecuting the work, by not having any means to work with. They have not even transportation and of course until they are better supplied, but little progress can be hoped for. In exploring the country a few days since for the purpose of laying off a military reserve, they discovered a few miles north of the post a beautiful little lake of pure water, filled with fish.

A POINTED QUESTION.—A lady was stopping at a Chicago hotel recently, with her little son. The boy was not perfectly satisfied with matters and things at the dinner table, and expressed himself frequently to that effect. The mother finally rose and remarked in an undertone to the youthful offender, "Come with me up stairs, and I will attend to your case. The lad at once understood what "attending to his case" meant but there was an important matter of detail which he was painfully anxious to have more fully explained; so pulling backward on the hand of his mother, he blubbered out in a voice loud enough to be heard over most of the well filled dining room, "say, mother, are you going to take your hand or your slipper?" The enthusiasm with which the brief address was received was unbounded.

The Banking house of Jay Cooke & Co. has failed. Liabilities enormous.

PROSPECTS

or

THE BORDERER

PUBLISHED EVERY SATURDAY.

AT \$1.00 PER YEAR IN ADVANCE.

N. V. BENNETT,

Editor and Prop.

Las Cruces, N. M., Sept. 27, 1873.

The usual length of time allotted by the publishers to the preparation of a new paper, has been actively and successfully gained by THE BORDERER, and the enterprise stands today as one of the best established institutions of New Mexico.

In an industrial position, far away from the East, a small newspaper, devoted to the interests of the Territory, has been established, and we have succeeded in building up a paper which has the confidence of the readers upon our own opinion and the best of all things.

It has been our aim, as it will be hereafter, to make our interest in the Territory a calculated one.

Insure the Prosperity of the Territory

In the Agricultural, Mineral, and Industrial pursuits, the Territory is rich in resources, and the people are anxious to develop them. The BORDERER will always be ready to aid in the development of the Territory.

To Southern New Mexico

We are under double obligations, which we will not forget, to the people of the Territory, for their support. We will always be ready to aid in the development of the Territory.

In politics, THE BORDERER will always be ready to aid in the development of the Territory.

PRINCIPLES OF THE

DEMOCRATIC PARTY,

Following the principles of the Democratic Party, we will always be ready to aid in the development of the Territory.

ELECTED ORGAN OF THE DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF NEW MEXICO.

We will always be ready to aid in the development of the Territory.

SOLICIT CORRESPONDENCE

We will always be ready to aid in the development of the Territory.

Leading Paper of the Territory

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EDITORIAL ITEMS.

JOB WORK.

Our job office is in complete condition, and will work out all the business of the Territory, in good style and at reasonable rates. A supply of

BLANKS

Kept on hand, and POSTERS printed on demand, at the shortest notice.

N. V. BENNETT,
Editor and Proprietor.

Las Cruces, N. M.

HENRY J. CUNIFFE.

Is continually receiving New Goods of all kinds, and will sell as cheap as any other house for cash. Main street, near the Railroad Depot. LAS CRUCES, N. M. and San J. N. M.

MISCELLANEOUS.

Silver City News from Mining Life.

Last week's coach took out \$2,300 in bullion. Of this amount H. M. Porter shipped \$1800, and Bennett, Bros. & Co. \$500; the latter being gold from Pinos Altos.

Col Pope with his wife will arrive to-morrow or Monday. The coach passed them at Slocum's Ranch on Thursday night. We may now look for active operations to commence on the Pope Mill, and that it will be carried to completion at the earliest possible moment.

Bremens Mill, has been running steadily this week on ore from the Seneca Mine, and making the ore pay at the rate of \$80.00 per ton, the ore treated is a little better quality than that run last week but the increased yield is due in part to the fact that the machinery is just getting in good working order after so long a rest.

The Tennessee Mill has run only three days this week and will not start up again until Monday owing to the repairs, being out of repair, it has been impossible to retort the amalgam and of course we can give no results.

The Wisconsin Mill has been working slate making about \$40. per ton.

Miss Jessie P. Anderson opened a select school on Monday last, the 15th inst., first door north of Mr. Juan Chaves' on Texas street.

Terms \$5 per month, for each scholar.

