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Carrizozo Outlook, 02-12-1915

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CARRIZO OUTLOOK

Published Weekly in the Interest of Carrizozo, and Lincoln County

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CARRIZO, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO, FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1915.

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BANK AND COLLEGE LOOTED, SAYS HOLT

Record of Banking Institution with Capital of \$30,000 shows Loans and Overdrafts to Amount of \$144,000

GOLDEN RECOGNITION FOR DEMOCRATIC POLITICIANS

Supplementing the statement of Representative Blood, in the house, relative to conditions requiring an investigation into the failures of the Tucumcari and Las Cruces banks and the management of the agricultural college, Senator Holt has delivered a speech in the senate in which he charges that the state bank and agricultural college have been deliberately looted. In course of his remarks, and replying to Senator Barth, who rose to a question of information, Senator Holt gave out a list of those who had borrowed from the Las Cruces bank, giving little or no security, and declared that all save one were democratic politicians. The one exception, it seems, is Mark B. Thompson, a personal friend of the president of the defunct bank and the bank's attorney, who owes \$5300 plus an overdraft, making a total of \$6000. The other borrowers are: L. D. Smith, \$12000; M. O. Llewellyn, \$11,700 plus an overdraft of \$1,300, making the total \$13,000; T. R. Smith, \$53,000; Fay Sperry \$17,700; Register Wetlaufer \$1,242; Harden Smith \$4,500, T. K. Cleveland, \$4,250 plus an overdraft; J. Burwell \$2,460; R. B. Porter, a director of the bank, \$5,500, John Gilbert \$4,000 with an overdraft of \$4,600. These sums make the total loans as above set out over \$134,000, with an item of \$10,000, which is now in dispute between the defunct bank and a Texas bank, which will bring the total loans and overdrafts of this institution to over \$144,000. And all this "business" on a capital of \$30,000.

Senator Holt declared the depositors would not realize 25 cents on the dollar.

While some of the democratic senators, notably Barth and Mabry, endeavored to whitewash the state officials, whose duty it was to know of this condition months ago, it is gratifying to be able to record the fact that not one vote was cast against the resolution calling for the investigation and appropriating funds to carry it forward.

After Representative Blood had made his statement on the floor of the house, at the time he introduced his resolution for a legislative investigation, Governor McDonald made the following statement:

"If Mr. Blood's desire for the truth had been equal to his partisan zeal, and his knowledge of the facts equal to his familiarity with street rumors, he probably would not have been so ready to be the mouthpiece of some one less scrupulous but more discreet."

The governor evidently did not relish the statement given publicly on the floor of the house of representatives by the gentleman from San Miguel. Whatever may be the facts in the case at this time The Outlook does not profess to know; but in commenting on Mr. Blood's remarks and the reply thereto of the governor, the Al-

buquerque Journal says: "With the motives of the republicans in ordering the investigation we have no concern. We would regret to believe that the democrats would not have ordered an investigation had they been in the majority in both houses of the legislature. To say that Mr. McCanna had prepared a statement giving all information necessary, is nonsense. Whatever statement Mr. McCanna has made has related to the conditions of the agricultural college as he found them. No one would expect him to state the cause of those conditions. The legislative investigation is for the purpose of learning why the First State bank failed, how the agricultural college has been administered and whether there has been malfeasance or misfeasance of public officers in connection therewith. What the democrats should do was indicated by Judge Hewitt when he said 'I am in favor of a fair and full investigation of this matter. I am ready to co-operate. If there is blame to be attached to the governor, the traveling auditor or any other, I want all the facts known to the people of New Mexico, let the blame fall where it may.' We understand that the investigation of the traveling auditor, made about a year ago, disclosed that the president of the First State bank and his family owned an amount representing a cash outlay of only \$5,000. They were given ninety days in which to reduce or secure the indebtedness. Instead of complying the indebtedness was increased by \$67,000 and no traveling auditor made any further inquiry into the institution until after its doors were closed December 9, last. Although one surety company had secured its release from Morgan Llewellyn's bond as treasurer of the college board of regents, and another was seeking for release, about \$75,000 of college funds were allowed to be deposited in the bank near and following the opening of the school year. Can any democrat doubt that these alleged facts, alone, call for an investigation?"

HORSETHIEF NABBED

Sheriff Chavez and Constable Stevens returned to Carrizozo Thursday evening having in custody Daniel Sandoval, who, ten days ago, rode off the horse of Rudolph Shultz, at the same time leading a horse belonging to B. F. Guff. With the thief, the officers brought back the stolen animals. The trail followed by the sheriff and constable lead them to the Abo Pass, a point some 130 miles from here, but in following the trail of the offender they traveled close to 350 miles. Sandoval was released on Monday January 20, last, he having been bound over to await the action of the grand jury by Judge Massie on a charge of stealing horses from J. W. Jenkins. He had not been out of confinement but a few days until he re-embarked in his hazardous occupation by taking the two animals above referred to. He is again in the Lincoln county jail.

VALUATION FIXED FOR THE YEAR 1915

Taxable Rates on Town Lots to be Made on Basis of List Prepared by Deputy Assessor Nye

FIFTEEN TAXPAYERS WANT REDUCTION IN 1914 RATES

In compliance with the requirements of the act authorizing the state board of equalization and the boards of county commissioners to fix the valuation of property for taxation, the board, which met at the court house here last Monday, declared the valuations for Lincoln county for the year 1915 to be as follows: Bearing orchard and alfalfa lands, not less than \$60; other irrigated lands not less than \$45; dry farming and grazing lands not less than \$3; timber lands not less than \$9, coal lands within ten miles of a railroad not less than \$30 while those lying more than ten miles from a railroad not less than \$15, and mineral lands not less than \$6. In this connection the board ordered that there be fixed a valuation upon all such property above mentioned for purposes of taxation of one third of the true value of the same, and that the assessor in all cases ascertain the true value of all property which the board has not been able to ascertain and that the valuation of town lots be made upon the basis of the list prepared and filed by O. T. Nye, deputy assessor.

In the justice and constable elections in precincts 9 and 10, in which a tie was found at the regular justice-of-the-peace election, which special elections were held on the 2d instant, J. L. Poole and Lon Hunter were elected justice and constable, respectively, of precinct 10, while Jose Torres y Sedillo was elected constable of precinct 9.

The returns from the elections held in Corona and Capitan to ascertain whether or not these precincts shall have local option or not, it appeared on the canvass of the returns by the board that at Corona there were 111 votes cast of which 53 were for prohibition and 58 against, the wetts winning by 5 votes. At Capitan there were 107 votes cast, the prohibitionists receiving 37 votes as against 70 votes cast by those opposed to local option, this precinct giving a wet majority of 33.

The financial statement of this county, which has been prepared by County Clerk Harvey, was approved by the board and ordered published.

Fifteen taxpayers appeared before the board with requests that their taxes for the year 1914 be corrected and after consideration of the various claims set up, the board ordered that petitions be prepared and turned over to the district attorney for action.

PARENTS-TEACHERS ORGANIZE

Tularosa, the thriving little metropolis of Otero county, now has a parents-teachers organization, to meet once each month, and to endeavor to form a harmonious understanding between parents and teachers and to make the Tularosa school one of the best in the state.

ALAMO THE WINNER

In the basket-ball game between the boys of the Carrizozo and Alamosordo high schools, played on the local playground last Saturday, the home team went in its second defeat. The score was 11 to 29, and this speaks well for the close team work of the visitors. The Carrizozo team is composed of some excellent players, but the result of the two games played with Alamosordo shows distinctly that our boys have gone into both contests without any preparation, to speak of, and for this reason they have been unable to cope successfully with their antagonists, who spend much time in hard practice. With a few minutes practice every day, the boys basket-ball team of this city will fall in with the record of the baseball team—clean up all competitors with perfect ease.

MISS GARRETT'S RECITAL

The recital of Miss Elizabeth Garrett, under the auspices of the local Home Mission Society, at the Methodist Church Tuesday evening, proved a genuine musical treat. A good-sized audience gave a most enviable attention to the rendition of the works of America's foremost song composers, but not least among them were Miss Garrett's own compositions which manifest the art of the true musician. But this talented lady is too well known in local circles to admit of further comment, and her wonderfully sweet and resonant voice has endeared her to all Carrizozo's music lovers. The recital was varied with two numbers of local talent—a reading by Mrs. E. D. Lewis and a vocal solo by Miss Hodgdon accompanied by Mrs. Donaldson.

The ladies report a neat sum realized from the proceeds of the entertainment, and, though of brief duration, quantity was fully compensated for in quality.

DAYLIGHT TRAIN AGAIN

The Southwestern will inaugurate its daylight train service from El Paso to Tucumcari again, starting the runs within a few days, according to the El Paso Herald. The time of arrival of the trains here will be about the same as the old time of Nos. 33 and 34, and will be a distinct convenience to the local passenger service. The Golden State trains will hereafter stop only at the terminal and division points.

U. S. EMPLOYMENT

Uncle Sam has opened a branch employment agency at the local postoffice. The agency is not for securing government employees but is designed to place men in all general lines of farming work with private employers. All the work is being done at the expense of the government and those seeking employment make no payment of any kind, even when securing a position.

WALTON FOR CHAIRMAN

The democratic state committee has issued a call for a meeting of that body at Santa Fe on Saturday, Feb. 13. This meeting will, it is said, accept the resignation of the present chairman, James H. Paxton and elect his successor. The selection of W. B. Walton, editor, lawyer and state senator, of Silver City, is proclaimed as a certainty, provided he will accept.

TO PERSERVE BATTLEGROUND

Senator Catron has introduced a bill in the senate to acquire and preserve the battleground of the battle variously known as the Battle of Apache Canyon, Pigeon Ranch and Glorieta, in this state.

LET'S START WITH SOME SIDEWALKS

Two Needed Improvements Will Not Cost Much and May be the Means of Starting Something Good

IF WE CAN'T DO BETTER CINDERS MAY BE UTILIZED

In unincorporated towns the public improvements are always up to the progressive spirit of the inhabitants. There is no board of trustees to take care of such things. We of Carrizozo are in this class, and what is done must be done by the public-spirited citizens. The result of such cordial co-operation in the past has been quite significant. Many things have been done by the business men's club and the civic league for the substantial improvement of our town. But there has been a lapse of this interest during the past few months, and this condition, even though it may be only temporary, it is to be deplored. There are some things we cannot have at this time—things which we need and which every citizen would like to see. But there are other things which we can have for a slight expenditure of time and money, and these things we ought to have without any further delay.

At this time, in connection with the keeping our streets in good repair, The Outlook believes we need two pieces of Sidewalk right now. One of the important pieces of sidewalk which should be put in without delay is that stretching from Ziegler Bros. corner to the postoffice and the other from Kelley & Sons corner to the court house. Of course, we cannot have cement walks just now—or, at least, we presume we will not—but we can have good substantial walks built of cinders and kept at the proper elevation for passage during all kinds of weather. With these two pieces of walk in, and the benefit of their presence ascertained, we will have more.

We can get cinders in plenty for the expense of hauling them. With them, we can have reasonably good walks.

Will the business men's club get together soon and "enthuse" a little for the civic pride of Carrizozo?

DOING NICELY

Early in the month of January a small orchestra was formed by a few of the music lovers of Carrizozo who arranged for regular practices twice each week. These regular meetings have been of great benefit to the members in a musical way and are a source of great social enjoyment as well. Meetings are held every Monday evening at the home of Frank Norris, and every Thursday evening at the home of Chas. A. Stevens. The membership and instrumentation are as follows: 1st violin, J. O. Campo; 2d violin, Frank Norris Jr.; double bass, W. W. Stadman; 1st Cornet, Allison Stevens; 2d Cornet, Gladney White; Drum, Burney Humphry, Piano, Iona Stevens.

It is the hope of the members to soon be able to assist in the furnishing of music that will be suitable for the various entertainments that may be held from time to time in Carrizozo.



SYNOPSIS.

Joseph Hayward, an ensign in the United States army, on his way to Fort Harker, meets Rene D'Auvray, a renegade whose name has been connected with all manner of atrocities, also headed for Fort Harker, with a message from the British general, Hamilton. Hayward guides him to the fort. At General Harker's headquarters Hayward meets Rene D'Auvray, who professes to recognize him, although he has no recollection of ever having seen her before. Hayward volunteers to carry a message for Harker to Bandosky, where Hamilton is stationed. The northwest Indian tribes are ready for war and are only held back by the refusal of the friendly Wyandots to join. The latter are demanding the return of Wap-tah-tah, a religious teacher, whom they believe to be a prisoner. Hayward's mission is to assure the Wyandots that the man is not held by the soldiers. Rene asks Hayward to let her accompany him. She tells him that she is a quarter-blood Wyandot and a missionary among the Indians. She has been in search of her father. She insists that she has seen Hayward before, out in a British uniform. Hayward starts for the north accompanied by a scout named Brady and a private soldier.

