

11-8-1895

## The San Juan Times, 11-08-1895

Fred E. Holt

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San Juan County, New Mexico.  
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 Farming to N. M. gives all information.

# San Juan Times.

The Famous Fruit Belt  
 Fine Quality Fruit Grown.  
 Great Quantities - Homes for All.  
 Grand Variety, Strive for Beauty.  
 The Times, Farmington, N. M., gives  
 all information.

VOLUME 5, NUMBER 23.

FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1895.

\$2.00 PER YEAR

### Commissioners Meeting.

The board of commissioners met in special session, Nov. 4, J. Real absent. The report of road viewer Harry Allen for proposed road between sections 10 and 3 nr 13 w on La Plata was received and December 9, 1895, was fixed for hearing claims of damages. The bond of J. E. Trujillo as constable for precinct no 7 was approved. Price Walters was appointed delegate to represent this county at the Trans-Mississippi commercial congress at Omaha, Nov. 25, '95.

### Largo.

Special Correspondence.  
 LARGO, Oct.—29.—The sheep men have done shearing for this fall and have started their flocks back to their winter range. Sheep have done well and are increasing in numbers as well as in being bred up to a better standard, giving a better quality of wool as well as mutton. A few more good bucks are needed in many flocks. Gradually sheep men are coming to it, that to make money out of their flocks they must improve.  
 C. W. Riggs and outfit passed here Sunday morning for Farmington with a few head of imported stock horses, burros, jacks and sheep. He has been on the road for quite a time and says The Times is doing wonders in advertising San Juan county and will be the means of causing immigration to this county, more than all other means of advertising ever yet done. The standing advertisement of San Juan county in The Times ought to be kept up by the county at the county's expense, as everyone will be benefited by it.

Nov. 5.

Mr. Noel of Noel Bros., of Fruitland, stayed at Largo last night on his way to Tierra Amarilla to attend court. Simon Martinez, j. p. of Largo, was in Largo today and will start for Tierra Amarilla next week. Jose A. Valesquez, Attorney at law from El Rito, is down settling up and making a division of the property of the Munos estate. Blanco precinct is about to have a alcalde at last, Jose V. Lujan being appointed at the last term of the Com. court and has qualified and is ready to sit on the bench whenever called. D. E. Lobato has rented out his ranch and has moved his family to Aztec to school his children and will go into business at that point. Messrs. Howard and Miller have rented Mr. Lobato's ranch for two years. Mr. Lobato starts to Lumberton and Tierra Amarilla today with a four horse load of apples. He returned a few days ago from Durango with a brand new wagon and has contracted a lot of baled hay at Durango at \$10 per ton delivered this winter as soon as possible.

Juan N. Jaquez returned from Durango a few days ago also with a new wagon and will start this week to baling his hay and D. E. Lobato's, and will haul it to Durango. Juan has succeeded in straightening up his deficit and will start anew.

The first skiff of snow for the season fell yesterday. Today it is all gone.

### Literary Meeting.

The first meeting for the season of the Farmington Literary society was a success. An interesting program was carried out and By-Laws adopted for the guidance of the society. One item of interest in the By-laws was that the members of the society answer to their names when roll is called by quotations from some author of note. An other is that all business is to be transacted according to parliamentary rules. The object is to make the society educational as well as entertaining. The society will meet hereafter in the Presbyterian church and all anticipate an enjoyable as well as an instructive course of meetings. The next question for debate will be on woman's rights.

A free trip to Atlanta Exposition and return, from home of the sender, is offered by the publishers of the Ladies Every Saturday of 36 South Seventh street, Philadelphia, to the first person able to make seventy seven small English words by using the letters contained in—E.V.E.R.Y.S.A.T.U.R.D.A.Y, and no letter to occur in any one word than it is contained in "Every Saturday." A first class pneumatic tire bicycle, for either

boy or girl, is offered to the first person sending list of sixty words as above. A lady's elegant gold watch to first person sending list of fifty words as above, and 100 other articles of value for first lists in order of merit as received. Twelve 2-cent stamps must be sent for trial subscription, four numbers of that beautiful 32 page illustrated newspaper for women containing full particulars and rules of the Leisure Hour circle word building exercises for bright people; also names and address of the 103 successful persons in last educational contest given by that publication. If interested answer promptly and address Ladies Every Saturday, department B, 36 South 7 street, Philadelphia, Pa.

First class household furniture and a good horse for sale. Apply at The Times office.

### DON'T STOP TOBACCO.

How to Cure Yourself While Using It.  
 The tobacco habit grows on a man until his nervous system is seriously affected, impairing health, comfort and happiness. To quit suddenly is too severe a shock to the system, as tobacco to an inveterate user becomes a stimulant that his system continually craves. Baco-Curo is a scientific cure for the tobacco habit, in all its forms, carefully compounded after the formula of an eminent Berlin physician who has used it in his private practice since 1872, without a failure, purely vegetable and guaranteed perfectly harmless. You can use all the tobacco you want while taking Baco-Curo; it will notify you when to stop. We give a written guarantee to permanently cure any case with three boxes or refund the money with 10 per cent interest. Baco-Curo is not a substitute but a scientific cure that cures without the aid of will power and with no inconvenience. It leaves the system as pure and free from nicotine as the day you took your first chew or smoke. Sold by all druggists with our iron-clad guarantee, at \$1 per box, three boxes (30 days treatment) \$2.50, or sent direct upon receipt of price. Send six 2-cent stamps for sample box, booklet and proofs free. Eureka Chemical & Manufacturing Company, Manufacturing Chemists, La Crosse, Wis. 115m6

First class cooking stove to sell cheap. Apply at Times office.

You can earn \$5 each day "giving" our absolutely indispensable household article away. New plan of work making experience unnecessary and success certain for either sex in any section. Sample dozen free. Credit given. Freight paid. Address, Melrose Mfg. Co., 17, Melrose park, Ill.

Geo. S. Hood has an excellent 160 acre ranch for sale. 4 acres in orchard 18 in alfalfa, house, corrals, stables about six miles east of Farmington. Sale on easy terms.

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## South Farmington.

I have subdivided and laid out in  
 TOWN LOTS  
 Eighty acres of land immediately adjoining the town of Farmington. The lots are one acre each and will be sold on

VERY EASY TERMS.  
 A good water right goes with each lot. The north line of this tract is only two blocks from the

PRINCIPAL BUSINESS STREET OF FARMINGTON.  
 I also have 400 acres of

GOOD FARM AND ORCHARD LAND  
 Adapted to the raising of apples, peaches, nectarines, apricots, pears, plums, prunes, grapes and all other deciduous fruits and alfalfa, from which a person can select one of the

BEST FARMS IN THE COUNTY.  
 A large amount of my land is under cultivation and I have several bearing orchards.  
 I sell my own land and can thereby save you an agent's commission. Call on me or address me lock box 777.

