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Long-term Impacts on Rio Grande Fish Foodweb Structure and Function

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Long-term impacts on Rio Grande fish foodweb structure and function



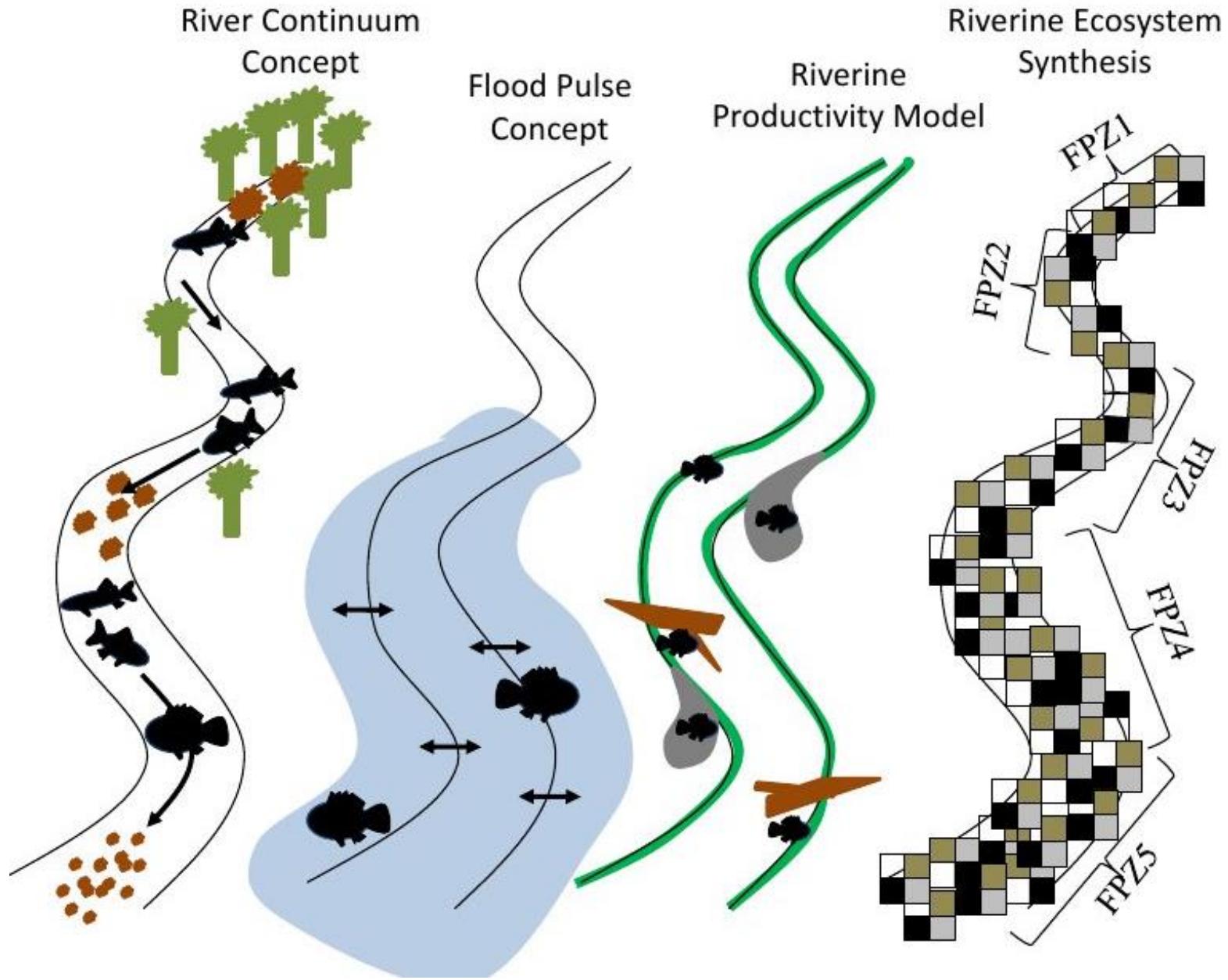
T. Kennedy



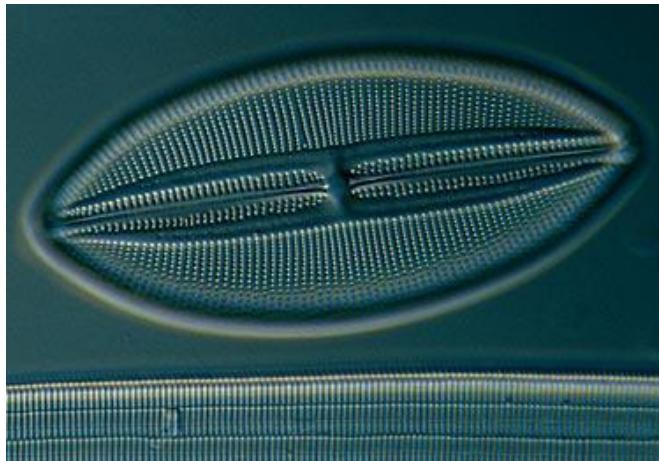
THE UNIVERSITY *of*
NEW MEXICO



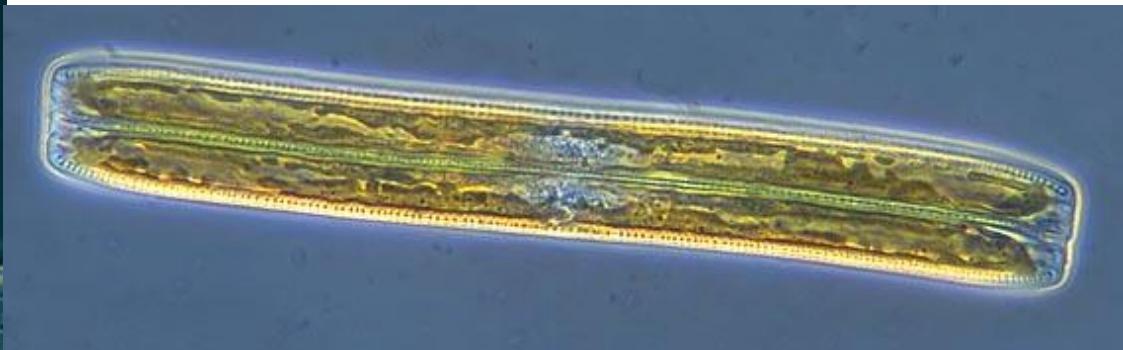
Museum of Southwestern Biology
Division of Fishes