CHAPTER IV—Continued.

"Put her into the bank there, boys, to the right," I commanded. "Beyond the roots of that big oak. We'll breakfast, and then rest awhile."

This was accomplished with a sweep of the paddles, and we stepped ashore, the Indians drawing the light canoe well up into the mud, Brady stamping about to restore circulation. Schultz collapsed in his seat, and I stopped to shake him.

"Tired, man? Move about and you'll feel better."

"Mein Gott," he moaned, rolling his eyes up at me imploringly. "I vos most tired mit der tire-noss. Mein feet von't move already."

"That will be all right, Schultz," I said kindly. "I'll help you ashore, and you can rest awhile, until you feel better. I'll do the cooking this morning."

We were still too close to the settlements to be in very much danger, and felt little necessity for guarding our presence. White hunters penetrated as far north as the forks, and any raiding parties of hostile Indians would have been reported. Brady shook his head when I mentioned the possibility, smiling calmly.

"There ain't no red-skins down in yer," he returned confidently. "Or some o' the boys along the river would let me know."

"How far have we come?"

He spoke to the Delaware, and one of them replied in his own language.

"He reckons 'bout fifty miles, though it would be less than that straight across country. It takes maybe two days on a night ter make the forks with good paddling."

As none of the toll of our progress up stream had thus far fallen upon me I remained on guard over the tired sleepers, cleaning away the debris of the meal, and packing the cooking utensils back in the canoe. The men slept soundly, although I noticed how any movement, even the slight rustle of leaves in a sudden puff of wind, served to rouse Brady or the Indians to instant consciousness. They possessed the instinct of wild animals, ever alert to danger. It must have been fully noon when I aroused them, and we again headed the canoe up stream, Brady willingly taking the soldier's place at the after paddle, while I lay back in the stern, my coat serving for a pillow, and finally fell asleep.

The river narrowed rapidly as we advanced northward, until the great trees on either bank nearly obscured the sun overhead. The Delaware were already exhibiting a disinclination to proceed, and we were compelled to hold them by threats to their work. Each mile of advance northward added to their terror, and made our task more difficult. Once Brady struck the chief, driving him back to his place in the canoe. This was when we discovered unmistakable signs that a party of Miami had crossed the river only shortly before we passed the spot.

However, we ran the gauntlet safely, a more silent shadow slipping along in the dark shade of the protecting bank, and thus finally attained the forks, and landed on the west shore. It was dark when we got there, but the Delaware were so eager to return, that we immediately put ashore all we intended to pack with us, and parted with them gladly. The canoe shot swiftly away into the gloom, leaving the three of us alone. Bearing our loads with us, we groped a blind way through the forest, back toward the foot of the bluff, where we made camp, as best we might, at the mouth of a ravine, well sheltered by underbrush, and lay down, without venturing to light a fire. For some time, scarcely a memory of Rene D'Auvray had remained with me, my mind being fully occupied with the increasing peril of our position; but as I lay there in the

The MAID of the FOREST

By RANDALL PARRISH
ILLUSTRATED BY D. J. LAVIN

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CHAPTER V.

The Trail of a War Party.

Before the sun's rays touched the summit of the bluff we were climbing the sides of the ravine, with light packs on our shoulders. Brady led the way, tireless and watchful, his long rifle held ready in the crook of his arm, his alert eyes searching out the ground ahead. Behind him lumbered Schultz, heavy-footed, and grumbling Dutch oaths at every misstep, yet somehow managing to keep up; while I brought up the rear, my gaze intent on the surrounding ridges.

For three days we encountered nothing to alarm. Brady purposely kept away from all trails, trusting implicitly to his instinct as a woodsman to discover a safe passage. He possessed the instincts of the wild, the subtlety of the savage, born of constant peril and loneliness.

Once, where we forded a considerable stream, which I think now must have been the Vermilion, we came upon the blackened remains of a campfire, apparently deserted but a few hours before. Brady examined it with great care, trailing the party to the river bank, and then making a wide circuit of the woods, before he finally returned satisfied.

"Less than three hours gone," he said soberly, "and traveling north."

"Do you know who they were?" I asked. "How many were in the party?"

Miami and Ojibwa, I reckon, and they had a prisoner, bound to that small tree out yonder; see here, Hayward, the fellow had boots on, and not moccasins. From the trail they made here on the bank there must have been twelve or fifteen Indians; ay, and a white renegade," he bent down again to study a track in the mud, "for this is no red-skin's foot, with the toes turned out." He swore, the only oath I had heard thus far from his lips, plucking a few long hairs from off a spittle of underbrush, and holding them up to the sunlight. "A war party all right, with scalps. One fellow brushed against this bush as he came down the bank; from the color they must have been raiding the German settlements."

I stared at the floating hairs, staggering in horror, and hands gripped hard on my rifle.

"Good God! and they are going our way?"

"That needn't trouble us, while they leave a plain trail behind. Those devils feel safe enough now, or they'd take more care. We are in no danger while they keep ahead of us."

We made a detour to the right, plunging straight forward into the unbroken woods. Brady led at a fast gait, his trained iron muscles tireless, while I urged the breathless soldier to now exertions, frightening him by constant reference to the raiders so close at hand. The perspiration rolled down his face, yet he kept close to Brady's heels, falling flat on the ground during our brief halts, but determined not to be left behind. There was certainly good stuff in the fellow, although he swore stiffly, and had a tread like an elephant. Just before dark, the forest about us already in gloom, we suddenly emerged from out the shadow of great trees, and stood on the shore of a lake girded with woods. A few hundred feet from where we stood a small rocky island, dense with trees, rose above the mirrored surface. After one swift glance about the line of shore Brady's eyes rested on this haven, as though questioning its feasibility as a night camp. There was a yellow tinge to the intervening water, suggestive of shallowness, and I spoke first.

"It will be dark in a few minutes more; isn't that a sand-ridge leading out yonder?"

"It looks so to me," he replied quietly, "but the only sure way to tell is to test the passage. In my judgment we better get out there if we can, for there's no knowin' where these injuns may be."

He led the way, and we followed in single file, our packs and rifles held high overhead. The water deepened until it reached Schultz's armpits, but there was no perceptible current, and the sand underfoot was firm as rock. Deep purple shadows seemed to shut us in, as we clambered up the steep bank of the island, our clothes dripping. Brady with outstretched hand helped me to climb, clinging with his other to a sapling. Then he pointed across the darkened surface toward the lower end of the lake. In the dis-

tance there was the red glow of a fire, barely visible.

The island was wider than I had supposed, and must have contained fully five acres, densely wooded, with no sign of a trail anywhere. Apparently we were the first explorers to penetrate its thickets. Suddenly we came to the edge of a small opening, sloping down like a saucer, grass covered and treeless, open to the sky, but with a dark irregular something at its center. So shapeless was this black blotch that I took it at first to be a clump of brush, but the scout gripped my arm.

"Hayward! there's a log house!" he whispered, pointing. "Do you see? Keep the Dutchman back."

I dropped to my knees, and studied the dim outline, which the night rendered so indistinct. Little by little it assumed more definite shape—a one-story log hut, with an extension at the rear, and an outside chimney forking up beside the roof. It was a gloomy looking place, with no glimmer of light showing anywhere.

"What do you make of it?" asked Brady in a whisper, as though doubting his own eyes.

"It's a house, all right," I answered. "Some French hunter's shack."

He shook his head negatively.

"They don't build like that. It beats me, but whoever built that house put it up to live in. Howsoever I don't see no sign o' anybody there now, an' I'm I goin' ter find out what the shbang looks like. Dutchy, you stay yere, an' watch these things, while the two o' us scouts 'round a bit."

Stooping low, so as not to be so easily perceived in the darkness, the two of us, grasping our rifles in readiness, stole across the open space toward the house. There was no sign of life so far as could be seen or heard, yet if the place was deserted it could not have been for long, as there were no appearances of decay or abandonment of the premises. The log walls were firm, the clay between resisting the pressure of our fingers in an attempt to dislodge it, and the only door noticed was tightly closed. We hesitated to open this, uncertain what mystery might await us within, and listening anxiously for any sound. The stillness was so profound as to be painful, and, whispering to me to stand back, with rifle poised Brady silently lifted the strong wooden latch. The door slid back in grooves, the sound of movement barely perceptible, and we stared into the black interior, seeing nothing except a little section of dirt floor, dimly revealed by the stars overhead.

"We'll feel it out, boy," muttered the scout, his hand gripping my arm. "Nobody at home, I reckon, but it won't do to risk a light. You take that side, an' I'll take this, an' see what we find."

I moved forward slowly, foot by foot, feeling blindly with one hand, the other grasping my rifle. I came to a rude bench, home-made without nails, touched a small table with crossed legs, holding nothing but an empty pewter bowl, felt the shaggy skin of some animal fastened against the log wall, and then a few articles of warm clothing dangling from wooden pins. These were rough garments, made of skins, with a single coarse shirt. Beyond them my fingers came in contact with the latch of a door. As I touched this the menacing growl of some animal broke the intense stillness. I stepped back, startled, unnerved, and in my recoil, came into contact with a man. A hand like iron gripped me, but it was Brady's voice that spoke:

"From the other room," he said shortly, "a dog."

"A dog! Then why hasn't he barked?"

"Because he is not that kind, I reckon; a big brute from his growl. Did you find anything?"

I told him briefly.

"Fireplace on my side, two chairs and an ax in the corner," he added shortly. "Nobody home but the dog, I reckon, but we will have to fight it out with him, before we take possession. Stand where you are until I feel out the door. Leather hinges, and opens this way. Here, Hayward, take hold of the latch; we'll have to brain the brute. Don't open until I say so, and then only about a foot. Brace yourself to hold it firm, and keep your gun ready; I've got the ax."

I took my position, but with heart beating rapidly, and waited. The dog, as though realizing danger, flung himself with full force against the door, and gave one deep bark of savage ferocity. Brady touched my hand, locating the opening. Then there was an instant of silence.

"Now!" he said.

I lifted the wooden latch, gripping with both hands, my shoulders and foot braced. There was a fierce leap

of the brute, so sudden as to cause me to give back, the thud of descending ax, a howl of pain and rage, the ugly snap of jaws. Coarse hair swept my hands; there was another blow, the sound of a falling body; then the heave of the ax struck my foot. Back and forth on the dirt floor man and brute struggled, crashing into the table, and overturning it. Brady uttered one oath; then the dog snarled, and lay still, while I stood with the ax poised, unable to tell which was which in the darkness. Something moved, and I took a step forward.

"Brady!"

"All right," he said breathlessly. "I had to knife the brute—he was as big as a calf, and—and he got my shoulder. Did you find a window on your side?"

"No."

"There was none on mine. We'll have to risk a light, I reckon, for I'm bleedin' considerable. Try the fireplace yonder."

I felt my way along the wall, discovered some tinder, and, with flint and steel from my pocket, coaxed a blaze. There were a few pieces of wood piled up on the hearth, and a moment later, the curling red flames revealed the entire interior. Brady rested against the bench, the sleeve of his blouse ripped into shreds, blood dripping from his fingers, and sinking into the earth floor. A few feet away, a great mass of shaggy hair, lay the dog in a heap, his lips still drawn back in a snarl, revealing the cruel white teeth, the shaft of a knife protruding from the throat. He was a massive animal, terrifying to look upon even in death. Yet I barely glanced that way, assured that he was dead, and all my interest centered on Brady, his face ghastly under the brown tan. There was a water bucket half filled on a low bench, and I tore down the shirt from the peg, and swabbed out the wound. It was a jagged, ugly gash, the print of each tooth revealed, and the man clinched his hands in agony as I worked rapidly. The blood staunching somewhat I bound it tightly with a silk neckerchief, and gave him a drink of brandy from my pocket flask. This brought a little color back into the man's face, and he found strength to sit up, resting against the bench, his eyes on the dead dog.

"Mastiff," he said, "and the biggest devil I ever saw. I hit him with the ax the first blow, but in the dark failed to strike high enough, I reckon. What do you suppose he was guardin' so savage?"

I shook my head, glancing about at the open door. Brady's eyes followed mine.

"Get a light of some kind, Hayward, and take a look," he said slowly, "and then have Dutchy bring in the packs."

I did as he suggested, finding a bit of pitchy wood that burned freely, and holding it out before me as I peered curiously through the opening. A glance about told me that the lean-to was used as a shed, for it was half filled with split wood, opened boxes, and various odds and ends. This knowledge came to me in a flash, but the sight which riveted my eyes was the body of a man lying directly beyond the doorway, face upward, his skull cleft as if by the vicious blow of an ax.