S. R. BLAKE.

FARMINGTON, N. M.

T. C. BRYAN,

Has opened up his First class stock of Dry Goods in the Prewitt Building, Farmington. The prices are to meet the times.

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F. M. PIERCE.

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Aside from these departments, the editorial and contributed features of the REVIEW OF REVIEWS are themselves equal in extent to a magazine. The Editor's "Progress of the World" is an invaluable chronicle of the happenings of the thirty days just past, with pictures on every page of the men and women who have made the history of the month.

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**THE SAN JUAN TIMES**

V. R. N. GREAVES Editor

**Rates of Subscription:**  
 One year, \$2.00; Six months, \$1.25  
 Three months, 75 cents.

Entered at the postoffice at Farmington for transmission through the mail as second class matter

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 8, 1895.

It is a religion to close your neighbor's gate or put his fence up. It is a religious tenet any way for obedience to that rule begets neighborly good will and friendliness, and disobedience to that rule inaugurates discord, hatred and harsh words. The surest source of enmity is the deliberate leaving down of gates and fences and we may add that the perpetrator of this misdeed injures his neighbor, lets in cattle onto his land, lets out his stock, damages his property. Of course, this does not happen on this side the river. It wouldn't be put up with. It would be an unbearable innovation on the old reign of peace here, and being unexpectedly produced in our midst would be summarily sat on. Words would not avail and the parting verbal shot would be a failure and merely the precursor to the active dispensation of physical causes of fright. N. B. We "don't think we'll scare somebody."

Mr. Hughes, the editor of the Albuquerque Citizen, has got into further trouble. He has been indicted for perjury and his case will be brought up for November 20. Mr. Hughes swore in court that he did not know who wrote the article but before this assertion under oath the editor had stated on different occasions that it was written by a leading Democratic lawyer, once to W. S. Burke who was employed at the Citizen, then to Mr. Loomis, and now C. L. Flinn of Winslow, Arizona, has made an affidavit that he told Hughes in reply to that gentleman, "that he had read said article and that he, Hughes, said he did not write said article but that Neil B. Field wrote it and gave it to him and he was damned well paid for it full local rates." There appear to be other affidavits and a warrant was accordingly sworn out charging Editor Hughes with perjury.

The result of the Catron and Spiess trial has undoubtedly created the greatest astonishment on all sides. The evidence has been given to the public and having been read the mind of the reader must naturally be imbued with the certainty of the guilt of the accused. No man, however cringing to the defendants, can have studied the evidence and not come to a decision that would force him to agree with Judge Laughlin, who had the courage to dissent from his conferees. The motives of the judges who acquitted the arraigned pair we do not discuss but we say that never has a case been placed before a New Mexican court supported by proof more absolutely convincing. Retrogression, disgrace, political turpitude, bribery, might follow in the track of this decision, but we believe now the people grasp the situation; and we believe the gang to be politically damned. Murder might again hold its bloody sway over the land, but murderers are cowards and the present officials have tried and convicted murderers, and money could hardly resuscitate the band of assassins of the bloody hand, when the gibbet looms in sight. Hence, perhaps the intense desire of the Catron supporters whether individuals or press to put away present officials who have dared to denounce crime and hang political murderers.

**CHURCH AND STATE IN UTAH.**

The strongly defined distinction between church and state, the absolute freedom of the people from interference by the church with their political and national life is insisted upon by all men, whose minds are free from the unhealthy glamour of ecclesiastical mesmerism. The duty of a citizen is first to the political and social side of his existence, the religious aspect is secondary. The subservience of the former to the latter is fatal to freedom. History is full of examples. So conclusive is the proof against priestly power over mundane matters that legislature as a rule is most careful in its efforts to preserve the body politic from any suspicion of church authority. The intended admission of Utah as a state has brought this question prominently before the eyes of the nation. The factious fighting for poli-

tical supremacy has stirred up the long dead cry of Mormon church power over state. The enemies of the church have gladly hailed the chance of propagating a crusade against that body. The press see an opportunity for exciting and sensational matter. The politician seeks thereby to injure his opponents.

Mr. Rawlins in advocating statehood for Utah gave the assurance that Mormon interference with state matters and other objectionable features were removed, were things of the past. Mr. Rawlins is not a Mormon, but defeated a Mormon candidate for delegate.

The press pretend to have discovered plots whereby the church authority shall dominate the civil power. Sensational articles appear and fanciful theorists again attempt to stir up the strife, long cast aside, between Mormon and other sects.

It is interesting to note the attitude assumed by leading Mormons, and the Democratic party at this juncture. In the determined position they assume, can, we opine, be seen the pledge of political integrity for Utah.

The reassembling of the Democratic party convention took place on October 22. The cause of that unusual occurrence was the suspicion of plots existing, tending to mar the success of statehood by the intervention of the Mormon church. The large meeting was enthusiastic in its interpretation of the rights of the subject. The Democratic party in Utah has solemnly declared the absolute freedom of the people from the influence of the church. The declaration so endorsed by this national party has gone abroad to every town and village in Utah. It has been publicly read. It has been endorsed by the people.

The address says that man's first allegiance is to his country; that no church, ecclesiastical body nor spiritual advisor, should encroach upon the political rights of the individual. Man may worship his maker as his conscience dictates, but he must act politically on his own judgment, free from control or dictation, ecclesiastical or otherwise.

This is the gist of the address of the Democratic party in Utah, composed of Mormons and gentiles alike acting in harmony.

The position taken by prominent Mormons is most positive.

W. H. King declared himself in favor of the absolute separation of church and state in all affairs. He believed his religion to be divinely appointed, but the line between church and state must be strictly drawn. L. R. Martineau and David Evans were emphatic in their expression to the same effect. B. H. Roberts, president of seventies spoke eloquently. He said, "there is a determined resolution to divorce the church and state."

R. W. Sloan declared he would allow no church official to dictate to him what his political conduct would be. The Honorable Moses Thatcher claimed that he was always opposed to the union of church and state. In the matter of resisting church interference he was with them heart, head and hand.

There is a plank in the new constitution of Utah, there are planks in the platforms of the political parties against any aggression of the church. We quote these to show the feeling that must pervade the leaders of the people and the people themselves.

That statehood is Utah's right there can be no doubt. That the integrity of that state in its social and religious features, will be maintained, all reasonable men, all men who have studied the question, are assured, and that the Mormon people, who have made Utah what it now is, who in spite of persecution, reproach and martyrdom, have built up the territory until it is acknowledged to deserve statehood. These people will aid, above all, in making the state of Utah one of the richest jewels in the crown of the United States.

**School Notes.**

Mrs. Newton, Mrs. Towner, Miss Alice Hendrickson and Mr. Arrington visited school Friday.