Instream Primary Producers



Diatoms



Cyanobacteria

Green Algae



20 microns

Riparian (Terrestrial) Producers



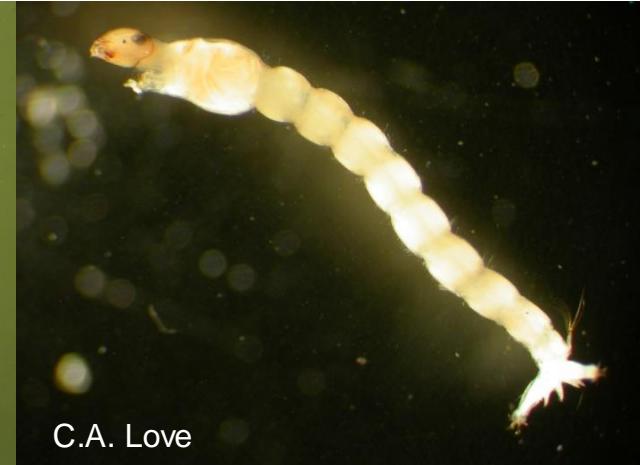
Common Rio Grande Invertebrates



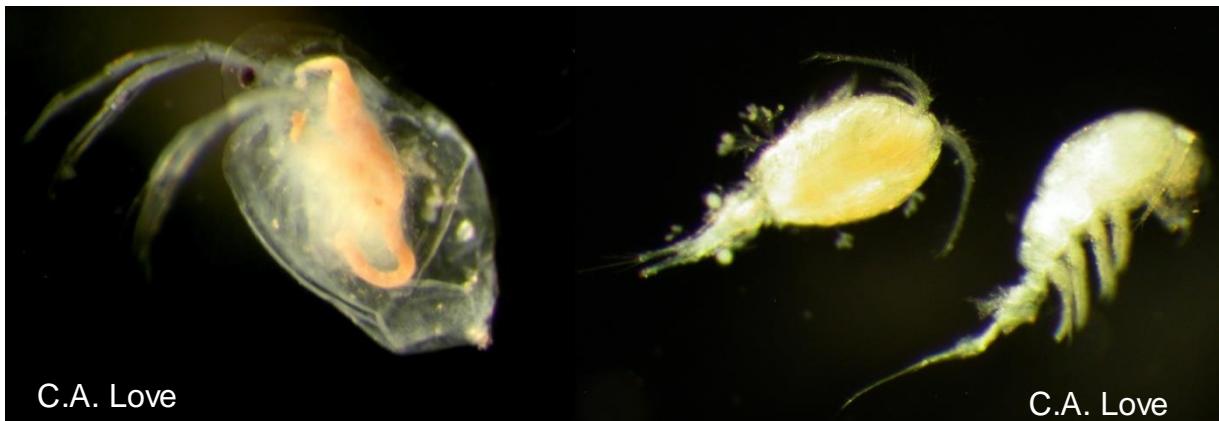
Mayfly larva



Nematoda