CHAPTER VI.

Captain D'Auvray.

"What is it?" asked Brady, startled by my sudden exclamation, and striving to get up. I glanced back at him.

"A dead man; stay where you are; he is dead all right. I'll be back in a moment."

I stepped within, and held the torch down closer, the ghastly yellow light falling full on the upturned face. He was a man of seventy, or over, a sturdy looking fellow for his years, in the garments of a French courier des bois; his features strong, refined, bearing even in death a certain peculiar dignity, increased by a snow-white beard. Apparently he had not been dead long, nor was there slightest evidence of struggle; the hands were empty, and, judging from the ugly gash in his head, he had been struck from behind unexpectedly. It was a ghastly wound, and the man had probably died instantly. The blow must have been a treacherous one, delivered by some person acquainted with the cabin; otherwise the dog would have sprung to his master's defense. Plainly this was murder, and the assassin had taken his time; had closed the door, locked in the dog; had even washed off the blade of the ax, and left it standing there against the wall. What could have been the object? Was it revenge? Robbery? I felt in the pocket of the loose blouse, finding nothing, but my eye caught the glimmer of a medal fastened to the front of the shirt. I unplugged it, and held it up to the light of the torch, studying out the French inscription, letter by letter, half guessing at its meaning—it was a medal of honor, given for special gallantry in action at Fontenoy to Capt. Rael D'Auvray.

C/O BE CONTINUED

Wanted—An Occupation.

There are two reasons why some people don't mind their own business. One is that they haven't any mind, the other that they haven't any business.—Harvard Lampoon

"CASCARETS" FOR SLUGGISH BOWELS

No sick headache, sour stomach, biliousness or constipation by morning.

Get a 10-cent box now.

Turn the rascals out—the headache, biliousness, indigestion, the sick, sour stomach and foul gases—turn them out to-night and keep them out with Cascarets.

Millions of men and women take a Cascaret now and then and never know the misery caused by a lazy liver, clogged bowels or an upset stomach.

Don't put in another day of distress. Let Cascarets cleanse your stomach; remove the sour, fermenting food; take the excess bile from your liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poison in the bowels. Then you will feel great.

A Cascaret to-night straightens you out by morning. They work while you sleep. A 10-cent box from any drug store means a clear head, sweet stomach and clean, healthy liver and bowel action for months. Children love Cascarets because they never gripe or sicken. Adv.

No Fortune Telling in Germany.

Fortune tellers now are forbidden to practice in any part of the German empire. Soon after the war broke out, they began to do an enormous business with relatives of soldiers in the field, who wanted to know how things were going with them. Visits to the fortune tellers often had tragic consequences, as many of the callers were in a high state of nervous tension. The uncertainty of relatives regarding their menfolk at the front has been aggravated by an alleged muddle of the field postal organization, which is being severely criticized by the newspapers.

SALTS IF BACKACHE OR KIDNEYS TROUBLE YOU

Eat Less Meat if Your Kidneys Aren't Acting Right or if Back Hurts or Bladder Bothers You.

When you wake up with backache and dull misery in the kidney region it generally means you have been eating too much meat, says a well-known authority. Meat forms uric acid which overworks the kidneys in their effort to filter it from the blood and they become sort of paralyzed and laggard. When your kidneys get sluggish and clog you must relieve them like you relieve your bowels; removing all the body's urinous waste, else you have backache, sick headache, dizzy spells; your stomach sours, tongue is coated, and when the weather is bad you have rheumatic twinges. The urine is cloudy, full of sediment, channels often get sore, water scalds and you are obliged to seek relief two or three times during the night.

Either consult a good, reliable physician at once or get from your pharmacist about four ounces of Jad Salts; take a tablespoonful in a glass of water before breakfast for a few days and your kidneys will then act fine. This famous salt is made from the acid of grapes and lemon juice, combined with lithia, and has been used for generations to clean and stimulate sluggish kidneys, also to neutralize acids in the urine so it no longer irritates, thus ending bladder weakness. Jad Salts is a life saver for regular meat eaters. It is inexpensive, cannot injure and makes a delightful, effervescent lithia-water drink.—Adv.

Let's Hope So.

Bill—This paper says the invention of an Englishman is a machine to permit a singer to hear his own voice just as an audience hears it.

Jill—Do you suppose that will make certain people who sing more mercurial?

Important to Mothers.

Examine carefully every bottle of CASTORIA, a safe and sure remedy for infants and children, and see that it bears the

Signature of *Dr. J. C. Fletcher* In Use For Over 30 Years. Children Cry for Fletcher's Castoria

The Wise Fool.

"There is a time to work and a time to play, but you can't combine them," remarked the Sage.

"But suppose you are a musician?" asked the Fool.

Not Greedy.

Passenger—I'd give you a tip, only I've nothing but a ten-dollar bill. Porter—Oh, that'll be enough, sir.

Red Cross Bag Blue makes the laundress happy, makes clothes whiter than snow. All good grocers. Adv.

Nothing pleases a woman more than to be misunderstood by a man.

THE OUTLOOK

THOS. O. LUSTER, Publisher

Published Weekly In The Interest
of Carrizozo and all of Lincoln
County, New Mexico.

LARGEST CIRCULATION IN THE COUNTY

Entered as second-class matter, January
6, 1911, at the post office at Carrizozo, New
Mexico, under the Act of March 3, 1879.Advertising, terms since Wednesday at noon.
News columns close Thursday night. If you
do not receive your paper regularly, please notify
the Publisher & Advertising rates on application.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

SINGLE COPIES, 10 CENTS
SIX MONTHS, \$1.00
ONE YEAR, \$2.00
OFFICE PHONE NUMBER 24

FRIDAY, FEBRUARY 12, 1915

THE CUTTLE FISH

Governor McDonald owes a duty to himself at this time, and that duty is to hogtie the irrational and injudicious senator from Bernalillo county. There is nothing in the reports so far received at this office which would indicate that the governor is endeavoring in the least to sidestep the investigation called for by the legislature into the Las Cruces bank scandal and the obfuscated condition of affairs at the agricultural college. But the morbid statesman who has taken unto himself the distinction of leader of the minority in the upper house feels called upon to clearly define his partisanship on the floor of that branch of the legislature by a wordy endeavor to muddy the water. The Outlook believes that there is not a resident of the state, unless it is Senator Barth, who does not want the truth in this regrettable affair, and this irrespective of the political parties and who the members of these parties are. This being a fact it shows the calibre of a representative of the sovereign people who will attempt to deflect extraneous matter into the discussion. What may or may not be the connection of Senator Holt with the college to be investigated in the past has nothing whatever to do with the matter now in hand. At this particular time, Senator Holt is not an issue, except in so far as he will assist in his official capacity and as a citizen of the county wherein this disgrace to the state has been perpetrated to bring the facts to light. And as for the San A Fe New Mexican that unctuous twilight glimmering of the boy millionaire, it should be taken for just what it is—the plaything of youthful buoyancy and laborious indolence, giving absolutely no news nor any opinion which is worthy of the name.

Those who endeavor in any way to hinder the investigation which the legislature will make in this affair are themselves standing in the shadow of as somber a disgrace.

Commenting on the deplorable state of affairs at the agricultural college at Las Cruces, the Albuquerque Journal remarks that "honesty is the best policy, even in politics. What the democrats should do is to face the music, see that the blame is placed where it belongs and stop trying to minimize a scandal that smells to heaven." And again the Journal refers to this matter when it says that "the state is a business proposition and when a business man would not deposit his money in a bank there is no reason why he should permit state funds to be jeopardized in it, just because the owners are active members of his political

party." The Outlook doesn't care an iota who is to blame in this bank failure and the villainous juggling of the funds of the agricultural college—doesn't care a rap whether the guilty ones are members of the democratic party or the republican party, or any party at all; that isn't the question now. The parties who are responsible for this state of affairs should be made to pay the penalties of their acts, whatever may have been the motive behind the deed.

The election for a county high school at Tularosa over in Otero county last week was bitterly fought by the Alamogordo precinct. Practically the entire mountain district voted for the additional school at Tularosa, because it will be more convenient for those patrons and because Tularosa is entitled to such an institution of learning, so they declare. However, Alamogordo worked like Trojans to defeat the proposition, and this is not to be wondered at, inasmuch as the county high school is about the only drawing card the pretty little town has left to brag about.

The present state legislature might have its attention called to the fact that half of the session has passed into history, with nothing much in the way of legislation enacted into law. Still thirty days are left and in that time all that is necessary to be done can be done.

The Outlook sincerely hopes the business men's club will see the necessity of taking a renewed interest in the welfare of our thriving little city. Right now it might not be such a terrible bad idea to have a little needed work done on the streets of the town.

Why, sure! Had it not been for the election of a democratic president, who in turn selected a democratic secretary of state, the price of wheat would not have been above the 50 cent mark. War is hell, but at this time it is mighty opportune for the little politicians in the ranks of the great unwashed!

FORT STANTON

Dr. Barrett of the local medical staff transacted business at the Laws Sanatorium one day last week.

Dr. Littlejohn we are sorry to note has resigned from the service and will shortly depart for El Paso where he is to take a position on a local sanatorium medical staff.

Chaplain Prund and assistants gave an Edison Concert in the hospital Sunday evening which was greatly enjoyed by the many patients ledfast.

The new regulation uniforms have arrived and we must say are neat and as a consequence give our officers and attendants a cheerful and dignified appearance.

Miss Maloney a professional nurse from Hotel Dieu El Paso is attending as special nurse to Master William McKeon at No. 2 who has been quite ill.

The Post Boulevard northwest of the station is being worked and prepared which will be one of the best in this part of the country, and most useful for the auto service from the Post to the main county road.

Next Wednesday, February 17th, will be Ash Wednesday when special services will be held in the Sacred Heart Chapel by the Chaplain. Ashes will be blessed and distributed at both the morning and evening services.

MANY NEW SPRING SUITS, COATS AND
DRESSES FOR WOMEN ARE HERE

IN PRICE RANGE FROM \$10.00 TO \$20.00.

Smart new modes are shown at almost a continuous range of intermediate prices in Suits. The new materials are gaberdine, covert cloth and serges and may be had in putty, sand, new blues, navy and black.

NEW SPRING DRESSES

Many bearing the military influences shown in all the new silks, all featuring the wide skirt. \$10 and upward.

NEW SEASON'S SILK
SPECIALLY PRICED

36 inch all silk Messaline \$1.00 in fifteen different shades to select from. White and black included.

YARD WIDE CREPE DE CHENE \$1.25

A much favored spring fabric and a splendid value.

New Silk Poplins \$1.25. Yard wide, heavy quality, all shades.

SEASON'S END REMNANT SALE

All short lengths of cotton goods, wool dress goods, silks and staples. A whole table of them. Price very low.

See our display of
new Hats for men
\$2, 2.50 and \$3

Ziegler Bros.

The
store that does
things

The regular Non-Sectarian services will be held in library hall next Sunday evening during which the chaplain will give second lecture on points of interest in the bible, and the singing is to be conducted with special solo and chorus work.

The Fort Stanton Amusement Association held a business meeting in library hall last Monday evening, and transacted much important business. The future will find as a result of this meeting a great improvement in the line of pictures to be run, and other subjects for the general entertainment of the residents of the Post.

The Chaplain has been successful in getting the Church Reading Institute of New York interested in the local library and as a result a number of periodicals arriving daily each being "gratis" from the following parties, Miss Dorothy Raymond South Norwalk, Conn.; E. L. Miller, Philadelphia; Mrs. McIlvane of Peoria, Ill.; Miss B. Caldwell, La Grange, Ill.; Mrs. N. W. Lockwood, Hudsonfall, New York; Miss W. Thomas of New York City and many others.

From the weekly report of the H. S. P. H. S. bulletin January 27th we find the following of interest to local readers: "Passed Assistant Surgeon A. J. Lanza, on request of the Springfield Public Welfare Association, Springfield, Mo.; directed to deliver in that city a series of lectures on public health subjects, from Feb. 8th to 11th 1915. Proceed to Jasper county

WATCH THIS SPACE
NEXT WEEK

which will be occupied by the advertisement of

G. A. WILLIAMS

who is moving his store to the old P. O. Building.

REVISED TIME CARD

No. 1—West Bound
Leaves Carrizozo at 2:30 a. m.
No. 2—East Bound
Leaves Carrizozo at 3:45 a. m.
No. 3—West Bound
Leaves Carrizozo at 9:57 a. m.
No. 4—East Bound
Leaves Carrizozo at 7:10 p. m.
No. 1 and 2 make all stops.
Capitan branch: Train leaves Carrizozo
7 a. m., Tuesdays and Fridays.