An interesting feature of the school entertainment Friday afternoon was a song by little three year old Mabel Newton.

Nettie Moss will attend school at Junction City, it being more convenient to her present home there.

The report of the Grammar department for the first month of school shows an enrollment of 36 with an average daily standard of over 28.

James Pierce, Thomas Locke and Earl England were neither absent or tardy.

Report of the primary department shows an enrollment of 52, with an av-

erage attendance of 45, and 26 neither absent nor tardy.

The grammar department of the school will give a literary and musical entertainment Tuesday, Nov. 10, for the purpose of purchasing a dictionary.

Misses May and Jennie Roberts and Clara Shidler entered school this week.

**Mr. Lillibridge and His Little Game.**

Mr. Lillibridge, staff correspondent of the New York World, was amongst the arrivals last evening and will spend a few days in Durango in the interests of the paper he represents. He has just visited the section around Ft. Defiance and the Navajo reservation and will make a call upon the Utes.—Herald.

The above is from the Durango Herald. Mr. Lillibridge paid us a visit "in the interest of the paper he represents." That "paper" consisted mostly of checks which he "represented" as being evidences of the existence of a snug bank account. Mr. Lillibridge spent ten days or so enjoying the climatic attractions of this place, and paid great attention to the irrigation question.

He left here by the stage for Durango, and just after his departure a communication from the Albuquerque banks caused quite a scene in our main street. The participants in that scene were chiefly the happy recipients of the New York World man's checks, and three friends, one of them a heavy loser by Lillibridge's confidence tricks, left for Durango.

They found Mr. Lillibridge at the Strater. The "World" correspondent at the best hotel of course. He hadn't had time to make a call upon the Utes—only time to give one check to a confiding Durango man.

He offered to settle the small matter that had procured him the honor of a visit from Messrs. Fint, Fabrian and Korn of this town and gave a check for \$150 on a Colorado Springs bank.

A telegram to that institution discovered the fact that the Springs was not entrusted with a deposit of cash from him. So after a deal of persuasion he permitted himself to be conveyed back to Aztec, San Juan county, New Mexico, where he was placed in that institution, which is the monument to the generosity of San Juan county official life.

He awaits the action of E. G. Berry, J. P., in the matter. Gallup and Fort Defiance had been honored by his presence and are now complaining that he left them too hurriedly.

**DR. A. ROSENTHAL,**

**PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,**

**FARMINGTON, N. M.**

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See to it that you buy from reliable manufacturers that have gained a reputation by honest and square dealing. You will then get a sewing machine that is noted all over the world for its durability. You want the one that is easiest to manage and is

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There is no man in the world that can equal in mechanical construction, durability of working parts, fineness of finish, beauty in appearance, or has as many improvements as the

**NEW HOME**

has Automatic Tension, Double Feed, alike with both sides of needle (patented), no other has New Hand (patented) driving wheel turned on adjustable centers, thus reducing friction to the minimum.

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**THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE CO.**

OLKSON, MASS. BOSTON, MASS. 25 UNION SQUARE, N. Y. CHICAGO, ILL. ST. LOUIS, MO. DALLAS, TEXAS. SAN FRANCISCO, CAL. ATLANTA, GA.

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First Class Wines, Liquors, and Cigars  
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 WINCHESTER AVE. NEW HAVEN, CONN.

LATEST LOCAL NEWS.

Subscriptions due for the past year must be paid at once.

Good rain fell Saturday, Sunday and Monday.

Dick Simpson of Olio was up seeing his friends Tuesday.

Judge Bowman went up to his mill Wednesday for a few days.

S. W. Weightman of Olio was in town Wednesday on business.

Mrs. and Miss Hubbard paid Farmington a visit last Thursday.

Miss Scott of Hay Gulch is in Farmington on a visit to the Arringtons.

Geo. English of Olio passed through Farmington on his way to Durango.

Mrs. Eldridge and Miss Smiley from the Mission were in Farmington this week.

Gas Bero had an order for several carloads of apples for Telluride and district.

We tasted some very fine creamery butter, imported by J. A. Laughren, this week. There was no ranch butter in town.

The indications are more favorable now than ever before for Gallup to be illuminated by electricity in the near future.—Optic.

Work on the new European hotel at Gallup is being pushed to completion as fast as men and money can do it.—Las Vegas Optic.

The Opera saloon in addition to its importation of superb liquor has also indulged us with the "Korn Dance" last Friday over Mr. Lillibridge.

The Las Vegas Examiner reaches us in an enlarged and improved form. This conservative journal is one of the motive powers of Las Vegas progress.

Ed Davis came in from Hay Gulch Sunday. Ed has a bunch of cattle up there. Pasture is good. There are fine crops in that district this season, grain hay and potatoes.

C. H. McHenry has set the community a lesson by commencing his fall ploughing. Fall ploughing should, according to the best authority, be the rule.

The Indians who had been at work on the ditch came into town Saturday and Sunday. The Navajos were flush with money and were converting all their bills into silver.

C. W. Riggs, the explorer, passed through town Tuesday on his way to King's ranch with a bunch of fine sheep. Mr. Riggs has also rented a pasture from Collyer Bros. of Olio.

The stage line from Farmington to Durango is now being run on such reasonable terms with regard to passenger rates, that the result should be a large increase in the number of the traveling public.

Telluride, says Gus Bero, is busy, full of people and has plenty of money in circulation. Telluride seems to have gone ahead. Some good mines were developed this summer in addition to the old ones which are in full work.

Mr. Sleeper of Telluride, Colo., the fruit dealer, had a carload of Farmington fruit through the Durango merchants. Mr. Sleeper stated to Mr. Bero that he considered it the best fruit he had yet bought and discounting anything they had seen in that district.

S. L. Harwood returned from Gallup last Wednesday. He left Jack Warren and family in Gallup. Warren will look round for a few days and may locate in Gallup. The fruit Mr. Harwood sold at \$1.50 a box as soon as it reached Gallup. The town was busy, buildings going up and every sign of activity.

We have replied to a letter from the U. S. consul at Stuttgart, Wurtemberg, inquiring as to whether Gottlieb Wagner was killed during the Indian trouble here in '93. Wagner's relatives are anxious for his safety and our letter will assure them that his name was not amongst the list of casualties on that exciting occasion.