Chironomid (midge) larva



Microcrustacea



Rotifera

Predatory invertebrates



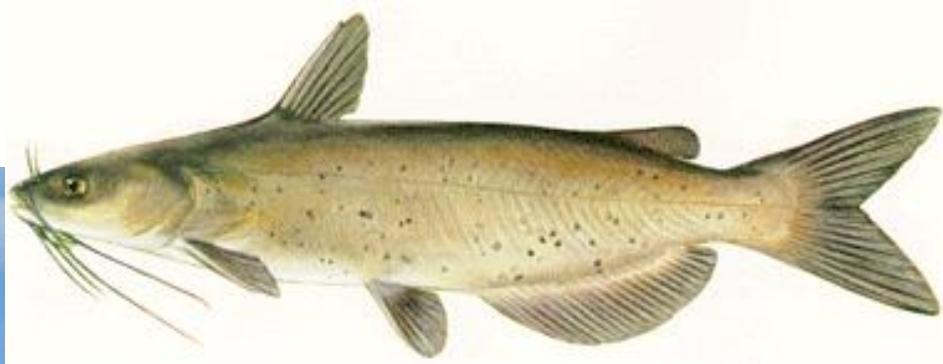
C.A. Love



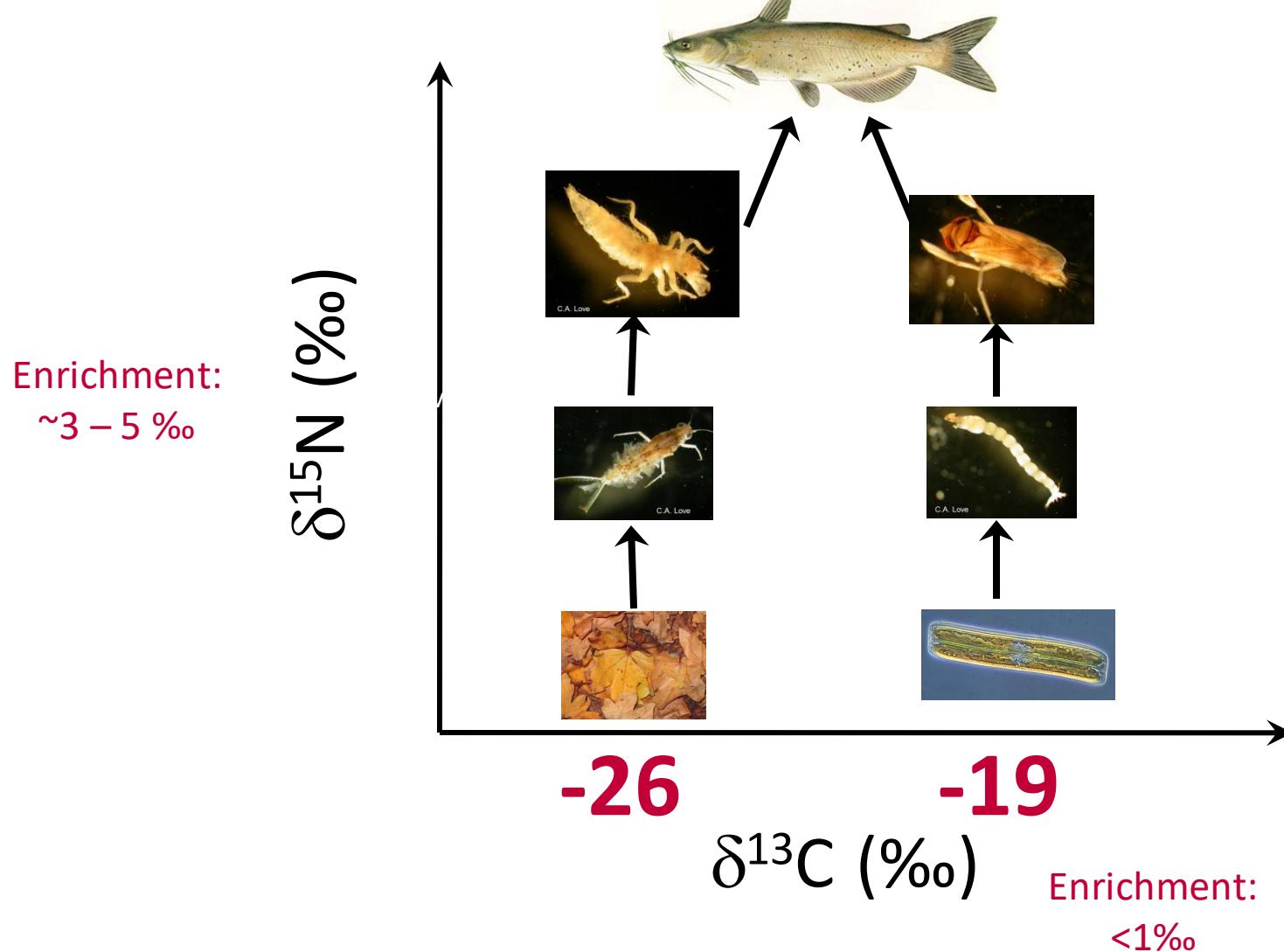
C.A. Love

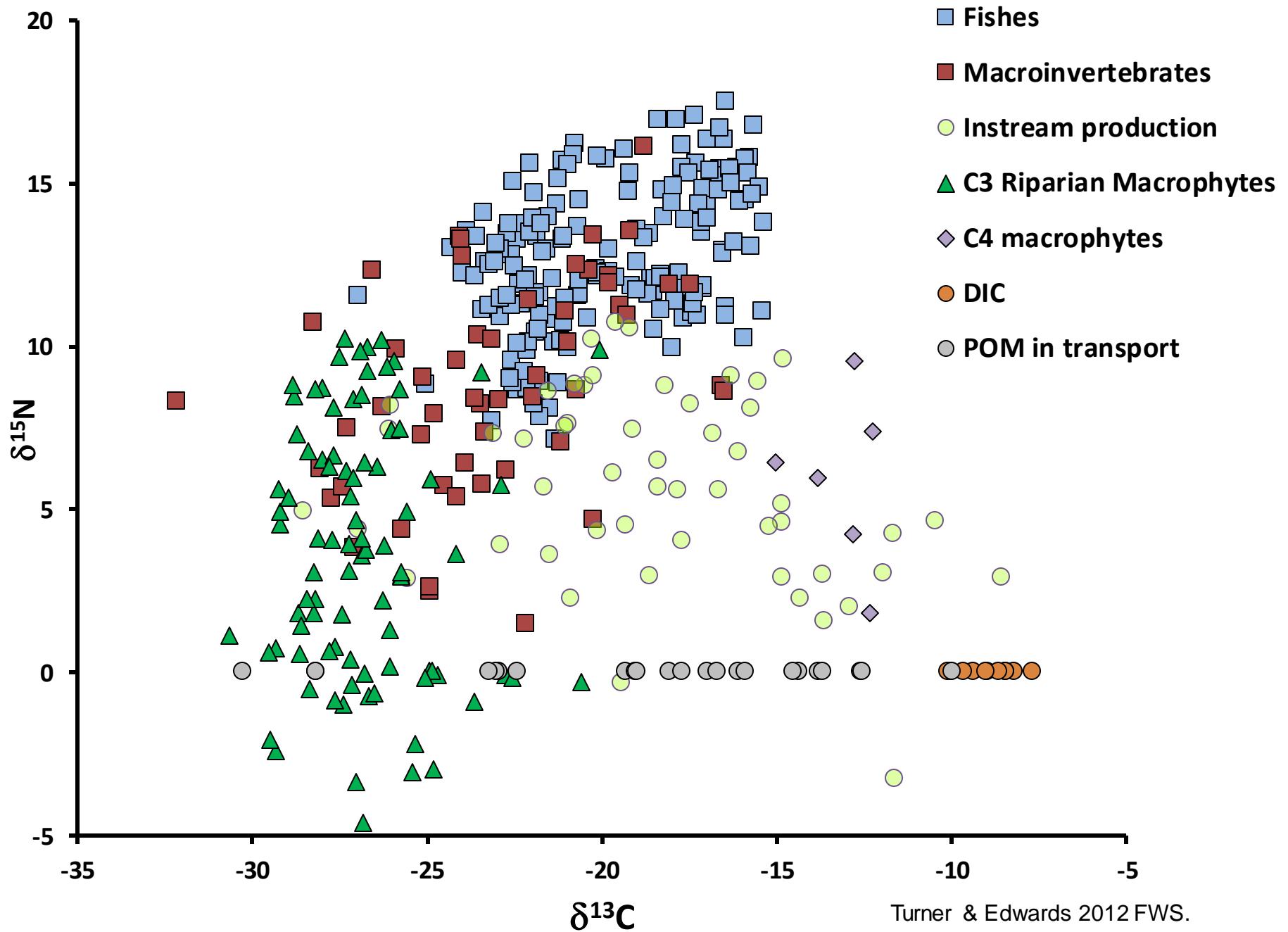
Corixidae
(water boatman)

Odonata
(dragonfly)



