A Kidney Biopsy Simulation Training Program: First Year's Results

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A Kidney Biopsy Simulation Training Program for Renal Fellows: First Year’s Results

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BACKGROUND

- Nephrology attracts fewer medical graduates despite the growing care and workforce demand (1, 2).
- Interventional Nephrology could re-foster interest in this subspecialty (1, 2).
- Percutaneous kidney biopsy (PKB) is the most common procedure and should be adequately taught through simulation training according to ACGME requirements (3).
- By the end of a Nephrology training program fellows may lack confidence or even competence in kidney biopsy procedural skills. The solution could be a simulation tool.

SPECIFIC AIMS

- **Aim 1:** To develop a simulation tool for teaching and practicing real-time ultrasound-guided percutaneous kidney biopsy (PKB)
- **Aim 2:** To establish the efficacy of this simulation training in reducing discomfort and adverse PKB outcomes in patients undergoing this procedure in UNMH
- **Aim 3:** To incorporate this PKB simulation into the core curriculum of the UNMH Nephrology fellowship training program according to the ACGME requirements
- **Aim 4:** To increase the confidence level and the procedural competence of the Nephrology trainees on PKBs

METHODS

- We initiated a PKB simulation training program and we designed a two-year study in order to examine its effect on the confidence level, the procedural competence and the satisfaction with this training of Nephrology fellows compared to historical controls (fellows trained on PKBs before the initiation of the program). [IRB approval date: 11/01/2017, No:17-396]

- All fellows were consented and trained at UNM’s simulation center (BATCAVE) with a renal biopsy ultrasound training model (CAE Healthcare Blue Phantom™). Participants demographics and previous PKB experience was collected.

- Pre-assigned readings, online videos and hands-on practice on the simulation model were utilized as educational strategies.

- Performance of the trainee during each one-hour session was graded by the use of an evaluation form specifically designed for PKBs.

- Pre- and post-simulation surveys evaluated the participants’ confidence level quantitatively.

- All participants completed the satisfaction with PKB simulation experience scale (PKB-SSE).

RESULTS

- All three 1st and 2nd year renal fellows completed the simulation training (academic year 2017-2018). Each session lasted one hour. All sessions were facilitated by Dr. Owen (Interventional Nephrologist) and Dr. Roumelioti in BATCAVE.

- The following table summarizes the basic information acquired from their training. Overall, the program enhanced the confidence level of fellows without previous experience on performing PKBs.

- All fellows expressed a high level of satisfaction from their participation in this training.

- PKB simulation training may improve trainees’ confidence level especially for those without prior experience as well as their satisfaction with the training.

- The procedural competence of the trainees on PKBs will be evaluated during the second year of their fellowship and will be compared to the procedural competence of historical controls (renal fellows trained before the initiation of this program).

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REFERENCES


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2) We would like to thank Dr. John Rask, Lisa Trujillo and all BATCAVE personnel for allowing us to use their facility and equipment for our training sessions.