C. W. Riggs the explorer and relic hunter and wanderer arrived in this district last week with his retinue of horses, burros, sheep, family, etc. Mr. Riggs will stay here some time and will pasture his flocks in Farmington pastures. This affable and interesting gentleman visited our

office. He is full of enthusiasm for the country he is in, its prospects, its climate and its fruits. "We've traveled slowly through this country and can sleep out at night without fear of damp or cold." Mr. Riggs has wandered and explored for 30 years. He was the owner and occupier of the celebrated house boat in which he navigated the Mississippi, Missouri, Ohio and St. Francis rivers. In the floating house the explorer and his family lived for years. From its deck they surveyed the unsurpassed American river scenery. Anchored to the banks it was their home, whilst the ardent hunter searched for the relics of a bygone race. From the river these Bohemians sought the canons of Colorado where the pottery of the cliff dwellers lured the searcher to climb the cliffs where these ancient people had made their homes. Mr. Riggs has been in New Mexico, where he is now well known, for a considerable time.

Wanted.

Forty to 100 ton of alfalfa with good pasture lot. Address stating what you have and prices for same.

C. W. RIGGS.

Bero-Hippenmeyer Wedding.

We had the great pleasure of attending the wedding of Gus Bero and Minnie Hippenmeyer. The ceremony took place at the M. E. church, Farmington and was attended by friends in such numbers as to furnish conclusive proof of the popularity of the couple and the esteem accorded them by all. Miss Hippenmeyer is the youngest daughter of Mrs. Hippenmeyer of this place, and if her mother feels the loss of her youngest from the home circle deeply, her natural sorrow is mitigated by the thought that she entrusts her girl's future happiness to an honorable and earnest man. The bride looked lovely in a sweet costume of peach blossom and white shot silk draped with lace and cream ribbon to match. Her sister, Miss Phoebe Hippenmeyer and her brother, Mr. John Hippenmeyer, were the supporters of the principals, and the ceremony, impressive and beautiful, was performed by Rev. W. H. Howard. Lohengrin Wedding March was played, with soft music during the service.

The wedding, breakfast prepared under the skilful management of Mrs. Triplett, was a preliminary that strengthened the participants in that delightful banquet for the task of bidding adieu to Mr. and Mrs. Gus Bero, who left on their journey for their home at Telluride, Colorado.

We voice the sentiment of our community when we wish these young people every blessing that this earth can afford. May their pathway through life be strewn with the flowers of pleasure and happiness.

Lost, a gold cuff button with a letter S on it. Please leave at Times office.

How's This!

We offer one hundred dollars reward for any case of catarrah that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrah Cure. F. J. CHENEY & Co., Props, Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by their firm.

West & Truax, wholesale druggists, Toledo, O.

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Hall's Catarrah Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Price 75c per bottle. Sold by all druggists. Testimonials free.

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FARMINGTON NEW MEXICO.

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PROPOSALS

For Erection of Buildings.

U. S INDIAN SERVICE NAVAJO AGENCY, NEW MEXICO, FORT DEFIANCE, A. T., via Gallup, N. M. September 12, 1895.

Scaled proposals endorsed "Proposals for Erection of Buildings," and addressed to the undersigned at Fort Defiance, Ariz., via Gallup, New Mexico, will be received at this Agency until one o'clock p. m. of October 12, 1895, for furnishing the necessary materials and labor and erecting and completing on the sites selected therefor on the Navajo Indian Reservation, five (5) one-story stone school buildings, in strict accordance with the plans and specifications which may be examined at the office of the "Citizen," Albuquerque, N. M.; "The San Juan Times," Farmington, N. M.; the "Democrat," Flagstaff, Arizona, and the "Democrat," Durango, Colorado, and at the Navajo Agency.

Bidders must state in their bids the length of time proposed to be consumed in the erection of each of the buildings, and also the proposed price of each building. A form of proposal accompanies the specifications.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids or any part of any bid if deemed for the best interests of the service.

The attention of bidders is invited to the Act of Congress approved August 1, 1892, entitled: "An act relating to the limitation of the hours of daily service of laborers and mechanics employed upon the public works of the United States and of the District of Columbia," and also to the Act of Congress approved August 13, 1894, entitled: "An Act for the protection of persons furnishing materials and labor for the construction of public works."

CERTIFIED CHECKS.

Each bid must be accompanied by a certified check or draft upon some United States depository or solvent National Bank in the vicinity of the residence of the bidder, made payable to the order of the Commissioner of Indian Affairs for at least FIVE PER CENT of the amount of the proposal, which check or draft will be forfeited to the United States in case any bidder or bidders receiving an award shall fail to promptly execute a contract with good and sufficient sureties, otherwise to be returned to the bidder.

Bids accompanied by cash in lieu of certified checks will not be considered. For any further information, as to the precise location of building sites, means of transportation, etc., etc., apply to: CAPTAIN CONSTANT WILLIAMS, U. S. A. Acting Indian Agent.

THE HAYS ADDITION

To Farmington.

I have frequent applications for property of different descriptions and all property listed with me will receive careful attention. If you want any information regarding land and water in San Juan county, drop me a line and I will promptly respond.

HOMER HAYS,

REAL ESTATE.

HOMER HAYS, Farmington, N. M.

The Cheapest Place in Town To Buy.	<b>F</b>	Groceries Sold Closer than Anywhere in the County.
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GROCERIES

Produce of All Kinds Taken Here	<b>S</b>	J. A. Laughren, Farmington, N. Mex.
	<b>H</b>	

Arrington's Residence Addition to Farmington,

West of Presbyterian Church.

LOTS, 50X200 FEET,

Under Farmington Ditch. Water Right Sold with Lots. Easy Terms to Good Purchasers. Consult

T. J. Arrington

Cherry Creek SAW MILLS  
Bowman & Carson, Prop's  
ROUGH AND DRESSED LUMBER  
Shingles, Box Material and Lath  
Mills are located at Thompson's Park, 18 miles from Dale's Ranch Postoffice address, DIX, COLO.



# OUT OF THE CITY. A STORY OF THE NEW WOMAN.

BY A. CONAN DOYLE



INTERNATIONAL PRESS ASSOCIATION.

(CHAPTER XIII.—CONTINUED).  
"Well, well, we must go by averages of course. Shall we say two years? I should think that you have a full two years before you."

"In two years your pension would bring you in £1,600. Now I will do my very best for you, Admiral! I will advance you £2,000 and you can make over to me your pension for your life. It is pure speculation on my part. If you die to-morrow I lose my money. If the doctor's prophecy is correct I shall still be out of pocket. If you live a little longer, then I may see my money again. It is the very best I can do for you."

"Then you wish to buy my pension?"  
"Yes, for two thousand down."  
"And if I live for twenty years?"  
"Oh, in that case of course my speculation would be more successful. But you have heard the doctor's opinion."

"Would you advance the money instantly?"  
"You should have a thousand at once. The other thousand I should expect you to take in furniture."

"In furniture?"  
"Yes, Admiral. We shall do you a beautiful houseful at that sum. It is the custom of my clients to take half in furniture."