Try Outlook
Job Printing

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

C. D. Mayer motored down from White Oaks Wednesday.

William Brown of near Capitan was in Carrizozo the first of the week on business.

G. B. Greer has been in Carrizozo for the past few days from his ranch in the San Andres mountains.

Jesse Roberts of Oacuro has been visiting his mother here for the past several days.

Henry Emmerson was down from his ranch on the Nogal Mesa the first of the week with a load of vegetables.

Daniel Duncan has returned to his home in Murphysboro, Ill., after a two weeks' here with his daughter, Mrs. Thos. O. Luster.

Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Keyes of Roswell motored into Carrizozo last Saturday enroute to El Paso, for which point they started Sunday.

When in the market for Flour, Feed of all kinds, Potatoes and Stock Salt, call on Humphrey Bros. They will be pleased to quote you their prices.

The infant daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John R. Green living northeast of town, died the first of the week and was buried in the local cemetery.

The residence property of G. T. Jones in the north part of town was sold this week to Mrs. Bessie Jackson who intends to improve the property and make it her home.

Mr. and Mrs. Randolph J. Forest and two daughters, Fern and Marian, have returned to their home here after a few months' visit with relatives in El Reno, Okla.

A. C. Wingfield is again seen on the streets after a very severe illness due to pneumonia. Mr. Wingfield hopes to soon be able to be at his place of business at the Carrizozo Meat Market.

The Woman's Home Mission Society met Wednesday afternoon of this week with Mrs. Andrew McCurdy, a splendid representation being present. Next Wednesday the Society will be the guests of Mrs. H. B. Hamilton.

District Attorney Hamilton will leave for Las Cruces Sunday to be present Monday morning at the opening of the spring term of court for that county. It is probable that only a grand jury will be present.

Maj. H. S. Campbell motored to Capitan last Monday on business. Incidentally, the Major was present at the opening of the new hotel at that point, heartily enjoying the first meal served by the new management of this up-to-date hostelry.

Mrs. A. J. Pace has returned to her home in Austin, Texas, after a several months' visit here with her daughter, Mrs. R. E. Stidham. Mrs. Stidham accompanied her mother as far as El Paso.

Perhaps those who were so delightfully entertained last Friday evening at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Bell thought that they were the only ones fortunate enough to share of those delicious little chicken pies and other delicacies that were served during the evening. But not on your life. For the next morning Mrs. Bell sent us over a big plate full of the most choice dishes we have ever partaken of, and we really believe she reserved the very best for us, for we don't believe that it could have been much better. Many thanks.

F. L. Elliott has moved his family to Tucumcari to which point Mr. Elliott was transferred by the Southwestern company some time ago. The many friends and acquaintances of Mr. and Mrs. Elliott will regret that necessity compels them to leave our community, where they have been residents so long; but inasmuch as they have no alternative, The Outlook wishes them well in their new home.

Justice of the Peace Edward Massie this week united in marriage the following parties: Martin Torres of Carrizozo to Rita Ballas of Hondo. Saturnino Jara of Carrizozo to Palacarpa Araoda of Carrizozo. Marshall Atkinson of Corona to Salurina Atkinson of Corona. Edward W. Moore of Ellis County, Oklahoma to Daisy E. Hendershott of Lucy, N.M.

M. Doering, who has been in town since the middle of January, visiting his brothers, John and Wm. J. Doering, leaves soon for El Paso to take charge of a branch store of the Doering Light Co., at 408 Tex. street. Wm. Doering will be in charge of the selling and installing of the lighting systems in the surrounding country near El Paso and Carrizozo. We are pleased to learn that Wm. Doering still intends to make Carrizozo his home.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS FROM FEB. 1ST TO FEB. 11TH

(By STADTMAN & BYRON)

PATENTS

United States to Anton Borovansky, north half of the north west quarter and the north half of the northeast quarter of sec. 9, Twp. 10 south range 9 east of the N. M. P. M. 160 acres.

United States to S. C. Hall, south west quarter of southwest quarter of sec. thirty, and northwest of northeast quarter and north half of northwest quarter of section thirty-one Twp. 9 south range 9 east 159.41 acres.

United States, to Alexander McCallum, southwest quarter sec. 33, Twp. 9 south range 9 east 160 acres.

U. S. to Arthur A. McCallum, east half of northwest quarter and north half of southwest quarter of sec. 5 Twp. 10 south, range 9 east. 158.85 acres.

WARRANTY DEEDS

Allen A. Lane et al. to A. H. Hudspeth, southeast quarter of northwest quarter sec. 7, Twp. 7 S. Range 13 east.

W. C. McDonald and wf. to William Gray, \$175. Lots seven, eight, and nine, Block seventeen, McDonalds Addition town of Carrizozo.

Nannie T. Henry and husband to W. D. Gray, \$1250. Lots 15, and 16, Block 7, Carrizozo, N. M.

W. D. Gray et ux. to George T. Jones, \$275. Lot 9 in Block 17, McDonald Addition to the town of Carrizozo.

George T. Jones et ux. to Bessie M. Jackson, \$300.00, lot nine Block seventeen, McDonald Addition to Carrizozo.

QUIT CLAIM DEEDS

H. Casad to Degar D. Park, \$100 and other Mal. Con. lot 17 to 32 incl. Blk. 42, lots 1 to 6 incl. Blk. 44, lots 13 to 24, Block 44, lots 1 to 9 incl. Block 45, lots 1 to 10 incl. Block 37, lots one to 13 incl. Block 41, lot seven to 25 incl. block 40, same being 99 lots in Carrizozo, N. M.

John E. Tompkins et ux. et al. to Julia A. Tompkins, \$100, lot 23, Blk. 12, Original town of Carrizozo.

PROOF OF LABOR

"New York Mine" Proof filed on behalf of Wm. Watson.

MARRIAGE LICENSES

George: T. Hall to Annie Bell Brown.
Martin Torres to Rita Ballor.
Saturnino Jara to Palacarpa Araoda.
Francisco Gallegos to Meguela Lucero.
Marshall Atkinson to Salurina Atkinson.
Edward W. Moore to Daisy E. Hendershott.
Louis D. Cain to Lola B. Greer.

OSCURO

Dr. R. E. Blaney made his regular monthly trip to Tularosa last week.

Mrs. John H. Boyd and son left last Saturday for the state of Texas where they will make their home.

Dr. G. Ranniger was in Alamogordo last week on professional business.

Anton Borovansky was in Carrizozo several days last week having his molars repaired by Dr. Blaney.

Seth F. Crews is moving into his new home on his ranch east of town this week.

Mrs. Maude Blaney attended the Eastern Star meeting at Carrizozo last Wednesday evening, going by auto.

J. V. Edwards of Maricopa, Ariz. has purchased the J. H. Boyd stock of goods here. Horace Edwards, the son, will manage the store.

The dance held at the school house last Saturday Eve, was well attended, a number of people from out of town being present.

Lawrence Olsen was called home from near Carrizozo where he is drilling a well, because of illness in his family.

Clark Hust who is running a bunch of cattle west of the mal pais was in town Monday buying supplies.

Gives Hornet Luncheons.

H. E. Coles of the engineering staff of the state highway commission has learned not to be too friendly with hornets. A few days ago when he was eating his luncheon a hornet came along. He gave him something to eat. The visitor called his mate. The following day four hornets ate luncheon with him, and on the next day as Mr. Coles opened his pull a whole swarm of hornets came lighting on him and his luncheon. He took to the tail and unbew, leaving the hornets in full possession. — Carpenteria (Cal.) Dispatch to the San Francisco Examiner.

The Polish Race.

Mr. Brandes says in his history of Poland: "Individualism was the death of Poland. It was an enthusiastic and unpractical people, noble-minded and untrustworthy, pomp-loving and volatile, vivacious and thoughtless, a people who despised severe and fatiguing labor, and loved all intense and delicate, sensuous and intellectual enjoyments, but, above all, who worshiped independence to the point of insanity, freedom to the extent of the liberum veto, and who, when they had lost independence and freedom, remained faithful to their old love."

Ruinous.

Crawford—Why do our officials willfully destroy every natural beauty the city possesses?

Crabshaw—That gives them a chance in a few years to ask for millions to make the city beautiful.—Puck.

Try Outlook
Job Printing

NOTICE OF PROOF OF WILL

State of New Mexico, County of Lincoln }
In the Probate Court.
In the Matter of the Last Will and Testament of Edmund R. Ball, Deceased.
Notice is hereby given that there has been filed in the Probate Court of Lincoln County, N. M. an instrument in writing purporting to be the last Will and Testament of Edmund R. Ball, deceased, late of Carrizozo, New Mexico, and that the date set for the proving of said Last Will and Testament is the first day of the next regular March A. D. 1915 Term of said Court, the same being the first day of March, A. D. 1915.
Witness my hand and the seal of said Court, this 13th day of January, A. D. 1915.
(P. C. Seal)

ALBERT H. HARVEY,
Clerk.

NOTICE FOR PUBLICATION

025433

027426

Department of the Interior,
U. S. Land Office at Roswell, N. M.
Jan. 6, 1915.

Notice is hereby given that Robert E. Stidham, of Carrizozo, N. M., who, on Nov. 27, 1911, made Hd. E. Serial No. 025433, for S. 1/4 Sec. 31, T. 7-S. and NE 1/4 Sec. 6, T. 8-S, R. 11-E; and on June 30, 1913, made add'l entry, Serial No. 027426, for the NE 1/4 Sec. 1, T. 8-S, R. 10, N. M. P. M., has filed notice of intention to make final three year Proof, to establish claim to the land above described, before William H. Jaborn, U. S. Commissioner, in his office, at Carrizozo, N. M., on Feb. 17, 1915.

Claimant names as witnesses:
W. Henry West, Henry E. Pine, Walter C. Miller, Augustus C. Wingfield, all of Carrizozo, N. M.

EMMETT PATTON,
Jan. 15 Feb. 12 Register.

NOTICE IN THE PROBATE COURT, LINCOLN COUNTY, NEW MEXICO

In the matter of the Estate of Robert Fauvet, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that H. S. Hanner, executor of the Last Will and Testament of Robert Fauvet, deceased, has filed his final report as such executor, and the same will be heard at the next regular term of said Court, and on the first day thereof, the same being the 1st day of March, A. D., 1915.

All persons having objections or exceptions to said final report are ordered to file the same with the clerk of said Court before the date set for the said hearing:

ALBERT H. HARVEY,

County Clerk,

Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Posted Jan. 22, 1915.

METHODIST CHURCH

REV. E. D. LEWIS, Pastor

At the Methodist Church Sunday morning at 11 a. m., there will be exposed a "Highway Robbery." Everybody is requested to be present and help the posse in the apprehension of the guilty parties. The officials of the town are urged to be present to take in custody the robbers when they are discovered.

At the evening service a sermon especially for young men and women and boys and girls will be delivered. The young people are asked to be present and occupy the front seats. Subject: "What one boy did with his Sling." You come Everybody come.

The Outlook
For Job Printing

Billiard and Pool Parlor in connection

The Capitan Bar

Choice Liquors,
Brandies & Wines

Capitan, N. M.

H. B. HAMILTON

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District Attorney Third Judicial District
Civil Practice in all Courts
Phone 51. Court House

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GEORGE B. BARBER

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

CARRIZOZO, : : NEW MEXICO

DR. ROBERT T. LUCAS

Special attention given Obstetrics and Diseases of Children.

Phone 79

CARRIZOZO, : : NEW MEXICO

CHARLES L. KENNEDY

LAWYER

MINING LAW A SPECIALTY
WHITE OAKS, : : NEW MEXICO

SETH F. CREWS

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

Practice in all the Courts
OSCURO, : : NEW MEXICO

DR. R. E. BLANEY, DENTIST

EXCHANGE BANK BUILDING

CARRIZOZO, : : NEW MEXICO

DR. E. B. WALKER

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

Phone No. 25

Carrizozo : : New Mexico

GUIDO RANNIGER, M. D.

PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON

In Carrizozo every 5th day
Phone to
OSCURO, : : NEW MEXICO

T. E. KELLEY

FUNERAL DIRECTOR AND LICENSED EMBALMER

Phone 96

CARRIZOZO, : : NEW MEXICO

Carrizozo Lodge No. 41, A. F. & A. M.

Carrizozo, New Mexico.

Regular Communications for 1915:

Jan. 30; Feb. 27; Mar. 27; Apr. 24; May 22; June 26; July 24; Aug. 21; Sept. 18; Oct. 16 Nov. 20; Dec. 18.
H. E. Pipe, W. M.
S. F. Miller, Sec.

Carrizozo Lodge No. 30, I. O. O. F.

CARRIZOZO, N. M.