Mobbing Newspaper office appears to be ordinary pastime in Las Vegas. A couple of weeks ago the Advertiser office was attacked and partially destroyed by a mob, and on last Sunday, Louis Hommel, editor of the Gazette, was brutally assaulted in his office by a crowd of ruffians, knocked down, or rather shot down by a pistol ball grazing his temple, and otherwise maltreated. The assault on Mr. Hommel seems to have been provoked by his denunciations of the mob in attacking the Advertiser office. We are not fully informed as to the cause of this violence, but certainly no circumstances would justify such lawlessness.—*Clamarron News.*

The latest about the stock war in Southern Colorado, is to the effect that one man has been arrested for driving away, in company with ten other men, 1,700 sheep, scattering them over the plains for six miles, killing one hundred head and wounding many more. From the evidence it seemed clear that a league had been formed among the cattle men of that section for driving the Sheep men out of the country.—*Herald, Denver.*

The Commissioner of Indian Affairs has notified Mr. Saville, Red Cloud's agent to demand of his Sioux a return of property captured from slaughtered Pawnees, and to inform them that by this attack they have violated their treaty obligation and will be allowed no more to hunt buffalo in the Republican valley or elsewhere in Nebraska.

Persons interested in the new American Trans-atlantic Steamship Line will ask Congress to grant a bounty of ten dollars per head for every emigrant brought to this country in a steam vessel built in the United States and carrying the American flag. It will be claimed that a subsidy in this form will have more valuable results to the government than the subsidy now voted.

The cattlemen in Huerfano and Pueblo counties, Col., have combined to drive out the sheep herds. Several of the herds have been attacked, many of the sheep killed and crippled, and the balance driven off and scattered from the camps. The sheep growers threaten retaliation.

Minnesota, has more miles of railroad than Massachusetts, the former having 1,906, and the latter, 1858. In 1,863 Massachusetts had 1,285, and Minnesota only 21 miles.

At the Massachusetts Republican State Convention which met at Worcester yesterday, Governor Washburn was nominated by acclamation.

A conspiracy is reported in China to kill all the foreigners in the interior.

SANTA FE ADVERTISEMENTS

Z. STAAB & CO.,

Santa Fe and New York,

IMPORTERS,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

General Merchandise

Call the attention of their numerous friends and customers to the fact that they have just received from the

EXTENSIVE

AND WELL ASSORTED

STOCK

And assure them that they will continue to have the

First-Class Goods

at Lower Rates

than any other House

in New Mexico.

And as Low as they can be Purchased in the Eastern Market

One of our partners resides constantly in New York, and enables us by direct purchases to undersell our competitors. We would respectfully invite an examination of our stock by all parties intending to go East, and we shall easily convince them that they can do better by purchasing their supplies of us.

Thinking our friends for the patronage we liberally bestowed on us in the past, we trust they will continue to do so in the future. We shall use our best efforts to retain their confidence.

Z. STAAB & CO.,
Santa Fe, New Mexico.

SPECIALTIES

SANTA FE, N. M.

ARE Constantly Receiving and

Largest Wholesale and Retail Stock in New Mexico.

Desiring to extend our business into Southern New Mexico we offer Merchants in that section the most

LIBERAL INDUCEMENTS

to call and examine our Stock, confident that we can make it for their interest to select from our

IMMENSE STOCK

OF DRY GOODS,

FANCY GOODS,

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE

CUTLERY

CHINAWARE,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

LIQUORS, CIGARS,

AND

YANKEE NOTIONS

Our stock is always complete, and we offer

THE BEST BARGAINS

to be obtained in the Territory. Merchants of Southern New Mexico will find it to their advantage to give us a call.

no 24 SPIEGELBERG BROS. SANTA FE.

1873 (FOR SPRING AND SUMMER.

SPRING AND SUMMER OF 1873

Louis Rosenbaum.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

DEALER IN

GENERAL

MERCHANDISE,

LAS CRUCES,

NEW MEXICO.