The Admiral sat in dire perplexity. He had come out to get money, and to go back without any, to be powerless to help when his boy needed every shilling to save him from disaster; that would be very bitter to him. On the other hand, it was so much that he surrendered, and so little that he received. Little, and yet something. Would it not be better than going back empty-handed? He saw the yellow backed cheque-book upon the table. The moneylender opened it and dipped his pen into the ink.

"Shall I fill it up?" said he.  
"I think, Admiral," remarked Westmacott, "that we had better have a little walk and some luncheon before we settle this matter."

"Oh, we may as well do it at once. It would be absurd to postpone it now," Metaxa spoke with some heat, and his eyes glistened angrily from between his narrow lids at the imperturbable Charles. The Admiral was simple in money matters, but he had seen much of men and had learned to read them. He saw that venomous glance, and saw too that intense eagerness was peeping out from beneath the careless air which the agent had assumed.

"You're quite right, Westmacott," said he. "We'll have a little walk before we settle it."

"But I may not be here this afternoon."

"Then we must choose another day."

"But why not settle it now?"

"Because I prefer not," said the Admiral shortly.

"Very well. But remember that my offer is only for to-day. It is off unless you take it at once."

"Let it be off, then."

"There's my fee," cried the doctor.

"How much?"

"A guinea."

The Admiral threw a pound and a shilling upon the table. "Come, Westmacott," said he, and they walked together from the room.

"I don't like it," said Charles, when they found themselves in the street once more; "I don't profess to be a very sharp chap, but this is a trifle too thin. What did he want to go out and speak to the doctor for? And how very convenient this tale of a weak heart was! I believe they are a couple of rogues, and in league with each other."

"A shark and a pilot fish," said the Admiral.

"I'll tell you what I propose, sir. There's a lawyer named McAdam who does my aunt's business. He is a very honest fellow, and lives at the other side of Poultry. We'll go over to him together and have his opinion about the whole matter."

"How far is it to his place?"

"Oh, a mile at least. We can have a cab."

"A mile? Then we shall see if there is any truth in what that swab of a doctor said. Come, my boy, and clap on all sail, and see who can stay the longest."

Then the sober denizens of the heart of business London saw a singular sight as they returned from their luncheons. Down the road-way, dodging among cabs and carts, ran a weather-stained elderly man, with wide flapping black hat, and homely suit of tweeds. With elbows braced back, hands clenched near his armpits, and chest protruded, he scudded along, while close at his heels lumbered a large-limbed, heavy, yellow mustached young man, who seemed to feel the exercise a good deal more than his senior. On they dashed, helter-skelter, until they puffed up panting at the office where the lawyer of the Westmacotts was to be found.

"There now!" cried the Admiral in triumph. "What d'ye think of that? Nothing wrong in the engine-room, eh?"  
"You seem fit enough, sir."

"Blessed if I believe the swab was a certificated doctor at all. He was flying false colors, or I am mistaken."

"They keep the directories and registers in this eating house," said Westmacott. "We'll go and look him out."

They did so, but the medical rolls contained no such name as that of Dr. Proudle, of Bread street.

"Pretty villainy this!" cried the Admiral, thumping his chest. "A dummy doctor and a vamped up disease. Well, we've tried the rogues, Westmacott! Let us see what we can do with your honest man."

## CHAPTER XIV.

### EASTWARD OH!

**R. MADAM**, of the firm of McAdam & Squire, was a highly polished man who dwelt behind a highly polished table in the neatest and snuggest of offices. He was white-haired and amiable, with deep-lined aquiline face, was addicted to low bows, and self at half-cock, as though just descending into one, or just recovering himself. He wore a high-buckled stock, took snuff, and adorned his conversation with little scraps from the classics:

"My dear sir," said he, when he had listened to the story, "any friend of Mrs. Westmacott's is a friend of mine. Try a pinch. I wonder that you should have gone to this man Metaxa. His advertisement is enough to condemn him. Habet foenum in cornu. They are all rogues."

"The doctor was a rogue, too. I didn't like the look of him at the time."  
"Arcades ambo. But now we must see what we can do for you. Of course what Metaxa said was perfectly right. The pension is in itself no security at all, unless it were accompanied by a life assurance which would be an income in itself. It is no good whatever."

His clients' faces fell.

"But there is the second alternative. You might sell the pension right out. Speculative investors occasionally deal in such things. I have one client, a sporting man, who would be very likely to take it up if we could agree upon terms. Of course, I must follow Metaxa's example by sending for a doctor.

For the second time was the Admiral punched and tapped and listened to. This time, however, there could be no question of the qualifications of the doctor, a well-known Fellow of the College of Surgeons, and his report was as favorable as the other's had been adverse.

"He has the heart and chest of a man of forty," said he. "I can recommend his life as one of the best of his age that I have ever examined."

"That's well," said Mr. McAdam, making a note of the doctor's remarks, while the Admiral disbursed a second guinea. "Your price, I understand, is five thousand pounds. I can communicate with Mr. Elberry, my client, and let you know whether he cares to touch the matter. Meanwhile you can leave your pension papers here, and I will give you a receipt for them."

"Very well. I should like the money soon."

"That is why I am retaining the papers. If I can see Mr. Elberry today we may let you have a cheque to-morrow. Try another pinch. No? Well, good-bye. I am very happy to have been of service." Mr. McAdam bowed them out, for he was a very busy man, and they found themselves in the street once more with lighter hearts than when they had left it.

"Well, Westmacott, I am sure I am very much obliged to you," said the Admiral. "You have stood by me when I was the better for a little help, for I'm clean out of my soundings among these city sharks. But I've something to do now which is more in my own line, and I need not trouble you any more."

"Oh, it is no trouble. I have nothing to do. I never have anything to do. I don't suppose I could do it if I had. I should be delighted to come with you, sir, if I can be of any use."

"No, no, my lad. You go home again. It would be kind of you, though, if you would look in at number one when you get back and tell my wife that all's well with me, and that I'll be back in an hour or so."

"All right, sir. I'll tell her." Westmacott raised his hat and strode away to the westward, while the Admiral, after a hurried lunch, bent his steps towards the east.

It was a long walk, but the old seaman swung along at a rousing pace, leaving street after street behind him. The great business places dwindled down into commonplace shops and dwellings, which decreased and became more stunted, even as the folk who filled them did, until he was deep in the evil places of the eastern end. It was a land of huge, dark houses and of garish gin-shops, a land, too, where life moves irregularly and where adventures are to be gained—as the Admiral was to learn to his cost.

He was hurrying down one of the long, narrow, stone-flagged lanes between the double lines of crouching, disheveled women and of dirty children

who sat on the hollowed steps of the houses, and basked in the autumn sun. At one side was a barrowman with a load of walnuts, and beside the barrow a bedraggled woman with a black fringe and a chequered shawl thrown over her head. She was cracking walnuts and picking them out of the shells, throwing out a remark occasionally to a rough man in a rabbit-skin cap, with straps under the knees of his corduroy trousers, who stood puffing a black clay pipe with his back against the wall. What the cause of the quarrel was, or what sharp sarcasm from the woman's lips pricked suddenly through that thick skin may never be known, but suddenly the man took his pipe in his left hand, leaned forward, and deliberately struck her across the face with his right. It was a slap rather than a blow, but the woman gave a sharp cry and covered up against the barrow with her hand to her cheek.