Dr. T. W. Watson, N. G.
O. T. Nye, Sec.

Regular meetings 1915: First and third Friday each month

BENJ. F. ADAMS

Real Estate and Insurance U. S. Commissioner, Notary Public.
CORONA, : : N. M.

LEE B. CHASE

LANDS

Homesteads, Desert, State Lands, Contests, Mineral Lands and Water Rights. Information cheerfully furnished. Surveying

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BUEL R. WOOD

ATTORNEY

Exchange Bank Building
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CONTRACTOR, BUILDER AND DRAUGHTSMAN

Plans and Specifications Furnished free where Contract is Awarded.

All Work Guaranteed

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Agency Established 1892
Office in Exchange Bank
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Practice in all courts and the U. S. Land Office
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ALAMOGORDO, NEW MEXICO
Prompt and careful attention given to all business in Lincoln County

EDWIN MECHEM

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW

GENERAL PRACTICE
Office over Rolland's Drug store
ALAMOGORDO, : : NEW MEXICO

WELCH & TITSWORTH

CAPITAN, N. M.

Our stock of general merchandise is large and well assorted. We buy practically all of our heavy goods is car load lots direct from the manufacturers. This enables us to make advantageous prices to our customers.

Mail Orders Given Prompt Attention

Inquiries for good in quantities are solicited

WELCH & TITSWORTH

CAPITAN N. M.

CULTIVATING VACANT LOTS

Vacant lot gardening has greatly increased in Philadelphia during the last year. More than six hundred families were engaged in the healthful and remunerative work of cultivating the spaces of idle land in various sections of the city. The work is carried on under the direction of the Philadelphia Vacant Lot Cultivation association. Since its organization in 1897 this organization has accomplished much in affording opportunity for self-help in Philadelphia. It secures the temporary use of idle land and assigns gardening thereon to people who are in need of money, as well as a healthful occupation. Not only by this scheme is a chance for healthful and profitable work afforded, but it prevents these vacant spaces from being used as unsightly dumping grounds.

Life Jobs on a Farm.

A farm for the benefit of "silver" or unskilled workmen thrown out of employment by the completion of the Panama canal has been established by the government on the Canal zone. There are now about one hundred men on this farm, all of whom are earning a comfortable living for themselves. Nearly all these farmers are crippled, some having lost an arm or a leg or having been incapacitated in some other way for hard work. The farm grows bananas, oranges, coconuts and other tropical products and is stocked with cows, chickens, ducks and pigs. It is managed by the medical corps of the United States army. Each workman is to have a life job on the farm.

How to Clean Up Yards.

It has remained for a picture show man to clean up a Kansas town in a most effective way, and by a simple method. He offered a free ticket to his show for a limited time to any boy who could bring a certificate from his mother that he had thoroughly cleaned up the back yard, and some three hundred boys—about all there are in the town—got on the job. There are great possibilities in a scheme of that kind; it can be made to do almost anything.

Road of Success.

Author—It'll be a fine feather in your cap if you produce this play.
Manager (glancing over scenario)—I'll be the goat—why?
Author—Why, you'll have the laugh on the 15 short-sighted managers who turned it down!—Puck.

**Try Outlook
Job Printing**

THE CARRIZOZO BAR

Wholesale and Retail Dealers

BEER, WINES, LIQUORS and CIGARS, ICE

Special attention paid to Mail or Telephone Orders

PROMPT SHIPMENTS

Ask for Wholesale Price on Seipp's Beer

CARRIZOZO TIN SHOP

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Tanks, Gutters and Flues. Anything made or repaired of sheet metal

Shoes, Harness and Saddles Repaired

FIRST DOOR SOUTH OF TELEPHONE EXCHANGE

CARRIZOZO NEW MEXICO

KEEPS TREES IN CONDITION TRIBUTE PAID TO SOCIETIES

A very ingenious and practical device for assuring the trees on city sidewalks a sufficient supply of water, no matter how dry the season and how hard baked the earth, has recently been put in operation in Strasburg by Mr. Sauer, the city tree inspector. It consists of a tube of iron or lead bent into the form of a ring large enough to encircle the stem of the tree. The earth is removed so that this ring may be placed just above the roots, and is then filled in again, leaving the end of a pipe connecting with the ring projecting above the surface of the ground. The top of the ring is pierced with a large number of small holes, and a tin cover or shield prevents these from becoming stopped up with earth. By means of a funnel in the protruding end of the pipe any desired amount of water may be supplied to the roots without waste or loss of time. A further advantage, according to Prometheus, is the ventilation thus secured of the earth in the vicinity of the roots.

In looking over an old work of Peter Henderson, written about forty years ago, we find this beautiful "plan" on New York city: "In New York and its suburbs the taste is much lower than it is in either Boston or Philadelphia. In those places, no doubt their excellent horticultural societies have done much to refine the tastes of the people, and it is to be regretted that neither New York nor its adjacent cities, with probably over two million people, have a single horticultural or floricultural society." At the present day, this distinction is none the less clear, and where these societies best flourish the highest appreciation of plant life is shown. There are better gardens, better gardeners, more varied plant life and more rare and costly plants in Pasadena than in any other city on the Pacific coast; also less crime and a higher standard of citizenship.—Los Angeles Times.

NOTICE OF SALE OF CHATTEL MORTGAGE

To all Persons Whom It May Concern: Notice is hereby given that by virtue of a Chattel Mortgage made, executed and delivered by John A. Cates, of Cedarvale, Torrance County, New Mexico, to Gross Kelly & Company, of Corona, Lincoln County, New Mexico, dated the second day of April, A. D. 1912, and filed for record in the office of the County Clerk of Lincoln County, New Mexico, on the sixth day of April, A. D. 1912, at eleven o'clock a. m., and duly recorded on said sixth day of April, A. D. 1912, in Book A-2 on page 253 of the Records of Chattel Mortgages of Lincoln County, New Mexico; and that under the terms of said mortgage the above-named mortgagor agreed to pay the above-named mortgagee the sum of Five Hundred and no 100 (\$500.00) Dollars on December first, A. D. 1912, with interest thereon from date of said note and mortgage, to wit, April second, A. D. 1912, at the rate of ten per centum per annum, and with the further provision that "if not paid at maturity and collected by an attorney, or by legal proceedings, an additional sum of ten per cent on the amount of this note as attorney's fees." And to further secure the payment of the above amount under and by the terms of said mortgage there is a lien given by said above-named mortgagor to the said above named mortgagee on the following described personal property, now located in Lincoln County, New Mexico, to wit:

One twelve-horsepower Clipper well drilling machine, together with one string of tools, complete; slush bucket, wrench, pipe and two wrenches, anvil and one sledge.

And default having been made in the payment of the said note, principal, interest and costs, as provided for in said note and mortgage, I, the undersigned agent of the above named mortgagee, under and by the terms of the said mortgage above set forth, have taken charge of said above described personal property and at the present time have same in my possession at Corona, Lincoln County, New Mexico.

Now, therefore, notice is hereby given that I, the undersigned, agent of the above named mortgagee, will offer for sale and sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder for cash the above described property, secured by such mortgage, or so much thereof as will be necessary to satisfy the amount of Six Hundred Forty-six and 00/100 (\$646.00) Dollars, principal and interest, and Sixty-four and 00/100 (\$64.00) Dollars attorney's fees, being the amount due under the terms of said mortgage on the said 8th day of March, A. D. 1914, in front of the General Merchandise Store of the Gross, Kelly & Company at Corona, Lincoln County, New Mexico, on Monday, March 8, A. D. 1915 at ten o'clock a. m. of said day. And out of the proceeds derived from said sale I will proceed to pay the amount due on said note and mortgage, as above set forth, and the further costs of this proceeding, and the balance of surplus, if any, will be paid to said above named mortgagor.

Dated February 2, 1915.

GROSS, KELLY & COMPANY
By M. C. PORTER.

Managers and Agents.

NOTICE OF CONTEST

017669
c 9041

Department of the Interior,
United States Land Office,
Roswell, New Mexico,
January 23, 1915.

To Harvey Yancey of Carrizozo, New Mexico, Contestee:

You are hereby notified that Claud Brannum who gives Carrizozo, New Mexico, as his post office address, did on January 9th, 1915, file in this office his duly corroborated application to contest and secure the cancellation of your homestead, Entry No. 017669, Serial No. made April 28th, 1909, for E38W1; NW1SW1 Section 33, and NE1SE1 Section 32 Township 7 S, Range 11 E, N. M. P. Meridian, and as grounds for his contest he alleges that you have wholly abandoned said claim for more than one year last past, and that you have not complied, nor or not now complying with the requirements of the homestead laws as regards cultivation and residence on said entry.

You are, therefore, further notified that the said allegations will be taken by this office as having been confessed by you, and your said entry will be canceled thereunder without your further right to be heard therein, either before this office or on appeal, if you fail to file in this office within twenty days after the FOURTH publication of this notice, as shown below, your answer, under oath, specifically meeting and responding to these allegations of contest, or if you fail within that time to file in this office due proof that you have served a copy of your answer on the said contestant either in person or by registered mail. If this service is made by the delivery of a copy of your answer to the contestant in person, proof of such service must be either the said contestant's written acknowledgment of his receipt of the copy, showing the date of its receipt, or the affidavit of the person by whom the delivery was made stating when and where the copy was delivered; if made by registered mail, proof of such service must consist of the affidavit of the person by whom the copy was mailed stating when and the post office to which it was mailed, and this affidavit must be accompanied by the postmaster's receipt for the letter.

You should state in your answer the name of the post office to which you desire future notices to be sent to you.

EMMETT PATTON,
Register.

Date of first publication January 29, 1915
Date of second publication Feb. 5, 1915
Date of third publication Feb. 12, 1915
Date of fourth publication Feb. 19, 1915

Jones Pays the Freight

BUY MONUMENTS BY MAIL

Save 10 to 20 Per Cent.

Write for drawings and prices

ED. A. JONI S

ROSWELL NEW MEXICO



No wonder this man is discouraged! He thought he could make a fortune quickly. He believed some oily tongued rascal: he sent his money away; he LOST IT.

Would it not have been better for him had he kept his money SAFE in our bank and let it PILE UP until he had enough to buy something right here at home he could watch himself? He would have helped the community and increased the value of HIS property.

Make OUR bank YOUR bank

We pay four per cent interest on Certificates of Deposits

EXCHANGE BANK

CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEXICO



THE DOCTOR'S VISIT

will be of little avail unless the medicine he prescribes is faithfully prepared. So send your prescriptions here where accuracy is the rigid rule, where only the purest drugs are used and where substitution is sternly prohibited. Send any time. We are always ready to fill prescriptions.

ROLLAND BROTHERS

Dealers in Drugs, Toilet Articles, etc.

CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEX

WE WOULD BE PLEASED

To correspond with persons who desire to open an account.

We give prompt, intelligent service and careful attention to all business entrusted to us.

We guarantee accuracy, promptness and reliability to all our patrons.

We give the best service for credit in the establishing of business.

Our facilities are the best for collections. None better.

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AUGUST LANTZ
GENERAL BLACKSMITHWOOD and IRON WORK IRON FORGING
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NEAR HUMPHREYS' FEED YARD

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CARRIZOZO DRAY

J. G. TEXTOR, Proprietor

General Transfer and Drayage business Freight
Baggage, and Express delivered to
all parts of the city.

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HEADQUARTERS AT KELLEY & SONS

Prompt Service

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Buying Cow Hides, Sheep and Goat Pelts and selling Dry
Goods and Groceries.

HOTEL

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CARLILE & OBANNON

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CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEXICO

AGENTS FOR J. L. TAYLOR, Chicago Tailors

Cleaning and Pressing at Reasonable
Rates

SEES ADVANTAGE OF TREES

One of the attractive features of Birmingham is found in its trees. Many years ago arboriculture received the attention of the authorities in certain of the northern cities. Ornamental trees for parks and streets were planted and nurtured under men trained both in arboriculture and landscape engineering. The results have been manifold, and the outlay of money was nothing when compared with the benefits obtained.

But in the South arboriculture has been appraised at its true value only in recent years. Some of the old southern cities were famed for their wide-sweeping oaks and elms, but nature had been bountiful in providing those things that were beautiful. Nevertheless, the man who has made a study of trees in relation to the city beautiful idea has work to do in the umbrageous avenues even of stately old towns like Tuscaloosa and Savannah. In the larger cities and especially those without trees of primeval growth the arboriculturist has become a necessity.