Having made the wants of the People of this section of country a long and careful study, he is now better prepared than ever with an extensive and varied assortment of

DRY GOODS, FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC
DRY GOODS DRY GOODS DRY GOODS DRY GOODS
GOODS DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS! DRY GOODS
DRY GOODS DRY GOODS DRY GOODS DRY GOODS
FANCY, STAPLE & FANCY DRY GOODS,

GROCERIES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS,

CLOTHING, HOSIERY, FANCY GOODS, BOOTS & SHOES, HATS & CAPS, CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE,
HARDWARE, CUTLERY, GLASSWARE,

NOTIONS, KNICK KNACKS AND SUNDRIES

WHICH HE OFFERS TO THE

LOWEST MARKET PRICES.

GRAIN. The GRAIN TRADE being one of his specialties, and possessing the best facilities in this branch, he is prepared to supply CORN, WHEAT, Barley, and all the best brands of Flour, in quantities to suit.

* * Please give him a call before going elsewhere.

LOUIS ROSENBAUM.

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MAIL & EXPRESS LINE.

FIRST-CLASS CONCORD COACHES.

FROM SANTA FE, N. M., TO EL PASO, TEXAS, LA MESILLA, N. M., AND TUCSON, ARIZONA.

Running directly through the great Mining Districts of

RALSTON AND SILVER CITY.

Close Connections are made

AT SANTA FE, NEW MEXICO,

With Coaches for DENVER and KIT CARSON,

On the Kansas Pacific Railroad.

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With San Antonio and Chihuahua Coaches.

And at LA MESILLA,

With Coaches for RALSTON, TUCSON, SILVER CITY,

And all Points in ARIZONA, SONORA, CALIFORNIA, and the PACIFIC COAST.

The Only Stage Line running south from Santa Fe through New Mexico, into Texas and Arizona.

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THOMAS J. BULL.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

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In Mesilla, N. M.

Keeps constantly on hand a choice selection of

Foreign and Domestic Dry Goods,

CLOTHING, BOOTS AND SHOES,

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FANCY AND TOILET ARTICLES.

Also a full stock of

HARDWARE,

QUEENSWARE,

And Farming Implements.

My stock is purchased for cash, and the best and most reliable houses in New York, Boston and Philadelphia, and I can assure my customers as good bargains as are to be had in the country.

SUPERFINE FLOUR,

In quantities from one sack to 1000. All of which he offers at the very lowest market prices.

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FROM

Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Balti-

more, Cincinnati, St. Louis, Quincy,

Chicago, and intermediate points.

Via Kansas City to Kit Carson, Col.

Without transfer, thence to

Pueblo, Las Vegas, Santa Fe, Fort Union,

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Mesilla, Prescott, Tucson,

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And all other points in Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and Old Mexico.

Shippers by this route have the benefit of secure connecting lines to Kansas City, and direct and rapid routes to Kit Carson as well as lower at all times than by Denver.

Consult your freight CARR KANSAS PACIFIC RAILWAY, Kansas City.

Specialties for parties shipping from Kit Carson on the LIVE STOCK, WOOD, HIDES and FUR, and through bills of lading made to suit.

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EDWARD S. BOWEN, General Superintendent, Kansas City, Missouri.

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4 HORSE COACHES

Leave EL PASO Sundays and Wednesdays at 8 A. M.

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San Antonio, Fort Quitman, Fort Davis,

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El Paso to San Antonio, and Austin

ONLY \$100 CURRENCY

At San Antonio Connecting with Stages

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For Tickets Apply in El Paso to

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Outfitting goods always on hand.

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MAIN STREET, LA MESILLA

Geo. A. Beckwith, PROPRIETOR. - BAR

and TABLE. Well supplied, and good Stables for

hack.

B. S. DOWELL.

EL PASO, TEXAS.

ALWAYS KEEPS ON HAND THE BEST

WINE, LIQUORS AND CIGARS

The Billiard Hall is supplied with two very excellent

tables.

EXCHANGE HOTEL, IN SANTA FE.

This house shall be in the future what it has been in the past, namely, a first class hotel in every respect, worthy of the capital, the leading hotel in the Territory, and second to none in points of elegance and comfort. A superb and dandy-stocked bar, a magnificent and spacious Billiard Saloon, together with all the various delicacies, assure the business traveler or pleasure seeker of a comfortable resting place. Terms moderate. THOS. McDONALD, Prop.