"You infernal villain!" cried the Admiral, raising his stick. "You brute and blackguard!"

"Garn!" growled the rough, with the deep, rasping intonation of a savage. "Garn out o' this or I'll—!" He took a step forward with uplifted hand, but in an instant down came cut number three upon his wrist, and cut number five across his thigh, and cut number one full in the center of his rabbit-skin cap. It was not a heavy stick, but it was strong enough to leave a good red weal wherever it fell. The rough yelled with pain, and rushed in, hitting with both hands, and kicking with his iron-shod boots, but the Admiral had still a quick foot and a true eye, so that he bounded backwards and sideways, still raining a shower of blows upon his savage antagonist. Suddenly, however, a pair of arms closed around his neck, and glancing backwards he caught a glimpse of the black coarse fringe of the woman whom he had befriended. "I've got him!" she shrieked. "I'll 'old 'im. Now, Bill, knock the tripe out of him!" Her grip was as strong as a man's, and her wrist pressed like an iron bar upon the Admiral's throat. He made a desperate effort to disengage himself, but the most that he could do was to swing her round, so as to place her between his adversary and himself. As it proved, it was the very best thing that he could have done. The rough, half-blinded and maddened by the blows which he had received, struck out with all his ungainly strength, just as his partner's head swung around in front of him. There was a noise like that of a stone hitting a wall, a deep groan, her grasp relaxed, and she dropped a dead weight upon the pavement, while the Admiral sprang back and raised his stick once more, ready either for attack or defense. Neither were needed, however, for at that moment there was a scattering of the crowd, and two police constables, burly and helmeted, pushed their way through the rabble. At the sight of them the rough took to his heels, and was instantly screened from view by a veil of his friends and neighbors.

"I have been assaulted," panted the Admiral. "This woman was attacked and I had to defend her."

"This is Bermondsey Sal," said one police officer, bending over the beragled heap of tattered shawl and dirty skirt. "She's got it hot this time."

"He was a shortish man, thick, with a beard."

"Ah, that's Black Davie. He's been up four times for beating her. He's about done the job now. If I were you I would let that sort settle their own little affairs, sir."

"Do you think that a man who holds the Queen's commission will stand by and see a woman struck?" cried the Admiral indignantly.

"Well, just as you like, sir. But you've lost your watch, I see."

"My watch!" He clapped his hand to his waistcoat. The chain was hanging down in front, and the watch gone.

He passed his hand over his forehead. "I would not have lost that watch for anything," said he. "No money could replace it. It was given me by the ship's company after our African cruise. It has an inscription."

The policeman shrugged his shoulders. "It comes from meddling," said he.

"What'll you give me if I tell you where it is?" said a sharp-faced boy among the crowd. "Will you gimme a quid?"

"Certainly."

"Well, where's the quid?"

The Admiral took a sovereign from his pocket. "Here it is."

"Then 'ere's the ticker!" The boy pointed to the clenched hand of the senseless woman. A glimmer of gold shone out from between the fingers, and on opening them up, there was the Admiral's chronometer. This interesting victim had throttled her protector with one hand, while she robbed him with the other.

The Admiral left his address with the policeman, satisfied that the woman was only stunned, not dead, and then set off upon his way once more, the poorer perhaps in his faith in human nature, but in very good spirits none the less. He walked with dilated nostrils and clenched hands, all glowing and tingling with the excitement of the combat, and warmed with the thought that he could still, when there was need, take his own part in a street brawl in spite of his three-score and odd years.

(TO BE CONTINUED.)

### Mr. Kreuper's Narrow Escape.

Paul Kreuper, of South Bend, Ind., retiring township trustee, upon casting up his accounts found himself \$5,000 short, and, without waiting for a re-examination, and nearly crazy with excitement, he notified some of his bondsmen, and there was the mischief to pay. The deputy county auditor found Kreuper toying with a revolver and well nigh distracted, and the deputy sent him home and called in an expert. A re-examination demonstrated that not only was there no shortage, but that a balance was due to Mr. Kreuper.

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FARMINGTON, NEW MEXICO.

## The Smelter City Brewing Association.

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Pure, Wholesome, Home Brewed Beer, and  
the only Pure Ice in the market.

Durango, - - - Colorado.

## BEAUTIFUL HOMES

To all wishing to buy GRAND MESA LANDS, under ditch, with ample stock therein for irrigation, just north of Farmington, N. M., I will sell any size block, from one to eighty acres, cheap, on easy terms.

### Very Choice Lots for Sale

just north of the public school building, to sell, a 40-acre tract, two miles from town, and an 80-acre tract with a 2-room house, cellar and small orchard, also a 10-acre tract of good land, well situated on the county road.

Any of these pieces of property is close enough to the public school for children to attend.

For further information apply to owner,

**HUGH GRIFFIN**

.... Or ....

V. R. N. Greaves, Agent  
Farmington, N. M.

Says Bridget, Well, I piver see  
The loike ip all me blissd loife,  
If Micky iver marries me  
It's DENVER BEST bell buy his wife!

Specially adapted  
for use  
in Hard water.



# THE COUNTY.

ONE OF THE GARDEN SPOTS OF THE WORLD.

Fertile Soil Abundant Water and Other Inducements Offered to Home Seekers.

From N. M. Bureau of Immigration Report. This county is one of the garden spots of the world, and lies on the western slope of the great continental divide, being part of the Pacific water-shed. Aside from its great resources as an agricultural and stock country its scenery is very beautiful. On all sides great rocky masses, broken into picturesque formations, are to be seen across wide, fertile valleys. The county is watered by three large rivers, and from their junction below Farmington the view is grand and impressive.