Before science was so generally in vogue Birmingham was fortunate in making a good start in tree planting, but we can now do better. The city commission has turned over the arboricultural side of Birmingham's activities to the engineering department. Maury Nicholson, chief assistant to Engineer Kendrick, acts as the superintendent of parks and playgrounds and that position brings him directly in charge of tree planting. Mr. Nicholson is not only thoroughly equipped for this work, but he is an enthusiast. Every man and every woman in Birmingham who desires to add to the attractiveness of the city by planting trees will always have a patient and a sympathetic hearing from him.—Birmingham Age-Herald.

PUSH SCHOOL GARDEN IDEA

It must be quite evident to all that not every child is fitted, either by nature, inclination or education for clerical or professional work at the close of his school years. Therefore, the ordinary course of "words, words, words," only concerning every phase of study will but do for the skeleton upon which to build one's lifework. School gardens should, and probably do, discover many having undoubted talents in the line of horticulture who will follow some phase of it for life, yet would not have received the necessary introduction to the work except for the garden work during school years. Hence the necessity for productive and attractive school gardens should be apparent to all.

Adapting the Porch Box.

There is a growing fancy for bringing the porch boxes indoors in winter, and planting gay flowers that make the window charming both inside and out. Plant closely enough to cover the soil and oh! be careful to have a harmony of color. Keep to one or two colors rather than an inartistic jumble. How often we see scarlet geraniums and purple-red petunias in the same box, sometimes with still a third angry color. Use all petunias, or grow scarlet and white geraniums. Pink and white geraniums with trailing ivy (Knickerbocker or German) make a charming bit of gay color.—Philadelphia Press.

Why Darts Penetrate.

The steel darts which are being dropped from hostile aeroplanes are capable, it is said, of penetrating a piece of tank one inch thick, the Pall Mall Gazette remarks. In all probability this is understating their effectiveness, for the acceleration due solely to the action of the earth's gravity would cause the dart to arrive on the ground at a high rate of speed. Assuming it to be released 5,000 feet above the earth—lower than which the aviator runs the risk of being brought down—it would be travelling at nearly six hundred feet a second at the earth's surface, or at more than a quarter of the speed at which a bullet leaves the British service rifle.

Children Do Good Work.

One million flowering plants have been planted along the curbs of streets in Oakland, Cal., by the school children of the city this year under an organized movement directed by their elders.

One thousand or more American municipalities have made radical changes in their charters in the last four or five years, to make their laws and organization conform to present ideas of municipal service to the public.

Trees Need Space.

In earlier days a mistake was made in planting trees too close together. One of the first principles of arboriculture is to plant at proper distances, or, as Mr. Nicholson, tree expert of Birmingham, Ala., calls it, the spacing of trees.

"Meaty" Truths

Eating meat builds up your muscle,
A juicy steak will make you hustle.

With Muscle and Hustle

THE WORLD IS YOURS

Carrizozo Meat Market

A. C. WINGFIELD, PROP.

Carrizozo,

New Mexico

N. B. Taylor & Sons

Blacksmithing and Hardware

Tinware, Oils, Glass, Harness and Ammunition

We carry in stock a full line of Cooking and
Heating stoves which we are selling at low prices.

Agents for Sampson Windmills and Gasoline
Engines. Pumps of all kinds. Wire Fencing.

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Best Accommodations for
All the People All the Time

Carrizozo Eating House

Table Supplied with the
Best the Market Affords

H. ORME JOHNSON

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WE MAKE A SPECIALTY OF MACHINE WORK

Supplies and Repairs Tires and Tubes Repaired and Vulcanized
Headquarters for Roswell Automobile Mail Line

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Foxworth-Galbraith Company

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Complete line of Building Material, Paints,
Varnishes, Cal-O-Tint, Boiled and Raw Linseed Oil

HEADLIGHT SALOON

JOE R. ADAMS, Prop.

Fine Wines, Pure Whiskies, Choice C'gars.
Pool Room in Connection.

YOUR PATRONAGE SOLICITED

CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEXICO

THE BAPTISM OF FIRE



HERE is something in the back recesses of our brains which makes us want to live. No man in his right mind wants to die, and only when the back part of his brain is impaired through grief, worry, sickness or some other profound cause, does he go about regardless of peril. One of these profound influences is battle. It is said that men in battle will hug the bottom of the trenches because they are taught by military experts to do so, but after the baptism of fire they care for nothing, and will risk their lives to gain comfort.

There are stories going the rounds of fighters in Europe who have left the trenches and walked through a hail of bullets and shells after an overcoat or after food. These men know nothing about death. They did know a lot about discomfort. They knew when they were thirsty they were terribly uncomfortable. They knew when they were cold they suffered.

When the German cruiser Koenigsberg was driven into a river on the African coast and bottled up there by a superior force of English ships, it is reported that the Germans threw up trenches in the vicinity of the Koenigsberg, from which they fought the British. From their place of security among the palm trees they kept any landing force of marines from getting near them.

Although they were securely entrenched they could not leave the trenches without great risk of life from the bullets of the British marines. Yet when the mosquitoes made night miserable in the trenches one of the Germans left his trench and walked coolly through the hail of bullets to a neighboring trench, where he gathered some pennyroyal, with which to fight the mosquitoes.

Men under fire do not think of the consequences any more than men in the cities going to and from work. A story is told of men high on the top of a skyscraper. One of the workmen, felicitated with the other on his good luck in having a safe job on a girder several hundred feet above the street, while others had to risk their lives in Europe.

The majority of the soldiers in Europe would not have changed places with the man on the girder. Men working in the logging camps, where danger is constant, due to lack of inspection by state authorities, feel sorry for the men working in the steel mills amid the molten metal. Men on the sea are glad in time of hurricane that they are not on shore. For, on the sea, they are free to ride on the storm. The men on shore pity the poor devils of the sea.

The recruit getting the baptism of fire is to be pitied. He is probably as brave as any of the other men, but he has not gotten accustomed to the situation, and in horror he hugs the bottom of the trench while the shells scream overhead. But the recruit in time learns not to fear. He becomes hardened to conditions, just as other men, and laughs with them as he fights.

There was a captain in a certain Northern army fighting in our Civil war who decided his company of recruits for dodging the bullets. He explained it was too late to dodge after they had heard the bullets whizz over their heads, and besides they

might dodge their heads into a second bullet.

The men were new to fighting, however, and they were not on the firing line. They had to sit idly back of the main firing line while the Southerners were attacking their lines.

Just then a big cannon shell burst above their heads. The captain dodged with the rest, bringing out a big laugh from the recruits, most of whom were not very well disciplined and had little respect for the greatness of their commanding officer.

"Dodge the big ones," the captain shouted, as he admitted that even the seasoned men sometimes dodge an unexpected shot. It is the unexpectedness of the shooting that causes the men to dodge. When they become used to the noise of battle they can sleep right through a bombardment without being troubled. They fight and sleep in a sort of daze. Often they are on duty for so long that they cannot go to sleep when the fighting is over, but they sit in a stupor, not knowing what to do.

Sometimes it requires more heroism to stand under fire than at other times. The real heroes are the recruits; for they stay at the front even though they get scared. The seasoned soldiers just as they fight just as a gang of workmen just as they talk with each other. Fighting is occupation to them.

It is told of a hero in the Spanish-American war who was commissioned a major in the American Volunteer army, although he had no previous military experience except at a military school, that as he was going into action at San Juan hill one of the regular army officers noticed the major's white face and chattering teeth.

"Major, you are scared," the regular said.

"I know it," said the major. "If you were half as scared as I am you would be twenty miles from here."

It is not only the soldiers who showed heroism under fire in Europe. The civilians were heroes as well. In Belgium the farmers were in the midst of harvest when the Germans crossed their frontier. The farmers continued harvesting their crops because they realized the armies would trample them under foot. Their only hope was in completing the harvest before the armies crossed the country. They worked amid shot and shell without regard to the enemy. They were just as safe in the field at work as they were running and they bravely chose the wiser course.

War correspondents tell how they found French women hitting while the fighting was going on. There was nothing for them to do but knit. Then why run? As they knitted they commented on the shots which dropped around them. In Reims it is told how women near the cathedral counted the shells as they struck that edifice.

There is a tale of a soldier in the

trenches who was known to everybody as a coward. He always would hug the bottom of the trench. It seemed he never could get over it. But he was passionately fond of cigarettes. One day while the bullets were whistling above his trench a soldier in a neighboring trench held up cigarettes to him. He jumped up, raced to the other trench and came back triumphantly with the cigarettes. He was unhurt.

More officers are killed in battle in proportion to their numbers than any other class of men. That is due to the risks they insist on taking. That is particularly true in the English army, where the officers risk their lives needlessly. The Germans would be court-martialed for risking their lives as much as the English officers do. The English say they do it to steady their men and show they are not afraid.

The same is true to a considerable extent in the American army. The losses of officers in the Spanish-American war was surprisingly great. Of course the Spanish-American war was not on the proportions of this war and the sharpshooters figured extensively.

An officer in our regular army who saw fighting in the Spanish war, pointed out the other day that most persons had a very wrong conception of how soldiers fight in modern battles.

"Skirmish drills in times of peace have taught the troops how to act together, and it is amazing to see how quickly the men adapt themselves to the conditions of actual battle. It is the corporals and sergeants who are the real steady influences in a fight. They know the characteristics of the individual privates in a way that the commissioned officers can never know them and are prepared to give a calming word to this or that one when the emergency arises. In my own experience I have known a private who had served three enlistments to take charge of a company in a charge, and the officers and non-coms were very glad to leave it to him. After the scrap was over he became a private once more, but while that row was on, so far as actual influence with the men was concerned, he was of a great deal more importance than his captain. The way that man would wriggle into cover was a revelation and he went through three campaigns without a scratch. His example in the regiment was a big asset.

"There has been much discussion of bravery in battle since the war started. According to my experience it is very much a matter of temperament. Some men are carried along by a sort of ecstasy, others hold themselves to the work by sheer force of will, while others, and those are the best, go through a fight with a sort of grim interest as if it was a highly amusing though somewhat dangerous sport they were engaged in, like polo or football."

USE FOR LEFT-OVER TURKEY

Probably There is No Better Way Than by Converting it into a Salad.

Generally there is quite a bit of the turkey left over, not enough perhaps for a full meal again but quite sufficient for an excellent salad for an evening function, high tea or a course luncheon. If the white turkey meat does run short it is an easy matter to supplement it with some of the dark meat or even roast veal or fresh pork and no one will be the wiser. Cut the meat into dice, then measure and allow an equal quantity of celery, cut in fairly good-sized pieces. If you have any walnuts, butternuts or almonds, cook them in a little stock or boiling salted water for twenty minutes, then chop fine. At serving time mix together the turkey or other meat, nuts and celery and allow to each quart of the mixture, a teaspoonful of salt, a quarter teaspoonful of paprika, a teaspoonful of Worcestershire sauce and if you like it a tiny piece or clove of garlic, just enough to give a suggestion to the palate, without the odor. Toss and mix well and having lined your salad bowl with crisp lettuce leaves, put in the salad mixed with a little mayonnaise, heap up, mask with more mayonnaise and serve. A pretty garnish for this is the stuffed olives or bits of the sweet red peppers that come in cans. Chicken salad is made in the same way. A few spoonfuls of the stock in which the chicken has been boiled, makes a richer salad.

YEAST FOR THE QUICK BREAD

Its Proper Preparation Has Much to Do With the Success of the Baking.

Two hour bread is mixed, kneaded, raised, and baked in two hours. But first there is yeast to make for it. To make yeast for the two-hour bread, boil six potatoes until soft. Take out, mash them, and add them to the water (there should be one quart of this) with four tablespoonfuls of sugar, two tablespoonfuls of salt, two tablespoonfuls of shortening, either lard or butter, and set all aside until lukewarm. Add, then, half a cake of yeast which has been dissolved in half a pint of lukewarm water; stir in half a cupful of flour and let the yeast stand 36 hours. Use one and a half cupfuls of this liquid for each loaf and just enough flour to keep the dough from sticking to the board. Stir in with a spoon, then knead on the breadboard for 20 minutes and shape into loaves. Let these rise again until they are the size you wish the loaves to be, put them into the pan, and bake 30 or 40 minutes.

Lamb Souffle.

Melt one tablespoonful butter, add one-half tablespoonful flour and stir until well blended; then pour on gradually, while stirring constantly, one cupful of milk. Bring to the boiling point, add one-quarter cupful of soft stale bread crumbs, one-half teaspoonful salt, one-quarter teaspoonful celery salt, few grains of pepper and a few drops of onion juice. Remove from the range, add one cupful finely chopped cold cooked lamb, yolks of two eggs, beaten until thick and lemon-colored; then cut and fold in the whites of two eggs, beaten stiff and dry. Turn into a buttered baking dish and bake 30 minutes in a moderate oven. Serve with tomato sauce. Beef, veal or chicken may be used instead of lamb. This dish is easily prepared and a splendid way to use leftovers.