VALVERDE HOTEL.

Fort Craig, New Mexico.

A. WERNER & CO., Proprietors.

June 8, 1872.

IMPORTANT DISCOVERY ON THE

JORNADA DEL MUERTO.

Martin's Well of nearly 200 feet of pure water at the Jornada, boundary of the Jornada, and on direct and only route from

SANTA FE,

AND THE NORTH TO

SILVER CITY, RALSTON

- AND -

PINOS ALTOS.

ALWAYS ON HAND A GOOD SUPPLY OF GRAIN, HAY, AND WOOD

Good stabling for 75 animals, and fine Corral on the premises. Our table will always be supplied with the best the country affords.

* * Give us a call and you shall not go away disappointed. JOHN MARTIN.

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DEALERS IN MERCHANDISE,

Fort Cummings, N. M.

We have accommodation for the traveling public and keep constantly on hand forage and wood.

CLEANINGS.

"Ye are the children of the devil," was the text of a divine in the morning, and in the afternoon he said "children obey your parents."

An observant man of the world remarks, that when a young widow resumes tight corsets it is to show her admirers that she is so-laced.

"What is the date of your bible?" was what an anxious father asked his well dressed daughter, after searching for the latest copy of his paper.

A friend of ours is in a dilemma; he says his chance objects to his being "loose" and yet threatens to discard him if she ever sees him "tight."

An Irish editor says that "in the absence of both editors, the publishers have succeeded in securing the services of a gentleman to edit the paper this week."

A young lady recently on being requested to sing "The Maiden's Prayer," immediately favored a Rockford audience with "Mother, may I go out to swim."

A fascinating young lady, at one of our resorts, on being asked recently if she had ever read Shakespeare, tossed her pretty read with the answer, Shakespeare! Of course I have; I read that when it first came out.

A lady went out with her little girl and boy, purchased the latter a rubber balloon, which escaped him and went up into the air. The girl, seeing tears in her eyes said: "Never mind, Neddly; when you die and go to Heaven, you'll get it."

A John Bull conversing with an Indian, asked him if he knew the sun never sets in the Queen's dominions. "No," said the Indian. "Do you know the reason why?" asked John. "Because God is afraid to trust an Englishman in the dark," was the savage's reply.

A spunky lady correspondent writes that she knows very little about the back pay question, but she is going to draw her back hair up over her head according to the prevailing fashion, if it lifts off her heels and endangers her equilibrium, and she would like to know what the newspapers are going to do about it.

A sailor dropped out of the main top of a man of war and after in some degree breaking his fall by catching at the rigging fell against the lieutenant and knocked him down on the quarter-deck. The sailor jumped up as did the lieutenant. "You rascal!" said the lieutenant, "where did you come from?" "From the Fort of Ireland, an place yer honor," answered the sailor.

H. E. J. CUNIFFE.

Is continually receiving New Goods of all kinds, and will sell as cheap as NOT CHEAPER than any other House for Cash.

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I. N. COHEN, MORRIS LESINSKY

MINERS' HEADQUARTERS.

Have on hand and keep constantly supplied with a complete assortment of

Dry Goods, Groceries, Provisions and

Miners' Tools

The motto of the Miners' Headquarters is "Quick price and Small Profits," and by adhering to this principle we hope to secure a fair share of trade. Call and examine our stock for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere, as we are determined not to be out-guessed.

SILVER CITY, NEW MEXICO.

W. H. CHICK, of St. Louis, F. A. MARRAS, of Kansas City

CHICK, BROWN & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS,

Forwarding and Commission Mer-

chants, Bankers and

Collectors.

Kansas Pacific Railway.)

COLORADO

Prompt attention given to forwarding freight to all points in Southern Colorado, New Mexico, Arizona and Chihuahua, in best style and on lowest terms. Through contracts can be obtained when desired.

LUMBER

The undersigned having a large STEAM SAW MILL, located in the large Pinery, five miles South of Silver City, is prepared to furnish

STEAM SAW MILL

Lumber in any quantity, on short notice. I have also, now on hand 500,000 feet well-seasoned lumber of every dimension. SHINGLES kept constantly on hand.

500,000 FEET.

M. W. BREMEN.