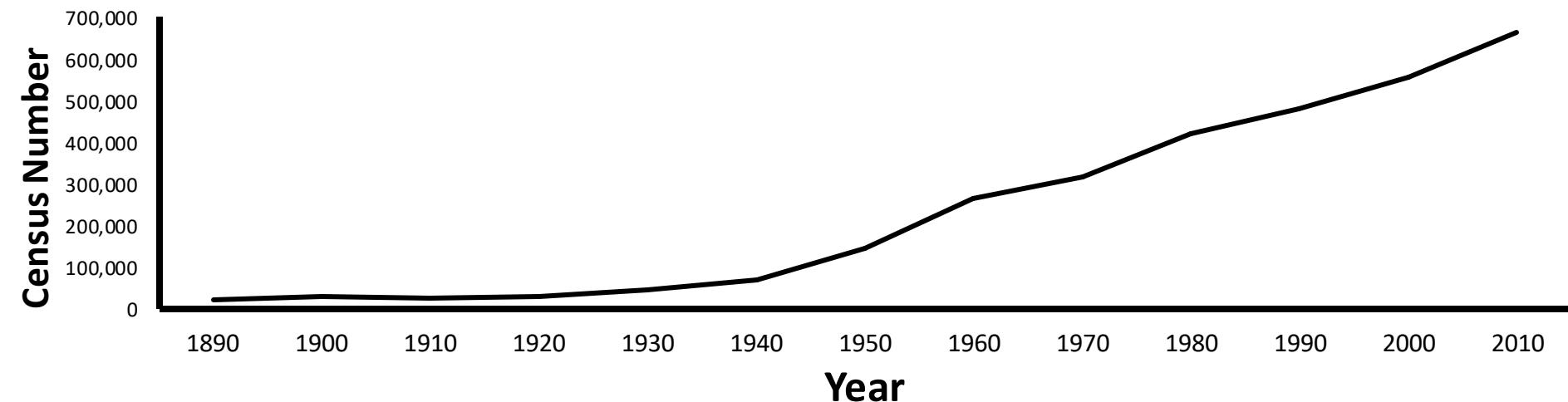
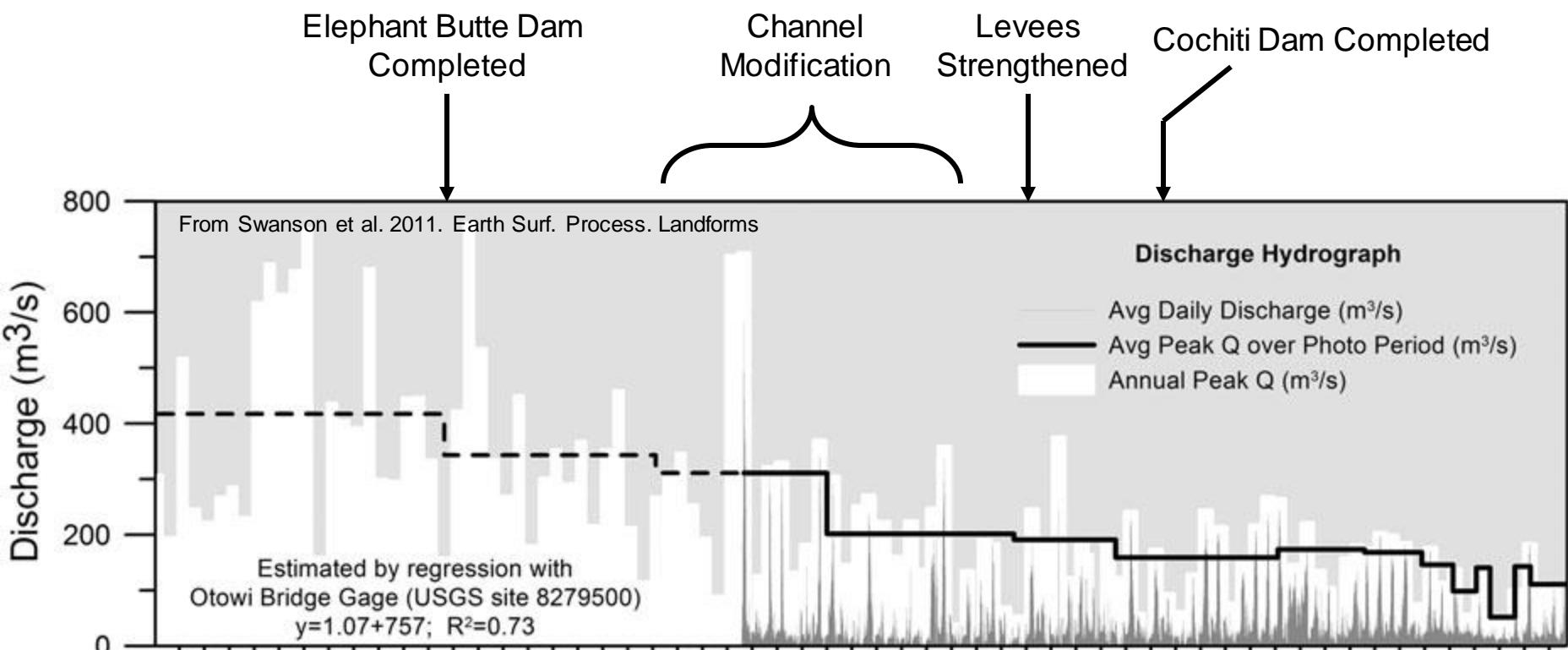
Food webs and stable isotopes





Is there a difference?