**FARM LAND ON THE SAN JUAN.**  
In this valley, from a point about ten miles above Largo, there is a narrow strip of bottom land on each side of the river. At the town of Largo the river bottom widens out into rolling mesas and bottom lands which are available for cultivation. The most important of these tracts are known as the Bloomfield and Solomon mesas, which, with the bottom lands under them, will aggregate somewhat over 20,000 acres. They are on the north side of the river. From thence to the junction of the Animas, the mesa lands are broken into detached plateaus rather difficult to irrigate. The Animas and La Plata empty into the San Juan near Farmington. On the two points of land formed by the rivers are about 12,000 or 15,000 acres of fine land all under ditch. Beginning then at the mouth of the La Plata, and for twenty miles down the San Juan, to where it breaks through the Hogback, (a line of low hills) there is a continuous series of mesas with about a mile wide of bottom land. A little over 15,000 here are now under ditch. To the north of this are a series of high meadows, or vegas, estimated to contain 44,000 acres. Besides this, and to be properly considered in the San Juan basin, are the lands on either side of the Canon Largo, Canon Blanco and Canon Gallego. These will include the land along the river and down to the sixth correction line, north; south of this line there are twenty-four townships of land, the water facilities of which are only about the average of the arid region. They are covered by the headwaters of the Rio Chaco or Chasco and the Amarillo. At present this land is devoted to cattle and sheep raising, but the prospects of using a considerable area of this land for agriculture are very favorable. At present there is no demand for it and most of it is public land.

It may be said, therefore, that in the immediate San Juan valley there are about 60,000 acres of land, about 50,000 acres of which are now under ditch. A large area outside of this, on the high mesas, is susceptible of irrigation, and will ultimately be added to the irrigable area by means of high line ditches.

**THE ANIMAS VALLEY.**  
The Animas river enters the county just east of the 108th meridian. It is formed by the junction of two important torrential streams, and will irrigate, if properly handled, 40,000 acres of fruit land. Of this amount 10,000 or 12,000 acres are already under ditch, and it would not be wise to advise large settlement on any new lands, unless some scheme were devised by which the whole amount of the water could be handled by some comprehensive authority. This river flows thirty miles within San Juan county. The farming lands begin at Cox's crossing and take in a strip varying from a quarter of a mile to three miles in width and about twenty five miles in length. The Animas has a minimum flow of 2000 cubic feet per second. One of the peculiarities of this and the San Juan river is that the bottoms are composed of beds of small, round, water-worn boulders of unknown depth. More water flows in this boulder bed than on the surface. Along in the river valley proper there are about 18,000 acres of good land, the most important area of which is from Aztec to below Flora Vista.

**FARMINGTON GLADE.**  
Besides the valley of the Animas there is an important area of land included in the Farmington Glade, an interval between the Animas and La Plata rivers. It is a strip of country two or three miles wide by eighteen miles long. It will aggregate 25,000 acres of good irrigable land well adapted to fruit raising. In the glade, and beginning at about the latitude of Aztec, is a fine body of public land, subject to desert land entry, that would make homes for a small colony. The ditch would be comparatively inexpensive as a natural opening in the hillside affords easy entrance to the glade. If water

were brought to this place there is no better piece of land for raising luscious fruits. It is protected, fertile and beautiful.

**THE LA PLATA VALLEY.**  
The La Plata river flows in a deep, sandy bed, and its waters generally disappear in the last week in August or the first week of September. On the upper part of this river after it enters San Juan county there are about 8000 acres cultivated; and at Jackson, near its mid-course, there is a small Mormon colony who till about 1000 acres. The river has an average fall of forty feet to the mile, is about thirty feet wide and has a mean average flow of about 250 cubic feet per second. The ultimate reclamation of lands in the La Plata valley will be large.

**ACTUAL WATER RESOURCES.**  
It will be seen from the foregoing that there are available from these three rivers 6250 cubic feet of water per second. At the low estimate of 160 acres to each cubic foot this is sufficient to irrigate 1,000,000 acres of land. According to a county pamphlet issued for circulation at the World's fair there are 175,000 acres available for irrigation. In addition to the value of the water for irrigation, it is a constant source of water power. The San Juan and Animas are constant streams, not affected by the most enduring drought. The wasted power of their waters would furnish heat, light and electrical motive force far in excess of any possible need of this county. At present the only use made of all this wealth of water is to irrigate about 25,000 acres, the larger part of which is under ditches owned by small associations of farmers.

**AZTEC.**  
The modern civilization has followed the same lines of settlement as did the ancient. Aztec is the county seat, situated on the southeast bank of the Animas. It has a bank, several large stores, hotel and livery and stage stables. The county jail is a well built, steel lined adobe structure. The surrounding country is well cultivated, the farms extending up and down the river for several miles. At this point the valley is about two miles wide. From alfalfa, grain, potatoes and all the root crops give abundant harvests. Apples and tomatoes seem peculiarly adapted to the soil. The population of the town and surrounding country is between 550 and 600 persons.

**FLORA VISTA.**  
This little village and vicinity has a population of about 250 souls. It is situated at about the widest part of the Animas valley, seven miles from Aztec, raises the same crops and its orchards are spreading; alfalfa fields have a particularly good appearance.

**FARMINGTON.**  
Farmington and Junction City are situated at the mouth of the Animas. The population is about the same as at Aztec. The location is very beautiful. At this point the full scenic beauty of the valley reveals itself. From a little hill overlooking the town a solid plantation of three or four square miles, including orchards, alfalfa fields, grain and meadow is seen. Here is at present the densest population of the county and the widest spread of cultivation. The three valleys here converge into the main valley of the San Juan. There are several good stores, public stables, good schools and general facilities. Near this town are located several brick kilns, a saw mill and a roller process flour mill. It is a very pretty, good-sized place. Its citizens are full of energy and public spirit.

**LA PLATA.**  
This place can hardly be called a town. It is a compact farming community, however, of about seventy well cultivated homesteads at the head of the La Plata valley. On the western side the land rises in three terraces, one over the other, every one of which is highly cultivated. The sight would remind one more of a French landscape than a western community as yet removed from railroads, and ten years ago given over to the Indians as a hunting ground. Alfalfa and fruit are the principal productions. This part of the county is a very picture in its picturesque fertility. The Aztecs also thought well of it, and many of their monuments in the shape of finely pictured and sculptured rocks abound.

**THE LOWER SAN JUAN.**  
Olio, Fruitland and Jewett are situated on the San Juan below its junction with the La Plata. The population of the three is about 600 persons. The greater part of the land is under a fine modern canal and in a high state of cultivation. At Fruitland is one small orchard of seven acres from which the annual net return has been over \$2,500 per annum for the past five years. This is the property of the resident Mormon bishop and is cultivated according to the theory of his people that a small place well cared for is more valuable than broad acreage poorly farmed. It is one of the best instances of intensive culture in the territory.

**LARGO.**  
This town may be considered the center of population on the upper San Juan. Taking in with it the little settlement on Pine river and at Bloomfield, the population is between 1000 and 1200 persons, the majority of whom are of Spanish descent. The high culture of the fields, orchards and vineyards speaks well for the progress of the community.