Cold Chicken Soup.

Cook one chicken, half bunch of celery, quarter cupful of rice in two quarts of water, cool, skim, add minced parsley, two tablespoonfuls grated cooked ham, juice of a lemon, two cupfuls cream, salt, white pepper, and dice of white bread.

Clam Broth en Bellevue.

Take a dozen large cherry-stone clams. Wash them well and place them in a deep pan, covering them with a pint of water. Let them boil for ten minutes; the hot water will open the clams. Remove the clams and strain the broth through a cloth. Cut up the clams in tiny bits and put them in the soup. For company you can add a little chicken broth to the clam broth and a touch of whipped cream on the top of the individual cups.

Baked Apples.

Baked apples have an excellent effect upon the whole physical system, feeding the brain as well as adding to the flesh and keeping the blood pure. Baked sweet apples are a very pleasing addition to a saucer of oatmeal when served with sweet cream. They are very appetizing. Thousands of bushels of sour apples are used for pies in hundreds of families, where well-baked apples would prove more nourishing food and much more economical. They are good for old people,

Finest tobaccos, skillfully blended—that's the source of that rare flavor which has made FATIMA CIGARETTES famous.

Liggett & Myers Tobacco Co.



Sufficiently Urged.

"When I started out in the world all I had was my father's blessing," said the first self-made man. "Even at that you had more than I did," said the second self-made man. "When I started out in the world my father dared me to come back."

Weeks' Break-Up-A-Cold Tablets

A guaranteed remedy for Colds and La Grippe. Price 25c of your druggist. It's good. Take nothing else.—Adv.

A new broom may sweep clean, but it never comes with a guaranty not to raise blisters.

Makes the laundress happy—that's Red Cross Bag Blue. Makes beautiful, clear white clothes. All good greeters. Adv.

Will power may merely be another name for won't power.

Backache Warns You

Backache is one of Nature's warnings of kidney weakness. Kidney disease kills thousands every year.

Don't neglect a bad back. If your back is lame—if it hurts to stoop or lift—if there is irregularity of the secretions—suspect your kidneys. If you suffer headaches, dizziness and are tired, nervous and worn-out, you have further proof.

Use Doan's Kidney Pills, a fine medicine for bad backs and weak kidneys.

A Colorado Case

Mrs. Martha E. Townsend, 124 E. Riverside St., Colorado Springs, Colo., says: "My kidneys bothered me night and day and I had headaches that almost blinded me. My heart palpitated and my back ached as if a knife was being thrust into it. I doctored and tried different medicines, but it was not until I used Doan's Kidney Pills that I was cured. I am now in good health."

Get Doan's at Any Store, 50c a Box
DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS
POSTER-MILBURN CO., BUFFALO, N. Y.

Your Liver Is Clogged Up

That's Why You're Tired—Out of Sorts—Have No Appetite.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS

will put you right in a few days. They do their duty.

Cure Constipation, Biliousness, Indigestion and Sick Headache. SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE.

Genuine must bear Signature

Wm. Wood

SHIP YOUR BROOMCORN

TO US FOR BEST RESULTS
CHEAP STORAGE RATES
LIBERAL LOANS MADE WRITE US
COYNE BROTHERS
118 W. SOUTH WATER ST., CHICAGO

LOSSES SURELY PREVENTED
By Carter's Blacking Pills. Low priced, fresh, reliable, guaranteed. Write for booklet and testimonials.

10-dose box, Blacking Pills \$1.00
25-dose box, Blacking Pills 4.00
Use any toilet, but Carter's best.

The superiority of Carter's products is due to over 15 years of specializing in medicine and surgery only. Read as Carter. If unsatisfactory, order direct.

THE CUTLER LABORATORY, Berkeley, California
HOWARD E. BURTON, ABBAYEN AND
Sperminem prices: Gold, silver, Lead, 11; Gold, Silver, 10; Gold, 10; Zinc, 10; Copper, 11. Mailing envelopes and full price list sent on application. Leadville, Colo. Ref. Carbonate Nat. Bank.

IS CHILD CROSS, FEVERISH, SICK

Look, Mother! If tongue is coated, give "California Syrup of Figs."

Children love this "fruit laxative," and nothing else cleanses the tender stomach, liver and bowels so nicely.

A child simply will not stop playing to empty the bowels, and the result is they become tightly clogged with waste, liver gets sluggish, stomach sour, then your little one becomes cross, half-sick, feverish, don't eat, sleep or act naturally, breath is bad, system full of cold, has sore throat, stomachache or diarrhoea. Listen, Mother! See if tongue is coated, then give a teaspoonful of "California Syrup of Figs," and in a few hours all the constipated waste, sour bile and undigested food passes out of the system, and you have a well child again. Millions of mothers give "California Syrup of Figs" because it is perfectly harmless; children love it, and it never fails to set on the stomach, liver and bowels.

Ask at the store for a 50-cent bottle of "California Syrup of Figs," which has full directions for babies, children of all ages and for grown-ups plainly printed on the bottle. Adv.

Good Advice.

Bacon—I see it said that many persons are apt to remain too long in a cold bath, and care should be taken to avoid this mistake, which has a debilitating effect if indulged in often.

Magbert—If you happen to break through the ice this winter, remember that. Don't stay in too long.

SAGE TEA DARKENS GRAY HAIR TO ANY SHADE. TRY IT!

Keep Your Locks Youthful, Dark, Glossy and Thick With Garden Sage and Sulphur.

When you darken your hair with Sage Tea and Sulphur, no one can tell, because it's done so naturally, so evenly. Preparing this mixture, though, at home is messy and troublesome. For 50 cents you can buy at any drug store the ready-to-use tonic called "Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur Hair Remedy." You just dampen a sponge or soft brush with it and draw this through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. By morning all gray hair disappears, and, after another application or two, your hair becomes beautifully darkened, glossy and luxuriant. You will also discover dandruff is gone and hair has stopped falling.

Gray, faded hair, though no disgrace, is a sign of old age, and as we all desire a youthful and attractive appearance, get busy at once with Wyeth's Sage and Sulphur and look years younger. Adv.

Women as Inventors.

It is probably not generally known that a woman invented the paper bag. Away back in 1870 a patent was granted Miss Margaret Knight, who died only a short time ago at the age of seventy-five. There are said to be 310 woman owners of incorporated establishments in St. Louis, who, besides managing the business, can do the actual manual labor required.

SYSTEM FULL OF URIC ACID—THE GREAT KIDNEY REMEDY.

Two years ago I was very sick and after being treated by several of the best physicians in Clinton, I did not seem to get any better. I was confined to my bed. Seeing Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root advertised, I resolved to give it a trial. After using it for three weeks, I found I was gaining nicely, so I continued until I had taken a number of bottles. I am now restored to health and have continued my labors. My system was full of uric acid, but Swamp-Root cured me entirely. I am sixty years old.

Yours very truly,
W. C. COOK,
Clinton, Iowa.

1303 Eighth Ave.
State of Iowa
Clinton County

On this 13th day of July, A. D. 1909, W. C. Cook, to me personally known appeared before me and in my presence subscribed and swore to the above and foregoing statement.

DALE H. SHEPPARD,
Notary Public.
In and for Clinton County.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do For You
Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing, be sure and mention this paper. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores. Adv.

Tennessee limits the work of women to 64 hours weekly.

The WORK of the WIND

By Amy B. Barnard

WIND is certainly one of the most remarkable and powerful forces of nature, not much studied, except by meteorologists and those whose occupations are directly influenced by it, yet appealing forcibly to our sense of wonder.

For its operations are as extensive as they are varied: it is beneficent and useful one hour, harmful and destructive the next; it toys with a leaf, but it hurls an aeroplane to destruction; it whirls dust in our eyes, but it brings fertilizing showers.

And an interesting fact about it is the relationship it bears to life itself. For consider: one significant of "wind" is "breath," and "spirit" is derived from the Latin "spiritus," breath; while the Greek word for spirit (ruach) means both "wind" and "spirit," and is frequently translated "the spirit of the Lord." Our English "wind" comes from the root wa, to blow, and was originally the present participle of the verb with the sense of "blowing."

Etymologically, therefore, there is an interesting connection between the breath of the living creature, the spirit of the Lord, and the familiar phenomenon of wind, a relationship most suggestive when reading "The Lord God breathed into his nostrils the breath of life," "a sound from heaven as of a rushing mighty wind" at Pentecost, "the wind of the Lord," and the remarkable passage in Ezek. 27:9: "Come from the four winds, O breath, and breathe upon these slain, that they may live."

What is this mighty force? "Merely air in movement," replies the physicist; and he starts explaining the difference between still, dead air and air in motion, and dwells on the fact of the movement being undiscerned by the eye, though its effects are visible through the pressure it exerts upon every object that lies in its path. We compare the ordinary pressure of the air per square inch of surface at the sea level (14.73 lb.) with the tremendous pressure of the wind blowing a hurricane at 92 miles an hour, the kindly pressure it exerts upon our bodies to prevent them from dropping off the earth, and the pressure it exerts inside a soap bubble as well as outside it, thus making possible one of the daintiest nature toys imaginable.

Add a little pressure to the air outside, blow upon the bubble, and the magician wind makes it vanish before our eyes. How is air set in motion? Briefly, the normal pressure of air is disturbed directly one part is heated more than another, for heat causes air to expand and rise. In doing so it leaves a space into which the cooler surrounding air presses. This, then, is the key to wind: difference of pressure in adjoining parts of a stratum of air, the result of inequality of temperature. But in determining wind movements certain conditions have to be considered. For instance, there is proximity to land or sea, for the air over land heats more rapidly than that over water. The presence of water vapor influences the creation of wind, since the warm air, which alone can hold water vapor, has a pressure much lighter than that of dry, cold air. The sun, in its apparent journey north and south, produces seasonal variations in heating which much affect the winds. And, as is well known, the greater the height above sea level, the less the pressure of superincumbent air, and the less the heat. Evidently these conditions must affect the nature, direction and constancy of the movement of the air.

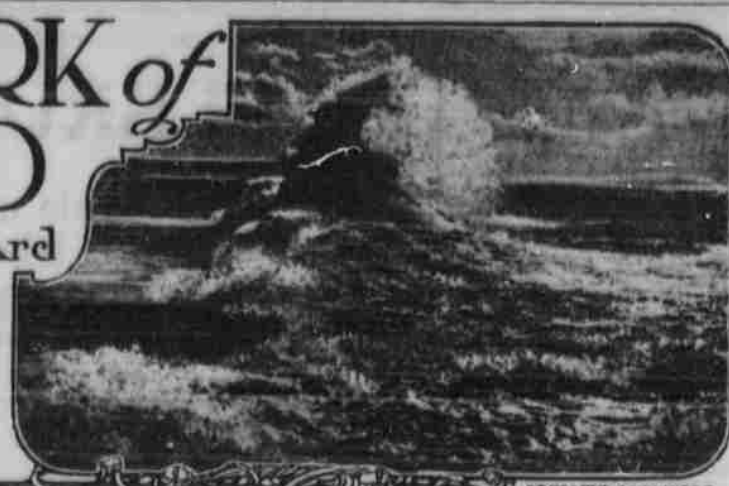
So important is wind in influencing the activities of man and the habitability of any portion of the earth, that a special department of physics, meteorology, is concerned with it and the allied study of weather.

The atmosphere, as the medium for the conveyance of sound waves, electric currents and aircraft, demands increasingly profound understanding in order to master it. And in face of the marvels revealed in recent years, we are quite prepared to listen to further wonders of scientific discovery.

Meanwhile we can produce conditions which create wind on a small scale. All we have to do is to light a fire in a room, and the heated air above the grate, being lighter than the air in the room, ascends the chimney, while the cool outer air from the landing or outside the window flows towards the fireplace and a draught of wind on a small scale is created.

This law of the ascension of warm air and its replacement by cool air is the secret of effectual ventilation. It is a matter of keeping up artificially a constant circuit of air, and, dependent on the aspect of the house and its position with regard to the prevailing winds, of utilizing these conditions to advantage.

One sometimes finds singular ignorance of the law of circulation. A friend will visit a patient lying ill with an infectious disease, and take a seat anywhere but where he should do so, i. e. in a line between the window and the fireplace, or the open door and the fireplace.



KEPT MOVING BY THE WIND: THE GREAT SWIRLING SEA

Another person tries to escape down a passage filled with smoke when the house is on fire, but fails to avail himself of the freshest current of air near the floor. He should creep on hands and knees along that passage.

Even in these hygienic times people are to be found who insist on tightly closing windows, door and ventilator in the grate at night, preferring warm but vitiated air to the energizing current which, if it had the chance, would renovate body and mind. It is worth while visiting certain wards of hospitals to see what a part wind plays in the treatment of the patients.