Cochiti Dam - 1975



Rio Grande at Albuquerque, New Mexico



1949



1957



1996

Images courtesy of Mary Harner

Predicted Effects of River Regulation

Channelization & Flow Regulation

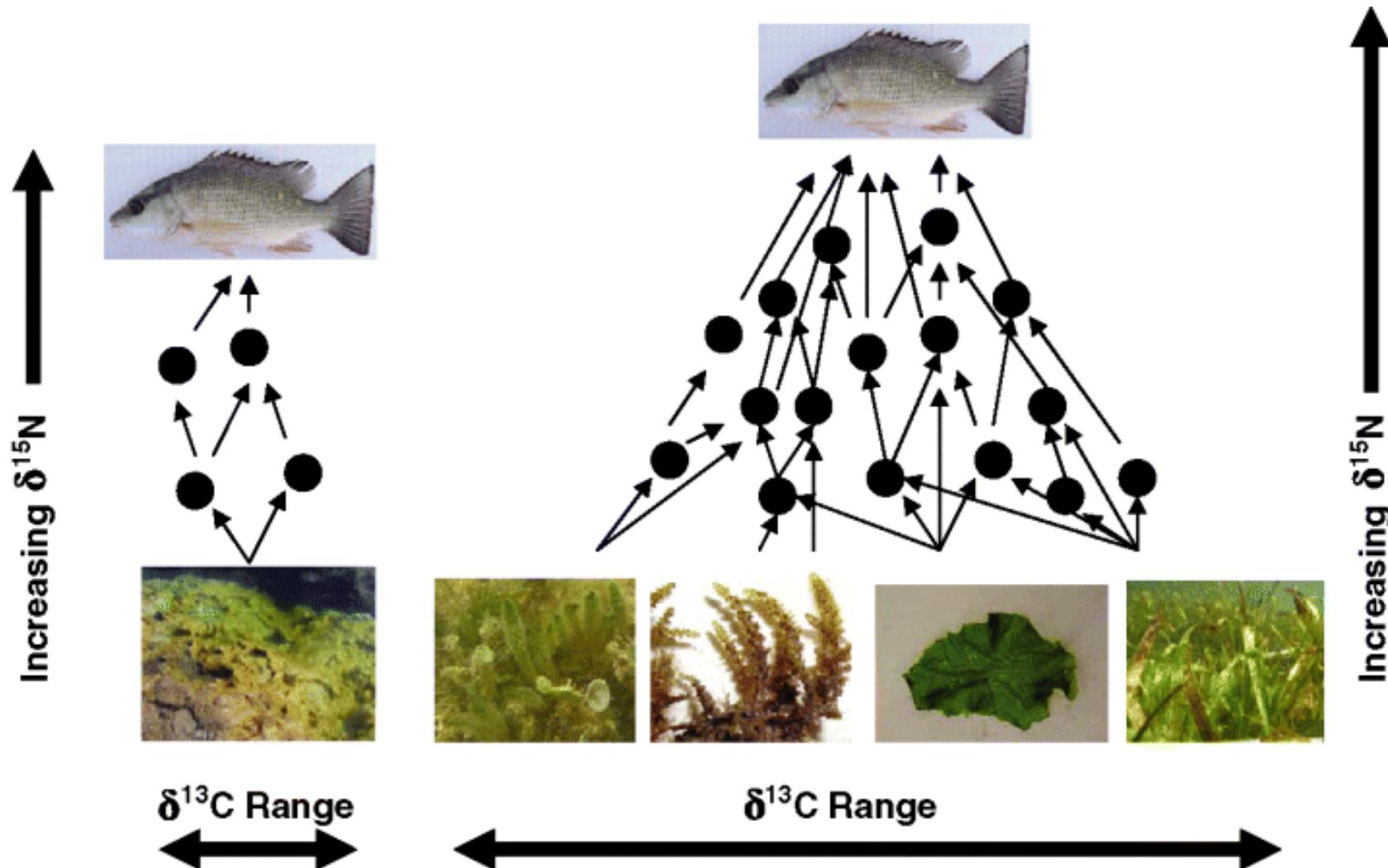
Ecosystem Size & Heterogeneity

Productivity & Energy Inputs

Trophic Complexity & Food Chain Length



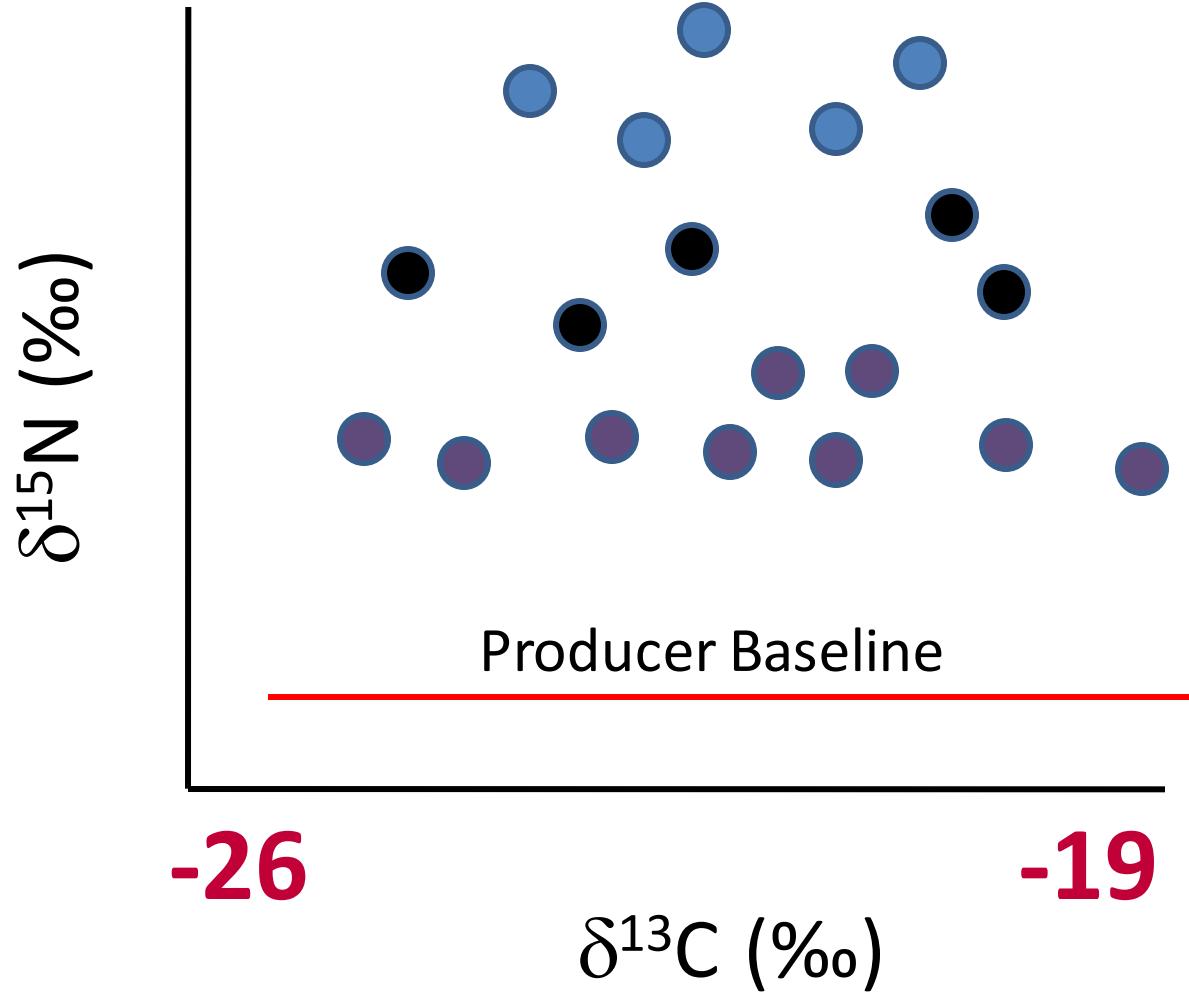
Niche width collapse in a resilient top predator following ecosystem fragmentation