**CROPS.**  
The first trees were planted in this county ten years ago, and as an experiment seemed very doubtful. The first settlers were principally cattle men, who knew little about farming. They profited by their first mistakes, however, and prospered, so that the reputation of these valleys is known all over the southwest. The southern towns of Colorado, outside the San Luis valley, are almost wholly supplied from the San Juan orchards. So representative has fruit culture proved that in 1891 23,000 trees were planted, and in 1892 about 50,000. The planting of 1893 is not yet accurately known, but will show a ratio of progress. Last year at the Albuquerque Terminal fair the fruits of this county took the sweetest prize. The peaches in some instances measured nine inches in circumference, apples thirteen to fourteen inches and weighed sixteen to nineteen ounces. Single acres of fruit land return from \$400 to \$500; and in one orchard near Farmington are three trees, of whose yield an accurate account has been kept for four years past that show an average return of \$53 per tree.

Cereals of all kinds are grown here, wheat yielding 20 to 40 bushels per acre; oats, 30 to 80 bushels; barley, 30 to 60 bushels; rye, 15 to 30 bushels; corn, 25 to 50 bushels. A ready sale is found at good prices. Current prices for 1893 were as follows: Wheat, per cwt., \$1.40; oats, \$1.50; barley, \$1.40; corn, \$1.50; bran, per ton, \$18. Vegetables of every variety flourish, from the hardier varieties, such as Irish potatoes, turnips and beets, to the more tender melons, egg-plants, tomatoes, etc.

**ALFALFA.**  
Is, however, the staple crop in this county; drought is not to be feared and neither frost nor cold endangers it. Owing to the advantageous situation of the county the farmers have taken to fattening beef cattle. For this purpose the sales of alfalfa are large, frequently amounting to from 500 to 1000 tons to a single buyer. From 1891 to 1892 the increase in alfalfa production amounted 7000 tons. The average yield per acre is from 4 to 10 tons.

**MINERAL WEALTH.**  
This whole county is underlain with coal. The beds have not been prospected to any extent. They are known, however, to contain almost unlimited quantities of coal. On the San Juan river, opposite Fruitland, is a truly notable exposure of this valuable fuel. It stands above the river 34 feet and is over 300 feet long, and extends back into the bluff on a very slight dip, it is supposed for miles, as there is an immense mesa stretching in that direction. Immediately across on the north side of the river other huge beds appear, and these then stretch up the La Plata for nearly fifty miles. This coal is a hard, free burning quality. An experienced Colorado miner, who is working one of these veins on the La Plata, says he never saw mines so easily opened or that so quickly yielded good merchantable coal. All that seems to be necessary is to strip the outer layer, which has been exposed to the weather for ages, and the fine, glittering material is found, free from slate or "bone" and ready for use. Some difference of opinion exists as to the quality of this coal, but the bureau of immigration can state on the authority of its agent that it is of a good coking character. Some of it, in its presence, was covered with soft sand fired on the ground and in a short time was roasted into a fine grey ash with a ring like metal. The coal in this county is usually found in a thick strata between slate and sandstone of a very fine grain.

It is said that gold and metallic iron can be found; and the best building stone, both sandstone and granite, abound. The best mining camps of Colorado and splendid mineral belts in New Mexico are contiguous. When railroads penetrate this county the neighborhood of Olio will afford splendid opportunities for large smelters.

Patented land with water can be had at from \$15 to \$50 per acre. Besides this there are thousands of acres of government land that can be had for the cost of filing on it. Among the many enterprises which would flourish in this county may be mentioned a wool scouring plant and woolen mills. Water and coal are abundant and free. The only expense will be in developing.

**Crops and Prices of 1893.**  
The following table shows the fruit yield of the county and average market price of 1893:

	YIELD	PRICE
Wheat, bushels	54,250	\$ .85
Oats	22,000	.75
Corn	25,000	.75
Barley	10,000	.75
Pat (oats)	21,000	.85
Onions	15,000	1.25
Tomatoes	2,500	1.75
Apples, pounds	930,000	.05
Peaches	250,000	.04
Plums	7,500	.05
Cherries	400,000	.05
Strawberries	100,000	.04
Blackberries	200,000	.05
Blueberries	200,000	.05
Guano	100,000	.05
Guano	100,000	.05

Besides the produce mentioned in the foregoing table the county produced 35,000 pounds of honey at an average price of 12 1/2 cents a pound, and 30,000 tons of alfalfa hay which averaged \$5 per ton.

**Questions Answered.**  
Irrigation is the best means of fertilizing land.

Every kind of deciduous fruit can be raised here.

As a fruit raising country the San Juan has no equal.

Water can be put on arid land at a cost of from \$2 to \$15 per acre.

New Mexico took first prize for wheat at the World's fair, and second for oats.

The last census gives thirty acres as the average size of an irrigated farm in New Mexico.

As a health resort for persons with weak lungs San Juan county has few peers and no superiors.

Rough lumber here is worth \$25 per thousand, brick \$8 per thousand, and lime 40 cents per bushel.

Fire clay is found in large quantities.

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such as the "car-window" which can be easily slid up and down without breaking the passenger's back, "saucer-pan," "collar-button," "nut-lock," "bottle-stopper," and a thousand other little things that most any one can find a way of improving, and these simple inventions are the ones that bring largest returns to the inventor. Try to think of something to invent.

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Patents taken out through us receive special notice in the "National Recorder," published at Washington, D. C., which is the best newspaper published in America in the interests of inventors. We furnish a year's subscription to this journal, free of cost, to all our clients. We also advertise, free of cost, the invention each month which wins our \$50 prize, and hundreds of thousands of copies of the "National Recorder," containing a sketch of the winner, and a description of his invention, will be scattered throughout the United States among capitalists and manufacturers, thus bringing to their attention the merits of the invention.

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ties on the lower San Juan, and a fine quality of fire brick can be manufactured at a nominal cost.

Experts pronounce the San Juan coal as a steam producing coal far above the average, if not the very best quality in the world.

Any information relative to the county not given in the columns of THE TIMES will be cheerfully furnished upon application to the publisher.

Water rights in company ditches cost from \$2 to \$15 per acre, with an additional cost of from \$1 to \$2 annually per acre to pay for repairs. In most cases this annual assessment can be worked out.

Sheep do well in this county. Scab and other sheep diseases are unknown here. Thousands of acres of government land are contiguous to the streams and watering places on which they can graze nearly every month in the year. Large bunches of the wethers can be fattened on alfalfa hay during the winter, and the manure carried over on it at a small cost, thus making sheep raising a profitable industry. The native sheep make a most excellent cross to breed the mutton producing strains of eastern sheep to.

A tannery is needed and would be a good investment in this county. There are over 500,000 acres of canagragia growing wild here. It yields as high per acre as ten tons wild and from thirty tons upward under cultivation. This plant contains 33 1/2 per cent of tannic acid, the highest average of any known agent. The tannery would be furnished with a home supply of tanning matter without the cost of a cent of freight. This canagragia is being shipped to Europe at a cost of between \$80 and \$100 per ton, several firms there using it for the preparation of their best grades of leather.

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