And now suppose we apply the important law of circulation to the heating of the atmosphere by the sun within the tropics. There his rays fall direct, and you have a gigantic system of winds created. Naturally, if the earth were motionless the hot air within the tropics would rise and flow north and south to the poles, from which directions the cold air would move low down towards the equator.

The rotation of the earth from west to east, and the greater acceleration of movement in the equatorial regions cause these cool winds to lag to the westward, so to speak. Because of their permanent movements over the oceans they have materially aided navigation and trade, and have been appropriately named the Northeast trades in the northern hemisphere, and the Southeast trades in the southern hemisphere.

That is but half the "great circulation." What becomes of the warm air flowing above these trade winds? It gradually descends to the surface in the temperate regions, blowing, of course, in exactly the opposite direction to the trade winds, i. e. towards the northeast and southeast. These westerly winds, by the time they reach the surface, have become cool.

Those which play upon the British Isles from across the Atlantic are prevailing southwesterly winds. Farther north, and duplicated in the southern hemisphere, are polar winds, designated in the northern hemisphere, where, owing to the vast land areas, they are of greater importance, the prevailing northeasterly winds. Their raison d'être is similar to that of the trades. The presence of land, owing to its greater heating power, interferes with the formation and direction of the winds, notably in the case of the monsoons of South Asia, where seasonal variations follow the apparent path of the sun, alternately over land and over water. Land and sea breezes alternate by day and night along a coast because of the unequal heat acquired by the air over water and over sea. The direction of local winds is much affected by the disposition and height of the land, though over huge expanses of water they have a clear path.

It would take too long to consider here the operation and locale of particular winds; but something should be said of the wonderful system of their working. Here is a beneficent transference of warm air from the heated tropical regions, where its continued presence would make life unendurable, to the temperate regions, where its mildness is wanted to "temper" the cold. To the temperate regions, where are the big habitable areas of land, come the winds most suitable for mankind, enabling him to work in comfort; while to the tropical regions blow the cooling trade winds, aiding navigation westward during the ages before the advent of steam and electric power.

The system of the winds is interwoven with the history of mankind—his migrations, his commerce, his industries, his physical and mental activities. Britons owe more of their adaptability and endurance than they imagine to the alternation, the clock-wise changes of the wind, from the soft southern breezes, the moisture-laden west winds, to the bracing, north-easterly and east winds which have acquired icy coldness in passing over the plains and steppes of northeast and east Europe.

A great service performed by wind is the evaporation of moisture and subsequent transference of it in the form of rain clouds. The distribution of moisture is as important as the distribution of temperature already noted. Yet it would be impossible, if wind failed to perform its allotted office of carrying the clouds from over the oceans to the continents.

In conclusion, reference must be made to a most important office fulfilled by the winds—that of nature's scavenger. It sweeps through the dirty streets and passageways of our cities and carries away choking dust from the roadways in summer, and decaying, dank leaves in autumn.

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STOMACH MISERY GAS, INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" fixes sick, sour, gassy stomachs in five minutes.

Time it! In five minutes all stomach distress will go. No indigestion, heartburn, sourness or belching of gas, acid, or eructations of undigested food, no dizziness, bloating, or foul breath.

Pape's Diapepsin is noted for its speed in regulating upset stomachs. It is the surest, quickest and most certain indigestion remedy in the whole world, and besides it is harmless.

Please for your sake, get a large fifty-cent case of Pape's Diapepsin from any store and put your stomach right. Don't keep on being miserable—life is too short—you are not here long, so make your stay agreeable. Eat what you like and digest it; enjoy it without dread of rebellion in the stomach.

Pape's Diapepsin belongs in your home anyway. Should one of the family eat something which don't agree with them, or in case of an attack of indigestion, dyspepsia, gastritis or stomach derangement at daytime or during the night, it is handy to give the quickest relief known. Adv.

MADE A NEW CLASSIFICATION

Montana Walter Announced Lobsters as the Only "Game" on the Menu That Night.

The man from Montana was eating lobster Newburg the other night in a Broadway restaurant.

"Lobsters are common enough to you people here on the seacoast," he remarked to a New Yorker, "but when one gets well inland the fresh lobster becomes a bit more of a novelty. Not that we don't get plenty of lobsters in Montana, but, naturally, there they're not as numerous as down here, and they are regarded as more of a luxury."

"This fact was brought to my attention one night recently in a hotel in Butte. I got in on a rather late train and went into a restaurant about nine o'clock in the evening for dinner. I happened to feel like eating a grouse or a duck or something of that sort. I glanced at the menu and failed to see any birds."

"Haven't you got any grouse or other game?" I asked the waiter.

"We ain't got any grouse," was the reply. "The only game we have is lobsters."

Preparing a Substitute.

"We are to have company for dinner and I don't believe there is a grapefruit to be had in town! What in the world shall I do?"

"Got any oranges?"

"Plenty of them."

"All right. You be splitting the oranges and I'll run down to the drug store and get a pound of quinine to dust them with."

Her Courteous Retort.

Miss Flynn—I wonder if I shall lose my looks too when I get to be your age?

Miss Elder—You will be fortunate if you do.

The Meat of Wheat

The average yearly consumption of wheat in the United States is nearly six bushels for every man, woman and child.

But—

Much of the nutriment of the wheat is lost because the vital mineral salts stored by Nature under the bran-coat are thrown out to make flour white.

In making

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

of choice wheat and malted barley, all the nutriment of the grains, including the mineral values necessary for building sturdy brain, nerve and muscle, is retained.

Everywhere Grape-Nuts food has proven a wonderful energizer of brain and brawn, and you may be sure

"There's a Reason"

TOWN

TALK

F. A. Briscoe of Tularosa was a business visitor here last Monday.

Will T. Fereman left Sunday for Alamogordo where he will visit for several days.

We guarantee highest market prices for your hides, wool and pelts—Carrizozo Trading Co.

Miss Elizabeth Garrett gave one of her recitals at White Oaks Thursday evening.

Mrs. George Curry is opening several days here at the home of Mr. and Mrs. William M. Reily.

New spring and summer silks and wash goods are now on display at the Carrizozo Trading Co.

FOR SALE—Good black Gramma bay. Call on J. G. Textor Carrizozo.

We have a buyer for a good ranch sufficient to graze from 200 to 500 head of cattle. Must be good.—Stadtman & Byroo.

Walkover shoes are still in the lead, the new spring numbers are awaiting your inspection—Carrizozo Trading Co.

Dr. R. E. Blaney will go to Fort Stanton next Tuesday where he will remain until Friday on professional business.

Mrs. W. P. Dawson of Aurelia, Iowa, arrived in Carrizozo Wednesday and will spend several weeks here visiting with the family of her son, Harry B. Dawson.

John H. Phillips was in from his ranch near water canyon on Wednesday of this week, and while here made the Outlook office a very pleasant and profitable call.

Among the new subscribers to the Outlook this week are as follows: R. F. Norris, Viril S. Porter and F. Phillips Carrizozo; George Queen, White Oaks.

COMPLETING COTTAGE

C. B. Tennis is just completing a new four-room cottage and has already rented same to Mr. and Mrs. Downs. Mr. Tennis will, within a few days, begin the erection of a seven-room house for Henry Lutz and family.

GAS STATION

The Carrizozo Trading Co. this week placed in front of its store a large gas station for the accommodation of autoists. The tank will hold several hundred gallons and will be convenient for the public. The firm has ordered a nice electric sign that will be placed over the tank.

LEGAL BLANKS

Within a very short while the Outlook will be prepared to furnish the public with all kinds of legal blanks, such as mining location notices, bill of sale, contract of sale, etc.

HAVE AN ATTRACTIVE SIGN

The Western Garage, located in the Real building has a nice and attractive new sign. We do not know of any better way of giving the stranger a good impression of the progressiveness of a town's business men than by nice and attractive signs. This firm which was recently established is well pleased with the manner in which they are starting off, and a little later on expect to make many valuable additions to the business. Mr. Real who was formerly connected with the garage has disposed of his interest in the business and is no longer connected with it.

H. B. Hamilton and B. R. Wood were in Capitan Monday and Tuesday of this week on legal business.

Colorado potatoes guaranteed at lowest prices—Carrizozo Trading Co.

REPAIRING DOW PROPERTY

Stadtman & Byroo, agents for Milton Dow, have let the contract for the repairs of the inside walls of what is known as the Dow property, in the east part of town. The walls are being plastered where necessary and the building being papered throughout. G. T. Jones is doing the work.

WILL MOVE TO NEW QUARTERS

G. A. Williams who has conducted a grocery store in the Burrell hotel building for the past several months, will on Monday next, move his entire stock in the old postoffice building, formerly occupied by Dr. R. T. Lucas. Mr. Williams expects to change his line after getting moved and we understand, will only carry a very small line of groceries.

A LEAVE OUT

Last week in reporting Mrs. John E. Bell's entertainment that took place Friday night, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Hamilton's names were eliminated from the list of invited guests. This was an oversight on our part, and not in the least intentional. We are always glad to make corrections of this kind when called to our attention.

GOES TO MARKET

Oscar Bamberger, manager of the Carrizozo Trading Company, left last Saturday evening on No. 4 for the eastern markets where he intends to buy the spring and summer line of merchandise for his firm. He will visit the Kansas City, St. Louis and Chicago markets. This firm intends to have one of the largest and most up to date stocks for this season's trade than it has ever carried.

SEEMS TO LIKE IT

Lee H. Rudiselle of White Oaks, was a business visitor in Carrizozo the first of the week. Mr. Rudiselle, who is a newspaper man of many years experience, and who, by the way is the father of the Outlook, took the time to look us up and get acquainted before leaving the burg. He also congratulated us on the appearance of our first issue and spoke many things flattering for the future of our little sheet. Thanks, Mr. Rudiselle, call again. We expect to make the Outlook a paper that will merit nothing but praise from everybody.

CANE-GREER

Miss Lola Greer and Douglas Cause were united in marriage at the home of Mrs. R. C. Skinner, at Nogal, a sister of the bride, yesterday evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Justice of the Peace, B. R. Robinson, of Parsons, performed the ceremony. The bride is the daughter of Mr. and Mrs. G. B. Greer who are well known to Lincoln county people. The groom is also well known in this county, and is engaged in the cattle business in the San Andres mountains, where the young couple will make their home. The Outlook wishes them the choicest blessings of life.

FEBRUARY SPECIALS

Seasonable merchandise greatly reduced during this month. Absolutely the best cut this season. Radical reductions on all winter goods to make room for spring and summer stocks now arriving.

Last Call, Big Reduction on Outing Flannels

Regular 12 1-2 and 15 cent values reduced to 10 cents per yard.

Solid colors included.

Silk and Dress Goods Remnants

Mesaline, Taffeta, Poplins and Crepe de Chine, short lengths. Regular \$1.00 and \$1.25 values, reduced to 69 cents per yard.

The following prices will prevail on all Sweaters for Men, Women and Children

\$6.00 and \$5.00 Sweaters, now \$3.45
4.50 and 4.00 Sweaters, now 2.95
2.50 and 3.00 Sweaters, now 2.45

Boys' and girl's Sweaters at a discount of 33 1-3 per cent

WILSON BROS. SPRING NEEDLE UNDERWEAR

Wool and Cotton Garments, Two Piece and Union Suits, must be closed out this month. The price will surprise you. Regular \$3.50 Union Suits, now \$2.85, regular \$3.00 Garments, now \$2.35, all \$1.25 and \$1.00 Suits during the sale 89c each, Fleeced Lined Two Piece Suits, special 90c per Suit.

NEW SPRING ARRIVALS--SILK & WASH GOODS

We have on display many new material for spring and invite inspection.

CARRIZOZO TRADING CO.

WALKOVER SHOES

QUALITY FIRST

O. W. BAMERGER, Manager

THEN PRICE

CARRIZOZO LIVERY STABLE

CHAS. A. STEVENS, Proprietor.

Safe and Reliable Transportation Anywhere. Old and New Buggies, Hacks and Harness For Sale. General Transfer and Drayage Business—Prompt Service.

Located on Main Street

CARRIZOZO,

NEW MEXICO

NOTICE

Parties knowing themselves indebted to the Carrizozo Outlook are requested, when remitting, to make checks or money orders payable to the Outlook or the undersigned, as we have no authorized collectors.

Thos. O. Luster,
Publisher.

H. S. Hanner of White Oaks was in Carrizozo Wednesday and paid the Outlook office a very pleasant call.

JOHN E. BELL

Staple and Fancy Groceries

"WHERE QUALITY IS FIRST"

Dixie, Avondale and Joy Brands Signify Quality

Give them a trial and you will always use them.

'Phone 56