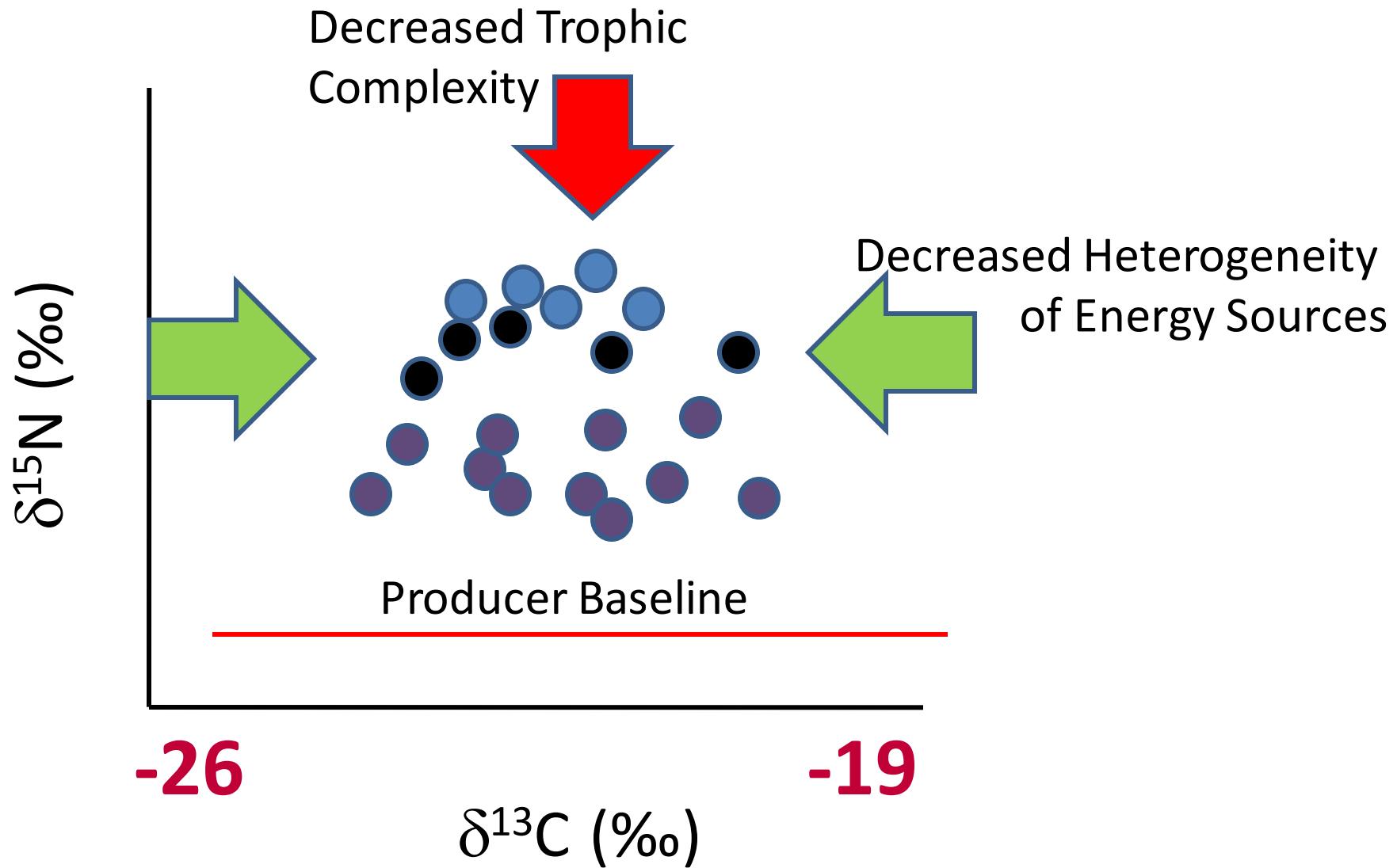


A Role for Natural History Collections

- Infrequently used to understand changes in ecosystem function
- Stable isotope studies of historical material permits testing for changes in ecosystem function
- Fishes are ‘integrators’ of aquatic food resources







Analytical Approach

- Develop test statistics to evaluate differences among samples in:
 - Centroid location (in bivariate space)
 - Dispersion (Layman metrics)
 - Direction and magnitude of response
- Develop null distributions based on resampling via residual permutation procedures (RPPs)



