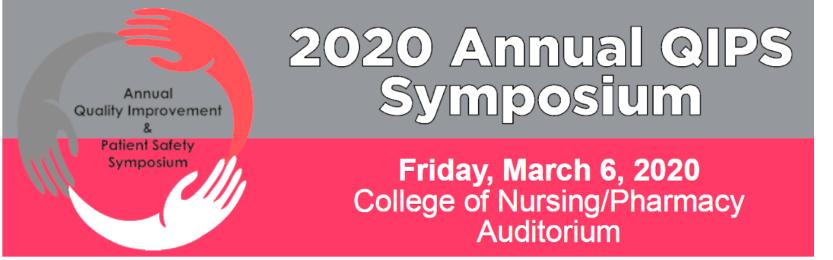
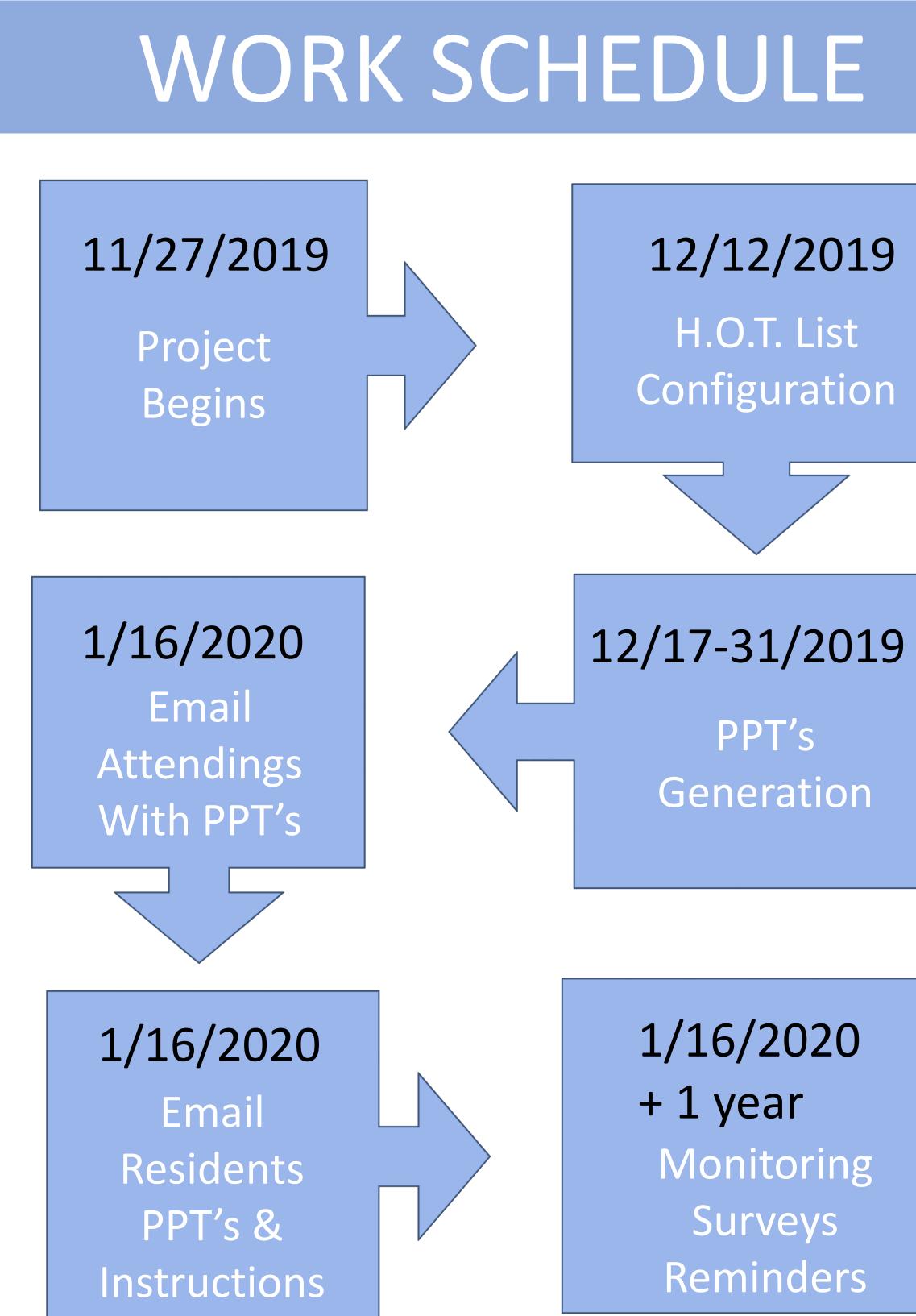
Implementation of a Shift Hand-off Tool on the VA Psychiatric Ward



INTRODUCTION

The hand-off process is a common point of miscommunication which can impact patient safety and care. Most Electronic Medical Records (EMR) software has an embedded hand-off tool to communicate treatment plans across shift transitions and address acute patient needs efficiently. This project used the existing Hand-Off Tool (H.O.T.) list available on the Computerized (CPRS) Record System EMR Patient to communicate pertinent clinical information during shift changes on the inpatient psychiatric ward at the Albuquerque Veterans Association.



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Phase One – Developing Process



Configuring H.O.T. List



Home Outlook Access

- 2. Developed H.O.T list tool use.
- 3. Educated H.O.T list tool.
- encrypted

Phase Two – Addressing Barriers

To eliminate barriers of access and technological challenges for attending physicians, three PPT's were created to present the procedures in a user-friendly interface.



Encrypting emails

- access.
- from CPRS
- email.

METHODS

1. Configured access for Ward 7 clinicians to H.O.T. list tool

> guidelines for

> clinicians about

4. Developed HIPPA compliant method to send secure with e-mails hand-off information.

1. How to access their email from their home using their home

How to access the H.O.T. list

3. How to open the secured

Phase one, developing the process for clinicians to access and communicate with the H.O.T list, accomplished without complications. was However the implementation of the H.O.T list was initially characterized by resistance and confusion. The most significant barriers was the unfamiliarity of the attendings/residents with the technology including;

- Accessing email from home
- Accessing the H.O.T. list from home Opening secure email from home

Phase two:

addressing barriers to implementation by creating instructional PPT's, of information, devoid protected patient successfully addressed lack of knowledge about the technological interface.

CONCLUSIONS

- off tool resistance.





RESULTS

• Successful implementation of the shift hand was completed despite initial

User-friendly documentation was key to increase access and use of the H.O.T. list tool.

The H.O.T list has been successfully adopted by clinicians on service and on call.

• Further monitoring of the H.O.T. list is needed with surveys to identify and address barriers.