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Hazardous to your health: a novel approach to facilitating resident error reporting

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BACKGROUND
Medical errors are frequently encountered by trainees but there is currently no standard curriculum for educating residents about medical errors. Morning report is a case-based peer-facilitated conference in which residents learn concepts in general internal medicine. We used our standard Chief Resident facilitated morning report to enhance resident learning about medical errors.

RESULTS
The following are results of a voluntary anonymous survey at the end of the session

Involved in a Case with Medical Error

- Yes: 88%
- No: 6%
- Don't know or could not recall: 6%

If so, Was a Patient Harm

- Yes: 50%
- No: 43%
- Don't know or could not recall: 7%

Emotional Response to Medical Error

- Distress: 75%
- Guilt: 71%
- Frustration: 71%
- Remorse: 54%
- Fear: 50%
- Inadequacy: 42%
- Anger: 33%

Confidence in Error Reporting

Before session: 37%
- Not at all + Not very Confident: 8%
- Neutral or no opinion: 31%
- Somewhat + Very Confident: 51%

After session: 77%
- Not at all + Not very Confident: 8%
- Neutral or no opinion: 15%
- Somewhat + Very Confident: 77%

PURPOSE
We developed and implemented a chief-resident-led patient safety morning report format in order to facilitate resident discussion, understanding and reporting of medical errors.

CONCLUSIONS
Residents commonly encounter patient care errors that frequently result in feelings of emotional distress and guilt. A peer-led case-based morning report improved resident confidence in error reporting and was felt to be useful to surveyed attendees.

KEY POINTS
1. 88% of residents reported being involved in patient care when an error had occurred and 50% involved in an error with serious patient harm
2. 75% of residents had experienced emotional distress and 71% reported feelings of guilt and frustration related to medial errors
3. Only 47% reported any previous education about medical errors
4. Respondents’ self-reported confidence in reporting errors rose from 31% before the session to 77% after the conference
5. 88% of respondents found the session useful or very useful, and 93% recommended continuing these sessions in the future