2005 8. 08



2005 6. 28



2005 3. 28



Locality Map



Rio Grande Fishes Sampling Scheme

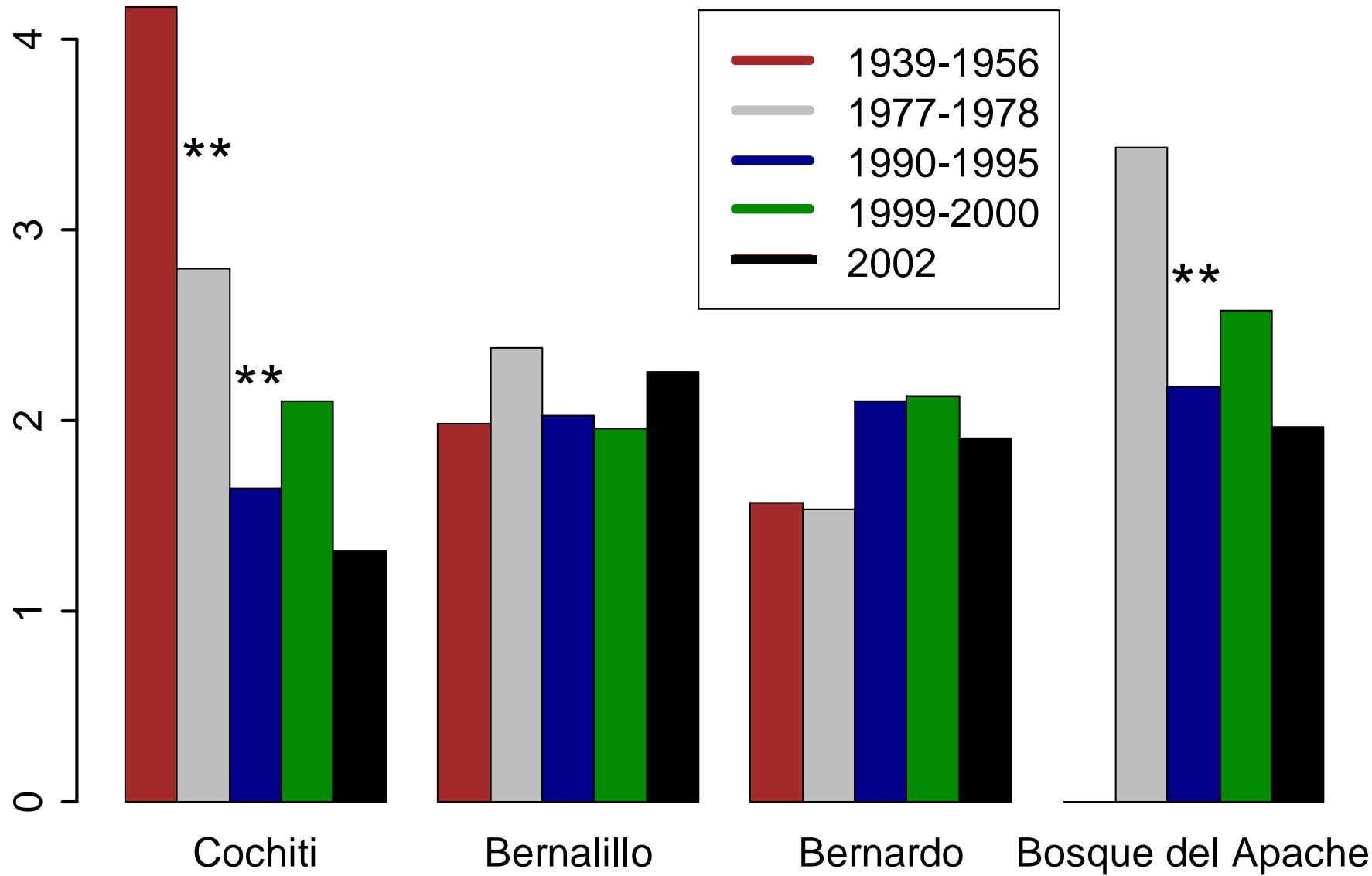
$(k_{\max} = 10; n = 713)$

Time Frame	Cochiti		Bernalillo		Bernardo		Bosque		
	k	n	k	n	k	n	k	n	
1930-1950	7	31	7	26	6	27	---	---	
1970s	8	37	9	38	8	36	8	39	
early 1990s	8	36	10	48	9	45	9	45	
late 1990s	7	28	7	33	8	40	8	35	
2000s	4	36	7	52	9	59	6	22	

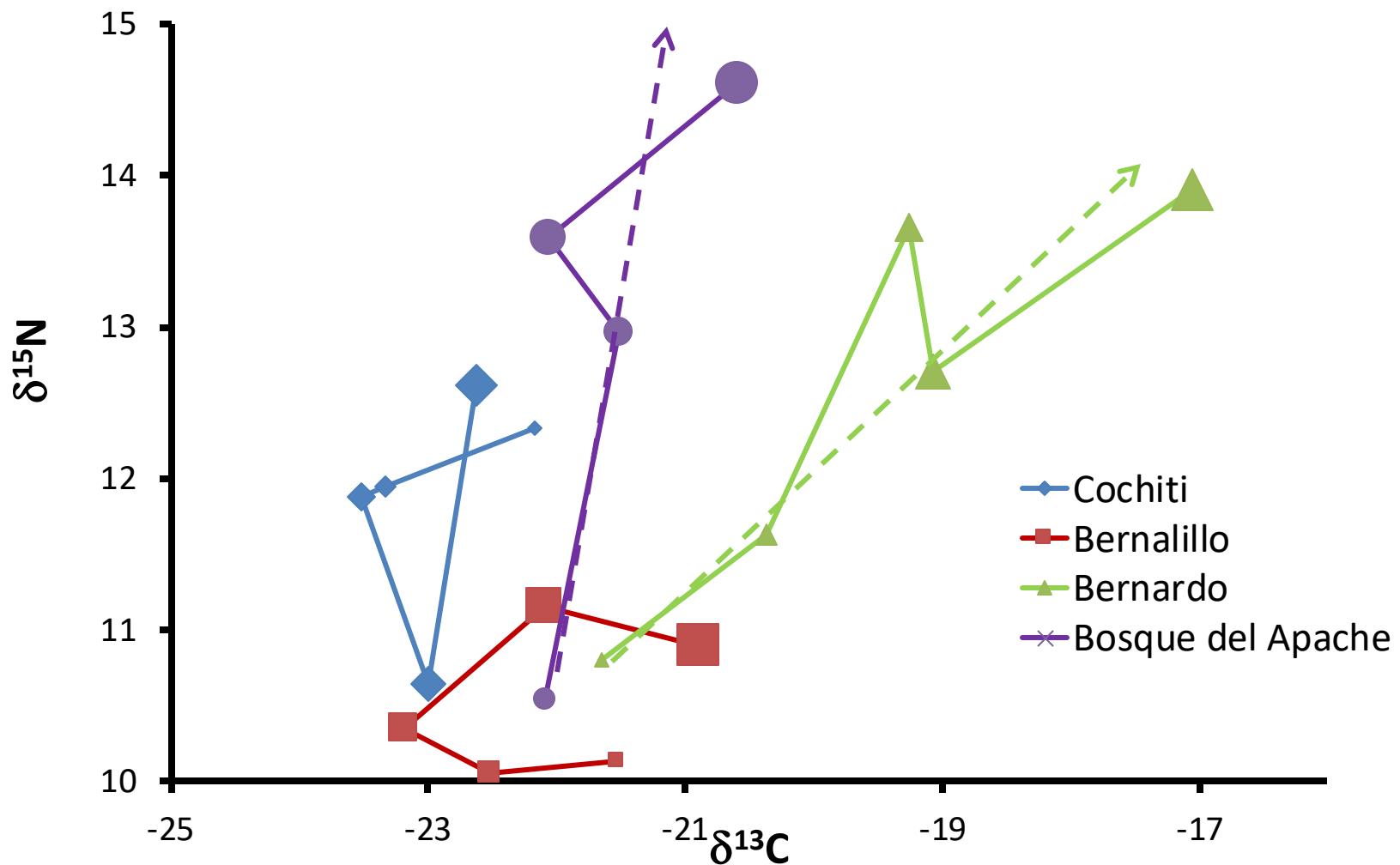
Past
↓
Present

upstream  downstream

'Isotopic Niche' Dispersion



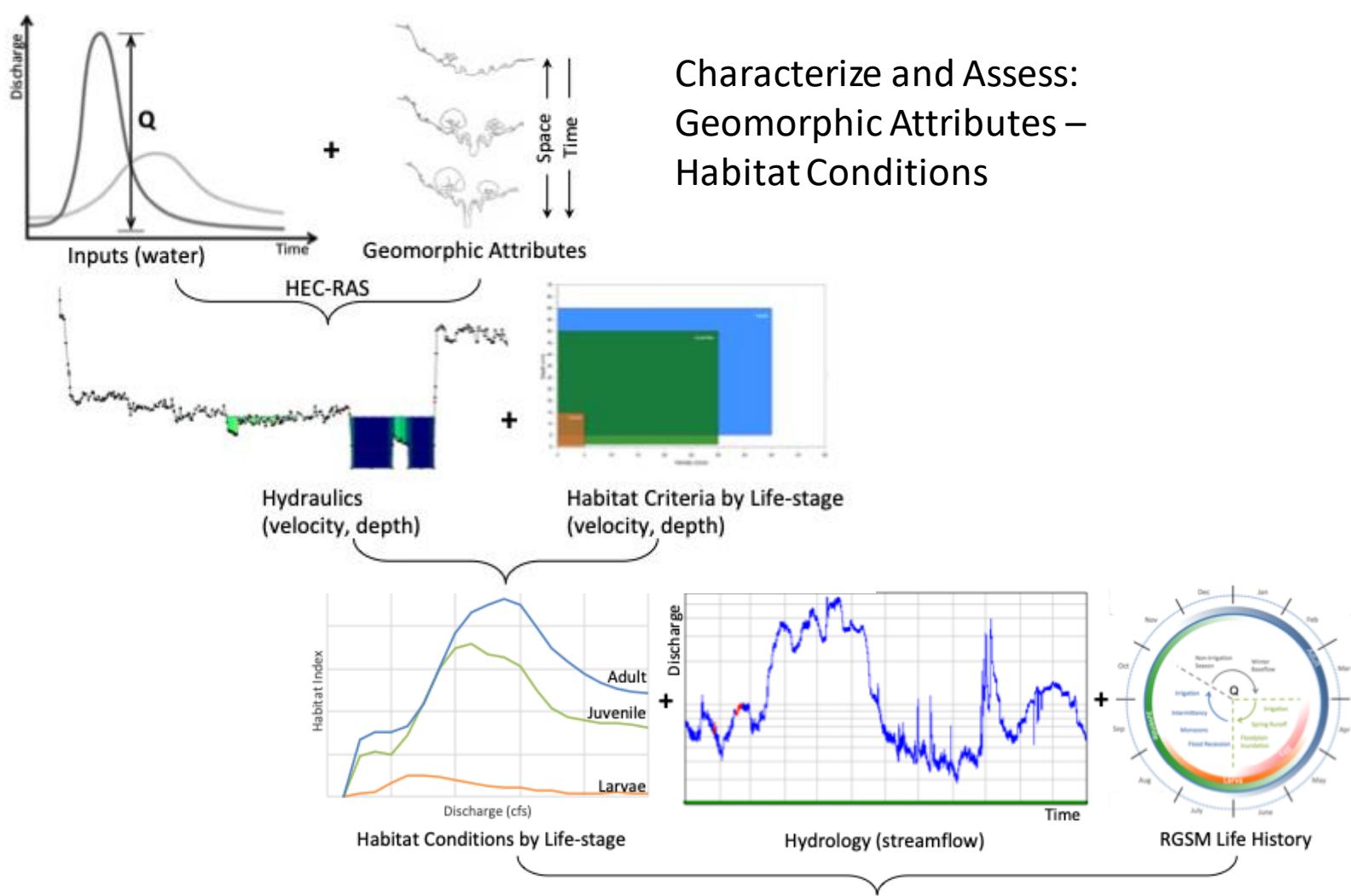
Trajectories over time (late 1930s – 2000s)



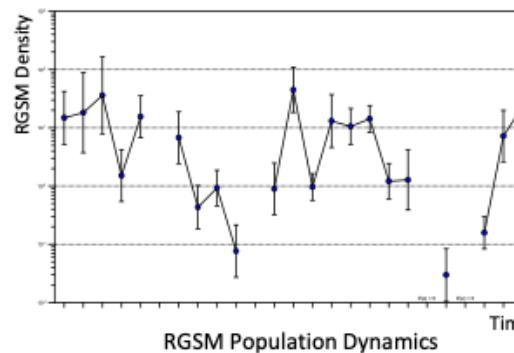
Size: Bernardo = Bosque > Cochiti = Bernalillo
Shape: Bernardo = Bosque \neq Cochiti \neq Bernalillo



- **River regulation** strongly affects nutrient flow and fish community dynamics in the Rio Grande
- Effects increase in severity over decadal time scales
- **Potential** for restoration ecology
 - Restoration of overbank spring floods given new channel morphology
 - Address point-source effects



Characterize and Assess:
Habitat Conditions –
Biotic Response (RGSM)



Acknowledgements

- Jake Mortensen
- Sydney Doidge
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